

## Duge Bridge (8)





## INTRODUCTION

The Duge Bridge ([\[tú.kǚ\]](#)), also called the Beipanjiang Bridge, is a 4-lane [cable-stayed bridge](#) on the border between the [provinces](#) of [Guizhou](#) and [Yunnan](#).[\[1\]\[2\]](#) As of 2021, the bridge is [the highest in the world](#), with the road deck sitting over 565 metres (1,850 feet) above the [Beipan River](#).[\[3\]\[4\]](#) The bridge is part of the [G56 Hangzhou–Ruili Expressway](#) between [Qijiang](#) and [Liupanshui](#). The eastern tower measures 269 m (883 ft) making it [one of the tallest in the world](#).

The bridge spans 1,340 m (4,400 ft) between [Xuanwei](#) city, Yunnan and [Shuicheng County](#), Guizhou and shortens the journey between the two places from around five hours' drive to about an hour.[\[5\]](#)

## History

["Work begins on Duge Beipanjiang Bridge towers"](#). Bridge Design and Engineering. Archived from [the original](#) on 1 January 2015. Retrieved 1 January 2015.

[^](#) Sakowski, Eric. ["Beipanjiang Bridge Duge"](#) (Wiki). HighestBridges.com./

[^](#) Chris Buckley (2017-06-10). ["China's New Bridges: Rising High, but Buried in Debt China has built hundreds of dazzling new bridges, including the longest and highest, but many have fostered debt and corruption"](#). [The New York Times](#). p. A6. [Archived](#) from the original on 2017-06-10. The vertiginous Duge Beipan River Bridge, the world's highest, vaults a 1,853-foot-deep chasm in southwest China.

[^](#) ["China's impossible engineering feat"](#). BBC News. BBC. Retrieved 7 July 2017.

[^](#) ["贵州 杭瑞高速北盘江大桥 高路入云端 天堑变通途"](#). CCTV. Retrieved 10 July 2020.

[^](#) observador. ["China inaugura ponte mais alta do mundo \(China inaugurates the highest bridge in the world\)"](#) (in Portuguese). Retrieved 2016-12-30.

[^](#) ["China Opened World's Highest Beipanjiang Bridge To Traffic In The Guizhou"](#).

[^](#) ["Beipanjiang set Guinness record as highest bridge"](#).