

# GAME THEORY (CSI4006)

MODULE 7 LECTURE 3

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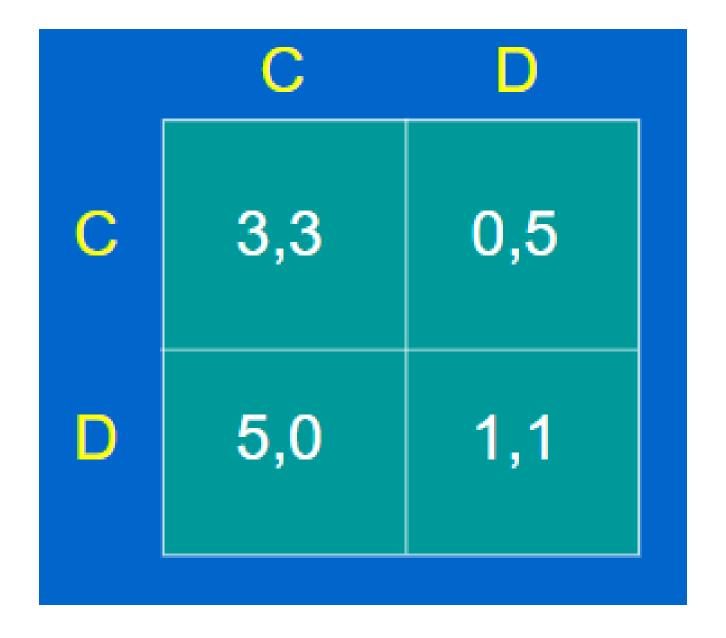
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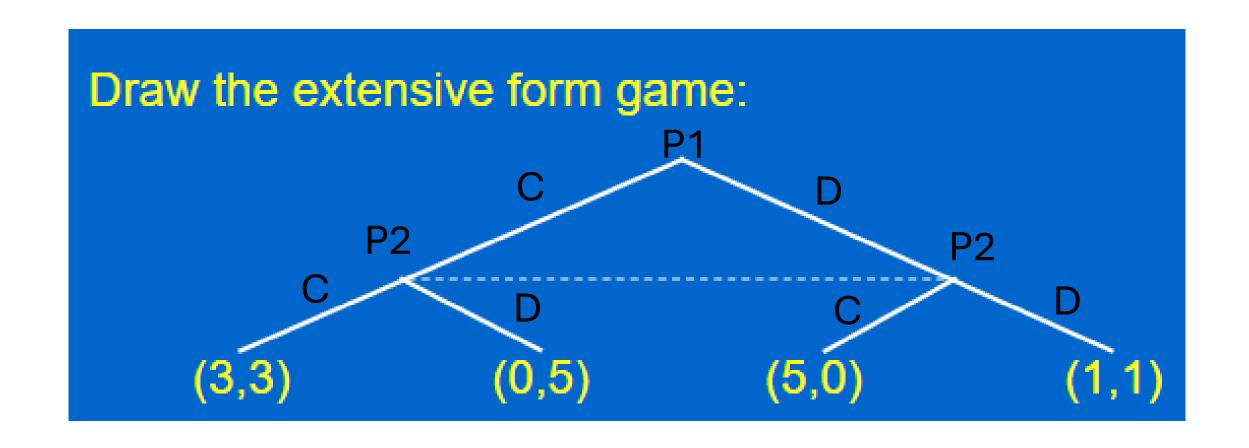
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### REPEATED GAME

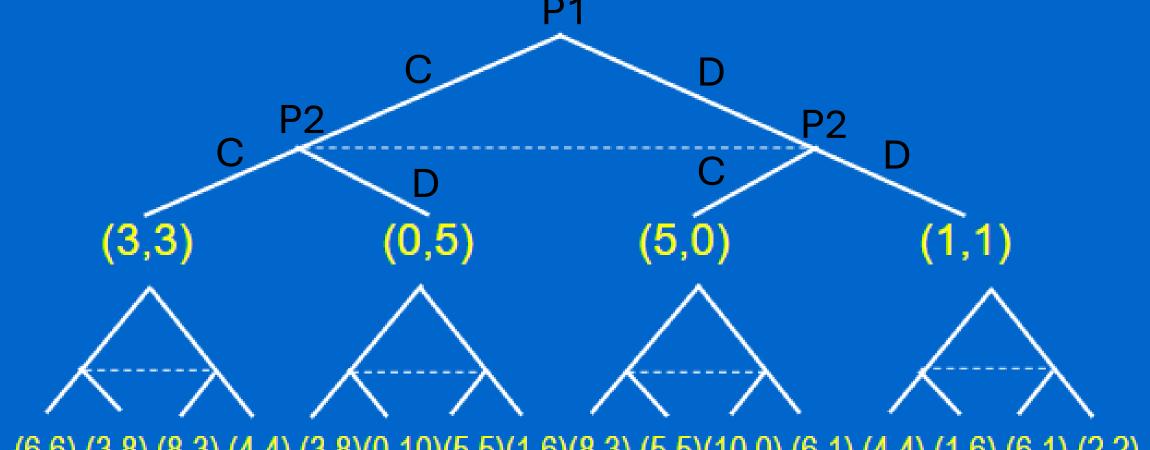
A repeated game is an extensive game with perfect information and simultaneous moves.

- 1. Players
- 2. Terminal histories
- 3. Player function
- 4. Preferences for the players





## Draw the extensive form game:



(6,6) (3,8) (8,3) (4,4) (3,8)(0,10)(5,5)(1,6)(8,3) (5,5)(10,0) (6,1) (4,4) (1,6) (6,1) (2,2)

Now, consider three repeated game strategies:

D (ALWAYS DEFECT): Defect on every move.

C (ALWAYS COOPERATE): Cooperate on every move.

T (TRIGGER): Cooperate on the first

move, then cooperate after the other cooperates. If the other defects, then defect forever.

#### TOTAL PAYOFF OF P1 AFTER 2 GAMES

V (D/D)	=	1+1 =	2,
V (C/C)	=	3 + 3 =	6
V (T/T)	=	3 + 3 =	6
V (D/C)	=	5 + 5 =	10
V (D/T)	=	5 + 1 =	6
V (C/D)	=	0 + 0 =	0
V (C/T)	=	3 + 3 =	6
V (T/D)	=	0 + 1 =	1
V (T/C)	=	3 + 3 =	6

#### TOTAL PAYOFF OF P1 AFTER 3 GAMES

V (D/D)	=	1+1+1=3
V (C/C)	=	3 + 3 + 3 = 9
V (T/T)	=	3 + 3 + 3 = 9
V (D/C)	=	5+5+5=15
V (D/T)	=	5 + 1 + 1 = 7
V (C/D)	=	0 + 0 + 0 = 0
V (C/T)	=	3 + 3 + 3 = 9
V (T/D)	=	0 + 1 + 1 = 2
V (T/C)	=	3 + 3 + 3 = 9

#### AVERAGE PAYOFF OF P1 AFTER 3 GAMES

			<u>n=3</u>	
V (D/D)	=	1+1+1=	3 /3	= 1
V (C/C)	=	3 + 3 + 3 =	9 /3	= 3
V (T/T)	=	3 + 3 + 3 =	9 /3	= 3
V (D/C)	=	5 + 5 + 5 =	15 /3	= 5
V (D/T)	=	5 + 1 + 1 =	7 /3	= 7/3
V (C/D)	=	0 + 0 + 0 =	0 /3	= 0
V (C/T)	=	3 + 3 + 3 =	9 /3	= 3
V (T/D)	=	0 + 1 + 1 =	2 /3	= 2/3
V (T/C)	=	3+3+3=	9 /3	= 3