

STATISTICS WORKSHEET-1

Q1 to Q9 have only one correct answer. Choose the correct option to answer your question.

- 1. Bernoulli random variables take (only) the values 1 and 0.
 - a) True
 - b) False
 - ➤ Ans :- (a)
- 2. Which of the following theorem states that the distribution of averages of iid variables, properly normalized, becomes that of a standard normal as the sample size increases?
 - a) Central Limit Theorem
 - b) Central Mean Theorem
 - c) Centroid Limit Theorem
 - d) All of the mentioned
 - ➤ Ans :- (a)
- 3. Which of the following is incorrect with respect to use of Poisson distribution?
 - a) Modeling event/time data
 - b) Modeling bounded count data
 - c) Modeling contingency tables
 - d) All of the mentioned
 - ➤ Ans :- (b)
- 4. Point out the correct statement.
 - a) The exponent of a normally distributed random variables follows what is called the log- normal distribution
 - b) Sums of normally distributed random variables are again normally distributed even if the variables are dependent
 - c) The square of a standard normal random variable follows what is called chi-squared distribution
 - d) All of the mentioned
 - ➤ Ans :- (d)
- 5. random variables are used to model rates.
 - a) Empirical
 - b) Binomial
 - c) Poisson
 - d) All of the mentioned
 - ➤ Ans :- (c)
- 6. 10. Usually replacing the standard error by its estimated value does change the CLT.
 - a) True
 - b) False
 - ➤ Ans :- (b)
- 7. 1. Which of the following testing is concerned with making decisions using data?
 - a) Probability
 - b) Hypothesis
 - c) Causal
 - d) None of the mentioned
 - ➤ Ans :- (b)



- 8. 4. Normalized data are centered at _____ and have units equal to standard deviations of the original data.
 - a) 0
 - b) 5
 - c) 1
 - d) 10
 - ➤ Ans :- (a)
- 9. Which of the following statement is incorrect with respect to outliers?
 - a) Outliers can have varying degrees of influence
 - b) Outliers can be the result of spurious or real processes
 - c) Outliers cannot conform to the regression relationship
 - d) None of the mentioned
 - > Ans :- (c)

Q10and Q15 are subjective answer type questions, Answer them in your own words briefly.

- 10. What do you understand by the term Normal Distribution?
 - Ans: The normal distribution is fully characterized by its mean and standard deviation. This makes the distribution symmetric and it is depicted as a bell shaped curve when plotted. A normal distribution is defined by a mean (average) of zero and a standard deviation of +1,-1.
- 11. How do you handle missing data? What imputation techniques do you recommend?
 - > Ans:-
- 12. What is A/B testing?
 - Ans :-
- 13. Is mean imputation of missing data acceptable practice?
 - Ans: True, imputing the mean preserves the mean of the observed data. So if the data are missing completely at random, the estimate of the mean remains unbiased. most research studies are interested in the relationship among variables, mean imputation is not a good solution.
- 14. What is linear regression in statistics?
 - Ans: Linear regression analysis is used to predict the value of a variable based on the value of another variable. The variable you want to predict is called the dependent variable. The variable you are using to predict the other variable's value is called the independent variable.
- 15. What are the various branches of statistics?
 - Ans: There are two main branches of statistics.
 - Descriptive Statistics:-collecting, summarizing, presenting and analyzing data.
 Descriptive statistics deals with the collection of data, its presentation in various forms, such as tables, graphs and diagrams and finding averages and other measures which would describe the data.
 - Inferential Statistics: Using data collected from a small to draw conclusions about a longer group.
 - Inferential statistics deals with techniques used for the analysis of data, making estimates and drawing conclusions from limited information obtained through sampling and testing the reliability of the estimates .