Rajneesh Pandey

Question 1:

Find missing term in a sequence in log(n) time: Given a sequence of numbers such that the difference between the consecutive terms is constant, find missing term in it in O(log (n)) time. (Example: Input: [5, 7, 9, 11, 15], Output: 13)



Question2:

```
1 //106119100
  3
  4
     using namespace std;
  5
  6
    int missing(int arr[],int n,int start,int end,int diff)
  7 - \{ \text{ int ans} = -1; \}
  8
          while(start<=end)
  9
 10
               int mid = (start + end) / 2;
 11
               if (arr[mid+1] - arr[mid] != diff)
 12
 13
 14
                 ans = (arr[mid]+diff);
 15
 16
               else if (arr[mid] == (arr[start] + ((mid) - 1) * diff))
 17
 18
                    start = mid+1;
               else if (arr[mid] != (arr[start] + ((mid) - 1) * diff))
 19
 20
                    end = mid-1;
 21
 22
          return ans;
 23
    }
 24
 25
     int main()
 26
 27
 28
          int n,d;
 29
          cin >> n >> d;
 30
          int array[n];
 31
          for (int i = 1; i \le n; i++)
 32
 33
               cin >> array[i];
 34
 35
          int missing_term = missing(array,n,1,n,d);
 36
 37
          cout<<missing_term<<endl;</pre>
 38
 39
          return 0;
 40 }
 41
           int missing_term = missing(array,n,1,n,d);
    35
36
37
38
39
40
41
          cout<<missing_term<<endl;</pre>
                                                         > Run > Run+URL (Generates URL as well)
                                                 Сору
   5 2
5 7 9 11 15
                                                        Run Program(Ctrl+Enter)
 Time(sec): 0
                                               Memory(MB): 3.3831462213135
Output:
                                                                                       Сору
13
```