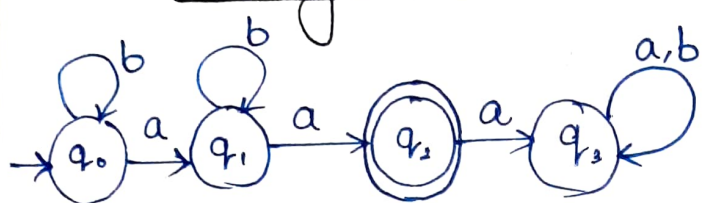


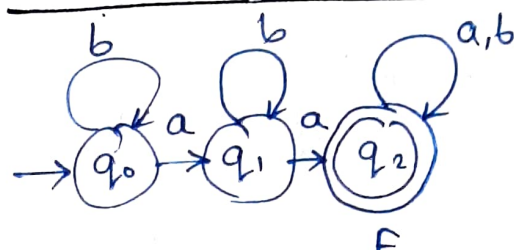
Question 01:  $\Sigma (a,b)$

(a) exactly two a's.



$$L = \{ aa, aba, \dots \}$$

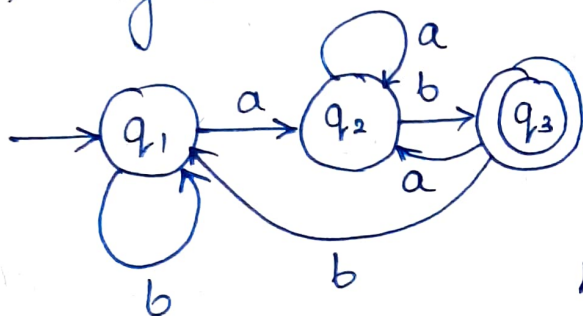
(b) at least two a's



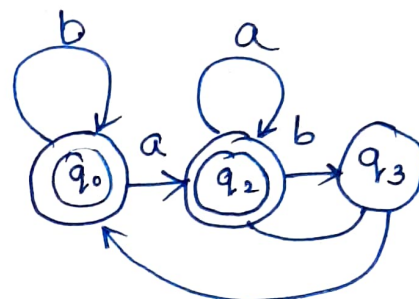
$$L = \{ aa, aaa, aba, \dots \}$$

(c) do not end with ab

(i) string end with 'ab'

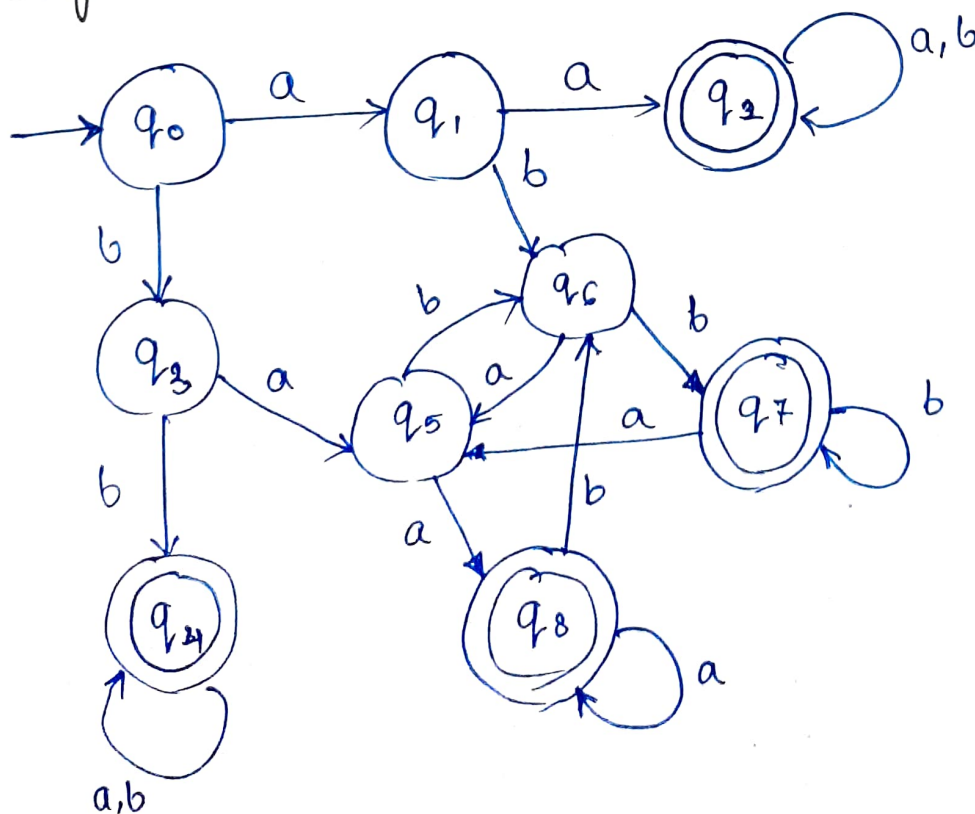


so,  
taking complement  $\Rightarrow$



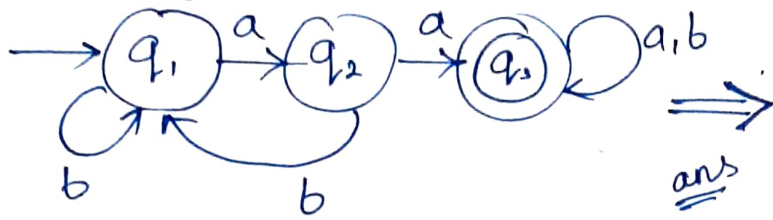
$$L = \{ ba, bba, aaba, \dots \}$$

(d) begin or end with aa or bb

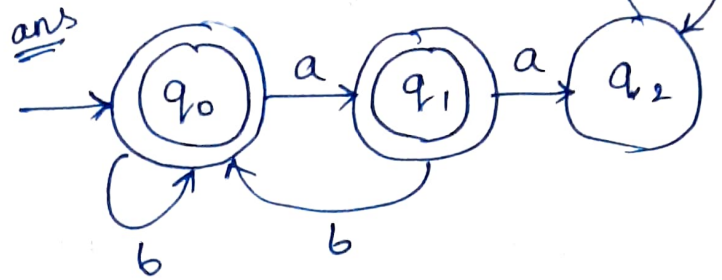


(e) not containing the substring 'aa'.

(i) Substring contains 'aa'

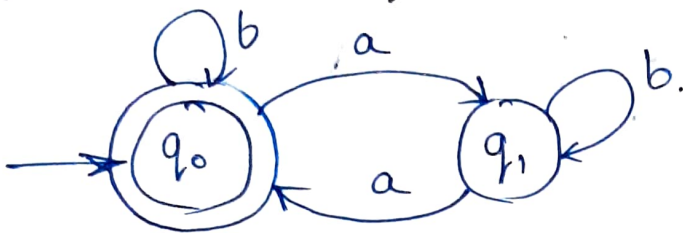


now taking complement to get,

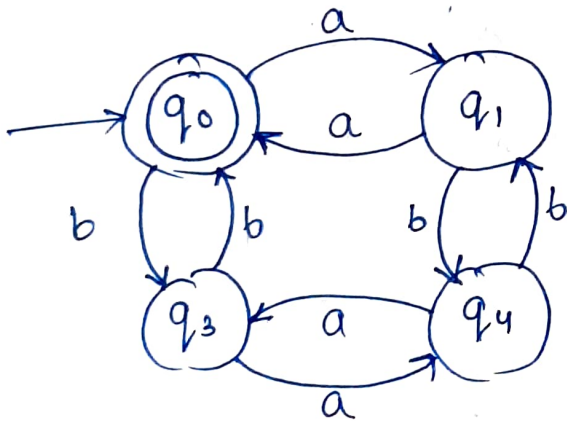


(f) number of a's even

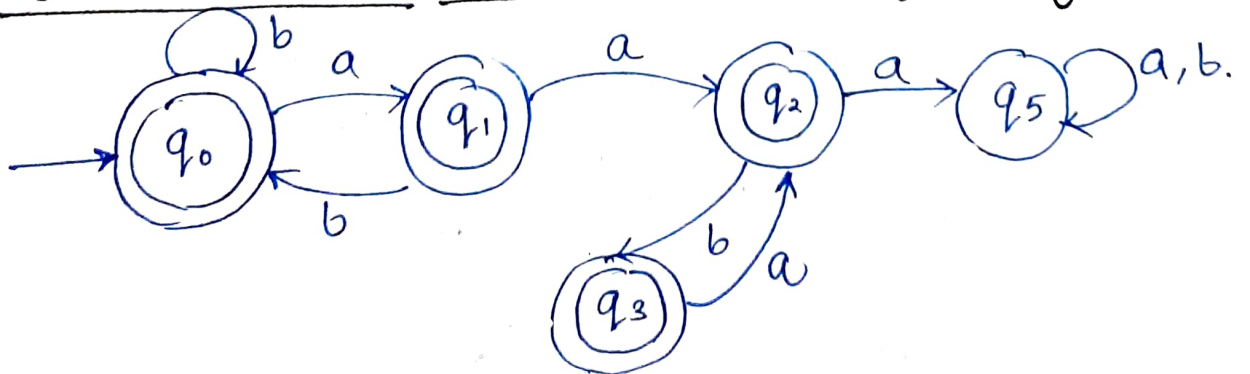
$L = \{ \epsilon, aa, baa, aab, \dots \}$



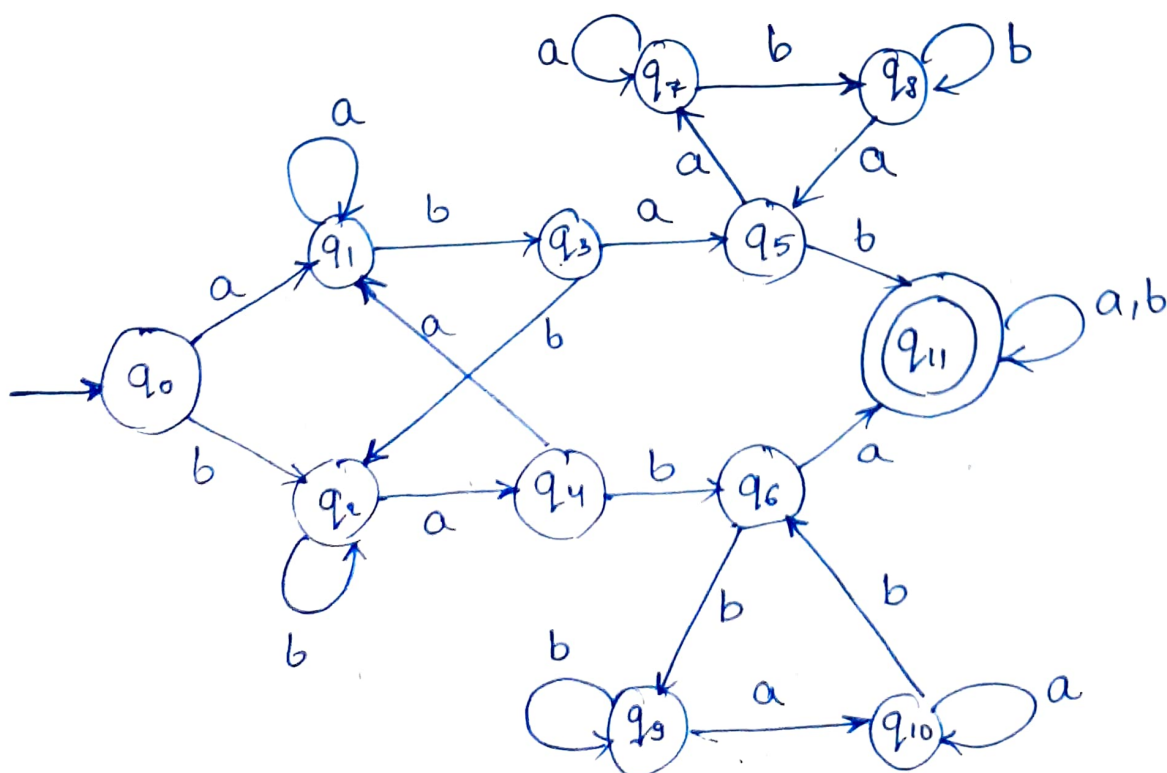
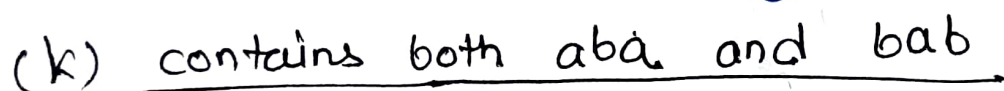
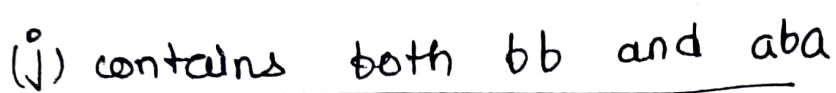
(g) both number of a's and number of b's are even.



(h) no more than one occurrence of string 'aa'.



(i) every  $a^{\uparrow}$  is followed by  $bb$ . if (present)



## Question (2)

- (a) The language of all strings that contains 'aaba'
- (b) The language of all strings that ends with 'aaba'
- (c) The language of all strings that start with 'aaba'
- (d) The language of all strings that should not start with 'b' nor end with 'a'
- (e) The language of all strings:  $(ab+ba)^*$ ,  
ie, set of strings of ab's and ba's  
of even length including null strings.  
so,  $L = \{ \epsilon, ab, ba, abab, abba, \dots \}$