





Lab Session and Project Discussion

IoT Lab Session

Agenda



- Simulation Process and its importance
- Introduction to NetSim Simulator
- **5G and IoT integration** in NetSim environment
- Steps to design IoT Solution for Specific industries
- Capstone Project Preparation







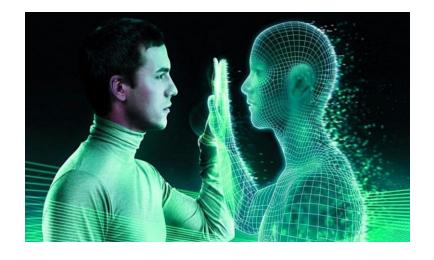
Simulation Process and its importance

IoT Lab Session



Simulation Process

Definition: Simulation is a technique used to mimic the behavior of real-world systems or processes through the creation of virtual models. These models are designed to replicate the dynamics, interactions, and outcomes of the actual system under various conditions or scenarios. By inputting different parameters and variables into the simulation, researchers, engineers, or analysts can observe and analyze how the system would respond in different situations without the need for nhysical implementation or experimentation



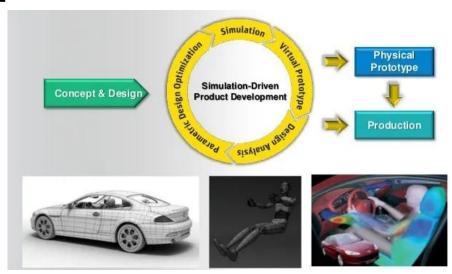
Source: https://www.unrevealedfiles.com/is-the-universe-a-computer-simulation/



Why Simulation

The simulation process is essential for-

- Mitigating risks,
- Reducing costs,
- Evaluating performance,
- Supporting decision-making,
- Understanding complex systems,
- Facilitating training and education,
- Driving innovation,
- Enabling forecasting and planning across diverse fields and industries



https://medium.com/@srivathsen/simulation-driven-product-development-3bcb01728e34



Simulation in 5G & IoT Context

- **Simulation in 5G IoT:** involves creating virtual models of realworld scenarios to emulate network behavior, device interactions, and data flows.
- Components: The simulation process typically includes setting up network topologies, configuring Sensors and other devices and protocols, defining traffic patterns, running the simulation, and analyzing results.
- **Importance**: It allows for testing and optimizing various aspects of 5G IoT networks in a controlled environment before actual



Recap: IoT Simulators covered so far

Wokwi:

- Wokwi is an online platform that offers a simulation environment for IoT development using popular microcontrollers such as Arduino and ESP32.
- It provides a user-friendly interface for designing and testing IoT projects, with features like virtual hardware components, code editing, and realtime simulation feedback.



Source: https://wokwi.com/



Recap: IoT Simulators covered so far

ThingSpeak:

- ThingSpeak is an IoT platform developed by MathWorks that includes built-in data analytics and visualization tools.
- Alongside its data collection and storage capabilities, ThingSpeak offers a simulation feature allowing users to generate synthetic data for testing IoT applications and algorithms.



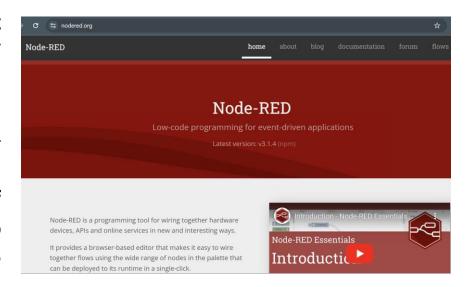
Source: https://thingspeak.com/



Recap: IoT Simulators covered so far

Node-RED:

- Node-RED is a flow-based development tool for visual programming of IoT applications, developed by IBM.
- While primarily used for IoT application development and deployment, Node-RED offers simulation capabilities through its extensible ecosystem of nodes and plugins, enabling users to test flows and integrations before deploying them to real devices.



Source : https://nodered.org/







Let's Bring IoT and 5G Together

Introduction to NetSim Simulator For 5G and IoT integration



Introduction to NetSim Simulator:

NetSim is a powerful and versatile network simulation software designed to facilitate the modeling, analysis, and optimization **communication networks**. Developed by Tetcos, NetSim provides a comprehensive platform for researchers, engineers, and educators to simulate a wide range of network technologies and scenarios, enabling them to gain valuable insights into network behavior, performance, and efficiency.



https://www.tetcos.com/

Different Network simulation available in Netsim



Choose a Network

C1 Internetworks (Base)

Features TCP, IP, Routing, Wi-Fi, Ethernet, RF Propagation, Application Models, Network Stack, Simulation Kernel, Network Logs and Plot Engine.

Licensed

C6 Wireless Sensor Networks

Based on 802.15.4 MAC/PHY interfaces with MANETs library

Licensed

C8 LTE / LTE-A

Based on 3GPP 36 series standards. LTE/LTE-A interfaces with Internetworks library

C2 Legacy Networks

Features Pure Aloha, Slotted Aloha, GSM and CDMA. Legacy Networks run standalone and do not interface with Internetworks library

■ Licensed

C6 Internet of Things

Features WSN, RPL and 6LoWPAN with MANET routing. IoT interfaces with Internetworks and MANETs libraries

Licensed

 \Box

C9 Vehicular Adhoc Networks

Based on IEEE1609 Wave and IEEE802.11p with MANET routing. VANETs interface with Internetworks and MANETs libraries and with SUMO.

C4 Mobile Adhoc Network

Features DSR, AODV, OLSR and ZRP routing protocols, and multiple MANETs with bridge nodes. MANETs interface with Internetworks library

Licensed

TI I

C7 Cognitive Radio Networks

Based on 802.22 standard and interfaces with Internetworks library

Licensed

C10 5G NR

Based on 3GPP 38 series standards. 5G NR interfaces with Internetworks library and with LTE library for running 5G NSA mode.

Source: https://www.tetcos.com/

Different Network simulation available in Netsim



Choose a Network

C11 Satellite Comm. Networks

Features Geo stationary satellite, TDMA in Ku Band and MF-TDMA in Ka Band per DVB S2. Interfaces with Internetworks library

Licensed

C3 Advanced Routing

Features VLAN, Multicast Routing: IGMP and PIM, L3 Switch, ACL and NAT. Access these features within the properties of Switches and Routers available in C1

Licensed

Add-On Advanced 5G

Features advanced 5G features including DL and UL Interference, Block error rate (BLER) and Outer loop link adaptation (OLLA). Access these features within the 5G NR and LTE components.

C12 Underwater Acoustic Networks

Features underwater communication using the acoustic PHY and Thorp propagation models. Interfaces with legacy networks for running slotted aloha in MAC layer.

Licensed

C5 Software Defined Networks

Based on Openflow protocol. Access this feature within the properties of all L3 devices. SDN interfaces with all components except C2 and C11

Licensed

Add-On Network Emulator

I

Connect real systems running live applications to NetSim. Interfaces with all components except C2. Access this feature inside Application properties.

■ License not available

Source: https://www.tetcos.com/



Why NetSim for 5G and IoT:

- Modular Architecture: NetSim offers a modular architecture that supports the simulation of diverse network technologies, including 5G and IoT protocols.
- Protocol Support: NetSim provides comprehensive support for a wide range of communication protocols, including those relevant to 5G and IoT networks. From wireless standards like NR (New Radio) and 6LowPAN to IoT-specific protocols such as MQTT and CoAP, NetSim offers a rich library of protocols for simulation



https://www.tetcos.com/



Why NetSim for 5G and IoT:

 Realistic Environment: With NetSim, users can create realistic network environments by defining parameters such as topologies, traffic patterns, mobility models, and interference scenarios. This capability allows for the accurate emulation of real-world conditions and facilitates in-depth analysis of network performance.



 Visualization Tools: NetSim offers visualization tools that enable users to visualize network topologies, packet flows, and performance metrics in real-time. This visual representation enhances the understanding of simulation results and facilitates the

https://www.tetcos.com/



Why NetSim for 5G and IoT:

 Scalability and Performance: NetSim is designed to handle simulations of varying scales, from small-scale IoT deployments to large-scale 5G networks. Its efficient simulation engine ensures scalability and high performance, enabling the simulation of complex scenarios with thousands of nodes.



https://www.tetcos.com/

 Integration Capabilities: NetSim supports the integration of different technologies and components, making it ideal for simulating the convergence of 5G and IoT.







Exercise: IoT in NetSim

IoT Lab Session

Outcome of the Exercise



- Performance Evaluation
- Reliability and Resilience
- Traffic Analysis
- Security Assessment
- Scalability Testing
- Resource Management
- Application Behavior

Conducting IoT simulations in NetSim enables you to gain valuable insights into the behavior and performance of your IoT network, identify potential issues or optimization opportunities, and **validate design choices before deployment in real-world scenarios**.

Available functions for IoT Network simulation in NetSim



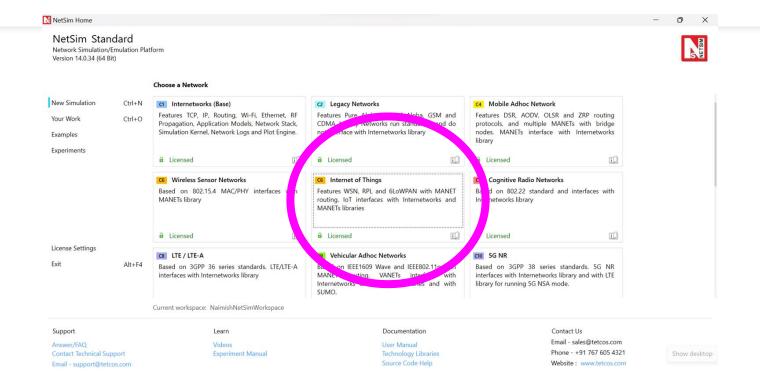


- Sensors
- Gateway
- Wired/Wireless links
- wired/Wireless nodes

- Switches
- Routers
- And other required components

Go to Internet Of things

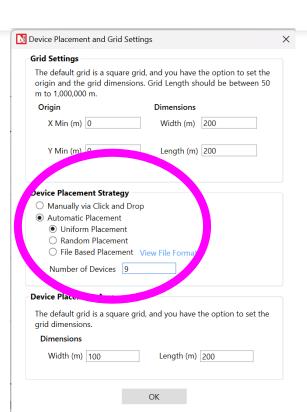




Configuration window

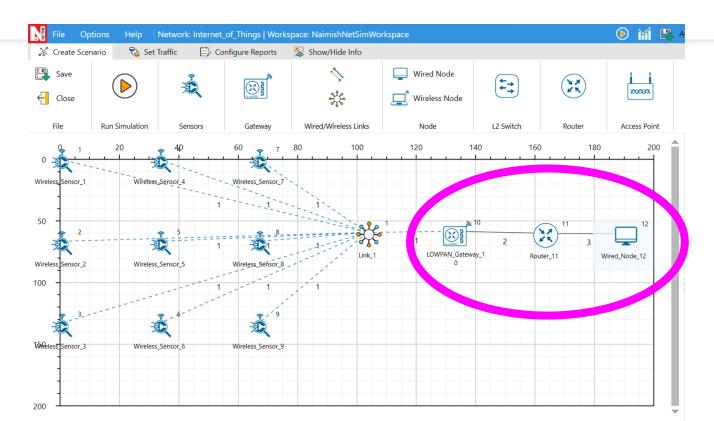


- 1. Update Grid dimensions
- 2. Select sensor placement type(Uniform/Random)
- 3. Enter number of devices (9)
- 4. Device placement area (200,100)



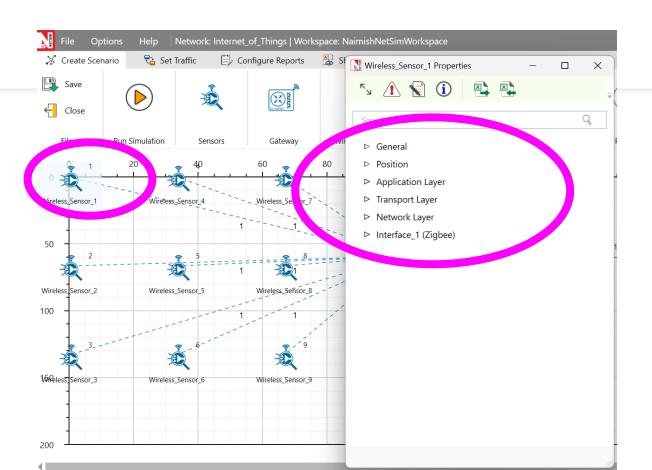






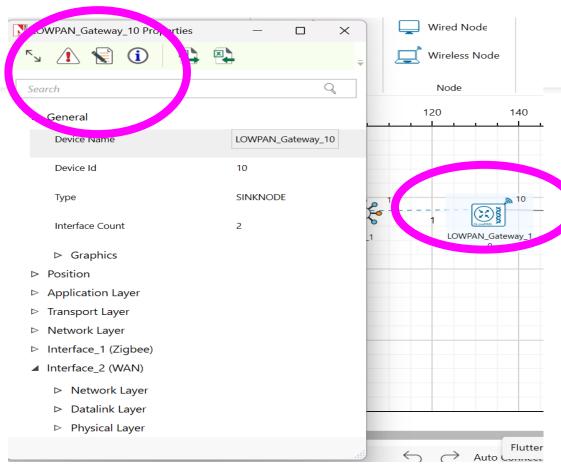
Configure sensors properties





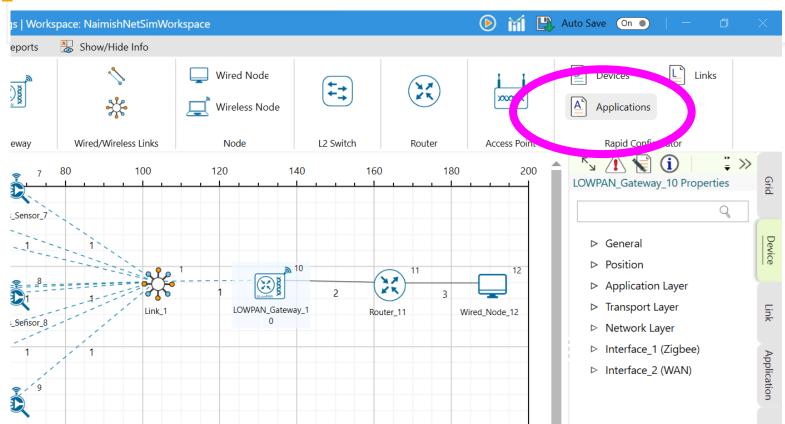
Configure LOWPAN gateway properties





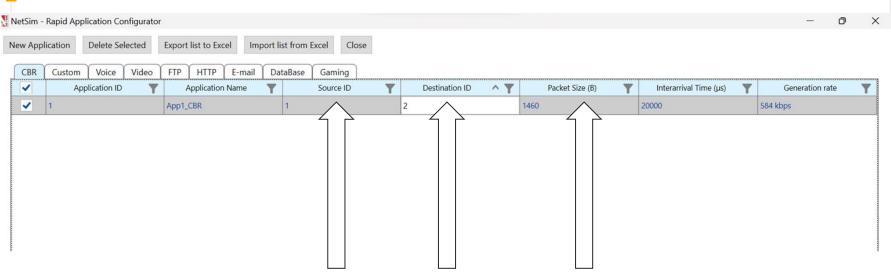
Configure Application properties





Configure Application properties

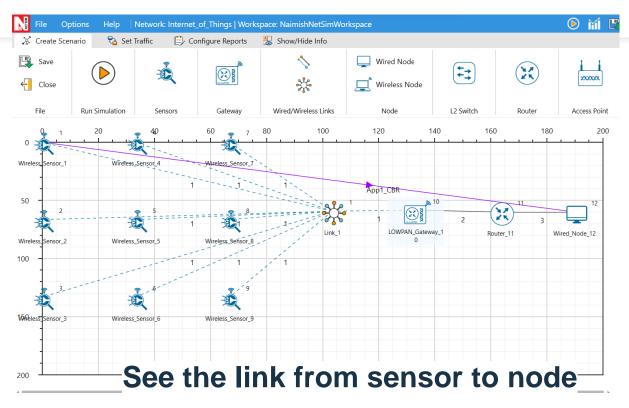




Set source Id(2) for sensor, destination ID (12) for wired node and other parameters

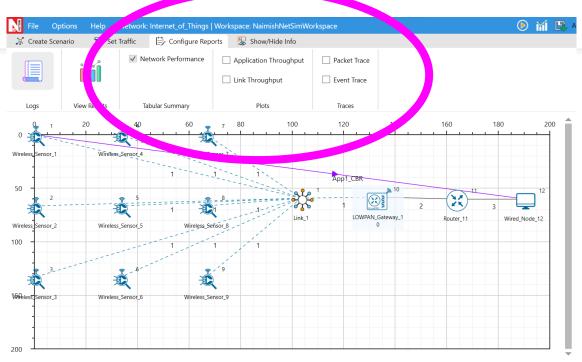
Configure Application properties





Lets Simulate

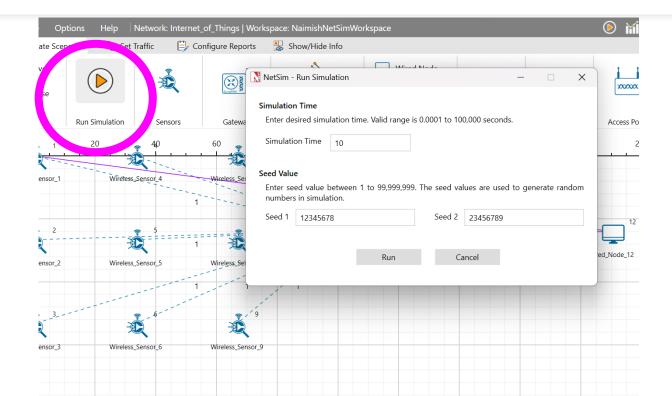




Enable Packet Trace and other parameters you want to observe under configure reports

Lets Simulate





Click on run simulation and set parameters

This window will appear



```
C:\Program Files\NetSim\Star X
Today's date is "Feb 09 2024.15:04:20"
Binary build date is "Oct 26 2023.18:22:05"
-apppath is not defined...
Setting current path as app path.
App path = C:\Program Files\NetSim\Standard_v14_0\bin\bin_x64\workspace\NaimishNetSimWorkspace\bin_x64
NetSim License Manager will first check for node lock licenses.
If not available, it will then check for floating/cloud licenses
NetSim License Manager Start. Checking for licenses available (this may take upto 2 min) -
License Manager Output. Product>Edition>Maj_ver>Min_ver>Lic_type>Components>
netsim>std>14>0>rlm hw>111111111111>00100>
NetworkStack loaded from path- C:\Program Files\NetSim\Standard_v14_0\bin\bin_x64\workspace\NaimishNetSim\Workspace\bin_x
64/NetworkStack.dll
NetSim start
Network Stack loaded
Error in creating C:\Users\naimi\AppData\Local\Temp\NetSim\std_14.0\/log directory. Error number 17
Initializing simulation
```

Simulation Result Matrix



Simulation Results														_	o	×	
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UDP Metrics										WIRELESS_	SENSOR_4	ANY_DEVICE	0	0	0	(
AODV Metrics										WIRELESS_	SENSOR_5	ANY_DEVICE	0	0	0	0	
> IEEE802.15.4_Metrics										WIRELESS_	SENSOR_6	ANY_DEVICE	0	0	0	0	
Application_Metrics										WIRELESS_	SENSOR_7	ANY_DEVICE	0	0	0	0	
Plots										WIRELESS_	SENSOR_8	ANY_DEVICE	0	0	0	0	
> Link_Throughput										WIRELESS_	SENSOR_9	ANY_DEVICE	0	0	0	0	
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	All	<u>NA</u>	4110	580	0	0	0	173		11	1	1	1	0			
	1	Link throughput	1370	578	0	0	0	173									
	2	Link throughput	1370	2	0	0	0	0									
Export Results (.xls/.csv)	3	Link throughput	1370	0	0	0	0	0									
Open Packet Trace																	
Open Event Trace																	
Restore To Original View																	
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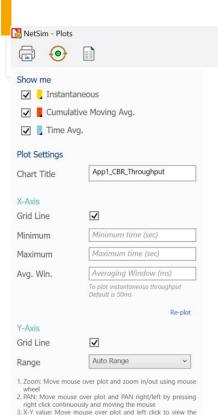
Simulation Result Matrix



Simulation Results														_	o	×	
∨ Network Performance	Application_Metrics_Table									TCP_Metric	cs_Table				Ć	3 ×	
Link_Metrics	Applicat	ion_Metrics				Detailed '	/iew	TCP_Met	Detailed \	View							
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IP_Metrics										WIRELESS_	SENSOR_2	ANY_DEVICE	0	0	0	(
> IP_Forwarding_Table										WIRELESS_	SENSOR_3	ANY_DEVICE	0	0	0	(
UDP Metrics										WIRELESS_	SENSOR_4	ANY_DEVICE	0	0	0	(
AODV Metrics										WIRELESS_	SENSOR_5	ANY_DEVICE	0	0	0	0	
> IEEE802.15.4_Metrics										WIRELESS_	SENSOR_6	ANY_DEVICE	0	0	0	0	
Application_Metrics										WIRELESS_	SENSOR_7	ANY_DEVICE	0	0	0	0	
Plots										WIRELESS_	SENSOR_8	ANY_DEVICE	0	0	0	0	
> Link_Throughput										WIRELESS_	SENSOR_9	ANY_DEVICE	0	0	0	0	
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	All	<u>NA</u>	4110	580	0	0	0	173		11	1	1	1	0			
	1	Link throughput	1370	578	0	0	0	173									
	2	Link throughput	1370	2	0	0	0	0									
Export Results (.xls/.csv)	3	Link throughput	1370	0	0	0	0	0									
Open Packet Trace																	
Open Event Trace																	
Restore To Original View																	
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Simulation Result Throughput Plot





 Changes to color, title, zoom, axis values, etc are meant for visualization and print purposes only. These changes will not

coordinates of any point

get saved when the window is closed.









Exercise:Combine 5G and IoT in NetSim

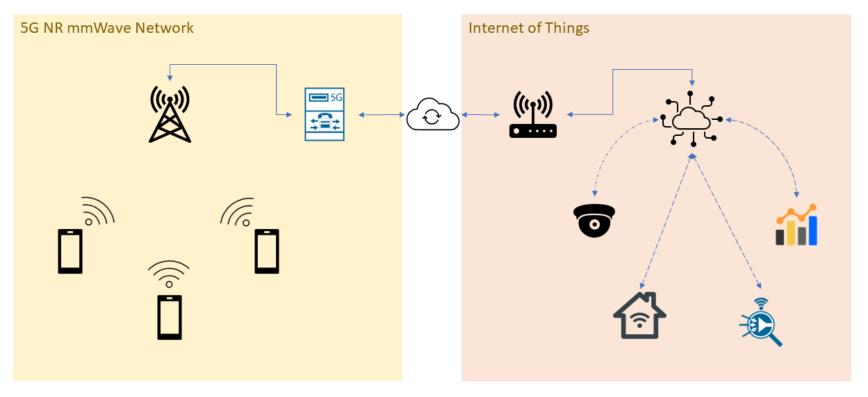
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Exercise: Combining IoT and 5G networks/protocols

CITT

in NetSim simulations

Infographics: Combination of IoT and 5G



Source: https://support.tetcos.com/support/solutions/articles/14000121446-combining-iot-and-5g-networks-protocols-in-netsim-simulations

Combining IoT and 5G networks/protocols in NetSim simulations

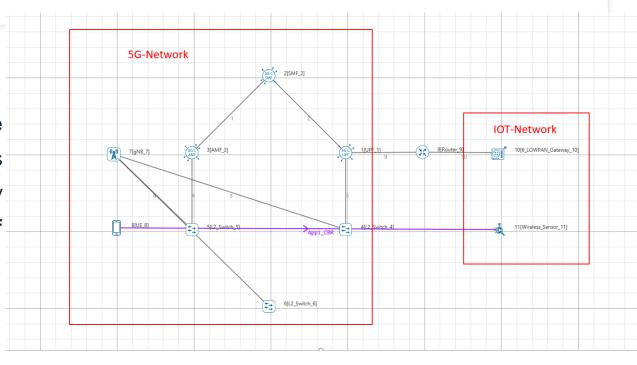


NetSim Scenario

>Sensor.

In this example, we are creating a scenario that is equivalent to the topology shown below. The flow of traffic is

UE->gNB->UPF->Router>6LowPAN_Gateway-



Network Configuration parameter settings



Network Configuration

6_lowPan_Gateway Properties		
Routing Protocol	RPL	
Router Properties		
Routing Protocol	OSPF	
5G-CORE Properties		
All Default Properties		
gNB Properties		
All Default Properties		
UE Properties		
All Default Properties		



Application Configuration parameter settings

Application Configuration

Application Type	CBR
Source ID	8(i.e UE)
Destination ID	11(i.e Wireless Sensor)
Packet Size	1460 Bytes
Inter Arrival Time	1 s



NetSim **GUI does not allow combining the IoT and 5G** toolboxes. Therefore, this combining is done via the configuration file.

Different sections of configuration file -

- Device Configuration
- Connection Configuration
- Application Configuration



Device Configuration: This section of the configuration file contains all the **device properties** used for this exercise

```
COEVICE CONFIGURATION DEVICE COUNT="11">
COEVICE DEFAULT_DEVICE_NAME="UPF" DEVICE_IMAGE="UPF,png" DEVICE_NAME="UPF_1" DEVICE_TYPE="UPF" INTERFACE_COUNT="3" TYPE="UPF" > ...

COEVICE DEFAULT_DEVICE_NAME="SMF" DEVICE_ID="2" DEVICE_IMAGE="SMF.png" DEVICE_NAME="SMF_2" DEVICE_TYPE="SMF" INTERFACE_COUNT="2" TYPE="SMF" > ...

COEVICE DEFAULT_DEVICE_NAME="L2_Switch" DEVICE_ID="3" DEVICE_IMAGE="L2Switch.png" DEVICE_NAME="L2_Switch_2 DEVICE_TYPE="AMF" INTERFACE_COUNT="2" TYPE="SMF" > ...

COEVICE DEFAULT_DEVICE_NAME="L2_Switch" DEVICE_ID="4" DEVICE_IMAGE="L2Switch.png" DEVICE_NAME="L2_Switch_2 DEVICE_TYPE="L2_SWITCH_AMF" INTERFACE_COUNT="2" TYPE="SWITCH"> ...

COEVICE DEFAULT_DEVICE_NAME="L2_Switch" DEVICE_ID="5" DEVICE_IMAGE="L2Switch.png" DEVICE_NAME="L2_Switch_5 DEVICE_TYPE="L2_SWITCH_AMF" INTERFACE_COUNT="2" TYPE="SWITCH"> ...

COEVICE DEFAULT_DEVICE_NAME="L2_Switch" DEVICE_IMAGE="L2Switch.png" DEVICE_NAME="L2_Switch_6 DEVICE_TYPE="L2_SWITCH_AMF" INTERFACE_COUNT="1" TYPE="SWITCH"> ...

COEVICE DEFAULT_DEVICE_NAME="U2_Switch" DEVICE_IMAGE="L2Switch.png" DEVICE_NAME="L2_Switch_6 DEVICE_TYPE="L12_SWITCH_BWB" INTERFACE_COUNT="1" TYPE="SWITCH"> ...

COEVICE DEFAULT_DEVICE_NAME="U2_Switch" DEVICE_IMAGE="BB_png" DEVICE_NAME="U2_SWITCH_DYPE="L12_SWITCH_BWB" INTERFACE_COUNT="1" TYPE="SWITCH"> ...

COEVICE DEFAULT_DEVICE_NAME="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH_DTWD="U2_SWITCH
```



Connection Configuration: This section of the configuration file contains all the **connection properties** from one device to another as shown in the scenario

```
CLINK DEVICE_COUNT="2" LINK_COLOR="" LINK_MODE="FULL_DUPLEX" LINK_NAME="1" LINK_SPEED_DOMN="18888" LINK_SPEED_UP="18888" LINK_MIDTH="2.8" MEDIUM="WIRED" TYPE="POINT_TO_POINT">...

CLINK DEVICE_COUNT="2" LINK_COLOR="" LINK_ID="3" LINK_MODE="FULL_DUPLEX" LINK_NAME="3" LINK_SPEED_DOMN="18888" LINK_SPEED_UP="18888" LINK_MIDTH="2.8" MEDIUM="WIRED" TYPE="POINT_TO_POINT">...

CLINK DEVICE_COUNT="2" LINK_COLOR="" LINK_ID="3" LINK_MODE="FULL_DUPLEX" LINK_NAME="3" LINK_SPEED_DOMN="18888" LINK_SPEED_UP="18888" LINK_MIDTH="2.8" MEDIUM="WIRED" TYPE="POINT_TO_POINT">...

CLINK DEVICE_COUNT="2" LINK_COLOR="" LINK_ID="5" LINK_MODE="FULL_DUPLEX" LINK_NAME="6" LINK_SPEED_DOMN="18888" LINK_SPEED_UP="18888" LINK_MIDTH="2.8" MEDIUM="WIRED" TYPE="POINT_TO_POINT">...

CLINK DEVICE_COUNT="2" LINK_COLOR="" LINK_MODE="FULL_DUPLEX" LINK_NAME="6" LINK_SPEED_DOMN="18888" LINK_SPEED_UP="18888" LINK_MIDTH="2.8" MEDIUM="WIRED" TYPE="POINT_TO_POINT">...

CLINK DEVICE_COUNT="2" LINK_COLOR="" LINK_MODE="FULL_DUPLEX" LINK_NAME="6" LINK_SPEED_DOMN="18888" LINK_SPEED_UP="18888" LINK_MIDTH="2.8" MEDIUM="WIRED" TYPE="POINT_TO_POINT">...

CLINK DEVICE_COUNT="2" LINK_COLOR="" LINK_MODE="FULL_DUPLEX" LINK_NAME="7" LINK_SPEED_DOMN="18888" LINK_SPEED_UP="18888" LINK_MIDTH="2.8" MEDIUM="WIRED" TYPE="POINT_TO_POINT">...

CLINK DEVICE_COUNT="2" LINK_COLOR="" LINK_MODE="HALF_DUPLEX" LINK_NAME="8" LINK_MIDTH="2.8" MEDIUM="WIREDS" TYPE="POINT_TO_POINT">...

CLINK DEVICE_COUNT="2" LINK_COLOR="" LINK_MODE="FULL_DUPLEX" LINK_NAME="8" LINK_MIDTH="2.8" MEDIUM="WIRED" TYPE="POINT_TO_POINT">...

CLINK DEVICE_COUNT="2" LINK_COLOR="" LINK_MODE="FULL_DUPLEX" LINK_NAME="9" LINK_SPEED_DOMN="18888" LINK_MIDTH="2.8" MEDIUM="WIRED" TYPE="POINT_TO_POINT">...

CLINK DEVICE_COUNT="2" LINK_COLOR="" LINK_MODE="FULL_DUPLEX" LINK_NAME="10" LINK_SPEED_DOMN="18888" LINK_MIDTH="2.8" MEDIUM="WIRED" TYPE="POINT_TO_POINT">...

CLINK DEVICE_COUNT="2" LINK_COLOR="" LINK_MODE="FULL_DUPLEX" LINK_NAME="10" LINK_SPEED_DOMN="18888" LINK_MIDTH="2.8" MEDIUM="WIRED" TYPE="POINT_TO_POINT">...

CLINK
```



Application Configuration: This section of the configuration file contains information about the **application properties.** i.e. in this example its CBR Application from UE to Sensor.

```
| CAPPLICATION_CONFIGURATION COUNT="1" | CAPPLICATION_COLOR="0x9080ffff" APPLICATION_METHOD="UNICAST" APPLICATION_TYPE="CBR" APPLICATION_WIDTH="2.0" DESTINATION_COUNT="1" DESTINATION_ID="11" ENCRYPTION="NONE" END_TIME="100000" ID="1" NAME="CPACKET_SIZE DISTRIBUTION="CONSTANT" VALUE="1460"/>
| CAPPLICATION | CONSTANT" VALUE="1460"/>
| CAPPLICATION | CONSTANT" VALUE="20000"/>
| CAPPLICATION | CONSTANT VALUE="20000"/>
| CAPPLI
```

Analyzing results and viewing NetSim animation:



Once the **configuration file is set up correctly**, the simulation is then **run via CLI**(Command Line Interface).

- 1. Simulate the scenario via CLI
- 2. For opening Result Dashboard open command prompt in NetSim Installation directory and run command that given below (version might differ)-

NetSimMetrics.exe %appdata%\NetSim\std_13.1



Analyzing results and viewing NetSim animation:

3. After opening Result Dashboard, open Animation window by running command that given below,

NetSimAnimation.exe %appdata%\NetSim\std_13.1

3. Result Dashboard and Animation window can be opened in NetSim UI as well(Both should be enabled in configuration file).







Steps to design IoT Solution for Specific industries

IoT Lab Session



Steps to design IoT Solution

- 1. Identify Industry Needs and Use Cases
- 2. Define Requirements
- 3. Select IoT Devices and Sensors
- 4. Choose Connectivity Options
- 5. Design Data Collection and Communication Architecture
- 6. Implement Security Measures
- 7. Develop Application Software
- 8. Test and Validate
- 9. Deploy and Scale
- 10. Provide Support and Maintenance
- 11 Continuous Improvement







Capstone Project Discussion

IoT Lab Session



Capstone Project Discussion

Problem Statements:

- Configure a Sensor with a microcontroller, capture readings and send this data to any cloud platform and visualise it.
- Create Publisher and Subscriber scenario and use open source broker to demonstrate the data transfer.
- Implement client and server based data protocol and showcase transmission of data packets
- Explore open source data and Perform data analysis /mining using concepts of ML
- Design your own IoT solution in any Domain (Agriculture/Manufacturing/Healthcare/ Smart City)
- Design Security solutions demonstrating encryption and decryption.
- Demo any IoT Network testing tools, IoT Platforms AWS, MS Azure Hub, Hardware Project related to IoT, Data Analytics tool, etc