

Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Department: IT - Section 4
Batch: 2028
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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 4_Q5

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 10
Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

In a secure banking system, customers are required to create PIN codes for accessing their accounts. The bank wants to validate these PIN codes before accepting them.

A PIN code is considered valid if:

It consists of exactly 4 digits. All characters must be numeric (0–9). It cannot contain all identical digits (e.g., 1111 is invalid).

Your task is to determine whether each PIN code in the list is valid or not.

Input Format

The first line of input contains an integer T, representing the number of PIN codes to check.

The next T lines each contain a string S, representing a PIN code.

Output Format

For each PIN code S, the output print "YES" if it is valid.

Otherwise, the output print "NO".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1

1234

Output: YES

Answer

```
import java.util.*;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        int T = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());

        for (int i = 0; i < T; i++) {
            String pin = sc.nextLine().trim();

            if (isValidPIN(pin)) {
                System.out.println("YES");
            } else {
                System.out.println("NO");
            }
        }

        sc.close();
    }

    private static boolean isValidPIN(String pin) {
        // Rule 1: length must be 4
    }
}
```

```
if (pin.length() != 4) return false;

// Rule 2: all must be digits
for (char ch : pin.toCharArray()) {
    if (!Character.isDigit(ch)) return false;
}

// Rule 3: not all digits identical
char first = pin.charAt(0);
boolean allSame = true;
for (char ch : pin.toCharArray()) {
    if (ch != first) {
        allSame = false;
        break;
    }
}

return !allSame;
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 4_Q4

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 10
Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Arjun is learning how to filter words from a sentence based on grammar rules. He wants to identify the valid words in a sentence.

A word is considered valid if it satisfies all these conditions:

The word contains only alphabets (a–z, A–Z). The word length is at least 2 characters. The word should not contain digits or special characters.

Your task is to read a sentence and print all the valid words in it.

Input Format

The input contains a single line containing a sentence S.

Output Format

The output prints all the valid words separated by spaces.

If no valid word exists, print "No valid words."

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: Hello world1 123 ab" @\$ Hi

Output: Hello Hi

Answer

```
import java.util.*;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        String sentence = sc.nextLine();
        sc.close();

        String[] words = sentence.split(" "); // split sentence by spaces
        List<String> validWords = new ArrayList<>();

        for (String word : words) {
            if (isValidWord(word)) {
                validWords.add(word);
            }
        }

        if (validWords.isEmpty()) {
            System.out.println("No valid words.");
        } else {
            System.out.println(String.join(" ", validWords));
        }
    }

    // Method to check if a word is valid
    private static boolean isValidWord(String word) {
        if (word.length() < 2) return false;
```

```
    for (char ch : word.toCharArray()) {  
        if (!Character.isLetter(ch)) return false;  
    }  
  
    return true;  
}  
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 4_Q3

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 10
Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Bechan Chacha is seeking help to filter out valid mobile numbers from a list provided by his crush. He can only pick his crush's number if the list contains valid mobile numbers.

A mobile number is considered valid if:

It has exactly 10 digits. It consists only of numeric values (0–9). It does not begin with zero.

Your task is to determine whether each mobile number in the list is valid or not.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer T, representing the number of mobile numbers

to check.

The next T lines each contain a string S, representing a mobile number.

Output Format

For each mobile number S, the output print "YES" if it is valid.

Otherwise, print "NO".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1
9876543210
Output: YES

Answer

```
import java.util.*;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        int T = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine()); // number of test cases

        for (int i = 0; i < T; i++) {
            String S = sc.nextLine().trim();

            if (isValidMobile(S)) {
                System.out.println("YES");
            } else {
                System.out.println("NO");
            }
        }

        sc.close();
    }

    // Method to check if mobile number is valid
```



```
private static boolean isValidMobile(String s) {  
    // Rule 1: Check length  
    if (s.length() != 10) return false;  
  
    // Rule 2: Check if all are digits  
    for (char ch : s.toCharArray()) {  
        if (!Character.isDigit(ch)) return false;  
    }  
  
    // Rule 3: Should not start with 0  
    if (s.charAt(0) == '0') return false;  
  
    return true;  
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 4_Q2

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 10
Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Anu is developing a tool for a conference registration system. Participants submit keywords related to their fields of interest. The organizer wants to sort these keywords alphabetically to generate tags for session grouping.

Write a program that accepts at least five keywords as input arguments and outputs them in sorted alphabetical order.

Input Format

The first line of input contains an integer n, representing the number of keywords.

The second line of input contains n space-separated keywords (string).

Output Format

The output prints n space separated strings representing the sorted keyword in alphabetical order.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 5

Blockchain Cloud AI Data Cybersecurity

Output: AI Blockchain Cloud Cybersecurity Data

Answer

```
import java.util.*;
public class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int n =sc.nextInt();
        String[] keywords = new String[n];
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
            keywords[i] = sc.next();
        }
        Arrays.sort(keywords);
        for (int i=0;i<n;i++){
            System.out.print(keywords[i]);
            if(i<n - 1){
                System.out.print(" ");
            }
        }
        sc.close();
    }
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 4_Q1

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 10
Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

In a publishing company, editors often need to quickly analyze passages of text to check for punctuation usage. To assist them, you are asked to write a program that counts the number of specific punctuation marks in each passage.

The punctuation marks of interest are:

Commas (,) Periods (.) Question marks (?)

Input Format

The first line of input contains an integer T, representing the number of test cases (passages).

Each of the next T lines contains a single passage of text.

Output Format

For each test case, print three integers separated by spaces, representing the number of commas, periods, and question marks in the passage.

The first line of output corresponds to the first passage, the second line to the second passage, and so on.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1

Hello, world. How are you?

Output: 1 1 1

Answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        int T=Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
        for(int i=0;i<T;i++){
            String passage = sc.nextLine();
            int commas = 0,periods = 0,questions = 0;
            for(char ch : passage.toCharArray()){
                if(ch == ','){
                    commas++;
                }
                else if(ch == '.'){
                    periods++;
                }
                else if(ch == '?'){
                    questions++;
                }
            }
            System.out.println(commas + " " + periods + " " + questions);
        }
        sc.close();
    }
}
```

}

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10