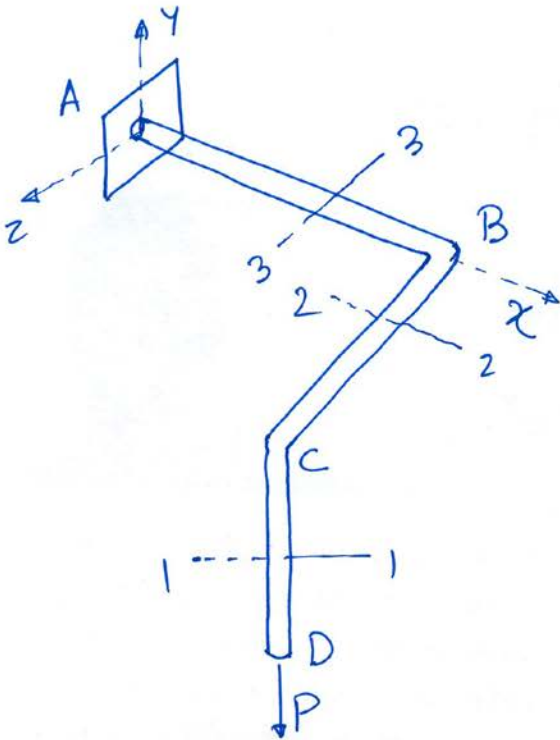


Solution for Q4



We know

$$U = \frac{F_A^2 L}{2AE}, \quad A = \text{x-sectional area}$$

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial Q} = \frac{F_A L}{AE} \cdot \frac{\partial F_A}{\partial Q}$$

$$U = \int \frac{M_b^2}{2EI} dx$$

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial Q} = \int \frac{M_b}{EI} \frac{\partial M_b}{\partial Q} dx$$

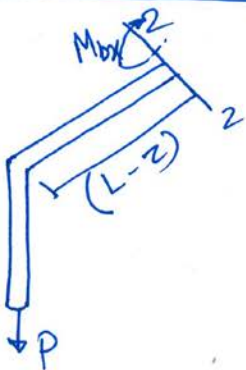
For CD (sec 1-1)



Axial force $F_A = P$

$$\frac{\partial F_A}{\partial P} = 1$$

For BC (sec 2-2)

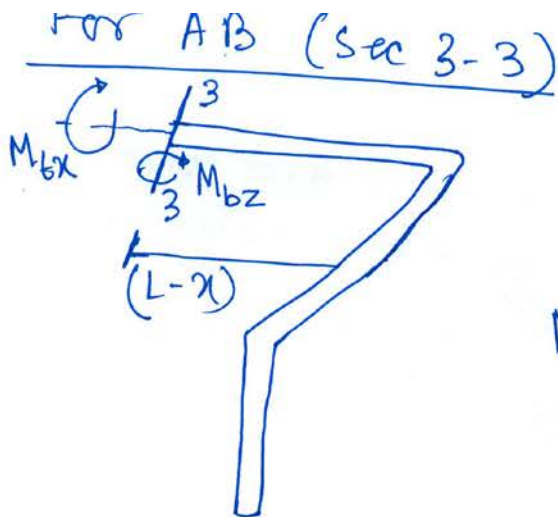


$$-M_{bx} + P(L-z) = 0$$

$$\therefore M_{bx}|_{2-2} = P(L-z)$$

$$\frac{\partial M_{bx}|_{2-2}}{\partial P} = (L-z)$$

Solution for Q4



$$M_{tx}|_{3-3} = PL, \quad \frac{\partial M_{tx}}{\partial P}|_{3-3} = L$$

$$M_{bz}|_{3-3} = -P(L-x), \quad \frac{\partial M_{bz}}{\partial P}|_{3-3} = -(L-x)$$

∴ Total strain energy of the system

$$U = U_{AB} + U_{BC} + U_{CD}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \delta_D^V &= \frac{\partial U}{\partial P} = \frac{\partial U_{AB}}{\partial P} + \frac{\partial U_{BC}}{\partial P} + \frac{\partial U_{CD}}{\partial P} \\ &= \left[\int_0^L \frac{M_{bz}|_{3-3}}{EI} \cdot \frac{\partial M_{bz}|_{3-3}}{\partial P} dx + \int_0^L \frac{M_{tx}|_{3-3}}{GIp} \cdot \frac{\partial M_{tx}|_{3-3}}{\partial P} dx \right] \\ &\quad + \left[\int_0^L \frac{M_{bx}|_{2-2}}{EI} \cdot \frac{\partial M_{bx}}{\partial P} dz \right] + \left[\frac{F_A L}{AE} \cdot \frac{\partial F_A}{\partial P} \right] \\ &= \left[\int_0^L \frac{P(L-x)(L-x)}{EI} dx + \int_0^L \frac{PL \cdot L}{GIp} dx \right] \\ &\quad + \int_0^L \frac{P(L-z)(L-z)}{EI} dz + \frac{PL}{AE} \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{P}{EI} \cdot \frac{L^3}{3} + \frac{PL^3}{GIp} + \frac{P}{EI} \cdot \frac{L^3}{3} + \frac{PL}{AE} \\ &= PL \left[\frac{2L^2}{3EI} + \frac{L^2}{GIp} + \frac{1}{AE} \right] = \frac{PL}{\pi d^2} \left[\frac{128L^2}{3E} + \frac{32L^2}{G} + \frac{4}{E} \right] \quad \text{Ans.} \\ &= PL \left[\frac{2L^2}{3E} \cdot \frac{64}{\pi d^4} + \frac{L^2}{G} \cdot \frac{32}{\pi d^4} + \frac{4}{\pi d^2 E} \right] = PL \left[\frac{128L^2}{3\pi E d^4} + \frac{32L^2}{\pi G d^4} + \frac{4}{\pi d^2 E} \right] \end{aligned}$$

Grading Scheme

3 marks (1 mark each):

FBD for AB

FBD for BC

FBD for CD

5 marks

Torsion moment and its derivative w.r.t P in AB

Bending moment and its derivative w.r.t P in AB

2 marks:

Bending moment and its derivative w.r.t P in BC

2 marks:

Axial force and its derivative w.r.t P in CD

3 marks:

Total energy of the system adding individual terms of AB, BC, CD

2 marks: I_{zz} , I_{polar}

3 marks: simplification of displacement at D and statement of the final answer