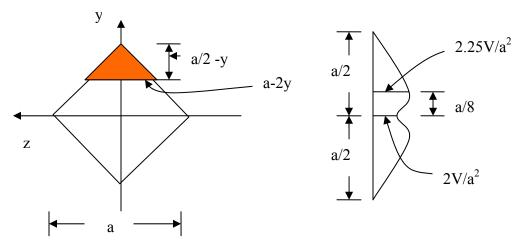
## ESO 202A/204: Mechanics of Solids (2016 -17 II semester) Solution of Assignment No. 9

9.1



Shear stress

$$I_{zz} = a^4/48$$

Area of the shaded portion = 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 (a-2y) (a/2 - y) =  $\frac{1}{4}$  (a-2y)<sup>2</sup>

CG of the area from NA= 
$$y + \frac{1}{3} (a/2 - y) = (1/6) (a+4y)$$

Therefore 
$$Q = \frac{1}{4} (a-2y)^2 \cdot \frac{1}{6} (a+4y)$$
,  $b = (a-2y)$ 

$$\tau_{xy} = \frac{VQ}{bI_{zz}} = \frac{2V(a-2y)(a+4y)}{a^4}$$

For 
$$\tau_{xy}$$
 to be minimum  $\frac{d\tau_{xy}}{dy} = 0 \Rightarrow y = \frac{a}{8}$ 

$$\tau_{xy,max} = 2.25 \text{ V/a}^2$$
  
 $\tau_{xy,NA} = 2.0 \text{V/a}^2$ 

## 9.2

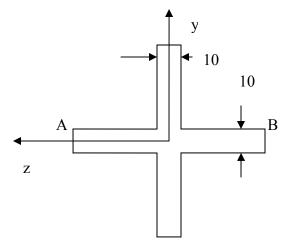
$$I_{zz} = \frac{10x100^3}{12} + 90x \frac{10^3}{12} = 840000 \text{ mm}^4$$

At level AB,

$$Q = 10x45(22.5+5) = 12350$$
mm<sup>3</sup>

b= 10 mm, 100mm

$$\tau_{xy} = \frac{10000x12350}{bx840000} = 14.7 \text{ MPa}$$
 and 1.47 MPa



At the neutral axis:

b=100mm

Q=12350+100x5x2.5=13600mm<sup>3</sup>

$$\tau_{xy} = \frac{10000x13600}{100x840000} = 1.62 \text{ MPa}$$

y 100

z 250

z 50 50

$$I_{zz} = 4 \left[ \frac{50x100^3}{12} + 50x100x175^2 \right] + \frac{25x450^3}{12} = 8186.7x10^5 \text{ mm}^4$$

(i) for bending M max = 
$$\frac{\sigma_{xx \text{ max}} I_{zz}}{y} = \frac{10x8186.7x10^5}{225} \text{ Nmm}$$
  
= 36.4kNm

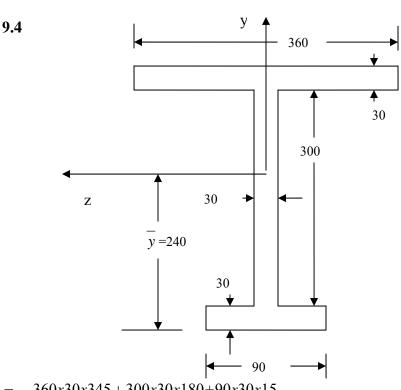
(ii) for shear in wood (Web portion) Q= 125x100x175+125x25x62.5=2385000mm<sup>3</sup>

$$V = \frac{\tau_{xy}I_{zz}b}{Q} = \frac{0.8x8186.7x10^5 x25}{2385000} = 6870 \text{ N}$$

(iii) for shear in glue joint b=100mm Q=50x100x175=875000mm<sup>3</sup>

$$V = \frac{0.4x8186.7x10^5 x100}{875000} = 37500 \,\mathrm{N}$$

Thus, maximum allowable shear force=6870N Maximum allowable bending moment=36.4kNm



$$\overline{y} = \frac{360x30x345 \pm 300x30x180 + 90x30x15}{360x30 + 300x30 + 90x30} = 240 \,\text{mm}$$

$$I_{zz} = \frac{360x30^3}{12} + 360x30x105^2 + \frac{30x300^3}{12} + 30x300x60^2 + \frac{90x30^3}{12} + 90x30x225^2 = 3.56x10^8$$

 $I_{zz}$ = 3.56x10<sup>8</sup> mm<sup>4</sup>

(i)= Top flange and web junction:

 $Q = 360x30x105 = 1134000mm^3$ 

b=360mm,30mm

$$\tau_{xy} = \frac{120x10^3 x1134000}{bx3.56x10^8} = 1.05 \text{MPa} \text{ and } 12.7 \text{MPa}$$

(ii) Neutral Axis:

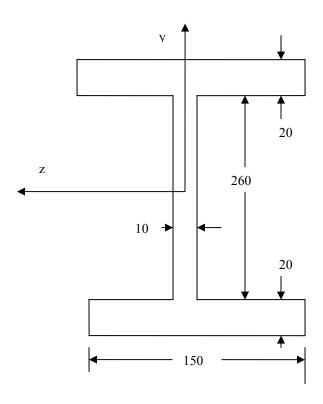
Q=1134000+30x90x45=1255500mm<sup>3</sup>

$$\tau_{xy} = \frac{120x10^3 x1255500}{30x3.56x10^8} = 14.1 \text{ MPa}$$

(iii) Bottom flange and web junction:

Q=30x90x225=607500mm<sup>3</sup>  
b=90mm,30mm  
$$\tau_{xy} = \frac{120x10^3 x607500}{bx3.56x10^8} = 2.27\text{MPa} \text{ and } 6.812\text{MPa}$$

9.5



$$M=96kNm$$
  $V=32kN$ 

$$I_{zz} = \frac{150x300^3}{12} - \frac{140x260^3}{12} = 13250x10^4 \text{ mm}^4$$

(i) At y=150mm, 
$$\tau_{xy}=0$$
  

$$\sigma_{xx} = -\frac{96x10^6 x150}{13250x10^4} = -108.6MPa$$

Since shear stress is zero, these are principal stresses.

(ii) At NA: 
$$\sigma_{xx}=0$$
;

therefore, 
$$\tau_{xy} = \frac{32x10^3 x504500}{10x13250x10^4} = 12.2 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{xx} = \frac{50}{150}(-108.6) = -36.2 \text{ Mpa}$$

Q=150x20x140+80x10x(40+50)=492000mm<sup>3</sup>

$$\tau_{xy} = \frac{32x10^3 x492000}{10x13250x10^4} = 11.9 \,\text{MPa}$$