

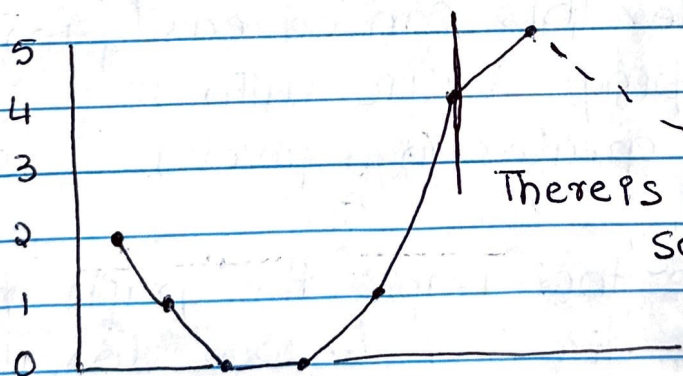
## Next permutation Algorithm

# Steps :

- ① Find the break point from the graph
- ② Find a number that is
  - a) Greater than break point
  - b) Smaller among other numbers, from the remaining set of values
- ③ Sort the remaining portion of the array

# Graph

Eq:1 [2 1 0 0 1 4 5]



There is a drop here

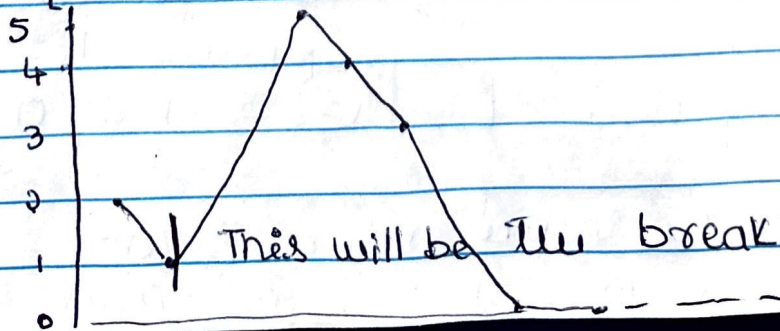
So, this will be the

Break point

a b a c  
a b a d  
a c a a

We usually match  
From back.

Eq 2: [2 1 5 4 3 0 0]

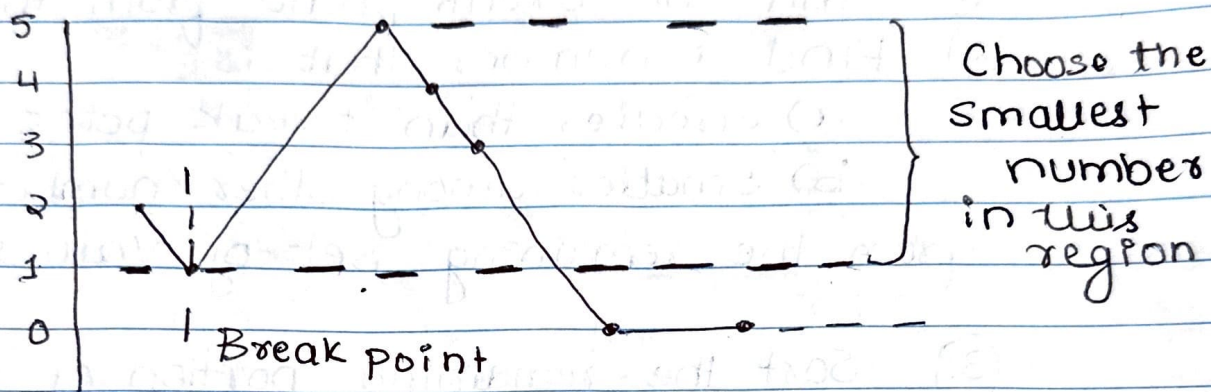


This will be the break point



# Working Solution:

Eq:  $[2 \ 1 \ 5 \ 4 \ 3 \ 0 \ 0]$



Pivot

Step 1:  $[2 \ (1) \ 5 \ 4 \ 3 \ 0 \ 0] \rightarrow \text{Step } (1)$

Step 2:  $[2 \ (1) \ 5 \ 4 \ (3) \ 0 \ 0] \rightarrow \text{Step } (2)$

In code this can be easily implemented by swapping value with pivot [values that are greater than pivot]

If we see the graph, the graph moves in downward direction  $\rightarrow$  So loop through  $[5 \ 4 \ 3 \ 0 \ 0] \rightarrow$  swap with pivot value  $\geq$  pivot  $\rightarrow$  so here we will have 3

After swap  $[2 \ (3) \ 5 \ 4 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0]$

Step 3 Sort the value after pivot  
 $[2 \ 3 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 4 \ 5]$  # Final Answer.