

# ASSIGNMENT

## 12.5

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### Task Description #1 (Sorting – Merge Sort Implementation)

- Task: Use AI to generate a Python program that implements the Merge Sort algorithm.

```
#use AI to generate the program of mergesort
def merge_sort(arr):
    if len(arr) > 1:
        mid = len(arr) // 2
        L = arr[:mid]
        R = arr[mid:]

        merge_sort(L)
        merge_sort(R)

        i = j = k = 0

        while i < len(L) and j < len(R):
            if L[i] < R[j]:
                arr[k] = L[i]
                i += 1
            else:
                arr[k] = R[j]
                j += 1
            k += 1

        while i < len(L):
            arr[k] = L[i]
            i += 1
            k += 1

        while j < len(R):
            arr[k] = R[j]
            j += 1
            k += 1

# Example usage:
arr = [38, 27, 43, 3, 9, 82, 10]
merge_sort(arr)
```

### OUTPUT

```
30     k += 1
31 # Example usage:
32 arr = [38, 27, 43, 3, 9, 82, 10]
33 merge_sort(arr)
34 print("Sorted array is:", arr) # Output: Sorted array is: [3, 9, 10, 27, 38, 43, 82]
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

PS C:\Users\ADMIN\AppData\Local\Programs\Microsoft VS Code & C:\Users\ADMIN\AppData\Local\Python\pythoncore-3.14-64\python.exe "c:/Users/ADMIN/Desktop/AI\_AC LAB/1.py"
Sorted array is: [3, 9, 10, 27, 38, 43, 82]
PS C:\Users\ADMIN\AppData\Local\Programs\Microsoft VS Code>

## Task Description #2 (Searching – Binary Search with AI Optimization)

- Task: Use AI to create a binary search function that finds a target element in a sorted list.

```
def binary_search(arr, target):
    left, right = 0, len(arr) - 1

    while left <= right:
        mid = left + (right - left) // 2

        if arr[mid] == target:
            return mid
        elif arr[mid] < target:
            left = mid + 1
        else:
            right = mid - 1

    return -1 # Target not found
# Example usage:
arr = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
target = 5
result = binary_search(arr, target)
if result != -1:
    print(f"Target {target} found at index: {result}") # Output: Target 5 found at index: 4
```

## OUTPUT

```

# Example usage:
arr = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
target = 5
result = binary_search(arr, target)
if result != -1:
    print(f"Target {target} found at index: {result}") # Output: Target 5 found at index: 4

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Users\ADMIN\AppData\Local\Programs\Microsoft VS Code & C:\Users\ADMIN\AppData\Local\Python\pythoncore-3.14-64\python.exe "c:/Users/ADMIN/Desktop/AI_AC LAB/binary_search.py"
5 found at index: 4

```

### Task Description #3: Smart Healthcare Appointment Scheduling System

A healthcare platform maintains appointment records containing appointment ID, patient name, doctor name, appointment time, and consultation fee. The system needs to:

1. Search appointments using appointment ID.
2. Sort appointments based on time or consultation fee.

```

class Appointment:
    def __init__(self, appointment_id, patient_name, doctor_name, appointment_time, consultation_fee):
        self.appointment_id = appointment_id
        self.patient_name = patient_name
        self.doctor_name = doctor_name
        self.appointment_time = appointment_time
        self.consultation_fee = consultation_fee

class HealthcarePlatform:
    def __init__(self):
        self.appointments = []

    def add_appointment(self, appointment):
        self.appointments.append(appointment)

    def search_appointment_by_id(self, appointment_id):
        for appointment in self.appointments:
            if appointment.appointment_id == appointment_id:
                return appointment
        return None # Appointment not found

    def sort_appointments_by_time(self):
        self.appointments.sort(key=lambda x: x.appointment_time)

    def sort_appointments_by_fee(self):
        self.appointments.sort(key=lambda x: x.consultation_fee)

# Example usage:
platform = HealthcarePlatform()
platform.add_appointment(Appointment(1, "John Doe", "Dr. Smith", "2024-07-01 10:00", 100))
platform.add_appointment(Appointment(2, "Jane Doe", "Dr. Brown", "2024-07-01 11:00", 150))
platform.add_appointment(Appointment(3, "Alice", "Dr. Smith", "2024-07-01 09:00", 120))

```

### OUTPUT

The screenshot shows a Microsoft VS Code interface with a Python script open in the editor. The script demonstrates how to use a class `AppointmentPlatform` to manage appointments. It includes methods for adding appointments, searching by ID, sorting by time or consultation fee, and printing appointment details. The output window shows the results of running the script, which lists three appointments: John Doe at 10:00, Jane Doe at 11:00, and Alice at 09:00, along with their respective doctors and fees.

```
# Example usage:  
# Click to add a breakpoint .thcarePlatform()  
platform.add_appointment(Appointment(1, "John Doe", "Dr. Smith", "2024-07-01 10:00", 100))  
platform.add_appointment(Appointment(2, "Jane Doe", "Dr. Brown", "2024-07-01 11:00", 150))  
platform.add_appointment(Appointment(3, "Alice", "Dr. Smith", "2024-07-01 09:00", 120))  
# Search for an appointment by ID  
appointment = platform.search_appointment_by_id(2)  
if appointment:  
    print(f"Appointment found: {appointment.patient_name} with {appointment.doctor_name} at {appointment.appointment_time} for ${appointment.consultation_fee}")  
else:  
    print("Appointment not found")  
# Sort appointments by time and print  
platform.sort_appointments_by_time()  
print("Appointments sorted by time:")  
for appointment in platform.appointments:  
    print(f"{appointment.patient_name} with {appointment.doctor_name} at {appointment.appointment_time} for ${appointment.consultation_fee}")  
# Sort appointments by consultation fee and print  
platform.sort_appointments_by_fee()  
print("Appointments sorted by consultation fee:")  
for appointment in platform.appointments:  
    print(f"{appointment.patient_name} with {appointment.doctor_name} at {appointment.appointment_time} for ${appointment.consultation_fee}")
```

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```
John Doe with Dr. Smith at 2024-07-01 10:00 for $100  
Jane Doe with Dr. Brown at 2024-07-01 11:00 for $150  
Appointments sorted by consultation fee:  
John Doe with Dr. Smith at 2024-07-01 10:00 for $100  
Alice with Dr. Smith at 2024-07-01 09:00 for $120  
Jane Doe with Dr. Brown at 2024-07-01 11:00 for $150  
PS C:\Users\ADMIN\AppData\Local\Programs\Microsoft VS Code> [ ]
```

## Task Description #4: Railway Ticket Reservation System Scenario

A railway reservation system stores booking details such as ticket ID, passenger name, train number, seat number, and travel date. The system must:

1. Search tickets using ticket ID.
2. Sort bookings based on travel date or seat number

```

    < class Ticket:
        < Click to collapse the range. f, ticket_id, passenger_name, train_number, seat_number, travel_date):
            self.ticket_id = ticket_id
            self.passenger_name = passenger_name
            self.train_number = train_number
            self.seat_number = seat_number
            self.travel_date = travel_date
    < class RailwayReservationSystem:
        < def __init__(self):
            self.tickets = []
        < def add_ticket(self, ticket):
            self.tickets.append(ticket)
        < def search_ticket_by_id(self, ticket_id):
            for ticket in self.tickets:
                if ticket.ticket_id == ticket_id:
                    return ticket
            return None # Ticket not found
        < def sort_tickets_by_travel_date(self):
            self.tickets.sort(key=lambda x: x.travel_date)
        < def sort_tickets_by_seat_number(self):
            self.tickets.sort(key=lambda x: x.seat_number)
    # Example usage:
    reservation_system = RailwayReservationSystem()
    reservation_system.add_ticket(Ticket(1, "John Doe", "Train A", "A1", "2024-08-01"))
    reservation_system.add_ticket(Ticket(2, "Jane Doe", "Train B", "B2", "2024-08-02"))
    reservation_system.add_ticket(Ticket(3, "Alice", "Train A", "A2", "2024-08-01"))
    # Search for a ticket by ID

```

## OUTPUT

```

134 # Search for a ticket by ID
135 ticket = reservation_system.search_ticket_by_id(2)
136 if ticket:
137     print(f"Ticket found: {ticket.passenger_name} on {ticket.train_number} seat {ticket.seat_number} for travel on {ticket.travel_date}")
138 else:
139     print("Ticket not found")
140 # Sort tickets by travel date and print
141 reservation_system.sort_tickets_by_travel_date()
142 print("Tickets sorted by travel date:")
143 for ticket in reservation_system.tickets:
144     print(f"{ticket.passenger_name} on {ticket.train_number} seat {ticket.seat_number} for travel on {ticket.travel_date}")
145 # Sort tickets by seat number and print
146 reservation_system.sort_tickets_by_seat_number()
147 print("Tickets sorted by seat number:")
148 for ticket in reservation_system.tickets:
149     print(f"{ticket.passenger_name} on {ticket.train_number} seat {ticket.seat_number} for travel on {ticket.travel_date}")
150

```

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```

Tickets sorted by travel date:
John Doe on Train A seat A1 for travel on 2024-08-01
Alice on Train A seat A2 for travel on 2024-08-01
Jane Doe on Train B seat B2 for travel on 2024-08-02
Tickets sorted by seat number:
John Doe on Train A seat A1 for travel on 2024-08-01
Alice on Train A seat A2 for travel on 2024-08-01
Jane Doe on Train B seat B2 for travel on 2024-08-02
PS C:\Users\ADMIN\AppData\Local\Programs\Microsoft VS Code>

```

## Task Description #5: Smart Hostel Room Allocation System

A hostel management system stores student room allocation details

including student ID, room number, floor, and allocation date. The system needs to:

1. Search allocation details using student ID.
2. Sort records based on room number or allocation date.

```

class RoomAllocation:
    def __init__(self, student_id, room_number, floor, allocation_date):
        self.student_id = student_id
        self.room_number = room_number
        self.floor = floor
        self.allocation_date = allocation_date
class HostelManagementSystem:
    def __init__(self):
        self.allocations = []
    def add_allocation(self, allocation):
        self.allocations.append(allocation)
    def search_allocation_by_student_id(self, student_id):
        for allocation in self.allocations:
            if allocation.student_id == student_id:
                return allocation
        return None # Allocation not found
    def sort_allocations_by_room_number(self):
        self.allocations.sort(key=lambda x: x.room_number)
    def sort_allocations_by_allocation_date(self):
        self.allocations.sort(key=lambda x: x.allocation_date)
# Example usage:
hostel_system = HostelManagementSystem()
hostel_system.add_allocation(RoomAllocation(1, "101", "1st Floor", "2024-09-01"))
hostel_system.add_allocation(RoomAllocation(2, "102", "1st Floor", "2024-09-02"))
hostel_system.add_allocation(RoomAllocation(3, "201", "2nd Floor", "2024-09-01"))
# Search for an allocation by student ID
allocation = hostel_system.search_allocation_by_student_id(2)

```

## OUTPUT

```

175 # Example usage:
176 hostel_system = HostelManagementSystem()
177 hostel_system.add_allocation(RoomAllocation(1, "101", "1st Floor", "2024-09-01"))
178 # (variable) hostel_system: HostelManagementSystem [1, "1st Floor", "2024-09-02")
179 hostel_system.add_allocation(RoomAllocation(3, "201", "2nd Floor", "2024-09-01"))
180 # Search for an allocation by student ID
181 allocation = hostel_system.search_allocation_by_student_id(2)
182 if allocation:
183     print(f"Allocation found: Student ID {allocation.student_id} in room {allocation.room_number} on {allocation.allocation_date}")
184 else:
185     print("Allocation not found")
186 # Sort allocations by room number and print
187 hostel_system.sort_allocations_by_room_number()
188 print("Allocations sorted by room number:")
189 for allocation in hostel_system.allocations:
190     print(f"Student ID {allocation.student_id} in room {allocation.room_number} on {allocation.allocation_date}")
191 # Sort allocations by allocation date and print
192 hostel_system.sort_allocations_by_allocation_date()
193 print("Allocations sorted by allocation date:")
194 for allocation in hostel_system.allocations:
195     print(f"Student ID {allocation.student_id} in room {allocation.room_number} on {allocation.allocation_date}")
196

```

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```

Allocations sorted by room number:
Student ID 1 in room 101 on 2024-09-01
Student ID 2 in room 102 on 2024-09-02
Student ID 3 in room 201 on 2024-09-01
Allocations sorted by allocation date:
Student ID 1 in room 101 on 2024-09-01
Student ID 3 in room 201 on 2024-09-01
Student ID 2 in room 102 on 2024-09-02
PS C:\Users\ADMIN\AppData\Local\Programs\Microsoft VS Code> █

```

## Online Movie Streaming Platform

A streaming service maintains movie records with movie ID, title, genre, rating, and release year. The platform needs to:

1. Search movies by movie ID.
2. Sort movies based on rating or release year.

```
class Movie:  
    def __init__(self, movie_id, title, genre, rating, release_year):  
        self.movie_id = movie_id  
        self.title = title  
        self.genre = genre  
        self.rating = rating  
        self.release_year = release_year  
class MovieStreamingPlatform:  
    def __init__(self):  
        self.movies = []  
  
    def add_movie(self, movie):  
        self.movies.append(movie)  
  
    def search_movie_by_id(self, movie_id):  
        for movie in self.movies:  
            if movie.movie_id == movie_id:  
                return movie  
        return None # Movie not found  
  
    def sort_movies_by_rating(self):  
        self.movies.sort(key=lambda x: x.rating, reverse=True)  
  
    def sort_movies_by_release_year(self):  
        self.movies.sort(key=lambda x: x.release_year)  
# Example usage:  
platform = MovieStreamingPlatform()  
platform.add_movie(Movie(1, "Inception", "Sci-Fi", 8.8, 2010))  
platform.add_movie(Movie(2, "The Matrix", "Action", 8.7, 1999))  
platform.add_movie(Movie(3, "Interstellar", "Sci-Fi", 8.6, 2014))  
# Search for a movie by ID
```

## OUTPUT

```
222 # Example usage:  
223 platform = MovieStreamingPlatform()  
224 platform.add_movie(Movie(1, "Inception", "Sci-Fi", 8.8, 2010))  
225 platform.add_movie(Movie(2, "The Matrix", "Action", 8.7, 1999))  
226 platform.add_movie(Movie(3, "Interstellar", "Sci-Fi", 8.6, 2014))  
227 # Search for a movie by ID  
228 movie = platform.search_movie_by_id(2)  
229 if movie:  
230     print(f"Movie found: {movie.title} ({movie.genre}) with rating {movie.rating} released in {movie.release_year}")  
231 else:  
232     print("Movie not found")  
233 # Sort movies by rating and print  
234 platform.sort_movies_by_rating()  
235 print("Movies sorted by rating:")  
236 for movie in platform.movies:  
237     print(f"{movie.title} ({movie.genre}) with rating {movie.rating} released in {movie.release_year}")  
238 # Sort movies by release year and print  
239 platform.sort_movies_by_release_year()  
240 print("Movies sorted by release year:")  
241 for movie in platform.movies:  
242     print(f"{movie.title} ({movie.genre}) with rating {movie.rating} released in {movie.release_year}")
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

Movies sorted by rating:  
Inception (Sci-Fi) with rating 8.8 released in 2010  
The Matrix (Action) with rating 8.7 released in 1999  
Interstellar (Sci-Fi) with rating 8.6 released in 2014  
Movies sorted by release year:  
The Matrix (Action) with rating 8.7 released in 1999  
Inception (Sci-Fi) with rating 8.8 released in 2010  
Interstellar (Sci-Fi) with rating 8.6 released in 2014

PS C:\Users\ADMIN\AppData\Local\Programs\Microsoft VS Code> [powershell + ]

## Task Description #7: Smart Agriculture Crop Monitoring System

An agriculture monitoring system stores crop data with crop ID, crop name, soil moisture level, temperature, and yield estimate. Farmers need to:

1. Search crop details using crop ID.
2. Sort crops based on moisture level or yield estimate.

```
class Crop:  
    def __init__(self, crop_id, crop_name, soil_moisture_level, temperature, yield_estimate):  
        self.crop_id = crop_id  
        self.crop_name = crop_name  
        self.soil_moisture_level = soil_moisture_level  
        self.temperature = temperature  
        self.yield_estimate = yield_estimate  
class CropMonitoringSystem:  
    def __init__(self):  
        self.crops = []  
  
    def add_crop(self, crop):  
        self.crops.append(crop)  
  
    def search_crop_by_id(self, crop_id):  
        for crop in self.crops:  
            if crop.crop_id == crop_id:  
                return crop  
        return None # Crop not found  
  
    def sort_crops_by_moisture_level(self):  
        self.crops.sort(key=lambda x: x.soil_moisture_level)  
  
    def sort_crops_by_yield_estimate(self):  
        self.crops.sort(key=lambda x: x.yield_estimate, reverse=True)  
# Example usage:  
monitoring_system = CropMonitoringSystem()  
monitoring_system.add_crop(Crop(1, "Wheat", 30, 25, 1000))  
monitoring_system.add_crop(Crop(2, "Corn", 40, 28, 1500))  
monitoring_system.add_crop(Crop(3, "Rice", 35, 30, 1200))  
# Search for a crop by ID
```

## OUTPUT

The screenshot shows a terminal window in Visual Studio Code with the following content:

```
274 # Search for a crop by ID
275 crop = monitoring_system.search_crop_by_id(2)
276 if crop:
277     print(f"Crop found: {crop.crop_name} with soil moisture level {crop.soil_moisture_level}, temperature {crop.temperature}°C, and yield estimate {crop.yield_estimate} kg")
278 else:
279     print("Crop not found")
280 # Sort crops by moisture level and print
281 monitoring_system.sort_crops_by_moisture_level()
282 print("Crops sorted by soil moisture level:")
283 for crop in monitoring_system.crops:
284     print(f"{crop.crop_name} with soil moisture level {crop.soil_moisture_level}, temperature {crop.temperature}°C, and yield estimate {crop.yield_estimate} kg")
285 # Sort crops by yield estimate and print
286 monitoring_system.sort_crops_by_yield_estimate()
287 print("Crops sorted by yield estimate:")
288 for crop in monitoring_system.crops:
289     print(f"{crop.crop_name} with soil moisture level {crop.soil_moisture_level}, temperature {crop.temperature}°C, and yield estimate {crop.yield_estimate} kg")
```

Below the code, the terminal output is displayed:

```
Crops sorted by soil moisture level:
Wheat with soil moisture level 30, temperature 25°C, and yield estimate 1000 kg
Rice with soil moisture level 35, temperature 30°C, and yield estimate 1200 kg
Corn with soil moisture level 40, temperature 28°C, and yield estimate 1500 kg
Crops sorted by yield estimate:
Corn with soil moisture level 40, temperature 28°C, and yield estimate 1500 kg
Rice with soil moisture level 35, temperature 30°C, and yield estimate 1200 kg
Wheat with soil moisture level 30, temperature 25°C, and yield estimate 1000 kg
PS C:\Users\ADMIN\AppData\Local\Programs\Microsoft VS Code>
```

## Task Description #8: Airport Flight Management System

- An airport system stores flight information including flight ID, airline name, departure time, arrival time, and status. The system must:
1. Search flight details using flight ID.
  2. Sort flights based on departure time or arrival time.

```

class Flight:
    def __init__(self, flight_id, airline_name, departure_time, arrival_time, status):
        self.flight_id = flight_id
        self.airline_name = airline_name
        self.departure_time = departure_time
        self.arrival_time = arrival_time
        self.status = status

class AirportFlightManagementSystem:
    def __init__(self):
        self.flights = []

    def add_flight(self, flight):
        self.flights.append(flight)

    def search_flight_by_id(self, flight_id):
        for flight in self.flights:
            if flight.flight_id == flight_id:
                return flight
        return None # Flight not found

    def sort_flights_by_departure_time(self):
        self.flights.sort(key=lambda x: x.departure_time)

    def sort_flights_by_arrival_time(self):
        self.flights.sort(key=lambda x: x.arrival_time)

# Example usage:
airport_system = AirportFlightManagementSystem()
airport_system.add_flight(Flight(1, "Airline A", "2024-10-01 08:00", "2024-10-01 10:00", "On Time"))
airport_system.add_flight(Flight(2, "Airline B", "2024-10-01 09:00", "2024-10-01 11:00", "Delayed"))
airport_system.add_flight(Flight(3, "Airline C", "2024-10-01 07:00", "2024-10-01 09:00", "On Time"))

```

## OUTPUT

```

316
317 # Example usage:
318 airport_system = AirportFlightManagementSystem()
319 airport_system.add_flight(Flight(1, "Airline A", "2024-10-01 08:00", "2024-10-01 10:00", "On Time"))
320 airport_system.add_flight(Flight(2, "Airline B", "2024-10-01 09:00", "2024-10-01 11:00", "Delayed"))
321 airport_system.add_flight(Flight(3, "Airline C", "2024-10-01 07:00", "2024-10-01 09:00", "On Time"))
322 # Search for a flight by ID
323 flight = airport_system.search_flight_by_id(2)
324 if flight:
325     print(f"Flight found: {flight.airline_name} departing at {flight.departure_time} arriving at {flight.arrival_time} with status {flight.status}")
326 else:
327     print("Flight not found")
328 # Sort flights by departure time and print
329 airport_system.sort_flights_by_departure_time()
330 print("Flights sorted by departure time:")
331 for flight in airport_system.flights:
332     print(f"{flight.airline_name} departing at {flight.departure_time} arriving at {flight.arrival_time} with status {flight.status}")
333 # Sort flights by arrival time and print
334 airport_system.sort_flights_by_arrival_time()
335 print("Flights sorted by arrival time:")
336

```

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Flight found: Airline B departing at 2024-10-01 09:00 arriving at 2024-10-01 11:00 with status Delayed  
 Flights sorted by departure time:  
 Airline C departing at 2024-10-01 07:00 arriving at 2024-10-01 09:00 with status On Time  
 Airline A departing at 2024-10-01 08:00 arriving at 2024-10-01 10:00 with status On Time  
 Airline B departing at 2024-10-01 09:00 arriving at 2024-10-01 11:00 with status Delayed  
 Flights sorted by arrival time:  
 Airline C departing at 2024-10-01 07:00 arriving at 2024-10-01 09:00 with status On Time  
 Airline A departing at 2024-10-01 08:00 arriving at 2024-10-01 10:00 with status On Time  
 Airline B departing at 2024-10-01 09:00 arriving at 2024-10-01 11:00 with status Delayed