

ASSIGNMENT – 3.1

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BATCH- 44

Question 1:

Zero-Shot Prompting (Palindrome Number Program)

Write a zero-shot prompt (without providing any examples) to generate a Python function that checks whether a given number is a palindrome.

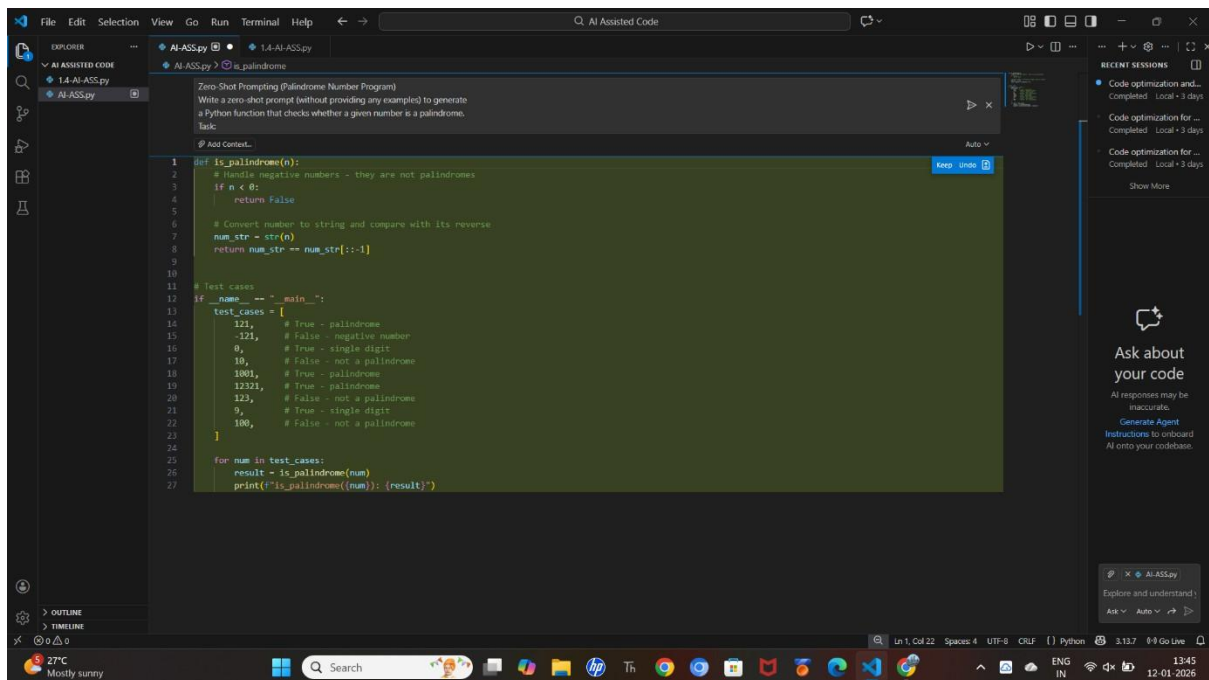
Task:

- Record the AI-generated code.
- Test the code with multiple inputs.
- Identify any logical errors or missing edge-case handling.

PROMPT:

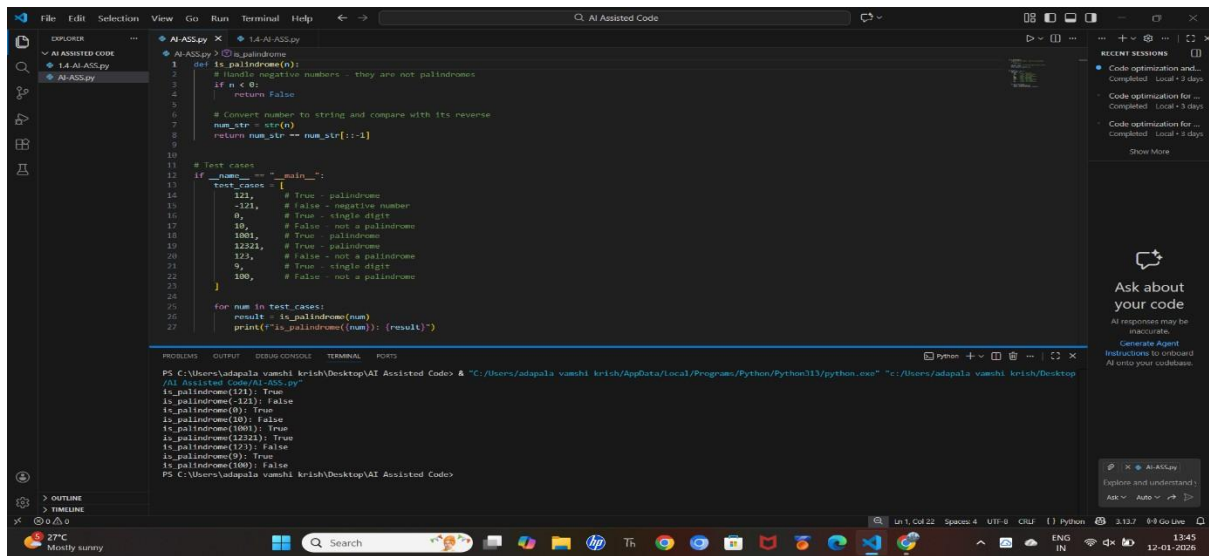
checking whether given number it is palindrome or not

CODE:



The screenshot shows a code editor with a Python function `is_palindrome(n)` and test cases. The function handles negative numbers, converts the number to a string, and compares it with its reverse. The test cases include various numbers like 121, 121, 0, 10, 1001, 12321, 123, 9, and 100, with comments indicating whether they are palindromes or not. The code is written in a dark-themed editor with a sidebar on the left showing the file explorer and a right sidebar with recent sessions and an 'Ask about your code' section.

```
1 def is_palindrome(n):
2     # Handle negative numbers - they are not palindromes
3     if n < 0:
4         return False
5
6     # Convert number to string and compare with its reverse
7     num_str = str(n)
8     return num_str == num_str[::-1]
9
10
11 # Test cases
12 if __name__ == "__main__":
13     test_cases = [
14         121, # True - palindrome
15         121, # False - negative number
16         0, # True - single digit
17         10, # False - not a palindrome
18         1001, # True - palindrome
19         12321, # True - palindrome
20         123, # False - not a palindrome
21         9, # True - single digit
22         100, # False - not a palindrome
23     ]
24
25 for num in test_cases:
26     result = is_palindrome(num)
27     print(f"is_palindrome({num}): {result}")
```



Question 2:

One-Shot Prompting (Factorial Calculation)

Write a one-shot prompt by providing one input-

output example and ask the AI to generate a Python

function to compute the factorial of a given number.

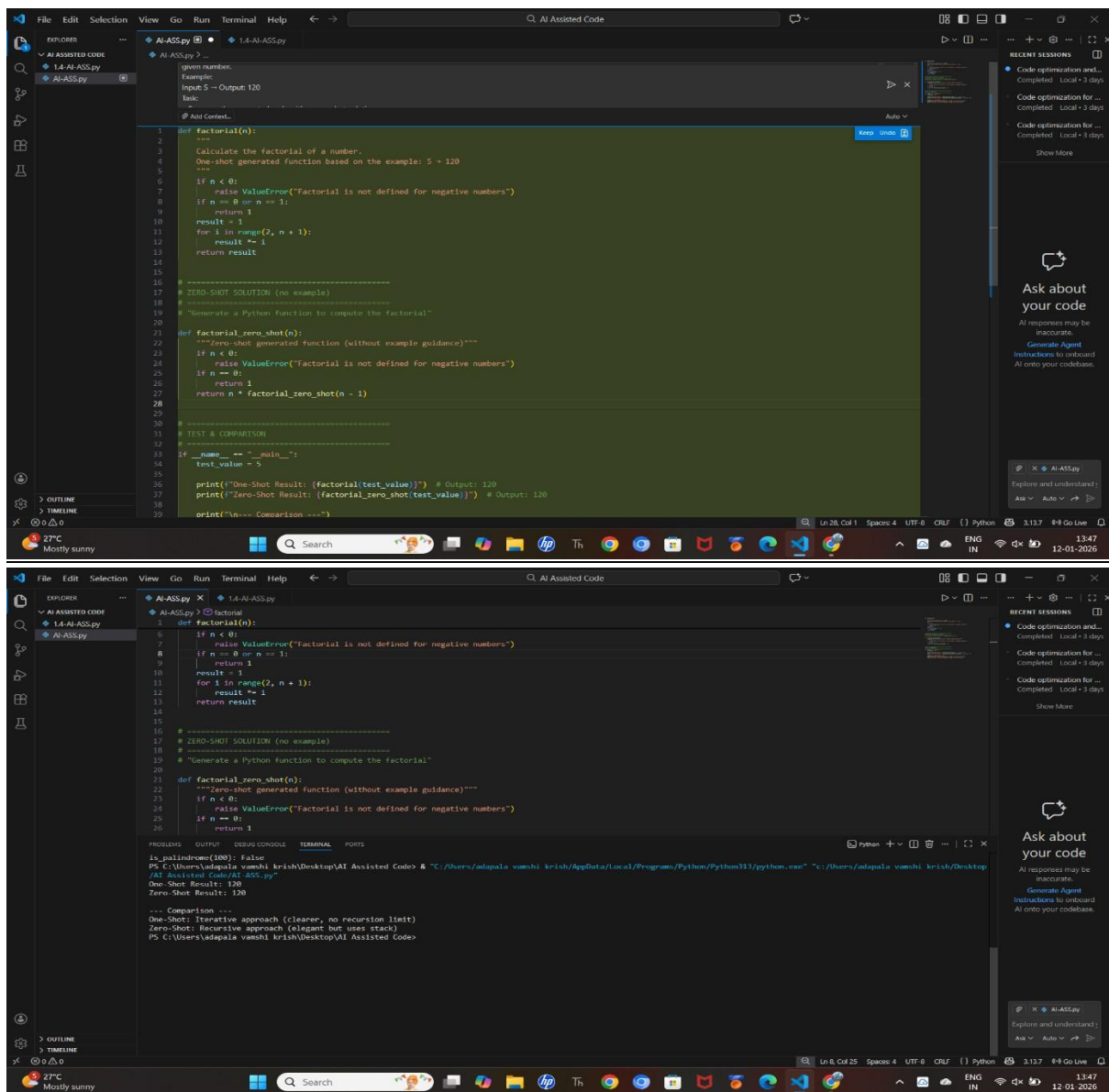
Example: Input: 5

→ Output: 120

Task:

- Compare the generated code with a zero-shot solution.
- Examine improvements in clarity and correctness. **PROMPT:** Factorial Calculation giving some instructions input data

CODE:



Question 3: Few-Shot Prompting (Armstrong Number Check)

Write a few-shot prompt by providing multiple input-output examples to guide the AI in generating a Python function to check whether a given number is an Armstrong number.

Examples:

- Input: 153 → Output: Armstrong Number
- Input: 370 → Output: Armstrong Number
- Input: 123 → Output: Not an Armstrong Number

Task:

- Analyze how multiple examples influence code structure and accuracy.
- Test the function with boundary values and invalid inputs.

PROMPT: Armstrong Number Check

- Input: 153 → Output: Armstrong Number

- Input: 370 → Output: Armstrong Number
- Input: 123 → Output: Not an Armstrong Number

CODE:

```

1 def is_armstrong_number(num):
2     """
3     Check if a number is an Armstrong number.
4     An Armstrong number is a number that is equal to the sum of
5     its own digits each raised to the power of the number of digits.
6     """
7     Examples:
8     - 153 = 1³ + 5³ + 3³ = 1 + 125 + 27 = 153 ✓
9     - 370 = 3³ + 7³ + 0³ = 27 + 343 + 0 = 370 ✓
10    - 123 = 1³ + 2³ + 3³ = 1 + 8 + 27 = 36 ✗
11    """
12    if not isinstance(num, int) or num < 0:
13        return "Invalid Input"
14    digits = str(num)
15    num_digits = len(digits)
16    sum_of_powers = sum(int(digit) ** num_digits for digit in digits)
17    return "Armstrong Number" if sum_of_powers == num else "Not an Armstrong Number"
18
19 # Test cases
20 test_cases = [
21     (153, "Armstrong Number"),
22     (370, "Armstrong Number"),
23     (123, "Not an Armstrong Number"),
24     (9076, "Armstrong Number"),
25     (1634, "Armstrong Number"),
26     (100, "Not an Armstrong Number"),
27     (0, "Armstrong Number"),
28     (9, "Armstrong Number"),
29     (-153, "Invalid Input"),
30     ("abc", "Invalid Input"),
31 ]
32
33 print("Armstrong Number Checker - Test Results")
34 print("-" * 50)
35 for num, expected in test_cases:
36     result = is_armstrong_number(num)
37     status = "✓" if result == expected else "✗"
38     print(f"{status} Input: {num} → Output: {result} (Expected: {expected})")
39
40 if __name__ == "__main__":
41     is_armstrong_number(370)
42     is_armstrong_number(123)
  
```

Terminal Output:

```

PS C:\Users\adapala vamsi.krish\Desktop> AI-Assisted Code
AI-Assisted Code/AI-Ass.py
Armstrong Number Checker - Test Results
-----
✓ Input: 153 → Armstrong Number
✓ Input: 370 → Armstrong Number
✓ Input: 123 → Not an Armstrong Number
✓ Input: 9076 → Armstrong Number
✓ Input: 1634 → Armstrong Number
✓ Input: 100 → Not an Armstrong Number
✓ Input: 0 → Armstrong Number
✓ Input: 9 → Armstrong Number
✓ Input: -153 → Invalid Input
✓ Input: abc → Invalid Input
PS C:\Users\adapala vamsi.krish\Desktop>
  
```

Question 4: Context-Managed Prompting (Optimized Number Classification)

Design a context-managed prompt with clear instructions and constraints to generate an optimized Python program that classifies a number as prime, composite, or neither.

Task:

- Ensure proper input validation.
- Optimize the logic for efficiency.
- Compare the output with earlier prompting strategies.

PROMPT: Optimized Number Classification CODE:

The image displays two screenshots of a Visual Studio Code editor interface. The top screenshot shows a Python script named `classify_number.py` with the following code:

```
1 def classify_number(num):
2     """
3     Classifies a number as prime, composite, or neither.
4
5     Args:
6         num: Integer to classify
7
8     Returns:
9         str: Classification result
10    """
11    # Input validation
12    try:
13        num = int(num)
14    except (ValueError, TypeError):
15        return "Invalid input: Please enter a valid integer."
16
17    # Handle special cases
18    if num < 0:
19        return "Neither: Negative numbers are not classified."
20    if num == 0 or num == 1:
21        return "Neither: 0 and 1 are neither prime nor composite."
22
23    # Check for prime
24    if num == 2:
25        return "Prime"
26    if num % 2 == 0:
27        return "Composite"
28
29    # Optimized prime check: only check odd divisors up to sqrt(num)
30    i = 3
31    while i * i <= num:
32        if num % i == 0:
33            return "Composite"
34        i += 2
35    return "Prime"
36
37
38
39 def main():
40     """Main function to test the classifier."""
41     test_cases = [2, 3, 4, 15, 17, 20, 97, 100, 1, 0, -5, "abc"]
42     print("Number Classification Results:\n")
43     for num in test_cases:
```

The bottom screenshot shows the same code with the terminal output of the `main()` function:

```
PS C:\Users\adapala.vamshi.krish\Desktop\AI Assisted Code> .\AI Assisted Code\AI ASS.py
Number Classification Results:
2: Prime
3: Prime
4: Composite
15: Composite
17: Prime
20: Composite
97: Prime
100: Composite
1: Neither: 0 and 1 are neither prime nor composite.
0: Neither: 0 and 1 are neither prime nor composite.
-5: Neither: Negative numbers are not classified.
abc: Invalid input: Please enter a valid integer.
PS C:\Users\adapala.vamshi.krish\Desktop\AI Assisted Code>
```

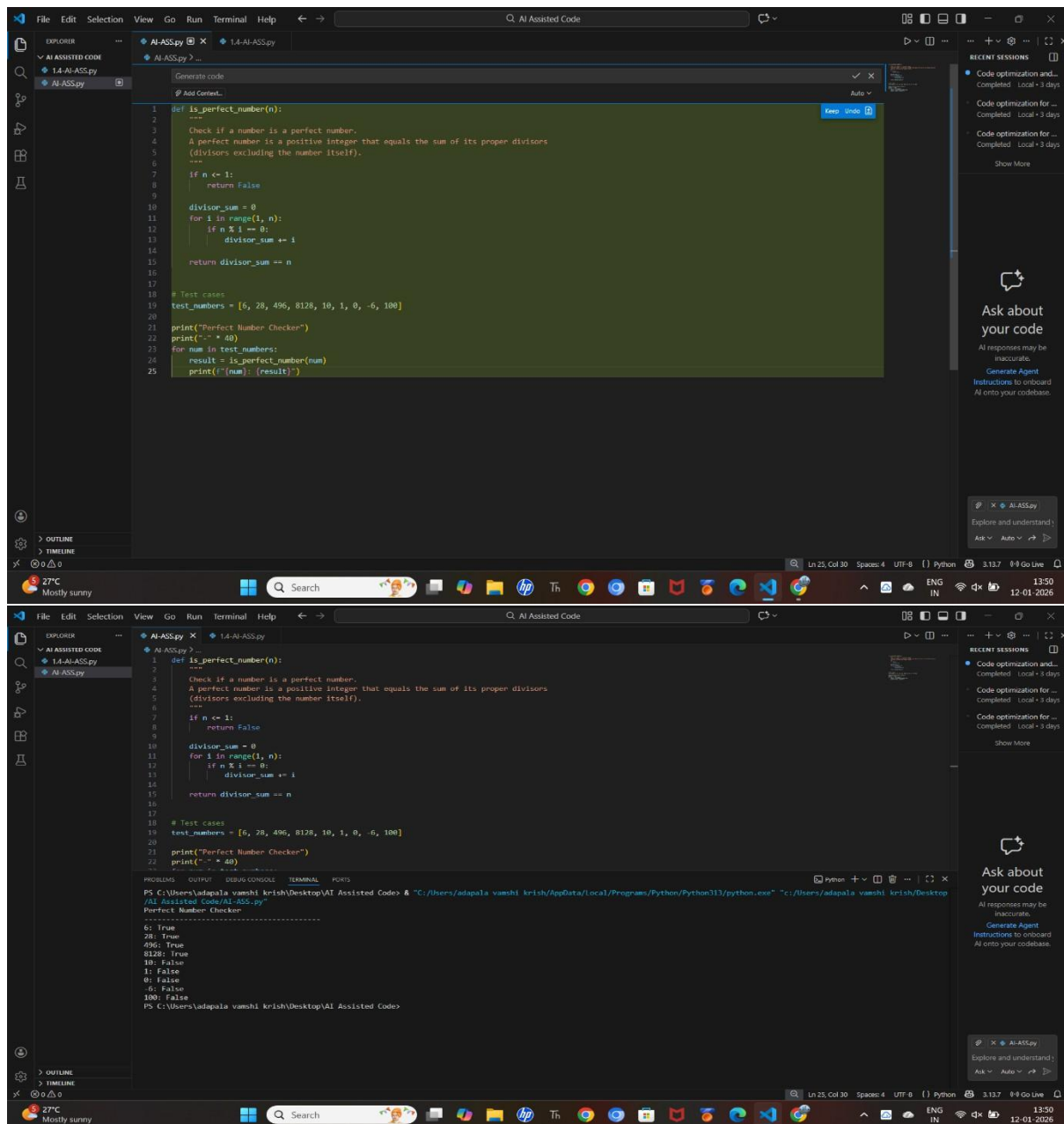
Question 5: Zero-Shot Prompting (Perfect Number Check)

Write a zero-shot prompt (without providing any examples) to generate a Python function that checks whether a given number is a perfect number.

Task:

- Record the AI-generated code.
- Test the program with multiple inputs.
- Identify any missing conditions or inefficiencies in the logic.

PROMPT: Perfect Number Check without providing any examples CODE:



```
1 def is_perfect_number(n):
2     """
3     Check if a number is a perfect number.
4     A perfect number is a positive integer that equals the sum of its proper divisors
5     (divisors excluding the number itself).
6     """
7     if n <= 1:
8         return False
9
10    divisor_sum = 0
11    for i in range(1, n):
12        if n % i == 0:
13            divisor_sum += i
14
15    return divisor_sum == n
16
17
18 # Test cases
19 test_numbers = [6, 28, 496, 8128, 10, 1, 0, -6, 100]
20
21 print("Perfect Number Checker")
22 print("-" * 40)
23
24 for num in test_numbers:
25     result = is_perfect_number(num)
26     print(f"{num}: {result}")
```

```
PS C:\Users\adapala.vamshi.krish\Desktop\AI Assisted Code> "C:\Users\adapala.vamshi.krish\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python313\python.exe" "C:\Users\adapala.vamshi.krish\Desktop\AI Assisted Code\AI-ASS.py"
Perfect Number Checker
-----
6: True
28: True
496: True
8128: True
10: False
1: False
0: False
-6: False
100: False
PS C:\Users\adapala.vamshi.krish\Desktop\AI Assisted Code>
```

Question 6: Few-Shot Prompting (Even or Odd Classification with Validation)

Write a few-shot prompt by providing multiple input-output examples to guide the AI in generating a Python program that determines whether a given number is even or odd, including proper input validation.

Examples:

- Input: 8 → Output: Even
- Input: 15 → Output: Odd
- Input: 0 → Output: Even
- **Task:**
- Analyze how examples improve input handling and output clarity.
- Test the program with negative numbers and non-integer inputs.

PROMPT:

Even or Odd Classification with Validation

- Input: 8 → Output: Even
- Input: 15 → Output: Odd
- Input: 0 → Output: Even

CODE:

```
1 def classify_number(user_input):
2     """
3     Classify a number as even or odd with proper input validation.
4
5     Examples:
6     - Input: 8 → Output: Even
7     - Input: 15 → Output: Odd
8     - Input: 0 → Output: Even
9     - Input: -4 → Output: Even
10    - Input: 7 → Output: Odd
11    """
12    try:
13        # Validate and convert input to integer
14        number = int(user_input)
15
16        # Classify as even or odd
17        if number % 2 == 0:
18            return f"Input: {number} → Output: Even"
19        else:
20            return f"Input: {number} → Output: Odd"
21    except ValueError:
22        return f"Error: '{user_input}' is not a valid integer. Please enter a whole number."
23
24    # Test cases
25    if __name__ == "__main__":
26        test_inputs = [8, 15, 0, -4, -7, 3.5, "abc", -10, 1]
27
28        print("Testing Even/Odd Classification:\n")
29        for test in test_inputs:
30            result = classify_number(test)
31            print(result)
```

Terminal Output:

```
PS C:\Users\adapala vamshi krish\Desktop\AI Assisted Code> & "C:/Users/adapala vamshi krish/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python13/python.exe" "C:/Users/adapala vamshi krish/Desktop/AI Assisted Code/AI-ASS.py"
Testing Even/Odd Classification:
Input: 8 → Output: Even
Input: 15 → Output: Odd
Input: 0 → Output: Even
Input: -4 → Output: Even
Input: -7 → Output: Odd
Input: 3 → Output: Odd
Error: 'abc' is not a valid integer. Please enter a whole number.
Input: -10 → Output: Even
Input: 1 → Output: Odd
PS C:\Users\adapala vamshi krish\Desktop\AI Assisted Code>
```