



EESSI - CDM 4.4

S - Sickness

**S\_BUC\_11 - v4.4.0** 

Urgent vitally necessary treatment – Request for authorisation in Member State of residence

**BUC Specifications** 



# **Document Control Information**

Document Control	Value	
Project Title	Electronic Exchange of Social Security Information (EESSI)	
Document Name	S_BUC_11_Mainproc_Specification_v4.4.0.docx	
Document Category	BUC Specifications	
Document Version	v4.4.0	
Revision	-	
CDM Package	CDM 4.4.0 Package	
Publication Date	06/12/2024	
Document Status	Final	
Sensitivity (TLP) Distribution terms	GREEN  Only share inside EESSI community See Author guidance before sharing  The distribution of this document is done strictly in line with the Traffic Light Protocol (TLP) established by the European Commission's note AC 790/15 REV for the EESSI project documentation.  In line with the note AC 790/15 REV, this document is labelled as TLP = "Green". Therefore, it can be circulated widely within the EESSI community. However, the document or the information herein may not be published or posted on the Internet, nor released outside of the EESSI community.	
Connected/Embedded Files	None	
Authors	European Commission, DG EMPL A4, EESSI BA	
Revised by	European Commission, DG EMPL A4, EESSI BA	
Approved by	European Commission, DG EMPL A4, EESSI PMO	



# **Document history**

Version	Date	Short Description of Changes	
v0.1	10/01/2015		
v0.2	03/08/2015	Editorial changes: remarks received from Chris SEGAERT.  Grammatical corrections (minor correction) based on feedback received from Alyson LONGSTAFF.  Minor changes: - Chapter 3: add 2 actor names -> Role Triggering the Process -> Other party(ies) - Chapter 4: Use Case - 4.1: RUP Table Representation -> Reply to request: split in smaller tasks -> Alternative scenarios: at [step 7] is replaced by between [step 7] and [step 8] - 4.2: RUP UC Diagram Representation	
		- 4.2: RUP UC Diagram Representation	
v0.3	06/11/2015	- 4.2: RUP UC Diagram Representation -> add an actor: Member State of Stay.  Major changes: the document has been updated based of the outcomes from the Sickness Ad Hoc Group Meeting of 4th November 2015.  If on the portable document S2, a box can be added to give the information about the competent Member State of whose behalf the Member State of residence gives the authorisation, this S_BUC_11 can be simplified.  Minor changes: typos improvements  Chapter 2:  2.1: Rephrasing last sentence of the paragraph 2.2: No 883/994 has been changed by No 883/2004  Chapter 3: Claimant and Member State of Stay no necessary anymore.  Chapter 4: Use Case  Section 4.1: RUP Table Representation based on the recommendation of the AHG  Chapter 5:  Only one diagram for both Case Owner and Counterparty 5.3 Sub-Process - BPMN for "Identify Participants" has been added	
v0.4	25/11/2015	Update of the document based on remarks / comments and feedback received from AHG Members	

EESSI BUC Specifications - S\_BUC\_11 - Urgent vitally necessary treatment - Request for authorisation in Member State of residence



		- Grammatical changes
		Chapter 2
		Section 2.2: S075 and S076 will be exchanged between Competent MS and MS of Residence
		Chapter 4:
		- Step 8 has been added
		- Alternative Scenario is still there in order to request additional information (exchange of S075 and S076)
		- SR1 has been added for Branch 1
		Chapter 5:
		- Exchange of S075 and S076 added from Counterparty side
		- Section 5.1: Request for Additional Information Sub- Process is added
		Update of the document to be in line with the content and layout for approval by AC.
		Section 2.1: Reference to the previously defined flow has been removed
		Section 2.2: Reference to the version of SED has been removed
		Section 4.2: Request – Reply SEDs added
		Section 4.3: Attachments allowed added
		Section 4.5: SED and Sub-process Versioning added
		Section 5.2: removed
		Section 6.2: removed and replaced by section 4.5
		Document updated based on last feedback received from AHG Members.
v0.5	15/12/2015	Reference to Member State of Stay is removed. The exchange of information is only between competent Member State and Member State of residence.
		Section 4.1 RUP Table Representation
		Branch 2 – Forward is added
		Document has been updated with remarks and comments received from Belgium.
		Comments previously written in the document have been removed.
V0 F 1	19/01/2016	Section 4.1 RUP Table Description
v0.5.1	18/01/2016	A row with "Exceptions" has been added.
		Section 6.1: Issues
		Issue number 5 has been updated with the comment received from Belgium and has been closed.
		Version number of the document has been changed to be in



		line with the convention M.m.p where:	
		- M = Major version (e.g. Approved by AC)	
		<ul><li>- m = Minor version (e.g. changes in the process)</li><li>- p = Patch version (e.g. wordingany changes without any</li></ul>	
		impact on the process itself)	
v0.6.0	21/06/2016	Alignment to the standard description and layout of the BUC.	
v0.6.1	17/08/2016	Comments received from AC have been implemented.	
		Candidate for AC approval.	
v0.99.0	21/09/2016	Remaining AC comments will be discussed during the AHG meeting the 4 <sup>th</sup> October 2016.	
		More details related to these comments can be found in section 6.1 of this document	
		Last comments received from Germany and agreed by AHG members have been accepted in the document.	
		As agreed by AHG members	
		"Reminder" has been added for Case Owner and Counterparty.	
		"H_BUC_01" is added for the Case Owner	
v0.99.1	v0.99.1 23/11/2016	"H_BUC_08" is added for the Counterparty and replaces S075 and S076	
		Section 4.1 has been updated (Branch 4 and 5 added)	
		Section 4.4 has been updated (Reminder is added)	
		Section 4.5 SED and Sub-process Versioning (Reminder, H_BUC_01 and H_BUC_08 are added)	
		(S075 and S076 are removed)	
		Submitted for AC Approval	
v1.0.0	15/12/2016	AC Approved Version	
		-Included BPMN picture in section 5	
v1.0.1	30/06/2017	-Correction in the horizontal Sub-process table in section 4.5	
		- removed Use Case diagram	
v1.0.2	09/02/2018	- Section 4.1: as requested by the AHG, removed the references to the fields or sections of the SEDs	
v4.1.0 09/08/2018		- Section 4.4: merged 2 tables (for SED & for Subprocesses) into 1 Artefact table.	
		- Version adaptations to release 4.1.0	
v4.2.0	29/05/2019	Version adaptations to release 4.2.0	
v4 2 0	21/09/2021	- Implementation of Change Request EESSI-7338: add subprocess AD_BUC_06:	
v4.3.0 31/08/2021		- Section 4.1. Updated: add branch 6 to execute AD_BUC_06	

#### Employment, Social Affairs & Inclusion

Electronic Exchange of Social Security Information (EESSI)



		- Table 4.4 updated: use of AD_BUC_06
		- Version adaptations to release 4.3.0
v4.4.0	06/12/2024	Update Branch 2 title to allow the CO to use the H_BUC_01 sub-process also after sending S011 and before receiving the S012, according to the EESSI-7337 CR.



# **Table of Contents**

1. Introduction	8
1.1. Purpose	8
1.2. Scope	8
1.3. Definitions, Acronyms and Abbreviations	8
1.4. References	
1.5. Overview	
2. Description	
2.1. Business Scenario	10
2.2. Legal Base	
3. Actors & Roles	
4. Use Case	
4.1. RUP Table Representation	
4.2. Request – Reply SEDs	
4.3. Attachments allowed	
4.4. Artefact used	
5. Business Processes	
5.1. Case Owner and Counterparty	
5.2. Sub Processes	
6. Appendices	
6.1. Issues	



## 1. Introduction

## 1.1. Purpose

The purpose of this document is to construct an external view of the 'EESSI business system' as described in EC Regulations 883/2004 [R1] and 987/2009 [R2]. The 'EESSI Business System' describes the business and expected business processes without any consideration as to which part(s) may be realised by an IT System (i.e. the proposed EESSI IT System).

The external view comprises of models and descriptions of business use cases, the services of a business system offered to business actors: customers, business partners, or other business systems, and business processes.

A business use case is described from an actor's perspective; it describes the interaction between an actor and the business system, meaning it describes the behaviours of the business system that the actor utilises. The Business Use Case includes Use Case Diagrams and Business Process Models.

Use case diagrams show actors, business use cases, and their relationships. Use case diagrams do not describe procedures. Alternative scenarios also remain hidden. These diagrams give a good overview of the behaviours of the EESSI business system which will direct and govern part of the expected behaviours and functionality delivered by the EESSI IT System.

## 1.2. Scope

This document is limited to the external view of the Sickness' sector process concerning Urgent vitally necessary treatment – Request for authorisation in Member State of residence. The different elements like use case description, business actors, and business process as well as supporting UML diagrams and BPMN models pertaining to Urgent vitally necessary treatment – Request for authorisation in Member State of residence case.

# 1.3. Definitions, Acronyms and Abbreviations

Please see the EESSI Project Glossary here.

#### 1.4. References

#	Document Type	Document Name	
R1	Basic Regulations EC (883/04)	Regulation EC No. 883/2004.pdf	
R2	Implementing Regulations EC (987/09)	Regulation EC No. 987/2009.pdf	

#### Employment, Social Affairs & Inclusion

Electronic Exchange of Social Security Information (EESSI)



#### 1.5. Overview

Chapter 1 introduces the external view on the business system under review and lists the elements of this specification.

Chapter 2 introduces the Urgent vitally necessary treatment – Request for authorisation in Member State of residence business process. This chapter gives a short and detailed description as well as a reference to business process' legal base.

Chapter 3 lists the actors involved in the Urgent vitally necessary treatment – Request for authorisation in the Member State of residence business process.

Chapter 4 describes in detail the Urgent vitally necessary treatment – Request for authorisation in Member State of residence business process based on the RUP use case template, as well as the relationship to other use cases.

Chapter 5 describes the Urgent vitally necessary treatment – Request for authorisation in Member State of residence business process using business process modelling notation (BPMN).



# 2. Description

#### 2.1. Business Scenario

This BUC allows the institution of the Member State of residence to inform the competent institution that it has issued, on its behalf, an authorisation for a treatment outside the Member State of residence on the basis that the insured person was in need of an urgent vitally necessary treatment.

The competent institution then acknowledges to the institution of the Member State of residence the receipt of the information of the granting of the authorisation and informs the institution of the Member State of stay, where the urgent vitally necessary treatment is provided, that the claim for reimbursement can be sent directly to the competent institution.

The flow also allows the competent institution to request additional information from the institution of the Member State of residence at any time during the procedure of granting the authorisation.

## 2.2. Legal Base

This Business Use Case document's legal base is described in the following Regulations

- Basic Regulation (EC) No 883/2004 [R1];
- implementing Regulation (EC) No 987/2009 [R2].

The following matrix specifies the SEDs that are used in this Business Use Case and documents the articles that provide the legal basis for each SED.

SED	Basic Reg	(883/04)	Implementing	Reg (987/09)
	20	27(3)	26 (3)	26 (4)
S011	✓	✓	✓	✓
S012	✓	✓	✓	✓

Table 1: SED – Legal base relationship matrix



#### 3. Actors & Roles

This chapter captures details of the actors which are important to understand the different types of system users. An actor is anyone or anything that exchanges data with the business system. An actor can be a user, external hardware, or another system.

The overarching description of each actor described in this Business Use Case can be found in the Glossary. Below you will find a short description which provides further clarity of this actor within the context of this Business Use Case.

Actor name	Description
Case Owner	In this BUC the Case Owner is Institution of the Member State of
	Residence which informs the Competent Member State that it has
	issued on its behalf an authorization for a treatment outside the Member
	State of Residence for an insured person who was in need of an urgent
	vitally necessary treatment
Counterparty	In this BUC The Counterparty is the Institution of the competent
	Member State entitled to grant an authorization to receive an
	appropriate treatment.

Table 2: Actors & Roles



## 4. Use Case

# 4.1. RUP Table Representation

Use Case ID:	S_BUC_11		
Use Case Name:	Urgent vitally necessary treatment – Request for authorisation in Member		
	State of residence		
Created By:	EESSI BA Team	Last Updated By:	
Date Created:	10/01/2015	Publication Date:	06/12/2024
Actors:	Case Owner Counterparty		
Description:	This flow allows the institution of the Member State of Residence to inform the competent institution that it has issued, on its behalf, an authorisation for a treatment outside the Member State of Residence on the basis that the insured person was in need of an urgent vitally necessary treatment. The competent institution then acknowledges to the institution of the Member State of Residence the receipt of the information of the granting of the authorisation.  The flow also allows the competent institution to request additional information from the Member State of Residence.		
Trigger:	An insured person who does not reside in the competent Member State applies for an authorisation (portable document S2) to receive an appropriate (scheduled) treatment outside the Member State of Residence.		
Preconditions:	The Member State of Stay where the insured person must receive the treatment is neither the Member State of Residence nor the Competent Member State;  Portable S2 has been completed with the information of the Competent Member State on whose behalf the prior authorisation has been issued by the Member State of Residence. The insured person has received the portable document.		
Post conditions:	The competent institution sends to the Member State of Residence the acknowledgment for the granting of the authorisation.		
Main Scenario:	identifies the authorisation;  2. The Case Ov Competent Me	wner (Institution of Competent Member wner then identifies ember State. There will	Member State of Residence) State entitled to issue the the correct institution in the be only one Counterparty. The
	Case Owner and the Counterparty are herein collectively referred to as the Participants.		
	Request for entitlement document  3. The Case Owner fills in the "Information on urgent vitally necessary treatment – outside Member State of Residence" (S011) entering relevant information and enclosing attachments (i.e. start and end date as it appears on the prior authorisation);		
		er sends the S011 to t	he Counterparty.
	Reply to the reque 5. The Counterp		nformation on urgent vitally



necessary deadine it (Soll)	necessary	treatment	(S011)	;
-----------------------------	-----------	-----------	--------	---

- The Counterparty fills in an "Acknowledgement of receipt Information on authorisation for urgent vitally necessary treatment" (S012);
- 7. The Counterparty sends the S012 to the Case Owner;
- 8. The Case Owner receives the S012;
- 9. This use case ends here.

# Alternative Scenarios:

The Following Branches Determine the use of Horizontally Defined Sub Processes within the Business Process

<u>Branch 1:</u> At any step after [step 7] the Counterparty may optionally choose to request medical information from Case Owner

- The Counterparty executes business use case H\_BUC\_08 -Medical Information
- 2. [This Branch] Ends.

<u>Branch 2:</u> At any step after [step 4] the Case Owner may optionally choose to request AdHoc Information from Counterparty

- 1. The Case Owner executes business use case **H\_BUC\_01 AdHoc Exchange of Info**:
- 2. [This Branch] Ends.

The Following Branches Determine the use of Administrative Defined Sub Processes within the Business Process

Branch 3: At any step after [step 5] the Counterparty may optionally choose to Forward this Business Process to another Institution within its MS who assumes responsibility for changing it

- The Counterparty executes business use case AD\_BUC\_05 -Forward Case;
- 2. [This Branch] Ends.

<u>Branch 4:</u> after Branch 1 [step 1] Counterparty may optionally choose to send a reminder in order to receive the Information expected and not yet received

- The Counterparty executes business use case\_AD\_BUC\_07 -\_\_Reminder;
- 2. [This Branch] Ends

<u>Branch 5:</u> At any step after [step 4] Case Owner may optionally choose to send a reminder in order to receive Information expected and not yet received.

 The Case Owner executes business use case <u>AD\_BUC\_07\_-</u> <u>\_\_Reminder;</u>



	2. [This Branch] Ends	
	Branch 6: at any step after [step 4] the Case Owner may choose to advise the Counterparty that their S011 is Invalid under Art 5 of 987/09	
	<ol> <li>The Case Owner executes business use case AD_BUC_06 - Invalidate SED;</li> <li>Optionally, the Case Owner fills in an "Information on urgent vitally necessary treatment – outside Member State of Residence" (S011) by entering all the required data;</li> <li>Optionally, the Case Owner sends the S011, including any attachments, to the Counterparty;</li> <li>[This Branch] Ends</li> </ol>	
Exceptions:	None	
	See diagram at part 4.4	
Special	SRO: General Rule	
Requirements:	As the request is individualized the case can concern only one person.	
	SR1: Rules about invoking of Branches [Branch 1] – May be invoked more than once [Branch 2] – May be invoked more than once [Branch 3] – May be invoked once when the first SED is received by Counterparty and before sending the answer [Branch 4] – May be invoked more than once. [Branch 5] – May be invoked more than once	
Assumptions:	N/A	
Notes and Issues:	N/A	

# 4.2. Request - Reply SEDs

The following table specifies the SEDS that have a logical pairing to one another, usually this is known as a request-reply pair.

REQUEST SED	REPLY SED(s)
S011	S012

#### 4.3. Attachments allowed

The following table specifies whether attachments are permitted to be included when sending a SED type.

SED	Attachments
S011	Allowed
S012	Not allowed



#### 4.4. Artefact used

The following table specifies the artefacts that are used in this Business Use Case.

Artefact name	Artefact type
S011	SED
S012	SED
H_BUC_01_Subprocess	BUC
H_BUC_08_Subprocess	BUC
AD_BUC_05_Subprocess - Forward Case	BUC
AD_BUC_06_Subprocess - Invalidate SED	BUC
AD_BUC_07_Subprocess - Reminder	BUC
AD_BUC_11_Subprocess - Business Exception	BUC
AD_BUC_12_Subprocess - Change of Participant	BUC



## **5. Business Processes**

This chapter describes the Business Use Case Urgent vitally necessary treatment – Request for authorisation in Member State of residence using BPMN 2.0.

## **5.1. Case Owner and Counterparty**

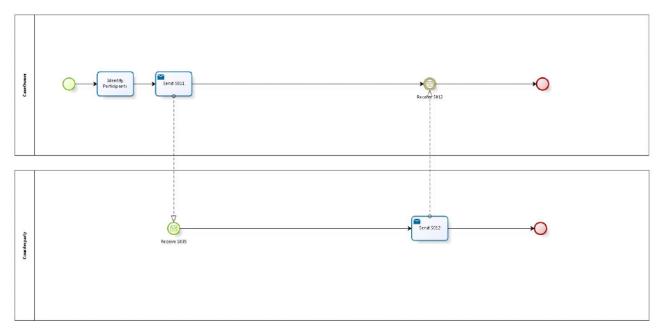


Figure 1: depicts the use case from Case Owner and Counterparty point of view, from a high level.

#### 5.2. Sub Processes

Not applicable.



# 6. Appendices

## 6.1. Issues

#	Issue date	Description	Replies	Action/Resolution	Close date
1	21/01/ 2015	Despite the Diagram in the Guideline shows that the S013 is sent from the competent Member State to both the Member State of Residence and Stay, in the written description is mentioned that the S013 should be sent only to the Member State of Stay.	[13/03/2015] UK: SO13 should be sent to both Member States. The MS of Stay needs to know who they have to bill, the MS of Residence needs to know they are not going to be billed, and the Competent Institution need to know what to pay the MS of Stay. [18/03/2015] BE: the SED S013 is to be sent to 1.the MS of Stay to inform it to whom it has to send the claim, and to 2. the MS of Residence to inform it that the competent MS has taken the necessary steps to notify the MS of stay to whom the claim should be sent.	Model the double sent.	18/03/ 2015
2	21/01/ 2015	The Diagram in the Guideline shows that the S013 might be sent before the S012. The analysis of the text shows that the sequence is strict and that S012 must be sent before the S013.	No inquiries	Model the BUC enforcing the S012 to be sent before the S013.	21/01/ 2015
3	04/11/ 2015	Outcome of the Sickness AdHoc Group Meeting, the process can be simplified. This simplification is based on the hypothesis that the portable document S2 is changed by adding a new section with the information	If portable document is changed. Only S011 and S012 are parts of the flows. No need to send a S013. Furthermore, these kind of cases are so rare, that requesting additional information with S075 and S076 are not needed.		



#	Issue date	Description	Replies	Action/Resolution	Close date
	uate	about the competent Member State on whose behalf the S2 has been issued.			uate
4	06/11/ 2015	Comment from Belgium Requesting additional information with S075 - S076 only to be kept between competent MS and MS of residence		These SEDs are kept within this BUC. They could be replaced later by the Horizontal subprocess focused on medical report.	16/12/ 2015
5	16/12/ 2015	Section 4.5: SED and Sub-process versioning Is it needed to use this H_BUC_01 while there is a specific Sickness sub-process to request additional info?	BE prefers to use the specific Sickness sub-processes, if existing, rather than Horizontal sub-processes.	H_BUC_01 is not used in this BUC	18/01/ 2016
6	21/06/ 2016	Conversion of the BPMN diagram to split between Case Owner and Counterparty.		Scheduled for update.	
7	21/09/ 2016	Does the precondition from S_BUC_08 also apply here? For a country such as the UK, we will already be receiving an average cost payment from the competent member state per annum. If we follow this BUC in order to issue authorisation for treatment outside of the UK on behalf of another member state, then the competent member state will in effect be paying twice, once to the UK for the person concerned under average cost and secondly to the member state who provided the treatment.	This comment will be discussed during the AHG meeting the 4th October 2016.	AHG members agreed while S_BUC_08 is the prior authorisation for the planned treatment. The precondition in the new version of the document has been updated and contains the precondition of the S_BUC_08. We have to inform you, that this version of the S_BUC_11 assumes that the portable document S2 has been updated and changed as advice and proposed by AHG members.	23/11/2016

#### Employment, Social Affairs & Inclusion





#	Issue date	Description	Replies	Action/Resolution	Close date
	uate	The only difference we can see between S_BUC_08 and S_BUC_11 is that in S_BUC_11 there is no time to ask the competent member state for authorisation, so the member state of residence issues said authorisation on their behalf. Both scenarios involve the issuing of S2, however one is preplanned as there is time to do so and the other is urgently vitally necessary.			uate
8	23/11/2016	BPMN diagrams will be updated. "S075 and S076" will be replaced by the sub-process H_BUC_08. "Reminder" will be added for Case Owner and Counterparty. "H_BUC_01" will be added for Case Owner		Scheduled for update.	