A5

Consider the heat equation with constant coefficients in the interval $\mathcal{I} = (0, L)$:

$$u_t = au_{xx}, \quad x \in \mathcal{I}, \quad t > 0,$$

 $u = g, \quad x = 0, \quad t > 0,$
 $u_x = 0, \quad x = L, \quad t > 0,$
 $u = f, \quad x \in \mathcal{I}, \quad t = 0,$

where g, a > 0, and L > 0 are real constants. We assume that the solution is real.

Let V be the space of functions v(x,t) such that v and v_x are square-integrable over \mathcal{I} for any t:

$$V = \{v(x,t) : ||v(\cdot,t)|| + ||v_x(\cdot,t)|| < \infty\}.$$

Further, define two spaces of functions that additionally satisfy Dirichlet boundary conditions at x = 0:

$$V_0 = \{ v \in V : v(0, t) = 0 \}$$
$$V_q = \{ v \in V : v(0, t) = g \}.$$

Below is the weak form of the IBVP, but there are three gaps (X1, X2, and X3) that you need to fill in! Choose from the 7 alternatives listed below. To score 1 point, you need to get all gaps (X1, X2, and X3) right.

Find X1 such that

X2

for all X3.

Alt. 1: $u \in V_q$

Alt. 2: $u \in V_0$

Alt. 3: $v \in V_a$

Alt. 4: $v \in V_0$

Alt. 5: $u_t = au_{xx}$

Alt. 6: $(v, u_t) = -a(v_x, u_x)$

Alt. 7: $(v, u_t) = -a(v_x, u_x) + aqv(L, t)$