## Important Point:

1) यदि किसी A.P का पहला पद 'a' तद्या सार्व-अन्तर'd' हो, तो

प्रथम n-पदों का योग = Sn = 1 [2a+(n-1)d]

2) यदि किसी A.P का पहला पद 'व' तथा ओन्तिम पद 'क' या ४/कही, तो

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 $Sn = \frac{n}{2} (a+1)$ 

or

 $Sn = \frac{n}{2}(a+tn)$ 

3> यदि n-पदों का योग Sn ह, तंछ, \$n (n कों पद) = Sn-Sn-1 (जहीं n>2)

4) यदि a, n, d और sn में से फिटी तीन का मान दिया हो, तब -धीचे का मान जात किया जा सकता

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## \* समान्तर ओड़ी के महत्वपूर्ण सूत्र:-

$$Sn = \frac{1}{2} \left[ 2a + (n-1)d \right]$$

$$Sn = \frac{n}{2} \left[ a + a_n \right]$$

$$sn = \frac{n}{2} \left[ a + 1 \right]$$

$$s_n = \frac{n}{2} [a + t_n]$$

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1) निम्निशिवत समांतर भेढ़ियों का योग जात कीजिए -

$$a = 2$$
  
 $d = 7-2 = 5$   
 $n = 10$ 

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d]$$

$$\Rightarrow S_{10} = \frac{5_{10}}{2} [2x2 + (10-1)x5]$$

$$a = -37$$
  
 $d = -33 - (-37)$ 

: 
$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d]$$

=) 
$$S_{12} = \frac{642}{2} [2x(-37) + (12-1)x4]$$

$$a = 0.6$$
 $d = 1.7 - 0.6 = 1.1$ 
 $h = 100$ 

: 
$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d]$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
  $S_{100} = \frac{+60}{2} \left[ 2 \times 0.6 + (100 - 1) \times 1.1 \right]$ 

$$= 50[1.2 + 99x1.1]$$

$$a = \frac{1}{15}$$

$$d = \frac{1}{12} - \frac{1}{15}$$

$$= \frac{5 - 4}{60}$$

$$= \frac{1}{60}$$

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} \left[ a + a_n \right]$$

$$=\frac{23}{2}[7+84]$$

$$=\frac{23}{2}\times 91$$

$$= 1046\frac{1}{2}$$
 Ay

$$d = 34$$
  
 $d = 32 - 34 = -2$ 

$$\Rightarrow$$
 10-34 = (n-1)x(-2)

$$-24 = (n-1) \times (-2)$$

$$=) n-1 = \frac{+24^{12}}{+2}$$

Sin = 
$$\frac{n}{2}$$
 [a+an]  
=  $\frac{13}{2}$  [34+10]  
=  $\frac{13}{2}$  x442

o: 
$$a = -5$$
  
 $d = -8 - (-5)$   
 $= -8 + 5$   
 $= -3$ 

$$an = -230$$

$$=)$$
  $-230 = -5 + (n-1)x(-3)$ 

$$=)$$
  $-230 = -5 - 3n + 3$ 

$$=$$
 3n = -2+230

$$S_{n} = \frac{n}{2} [a + a_{n}]$$

$$= \frac{3876}{2} [-5 + (-230)]$$

$$= 38 [-5 - 230]$$

(3) RE A.P A;

① 
$$a = 5$$
  
 $d = 3$   
 $an = 50$   
 $n = ?$   
 $Sn = ?$ 

$$=)$$
 50=5+(n-1) x3

$$48 = 3n$$
 $n = \frac{4816}{3}$ 

o: 
$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} [a + a_n]$$
  
=  $\frac{846}{2} [5 + 50]$ 

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(ii) 
$$a=7$$
,  $a_{13}=35$ ,  $d=?$ ,  $s_{13}=?$ 

func,  

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d]$$

=) 
$$S_{13} = \frac{13}{2} \left[ 2x7 + (13-1)x\frac{7}{3} \right]$$

$$=\frac{13}{2}[14+28]$$

(iii) 
$$a_{12} = 37$$
,  $d = 3$ ,  $a = ?$ ,  $S_{12} = ?$ 

$$\Rightarrow a + 33 = 37$$

फिर,

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d]$$

=) 
$$S_{12} = \frac{42}{2} \left[ 2 \times 4 + (12-1) \times 3 \right]$$

$$= 6[8+11\times3]$$

$$a_3 = 15$$
  
=>  $a + 2d = 15$ 

forz,

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} \left[ 2a + (n-1)d \right]$$

$$=$$
  $\frac{125}{5}$  = 30+5d

funz, 
$$a = 15-2d = 15-2x(-1)=15+2=17$$
  
 $a_{10} = a+9d$ 

" 
$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d]$$
  
=  $7 S_9 = \frac{9}{2} [2a + (9-1)xs]$ 

$$=$$
)  $75 = \frac{9}{2} \left[ 29 + 8 \times 5 \right]$ 

$$\frac{75 \times 2}{9} = 2a + 40$$

=> 
$$\frac{75\times2}{9} = 2(a+20)$$

$$=$$
)  $\frac{75}{9} = a + 20$ 

$$\frac{75}{9} - 20 = a$$

$$=\frac{-105^{35}}{93}=a$$

$$a = -\frac{35}{3} \frac{\text{Au}}{\text{Tung}}$$

$$=\frac{-35}{3}+8\times5$$

$$=-\frac{35}{3}+40$$

" 
$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d]$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 90 =  $\frac{n}{2}[2x2 + (n-1)x8]$ 

$$=> 90 = \frac{n}{2} [8n - 4]$$

=> 
$$90 = \frac{n}{2} \times 4^{2} (2n-1)$$

$$=$$
)  $45 = 2n^2 - n$ 

$$=$$
 0 =  $2n^2-n-45$ 

$$=)$$
  $2n^{2}-n-45=0$ 

$$= 2n^2 - 10n + 9n - 45 = 0$$

$$=$$
 2n(n-5)+9(n-5)=0

$$=$$
)  $(2n+9)(n-5)=0$ 

ः n का मान ऋणाटमक नहीं होता ही

func, an = a+(n-1)d = 2+(5-1)x8

(14)

vii) a=8, an=62, sn=210, n=?, d=?

Sn = 
$$\frac{n}{2}$$
 [a+an]

फिर,

E STAR

$$a_n = 62$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 a+(n-1)d = 62

an=4, d=2, Sn=-14, n=?, a=?

$$\Rightarrow a + (n-1)d = 4$$

फिर,

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d]$$

$$\Rightarrow -14 = \frac{n}{2} \left[ 2(6-2n) + (n-1) \times 2 \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow -14 = \frac{n}{2} \left[ 12 - 4n + 2n - 2 \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow -14 = \frac{0}{2} [10 - 2n]$$

$$=)$$
  $-14 = n(5-n)$ 

$$-14 = 5n - n^2$$

$$= n^2 - sn - 14 = 0$$

$$n^2-7n+2n-14=0$$

$$^{2}$$
)  $(n+2)(n-7)=0$ 

=) 
$$n+2=0$$
 3Hz  $n-7=0$ 
=)  $n=-2$  =)  $n=7$ 

121

: n का मान ऋणाटमक नहीं होता है

$$a = 6 - 2n$$

$$= -8 \underline{Am}$$
  
 $= -8 \underline{Am}$   
 $= -8 \underline{Am}$   
 $= -8 \underline{Am}$   
 $= -8 \underline{Am}$   
 $= -8 \underline{Am}$ 

": 
$$S = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d]$$

(X)

(4) 9,17,25,----

$$a = 9$$
  
 $d = 17 - 9 = 8$   
 $Sn = 636$   
 $n = ?$ 

" 
$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} \left[ 2a + (n-1)d \right]$$

=> 
$$636 = \frac{n}{2} [2x9 + (n-1)x8]$$

=) 
$$636 = \frac{n}{2} [18 + 8n - 8]$$

=) 
$$636 = \frac{n}{2} [10 + 8n]$$

$$= )636 = n(5+4n)$$

$$=$$
 636 = 5n + 4n<sup>2</sup>

$$= 0 = 4n^2 + 5n - 636$$

$$=$$
)  $4n^2+5n-636=0$ 

$$0 = b^{2} - 49C$$

$$= 5^{2} - 4 \times 4 \times (-636)$$

$$= 25 + 10176$$

$$= 10201 > 0$$

n का मान ऋणाटमक नहीं होता है।

(5) ः प्रयम पद वं और सार्व-अन्तर वं ही

of 
$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} \left[ a + a_n \right]$$

=) 
$$400 = \frac{n}{2} \times 56^{25}$$

fonc, 
$$an = a + (n-1)d$$

$$40 = 15a$$

$$d = \frac{408}{153}$$

(6) माना कि प्रथम पद वं तथा सार्व-अन्तर थे हैं। : a=17, an=350, d=9, n=?, sn=?

91=1

=> 
$$17+(n-1)\times9=350$$

$$=$$
)  $17 + 9n - 9 = 350$ 

$$3n = \frac{n}{2} [a + an]$$

$$= \frac{98}{2} [17 + 350]$$

$$= 19 \times 367$$

\$13 blo 6

5-N=0 F

## (न) माना कि प्रथम पद 'a' तथा सार्व-अन्तर थे हैं। .: S22=? , d=7, a22=149

फिर,

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} \left[ 2a + (n-1)d \right]$$

=) 
$$S_{22} = \frac{24}{2} \left[ 2 \times 2 + (22-1) \times 7 \right]$$

$$= 11 \left[ 4 + 21 \times 7 \right] = 3$$

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