

Magic Squares — No Given Sum

Friday, July 7, 2023 18:01

Suppose that the sum k is not given, and is unknown just like the α variables. In this case, the sum is added as the $(\alpha+1)^{\text{th}}$ variable and so A is $(2n+2) \times (\alpha+1)$. Rearranging our previous equations:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Sum of variables in lane} &= \\ \text{constant sum} - \text{sum of givens in lane} \\ (\text{lane} &= \text{row, column, or diagonal}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hookrightarrow \text{sum of variables} - \text{constant sum} \\ &= - \text{sum of givens} \end{aligned}$$

thus the $(\alpha+1)^{\text{th}}$ column of A is just the vector $-\underline{1}$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ \vdots \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{2n+2}.$$

The vector \underline{b} is now simply $-\underline{e}$ (instead of $\underline{k} - \underline{e}$).