

```
1.      # utils/gemini_client.py
2.
3.      import os
4.      import google.generativeai as genai
5.      from dotenv import load_dotenv
6.
7.      load_dotenv()
8.
9.      API_KEY = os.getenv("GEMINI_API_KEY")
10.     if not API_KEY:
11.         raise ValueError("GEMINI_API_KEY not found in environment variables.")
12.         genai.configure(api_key=API_KEY)
13.
14.     def generate_answer(prompt: str) -> str:
15.         try:
16.             response = model.generate_content(
17.                 prompt,
18.                 generation_config={"temperature": 0.7}
19.             )
20.             return response.text.strip()
21.         except Exception as e:
22.             return f"[ERROR] {str(e)}"
```

```
1.      # utils/io_utils.py
2.
3.      import json
4.
5.      def load_json(path: str):
6.          with open(path, "r", encoding="utf-8") as f:
7.              return json.load(f)
8.
9.      def save_json(data, path: str):
10.          with open(path, "w", encoding="utf-8") as f:
11.              json.dump(data, f, indent=2, ensure_ascii=False)
```

```
1.      # main.py - setup
2.
3.      from utils.io_utils import load_json, save_json
4.      from utils.gemini_client import generate_answer
5.      import re
6.      from prompts.templates import basic_math_template, plan_and_solve_template
7.      import os
8.      import argparse
9.      import time
```

```
10.     INPUT_FILE = "dataset/gsm8k.json"
11.     OUTPUT_FILE = "generate_res/gsm8k.json"
12.
13.     # Mapping teknik ke fungsi template
14.     from prompts.templates import (
15.         basic_math_template,
16.         plan_and_solve_template,
17.         plan_and_solve_fewshot_template,
18.         aqua_plan_and_solve_template,
19.         aqua_plan_and_solve_fewshot_template,
20.         lastletter_plan_and_solve,
21.         lastletter_plan_and_solve_fewshot
22.     )
23.
24.     TEMPLATE_MAP = {
25.         "basic": basic_math_template,
26.         "plan-and-solve": plan_and_solve_template,
27.         "plan-and-solve-fewshot": plan_and_solve_fewshot_template,
28.         "aqua-plan-and-solve": aqua_plan_and_solve_template,
29.         "aqua-plan-and-solve-fewshot": aqua_plan_and_solve_fewshot_template,
30.         "lastletter-plan-and-solve": lastletter_plan_and_solve,
31.         "lastletter-plan-and-solve-fewshot": lastletter_plan_and_solve_fewshot,
32.     }
33.
34.     def parse_args():
35.         parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(description="Run prompting with Gemini API.")
36.         parser.add_argument(
37.             "--technique",
38.             choices=TEMPLATE_MAP.keys(),
39.             default="basic",
40.             help="Prompting technique to use (default: basic)"
41.         )
42.         parser.add_argument(
43.             "--output",
44.             type=str,
45.             default="generate_res/dummy.json",
46.             help="Output file path (default: generate_res/gsm8k.json)"
47.         )
48.         parser.add_argument(
49.             "--dataset-type",
50.             choices=["gsm8k", "aqua", "lastletter"],
51.             required=True,
52.             help="Dataset type: gsm8k or aqua"
53.         )
54.         parser.add_argument(
55.             "--dataset",
56.             type=str,
```

```
57.         default="dataset/gsm8k.json",
58.         help="Dataset file path (default: dataset/gsm8k.json)"
59.     )
60.
61.     return parser.parse_args()
```

```
1. # Main.py - function main
2. def main():
3.     args = parse_args()
4.     technique = args.technique
5.     dataset_type = args.dataset_type
6.     prompt_fn = TEMPLATE_MAP[technique]
7.     dataset = load_json(args.dataset)
8.
9.     os.makedirs(os.path.dirname(args.output), exist_ok=True)
10.
11.    if dataset_type == "gsm8k":
12.        results, correct_count = process_gsm8k(dataset, prompt_fn, technique)
13.    elif dataset_type == "aqua":
14.        results, correct_count = process_aqua(dataset, prompt_fn, technique)
15.    elif dataset_type == "lastletter":
16.        results, correct_count = process_lastletter(dataset, prompt_fn, technique)
17.    else:
18.        raise ValueError("Unsupported dataset type")
19.
20.    accuracy = correct_count / len(results) * 100
21.    print(f"\n\N{checkmark} Accuracy: {correct_count}/{len(results)} correct →
22.          {accuracy:.2f}%")
23.
24.    save_json(results, args.output)
25.
26.
27.
28.
29.
30.
31.
32.
33.
34.
35.
36.
37.
38.
39.
40.
41.
42.
43.
44.
45.
46.
47.
48.
49.
50.
51.
52.
53.
54.
55.
56.
57.
58.
59.
60.
61.
```

```
1. # main.py - processing lastletter dataset
2. def process_lastletter(dataset, prompt_fn, technique):
3.     results = []
4.     correct_count = 0
5.
6.     for i, entry in enumerate(dataset):
7.         question = entry["question"]
8.         expected_answer = entry["answer"]
9.
10.        prompt = prompt_fn(question)
11.        print(f"[{i+1}] LastLetter: {question[:60]}...")
12.
13.        model_answer = generate_answer(prompt)
```

```
14.
15.         if "Solve:" in model_answer:
16.             plan_part, solve_part = model_answer.split("Solve:", 1)
17.             reasoning = plan_part.strip() + "\nSolve:\n" + solve_part.strip()
18.             full_text = solve_part.strip()
19.         else:
20.             reasoning = model_answer.strip()
21.             full_text = model_answer.strip()
22.
23.         match = re.search(r"Answer:\s*([a-zA-Z]+)", full_text)
24.         final_answer = match.group(1).lower() if match else None
25.
26.         is_correct = final_answer == expected_answer if final_answer else False
27.         if is_correct:
28.             correct_count += 1
29.
30.         if technique == "plan-and-solve-fewshot" or technique == "lastletter-plan-
31.             and-solve-fewshot":
32.             plan_match = re.search(r"Plan:\s*(.*?)Solve:", model_answer, re.DOTALL)
33.             solve_match = re.search(r"Solve:\s*(.*?)Answer:", model_answer,
34.                                     re.DOTALL)
35.
36.             results.append({
37.                 "question": question,
38.                 "expected_answer": expected_answer,
39.                 "plan": plan_match.group(1).strip() if plan_match else "",
40.                 "solve": solve_match.group(1).strip() if solve_match else "",
41.                 "generated_answer": final_answer,
42.                 "correct": is_correct
43.             })
44.         else:
45.             results.append({
46.                 "question": question,
47.                 "expected_answer": expected_answer,
48.                 "reasoning": reasoning,
49.                 "generated_answer": final_answer,
50.                 "correct": is_correct
51.             })
52.
53.         if (i+1) % 15 == 0:
54.             print(f"Delaying for 1 minute after {i+1} iterations...")
55.             time.sleep(60)
56.
57.     return results, correct_count
```

```
1.     # main.py - processing gsm8k dataset
2.     def process_gsm8k(dataset, prompt_fn, technique):
```

```
3.     results = []
4.     correct_count = 0
5.
6.     for i, entry in enumerate(dataset):
7.         question = entry["question"]
8.         expected_answer = entry["answer"]
9.
10.        prompt = prompt_fn(question)
11.        print(f"[{i+1}] GSM8K: {question[:60]}...")
12.
13.        model_answer = generate_answer(prompt)
14.
15.        if "Solve:" in model_answer:
16.            plan_part, solve_part = model_answer.split("Solve:", 1)
17.            reasoning = plan_part.strip() + "\nSolve:\n" + solve_part.strip()
18.            full_text = solve_part.strip()
19.        else:
20.            reasoning = model_answer.strip()
21.            full_text = model_answer.strip()
22.
23.        match = re.search(r"Answer:\s*([-+]?[\\d*.\\d+|\\d+])", full_text)
24.        final_answer = float(match.group(1)) if match else None
25.
26.        is_correct = (round(final_answer, 2) == round(expected_answer, 2)) if
27.                      final_answer is not None else False
28.        if is_correct:
29.            correct_count += 1
30.
31.        if technique == "plan-and-solve-fewshot":
32.            plan_match = re.search(r"Plan:\s*(.*?)Solve:", model_answer, re.DOTALL)
33.            solve_match = re.search(r"Solve:\s*(.*?)Answer:", model_answer,
34.                                    re.DOTALL)
35.
36.            results.append({
37.                "question": question,
38.                "expected_answer": expected_answer,
39.                "plan": plan_match.group(1).strip() if plan_match else "",
40.                "solve": solve_match.group(1).strip() if solve_match else "",
41.                "generated_answer": final_answer,
42.                "correct": is_correct
43.            })
44.        else:
45.            results.append({
46.                "question": question,
47.                "expected_answer": expected_answer,
48.                "reasoning": reasoning,
49.                "generated_answer": final_answer,
50.                "correct": is_correct
51.            })
```

```
49.         })
50.
51.         if (i+1) % 15 == 0:
52.             print(f"Delaying for 1 minute after {i+1} iterations...")
53.             time.sleep(60)
54.
55.     return results, correct_count
```

```
1. # main.py - processing aqua dataset
2. def process_aqua(dataset, prompt_fn, technique):
3.     results = []
4.     correct_count = 0
5.
6.     for i, entry in enumerate(dataset):
7.         question = entry["question"]
8.         options = entry["options"]
9.         expected_choice = entry["correct"]
10.
11.        prompt = prompt_fn(question, options)
12.        print(f"[{i+1}] AQUA: {question[:60]}...")
13.
14.        model_answer = generate_answer(prompt)
15.
16.        # Ekstrak pilihan jawaban akhir
17.        choice_match = re.search(r"Answer:\s*([A-E])", model_answer)
18.        predicted_choice = choice_match.group(1) if choice_match else ""
19.
20.        is_correct = predicted_choice == expected_choice
21.        if is_correct:
22.            correct_count += 1
23.
24.        # Handle output format tergantung teknik
25.        if technique == "aqua-plan-and-solve":
26.            # Ambil seluruh reasoning sebelum "Answer:"
27.            reasoning_match = re.search(r"(.*Answer:\s*[A-E]", model_answer,
28.                                         re.DOTALL)
29.            reasoning_text = reasoning_match.group(1).strip() if reasoning_match
30.            else model_answer.strip()
31.
32.            results.append({
33.                "question": question,
34.                "options": options,
35.                "plan-and-solve": reasoning_text,
36.                "generated_answer": predicted_choice,
37.                "expected_answer": expected_choice,
38.                "correct": is_correct
39.            })
```

```
38.         else:
39.             # Default untuk few-shot dan lainnya
40.             plan_match = re.search(r"Plan:\s*(.*?)(Solve:|Answer:)", model_answer,
41.                                     re.DOTALL | re.IGNORECASE)
42.             solve_match = re.search(r"Solve:\s*(.*?)(Answer:)", model_answer,
43.                                     re.DOTALL | re.IGNORECASE)
44.
45.             plan = plan_match.group(1).strip() if plan_match else ""
46.             solve = solve_match.group(1).strip() if solve_match else ""
47.
48.             results.append({
49.                 "question": question,
50.                 "options": options,
51.                 "plan": plan,
52.                 "solve": solve,
53.                 "generated_answer": predicted_choice,
54.                 "expected_answer": expected_choice,
55.                 "correct": is_correct
56.             })
57.
58.             if (i+1) % 15 == 0:
59.                 print(f"Delaying for 1 minute after {i+1} iterations...")
60.                 time.sleep(60)

61.     return results, correct_count
```

```
1. # prompts/templates.py
2.
3. def basic_math_template(question: str) -> str:
4.     return f"""
5. You are a helpful and accurate math problem solver.
6.
7. Question:
8. {question}
9.
10. Provide only the final numerical answer.
11. """
12.
13. def plan_and_solve_template(question: str) -> str:
14.     return f"""
15. You are a helpful and logical math tutor. When solving a math problem, follow these
16. steps:
17. 1. First create a plan with bullet points.
18. 2. Then solve the problem step-by-step.
19. 3. Finally, output the final answer in the format: Answer: <FINAL ANSWER MUST BE
NUMBER ONLY>.
```

```
20.
21.     Question:
22.     {question}
23.
24.     Plan:
25.     -
26.
27.     Solve:
28.     """
29.
30.     def plan_and_solve_fewshot_template(question: str) -> str:
31.         few_shot_examples = """
32.         You are a logical and helpful math tutor. For each question, follow this format:
33.
34.         Plan:
35.         - step 1
36.         - step 2
37.         ...
38.
39.         Solve:
40.         <detailed solution steps>
41.
42.         Answer: <final numeric answer>
43.
44.         ---
45.
46.         Question: Jamie buys 3 pens for $2 each and a notebook for $4. What is the total
47.         cost?
48.
49.         Plan:
50.         - Calculate cost of pens.
51.         - Add cost of notebook.
52.
53.         Solve:
54.         3 pens × $2 = $6
55.         $6 + $4 = $10
56.
57.         Answer: 10
58.         ---
59.
60.         Question: A box contains 5 red balls, 3 green balls, and 2 blue balls. How many
61.         total balls are there?
62.
63.         Plan:
64.         - Add all the balls.
65.         Solve:
```

```
66.      5 + 3 + 2 = 10
67.
68.      Answer: 10
69.
70.      ---
71.
72.      Question: {question}
73.
74.      Plan:
75.      -
76.      """
77.          return few_shot_examples.strip().replace("{question}", question)
78.
79.      def aqua_plan_and_solve_template(question: str, options: list[str]) -> str:
80.          options_text = "\n".join(options)
81.          return f"""
82.          You are a helpful and logical math tutor. For the following multiple-choice math
83.          question, follow these steps:
84.          1. **Analyze** the question carefully and determine the key values.
85.          2. **Plan** how to solve the question using logical steps.
86.          3. **Solve** the problem step-by-step with clarity.
87.          4. At the end, clearly write your final answer in the format: Answer: <MUST BE
88.          FINAL OPTION LETTER ONLY>
89.
90.          Question:
91.          {question}
92.
93.          Options:
94.          {options_text}
95.
96.          Plan:
97.          -
98.          """.strip()
99.
100.         def aqua_plan_and_solve_fewshot_template(question: str, options: list[str]) -> str:
101.             options_text = "\n".join(options)
102.             few_shot_examples = """
103.             You are a logical and accurate math tutor. For each multiple-choice math problem,
104.             follow this format:
105.             - First write a step-by-step plan
106.             - Then solve the question
107.             - Then select the correct answer using: Answer: <option letter>
108.             ---
109.
```

Richard Rafer Guy – 222117056

```
110. Question: Sarah has 5 pencils. She gives 2 to her friend. How many does she have left?  
111.  
112. Options:  
113. A) 1  
114. B) 2  
115. C) 3  
116. D) 4  
117. E) 5  
118.  
119. Plan:  
120. - Start with total pencils  
121. - Subtract the number she gave away  
122.  
123. Solve:  
124. 5 - 2 = 3  
125.  
126. Answer: C  
127.  
128. ---  
129.  
130. Question: {question}  
131.  
132. Options:  
133. {options_text}  
134.  
135. Plan:  
136. -  
137. """ .strip()  
138.     return few_shot_examples.replace("{question}",  
139.         question).replace("{options_text}", options_text)  
140. def lastletter_plan_and_solve(question: str) -> str:  
141.  
142.     return f"""  
143. You are a helpful and logical assistant. When solving a word problem, follow these steps:  
144.  
145. 1. First create a plan with bullet points.  
146. 2. Then solve the problem step-by-step.  
147. 3. Finally, output the final answer in the format: Answer: <FINAL ANSWER MUST BE A LOWERCASE STRING>.  
148.  
149. Question:  
150. {question}  
151.  
152. Plan:  
153. -
```

```
154. Solve:  
155.     """.strip()  
156.  
157.     def lastletter_plan_and_solve_fewshot(question: str) -> str:  
158.         few_shot_examples = """  
159.         You are a logical and helpful assistant. For each string manipulation task, follow  
this format:  
160.  
161.     Plan:  
162.         - Break the sentence into individual words.  
163.         - Take the last letter of each word.  
164.         - Concatenate the letters.  
165.         - Convert to lowercase if needed.  
166.  
167.     Solve:  
168.     Whitney Erika Tj Benito → ["Whitney", "Erika", "Tj", "Benito"]  
169.     Last letters → ["y", "a", "j", "o"]  
170.     Concatenate → "yajo"  
171.  
172.     Answer: yajo  
173.  
174.     ---  
175.  
176.     Question: Lucky Mireya Jj Kc  
177.  
178.     Plan:  
179.         - Break the sentence into individual words.  
180.         - Take the last letter of each word.  
181.         - Concatenate the letters.  
182.         - Convert to lowercase if needed.  
183.  
184.     Solve:  
185.     Lucky Mireya Jj Kc → ["Lucky", "Mireya", "Jj", "Kc"]  
186.     Last letters → ["y", "a", "j", "c"]  
187.     Concatenate → "yajc"  
188.  
189.     Answer: yajc  
190.  
191.     ---  
192.  
193.     Question: Caleb Chase Eleazar Chanel  
194.  
195.     Plan:  
196.         - Break the sentence into individual words.  
197.         - Take the last letter of each word.  
198.         - Concatenate the letters.  
199.         - Convert to lowercase if needed.  
200.
```

```
201. Solve:  
202. Caleb Chase Eleazar Chanel → ["Caleb", "Chase", "Eleazar", "Chanel"]  
203. Last letters → ["b", "e", "r", "l"]  
204. Concatenate → "berl"  
205.  
206. Answer: berl  
207.  
208. ---  
209.  
210. Question: {question}  
211.  
212. Plan:  
213. -  
214. """ .strip()  
215.     return few_shot_examples.replace("{question}", question)
```