

의공종합 설계 및 실습 1

12주차 – 타이머/카운터(Timer/Counter)

Week	Purpose	Contents
1	개론	조 편성, 실험실과 계측기 유의사항, 안전교육, 지난학기 학습 내용 Review
2	생체신호 증폭기 #1	1. 생체신호란? 2. 심전도증폭기의 구성과 전극법 3. 차동증폭기
3	생체신호 증폭기 #2	1. Instrumentation amp 2. 시간과 주파수 3. Filter(HPF,LPF,BPF,BSF)
4	생체신호 증폭기 #3	1. Operational amplifier 2. Offset control 3. Gain control
5	생체신호 증폭기 #4	1. Active 와 Passive ? 2. Active filter
6	생체신호 증폭기 #5	1. ECG 의 QRS Detection 원리와 이해 2. Comparator 3. Peak detector
7	생체신호 증폭기 #6	1. 555 timer 와 펄스 조절
8	중간고사	
9	마이크로 컨트롤러와 c언어 실습	c언어 핵심 정리, 마이크로 컨트롤러 구조와 이해, 프로그램 개발환경
10	디지털 입출력(GPIO)	c언어, 마이크로 컨트롤러의 디지털 입출력 실험
11	인터럽트(Interrupt)	c언어, 인터럽트의 이해 및 실습
12	타이머/카운터(Timer/Counter)	타이머/카운터의 이해 및 실습
13	데이터변환(ADC)	아날로그-디지털변환기 원리 및 실습
14	주변장치 제어1	인터럽트와 타이머 카운터를 이용한 7-segment 동작과 디지털 시계 제작
15	주변장치 제어1	4x4 key matrix
16	기말고사	



PSpice

차주 수업 회로에 대한
PSpice 결과 반듯이 첨부!!

수업 내용

- 마이크로 컨트롤러 개요
- C언어
- 타이머/카운터(Timer/Counter)
- LED 와 PWM 제어를 통한 실습

Chapter 4 - 예제 1

```
#include <iom128.h>
#include <intrinsics.h>

void main(void)
{
    unsigned char number = 0xFE;

    DDRA = 0xFF;
    PORTA = 0xFF;

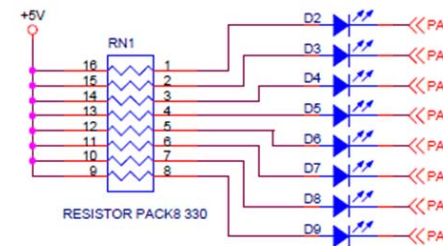
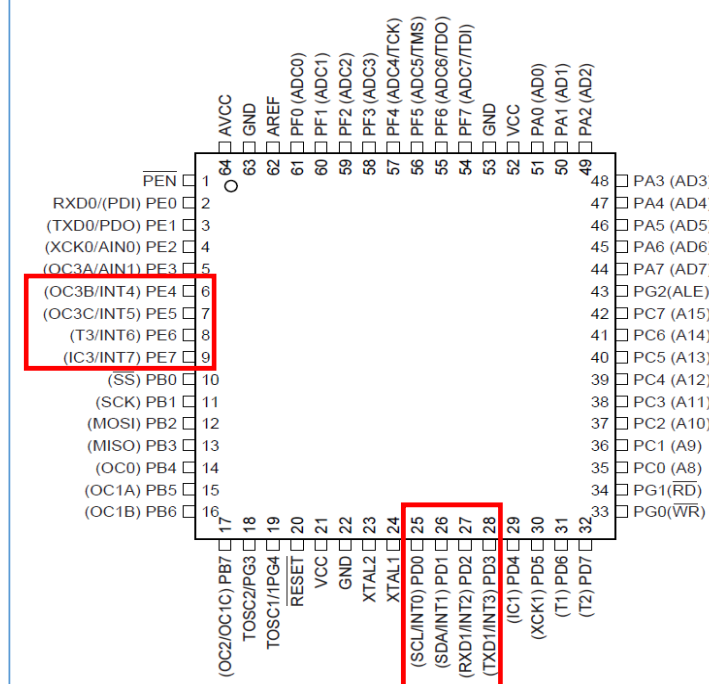
    DDRD = 0x0F;
    PORTD = 0x1F;

    while(1)
    {
        while(PIND & 0x10);
        while(!(PIND & 0x10));

        PORTA = number;
        number = (number << 1) | 0x01;

        if((number & 0xFF) == 0xFF)
            number = 0xFE;
    }
}
```

Figure 1. Pinout ATmega128



교재
181 페이지
참고

Chapter 5 - 예제 4

```
#include <iom128.h>
#include <intrinsics.h>

unsigned int data = 0xFE;

void main(void)
{
    DDRA = 0xFF;
    PORTA = 0xFF;

    DDRD = 0x0F;
    PORTD = 0x3F;

    EIMSK |= 0x30; // INT4 and INT5 interrupt enable
    EICRB |= 0x0A; // INT4 and INT5 falling edge
    EIFR |= 0x30; // INT4 and INT5 interrupt flag clear

    __enable_interrupt();

    while(1);
}
```

```
#pragma vector=INT4_vect
__interrupt void INT4_interrupt(void)
{
    __disable_interrupt();

    PORTA = data;
    data--;

    __enable_interrupt();
}

#pragma vector=INT5_vect
__interrupt void INT5_interrupt(void)
{
    __disable_interrupt();

    PORTA = data;
    data++;

    __enable_interrupt();
}
```

ATMEGA128의 주요 특징

- High-performance, Low-power AVR[®] 8-bit Microcontroller
- Advanced RISC Architecture
 - 133 Powerful Instructions – Most Single Clock Cycle Execution
 - 32 x 8 General Purpose Working Registers + Peripheral Control Registers
 - Fully Static Operation
 - Up to 16 MIPS Throughput at 16 MHz
 - On-chip 2-cycle Multiplier
- Nonvolatile Program and Data Memories
 - ➡ – 128K Bytes of In-System Reprogrammable Flash
 - Endurance: 10,000 Write/Erase Cycles
 - Optional Boot Code Section with Independent Lock Bits
 - In-System Programming by On-chip Boot Program
 - True Read-While-Write Operation
 - 4K Bytes EEPROM
 - Endurance: 100,000 Write/Erase Cycles
 - 4K Bytes Internal SRAM
 - Up to 64K Bytes Optional External Memory Space
 - Programming Lock for Software Security
 - ➡ – SPI Interface for In-System Programming
- JTAG (IEEE std. 1149.1 Compliant) Interface
 - Boundary-scan Capabilities According to the JTAG Standard
 - Extensive On-chip Debug Support
 - Programming of Flash, EEPROM, Fuses and Lock Bits through the JTAG Interface
- Peripheral Features
 - ➡ – Two 8-bit Timer/Counters with Separate Prescalers and Compare Modes
 - ➡ – Two Expanded 16-bit Timer/Counters with Separate Prescaler, Compare Mode and Capture Mode
 - Real Time Counter with Separate Oscillator
 - Two 8-bit PWM Channels
 - 6 PWM Channels with Programmable Resolution from 2 to 16 Bits
 - Output Compare Modulator
 - 8-channel, 10-bit ADC
 - 8 Single-ended Channels
 - 7 Differential Channels
 - 2 Differential Channels with Programmable Gain at 1x, 10x, or 200x
 - Byte-oriented Two-wire Serial Interface
 - Dual Programmable Serial USARTs
 - Master/Slave SPI Serial Interface
 - Programmable Watchdog Timer with On-chip Oscillator
 - On-chip Analog Comparator

- Special Microcontroller Features

- Power-on Reset and Programmable Brown-out Detection
- Internal Calibrated RC Oscillator
- - External and Internal Interrupt Sources
- Six Sleep Modes: Idle, ADC Noise Reduction, Power-save, Power-down, Standby, and Extended Standby
- Software Selectable Clock Frequency
- ATmega103 Compatibility Mode Selected by a Fuse
- Global Pull-up Disable

- • I/O and Packages

- 53 Programmable I/O Lines **GPIO**
- 64-lead TQFP and 64-pad MLF

- • Operating Voltages

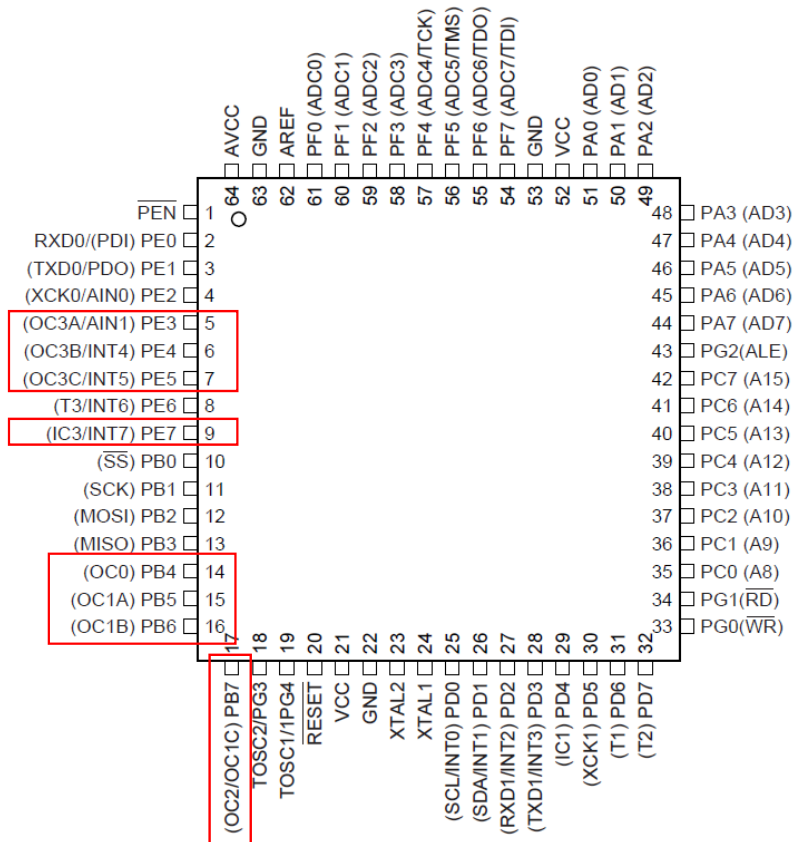
- 2.7 - 5.5V for ATmega128L
- 4.5 - 5.5V for ATmega128

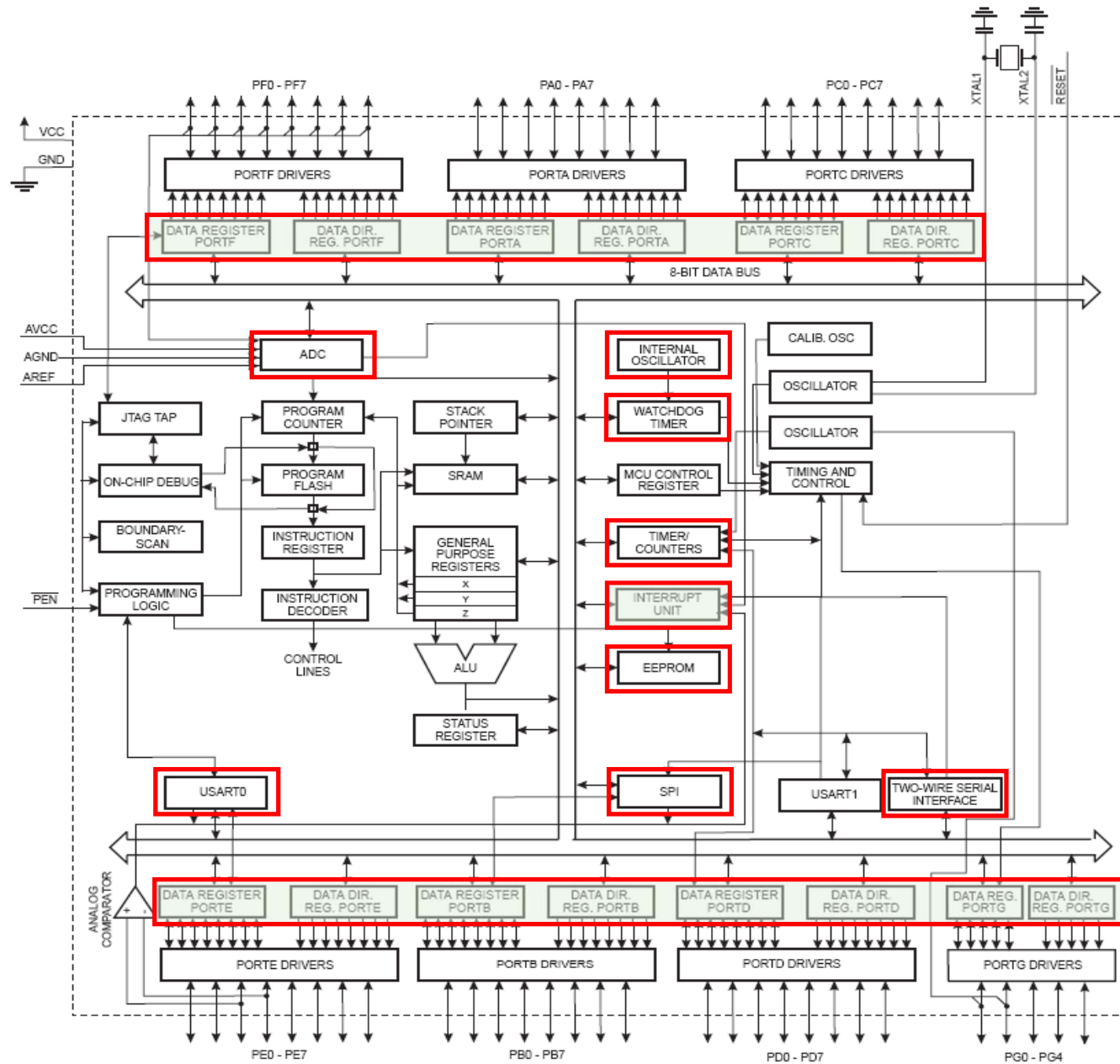
- • Speed Grades

- 0 - 8 MHz for ATmega128L
- 0 - 16 MHz for ATmega128

교재 15-20 페이지 참고

Figure 1. Pinout ATmega128





Timer ?? Counter ??

- Timer

➔ 사용자가 알고 있는 일정한 주파수의 시스템 clock을 입력으로 받아 이를 pre-scaler로 분주하고 counter로 계수 함으로서 정확한 시간 경과를 측정할 수 있는 동작.

- Counter

➔ CPU외부의 단자를 통하여 입력되는 미지의 clock 신호를 counter 로 계수하여 펄스 수 또는 주파수를 측정할 수 있는 동작.

ATmega128 has

8-bit Timer/Counter → 0,2

16-bit Timer/Counter → 1,3



8-Bit Timer/Counter 0

Figure 34. 8-bit Timer/Counter Block Diagram

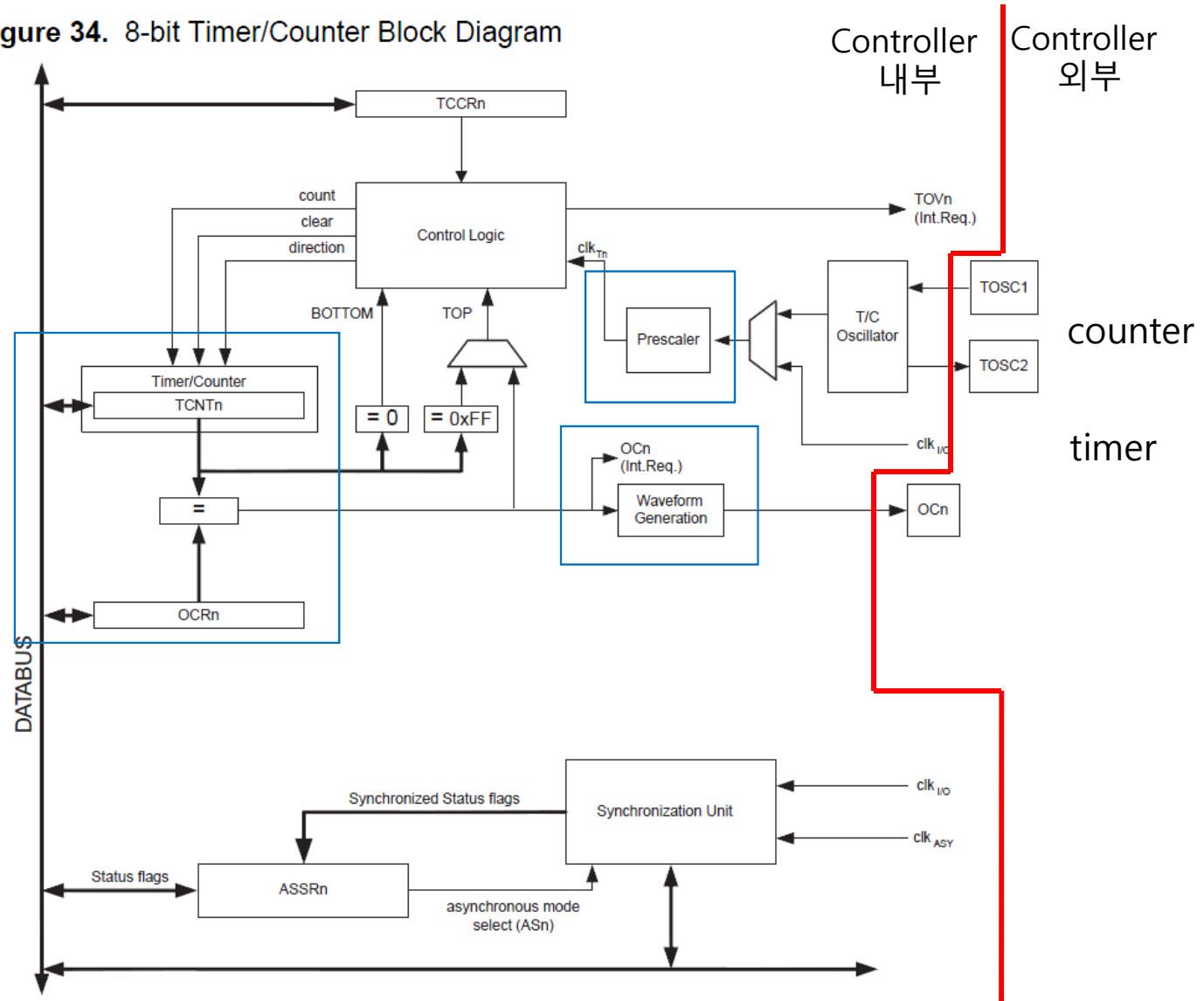


Figure 45. Prescaler for Timer/Counter0

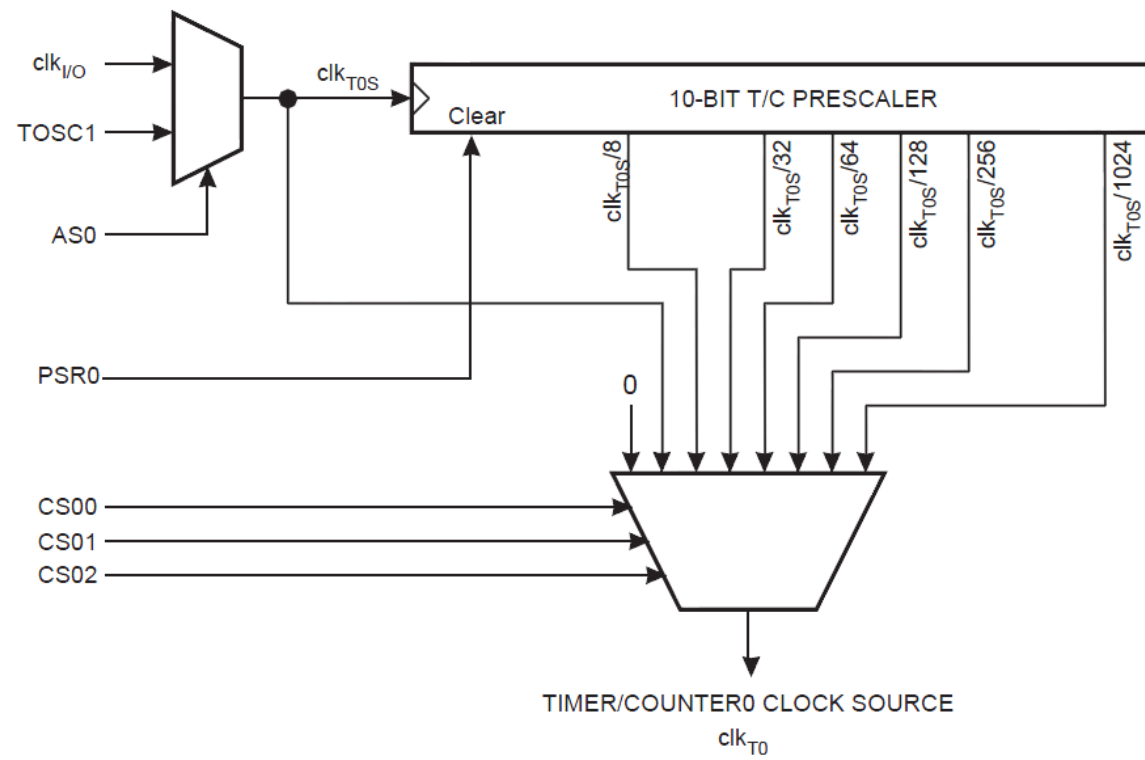


Figure 35. Counter Unit Block Diagram

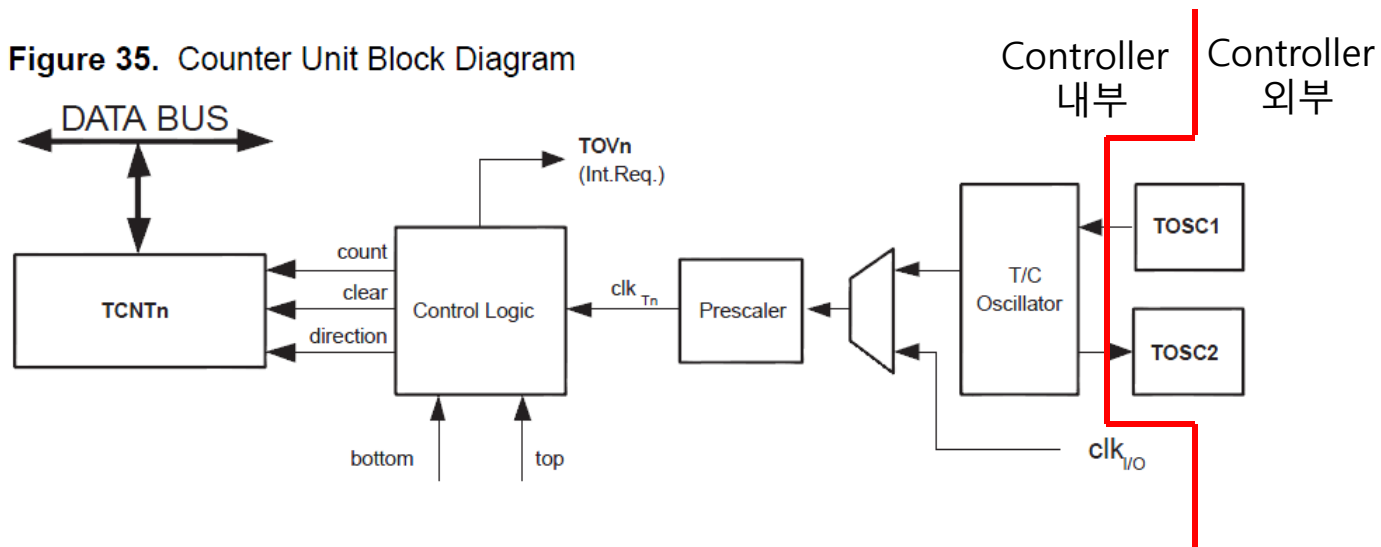
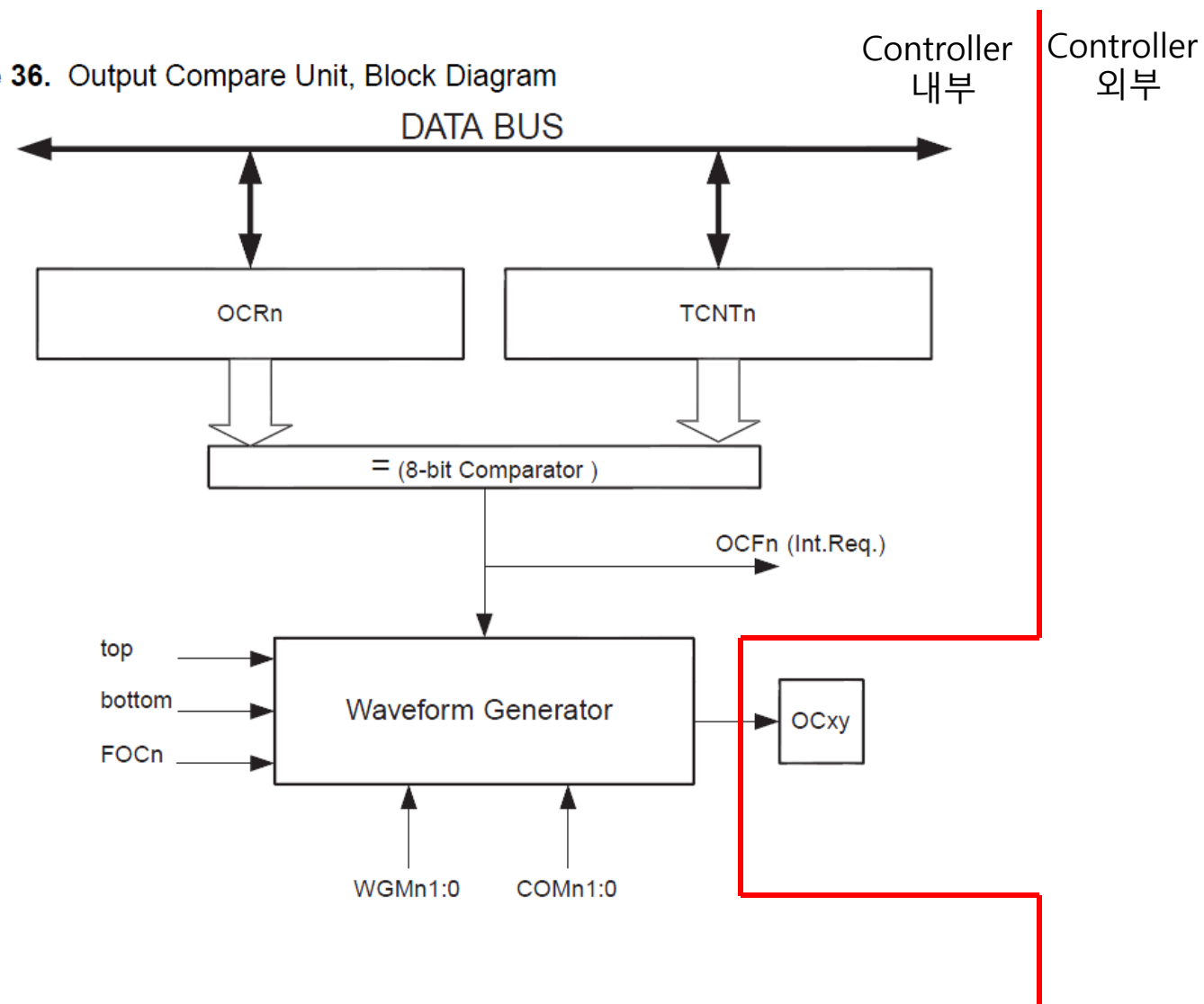


Table 51. Definitions

BOTTOM	The counter reaches the BOTTOM when it becomes zero (0x00).
MAX	The counter reaches its MAXimum when it becomes 0xFF (decimal 255).
TOP	The counter reaches the TOP when it becomes equal to the highest value in the count sequence. The TOP value can be assigned to be the fixed value 0xFF (MAX) or the value stored in the OCR0 Register. The assignment is dependent on the mode of operation.

Figure 36. Output Compare Unit, Block Diagram



16-Bit Timer/Counter 1

Figure 32. 16-bit Timer/Counter Block Diagram⁽¹⁾

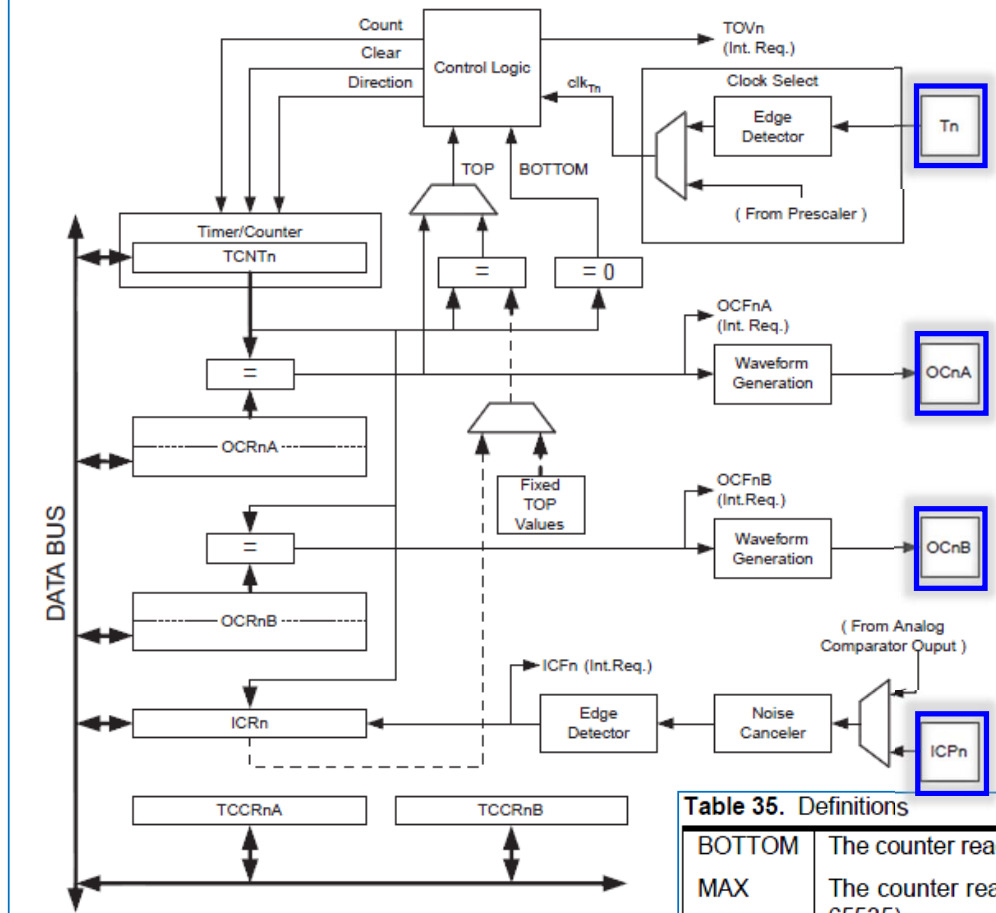
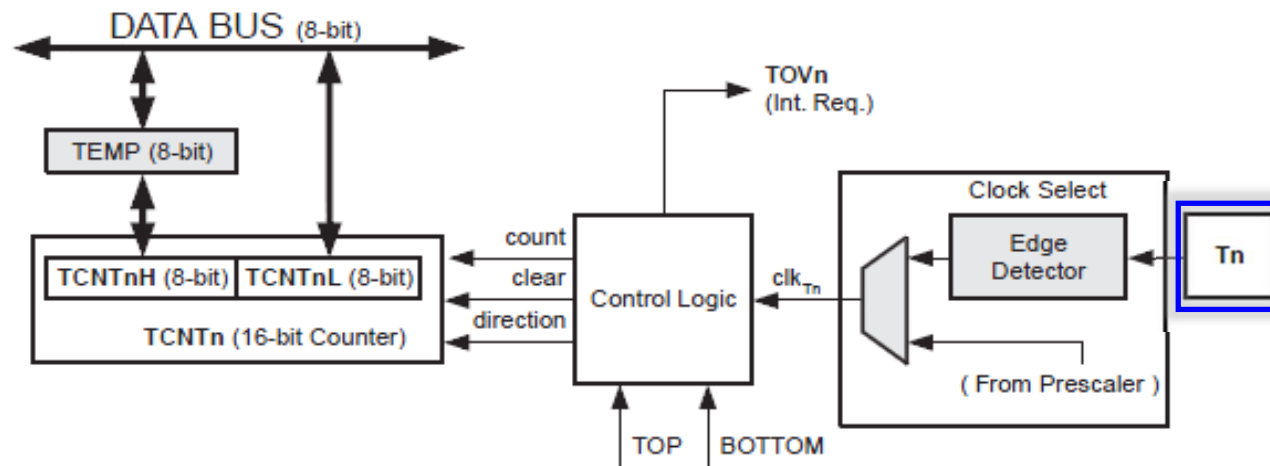


Table 35. Definitions

BOTTOM	The counter reaches the <i>BOTTOM</i> when it becomes 0x0000.
MAX	The counter reaches its <i>MAX</i> imum when it becomes 0xFFFF (decimal 65535).
TOP	The counter reaches the <i>TOP</i> when it becomes equal to the highest value in the count sequence. The TOP value can be assigned to be one of the fixed values: 0x00FF, 0x01FF, or 0x03FF, or to the value stored in the OCR1A or ICR1 Register. The assignment is dependent of the mode of operation.

Counter unit

Figure 33. Counter Unit Block Diagram

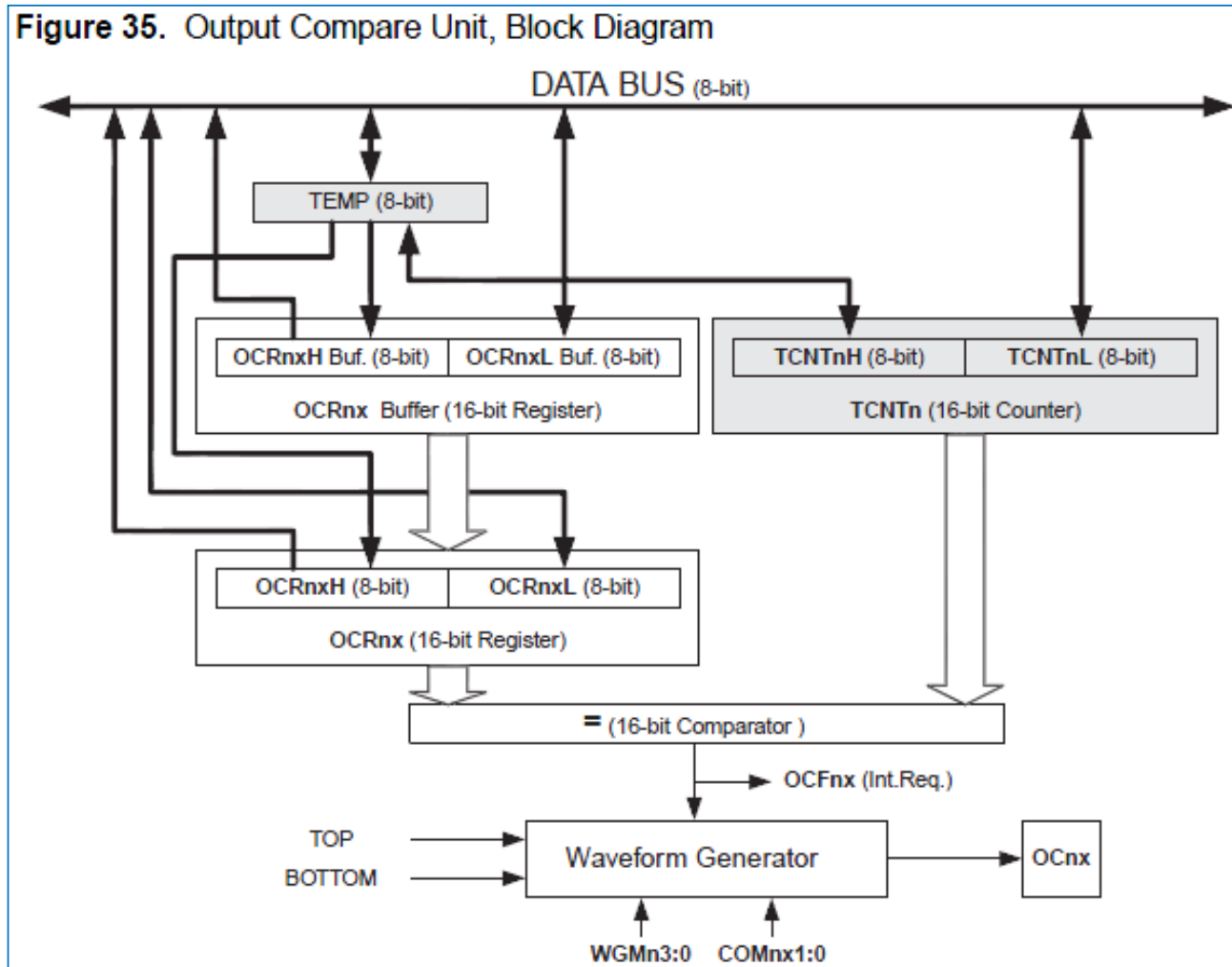


Signal description (internal signals):

- | | |
|-------------------------|--|
| count | Increment or decrement TCNT1 by 1. |
| direction | Select between increment and decrement. |
| clear | Clear TCNT1 (set all bits to zero). |
| clk_{T1} | Timer/Counter clock. |
| TOP | Signalize that TCNT1 has reached maximum value. |
| BOTTOM | Signalize that TCNT1 has reached minimum value (zero). |

Output compare unit

Figure 35. Output Compare Unit, Block Diagram



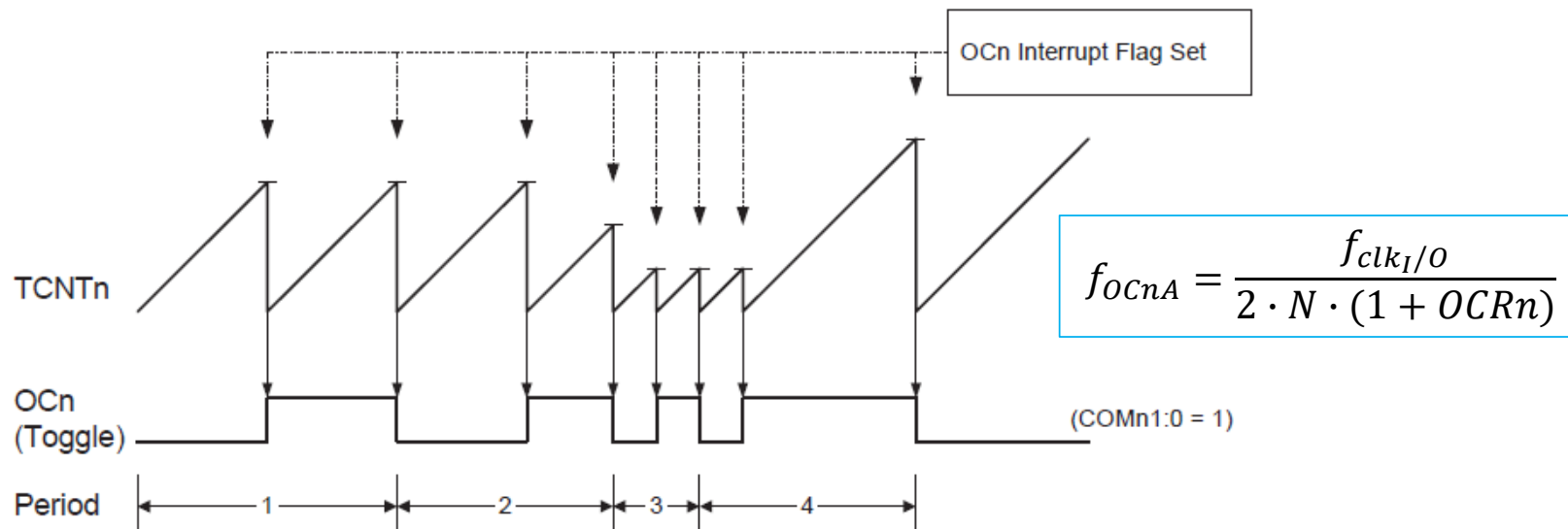
Mode of Operation

1. Normal Mode

- The simplest mode of operation is the *Normal* mode (WGM01/WGM00 = 0).
- In this mode the counting direction is always up (incrementing)
- Maximum 8-bit or 16-bit value (MAX = 0xFF or 0xFFFF) and then restarts from the BOTTOM (0x00 or 0x0000).
- *Timer/Counter Overflow Flag* (TOV0 or TOV1) will be set in the same timer clock cycle as the TCNT0 or TCNT1 becomes zero.

2. Clear Timer on Compare Match (CTC) Mode

Figure 38. CTC Mode, Timing Diagram

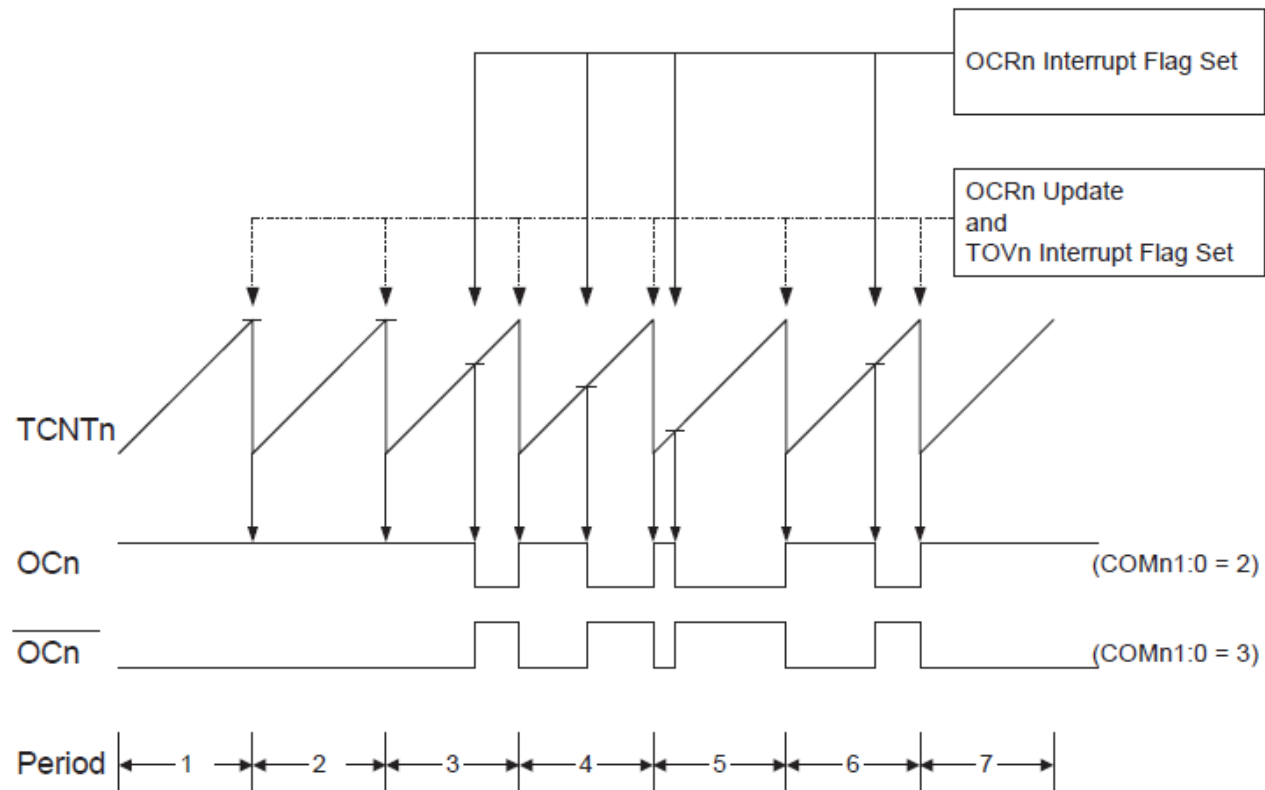


TCCR0
TCNT0
OCR0
TIMSK
TIFR

TCCR1A
TCCR1B
TIMSK
TIFR
TCNT1H
TCNT1L
OCR1AH
OCR1AL
OCR1BH
OCR1BL
ICR1H
ICR1L

3. Fast PWM Mode

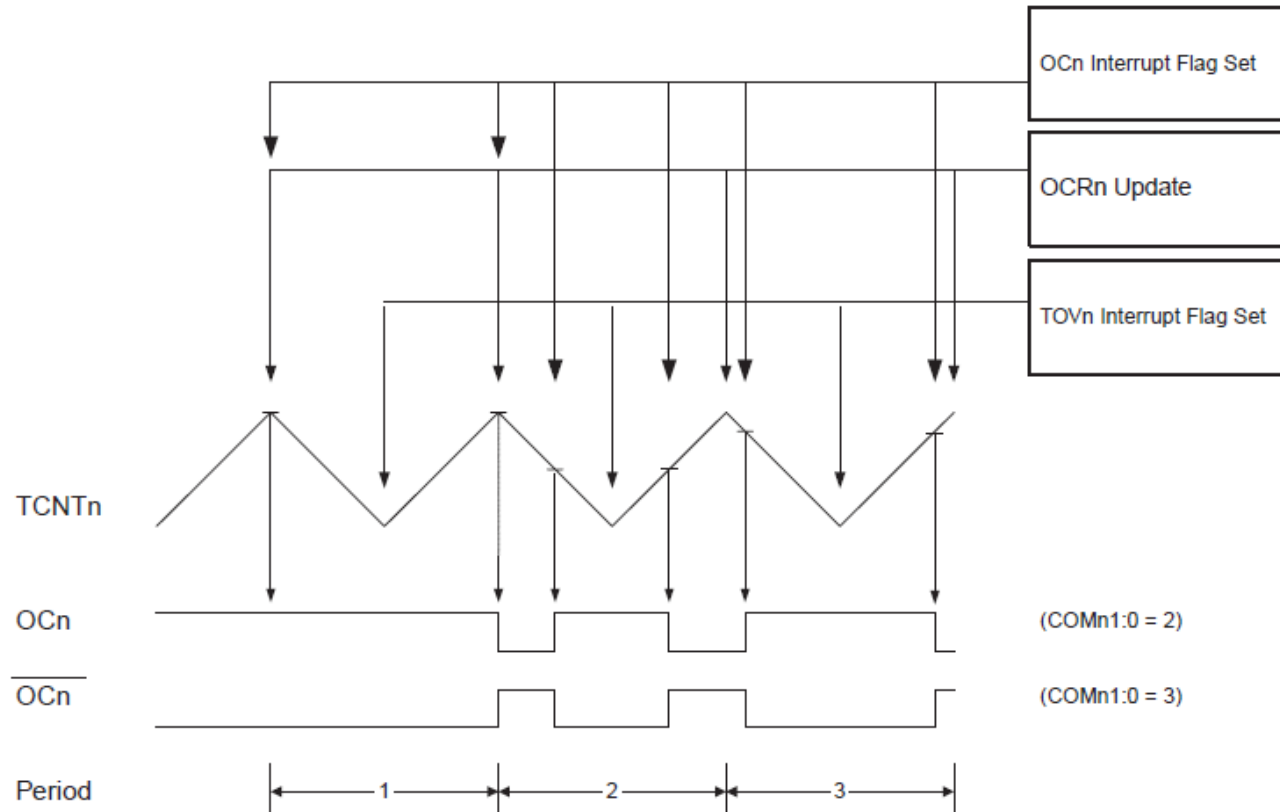
Figure 39. Fast PWM Mode, Timing Diagram



$$f_{OCnPWM} = \frac{f_{clkI/O}}{N \cdot 256}$$

4. Phase Correct PWM Mode

Figure 40. Phase Correct PWM Mode, Timing Diagram

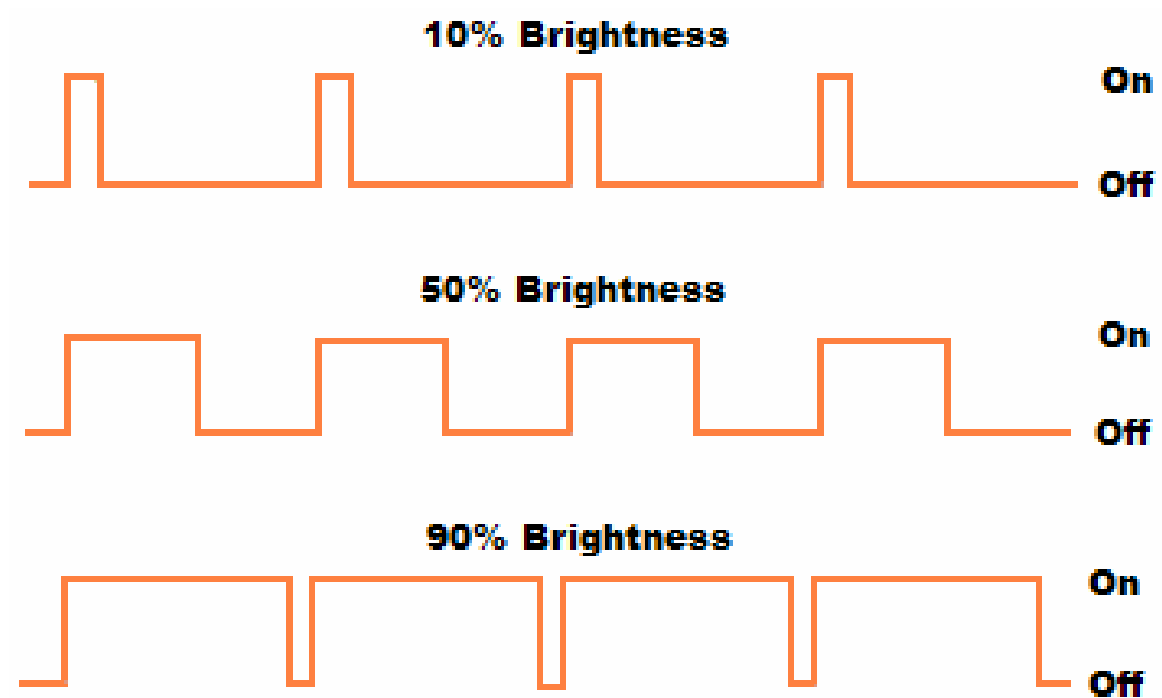


$$f_{OCnPCPWM} = \frac{f_{clk_{I/O}}}{N \cdot 510}$$

TCCR0
TCNT0
OCR0
TIMSK
TIFR

TCCR1A
TCCR1B
TIMSK
TIFR
TCNT1H
TCNT1L
OCR1AH
OCR1AL
OCR1BH
OCR1BL
ICR1H
ICR1L

PWM (Pulse Width Modulation)



- Period (= 1 / frequency)
- Width → Duty 계산(%)
- Level

- Timer/Counter Control Register 0

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
	FOC0	WGM00	COM01	COM00	WGM01	CS02	CS01	CS00	TCCR0
Read/Write	W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Table 52. Waveform Generation Mode Bit Description

Mode	WGM01 ⁽¹⁾ (CTC0)	WGM00 ⁽¹⁾ (PWM0)	Timer/Counter Mode of Operation	TOP	Update of OCR0 at	TOV0 Flag Set on
0	0	0	Normal	0xFF	Immediate	MAX
1	0	1	PWM, Phase Correct	0xFF	TOP	BOTTOM
2	1	0	CTC	OCR0	Immediate	MAX
3	1	1	Fast PWM	0xFF	TOP	MAX

Table 53. Compare Output Mode, non-PWM Mode

COM01	COM00	Description
0	0	Normal port operation, OC0 disconnected.
0	1	Toggle OC0 on compare match
1	0	Clear OC0 on compare match
1	1	Set OC0 on compare match

Table 54. Compare Output Mode, Fast PWM Mode⁽¹⁾

COM01	COM00	Description
0	0	Normal port operation, OC0 disconnected.
0	1	Reserved
1	0	Clear OC0 on compare match, set OC0 at TOP
1	1	Set OC0 on compare match, clear OC0 at TOP

TCCR0
TCNT0
OCR0
TIMSK
TIFR

TCCR1A
TCCR1B
TIMSK
TIFR
TCNT1H
TCNT1L
OCR1AH
OCR1AL
OCR1BH
OCR1BL
ICR1H
ICR1L

WGM 설정 후 →

WGM 설정 후 →

TCCR0
TCNT0
OCR0
TIMSK
TIFR

WGM 설정 후 →

Table 55. Compare Output Mode, Phase Correct PWM Mode⁽¹⁾

COM01	COM00	Description
0	0	Normal port operation, OC0 disconnected.
0	1	Reserved
1	0	Clear OC0 on compare match when up-counting. Set OC0 on compare match when downcounting.
1	1	Set OC0 on compare match when up-counting. Clear OC0 on compare match when downcounting.

TCCR1A
TCCR1B
TIMSK
TIFR
TCNT1H
TCNT1L
OCR1AH
OCR1AL
OCR1BH
OCR1BL
ICR1H
ICR1L

Table 56. Clock Select Bit Description

CS02	CS01	CS00	Description
0	0	0	No clock source (Timer/Counter stopped)
0	0	1	clk _{T0S} /(No prescaling)
0	1	0	clk _{T0S} /8 (From prescaler)
0	1	1	clk _{T0S} /32 (From prescaler)
1	0	0	clk _{T0S} /64 (From prescaler)
1	0	1	clk _{T0S} /128 (From prescaler)
1	1	0	clk _{T0S} /256 (From prescaler)
1	1	1	clk _{T0S} /1024 (From prescaler)

TCCR0
TCNT0
OCR0
TIMSK
TIFR

- Timer/Counter Register 0

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
	TCNT0[7:0]								TCNT0
Read/Write	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

- Output Compare Register 0

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
	OCR0[7:0]								OCR0
Read/Write	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

- Timer/Counter Interrupt Mask Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
	OCIE2	TOIE2	TICIE1	OCIE1A	OCIE1B	TOIE1	OCIE0	TOIE0	TIMSK
Read/Write	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

- Timer/Counter Interrupt Flag Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
	OCF2	TOV2	ICF1	OCF1A	OCF1B	TOV1	OCF0	TOV0	TIFR
Read/Write	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

TCCR1A
TCCR1B
TIMSK
TIFR
TCNT1H
TCNT1L
OCR1AH
OCR1AL
OCR1BH
OCR1BL
ICR1H
ICR1L

- Timer/Counter 1 Control Register A

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
	COM1A1	COM1A0	COM1B1	COM1B0	FOC1A	FOC1B	WGM11	WGM10	TCCR1A
Read/Write	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	W	W	R/W	R/W	
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Table 36. Compare Output Mode, Non-PWM

COM1A1/ COM1B1	COM1A0/ COM1B0	Description
0	0	Normal port operation, OC1A/OC1B disconnected.
0	1	Toggle OC1A/OC1B on Compare Match
1	0	Clear OC1A/OC1B on Compare Match (Set output to low level)
1	1	Set OC1A/OC1B on Compare Match (Set output to high level)

Table 37. Compare Output Mode, Fast PWM⁽¹⁾

COM1A1/ COM1B1	COM1A0/ COM1B0	Description
0	0	Normal port operation, OC1A/OC1B disconnected.
0	1	WGM13:0 = 15: Toggle OC1A on Compare Match, OC1B disconnected (normal port operation). For all other WGM1 settings, normal port operation, OC1A/OC1B disconnected.
1	0	Clear OC1A/OC1B on Compare Match, set OC1A/OC1B at TOP
1	1	Set OC1A/OC1B on Compare Match, clear OC1A/OC1B at TOP

Table 38. Compare Output Mode, Phase Correct and Phase and Frequency Correct PWM⁽¹⁾

COM1A1/ COM1B1	COM1A0/ COM1B0	Description
0	0	Normal port operation, OC1A/OC1B disconnected.
0	1	WGM13:0 = 9 or 14: Toggle OC1A on Compare Match, OC1B disconnected (normal port operation). For all other WGM1 settings, normal port operation, OC1A/OC1B disconnected.
1	0	Clear OC1A/OC1B on Compare Match when up-counting. Set OC1A/OC1B on Compare Match when downcounting.
1	1	Set OC1A/OC1B on Compare Match when up-counting. Clear OC1A/OC1B on Compare Match when downcounting.

TCCR0
TCNT0
OCR0
TIMSK
TIFR

TCCR1A
TCCR1B
TIMSK
TIFR
TCNT1H
TCNT1L
OCR1AH
OCR1AL
OCR1BH
OCR1BL
ICR1H
ICR1L

- Timer/Counter 1 Control Register B

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
	ICNC1	ICES1	–	WGM13	WGM12	CS12	CS11	CS10	TCCR1B
Read/Write	R/W	R/W	R	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Table 40. Clock Select Bit Description

CS12	CS11	CS10	Description
0	0	0	No clock source. (Timer/Counter stopped)
0	0	1	clk _{I/O} /1 (No prescaling)
0	1	0	clk _{I/O} /8 (From prescaler)
0	1	1	clk _{I/O} /64 (From prescaler)
1	0	0	clk _{I/O} /256 (From prescaler)
1	0	1	clk _{I/O} /1024 (From prescaler)
1	1	0	External clock source on T1 pin. Clock on falling edge.
1	1	1	External clock source on T1 pin. Clock on rising edge.

- Timer/Counter Interrupt Mask Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
	OCIE2	TOIE2	TICIE1	OCIE1A	OCIE1B	TOIE1	–	TOIE0	TIMSK
Read/Write	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R	R/W	
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

- Timer/Counter Interrupt Flag Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
	OCF2	TOV2	ICF1	OCF1A	OCF1B	TOV1	–	TOV0	TIFR
Read/Write	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R	R/W	
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

TCCR0
TCNT0
OCR0
TIMSK
TIFR

TCCR1A
TCCR1B
TIMSK
TIFR
TCNT1H
TCNT1L
OCR1AH
OCR1AL
OCR1BH
OCR1BL
ICR1H
ICR1L

TCCR0
TCNT0
OCR0
TIMSK
TIFR

TCCR1A
TCCR1B
TIMSK
TIFR
TCNT1H
TCNT1L
OCR1AH
OCR1AL
OCR1BH
OCR1BL
ICR1H
ICR1L

Table 39. Waveform Generation Mode Bit Description

Mode	WGM13	WGM12 (CTC1)	WGM11 (PWM11)	WGM10 (PWM10)	Timer/Counter Mode of Operation ⁽¹⁾	TOP	Update of OCR1X	TOV1 Flag Set on
0	0	0	0	0	Normal	0xFFFF	Immediate	MAX
1	0	0	0	1	PWM, Phase Correct, 8-bit	0x00FF	TOP	BOTTOM
2	0	0	1	0	PWM, Phase Correct, 9-bit	0x01FF	TOP	BOTTOM
3	0	0	1	1	PWM, Phase Correct, 10-bit	0x03FF	TOP	BOTTOM
4	0	1	0	0	CTC	OCR1A	Immediate	MAX
5	0	1	0	1	Fast PWM, 8-bit	0x00FF	TOP	TOP
6	0	1	1	0	Fast PWM, 9-bit	0x01FF	TOP	TOP
7	0	1	1	1	Fast PWM, 10-bit	0x03FF	TOP	TOP
8	1	0	0	0	PWM, Phase and Frequency Correct	ICR1	BOTTOM	BOTTOM
9	1	0	0	1	PWM, Phase and Frequency Correct	OCR1A	BOTTOM	BOTTOM
10	1	0	1	0	PWM, Phase Correct	ICR1	TOP	BOTTOM
11	1	0	1	1	PWM, Phase Correct	OCR1A	TOP	BOTTOM
12	1	1	0	0	CTC	ICR1	Immediate	MAX
13	1	1	0	1	(Reserved)	–	–	–
14	1	1	1	0	Fast PWM	ICR1	TOP	TOP
15	1	1	1	1	Fast PWM	OCR1A	TOP	TOP

This table is for Timer 1 and 3

- Timer/Counter 1

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
	TCNT1[15:8]								TCNT1H
	TCNT1[7:0]								TCNT1L
Read/Write	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

- Output Compare Register 1 A

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
	OCR1A[15:8]								OCR1AH
	OCR1A[7:0]								OCR1AL
Read/Write	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

- Output Compare Register 1 B

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
	OCR1B[15:8]								OCR1BH
	OCR1B[7:0]								OCR1BL
Read/Write	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

- Input Capture Register 1

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
	ICR1[15:8]								ICR1H
	ICR1[7:0]								ICR1L
Read/Write	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

TCCR0
TCNT0
OCR0
TIMSK
TIFR

TCCR1A
TCCR1B
TIMSK
TIFR
TCNT1H
TCNT1L
OCR1AH
OCR1AL
OCR1BH
OCR1BL
ICR1H
ICR1L

Chapter 6 - 예제 1

TCCR0
TCNT0
OCR0
TIMSK
TIFR

TCCR1A
TCCR1B
TIMSK
TIFR
TCNT1H
TCNT1L
OCR1AH
OCR1AL
OCR1BH
OCR1BL
ICR1H
ICR1L

```
#include <iom128.h>
#include <intrinsics.h>

unsigned int data = 0xFE;

void main(void)
{
    DDRA = 0xFF;
    PORTA = 0xFF;

    TCCR0 = 0x07;
    TCNT0 = 0x00;
    TIMSK = 0x01;

    TIFR |= 0x01;

    __disable_interrupt();

    while(1)
    {
        while(!(TIFR&0x01));

        TIFR |= 0x01;
        TCNT0 = 0x00;

        PORTA = data;
        data--;
    }
}
```

Chapter 6 - 예제 2

TCCR0
TCNT0
OCR0
TIMSK
TIFR

TCCR1A
TCCR1B
TIMSK
TIFR
TCNT1H
TCNT1L
OCR1AH
OCR1AL
OCR1BH
OCR1BL
ICR1H
ICR1L

```
#include <iom128.h>
#include <intrinsics.h>

unsigned int data = 0xFE;

void main(void)
{
    DDRA = 0xFF;
    PORTA = 0xFF;

    TCCR0 = 0x07;
    TCNT0 = 0x00;
    TIMSK = 0x01;

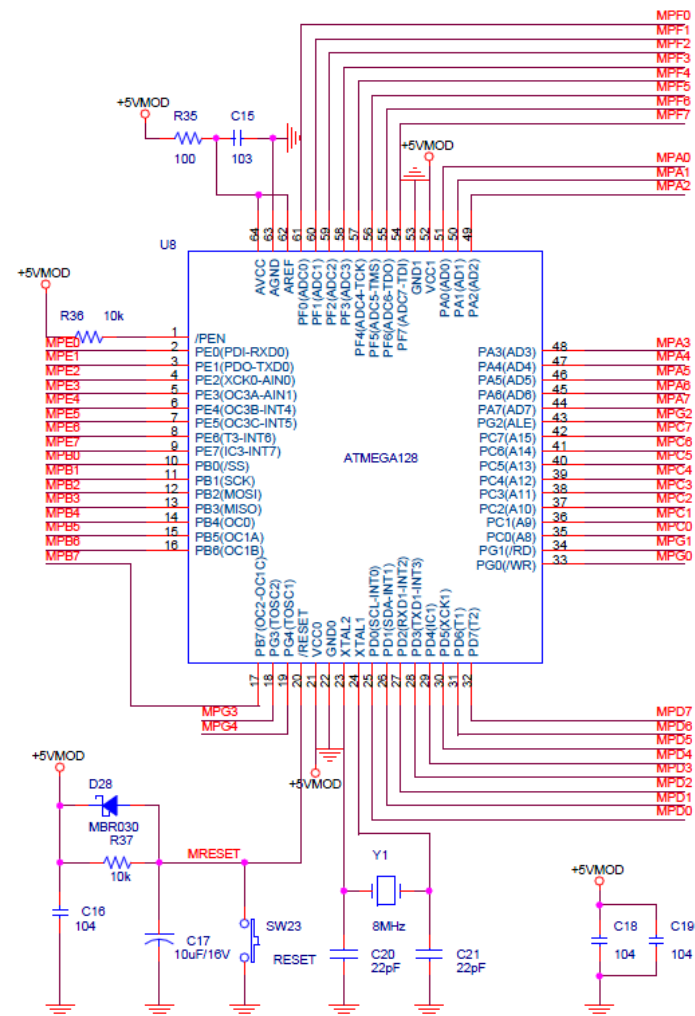
    TIFR |= 0x01;

    __enable_interrupt();

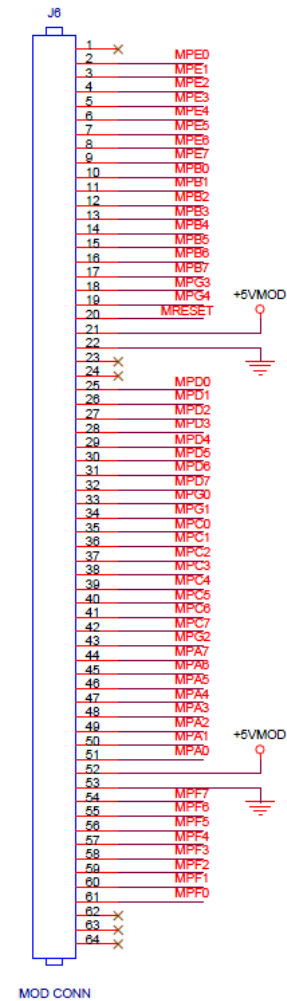
    while(1)
    {
        PORTA = data;
    }
}

#pragma vector=TIMER0_OVF_vect
__interrupt void TIMER0_OVF_interrupt(void)
{
    __disable_interrupt();
    data--;
    __enable_interrupt();
}
```

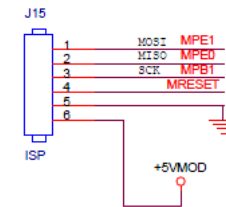
실험 Control Board



MAIN CONNECTOR MODULE

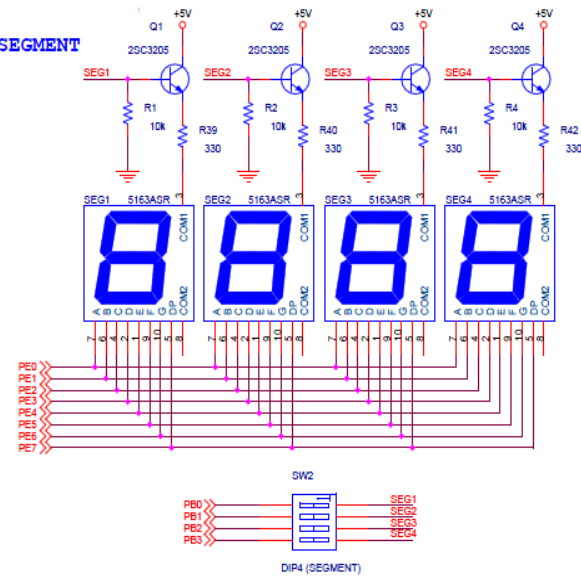


ISP

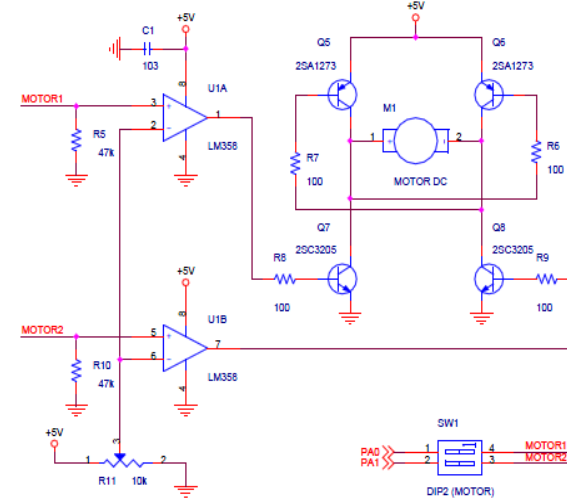


실험 Main Board 1

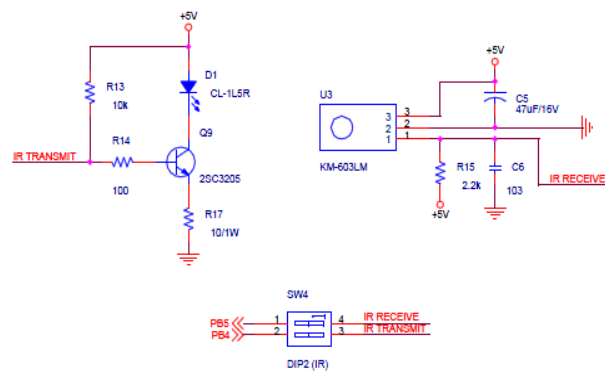
SEGMENT



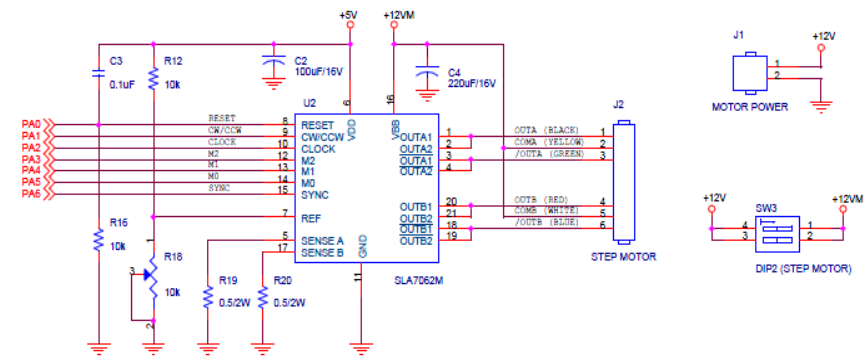
DC MOTOR



IR

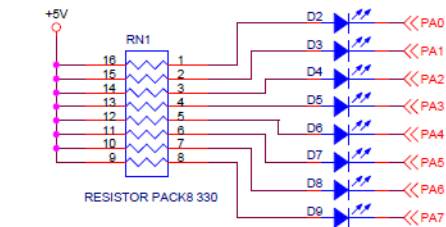


STEP MOTOR

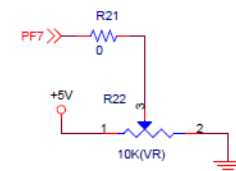


실험 Main Board 2

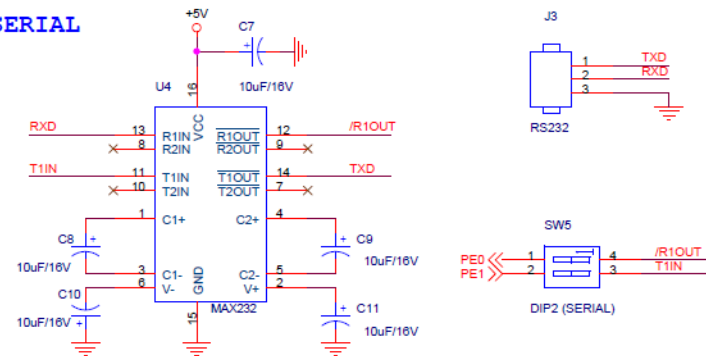
LED



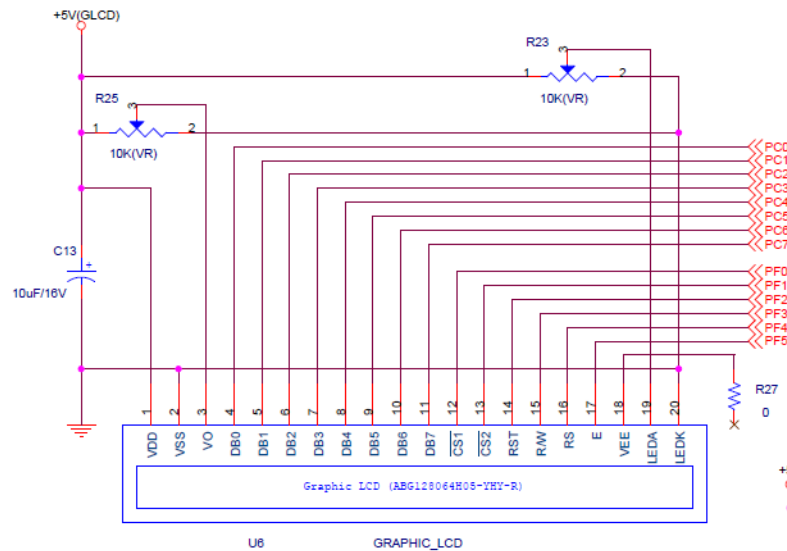
ADC TEST



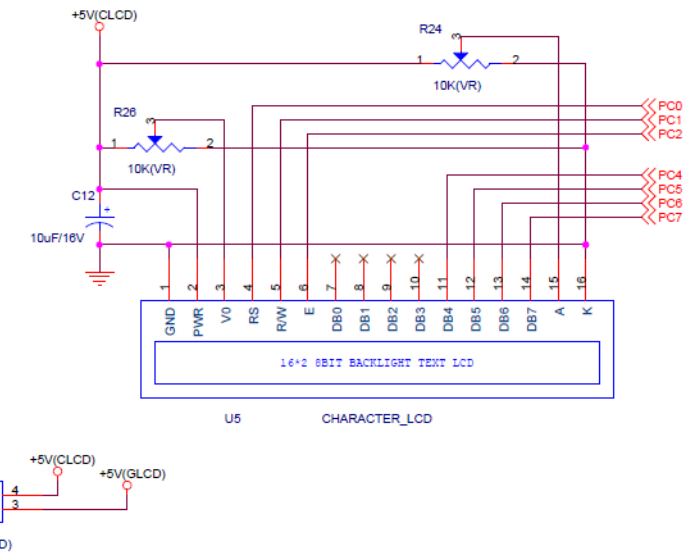
SERIAL



GRAPHIC LCD

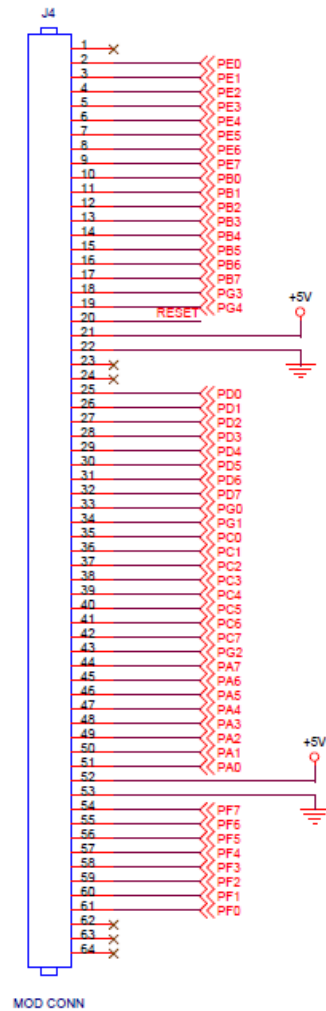


CHARACTER LCD

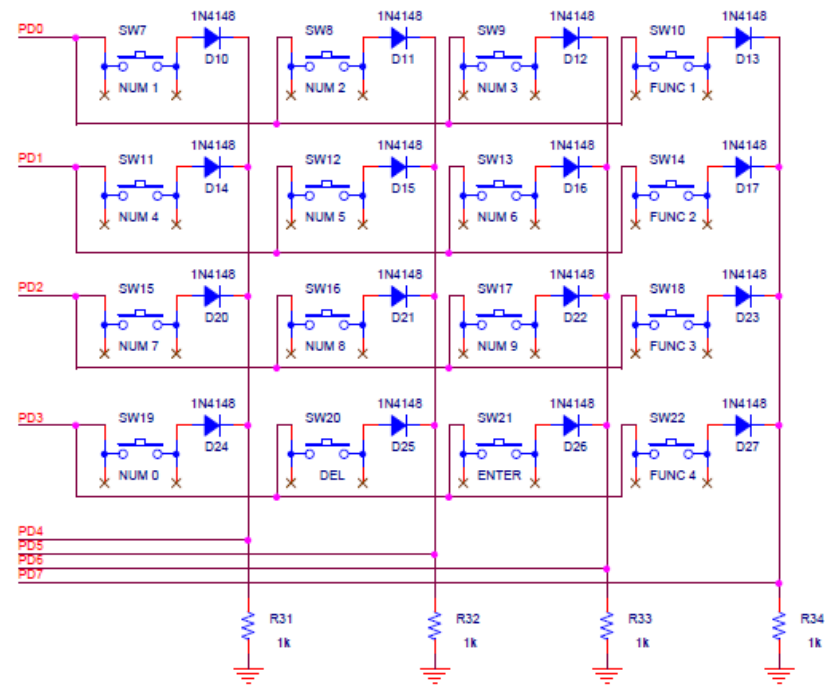


실험 Main Board 3

MAIN CONNECTOR BOARD

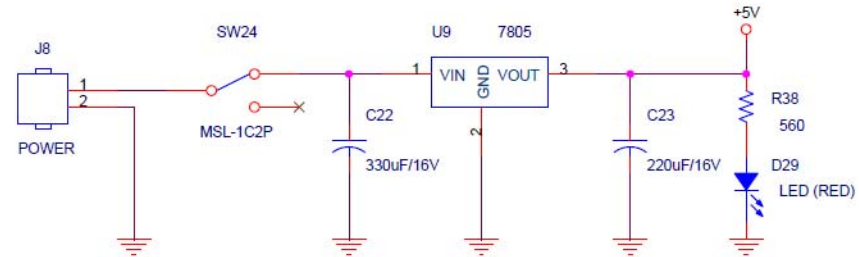


KEY-PAD

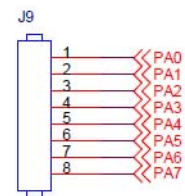


실험 Main Board 4

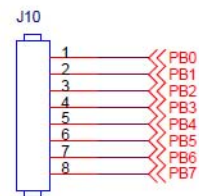
POWER



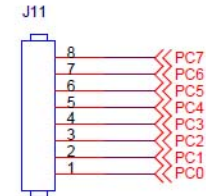
EXTERNAL PORT



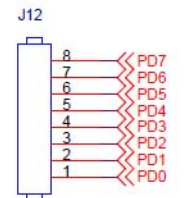
PORTA



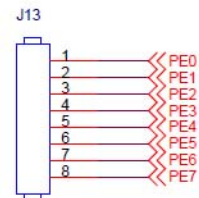
PORTB



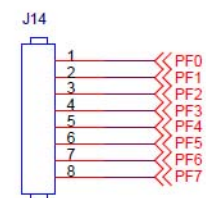
PORTC



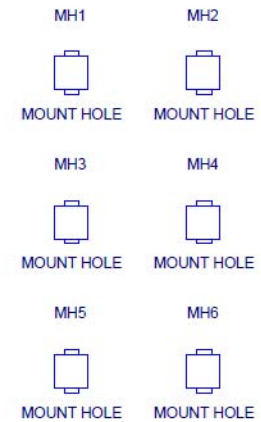
PORTD



PORTE



PORTF



레포트

1. 실험 실습 완료 할 것(예제 6-1 ~ 6)

: 반드시 오실로스코프를 통하여 확인하고 이해할 것!!

: 예제 4,5,6 은 PB4와 PA0를 연결할 것

그리고, DDRA = 0xFE; 와 PORTA = 0xFE; 코드를 추가할 것