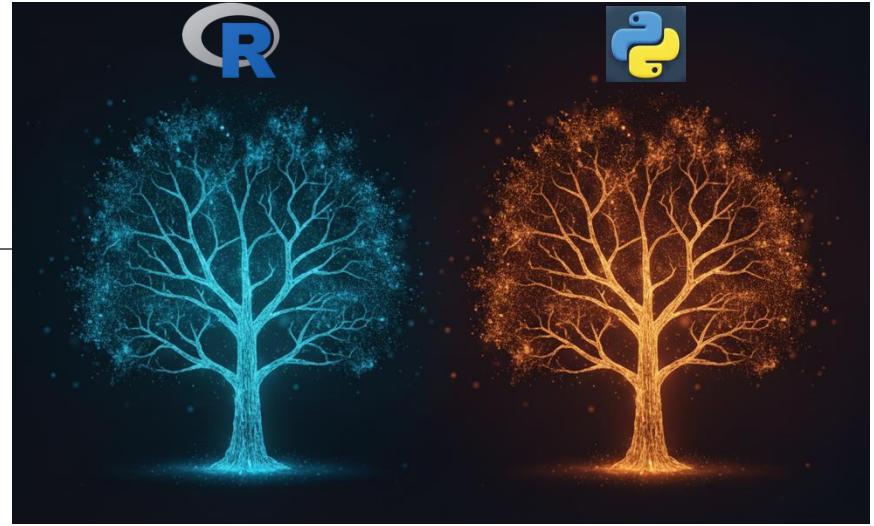


Tracking the Evolution of R and Python Tools for GenAI:

State of the Ecosystem & Lessons
from Building in Both



Xu Fei
Senior Solutions Engineer
xu@a2-ai.com
linkedin.com/in/xufei1/



Who is this talk for

- Language: R-primary or multilingual teams
- Background: Have experience building apps, interested in adding GenAI features (e.g. chatbot, coding assistant)

Our experience – chatbot for internal tools

ChatGPT
(generic chatbot)

How do I install dplyr?

To install the `dplyr` package in R, you can use one of these methods depending on where you're working (R console, RStudio, etc.):

Standard CRAN Installation

Open your R console or RStudio and run:

```
r  
install.packages("dplyr")
```

Copy code

Our experience – chatbot for internal tools

ChatGPT (generic chatbot)

How do I install dplyr?

To install the `dplyr` package in R, you can use one of these methods depending on where you're working (R console, RStudio, etc.):

Standard CRAN Installation

Open your R console or RStudio and run:

```
r  
install.packages("dplyr")
```

Copy code

PharmaSage (uses internal docs + code)

How do I install dplyr?

Installing dplyr with RV

Primary Solution: Using RStudio (Recommended)

In RStudio:

1. Open your project in RStudio
2. First verify RV is active by running in the R console:

```
.rv$summary()
```



Our experience – chatbot with tool calling

The screenshot shows the PharmaSage AI interface. On the left, there's a sidebar with a navigation menu and a list of recent chats. The main area is a conversation window with Claude Sonnet 4.5. A message from the bot asks about the version of ellmer available on PRISM. Below it, a message from the user is highlighted with a red box, containing the command `query_prism_api toolu_bdrk_016hw5oKqvVspCPg6P4Vhu9h`. The bot responds with the latest version information and a list of all available versions.

Claude Sonnet 4.5

Conversation started with: Expert: rv_v070_20250701 • Model: Claude Sonnet 4.5

which version of ellmer is available on PRISM?

query_prism_api toolu_bdrk_016hw5oKqvVspCPg6P4Vhu9h

The latest version of **ellmer** available on PRISM is **version 0.3.2** (updated on 2025-09-03).

All Available Versions on PRISM

PRISM has the following versions of ellmer:

- **0.3.2** (latest)
- 0.3.1
- 0.3.0
- 0.2.1
- 0.2.0
- 0.1.1
- 0.1.0

Enter a message...

RV v070 (2025-07-01)

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A2-AI

Our experience – MCP server built in R

Enables natural language queries to do exploratory data analysis

The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook interface with an R session titled "prompt - cqtkit-mcp-test". The code cell contains R code for C-QT analysis, including generating 6 plots. The output cell displays a plot titled "Verapamil Plasma Concentration Over Time" comparing two treatment groups: 0 mg (blue diamonds) and 120 mg (purple circles). The plot shows a sharp peak at time 0 for the 120 mg group, followed by a rapid decline. The 0 mg group remains at zero. Error bars represent 90% CI.

I would like to analyze my currently loaded ver dataset for some C-QT analysis. It's saved in data/derived/verapamil.parquet I would like to generate 6 plots. Let me inspect the plots before moving on to the next one. Use the cqtkit mcp to make these plots and when I'm satisfied write them to a quarto file.

1. verapamil plasma concentration over time
2. verapamil dHR over time with +/- 10 bpm reference lines
3. verapamil ddHR over time with +/- 10 bpm references
4. verapamil ddQTcF over time with PK data overlaid with a 10% error band
5. verapamil dQTcF hysteresis loop plot
6. verapamil ddQTcF hysteresis loop plot

Verapamil Plasma Concentration Over Time

Verapamil Plasma Concentration (ng/ml)

Time (hours)

Legend

- 0 mg
- 120 mg

errorbars represent 90% CI

> Great thanks, can you update the legend label to instead say Treatment group and dofetilide and placebo instead of the doses?

Great thanks, can you update the legend label to instead say Treatment group and dofetilide and placebo instead of the doses?

I'll update the legend to show "Treatment group" as the title and "Placebo" and "Dofetilide" as the labels. Let me recreate the plot:

* Cerebrating... (esc to interrupt)
Tip: Open the Command Palette (Cmd+Shift+P) and run "Shell Command: Install 'code' command in PATH" to enable IDE integration

3 core building blocks of GenAI applications

1. Model Interface

- Managing LLM API calls

Model Interface



3 core building blocks of GenAI applications

1. Model Interface

- Managing LLM API calls

2. Context Handling

- Handling anything that goes into the LLM

Context
Handling

Model Interface

3 core building blocks of GenAI applications

1. Model Interface

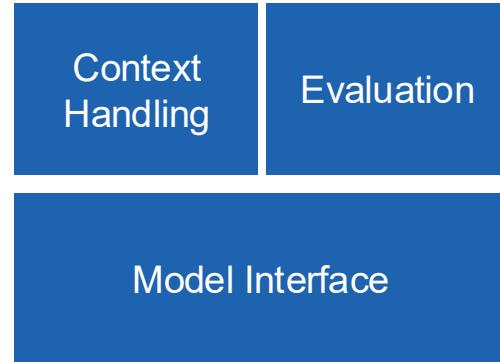
- Managing LLM API calls

2. Context Handling

- Handling anything that goes into the LLM

3. Evaluation

- Validating the results



3 core building blocks of GenAI applications

1. Model Interface

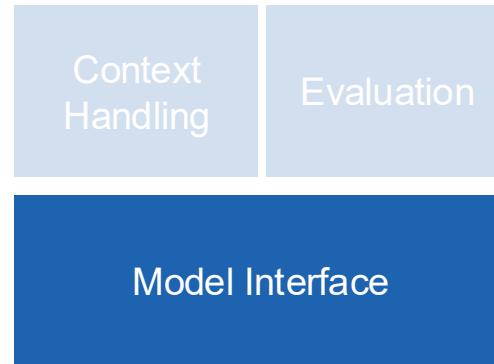
- Managing LLM API calls

2. Context Handling

- Handling anything that goes into the LLM

3. Evaluation

- Validating the results



Model Interface

You might like to ask an LLM a question in this way...

```
chat <- chat_anthropic(model = "claude-haiku-4-5-20251001")
chat$chat("How do I install dplyr?")
```

Model Interface

...but sending this question in raw HTTP actually looks like this

```
# a bare minimum LLM call
library(httr)
response <- request("https://api.anthropic.com/v1/messages") |>
  req_headers(
    "x-api-key" = Sys.getenv("ANTHROPIC_API_KEY"),
    "anthropic-version" = "2023-06-01"
  ) |>
  req_body_json(list(
    model = "claude-haiku-4-5-20251001",
    max_tokens = 1024,
    messages = list(list(role = "user", content = "How do I install dplyr?"))
  )) |>
  req_perform() |>
  resp_body_json()
```

Model Interface – client SDKs



http
calls

client
SDKs

Model Interface – SDK

Anthropic

USING THE API

Client SDKs

Python

TypeScript

Java

Go

C#

Ruby

PHP

Beta namespace in client SDKs

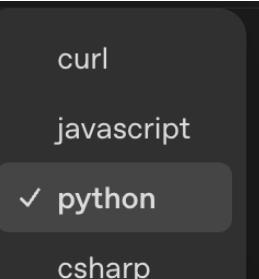


Where is R?

Model Interface – SDK

OpenAI

```
1 from openai import OpenAI      curl  
2  
3 client = OpenAI()  
4  
5 response = client.response()  
6     model="gpt-4.1",  
7     input="Tell me a three sentence bedtime st  
8 )  
9  
10 print(response)
```



Also no R...

Model Interface – SDK

Amazon Bedrock

[Documentation](#) > [Amazon Bedrock](#) > [User Guide](#)

Hello Amazon Bedrock

↓ PDF

↓ RSS



Focus mode

The following code examples show how to get started using Amazon Bedrock.

.NET

Go

JavaScript

Python

Swift

Still no R 😞

Model Interface – SDK

Amazon Bedrock

[Documentation](#) > [Amazon Bedrock](#) > [User Guide](#)

Hello Amazon Bedrock

↓ PDF

↓ RSS



Focus mode

The following code examples show how to get started using Amazon Bedrock.

.NET

Go

JavaScript

Python

Swift

but



Model Interface – pick a direction?



Model Interface – the answer for R



Supports Anthropic, OpenAI, AWS Bedrock, Gemini, etc.

0.3.2 (latest) released on 2025-09-03

0.1.0 released on 2025-01-09

Model Interface – ellmer

```
library(ellmer)
chat <- chat_anthropic(model = "claude-haiku-4-5-20251001")
chat$chat("How do I install dplyr?")
```

Model Interface – ecosystem evolution

						openai 1.59-1.61	openai 2.7.2	
Python	R					openai 1.59-1.61	anthropic 0.46-0.49	anthropic 0.72.0
					openai 1.56-1.58	anthropic 0.43-0.45	gptstudio 0.4.0	gptstudio 0.4.0
				openai 1.16-1.24	anthropic 0.22-0.25	gptstudio 0.4.0	litellm 1.60-1.61	litellm 1.79.3
			openai 0.27.8	anthropic 0.22-0.25	gptstudio 0.4.0	litellm 1.56-1.60	chattr 0.2.1	chattr 0.3.1
		openai 0.16	anthropic 0.3.x	gptstudio 0.3.0	litellm 1.34-1.35	chattr 0.2.1	chatlas 0.4.0	chatlas 0.13.2
	openai 0.14-0.15	anthropic 0.2.2	gptstudio 0.3.0	litellm 1.34-1.35	chattr 0.1.0	chatlas 0.3.0	ellmer 0.1.1	ellmer 0.3.2
openai 0.0.2	anthropic 0.2.2	gptstudio 0.1.0	litellm 0.1.0	chattr 0.1.0	chatlas 0.2.0	ellmer 0.1.0	paws* 0.8.0	paws* 0.9.0

→

2020-02

2023-02

2023-03

2023-07

2024-04

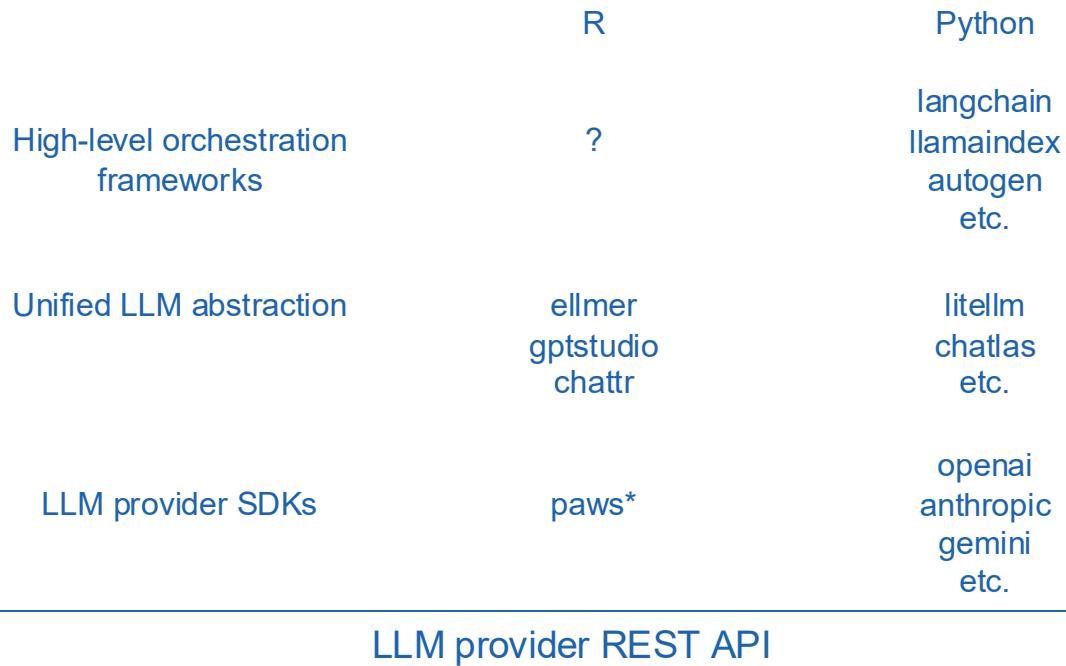
2024-12

2025-01

2025-02

2025-11

Model Interface – abstraction level



* Not only for LLM model interface

Model Interface – # of monthly downloads

Python
R

**monthly downloads
across all versions**

openai	128M
litellm	39M
anthropic	29M
chatlas	16.5k
ellmer	9.2k
paws*	4.1k
chattr	1.5k
gptstudio	1.1k

Numbers calculated using R library “cranlogs” and pypistats.org as of November 10, 2025

* Not only for LLM model interface

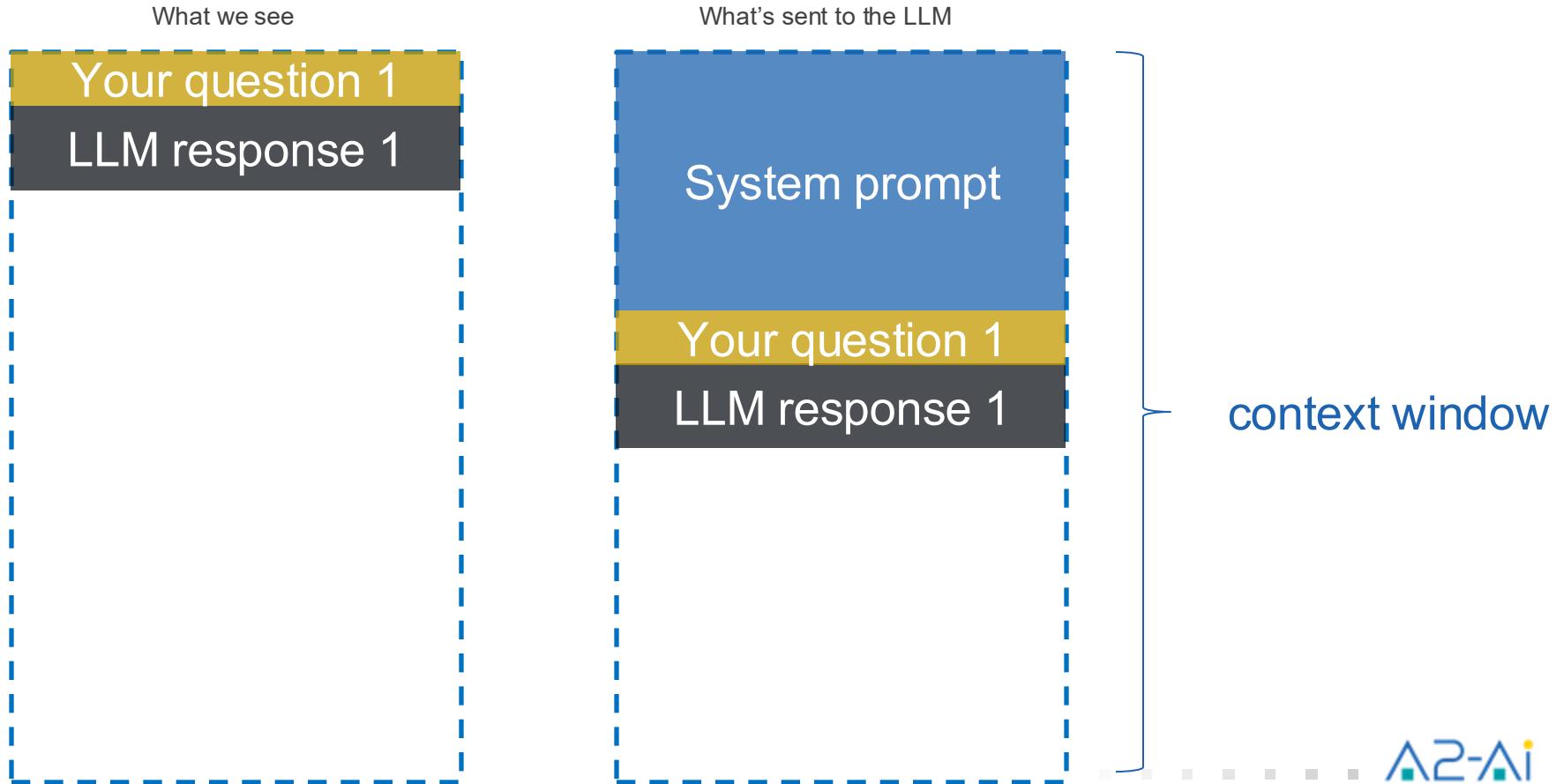
Model Interface – case study

Able to extend model interface using Python SDK

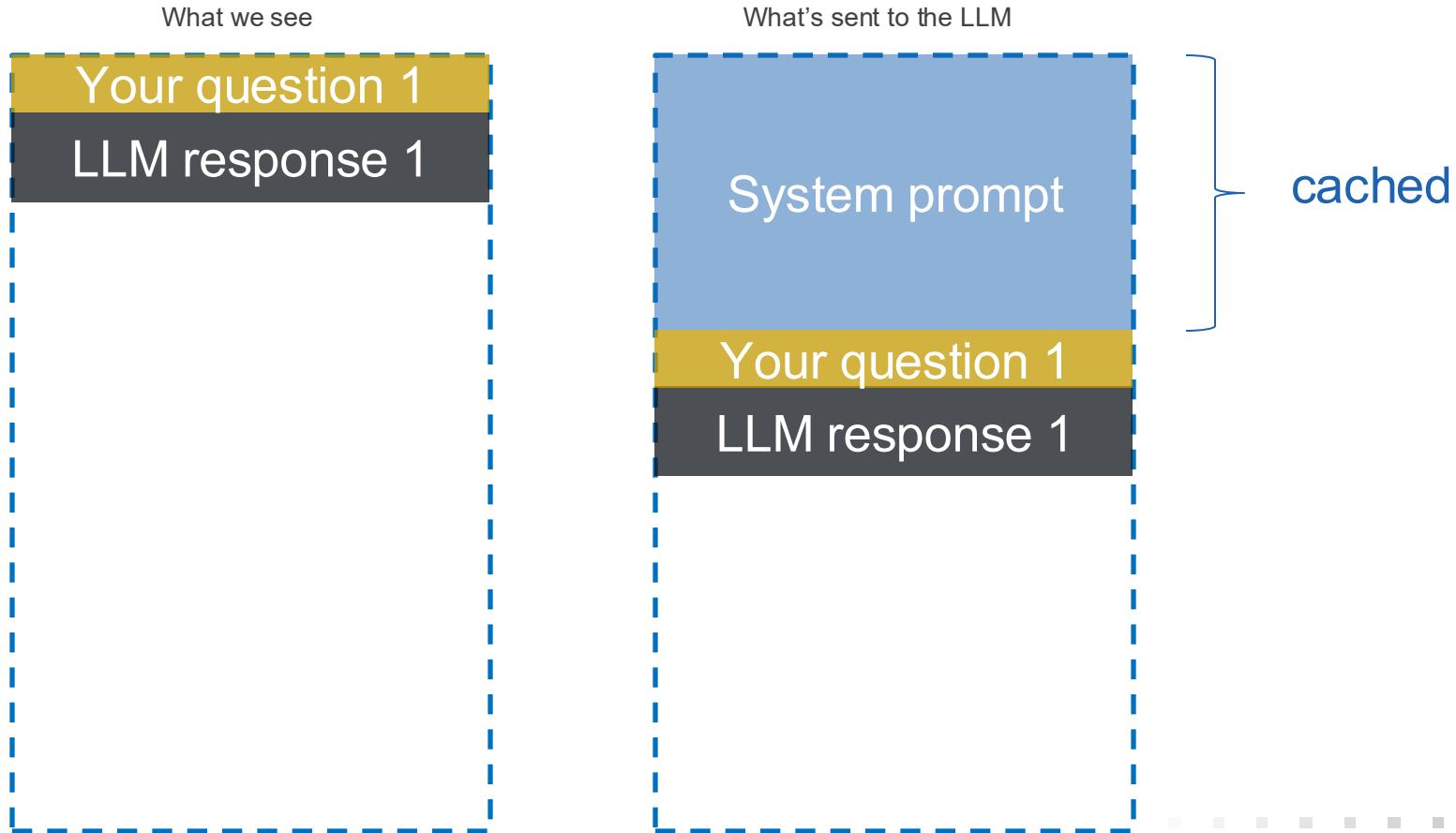
Need:

We need prompt caching to reduce costs in AWS Bedrock.

Context handling: what's in a context window?



Context handling: what's cached?



Model Interface – case study

Able to extend model interface using Python SDK

Need:

We need prompt caching to reduce costs in AWS Bedrock.

Challenge:

In September 2025, it was not part of the `chatlas` package for the Anthropic models that we used.

Model Interface – case study

Able to extend model interface using Python SDK

Need:

We need prompt caching to reduce costs in AWS Bedrock.

Challenge:

In September 2025, it was not part of the `chatlas` package for the Anthropic models that we used.

Solution:

We decided to add it to `chatlas` ourselves, because prompt caching was in the AWS Bedrock Python SDK.

Model Interface – REST API

Without the SDK, we would have to deal with raw HTTP directly

```
# a bare minimum LLM call
library(httr)
response <- request("https://api.anthropic.com/v1/messages") |>
  req_headers(
    "x-api-key" = Sys.getenv("ANTHROPIC_API_KEY"),
    "anthropic-version" = "2023-06-01"
  ) |>
  req_body_json(list(
    model = "claude-haiku-4-5-20251001",
    max_tokens = 1024,
    messages = list(list(role = "user", content = "How do I install dplyr?"))
  )) |>
  req_perform() |>
  resp_body_json()
```

Model Interface – adding a new feature

Able to extend model interface using Python SDK



xuf12 committed on Sep 24

Add prompt caching for Anthropic (including Bedrock) models

add-prompt-caching-bedrock-anthropic

```
chatlas/_provider_anthropic.py +147 -6 ...  
398 + def _get_system_content(self, system_text: str):  
399 +     """Get system content with optional caching."""  
400 +     if self._cache_system_prompt:  
401 +         # Build cache control with optional TTL  
402 +         cache_control = {"type": "ephemeral"}  
403 +         if self._cache_ttl:  
404 +             cache_control["ttl"] = self._cache_ttl  
405 +         # Return system content as a list with  
406 +         # cache_control  
407 +         return [  
408 +             {  
409 +                 "type": "text",  
410 +                 "text": system_text,  
411 +                 "cache_control": cache_control  
412 +             }  
]  
+147 -6 ...
```

chatlas/_provider_anthropic.py +147 -6 ...

@@ -74,6 +74,8 @@ def ChatAnthropic(
74 api_key: Optional[str] = None,
75 max_tokens: int = 4096,
76 kwargs: Optional["ChatClientArgs"] = None,
77) -> Chat["SubmitInputArgs", Message]:

74 api_key: Optional[str] = None,
75 max_tokens: int = 4096,
76 kwargs: Optional["ChatClientArgs"] = None,
77 + cache_system_prompt: bool = False,
78 + cache_ttl: Optional[Literal["5m", "1h"]] = None,
79) -> Chat["SubmitInputArgs", Message]:

3 core building blocks of GenAI applications

1. Model Interface

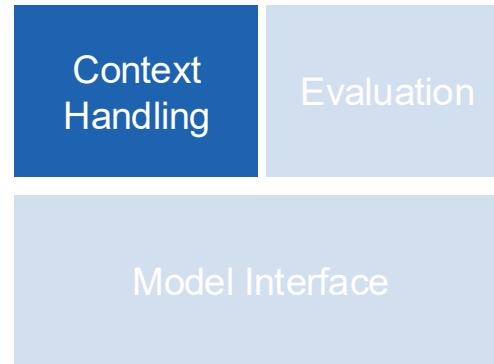
- Managing LLM API calls

2. Context Handling

- Handling anything that goes into the LLM

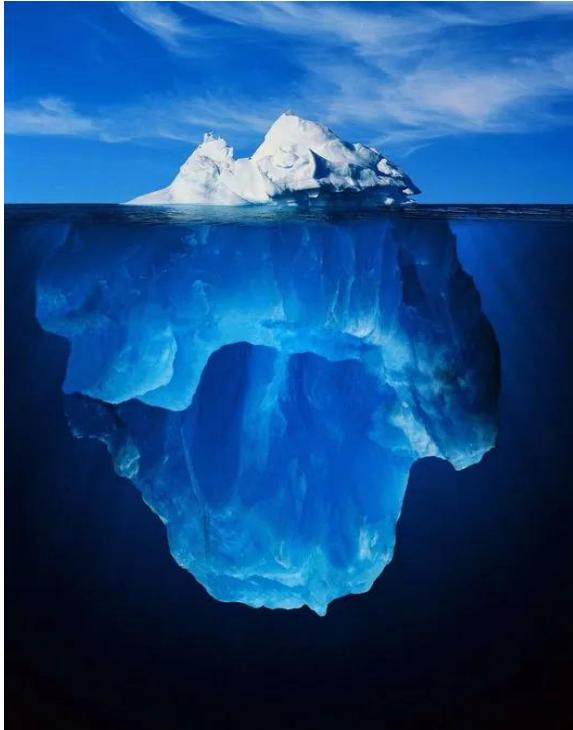
3. Evaluation

- Validating the results are as intended



Context handling

Example for a knowledge assistant app



← Submitting questions via model interface

all of the work to process
enterprise-specific documents and
code to share with the model

(requires additional tooling)

Context handling – pick a direction again?



Context handling

1. In R, start with `ellmer` and `btw`



Context handling

btw can use your R session as context



The screenshot shows an RStudio interface with the following details:

- Left Sidebar (Explorer):** Shows files in the project: .gitignore, .Renviron, .Rprofile, lilm-calls.qmd (selected), and README.md.
- Top Bar:** Includes tabs for SESSION, CONNECTIONS, HELP, VIEWER (selected), and CHAT, along with a URL bar set to http://127.0.0.1:7957/.
- Code Editor:** Displays R code from lilm-calls.qmd. The code uses the ellmer package to download cran logs and calculate monthly totals.
- Chat Interface:** Titled "Chat with {btw} tools". It includes a message from the AI: "what can you see in total?" and a response: "Looking at your R environment and project files, here's everything I can see: R Environment Objects (3 items):".
- Listed Objects:** A numbered list of objects found in the R environment:
 1. `df` - A data frame with 30 rows of ellmer package download data:
 - Dates: 2025-10-11 to 2025-11-09
 - Daily download counts: ranging from 125 to 556
 - All entries for package "ellmer"
 2. `monthly_total` - A numeric value of 9,259 (total downloads)
 3. `pkg` - A character string containing "ellmer"
- Project Files:** A section listing project files with their sizes: README.md (20 bytes).

Context handling

Options when required libraries don't exist in R

1. In R, start with `ellmer` and `btw`
2. When required libraries don't exist in R, try to use `reticulate` to call specific Python libraries and functions



Context handling

Options when required libraries don't exist in R



Key Steps

1. Document Processing

ragnar works with a wide variety of document types, using [MarkItDown](#) to convert content to Markdown.

[ragnar / R / ragnar-package.R](#)



```
9  v  .onLoad <- function(libname, pkgname) {  
10    Sys.setenv(RETICULATE_PYTHON = "managed")  
11    S7::methods_register()  
12    reticulate::py_require(c(  
13      # Pin onnxruntime until this is resolved:  
14      # https://github.com/microsoft/markitdown/issues/1266  
15      # New VC++ version requirement begins:  
16      # https://github.com/Microsoft/onnxruntime/releases/tag/v1.21.0  
17      if (is_windows()) "onnxruntime<=1.20.1",  
18      "markitdown[all]"  
19    ))
```

Context handling

For multilingual teams

1. In R, start with ellmer and btw
2. When required libraries don't exist in R, try to use reticulate to call specific Python libraries and functions
- 3*. Create REST APIs for existing R (plumber) or Python (FastAPI) tools



Context handling

For multilingual teams

1. In R, start with ellmer and btw
2. When required libraries don't exist in R, try to use reticulate to call specific Python libraries and functions
- 3*. Create REST APIs for existing R (plumber) or Python (FastAPI) tools
- 4*. Build a Model Context Protocol (MCP) server

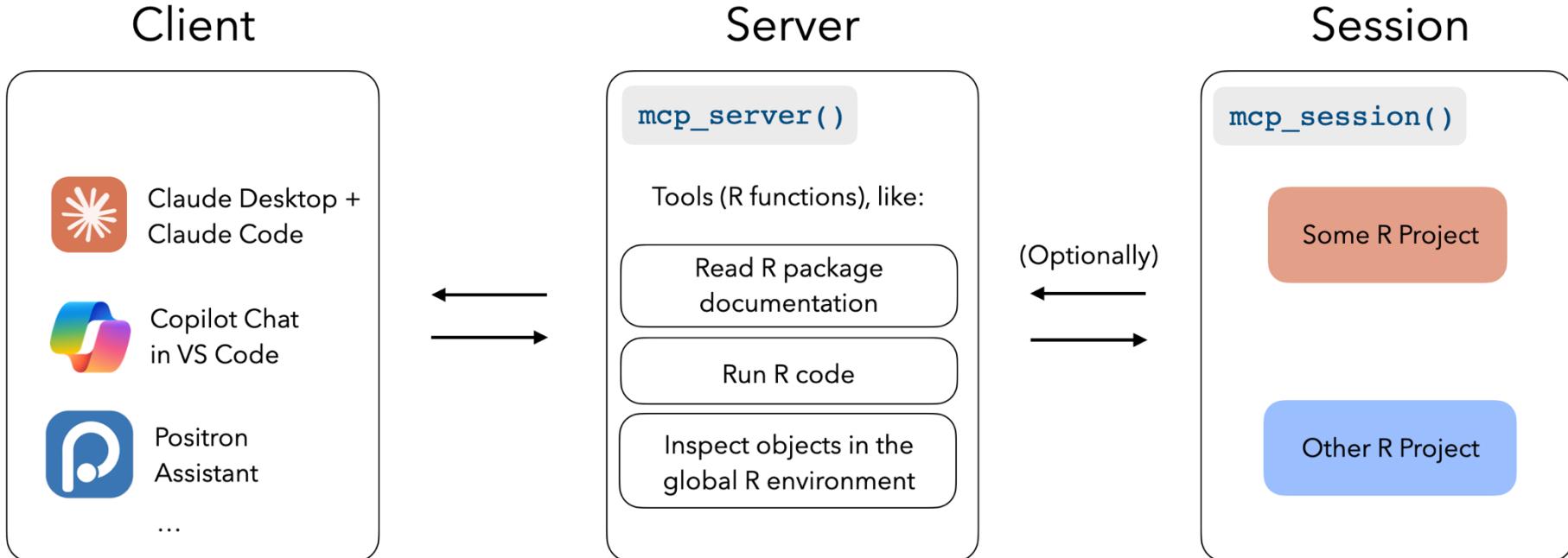


Model Context Protocol



Context handling

MCP enables language-agnostic calls to use functions



Context handling

Calling a Python MCP server in an R session to install an R package

The screenshot shows the RStudio interface with three main panes:

- Left pane (Explorer):** Shows the project structure with files like `R-AND-AI-TALK-PREP.Rproj`, `mcp-rv.qmd`, and `rprofile`.
- Middle pane (Code Editor):** Displays the `rproject.toml` configuration file. A portion of the file is highlighted, showing the addition of a repository for `dplyr`:

```
specifically require a dependency to come from a certain
repository.
7 # Example: { alias = "PPM", url = "https://packagemanager.
posit.com/cran/latest" },
8 repositories = [
9   { alias = "PPM", url = "https://packagemanager.rstudio.
com/cran/latest" },
10 ]
11
12 # A list of packages to install and any additional
13 # configuration
14 # Examples:
15 #   # dplyr,
16 #   # { name = "dplyr", repository = "CRAN" },
17 #   # { name = "dplyr", git = "https://github.com/tidyverse/
dplyr.git", tag = "v1.1.4" },
18 dependencies = [
19   "dplyr",
20 ]
```
- Bottom pane (Terminal):** Shows the terminal output of running the `rprofile` script:

```
dplyr added and loaded successfully after calling
the functions in the MCP server

Error in `library()`:
! there is no package called 'dplyr'
Show Traceback

> library(dplyr)
> library(elmer)
> library(mcptools)
> chat <- chat_anthropic(model = "claude-haiku-4-5-20251001")
> chatsSetTools(mcp_tools())
> chatsChat(paste("Set working directory to", getwd()))
> chatsChat("Can you add dplyr and use PPM as the repo if not set")
> toolCall("set_working_directory", directory = "/Users/xufei/project/A2-AI/r-and-ai-talk-prep")
#> {"jsonrpc":2.0,"id":3,"result":{"content":[{"type":"text","text":"Working directory set to: /Users/xufei/project/A2-AI/r-and-ai-talk-prep"}],"isError":false}
Perfect! I've set the working directory to '/Users/xufei/project/A2-AI/r-and-ai-talk-prep'. This directory will now be used as the default for RV operations.
> toolCall("add_repository", alias = "PPM", url = "https://packagemanager.rstudio.com/cran/latest")
#> {"jsonrpc":2.0,"id":4,"result":{"content":[],"isError":false}
> toolCall("add_package", name = "dplyr")
#> {"jsonrpc":2.0,"id":5,"result":{"content":[],"isError":false}
Great! I've successfully:
1. Added PPM (Posit Package Manager) as a repository with the alias "PPM"
2. Added "dplyr" as a dependency to your project

Both operations completed successfully. Your project is now set up with PPM as the repository and dplyr is ready to be used.
> library(dplyr)

Attaching package: 'dplyr'

The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
```

A large callout box highlights the message "dplyr added and loaded successfully after calling the functions in the MCP server".

The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook interface with several open files and tabs.

EXPLORER tab is selected, showing the project structure:

- R-AND-AI-TALK-PREP
- > Rproj.user
- > rv
- & ignore
- .Renviron
- Rhistory
- .Rprofile
- llm-calls.qmd
- mcp-rv.qmd
- r-and-ai-talk-pr...
- README.md
- rproject.toml

mcp-rv.qmd tab is active, displaying the following code:

```
1 ---  
2 title: "mcp"  
3 format: html  
4 ---  
5  
6 `r`  
7 library(elmer)  
8 library(mcptools)  
9 chat <chat_anthropic(model = "claude-haiku-4-5-20251001")  
10 chats$set_tools(mcp_tools())  
11 chats$chat(paste("Set working directory to", getwd()))  
12 chats$chat("Can you add dplyr and use PPM as the repo if not set?")  
13 `r`  
14  
15 `r`  
16 library(dplyr)  
17  
18  
19
```

rproject.toml tab is active, displaying the following configuration file:

```
1 rproject.toml  
2 specifically require a dependency to come from a certain repository.  
3 # Example: { alias = "PPM", url = "https://packagemanager.  
4 posit.co/cran/latest" },  
5 repositories = [  
6 ]  
7  
8 # A list of packages to install and any additional configuration  
9 # Examples:  
10 # "dplyr",  
11 # {name = "dplyr", repository = "CRAN"},  
12 # {name = "dplyr", git = "https://github.com/tidyverse/  
13 dplyr.git", tag = "v1.4"},  
14 dependencies = [  
15 ]  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20
```

config.json tab is active, displaying the following JSON configuration:

```
1 config.json  
2 Users > xufei > .config > mcptools > config.json > ...  
3 {  
4   "mcpServers": {  
5     "rv": {  
6       "command": "/Users/xufei/.local/bin/rv",  
7       "args": [  
8         "--directory",  
9         "/Users/xufei/project/A2-Ai/mcp/rv",  
10        "run",  
11        "rv.py"  
12      ]  
13    }  
14  }  
15 }
```

CONSOLE tab is active, showing the command:

```
~/project/A2-Ai/r-and-ai-talk-prep
```

OUTPUT, **PORTS**, and **DEBUG CONSOLE** tabs are also visible at the bottom.

3 core building blocks of GenAI applications

1. Model Interface

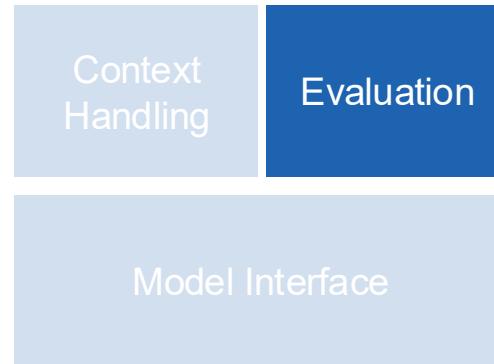
- Managing LLM API calls

2. Context Handling

- Handling anything that goes into the LLM

3. Evaluation

- Validating the results



Evaluation

Does the application *systematically* output desired results?

Evaluation

Systematically track inputs, outputs, and correct target responses

< ⌂ > logs > 20250703_145223 > rv > rv_v070_20250630 > 2025-07-03T14-52-24+00-00_rv-v070-20250630_3fxX2tYqYozsX8yNGmYc6D.json					ACCURACY	STDERR
rv_v070_20250630 anthropic/bedrock/us.anthropic.claude-3-7-sonnet-20250219-v1:0					0.846	0.067
2025-07-03T14-52-24+00-00_rv-v070-20250630_3fxX2tYqYozsX8yNGmYc6D					DURATION	
DATASET rv_qna — 13 samples SCORER model_graded_qa CONFIG temperature: 0, cache_prompt: true, system: ../prompts/rv_v070_20250630.md, grader: ../prompts/rv_scorer_20250630.md, data_path:/data/rv_qna.csv, task_name: rv_v070_20250630					48.0 sec	
SAMPLES	TASK	MODELS	INFO	JSON	FILTER: <input type="text"/>	
ID	INPUT	TARGET		ANSWER	SCORE	
1	I am migrating to rv - a lot of my packages are from RSPM - is this okay? repositories = [...]	Important: For A2-AI internal packages, always use PRISM. Your configuration looks good for migration, but you should add PRISM as the last repository in your list:...		Important: For A2-AI internal packages, PRISM should be your primary repository source. Your current configuration doesn't include PRISM, which is recommended for better reproducibility and access to intern...	C	
2	renv.lock was migrated to rproject.toml with 2 unresolved packages: scicalc could not be resolved due to:...	Since scicalc and slurmtools are A2-AI internal packages, the version doesn't matter. Simply add them to your dependencies without version specifications:...		Important: Since these are A2-AI internal packages, you don't need to worry about the specific version numbers. For internal packages, RV can use the latest available version....	C	
6	My rv.lock file got edited during a merge of branches. Now I get this error when running rv commands at is is preventing me from...	Important: I need to see your lockfile to help properly. This is most likely a result of a merge overwrite that caused the log4r package to be deleted....		Lockfile Error: Missing Dependencies Warning: Do not delete your rv.lock file! This is a common issue that happens during Git merges, and there's a proper way to fix it....	P	

Inspect

An open-source framework for large language model evaluations

Evaluation – option in R



Takeaways



1. Today's R GenAI ecosystem is robust enough to do a lot
2. Start building now and refine your requirements as you prototype
3. Bridge strategically if R gaps emerge
(reticulate, REST APIs, MCP servers)



- ← model interfaces
- ← some use cases may require more
(context handling, evaluation...)