

Customer Ratings Prediction

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• YELP• Sentiment Analysis •

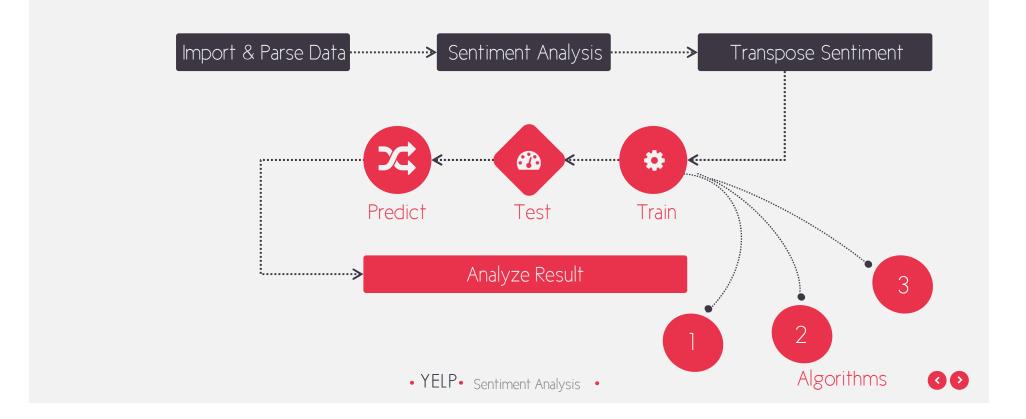


Project Overview

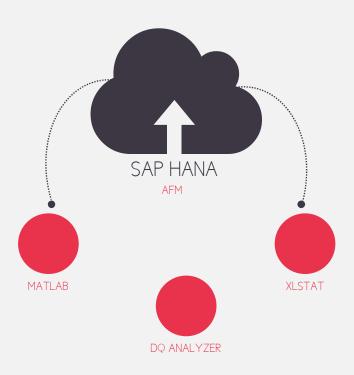
Objective: To build a model to help predict the star ratings a business is likely to receive based upon previous customer written reviews while taking into account differences observed within the data corpus for different geographies.



Workflow



Tools



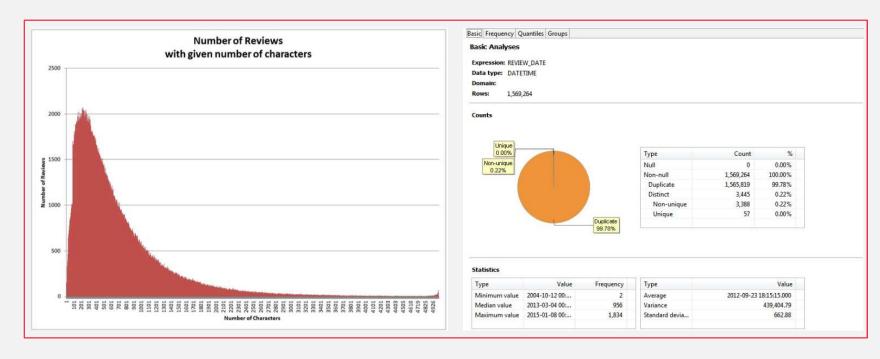
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Preliminary Analysis



Data Profiling





Distribution of Star ratings based on All reviews

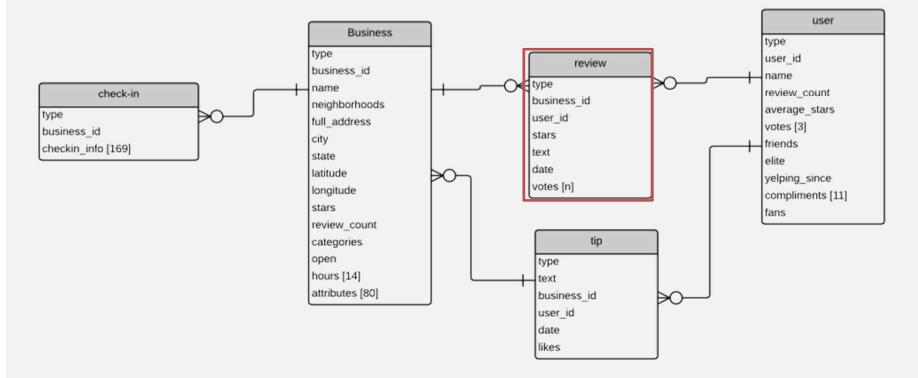
CLUSTER	ONE_STAR	TWO_STAR	THREE_STAR	FOUR_STAR	FIVE_STAR
URBANA-CHAMPAIGN	0.07%	0.08%	0.12%	0.23%	0.27%
KARLSRUHE	0.01%	0.02%	0.03%	0.05%	0.06%
EDINBURGH	0.05%	0.11%	0.31%	0.64%	0.41%
LAS VEGAS	4.62%	3.97%	6.37%	12.51%	15.83%
MONTREAL	0.20%	0.25%	0.51%	1.16%	1.04%
WATERLOO	0.02%	0.02%	0.03%	0.06%	0.05%
CHARLOTTE	0.54%	0.58%	1.04%	2.14%	1.969
PHOENIX	4.13%	3.27%	4.69%	10.68%	14.91%
MADISON	0.22%	0.27%	0.42%	0.91%	0.96%
PITTSBURGH	0.32%	0.40%	0.67%	1.37%	1.459



Subset for Training and Test Data we used



Yelp ERD



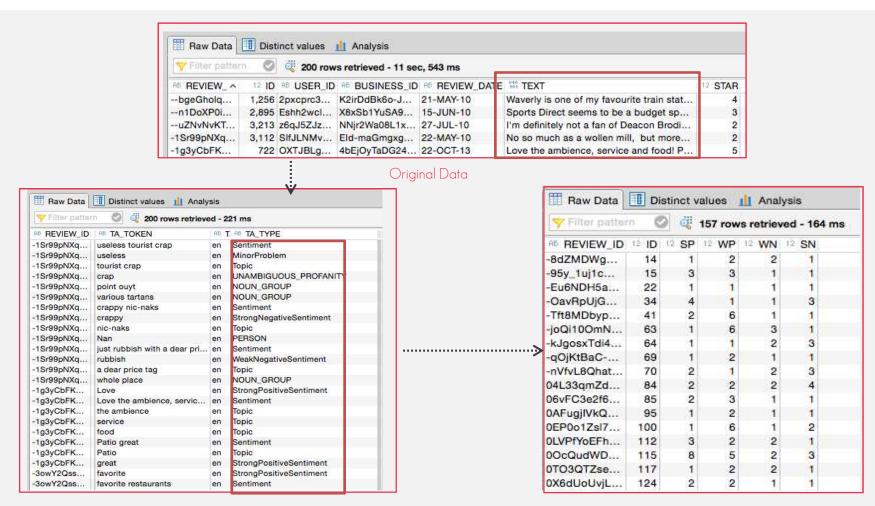
Yelp Review Table

Review _ id	ld	Use <u>r</u> id	Business _id	Review data	Text	Stars
ae3udsjd	1	ejfjdsfs	widsjfqak	21-MAY-11	Awesome Place to Eat	5
djeualdda	2	fswowew	sjfajqwhaa	1-JAN-10	Good Service	4
eienfįsįs	3	ssdsdsfa	qjqdooma	21-JUN-11	l like it	3
eeeerwr4	4	sdqdqdq	ifnafuqdqd	8-FEB-14	Not good	2
ddfoejd	5	seqeqr	dadkanda	17-AUG-13	Worst place ever	1



Sentiment Analysis



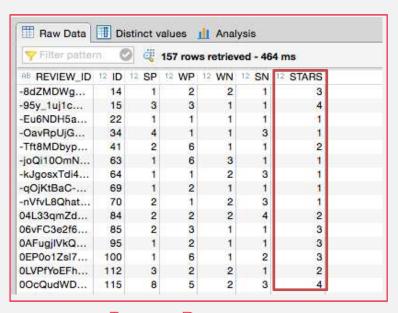


Sentiment Analysis

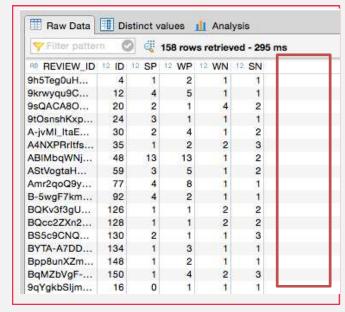
Transposed And Counted



Training & Test Dataset







Training Data



Test Data

Subset for Training and Test Data we used



Algorithms



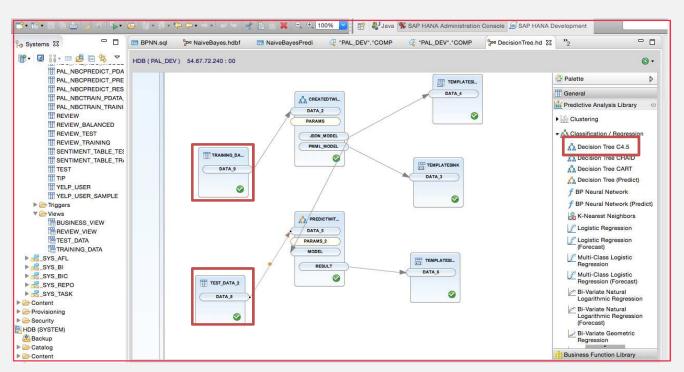




NAÏVE BAYES NEURAL NETWORK



Application Function Modeler (AFM)



Separate AFM models for each Algorithm.

• YELP • Sentiment Analysis •

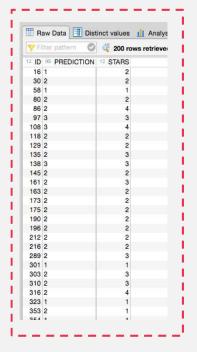


Result Analysis

Confusion Matrix , Roc Curve & Percent Off Diagonal



Results

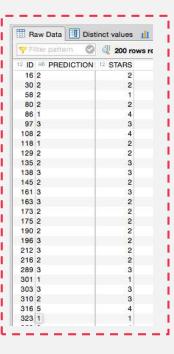












Naïve Bayes

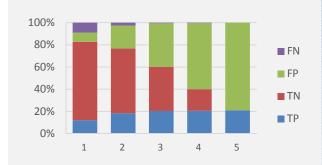
Neural Network

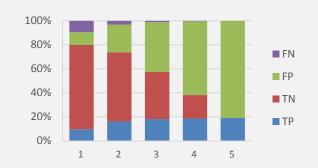
Decision Tree

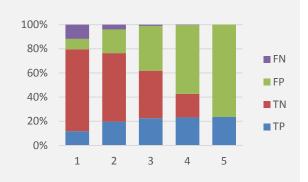




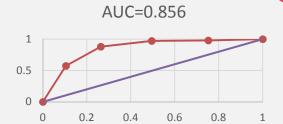
Results All Cities



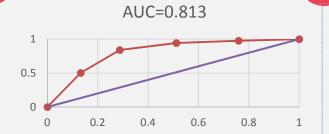




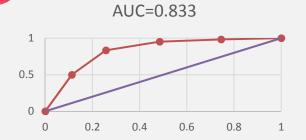
Naïve Bayes



Neural Network

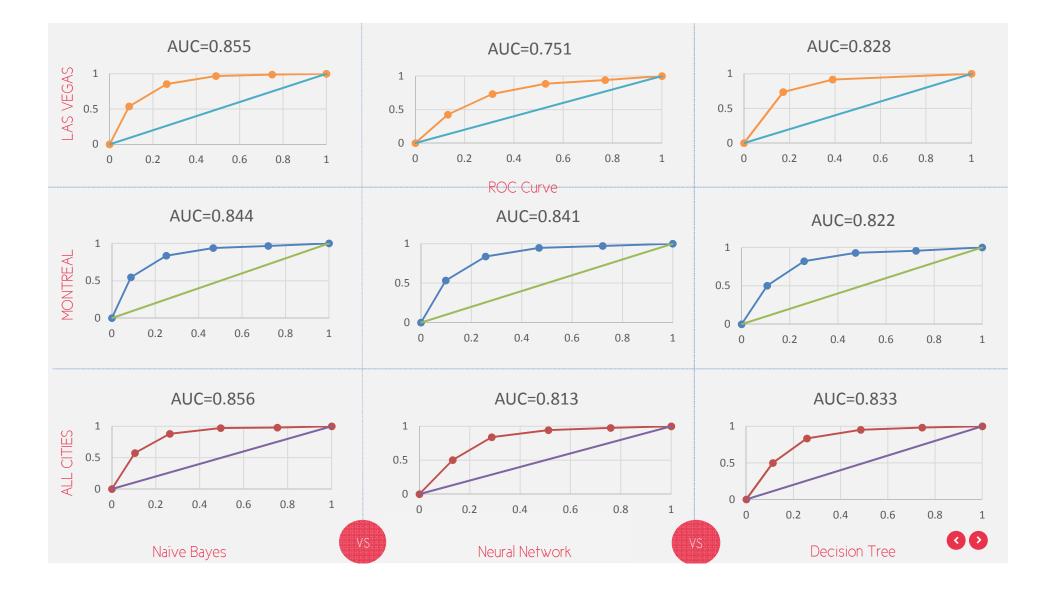


Decision Tree









Average AUC



All Naïve Bayes



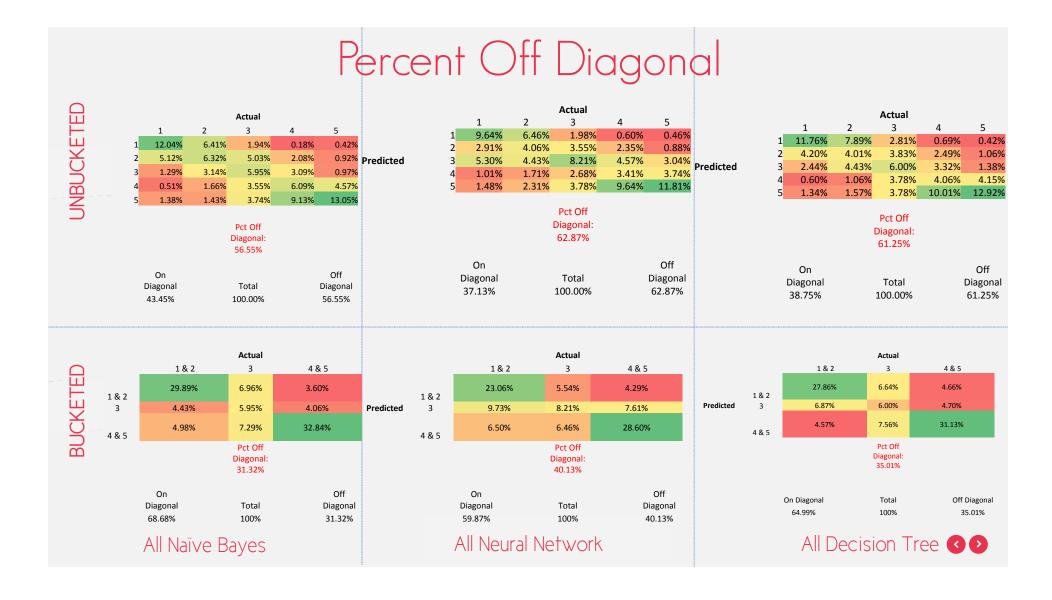
All Neural Network



All Decision Tree

All Cities and All Samples Tested.





Challenges

- Pre-processing the data before importing into SAP.
- Handling the Skew of the data
- Tool learning curve (AFM, Python, XLSTAT)
- Focusing on a specific problem.



Conclusion

- Naïve Bayes performed best because it allows each attribute to contribute equally towards the final decision.
- Predication accuracy for different geographic location were consistent because we used the same configuration file /dictionary to perform our text analysis.
- Binning the predictions 1-2, 3 ,4-5 gave us the best result.





Thanks and Ouestions

