

An analysis of existing utility-scale wind & solar projects across the Continental United States.

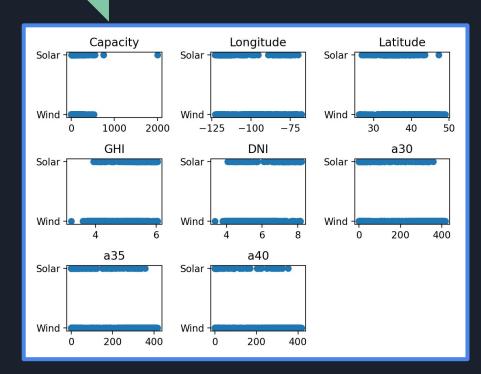
Overview

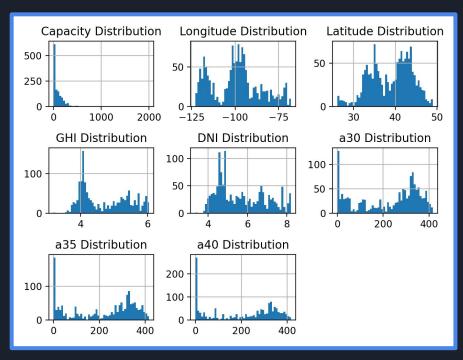
- This project seeks to analyze utility scale renewable projects (i.e. wind farms and solar farms) and seeks to answer the following questions:
- Are the current locations of these projects efficient?
 - a. Are local measures of wind/solar potential good predictors for the presence of a solar vs a wind project for a given area?
- How accurate of a classifier can be built taking into account the current locations of utility scale solar and wind projects?
 - a. If an accurate classifier can be built using solar/wind potential as inputs, then we can surmise that the current locations of these projects are, at the very least, sensible.
 - b. If an accurate classifier cannot be built, then it is worth exploring whether federal, state, and local governments should re-evaluate their policies when building/facilitating utility scale projects in their region.

Data

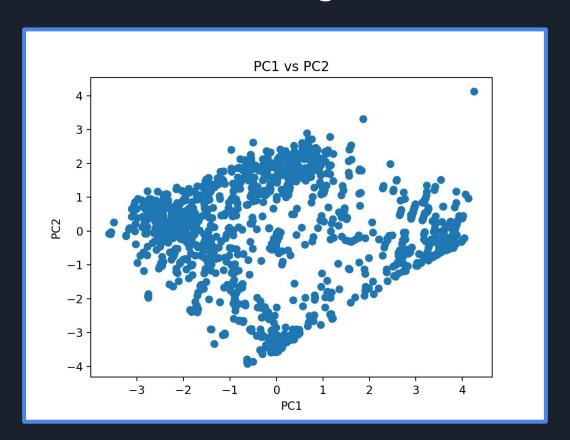
- Features:
 - Longitude/Latitude (continental U.S.)
 - Local Solar Potential
 - DNI (Direct Normal Irradiance) Watts per square meter = Power/m^2
 - GHI (Global Horizontal Irradiance) Watts per square meter = Power/m^2
 - Granularity: Measurements accurate to within ~240 sq miles
 - Local Wind Potential
 - Potential Installed Capacity (Megawatts)
 - a40, a35,a30
 - Granularity: Measurements accurate to within ~600 sq miles
 - Project Capacity (MegaWatts)
 - \circ p = 8
 - \circ n = 2009 (70% Used for training, 30% for testing)
- Supervisor
 - Type of project: 2 classes
 - Solar
 - Wind

EDA: First Impressions

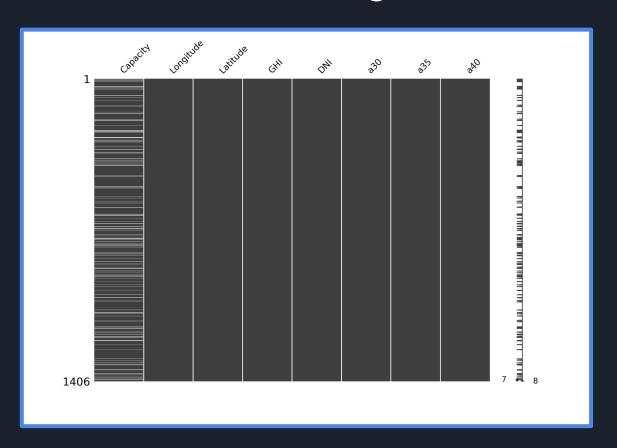




EDA: Screening For Outliers

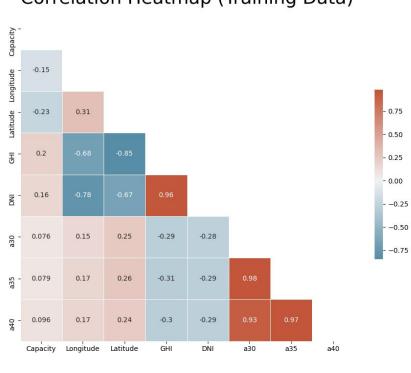


EDA: Missing Data

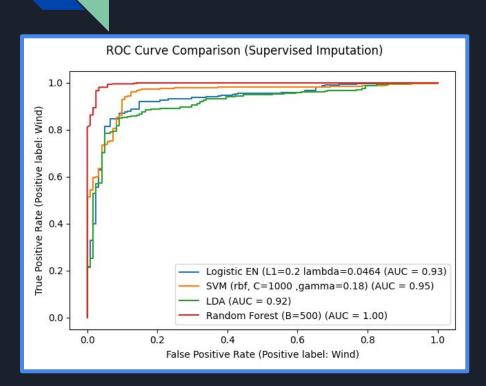


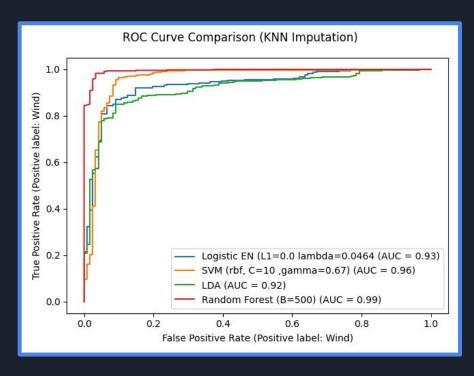
EDA: Correlation Structure



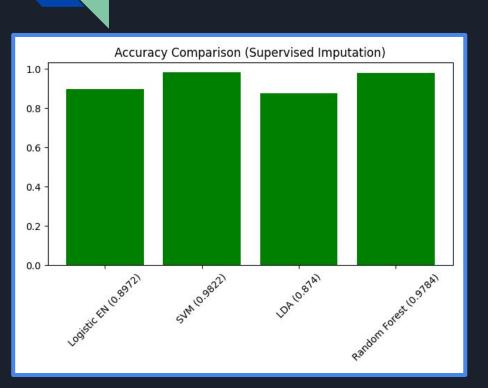


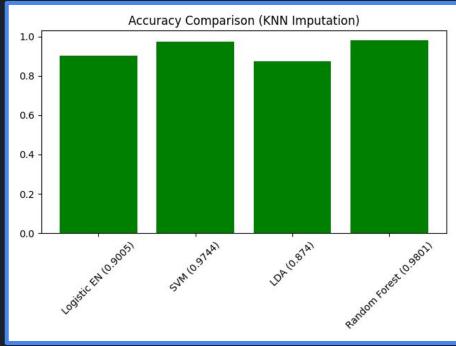
Modeling: ROC Curves



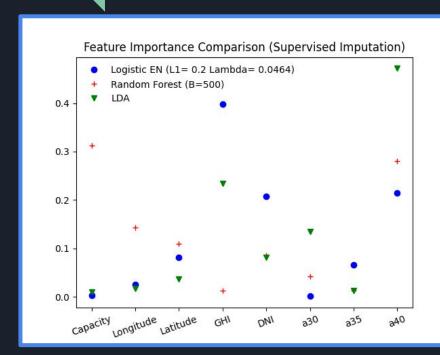


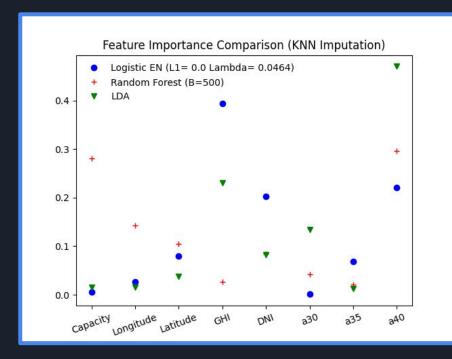
Modeling: Test Set Performance

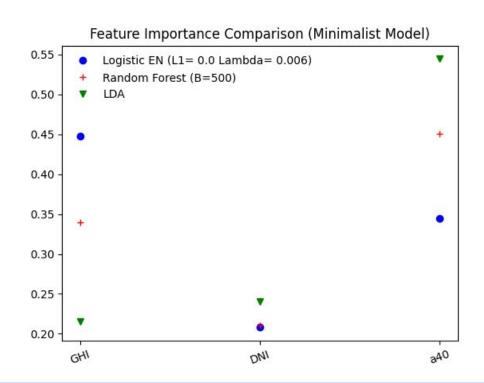


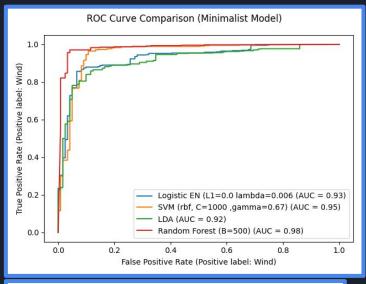


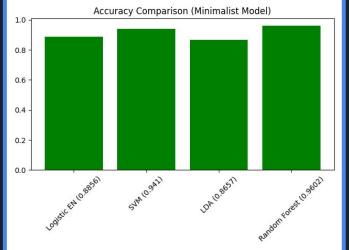
Modeling: Feature Importance

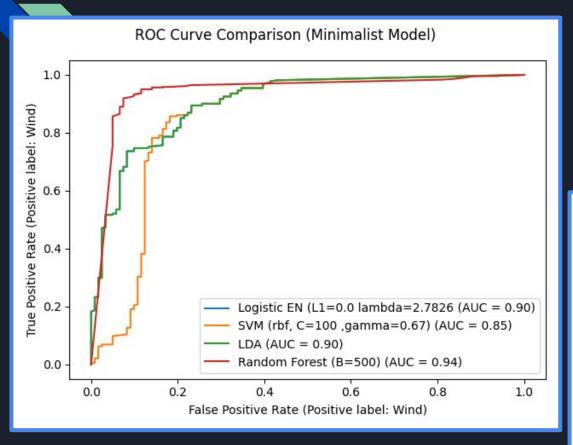


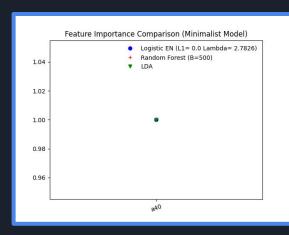


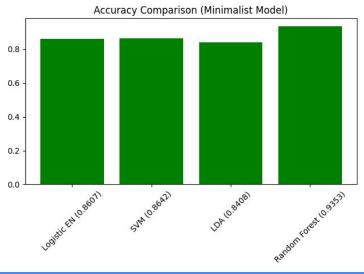












Lessons Learned

1. Plan better

- a. The initial idea of the project was nice, but I should have made sure that all of the data existed in an accessible format prior to starting
- b. Ended up facing a lot of file format hurdles, as well as compromising on which features to use.

Data detail

- a. Data can go through a LOT of manipulation before entering a model, even for a small project like this.
- b. I didn't realize that the granularity of my wind/solar potential was that big until just yesterday.
- 3. Utility scale projects do appear to be in efficient locations
 - a. Some limitations due to class imbalance, but measures of wind potential (a40) and solar potential (DNI, GHI) are some of the best predictors

Biggest Challenge

- Getting the dataset together:
 - Solar Farms names and addresses were scraped from a website
 - Queried a lat/long coordinate for each farm
 - Match up solar/wind potential numbers with solar and wind farms
 - Lot of data cleaning to make sure all values were in the same format
- 80-90% of time on this project was spent:
 - Learning the necessary Python code
 - Collecting and cleaning the data

If I had to do it over...

- Spend more time ironing out my scientific question
- Plan better
 - Verify all data and data sources before beginning
- Look into measures to account for class imbalance

Thank You So Much!!!

636 and 656 were easily in my top 3 favorite classes in this program :)