# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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# NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 6\_CY

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 40 Marks Obtained : 40

Section 1: Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

A shopkeeper is recording the daily sales of an item for N days, where the price of the item remains the same for all days. Write a program to calculate the total sales for each day and save them in a file named sales.txt that can store the data for a maximum of 30 days. Then, read the file and display the total earnings for each day.

Note: Total Earnings for each day = Number of Items sold in that day × Price of the item.

# Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the number of days.

The second line of input consists of N space-separated integers representing the

number of items sold each day.

The third line of input consists of an integer M, representing the price of the item that is common for all N days.

#### **Output Format**

If the number of days entered exceeds 30 (N > 30), the output prints "Exceeding limit!" and terminates.

Otherwise, the code reads the contents of the file and displays the total earnings for each day on separate lines.

Contents of the file: The total earnings for N days, with each day's earnings appearing on a separate line.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

# Sample Test Case

```
Input: 4
510.50
20.6
Output: 100
200
100
0
Answer
n = int(input())
if n > 30:
  print("Exceeding limit!")
else:
  items = [int(i) for i in input().strip().split()]
  m = int(input())
  items = list(map(lambda x: x * m, items))
  with open("sales.txt", "w") as f:
```

[f.write(f"{i}\n") for i in items]
with open("sales.txt", "r") as f:
[print(i[:-1]) for i in f.readlines()]

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 2. Problem Statement

Bob, a data analyst, requires a program to automate the process of analyzing character frequency in a given text. This program should allow the user to input a string, calculate the frequency of each character within the text, save these character frequencies to a file named "char\_frequency.txt," and display the results.

# Input Format

The input consists of the string.

#### **Output Format**

The first line prints "Character Frequencies:".

The following lines print the character frequency in the format: "X: Y" where X is the character and Y is the count.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

# Sample Test Case

Input: aaabbbccc

**Output: Character Frequencies:** 

a: 3

b: 3

c: 3

#### Answer

s = input() freq = {} for c in s:

```
if not c in freq:
    freq[c] = 1
else:
    freq[c] += 1
with open("char_frequency.txt", "w") as f:
    for k, v in freq.items():
        f.write(f"{k}: {v}\n")
print("Character Frequencies:")
print(open("char_frequency.txt", "r").read())
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

### 3. Problem Statement

Write a program to read the Register Number and Mobile Number of a student. Create user-defined exception and handle the following:

If the Register Number does not contain exactly 9 characters in the specified format(2 numbers followed by 3 characters followed by 4 numbers) or if the Mobile Number does not contain exactly 10 characters, throw an IllegalArgumentException. If the Mobile Number contains any character other than a digit, raise a NumberFormatException. If the Register Number contains any character other than digits and alphabets, throw a NoSuchElementException. If they are valid, print the message 'valid' or else print an Invalid message.

# **Input Format**

The first line of the input consists of a string representing the Register number.

The second line of the input consists of a string representing the Mobile number.

# **Output Format**

The output should display any one of the following messages:

If both numbers are valid, print "Valid".

If an exception is raised, print "Invalid with exception message: ", followed by the specific exception message.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications. Sample Test Case Input: 19ABC1001 9949596920 Output: Valid Answer class IAL(Exception): pass class NFE(Exception): pass class NSEE(Exception): pass def val\_rn(rn): if len(rn) != 9: raise IAL("Register Number should have exactly 9 characters.") if not (rn[:2].isdigit() and rn[2:5].isalpha() and rn[5:].isdigit()): raise IAL("Register Number should have the \ format: 2 numbers, 3 characters, and 4 numbers.") if not rn.isalnum(): raise NSEE("Register Number should only contain digits and alphabets.") def val\_mn(mn): () if len(mn) != 10: raise IAL("Mobile Number should have exactly 10 characters.") if not mn.isdigit(): raise NFE("Mobile Number should only contain digits.") try: rn = input().strip() mn = input().strip() val\_rn(rn) val\_mn(mn)

print("Valid")

except Exception as e:

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 4. Problem Statement

Write a program to obtain the start time and end time for the stage event show. If the user enters a different format other than specified, an exception occurs and the program is interrupted. To avoid that, handle the exception and prompt the user to enter the right format as specified.

Start time and end time should be in the format 'YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS'If the input is in the above format, print the start time and end time.If the input does not follow the above format, print "Event time is not in the format"

#### Input Format

The first line of input consists of the start time of the event.

The second line of the input consists of the end time of the event.

# **Output Format**

If the input is in the given format, print the start time and end time.

If the input does not follow the given format, print "Event time is not in the format".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

# Sample Test Case

Input: 2022-01-12 06:10:00

2022-02-12 10:10:12

Output: 2022-01-12 06:10:00

2022-02-12 10:10:12

#### Answer

from datetime import datetime

```
def vet(d):
    try:
        datetime.strptime(d, "%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S")
        return True
    except ValueError:
        return False

st = input().strip()
    et = input().strip()

if vet(st) and vet(et):
    print(st)
    print(et)
    else:
    print("Event time is not in the format")

Status: Correct

Marks: 10/10
```

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