

# Capacitor

## (\*) Energy analysis in Capacitive Ckt: →

⇒ General result

$$W_{\text{battery}} + W_{\text{ext agent}} = \Delta U + \text{heat} \quad **$$

$(V_b = \text{Potential of battery})$   $W_{\text{battery}} = \Delta q \cdot V_b$

$$\Delta U = U_f - U_i$$

$U_f \rightarrow$  Final P.E Stored in Capacitor

$U_i \rightarrow$  Initial P.E stored in Capacitor

$$\Delta q = (q_f - q_i)$$

if  $(q_f < q_i) \Rightarrow \Delta q \rightarrow (-ve)$

$\Rightarrow$  (Work done on the battery)

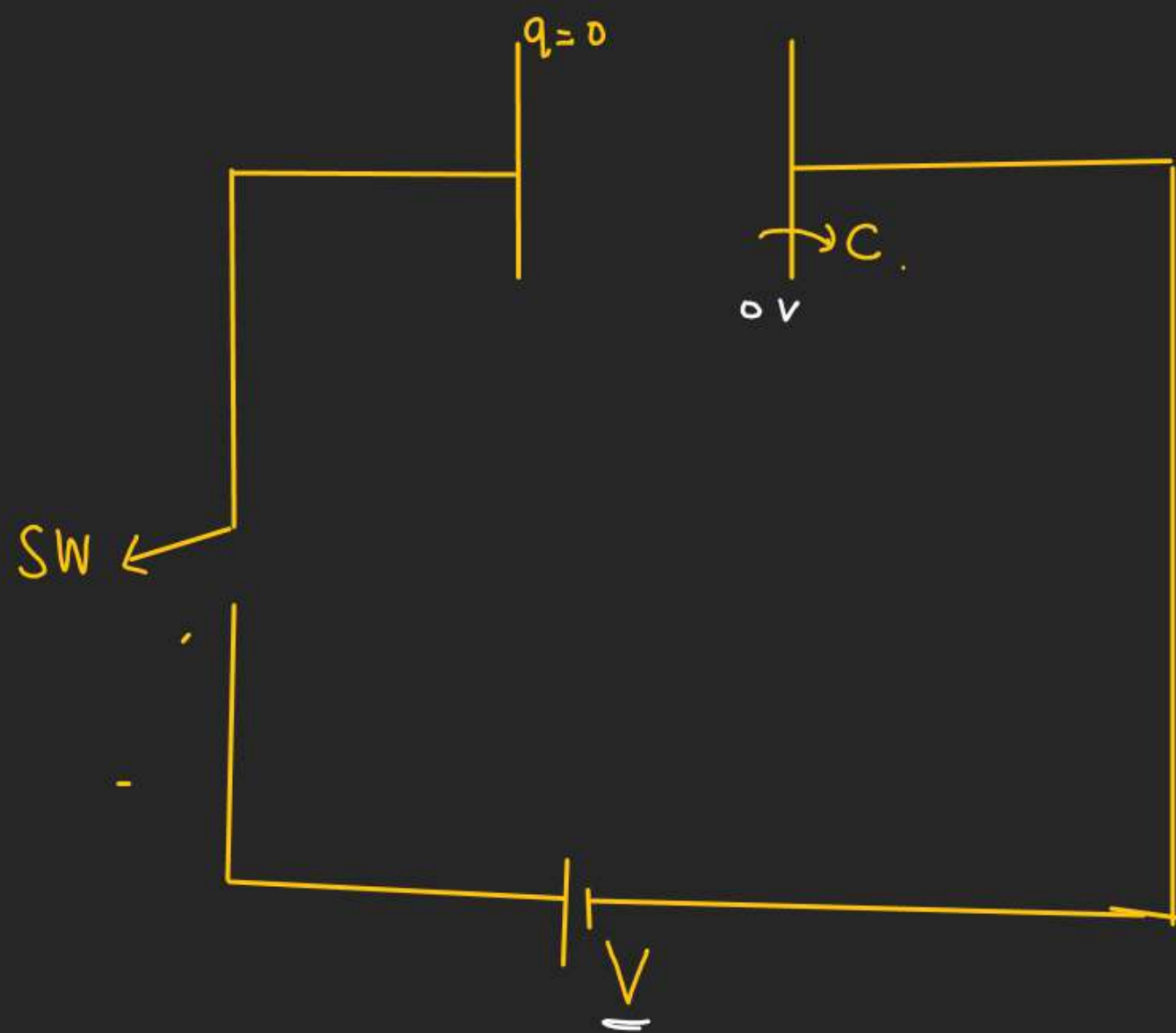
$q_f$

$q_f > q_i \Rightarrow \Delta q \rightarrow +ve$

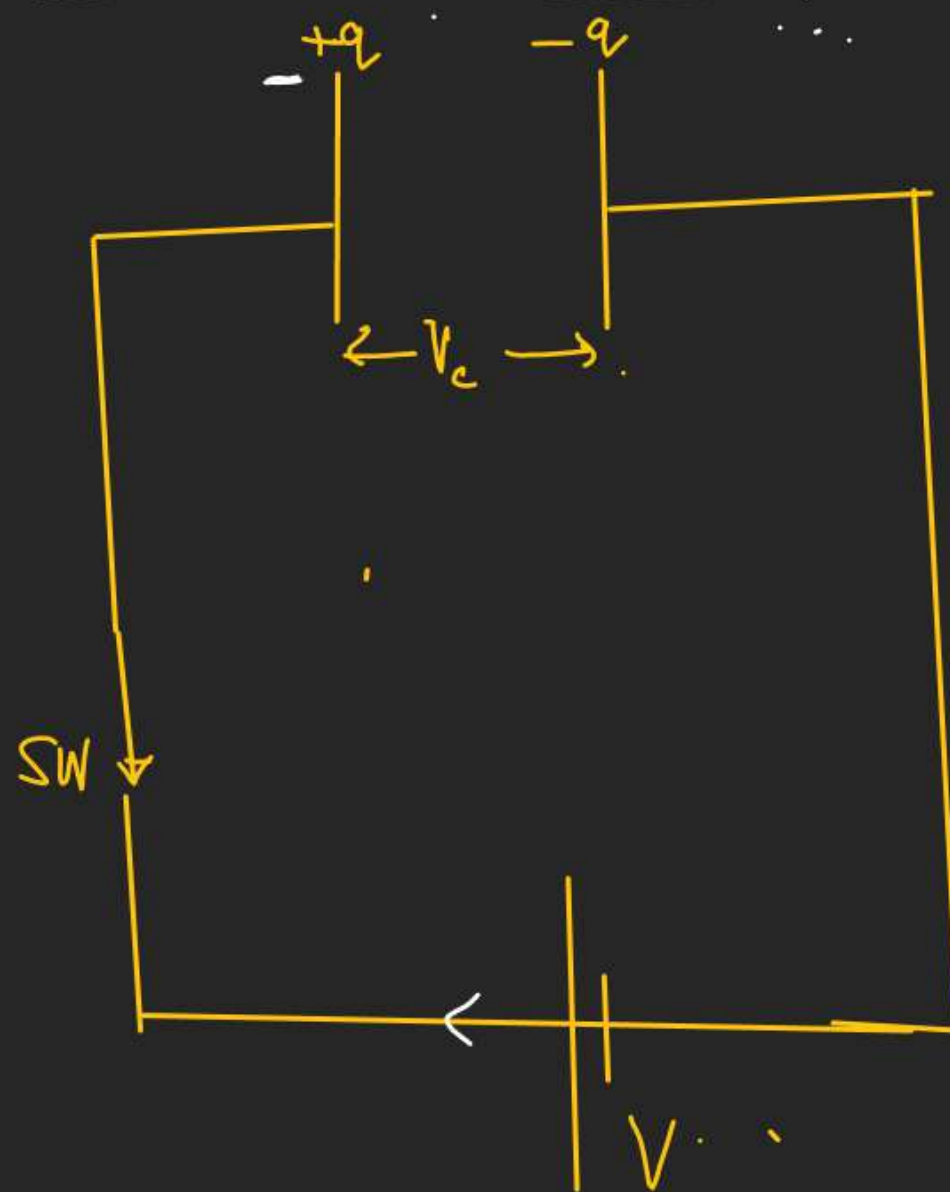
$\Rightarrow$  Work done by the battery

# Capacitor

(\*) Charging of a neutral Capacitor;  $\rightarrow$ .



At  $t=0$  Switch is closed



At the time when Capacitor is fully charged:-

$$V_c = V$$

$$\frac{q}{C} = V$$

$$\boxed{q = CV}$$

$$W_b + W_{\text{ext agent}} = \Delta U + \text{heat}$$

$$W_b = \Delta q \cdot V_b = (q_f - q_i) V_b = \frac{CV^2}{2}$$

$q_f = q = CV$   
 $q_i = 0$   
 $V_b = V$

# Capacitor

$$\Delta U = U_f - U_i$$

$$\begin{cases} U_f = \frac{1}{2} CV^2 \\ U_i = 0 \end{cases} \quad \Delta U =$$

$$W_b = \Delta U + \text{heat}$$

↓

$$CV^2 = \frac{CV^2}{2} + \text{heat}$$

$$\text{heat} = \left[ CV^2 - \frac{CV^2}{2} \right]$$

$$\boxed{\text{heat} = \frac{CV^2}{2} = \frac{q^2}{2C}}$$

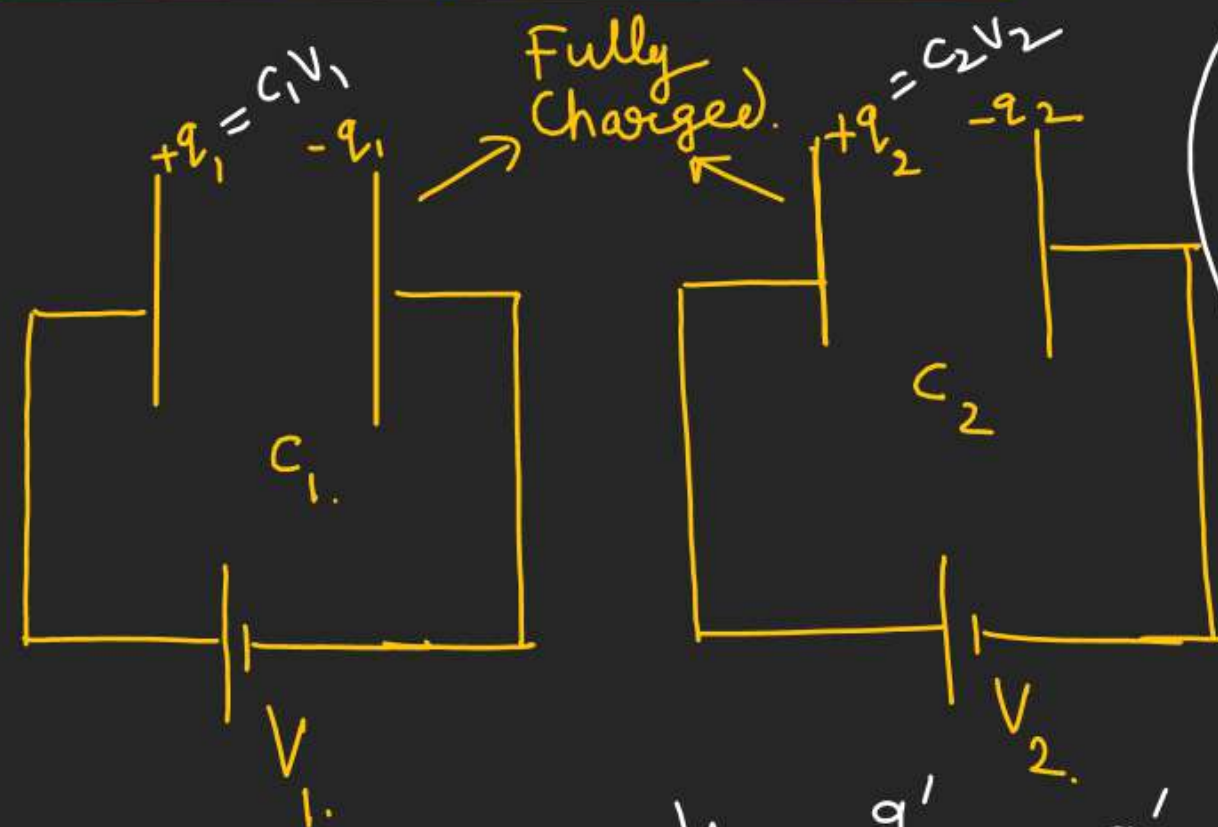
(\*)

During Charging of a neutral Capacitor.  
Only half of the work done by battery  
is stored in the form of P.E and.  
Rest half of work done is dissipated  
in the form of heat



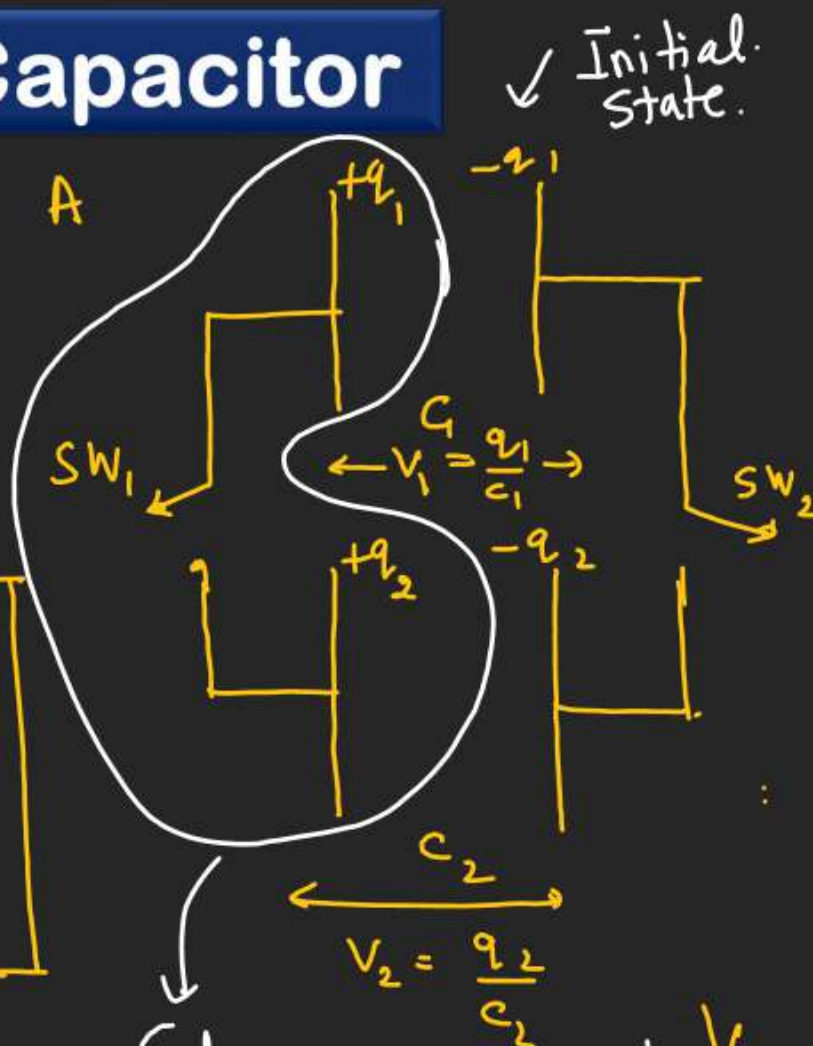
# Capacitor

## #. Inter Connection of two Charge Capacitors:-



$$V_c = \frac{q'_1}{C_1} = \frac{q'_2}{C_2}$$

$$\frac{q'_1}{q'_2} = \frac{C_1}{C_2} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$



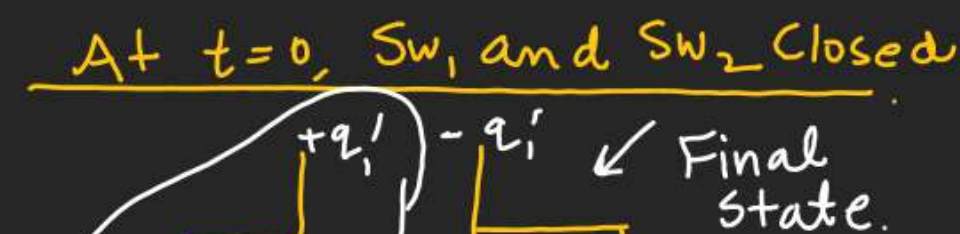
Charge conservation  $V_c = \text{Common potential}$

$$q_1 + q_2 = q'_1 + q'_2$$

$$C_1V_1 + C_2V_2 = q'_1 + \frac{C_2}{C_1}q'_1$$

$$\Rightarrow q'_1 = \frac{(C_1V_1 + C_2V_2) \times C_1}{(C_1 + C_2)}$$

$$\Rightarrow q'_2 = \frac{(C_1V_1 + C_2V_2) \times C_2}{C_1 + C_2}$$



Common potential :-**Capacitor**

$$V_c = \frac{q'_1}{C_1}$$

$$V_c = \left( \frac{C_1 V_1 + C_2 V_2}{C_1 + C_2} \right) \times \frac{C_1}{C_1}$$

(\*)

$$V_c = \frac{C_1 V_1 + C_2 V_2}{C_1 + C_2}$$

$$\cancel{W_b} + \cancel{W_{\text{ext agent}}} = \Delta U + \text{heat}$$

$$\text{heat} = -[\Delta U]$$

$$|\text{heat}| = (U_i - U_f)$$

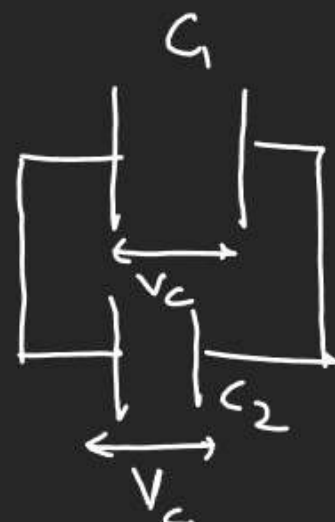
$$= \left[ \frac{1}{2} C_1 V_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} C_2 V_2^2 \right] - \frac{1}{2} (C_1 + C_2) V_c^2$$

$$|\text{heat}| = \left[ \frac{1}{2} C_1 V_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} C_2 V_2^2 \right] - \frac{1}{2} (C_1 + C_2) \left( \frac{C_1 V_1 + C_2 V_2}{C_1 + C_2} \right)^2$$

$$|\text{heat}| = \frac{1}{2} C_1 V_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} C_2 V_2^2 - \left[ \frac{C_1^2 V_1^2 + C_2^2 V_2^2 + 2 C_1 C_2 V_1 V_2}{2 (C_1 + C_2)} \right]$$

$$|\text{heat}| = \frac{C_1 V_1^2 (C_1 + C_2) + C_2 V_2^2 (C_1 + C_2) - C_1^2 V_1^2 - C_2^2 V_2^2 - 2 C_1 C_2 V_1 V_2}{2 (C_1 + C_2)}$$

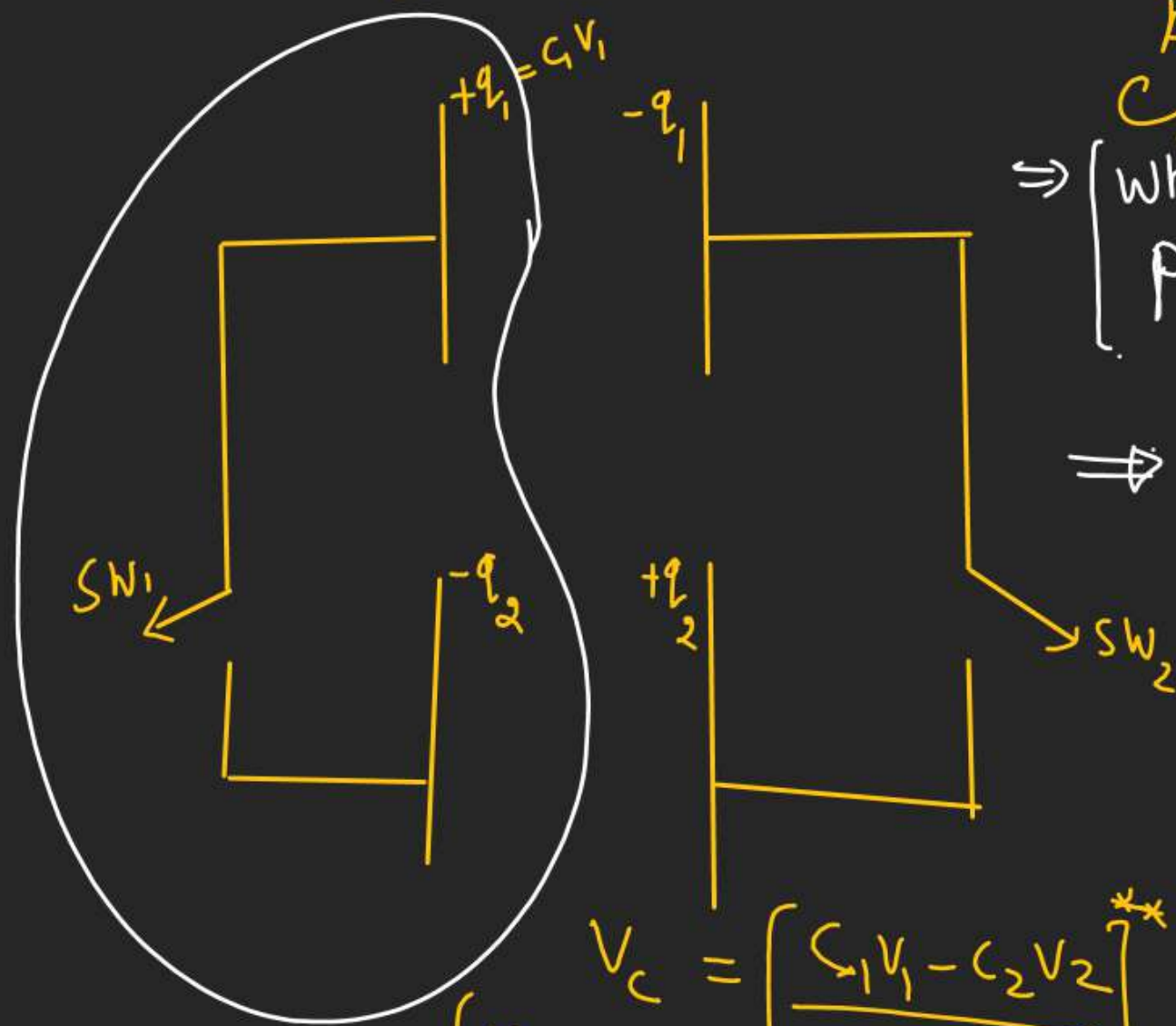
$$|\text{heat}| = \frac{\cancel{C_1^2 V_1^2} + C_1 C_2 V_1^2 + \cancel{C_2 C_1 V_2^2} + \cancel{C_2^2 V_2^2} - \cancel{C_1^2 V_1^2} - \cancel{C_2^2 V_2^2} - 2 C_1 C_2 V_1 V_2}{2 (C_1 + C_2)} = \boxed{\frac{C_1 C_2 (V_1 - V_2)^2}{2 (C_1 + C_2)}} \quad **$$





# Capacitor

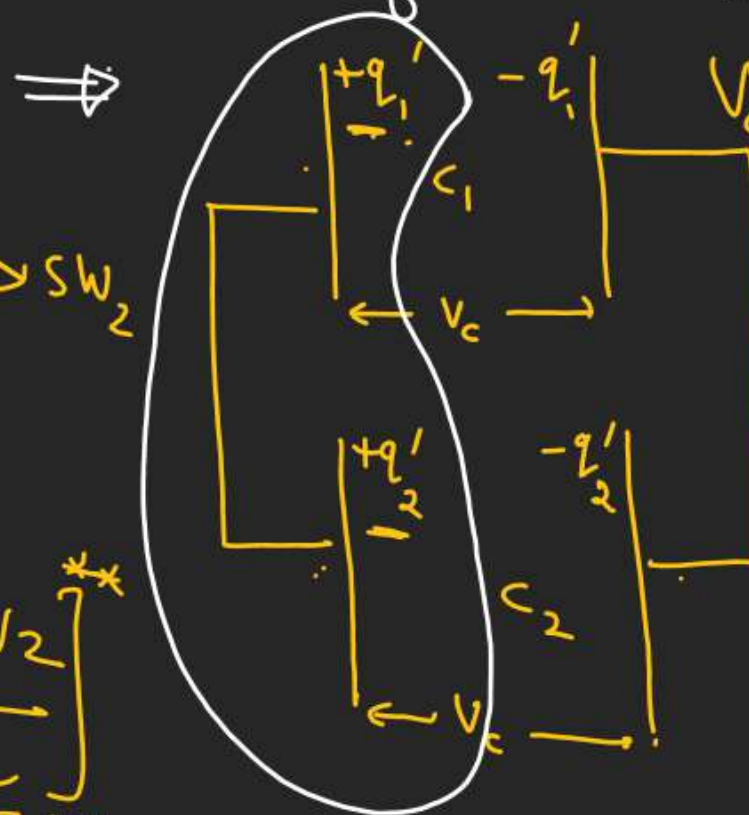
Case-2 If plates of opposite polarity are interconnected:-



At  $t=0$ ,  $SW_1$  and  $SW_2$

Closed.

$\Rightarrow$  When steady state (Both capacitor acquire same potential) the plates which are interconnected are of same polarity.



$$V_c = \frac{q'_1}{C_1} = \frac{q'_2}{C_2}$$

$$\frac{q'_1}{q'_2} = \frac{C_1}{C_2} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

Charge conservation

$$q_1 - q_2 = q'_1 + q'_2$$

$$\downarrow \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$C_1 V_1 - C_2 V_2 = q'_1 + \frac{C_2}{C_1} q'_1$$

$$q'_1 = \frac{(C_1 V_1 - C_2 V_2) \times C_1}{(C_1 + C_2)}$$

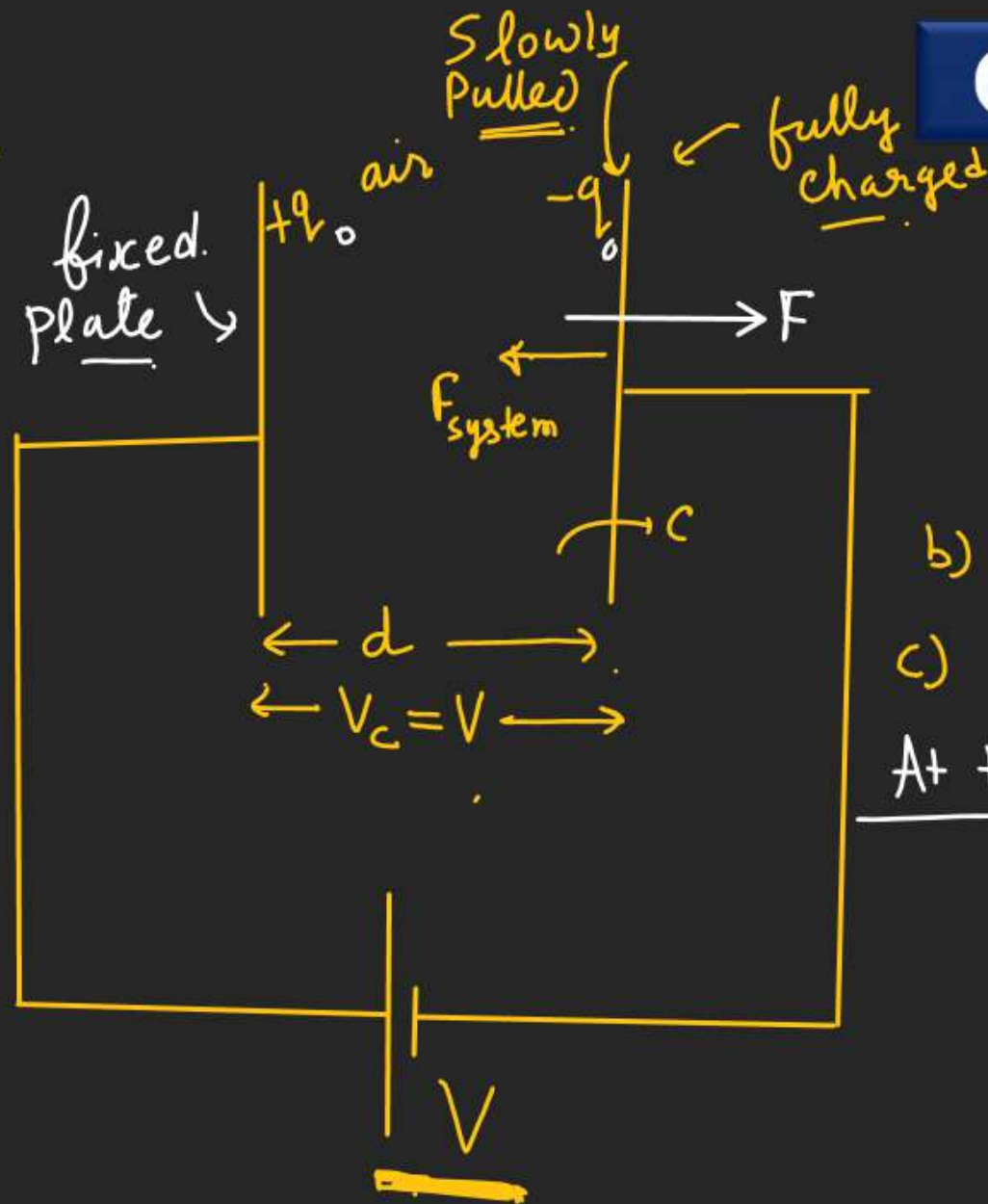
$$q'_2 = \frac{(C_1 V_1 - C_2 V_2) \times C_2}{(C_1 + C_2)}$$

$$V_c = \left[ \frac{C_1 V_1 - C_2 V_2}{C_1 + C_2} \right]^{**}$$

$$\left[ \text{Heat} = \frac{C_1 C_2}{C_1 + C_2} (V_1 + V_2)^2 \right]^{**}$$

# Capacitor

(Q)

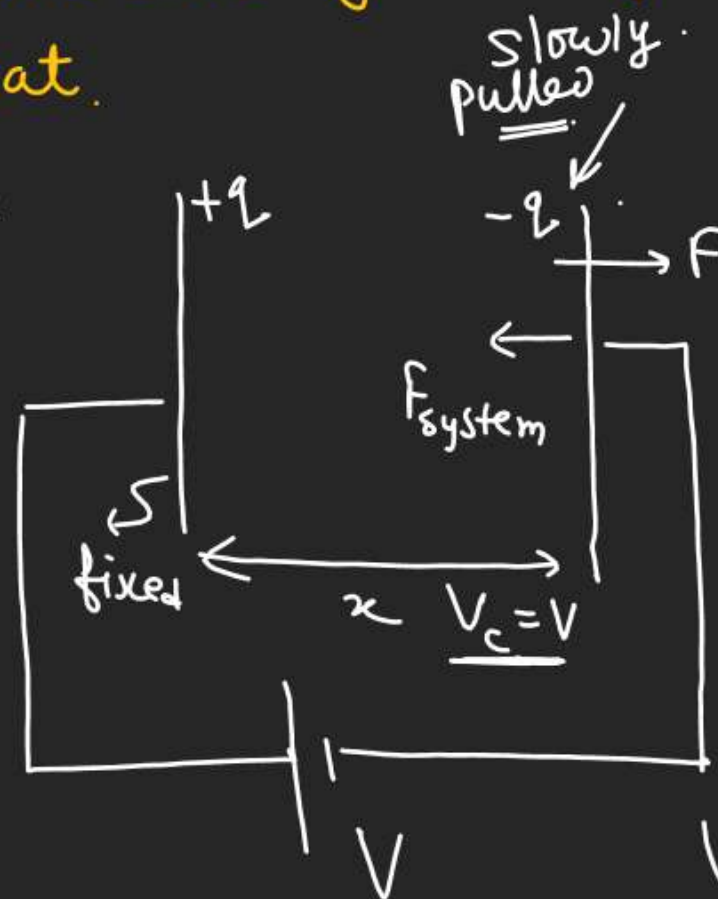


# Find Work done by external agent when separation b/w the plate become  $2d$ .

b) Work done by battery

c) Heat

At  $t = t$



If plate is slowly pulled,

$$F = F_{\text{system}} = \frac{q^2}{2\epsilon_0 A}$$

$$q = CV = \frac{\epsilon_0 AV}{x}$$

$$F = \frac{1}{2\epsilon_0 A} \times \left( \frac{\epsilon_0 AV}{x} \right)^2 = \frac{\epsilon_0 AV^2}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\int_0^{2d} dW_F = \frac{\epsilon_0 AV^2}{2} \int_d^{2d} \frac{dx}{x^2}$$

$$= \frac{\epsilon_0 AV^2}{2} \left[ -\frac{1}{x} \right]_d^{2d}$$

$$= \frac{\epsilon_0 AV^2}{2} \left[ -\frac{1}{2d} + \frac{1}{d} \right]$$

$$W_F = \frac{\epsilon_0 AV^2}{4d} \checkmark$$



# Capacitor

$$W_{\text{battery}} = ??$$

$$\underline{W_b} + W_f = \Delta U + \text{heat} \quad W_{\text{battery}} = (\Delta q) V$$

$$\Downarrow \quad \Downarrow \quad \Downarrow$$

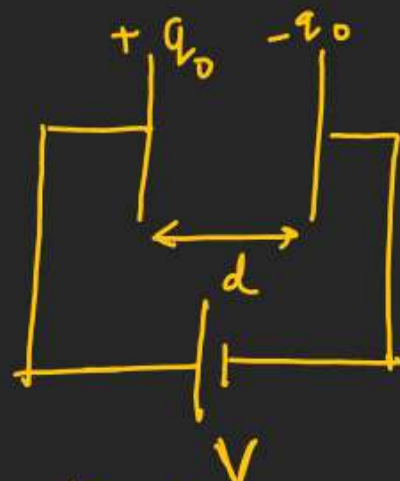
$$-\frac{\epsilon_0 A V^2}{2d} + \frac{\epsilon_0 A V^2}{4d} = -\frac{\epsilon_0 A V^2}{4d} + \text{heat}$$

$$\boxed{\text{heat} = 0}$$

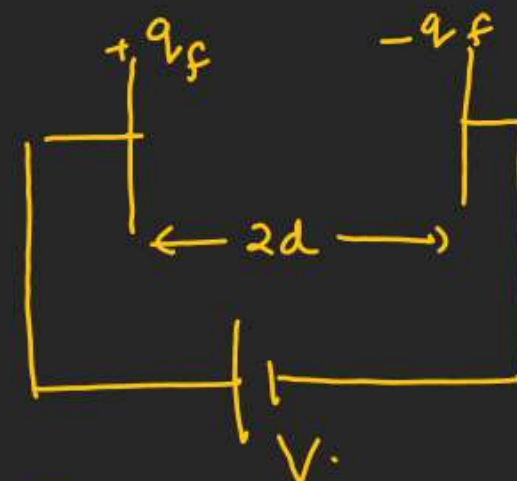
$$= \left( \frac{\epsilon_0 A V^2}{2d} - \frac{\epsilon_0 A V^2}{d} \right)$$

$$= \ominus \left( \frac{\epsilon_0 A V^2}{2d} \right)$$

(Charge flow from Capacitor to battery)



$$q_i = \left( \frac{\epsilon_0 A}{d} \right) V$$



$$q_f = \left( \frac{\epsilon_0 A}{2d} \right) V$$

$$\begin{cases} U_i = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\epsilon_0 A}{d} \right) V^2 \\ U_f = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\epsilon_0 A}{2d} \right) V^2 \end{cases}$$

$$\Delta U = U_f - U_i = \frac{\epsilon_0 A V^2}{4d} - \frac{\epsilon_0 A V^2}{2d}$$

$$= \left( -\frac{\epsilon_0 A V^2}{4d} \right) V$$