

RELATION FUNCTION

① If $y = \log_{x-4} (x^2 - 11x + 24)$ find D_f ?

② If $f(x) = \sin^{-1} (\log x)$ find D_f ?

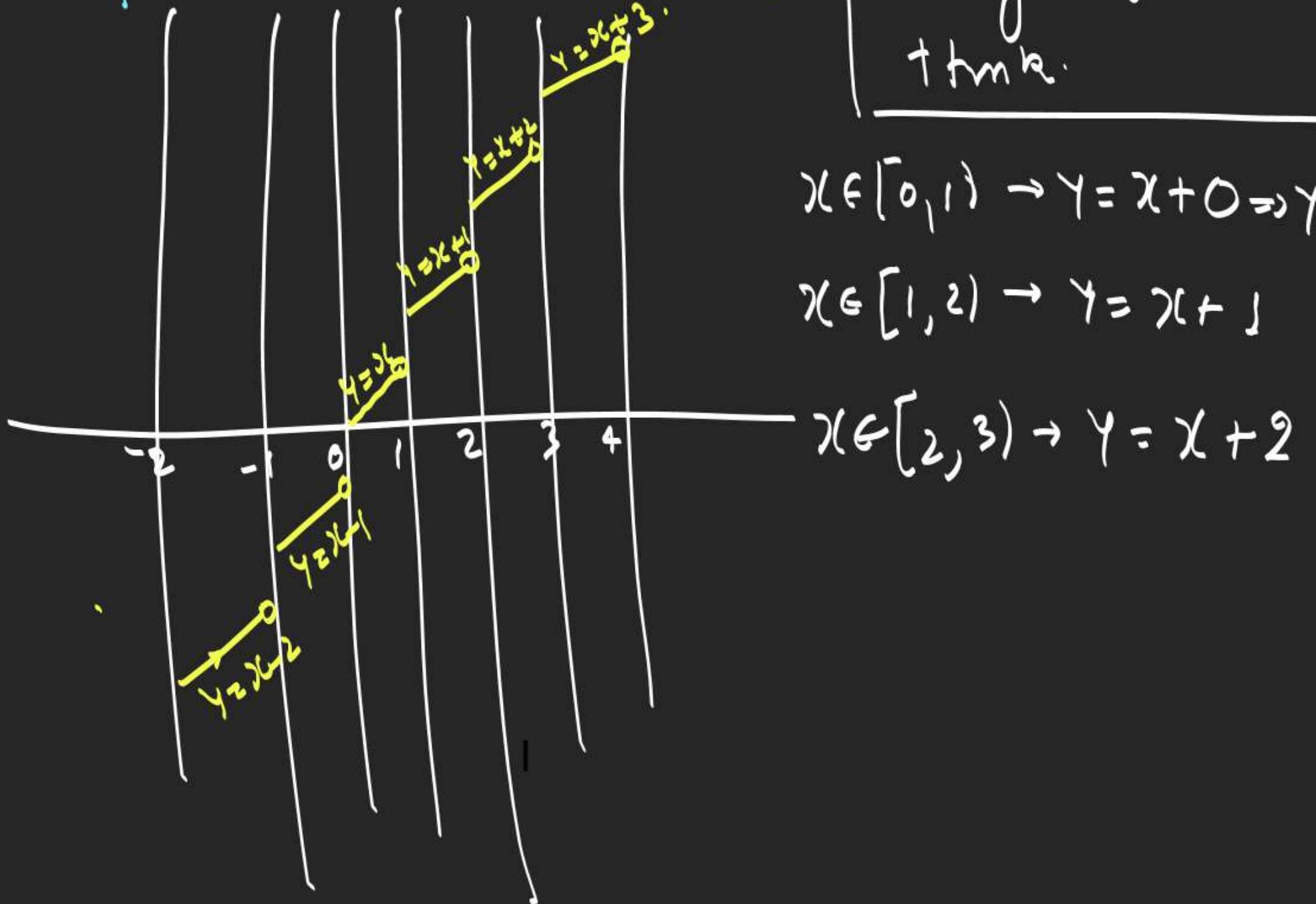
③ $f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{\log(3x-2)}{|x|}}$ find D_f ?

④ $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\log(x^2 - 7x + 13)}}$

⑤ $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{\sin^{-1}(\log x)}$ find D_f ?

RELATION FUNCTION

Q. $y = x + \lceil x \rceil$ find graph



[] add / sub / div / deg / Prod.
always make Bars and
think.

$$x \in [0, 1) \rightarrow y = x + 0 \Rightarrow y = x$$

$$x \in [1, 2) \rightarrow y = x + 1$$

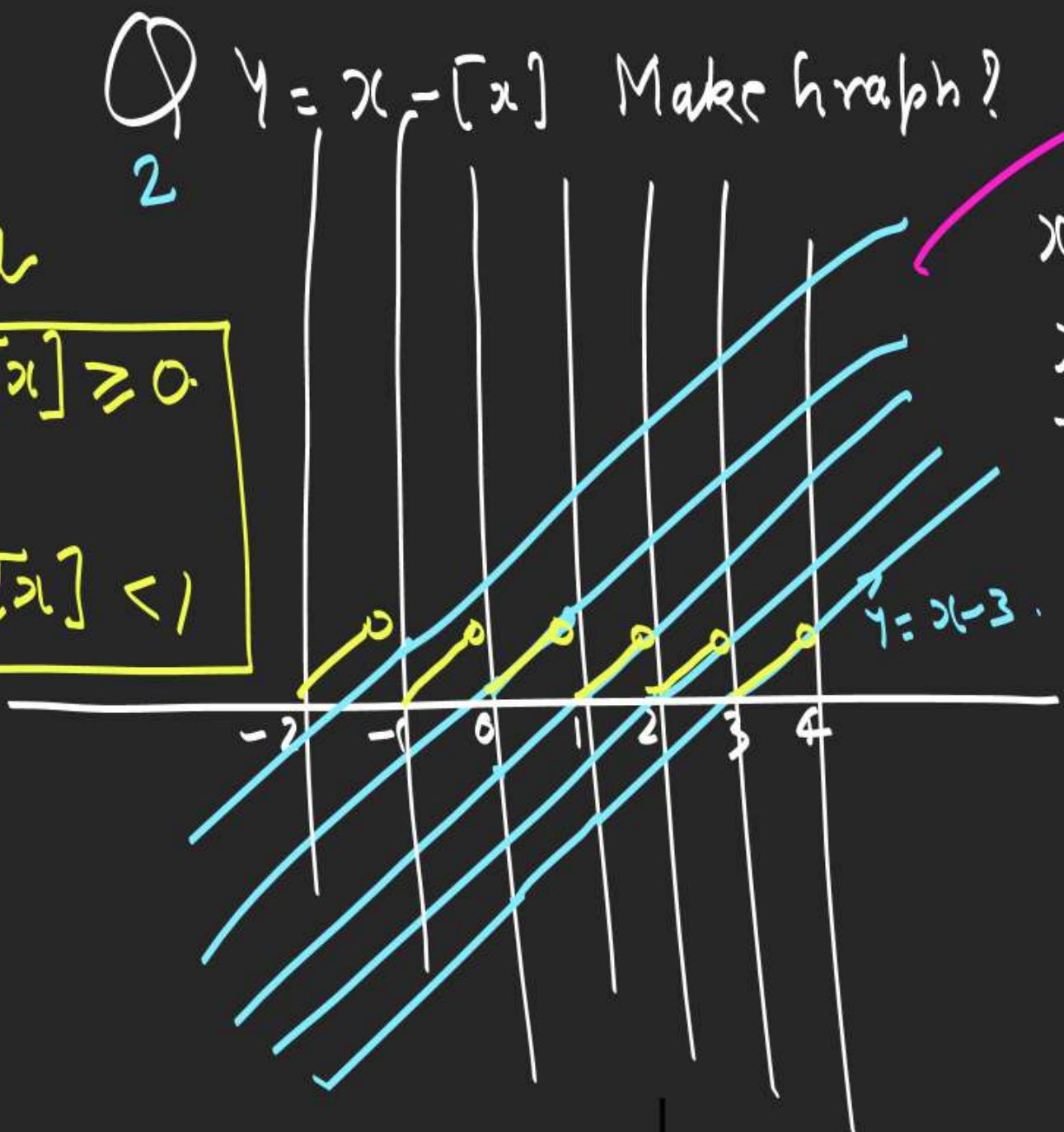
$$x \in [2, 3) \rightarrow y = x + 2$$

RELATION FUNCTION

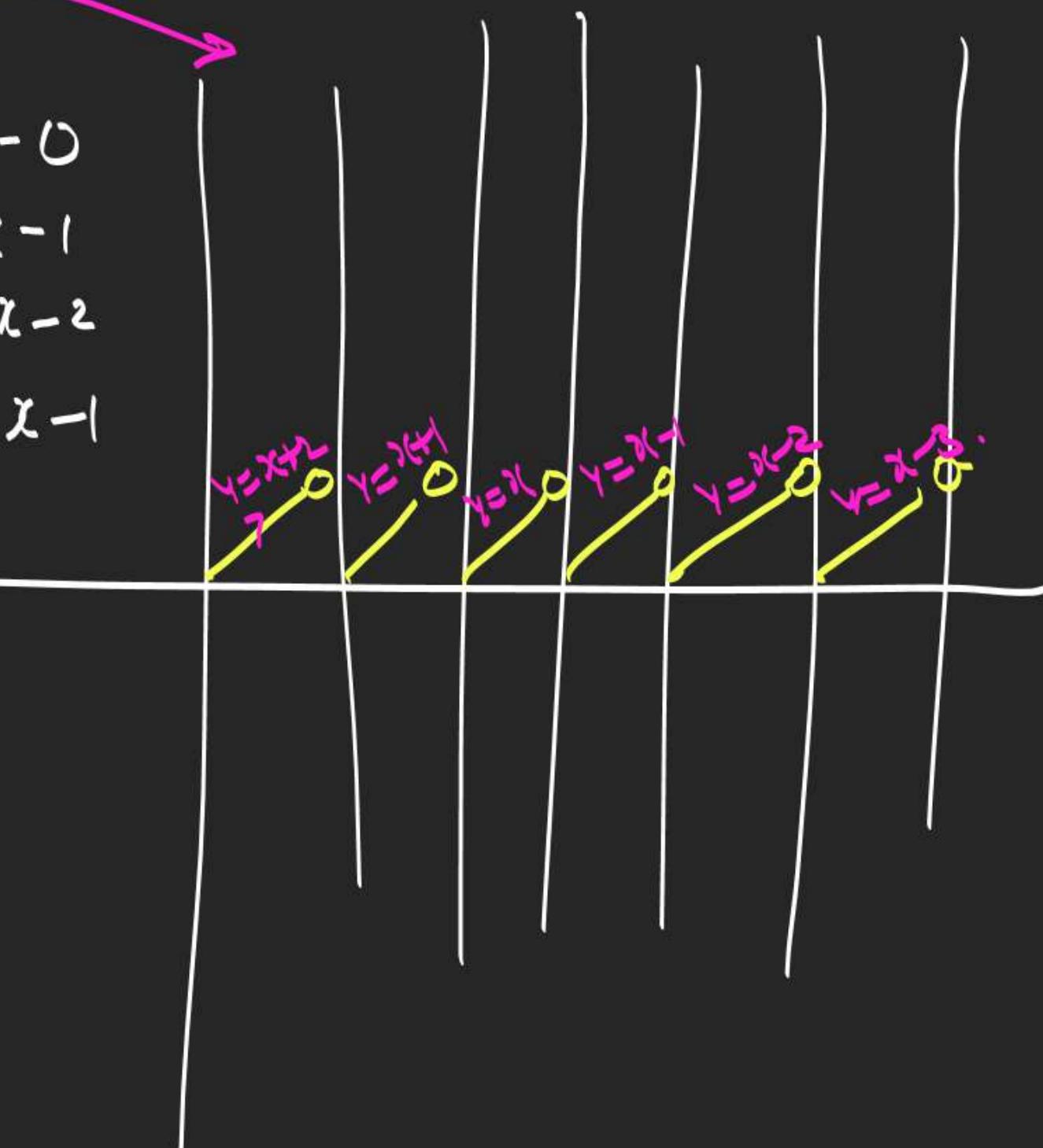
$y = x - \lceil x \rceil$ Make graph?

Kals

$$\begin{cases} x - \lceil x \rceil \geq 0 \\ & \& \\ x - \lceil x \rceil < 1 \end{cases}$$



$$\begin{aligned} x \in [0, 1) &\rightarrow y = x - 0 \\ x \in [1, 2) &\rightarrow y = x - 1 \\ x \in [2, 3) &\rightarrow y = x - 2 \\ x \in [-1, 0) &\rightarrow y = x - 1 \end{aligned}$$



RELATION FUNCTION

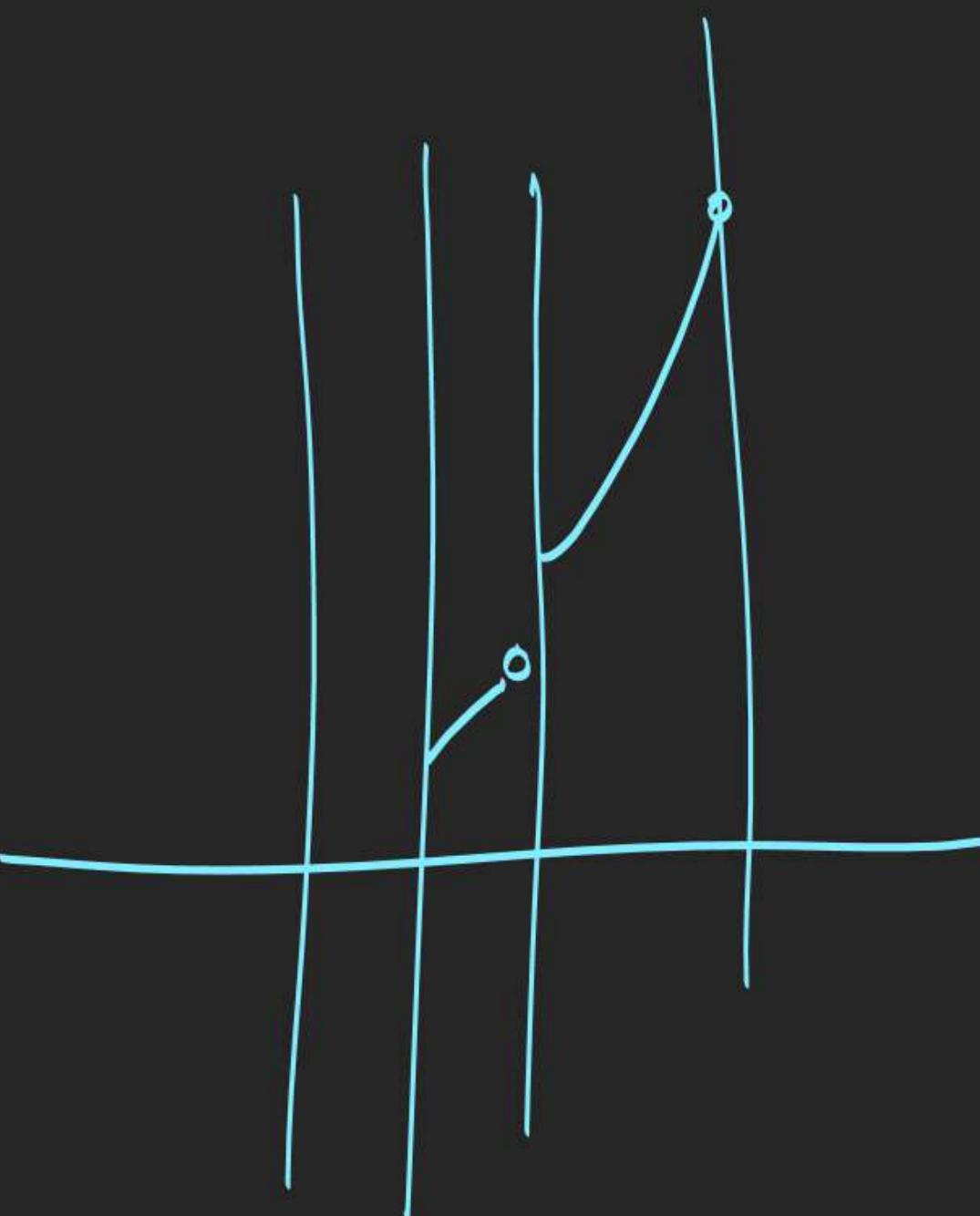
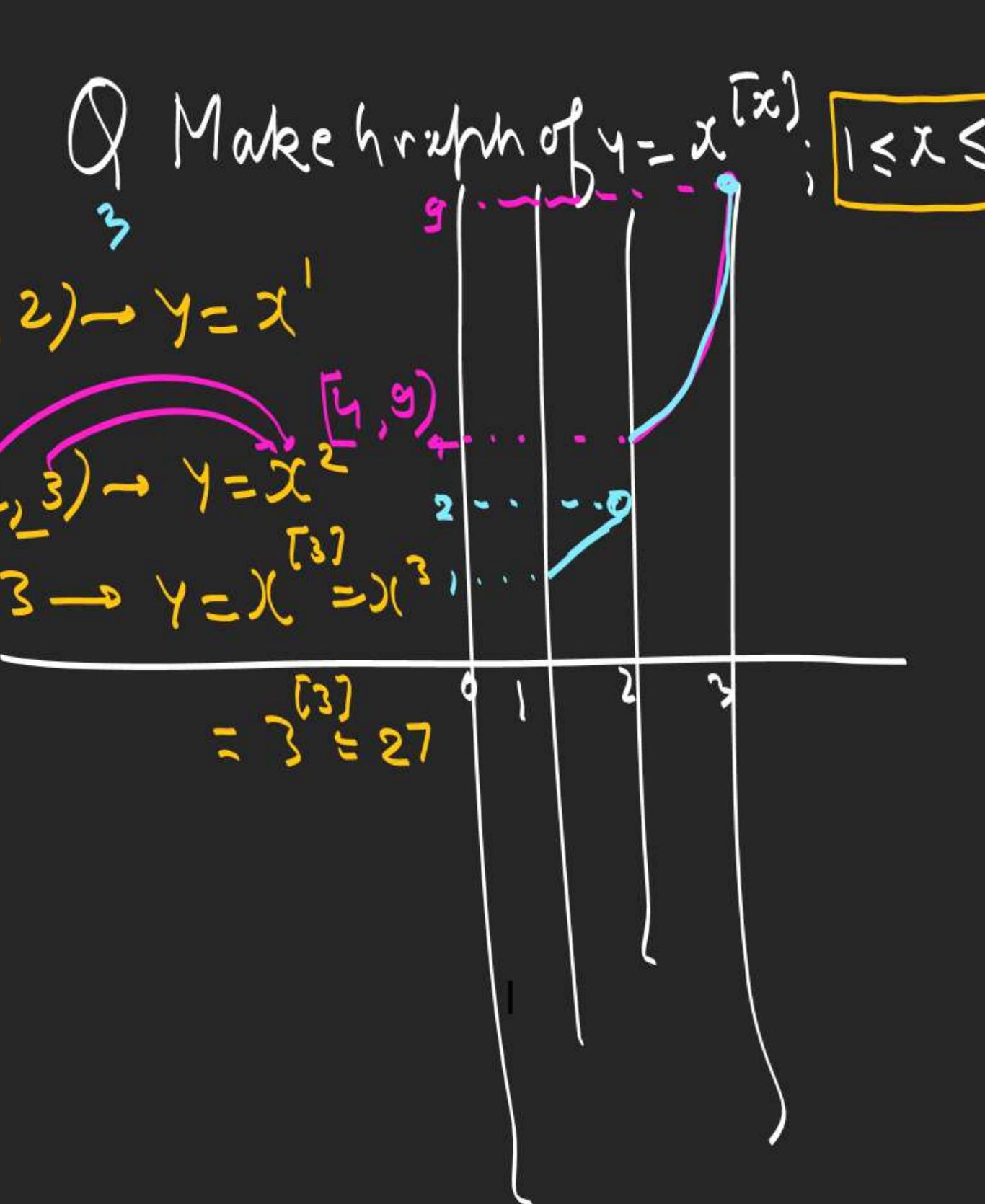
Q Make graph of $y = x^{\lceil x \rceil}$; $1 \leq x \leq 3$?

$$x \in [1, 2) \rightarrow y = x^1$$

$$x \in [2, 3) \rightarrow y = x^2$$

$$x = 3 \rightarrow y = x^{\lceil 3 \rceil} = 3^3$$

$$= 3^3 = 27$$

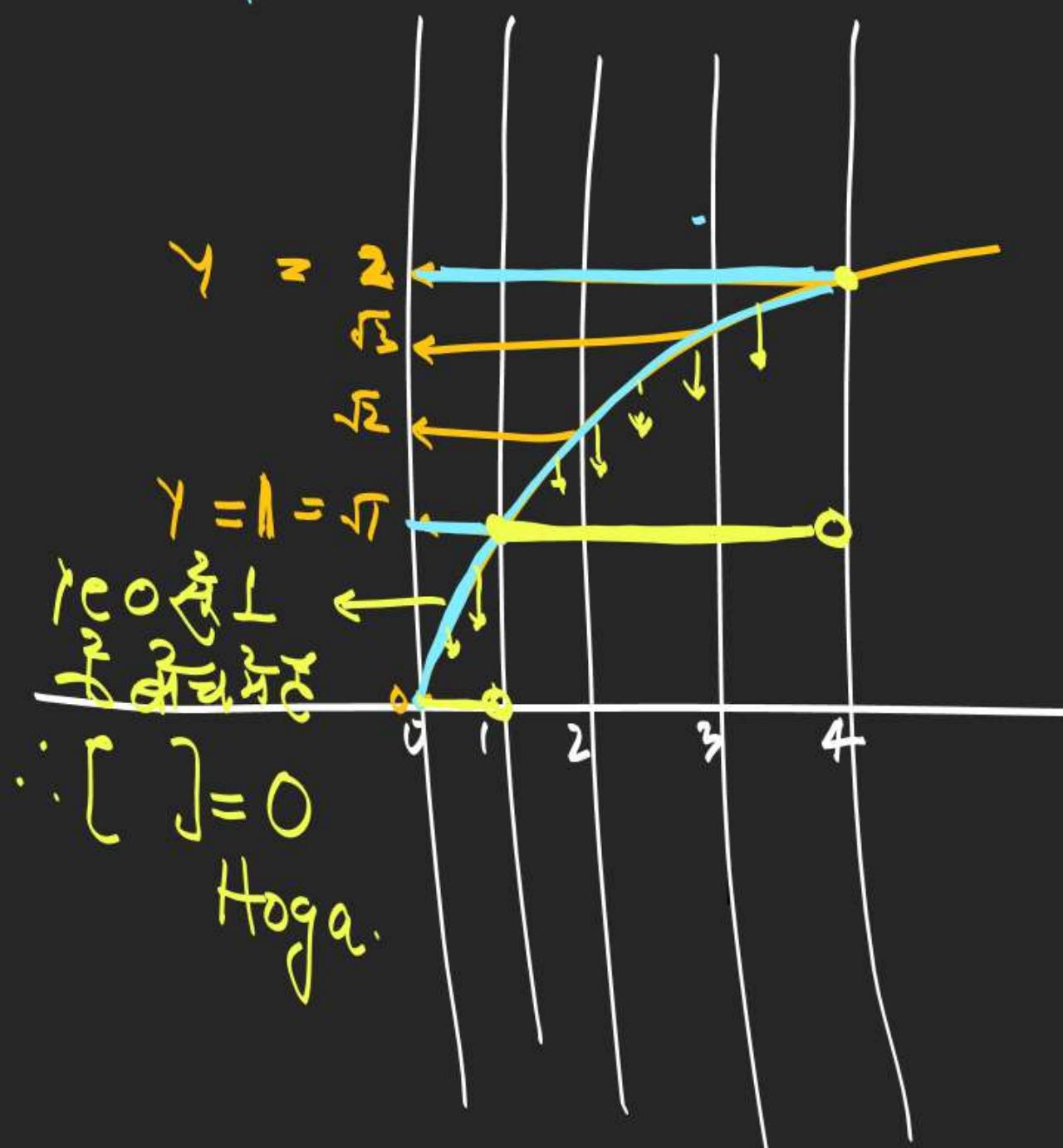


RELATION FUNCTION

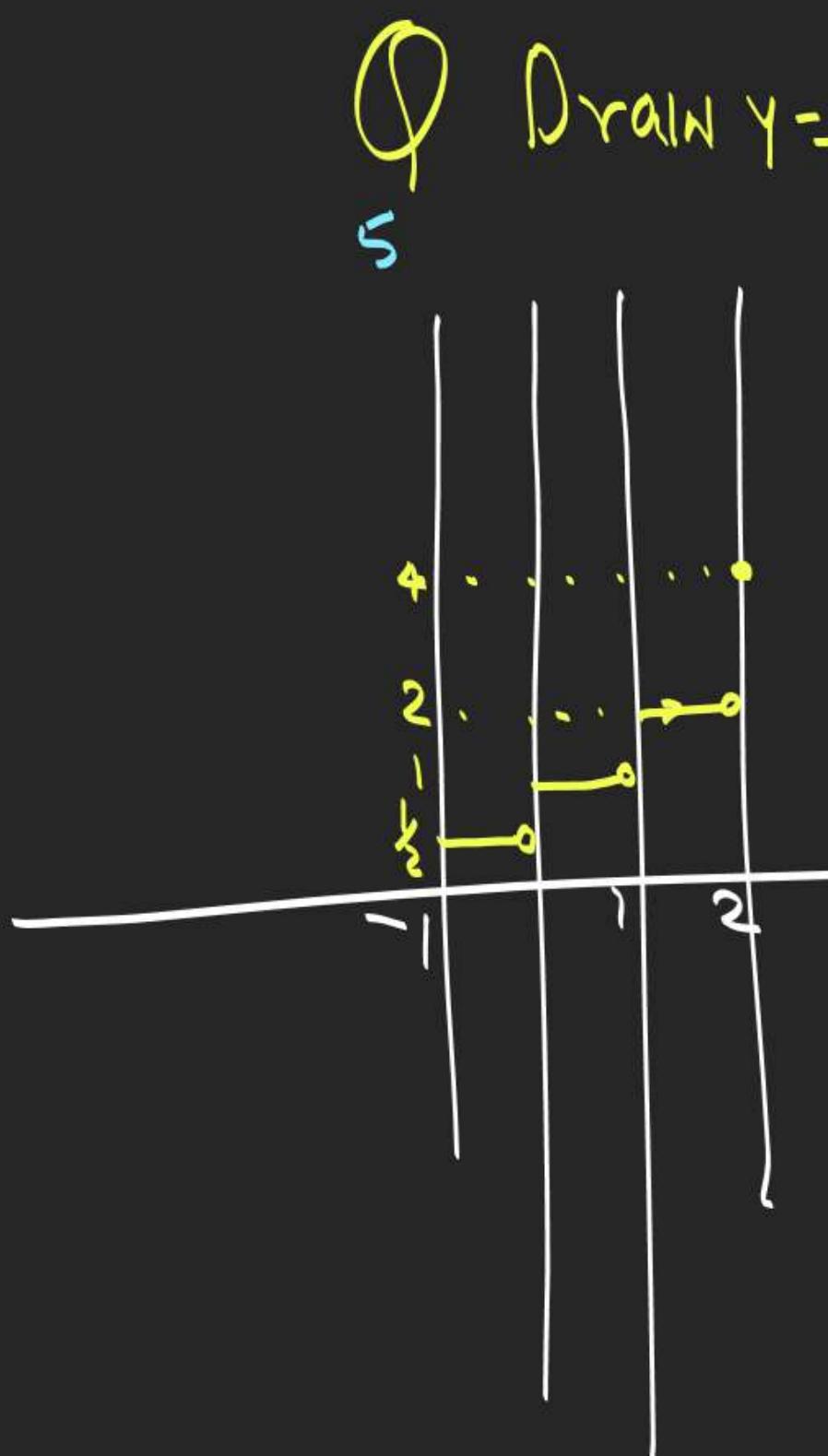
Q Draw $y = [\sqrt{x}] ; 0 \leq x \leq 4 ?$

Yha Par [] Kisi me add/Sub/Power/div/Prod.
me hai ??

No.



RELATION FUNCTION



[x] Power me hai

\Rightarrow Bar Banegi

$$\textcircled{1} \quad x \in [-1, 0) \rightarrow y = 2^{-1} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x \in [0, 1) \rightarrow y = 2^0 = 1 \rightarrow y = 1$$

$$x \in [1, 2) \rightarrow y = 2^1 = 2$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad x = 2 \rightarrow y = 2^2 = 2^2 = 4$$

Ans Pt.

Raees Bachha

$$D_f \rightarrow x \in [-1, 2]$$

$$R_f \Rightarrow y \in \left\{ \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, 4 \right\}$$

RELATION FUNCTION

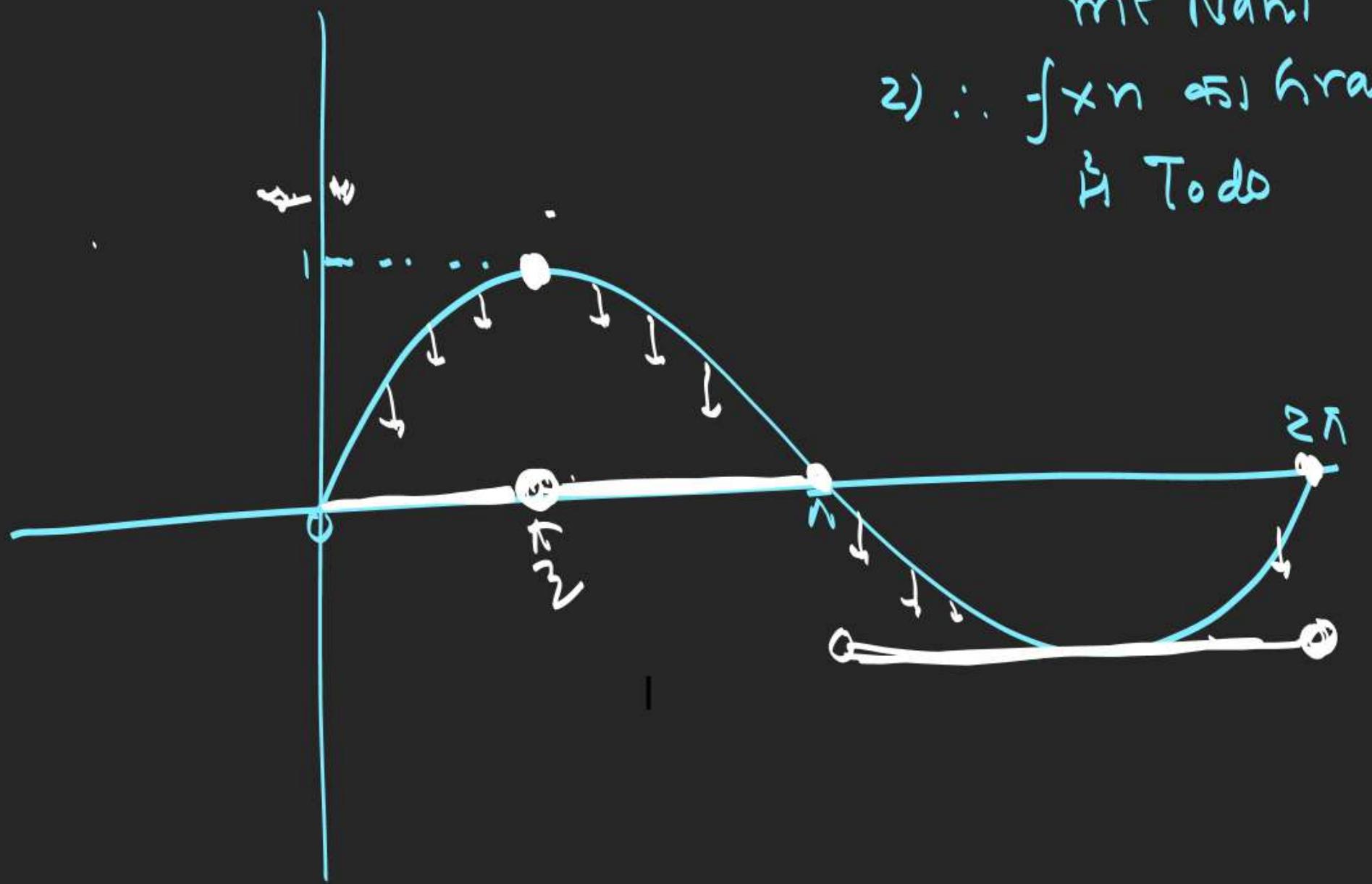
Q Draw $y = [\sin x]$ $x \in [0, 2\pi]$

$\rightarrow [] + / - / \times / \div / \text{Power}$

me Nahi

2) ∵ $f(x)$ का graph draw कर तो y के values
मिलते हैं।

∴ To do



RELATION FUNCTION

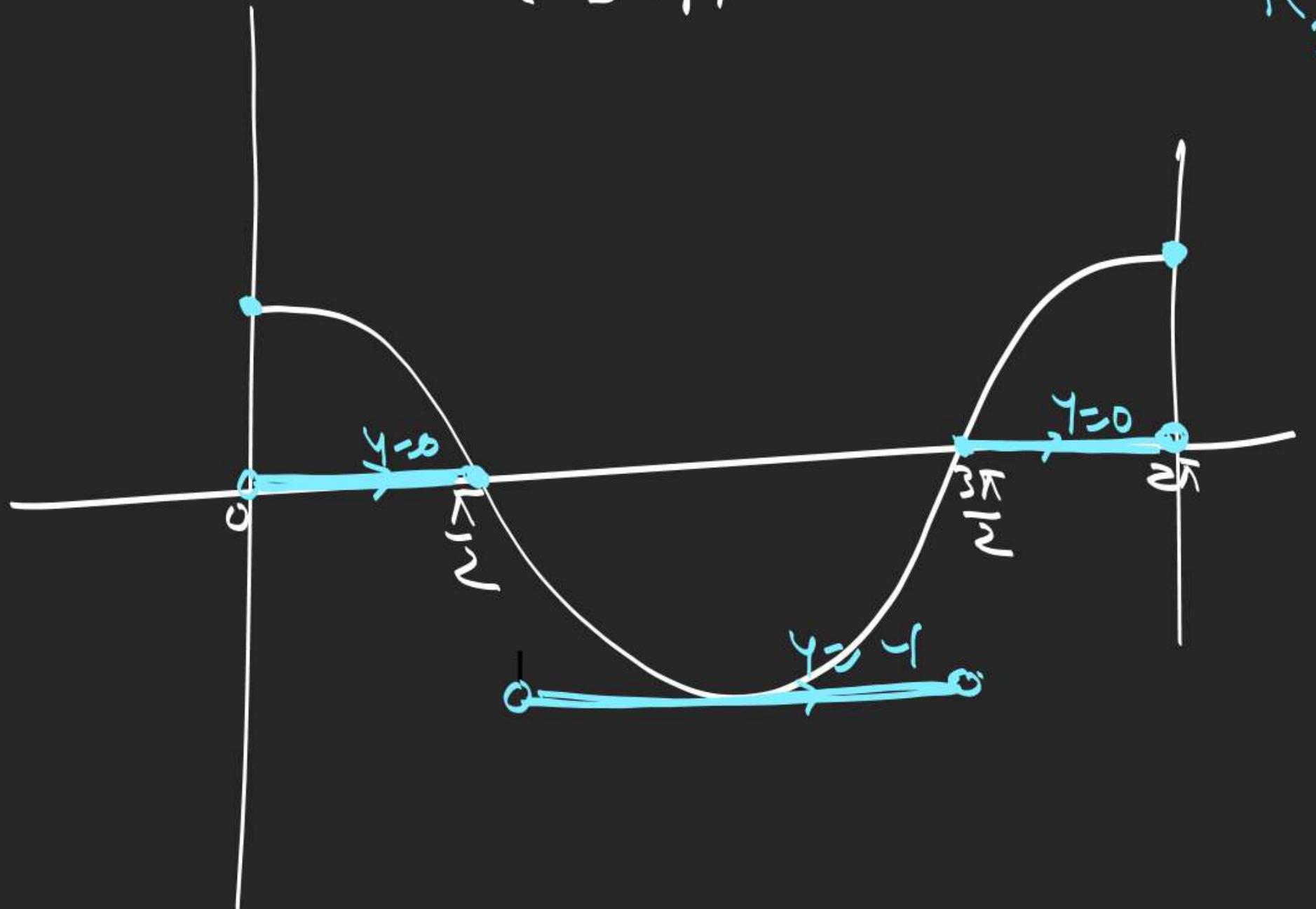


$$\text{Q } y = [\sin x]; x \in [0, 2\pi]$$

$\rightarrow [] \text{ appplied}$

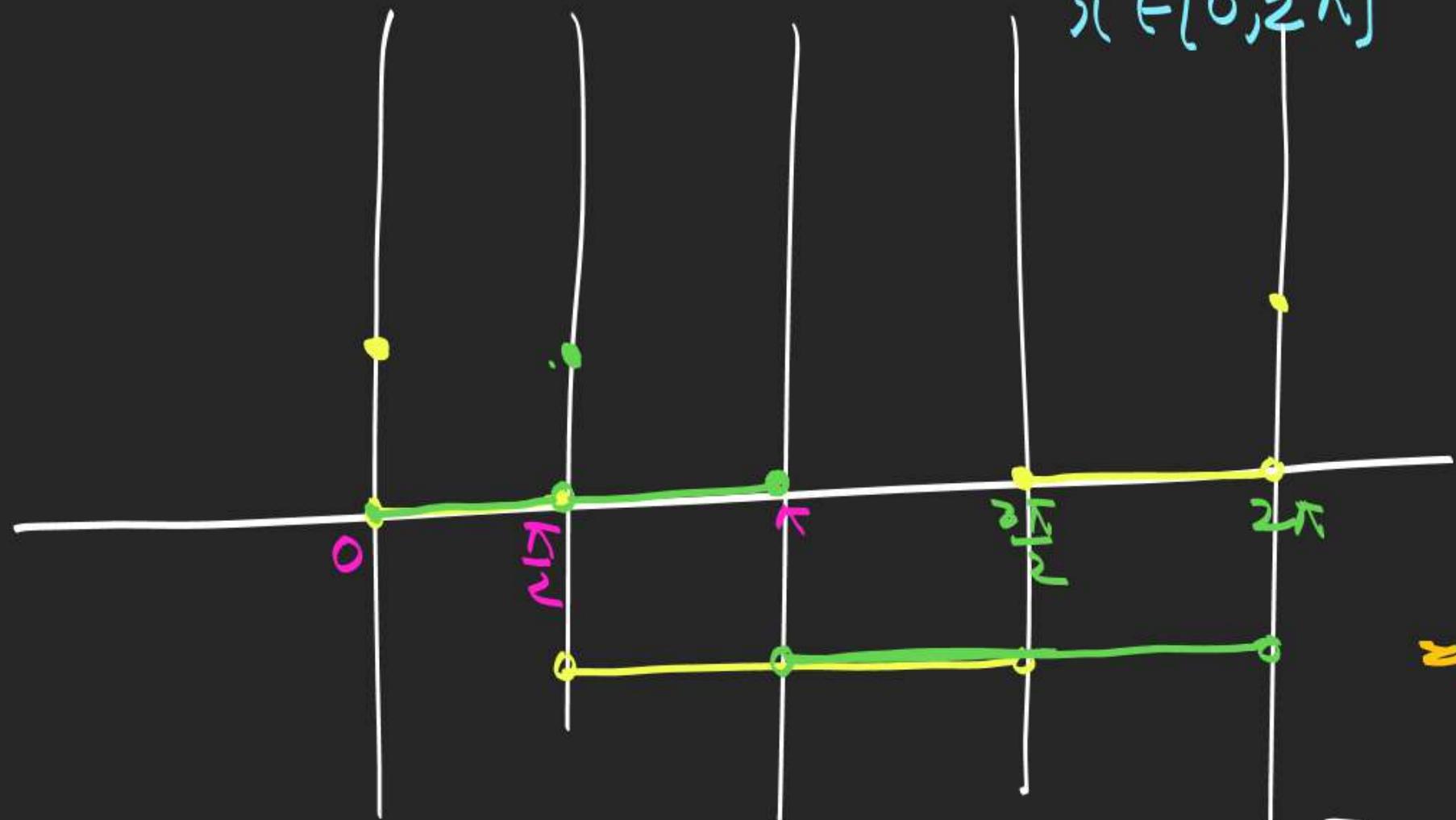
$$D_f \Rightarrow 0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$$

$$R_f \Rightarrow y = \{1, 0, -1\}.$$



RELATION FUNCTION

Q Draw $y = [\sin x]$ & $y = [\cos x]$ simultaneously
 $x \in [0, 2\pi]$



Q find Dom of
 $y = \sqrt{[\sin x] - [\cos x]}$
 $x \in [0, 2\pi]$

$$[\sin x] - [\cos x] \geq 0$$

$$[\sin x] \geq [\cos x]$$

\Rightarrow $[\sin x]$ का ग्राफ इंचु.

+ $\sqrt{[\sin x]}$ कहने कहने?

$$x \in (0, \pi] \cup (\pi, \frac{3\pi}{2}) \Rightarrow x \in (0, \frac{3\pi}{2})$$

Range = Y = Answer = ht

RELATION FUNCTION

Q Range of $f(x) = [\sin x + (\tan x + [\sec x])]$ $x \in (0, \frac{\pi}{4})$?

$$x \in (0, 45^\circ)$$

$$\tan x \in (0, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}})$$

$$\tan x \in (0, 0.707)$$

$$[\tan x] = 0$$

$$\tan x \in (\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, 1)$$

$$\tan x \in (0.707, 1)$$

$$\tan x \in (0, 1)$$

$$f(x) = [\sin x] + [\tan x] + [\sec x]$$

$$f(x) = 0 + 0 + 1$$

$$Y = 1 \quad \therefore R = \{1\}$$

$$\sec x \in (1, \sqrt{2})$$

$$\sec x \in (1, 1.414)$$

$$[\quad] = 1$$

RELATION FUNCTION

$$\text{Q) } y = 2[x] + 3 \quad \& \quad y = 3[x-2] + 5 \text{ Then } [x+y] = ?$$

① $y = 2[x] + 3$ & $y = 3[x] - 1$

$$3[x] - 1 = 2[x] + 3$$

$$[x] = 4 \Rightarrow$$

② $\star y = 2[x] + 3 = 2 \times 4 + 3 = 11$

(3) Demand $\therefore [x+y] = [x+11]$

$$[x] + 11 = 4 + 11 \\ = 15$$

$$\text{Q) Df of } y = \sqrt{\frac{2-[x]}{3-[x]}}$$

$$\frac{2-[x]}{3-[x]} \geq 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} ([x]-2) \geq 0 \\ ([x]-3) \leq 0 \end{cases} \oplus$$



$$[x] \leq 2 \cup [x] > 3$$



$$x \in (-\infty, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$$

RELATION FUNCTION

Q Find Range $y = [\sin x]$

$$-1 \leq \sin x \leq 1$$

$$[-1] \leq [\sin x] \leq [1]$$

$$-1 \leq [\sin x] \leq 1$$

A is a Int. \rightarrow 1 Int

$$[\sin x] = \{-1, 0, 1\}$$

3 hi Answer.
Dega.

Q Range of $y = [\cos x]$

$$-1 \leq \cos x \leq 1$$

$$[-1] \leq [\cos x] \leq [1]$$

$$-1 \leq [\cos x] \leq 1$$

$$[\cos x] = \underline{\{-1, 0, 1\}}$$

3 hi Int.

RELATION FUNCTION

$$\text{Q Range of } y = [\sin x + \cos x]$$

$$-\sqrt{2} \leq \sin x + \cos x \leq \sqrt{2}$$

$$[-1.41] \leq [\sin x + \cos x] \leq [1.41]$$

$$-2 \leq [\quad] \leq 1$$

$$[\sin x + \cos x] = \{-2, -1, 0, 1\}$$

R_f

~~Q~~

$$y = a \sin x + b \cos x \text{ in Range}$$

$$-\sqrt{a^2 + b^2} \leq a \sin x + b \cos x \leq \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$$

$$y = \sin x + \cos x$$

$$-\sqrt{2} \leq \sin x + \cos x \leq \sqrt{2}$$

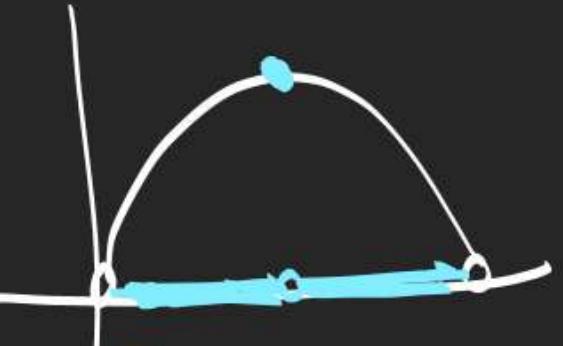
$$-\sqrt{2} \leq \quad \leq \sqrt{2}$$

RELATION FUNCTION

Q) $f(x) = [1 + \delta m_1] + [2 + \delta m_{\frac{x}{2}}] + [3 + \delta m_{\frac{x}{3}}] + \dots + [n + \delta m_{\frac{x}{n}}]; \quad x \in (0, \pi)$

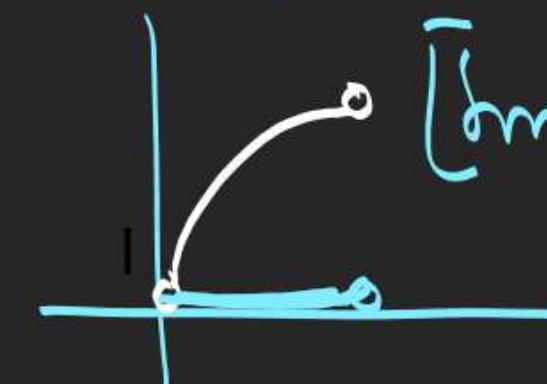
Ans

$x \in (0, \pi)$



$[\delta m_1] = \{1, 0\}$

$x \in (0, \pi) \Rightarrow \frac{x}{2} \in (0, \frac{\pi}{2})$



$[\delta m_{\frac{x}{2}}] = \{0\}$

$\frac{x}{3} \in (0, \frac{\pi}{3})$



$[\delta m_{\frac{x}{3}}] = \{0\}$

$= (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n) + [\delta m_1] + [\delta m_{\frac{x}{2}}] + [\delta m_{\frac{x}{3}}] + \dots + [\delta m_{\frac{x}{n}}]$ from dR angle?

$= \frac{(n)(n+1)}{2} + \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \{0\}, 1 \\ \{0\}, 0 \\ \{0\}, 0 \end{array} \right\} + \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \{0\}, 0 \\ \{0\}, 0 \end{array} \right\} + \dots + \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \{0\}, 0 \\ \{0\}, 0 \end{array} \right\}$

RELATION FUNCTION

Q If $0 < x < 300$ & $\left[\frac{x}{2} \right] + \left[\frac{x}{5} \right] + \left[\frac{x}{10} \right] = \frac{4x}{5}$ then sum of all PSL values of x is m

find $\left[\frac{m}{1000} \right] = ?$ $\left[\frac{4350}{1000} \right] = [4.35] = \underline{\underline{4}}$

$$\left[\frac{7}{10} \right] = 7$$

$$\left[\frac{16}{10} \right] = 16$$

$$\frac{30}{2}, \frac{30}{5}, \frac{30}{10}$$

$$15, 6, 3$$

Interesting $\rightarrow \frac{x}{2} + \frac{x}{5} + \frac{x}{10} = \frac{5x+2x+x}{10} = \frac{8x}{10} = \frac{4x}{5}$

ISKA MATLAB YE [] ME THE HINNAHI

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{2} = I \ Leftrightarrow \frac{x}{5} = I \ Leftrightarrow \frac{x}{10} = I$$

$$x = 10, 20, 30, 40, \dots, 290$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{Sum} = m &= 10 + 20 + 30 + \dots + 290 = 10(1 + 2 + \dots + 29) \\ &= 10 \times \frac{29 \times (30)}{2} = 150 \times 29 = \underline{\underline{4350}} \end{aligned}$$

RELATION FUNCTION

10) Fractional Part fn.

A) It is shown $f(x) = \{x\}$

B) It gives After decimal values.

$$\{2.36\} = .36$$

$$\{4.01\} = .01$$

$$\{4\} = 0$$

$$\{-13\} = 0$$

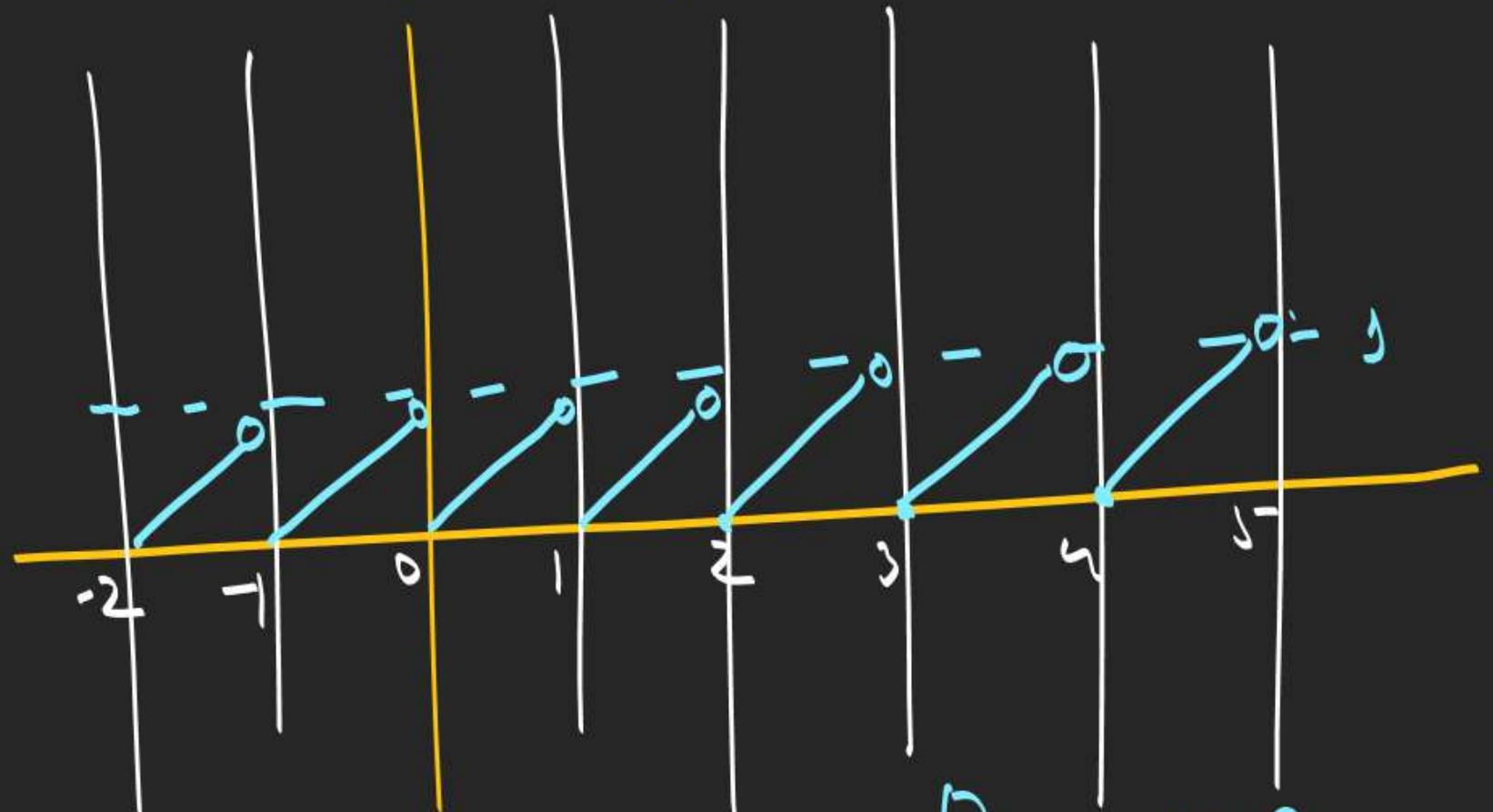
$$\{-4.12\} = -.12$$

$$= .88$$

$$\{-238.39\} = -.39$$

RELATION FUNCTION

(()) Graph of $y = \{\bar{x}\}$



$$D_f \rightarrow x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$R_f \rightarrow y \in [0, 1)$$

Properties.

1) $0 \leq \{\bar{x}\} < 1$

$0 \leq \{\text{Any } \bar{x} \text{ m}\} < 1$

2) $\{\bar{x}\} \geq 0$

3) $\{\text{Int}\} = 0$

4) If $\{\bar{x}\} = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{p \text{ (= Integer)}}$