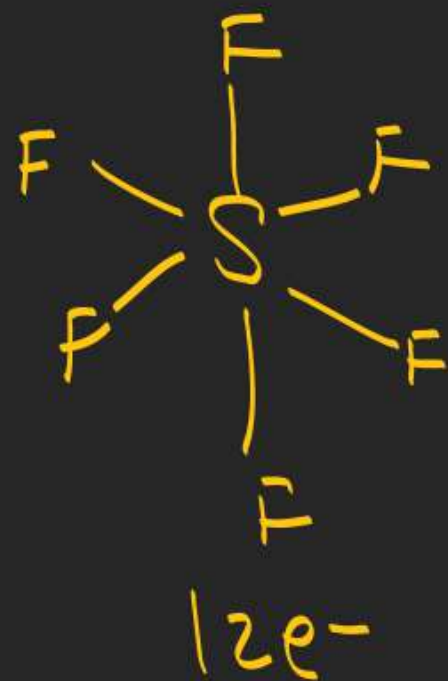


Chemical bonding

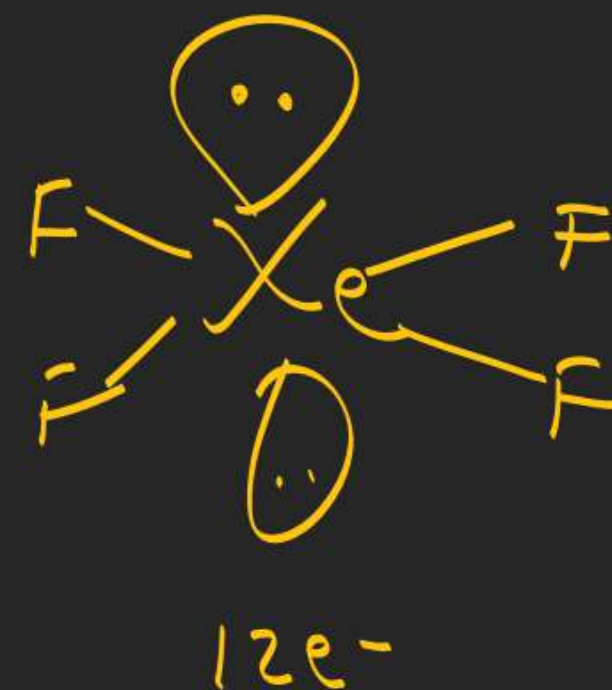
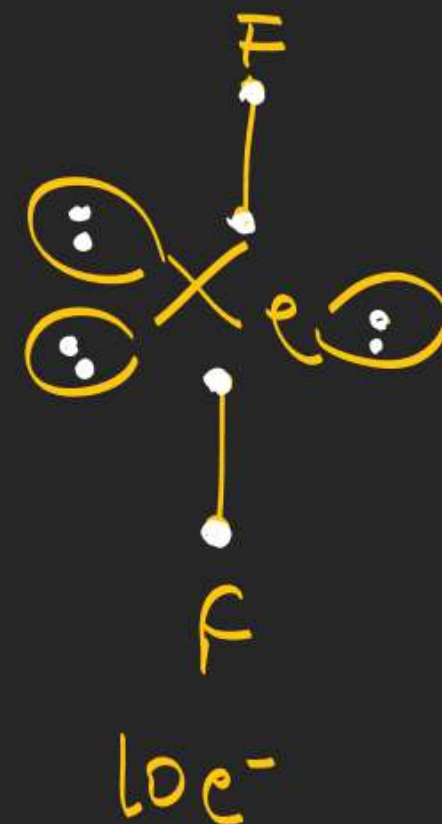
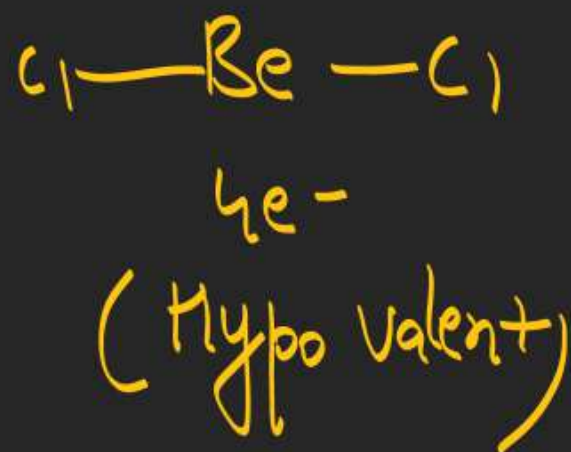
EXERCISE # 2

1. Lewis theory fails to explain which of the following structure(s) ?

~~(A) SF₆~~ ~~(B) XeF₂~~ ~~(C) XeF₄~~ (D) BeCl₂



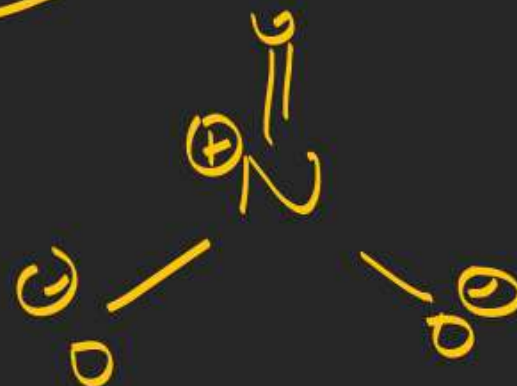
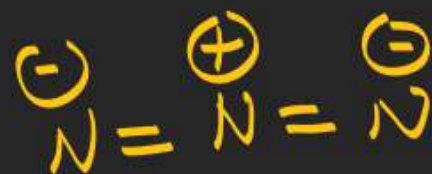
Lewis → Octet
Compleat



Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

2. In which of the following molecule/ion the central atom have +1 formal charge ?



Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

3. In which of the following molecule all the atoms are present in ground state ?

~~(A) PH₃~~

~~(B) CO~~

(C) SF₄

~~(D) HOF~~



Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

4. In which of the following molecule number of lone pairs & number of covalent bonds are equal ?

~~(A) SO_3~~

(B) SO_2

~~(C) CO_2~~

~~(D) H_2Se~~



Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

5. Which of the following statement is incorrect regarding molecule NOCl

(A) It has covalent as well as ionic bond present in its structure.

(B) It has Cl atom present as a central atom.

(C) It has one lone pair.

(D) It has linear structure.



Rule \Rightarrow least E.N atom act as C.A but if E.N is same then atom which has Higher covalency in Gr. 5 act as C.A.

Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

6. Lewis theory fails to explain which of the following structure(s) ?

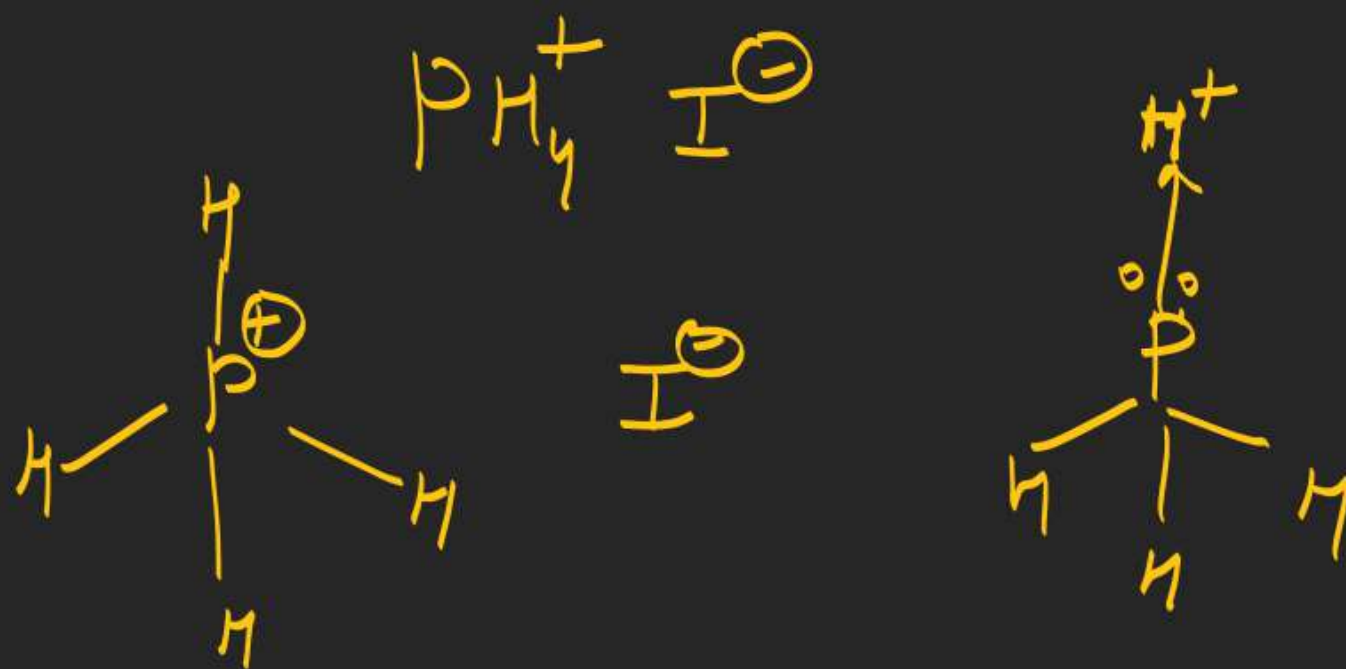
(A) SF_6 (B) XeF_2 (C) XeF_4 (D) BeCl_2

Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

7. Type of bonds present in PH_4I is/are:

- (A) Ionic (B) Covalent (C) Co-ordinate (D) H-bond



Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

8. Which of the following set of elements have tendency to combine with each other by sharing of valence electron.

(A) Mg & O

Ionic

~~(B) B & F~~

(C) Na & H

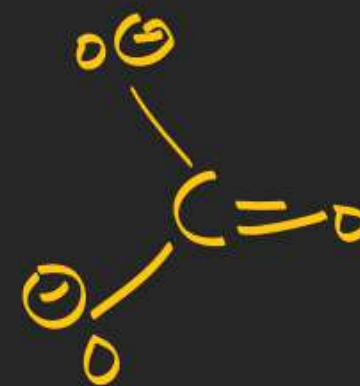
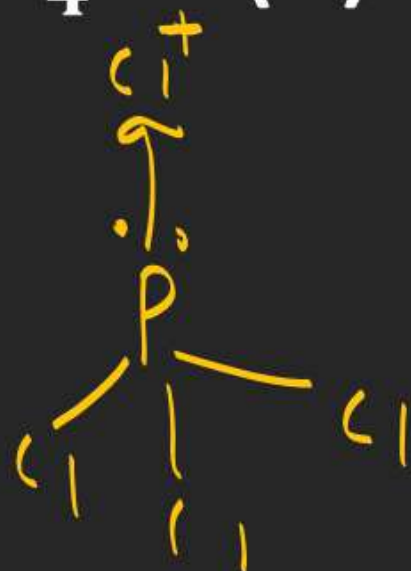
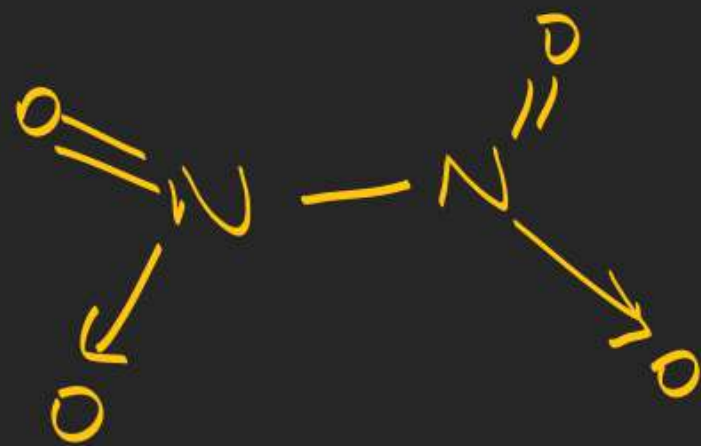
Ionic

~~(D) P & F~~

Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

9. Coordinate bond is present in the following molecule(s) :



Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

10. Which of the following set contains covalent as well as ionic species ?

(A) NO, CO, OF₂

~~(C) CO₂, CsCl, NO₂~~

Ionic

~~(B) NH₃, BF₃, AlF₃~~

Al⁺³ F⁻

~~(D) SO₃, BCl₃, CaO~~

Ionic

Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2



11. Which of the following statement is correct?

~~(A)~~ Extent of overlapping : $3p - 4s < 3s - 3s$

~~(B)~~ s-orbital can never form π -bond

~~(C)~~ p-orbital can form σ and π as well as δ bond.

~~(D)~~ non axial d-orbitals (d_{xy}, d_{xz}, d_{yz}) have more directional


nature than the axial d-orbitals (d_{z^2} & $d_{x^2-y^2}$)

Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2



12. Select the correct statement(s) :

~~(A)~~ σ bond is stronger than δ bond

~~(B)~~ π bond is the result of collateral overlapping between two half filled atomic orbitals.

~~(C)~~ s-orbital & p_y -orbital can be never form bond on z -- axis.



~~(D)~~ p_y & p_y on z --axis form δ bond

Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

13. Choose the correct order(s) of strength of overlapping of orbitals :

~~(A)~~ $2p - 2p > 2p - 3p > 3p - 3p$

~~(B)~~ $3d - 3d > 3p - 3d > 3p - 3p$

~~(C)~~ $2s - 3s > 3p - 3p > 3s - 3p$

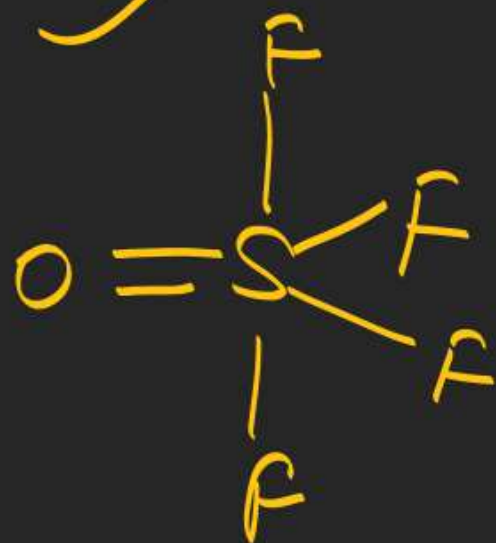
~~(D)~~ $2s - 2s > 2s - 2p > 2p - 2p$

Chemical bonding

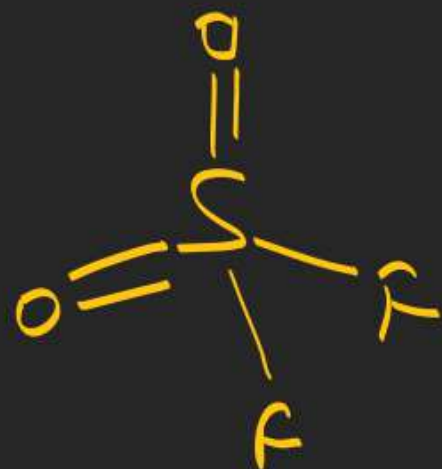
EXERCISE # 2

14. Which of the following molecules have $P_{\pi} - d_{\pi}$ bond in their structure ?

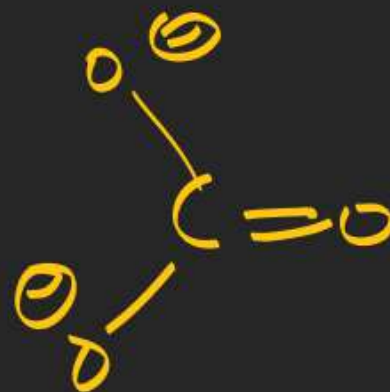
~~(A) SOF_4~~



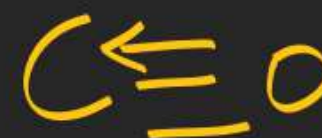
~~(B) SO_2F_2~~



~~(C) CO_3^{2-}~~



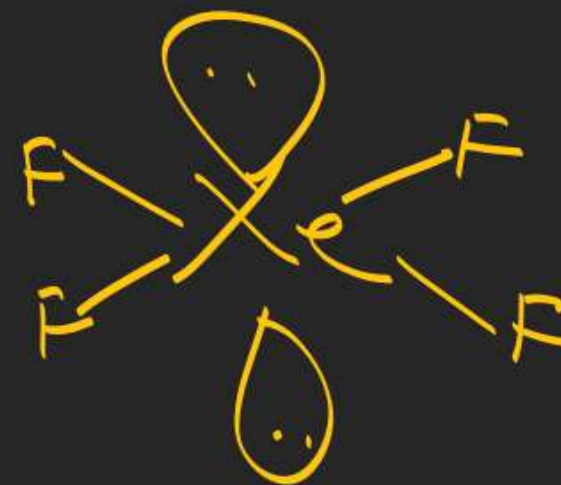
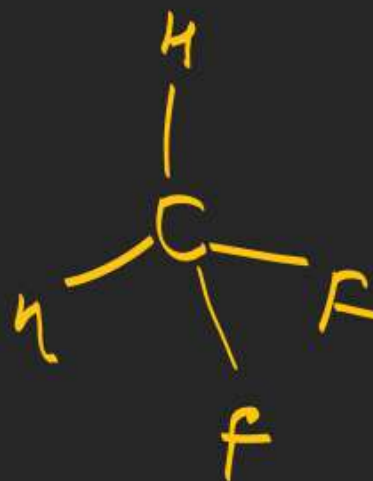
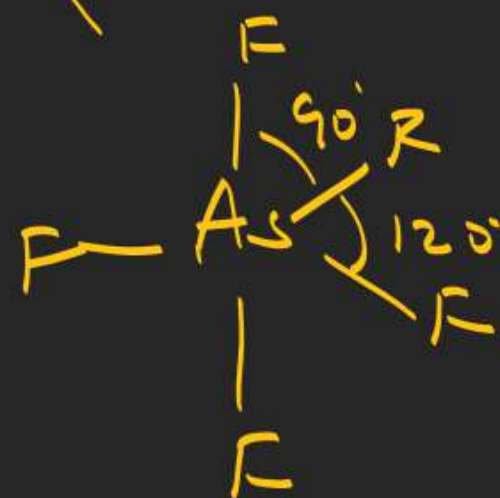
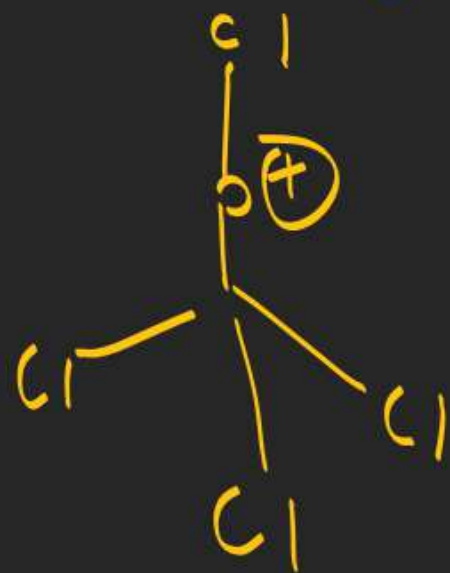
~~(D) CO~~



Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

15. Which of the following specie(s) contains all bond angles equal?



Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

16. Which of the following combination of bond pair (b.p) & lone pair (l.p.) gives same shape?

- (i) 3 b.p. + 1 l.p. *Pyramidal* (ii) 2 b.p. + 2 l.p. *Bent + V shape* (iii) 3 b.p. + 2 l.p. *Bent + T Shape*
- linear* (iv) 2 b.p. + 3 l.p. (v) 2 b.p. + 1 l.p. *Bent + V shape* (vi) 2 b.p. + 0 l.p. *linear*
- (A) (ii) & (v) (B) (vi) & (iv) (C) (iii) & (iv) (D) (i) & (iii)

Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

17. Which of the following molecules has/have linear structure

~~(A) BeCl_2~~

~~(B) XeF_2~~

(C) XeO_4

(D) SF_4



Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

18. Which of the following molecules have H Bonding

- (A) H_2O (B) NH_3 (C) HF (D) CH_4

H Bond means
element $\Rightarrow \text{F, O, N}$

Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

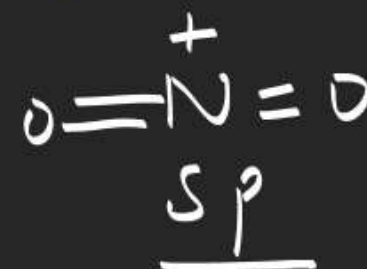
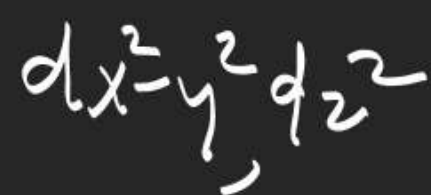
19. Which of the following molecules is/are $sp^3 d$ hybridised



Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

20. Which of the following molecules has/have $d_{x^2-y^2}$ and d_{z^2} orbitals in hybridisation

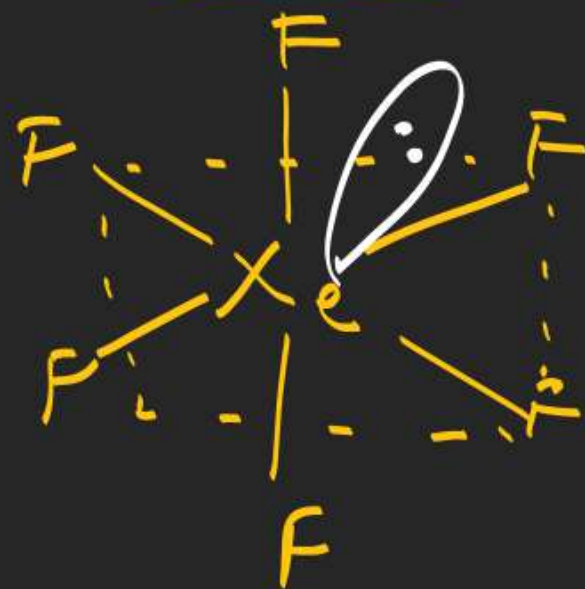


Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

21. Which of the following molecules has/have capped octahedral geometry

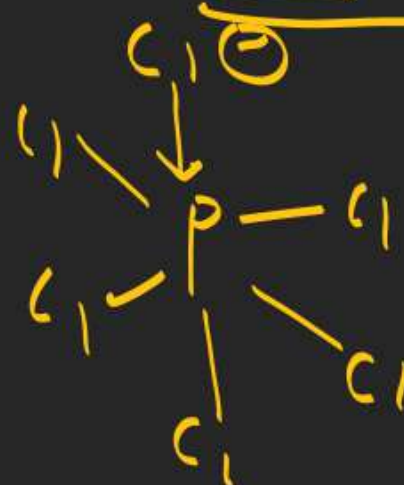
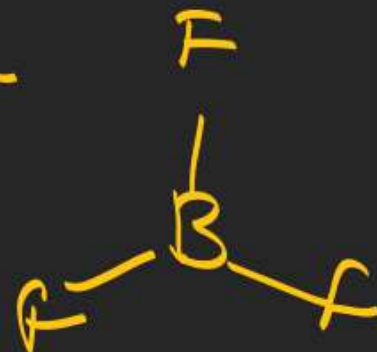
- (A) XeF_6 (B) IF_6^- (C) XeOF_5^- (D) XeF_2



Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

22. In which of following, vacant orbital take part in hybridisation :



Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

23. Which of the following is correct match for AB_xL_y (where B = Bond pair & L = lone pair).

~~(A)~~ $x = 3, y = 2$ planar & polar

~~(B)~~ $x = 3, y = 1$ polar & non planar

~~(C)~~ $x = 2, y = 3$ non planar & non polar

~~(D)~~ $x = 4, y = 1$, non planar & polar

