

HW 4

Q4 $\frac{1}{b+c}, \frac{1}{c+a}, \frac{1}{a+b}$ AP.

$\frac{(a+b)(b+c)(c+a)}{(b+c)}, \frac{(a+b)(b+c)(c+a)}{(c+a)}, \frac{(a+b)(b+c)(c+a)}{(a+b)}$ AP.

$a^2 + (ac + bc + ab), b^2 + (ab + ac + bc), c^2 + (ab + bc + ca) \rightarrow$ AP

a^2, b^2, c^2 AP

$\frac{1}{a^2}, \frac{1}{b^2}, \frac{1}{c^2}$ HP

Q2 $\log_2 (1 \cdot \sqrt{x} \cdot 4\sqrt{x} \cdot 8\sqrt{x} \cdot \dots)$

$\log_2 (x^{1 + 1/2 + 1/4 + 1/8 + \dots}) = 4$

$x^2 = 16 \Rightarrow x = 4$

$$a, b, c \rightarrow AP$$

$$\frac{a}{abc}, \frac{b}{abc}, \frac{c}{abc} \rightarrow AP$$

$$\frac{1}{bc}, \frac{1}{ac}, \frac{1}{ab} \rightarrow AP$$

$$\frac{a+b+c}{bc}, \frac{a+b+c}{ac}, \frac{a+b+c}{ab} \rightarrow AP$$

$$\frac{a+b+c}{bc} - 1, \frac{a+b+c}{ac} - 1, \frac{a+b+c}{ab} - 1 \rightarrow AP$$

$$\frac{a+b}{bc}, \frac{a+b}{ac}, \frac{b+c}{ab} \rightarrow AP$$

$$\frac{bc}{a+b}, \frac{ca}{a+b}, \frac{ab}{b+c} \rightarrow HP$$

Q7

$$a_n = \frac{\left(x^{\frac{1}{2^n}} + y^{\frac{1}{2^n}}\right)\left(x^{\frac{1}{2^n}} - y^{\frac{1}{2^n}}\right)}{\left(x^{\frac{1}{2^n}} - y^{\frac{1}{2^n}}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{\left(x^{\frac{1}{2^n}}\right)^2 - \left(y^{\frac{1}{2^n}}\right)^2}{x^{\frac{1}{2^n}} - y^{\frac{1}{2^n}}} = \frac{x^{\frac{1}{2^{n-1}}} - y^{\frac{1}{2^{n-1}}}}{x^{\frac{1}{2^n}} - y^{\frac{1}{2^n}}}$$

$$a_n = \frac{b_{n+1}}{b_n}$$

$$a_1 = \frac{b_0}{b_1}$$

$$a_2 = \frac{b_1}{b_2}$$

$$a_3 = \frac{b_2}{b_3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 \cdot a_2 \cdot a_3 \cdots a_n &= \frac{b_0}{b_1} \times \frac{b_1}{b_2} \times \frac{b_2}{b_3} \cdots \frac{b_{n-1}}{b_n} \\ &= \frac{b_0}{b_n} = \frac{x^{\frac{1}{2^0}} - y^{\frac{1}{2^0}}}{x^{\frac{1}{2^n}} - y^{\frac{1}{2^n}}} \\ &= \frac{x-y}{b_n} \end{aligned}$$

Q8 S.T. in an AP.

$$a_2 - a_1 = d$$

$$a_1 - a_2 = -d$$

$$a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots$$

$$\underbrace{a_1^2 - a_2^2 + a_3^2 - a_4^2 + \dots + a_{2K-1}^2 - a_{2K}^2}_{\substack{\downarrow \\ \text{K Pairs}}} = \frac{K}{(2K-1)} (a_1^2 - a_{2K}^2)$$

$$\underbrace{(a_1 - a_2)}_{-d} (a_1 + a_2) + (a_3 - a_4)(a_3 + a_4) + \dots + (a_{2K-1} - a_{2K})(a_{2K-1} + a_{2K})$$

$$= -d(a_1 + a_2) + (-d)(a_3 + a_4) + \dots + (-d)(a_{2K-1} + a_{2K})$$

$$= -d \{ \underbrace{a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + a_4 + \dots + a_{2K-1} + a_{2K}}_{\text{Sum of } 2K \text{ terms}} \}$$

$$= -d \times \frac{2K}{2} [a_1 + a_{2K}]$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-Kd [a_1^2 - a_{2K}^2]}{(a_1 - a_{2K})} = \frac{+Kd [a_1^2 - a_{2K}^2]}{a_1 + (a_1 + (2K-1)d)} = \frac{K}{2K-1} [a_1^2 - a_{2K}^2]$$

RHS

Copy Add.

Q 9 a, b, c +ve R No.

$$9(25a^2 + b^2) + 25(c^2 - 3ac) = 15b(3a + c)$$

then a, b, c!

$$225a^2 + 9b^2 + 25c^2 - 75ac - 45ab - 15bc = 0$$

$$(15a)^2 + (3b)^2 + (5c)^2 - 75ac - 45ab - 15bc = 0$$

$$\boxed{\text{Feel} \rightarrow a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - ab - bc - ca = 0} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \{ (a-b)^2 + (b-c)^2 + (c-a)^2 \} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \{ (15a-3b)^2 + (3b-5c)^2 + (5c-15a)^2 \} = 0$$

$$15a - 3b = 0 \text{ \& } 3b - 5c = 0 \text{ \& } 5c - 15a = 0$$

$$15a = 3b = 5c \div 15$$

$$\frac{15a}{15} = \frac{3b}{15} = \frac{5c}{15} = K \Rightarrow a = \frac{b}{5} = \frac{c}{3} = K \quad \therefore \left. \begin{array}{l} a = K \\ b = 5K \\ c = 3K \end{array} \right\} a, b, c \text{ are in } \underline{\underline{A.P.}}$$

$$S = \underbrace{10^9 + 2 \cdot 11 \cdot 10^8 + 3 \cdot 11^2 \cdot 10^7 + \dots + 10 \cdot 11^9}_{AP} = K \cdot 10^9 \text{ then } K.$$

$$\frac{11S}{10} = \frac{11 \cdot 10^8 + 2 \cdot 11^2 \cdot 10^7 + \dots + 9 \cdot 11^9 + 11^{10}}{10}$$

$$-\frac{S}{10} = \left\{ 10^9 + 11 \cdot 10^8 + 11^2 \cdot 10^7 + 11^3 \cdot 10^6 + \dots + 11^9 \right\} - 11^{10}$$

← 10 terms HP

$$-\frac{S}{10} = \frac{10^9 \cdot \left(\left(\frac{11}{10} \right)^{10} - 1 \right)}{\left(\frac{11}{10} - 1 \right)} - 11^{10}$$

Class off

$$+\frac{S}{10} = \cancel{10^{10}} \left(\frac{11^{10} + 10^{10}}{\cancel{10^{10}}} \right) - \cancel{11^{10}}$$

$$S = 10^{11}$$