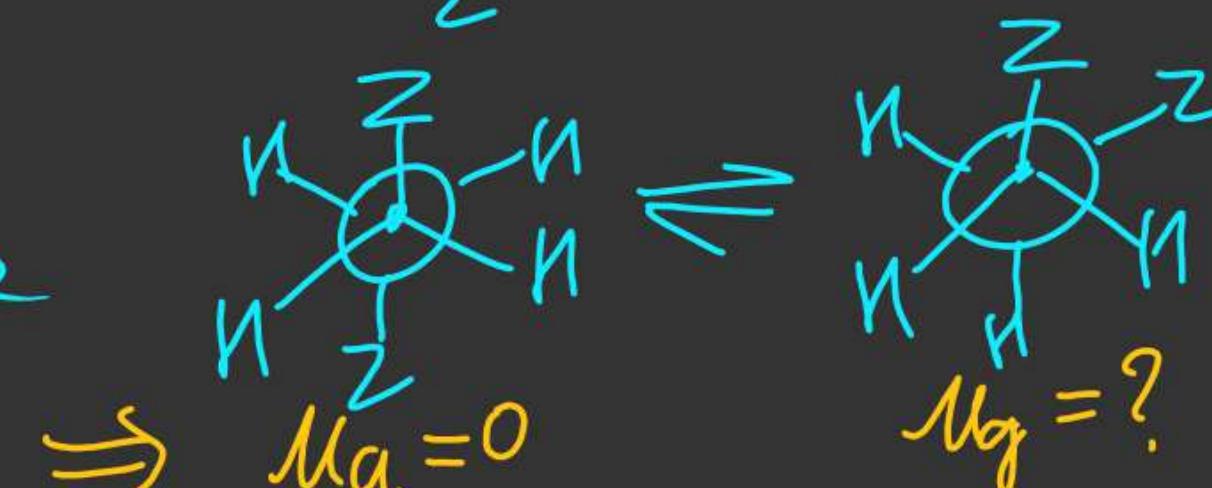


Calculate dipole moment of gauche Conformation if net dipole moment is 1 D & mole fraction  $\alpha$  - anti

$$\frac{\alpha_2 - \alpha_1}{2}$$

$$\text{Formula} \quad \mu = \sum \mu_i \chi_i$$

$\chi_i \Rightarrow$  mole fraction  
of stable  
conformation

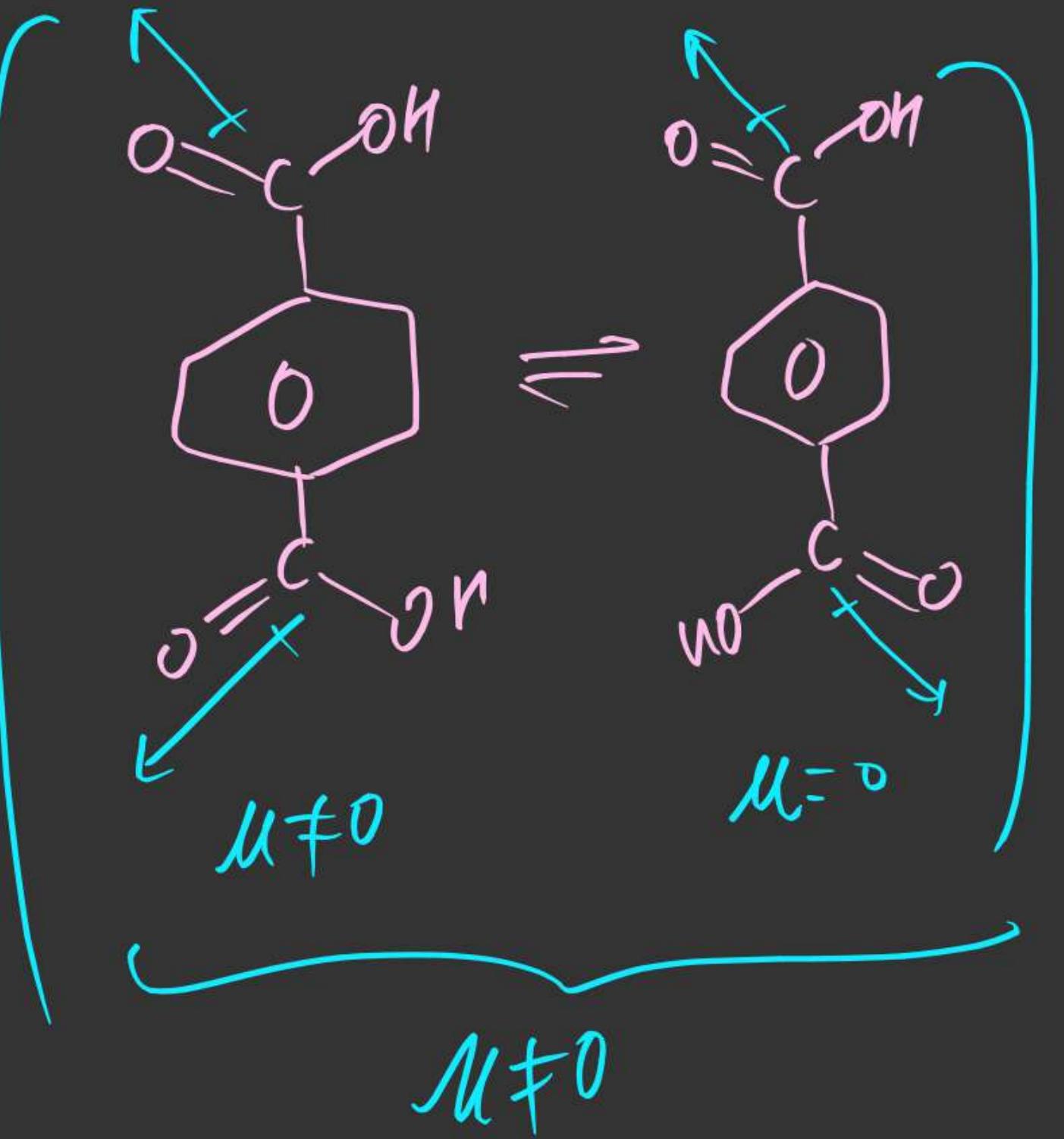


$$\Rightarrow \mu_a = 0$$

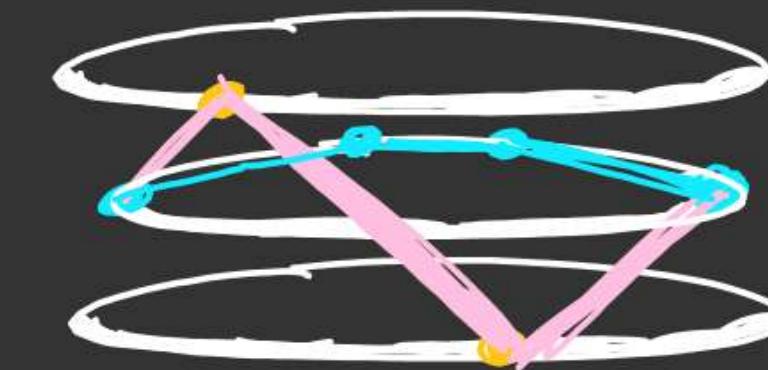
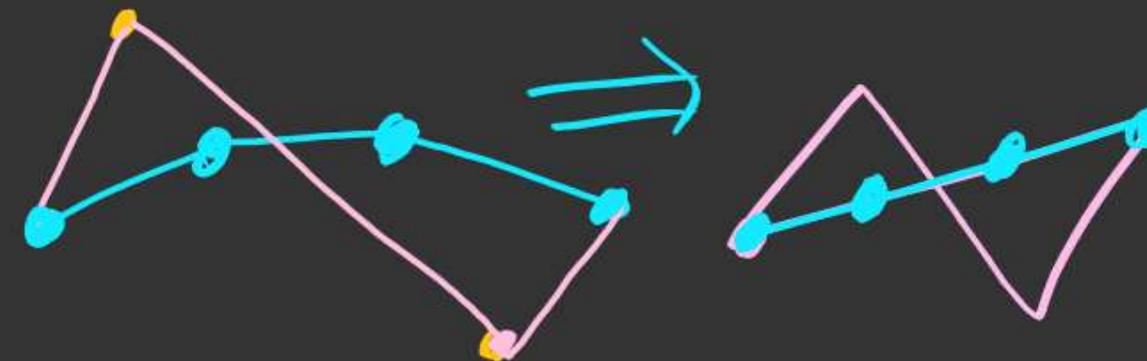
$$\Rightarrow \mu_{\text{net}} = 1 \text{ D}$$

$$\Rightarrow \chi_a = 0.82$$

$$\chi_g = ?$$



#### (4) Half chair Conformation



$3(C-C) \Rightarrow$  gauche

$3(C-C) \Rightarrow$  Eclipsed.

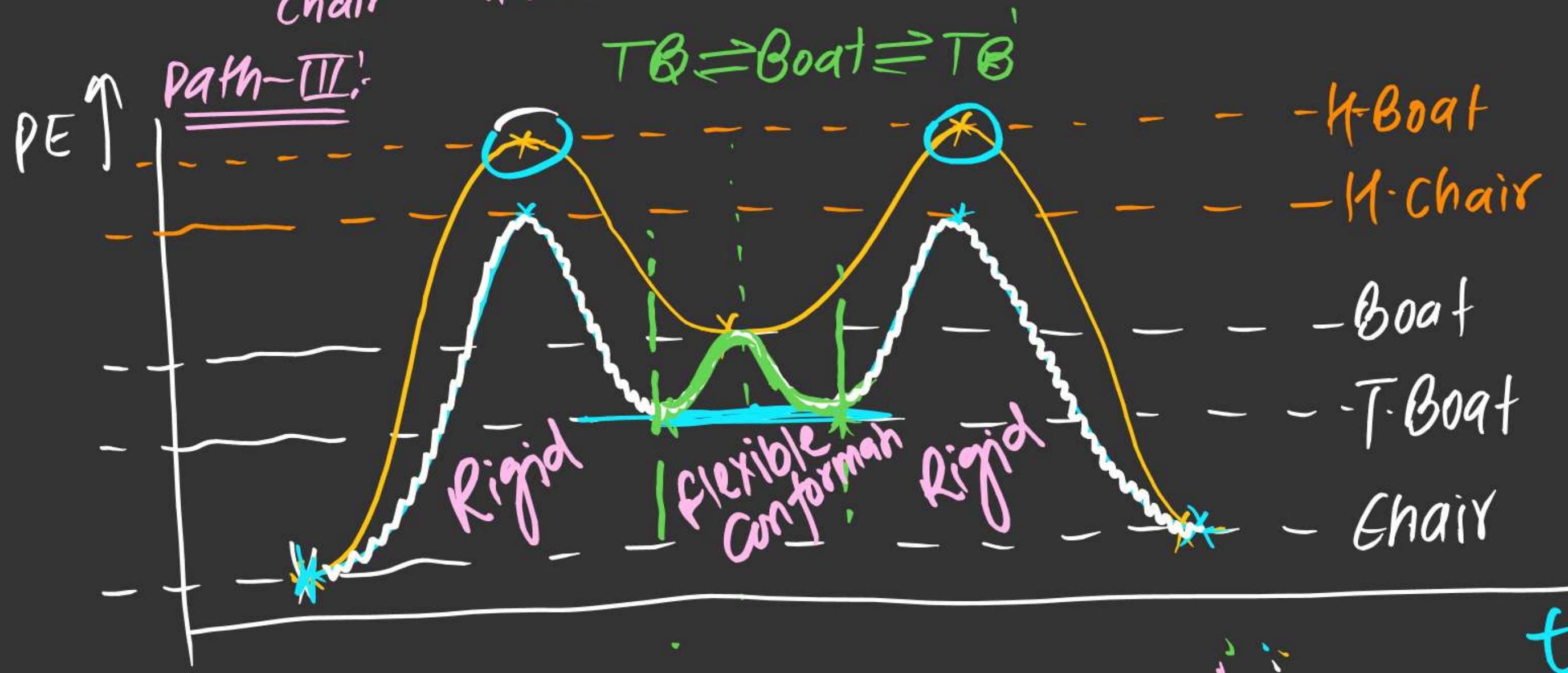
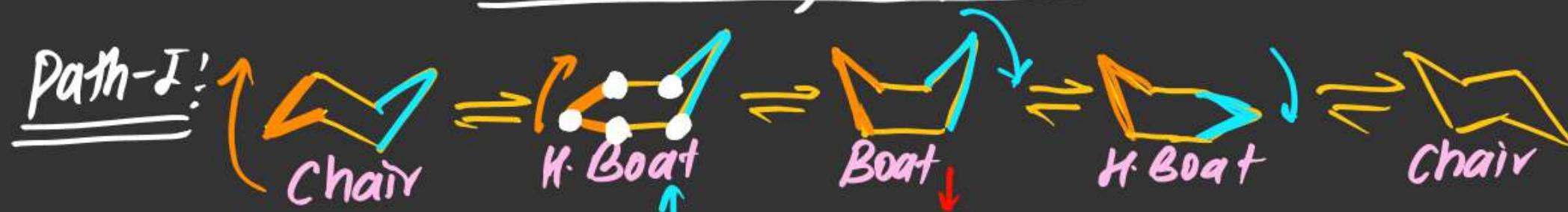
#### (5) Half Boat Conformation



$4(C-C) \Rightarrow$  Eclipsed

$2(C-C) \Rightarrow$  gauche

# Potential Energy Diagram

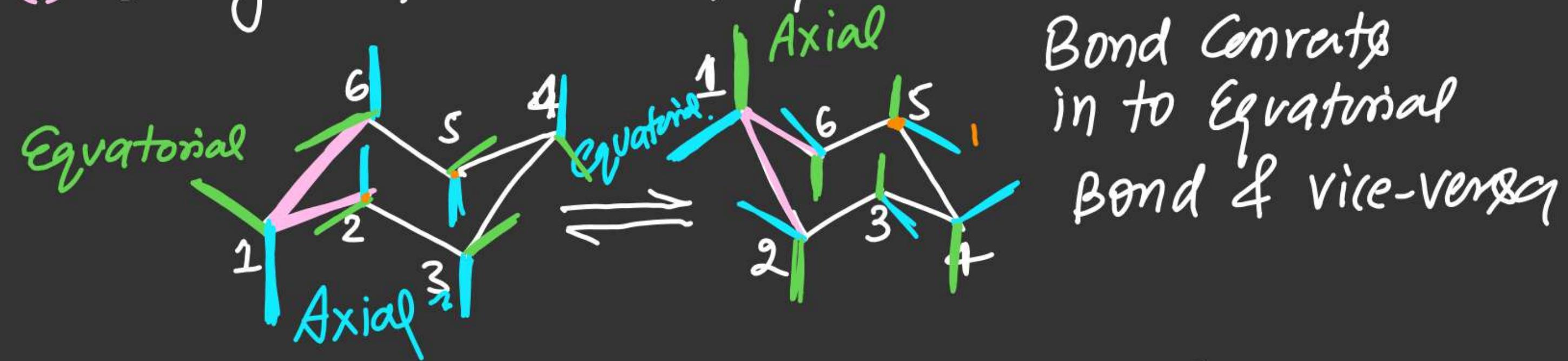


- Nishant Jindal
- ⇒ Total possible conformation for cyclohexane =  $\infty$
- ⇒ Total possible stable conformation of cyclohexane  $\leq 4$
- ⇒ Total possible **flexible** stable conformation =  $3$  ( $1$  chair +  $2$  T-Boat)
- ⇒ **Rigid** =  $1$  (Chair)

Ex-1 Which of the following conformation of cyclohexane is chiral.

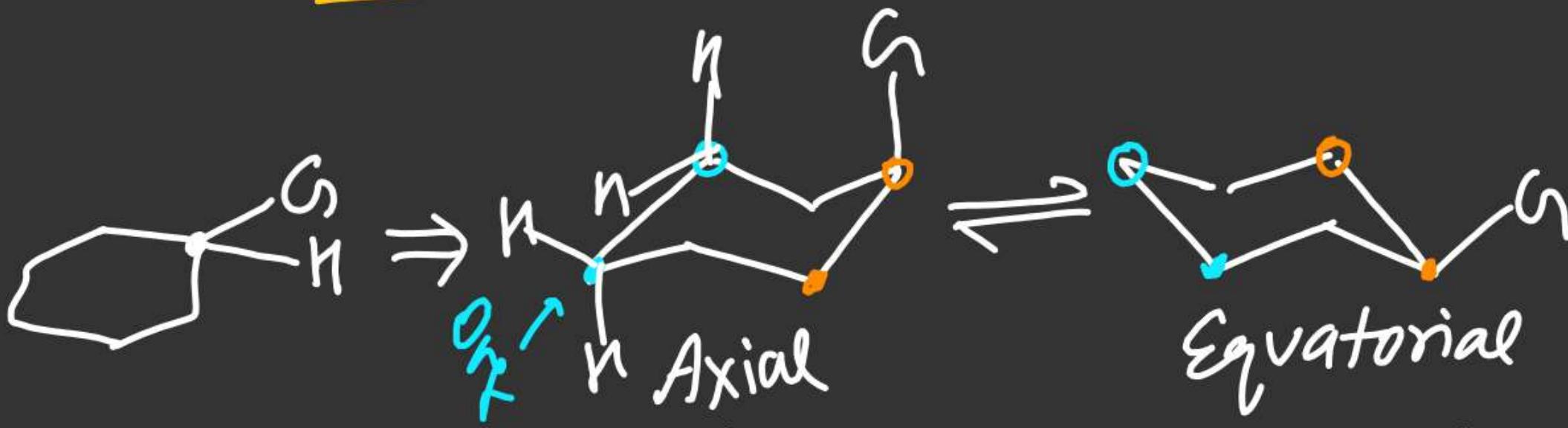
- (A) Chair (B) Boat (C) Twist Boat (D) Rigid
- pos, cos  
present pos  
present chiral  
chiral Achiral
- Rigid  
chiral  
+ H-chair  
chiral

Note: . (i) During Conformation of Cyclohexane Each Axial



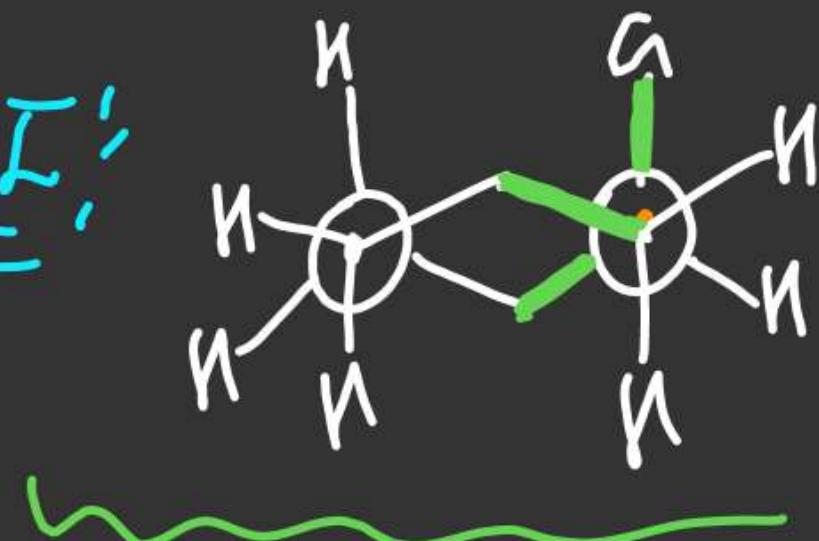
(ii) Configuration never changes during Conformation .

(#) Conformation of Substituted cyclohexane :

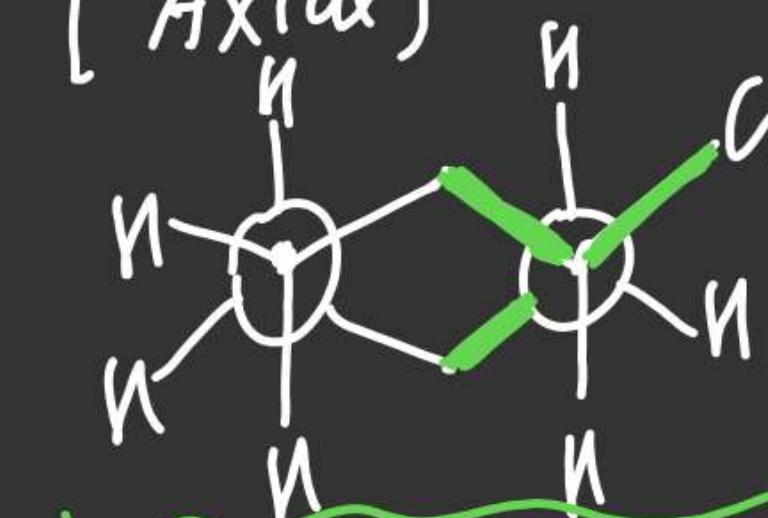


$$K_{eq} = \frac{[\text{Equatorial}]}{[\text{Axial}]}$$

Method-I:



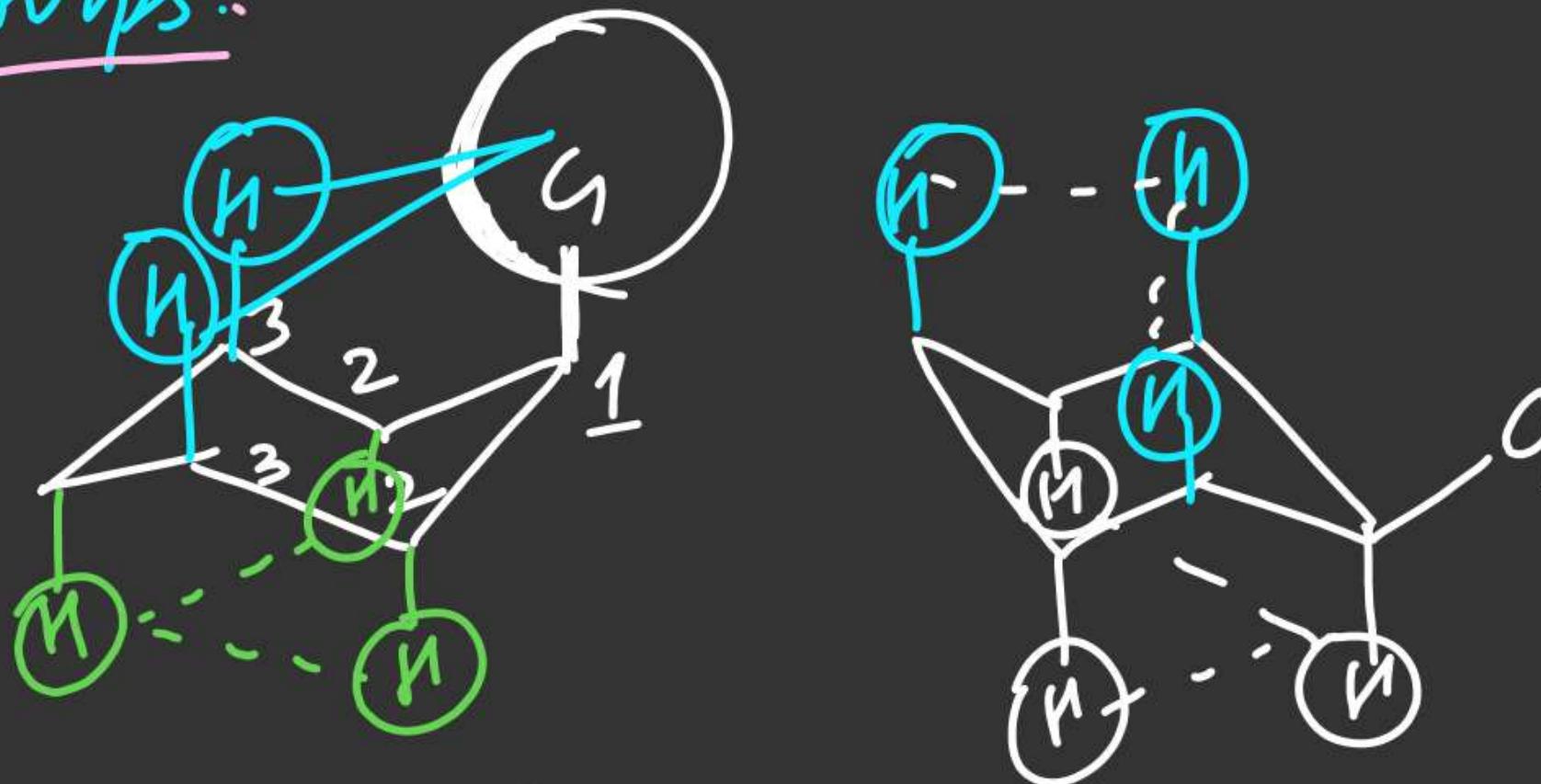
max Repulsion  
less stable



less Repulsion, more stable  
...

Note :- Equatorial site is more stable site for Bulky groups..

method-II



more 1,3-diaxial

Repulsion

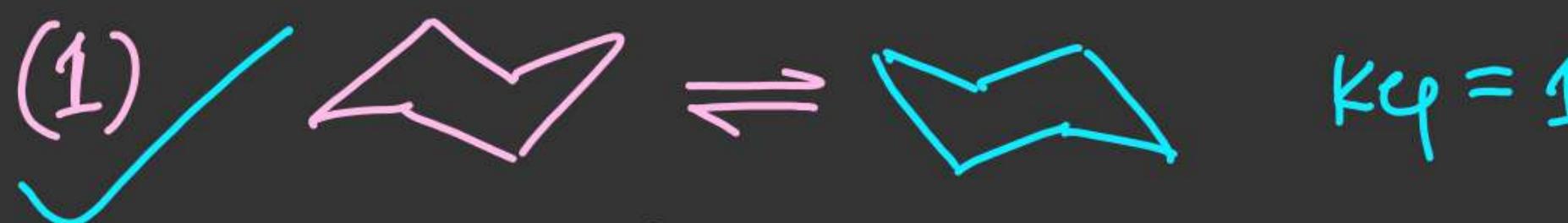
$\Rightarrow$  hence less Stable.

less diaxial Repulsion

$\Rightarrow$  hence more stable

# Ex! Complete following & Predict $K_{eq}$

(1)



$$K_{eq} = 1$$

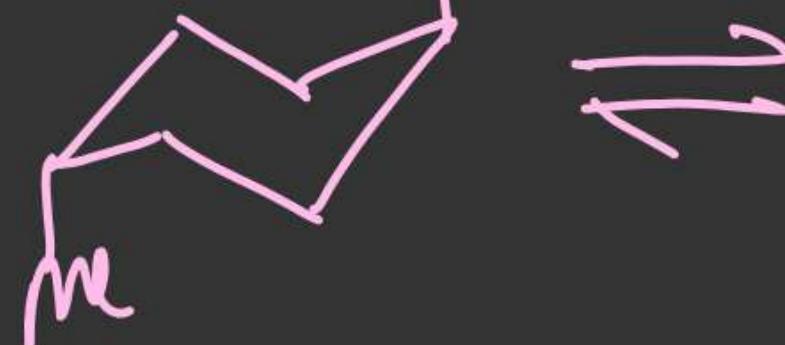
(2)



(3)

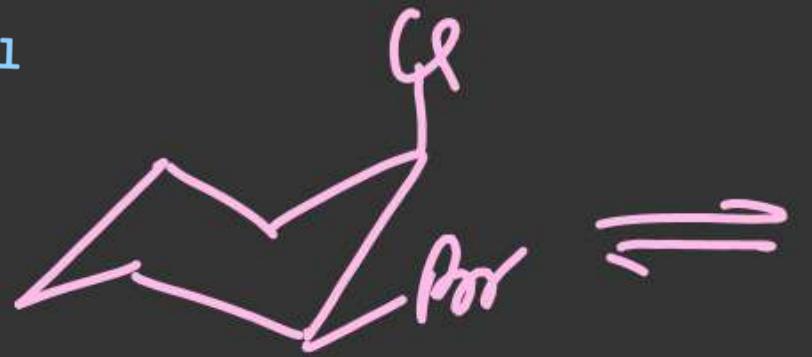


(4)





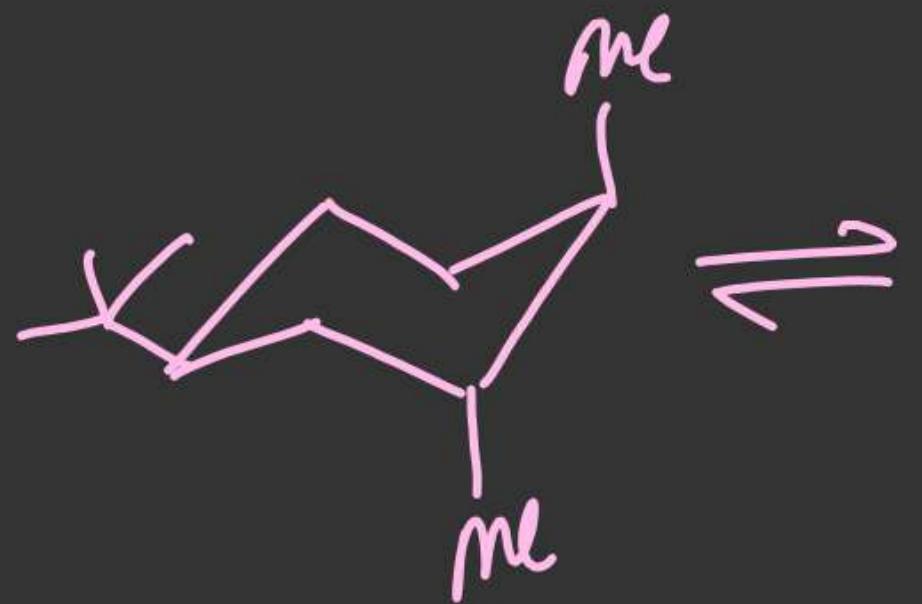
(9)



(10)



(11)

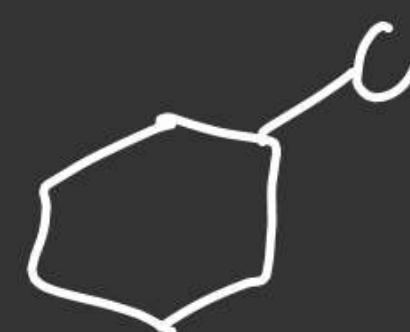


(#) Draw most stable Conformation

(1)



(2)



$\text{Cl} \leftarrow \text{equipped}$

(3)



~~most stable~~

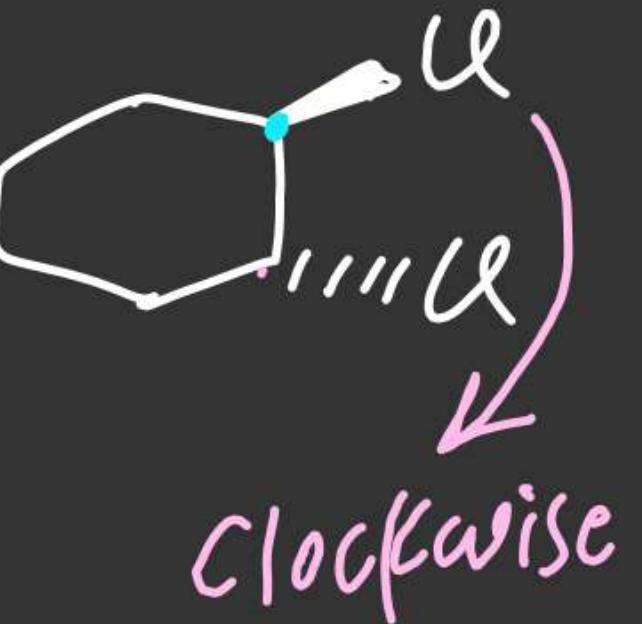
(most stable  
conformation)



(4)



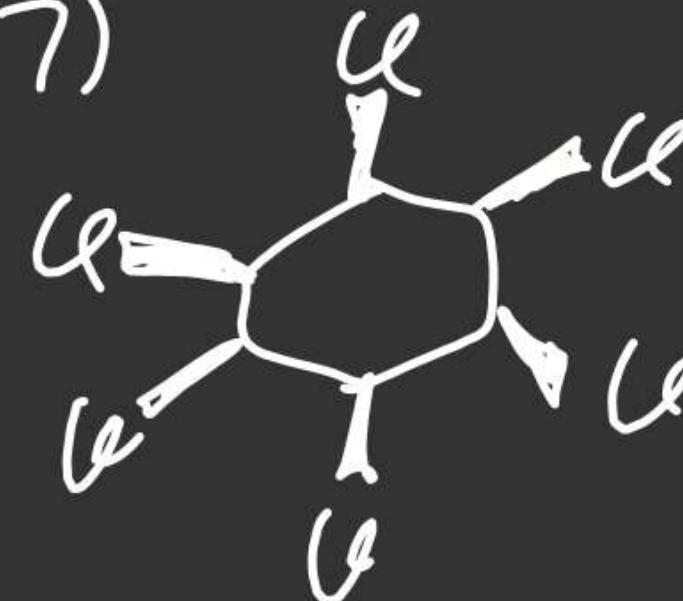
(5)



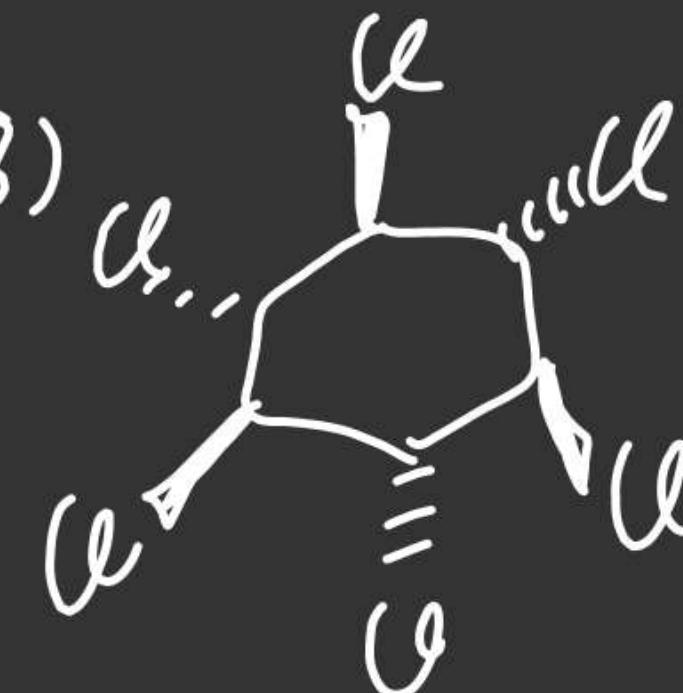
(6)

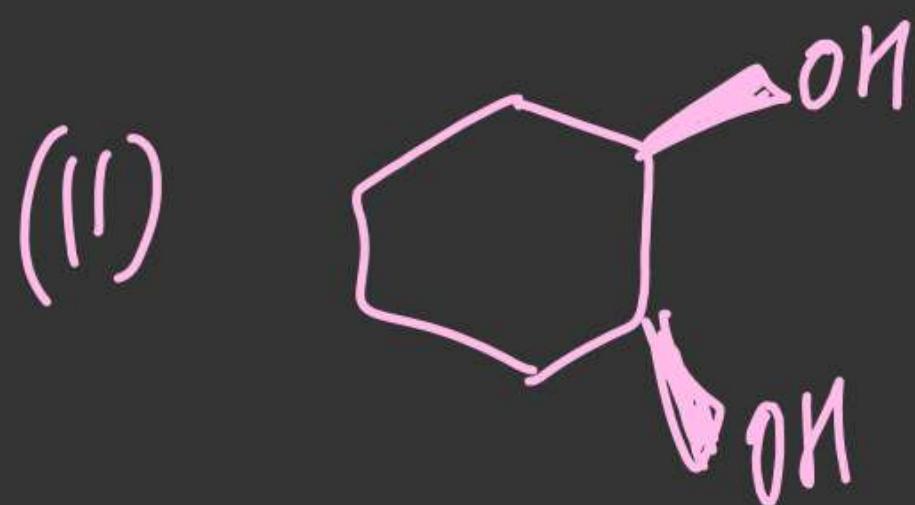
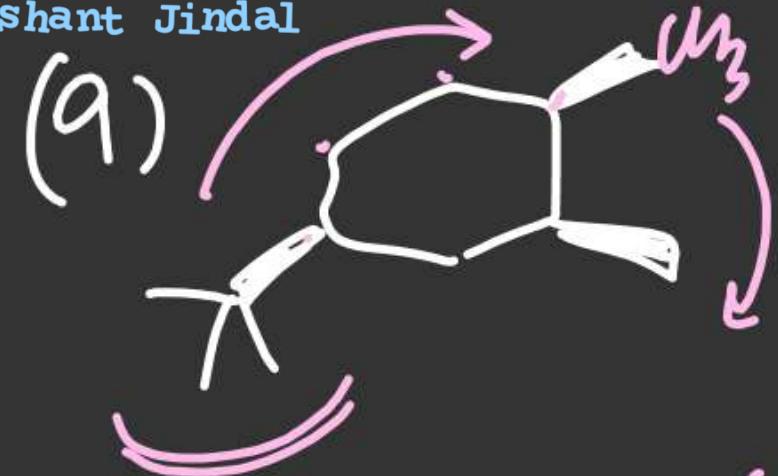


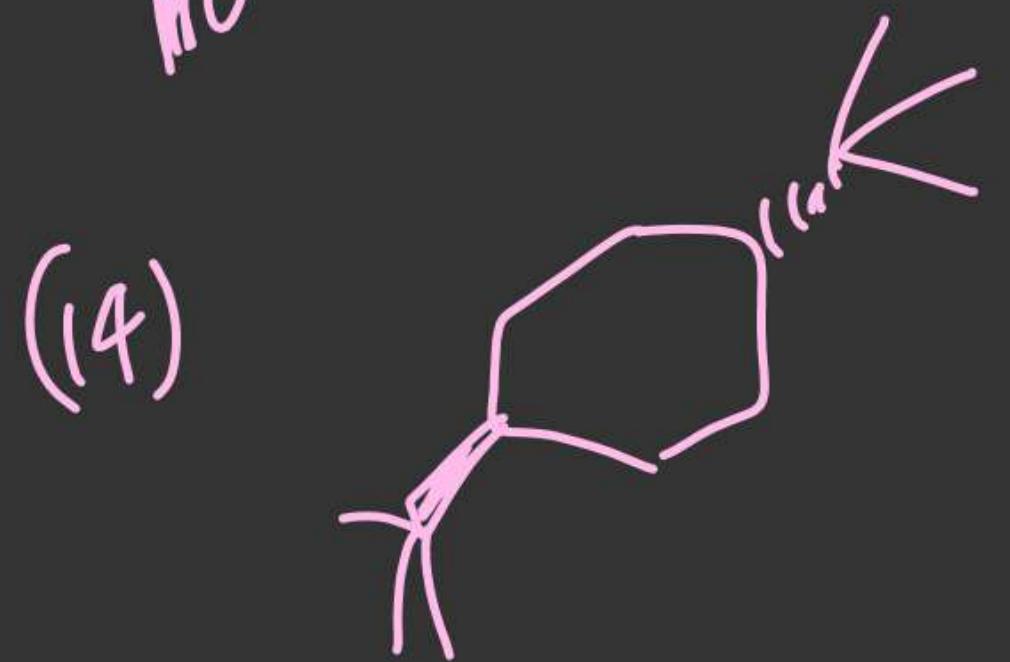
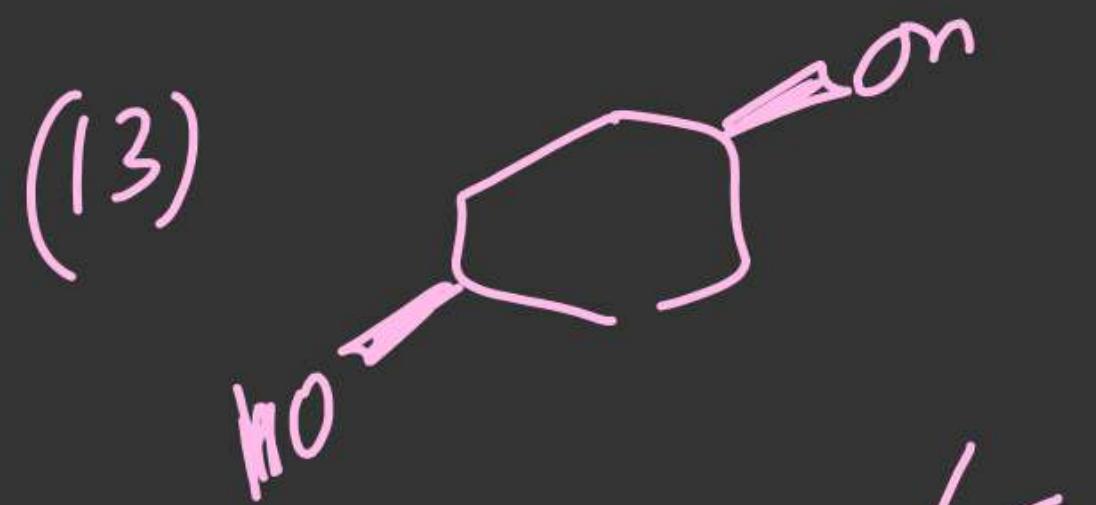
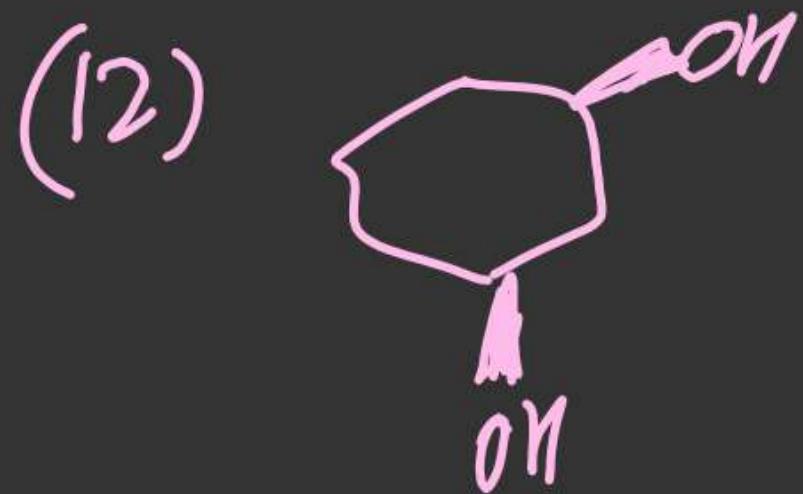
(7)

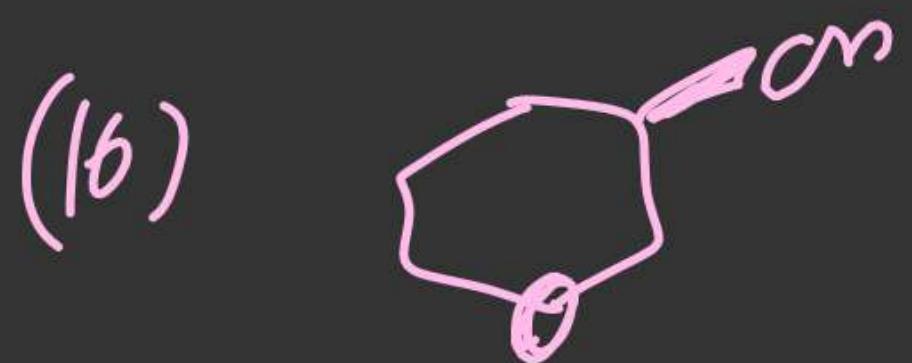
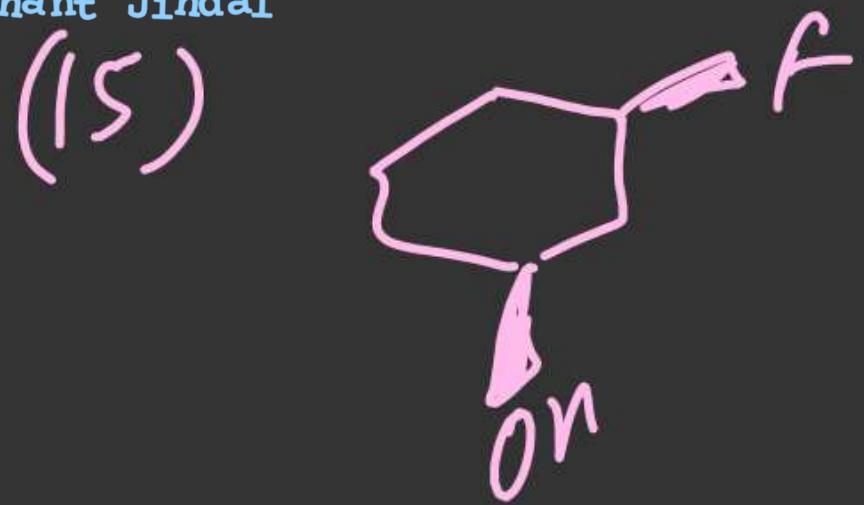


(8)









(18) 1,2-di methyl Cyclohexane



Stability  $T(aa) < C(ae) = C(ea) < T(ee)$

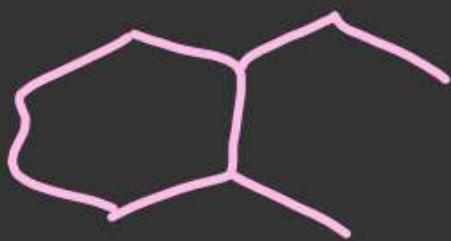
(19) 1,3-di methyl cyclohexane



(20) 1,4-Di methyl cyclohexane



(21) 1-Ethyl-2-methyl cyclohexane



Reaction mech<sup>n</sup>

first 6 lectures (No Previous Concept  
is reqd)

Optical Requirements