



Prop.

(i) Colourless but
burn with Blue flames

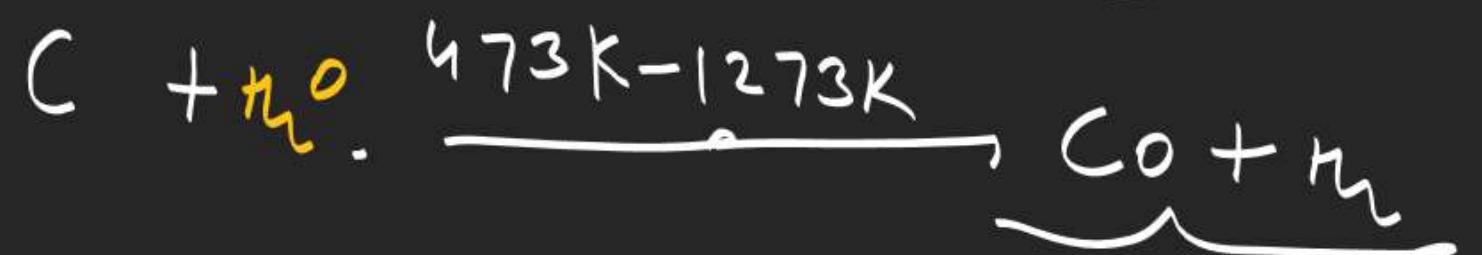


③ almost insoluble in water
 (Black ppt.)

(4) Co is good Reducing agent

(5) Poisonous

Industrial prep.



Bosch Process
Water gas shift reaction



Catalyst → iron oxide and chromium oxide



O=C=O

SP

linear

180

green House effect

Chemical bonding

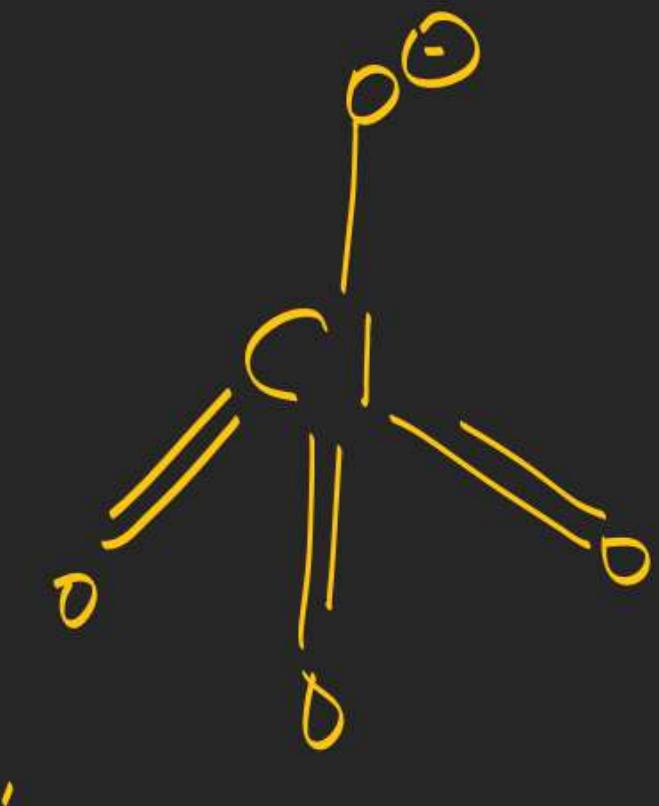
114. Total number of resonating structure possible of the molecule ClO_4^- is -

(A) 2

(B) 3

(C) 4

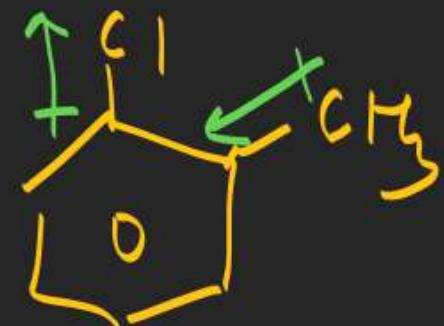
(D) 5



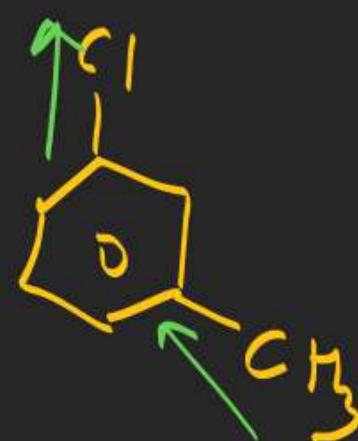
Chemical bonding

130. Arrange the following in increasing order of their polarity.

(I) Ortho chloro/Toluene



(II) Meta/chloro/Toluene



(III) Para chloro/Toluene



(A) III > II > I

(B) II < I > III

(C) III > I > II

(D) I < II < III

Chemical bonding

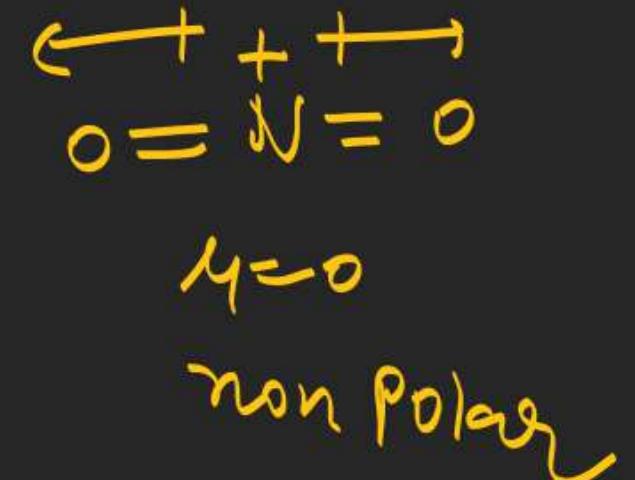
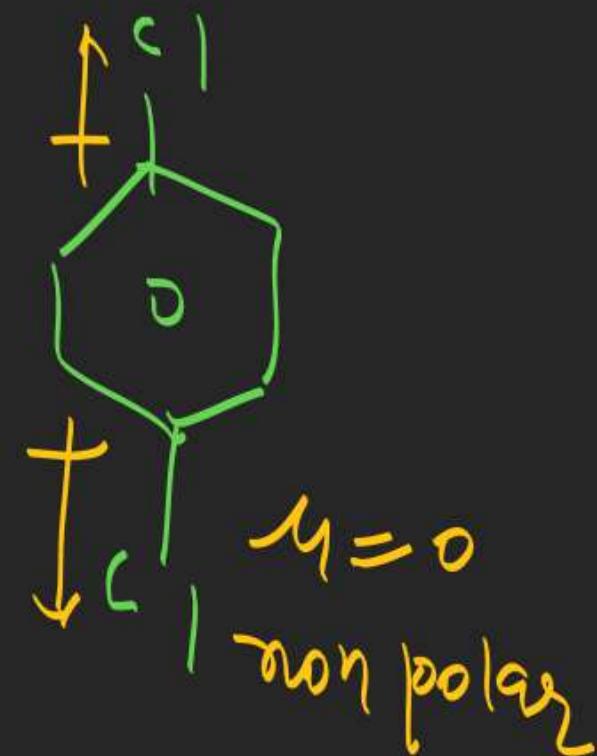
131. Which of the following molecule / species is polar.

(A) O_3

(B) NO_2^+

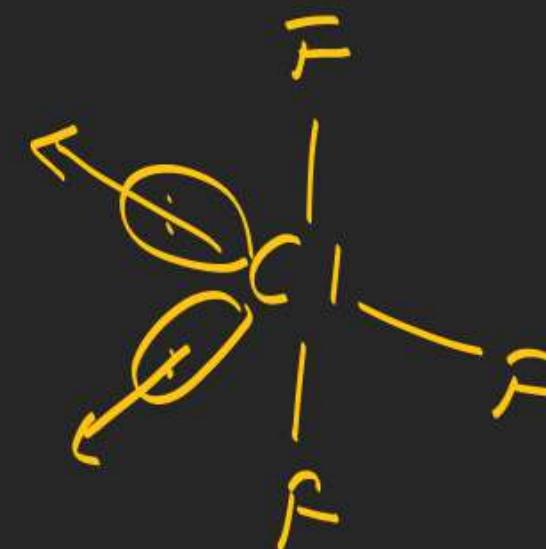
(C) paradichlorobenzene

(D) None of these



Chemical bonding

132. Which of the following molecule is non polar?

(A) NF_3 (B) ClF_3 (C) XeO_3 (D) ~~SO_3~~ 

Chemical bonding

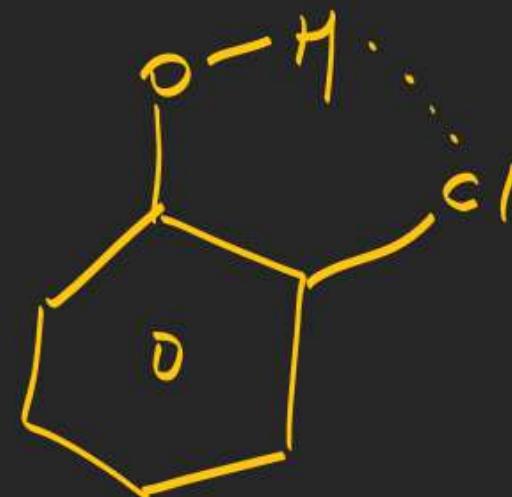
133. Which of the following have intramolecular H-bonding?

(A) Chloral

(B) Orthochlorophenol

(C) Paranitrophenol

(D) C₆H₆



Chemical bonding

134. What is the order of boiling point of the following compounds ?



- (A) $\text{CH}_4 > \text{NH}_3 > \text{H}_2\text{O} > \text{CH}_4$ (B) $\text{HF} > \text{H}_2\text{O} > \text{NH}_3 > \text{CH}_4$
(C) $\text{H}_2\text{O} > \text{HF} > \text{NH}_3 > \text{CH}_4$ (D) $\text{H}_2\text{O} > \text{NH}_3 > \text{HF} > \text{CH}_4$

$\text{H}_2\text{O} > \text{HF} > \text{NH}_3 > \text{CH}_4$

Extent of H-Bonding is higher
than HF

Chemical bonding

135. Which of the following have weakest intermolecular forces?



$\mu = 0$
non polar



Chemical bonding

136. Select the INCORRECT statement ?

(A) Cationic part of NH_4^+ F can form hydrogen bond with water

(B) Hydrogen bonding is not present in ethene ($\text{H}_2\text{C} = \text{CH}_2$)

(C) Anionic part of NaHCO_3 have inter molecular hydrogen

bonding

(D) Vapour pressure decreases due to intramolecular H-bonding.

(O)



Chemical bonding

137. The strength of H-bonding order is

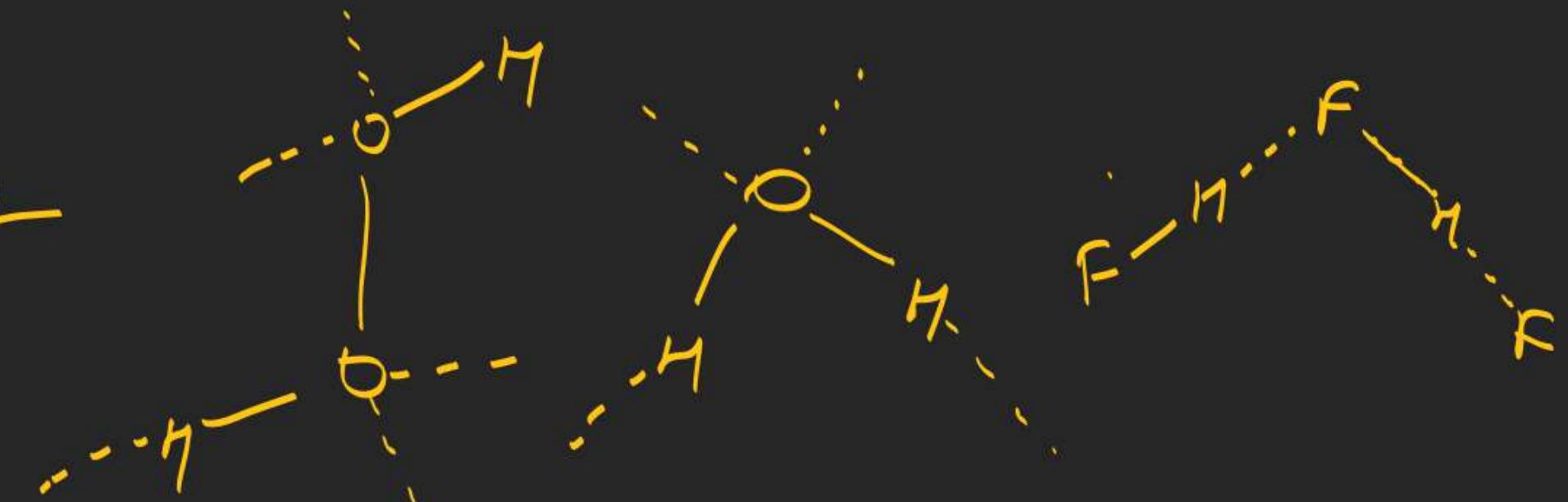
(A) $\text{H}_2\text{O} > \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 > \text{HF}$

(B) $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2 > \text{H}_2\text{O} > \text{HF}$

(C) ~~$\text{HF} > \text{H}_2\text{O} > \text{H}_2\text{O}_2$~~

(D) $\text{HF} = \text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{H}_2\text{O}_2$

$\text{HF} > \text{H}_2\text{O} > \text{H}_2\text{O}_2$



Chemical bonding

138. Give the correct order of initials T or F for following statements.
Use T if statement is true and F if it is false.

- (i) HF boils at a higher temperature than HCl
- (ii) HBr boils at lower temperature than HI
- (iii) K_a_1 of maleic acid is higher than that of fumaric acid
- (iv) K_a_2 of maleic acid is higher than that of fumaric acid

(A) TFTT

(B) TTTF

(C) TFTF (D) TTTT



Chemical bonding

139. Strongest hydrogen bond present in :

(A) O – H S

(C) F – H F

(B) S – H O

(D) F – H O

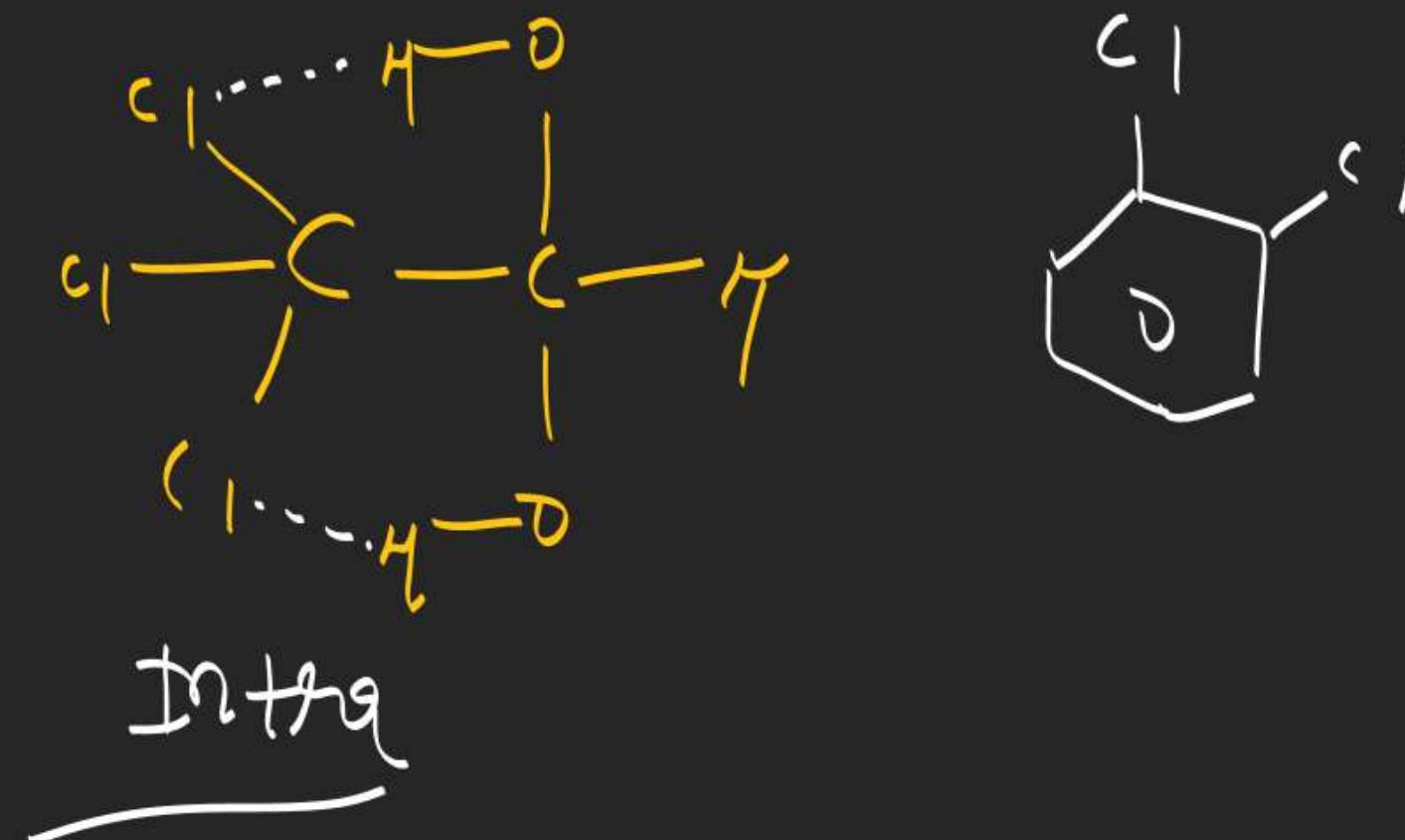


Chemical bonding

140. Which of the following will prefer intramolecular hydrogen bonding :

- (A) $\text{CCl}_3\text{CHO} \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$
(C) Sulphuric acid

- (B) Orthodichlorobenzene
(D) Both (A) & (B)



Chemical bonding

141. Which of the following is correct order for extent of Hydrogen Bonding

- (A) H_2O_2 > H_2O > HF > NH_3 (B) $\text{H}_2\text{O} > \text{HF} > \text{NH}_3 > \text{H}_2\text{O}_2$
- (C) $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2 > \text{H}_2\text{O} > \text{NH}_3 > \text{HF}$ (D) $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2 > \text{NH}_3 > \text{H}_2\text{O} > \text{HF}$

Chemical bonding

142. Which is correct about D_2O

- (A) Its boiling point is higher than that of $H_2O(l)$
- (B) $O - D \cdots \cdots O$ bond is stronger than $O - H \cdots \cdots O$ bond.
- (C) $D_2O(s)$ sinks in $H_2O(l)$.
- (D) all the above are correct.

Chemical bonding

143. Which of the following do not exist?



HCl_2^- ion donot have π -bonding

it exist with large size cation
,

Chemical bonding

144. Which of the following species is an example of odd electron molecule?

- (A) NO_2 (B) N_2O (C) ClO_3 (D) Both (A) and (C)



Both (A) and (C)