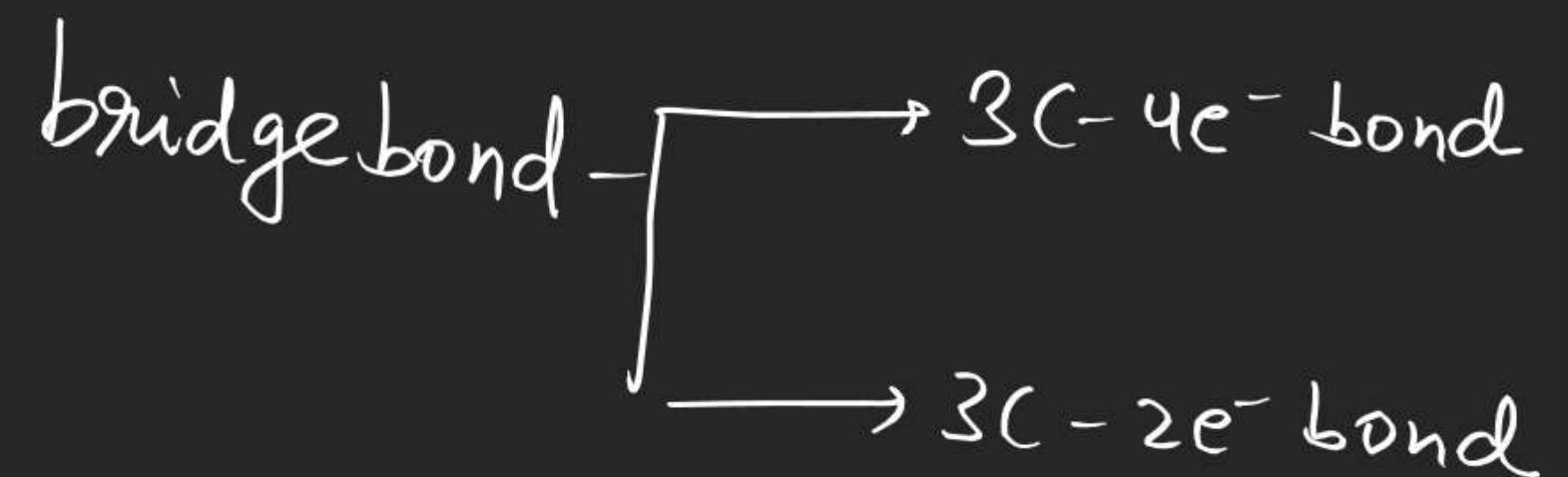


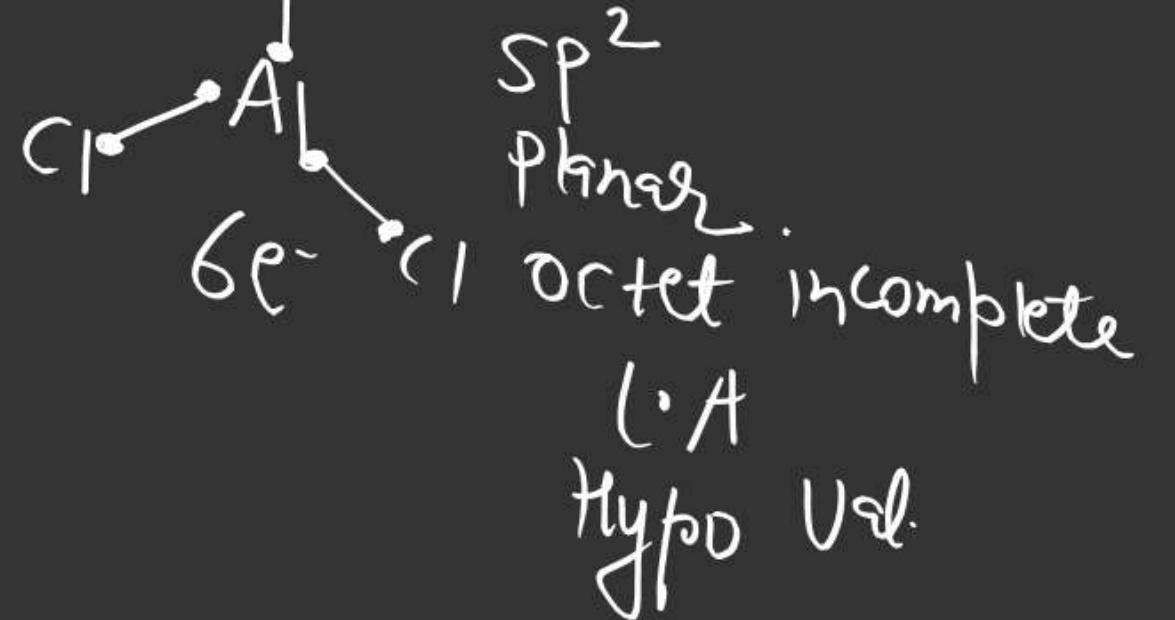
# CHEMICAL BONDING

Bridge bonding (Multi Centre)

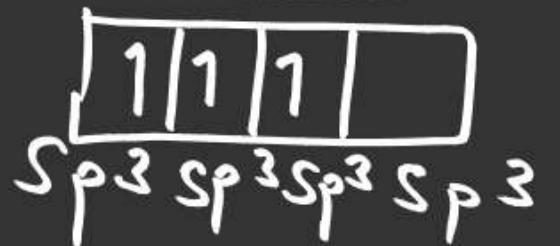


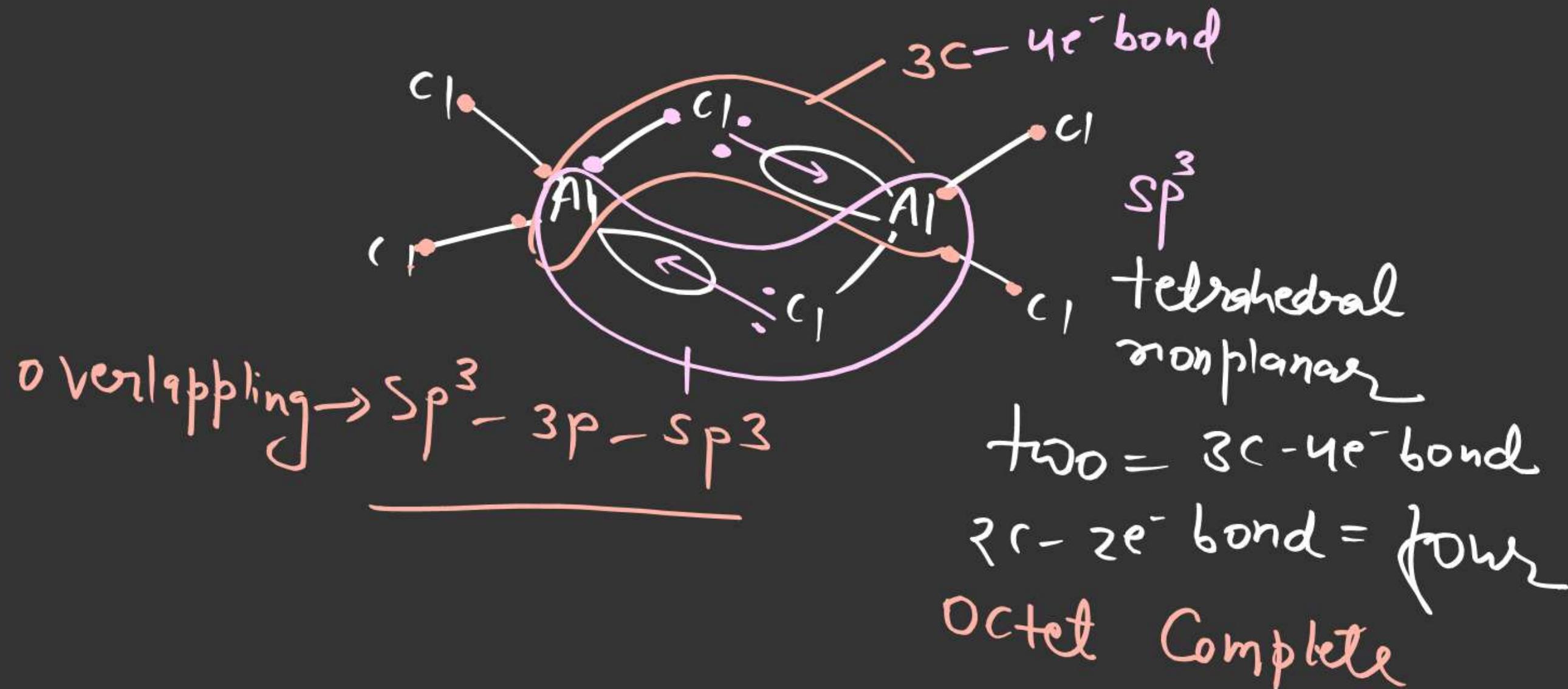


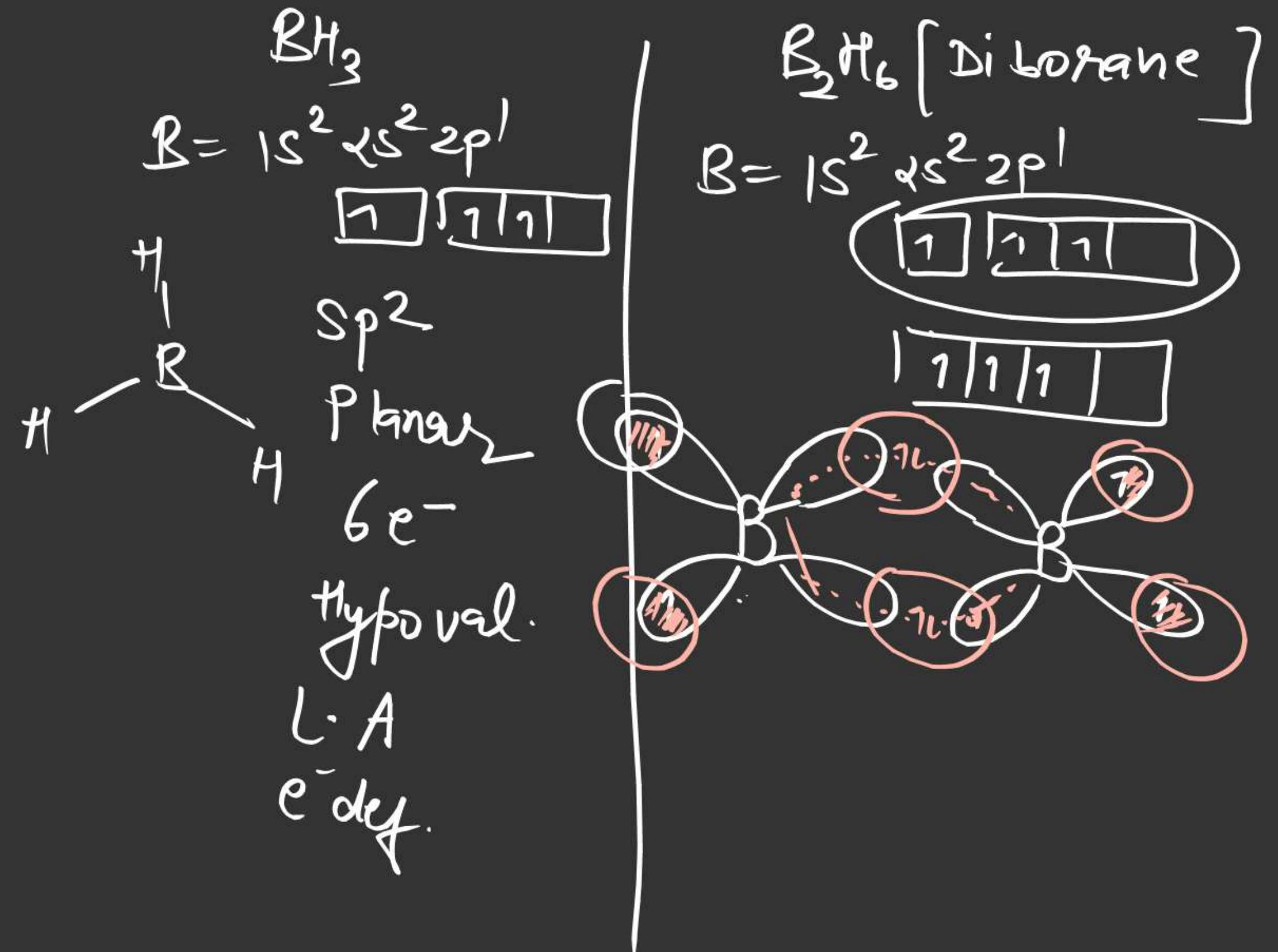
$$\text{Al} = 3s^2 3p^1$$

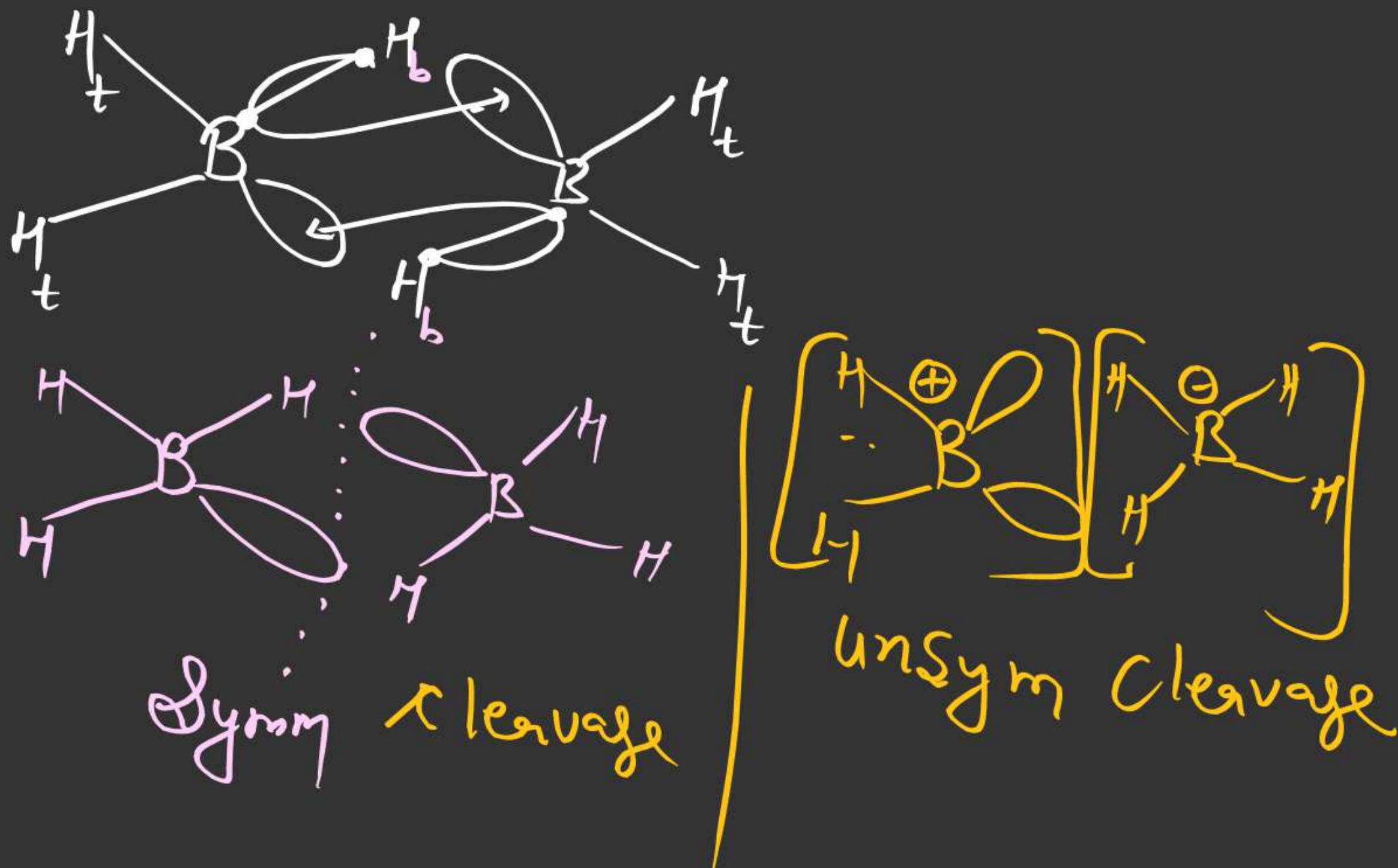


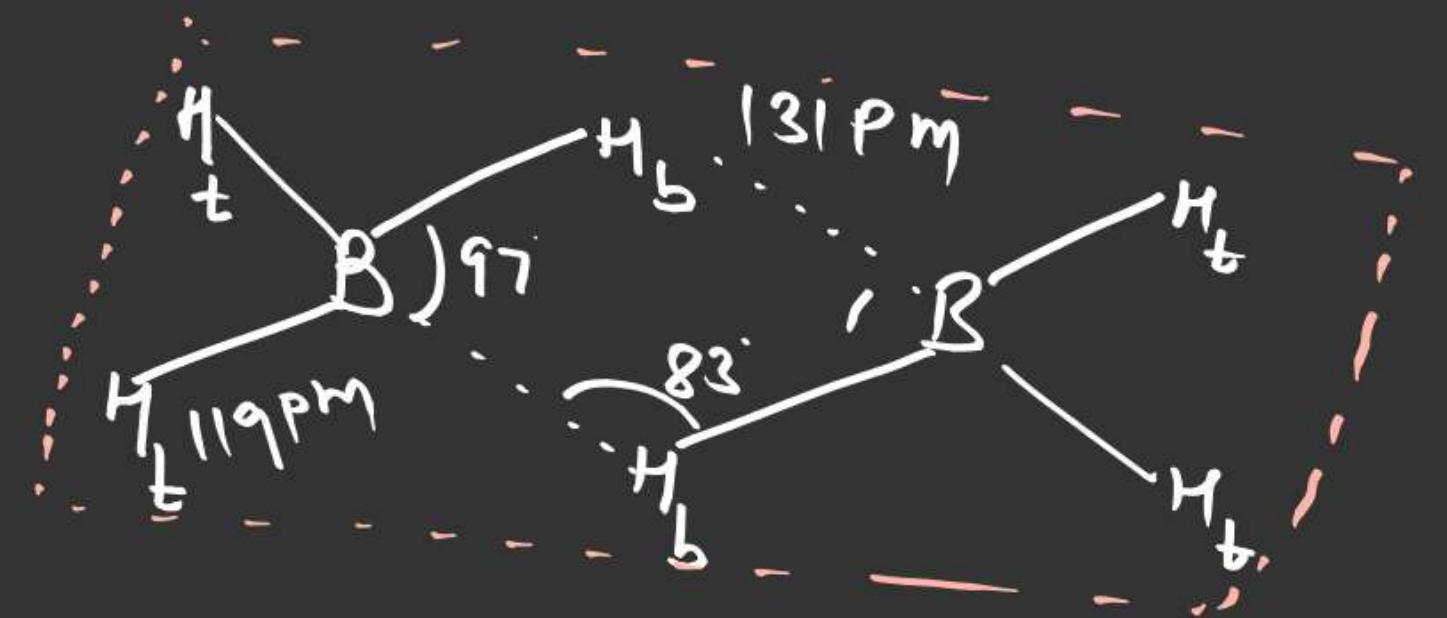
$$\text{Al} = \underset{\text{oval}}{3s^2 3p^1}$$



A<sup>-</sup>oB

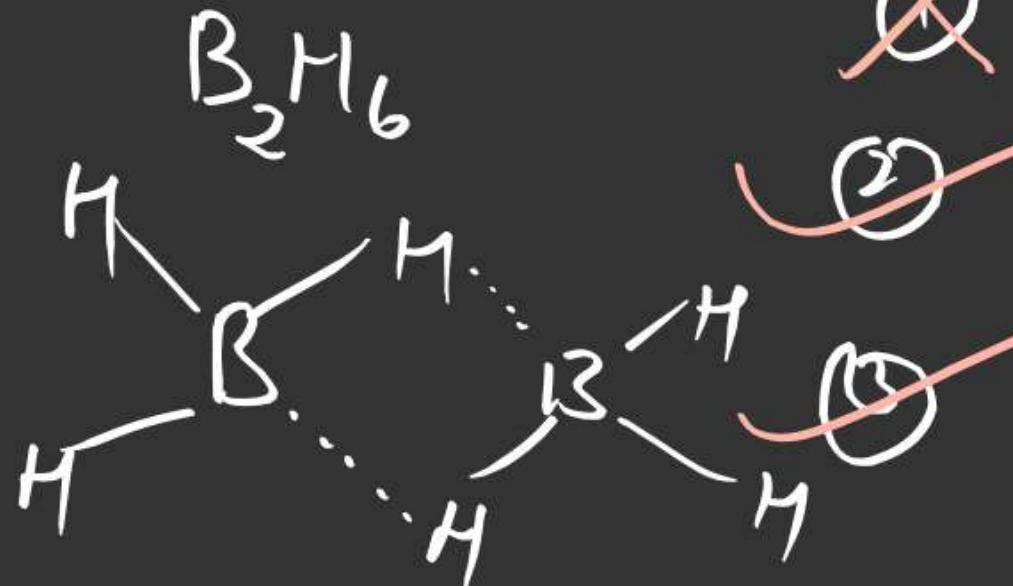
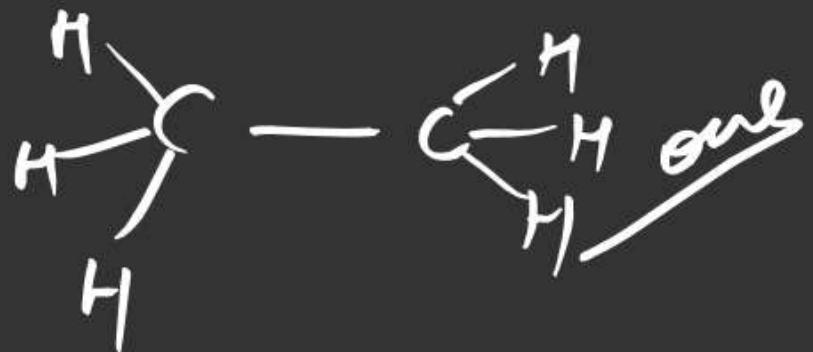






Maximum atom in one plane = 6 (in which  
 two Boron and 4 terminal  
 Hydrogen)

$A = 0$ , non polar



Select the correct statements about  $B_2H_6$

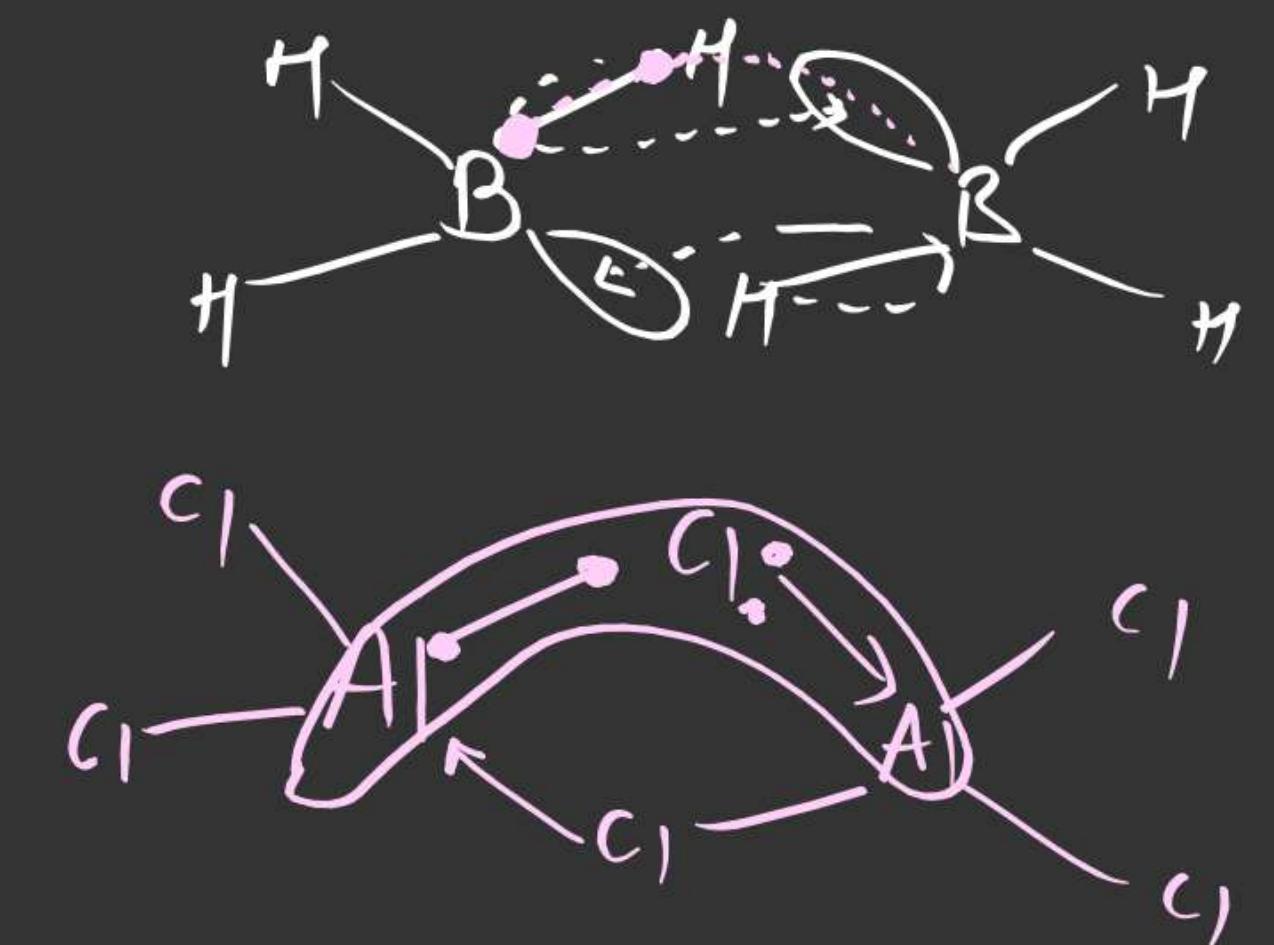
~~(1)~~  $B_2H_6$  is isostructural with  $C_2H_6$

~~(2)~~  $B_2H_6$  is iso electronic with  $C_2H_6$

Bridge bonds are stronger and longer than terminal bond

~~(3)~~ all of these

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 2 \times 5 + 6 \\
 & - 16 \\
 & \text{---} \\
 & C_2H_6 \\
 & 6 \times 2 + 4 \\
 & - 12 + 4 \\
 & \text{---} \\
 & C_2H_6 \\
 & 16
 \end{aligned}$$

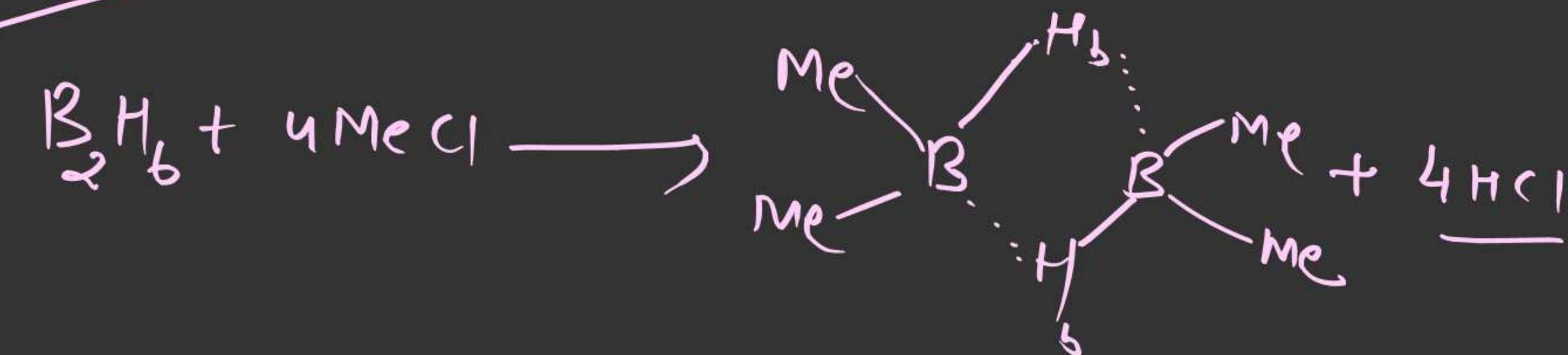


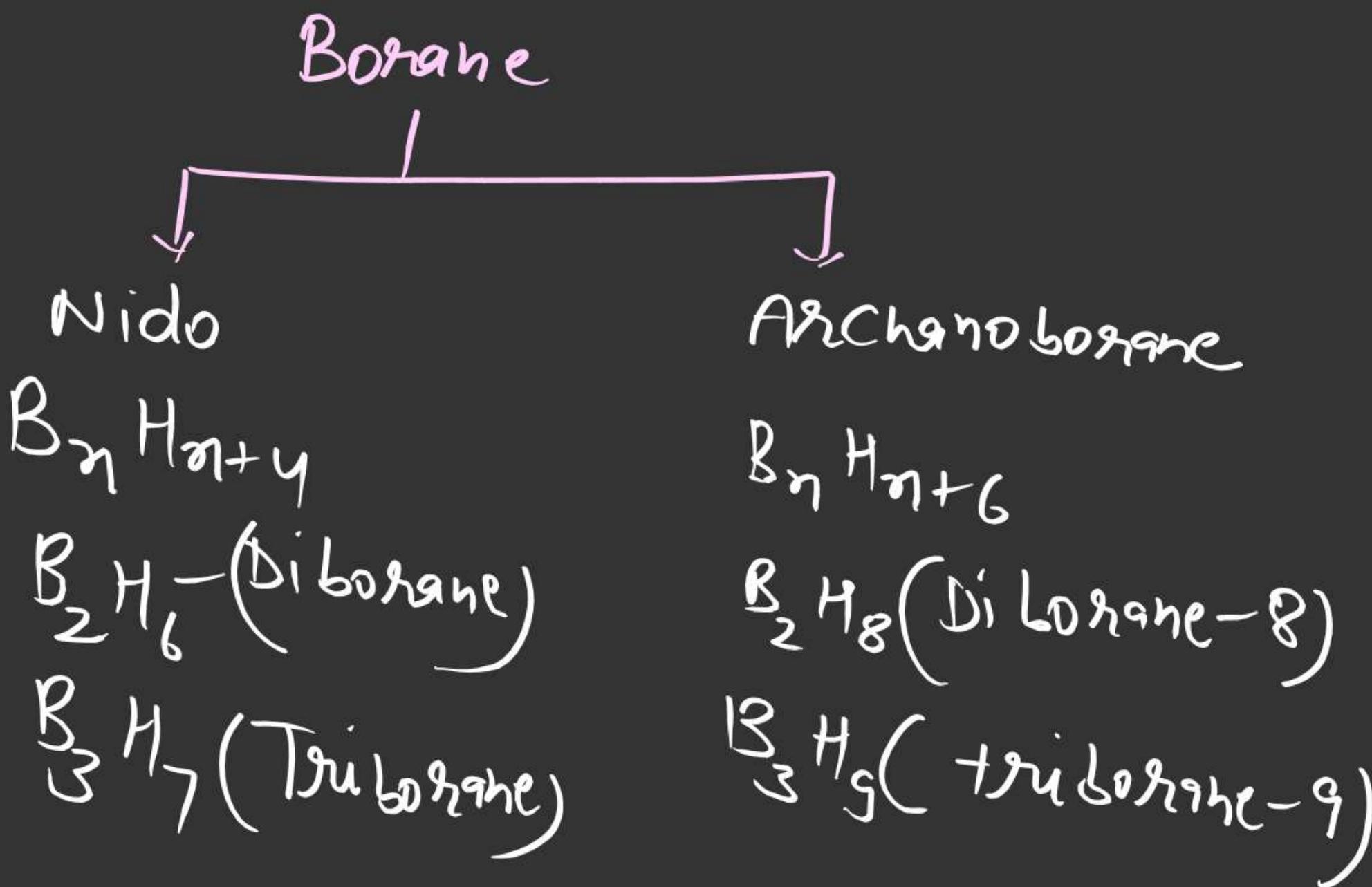
B<sub>0</sub>L<sub>0</sub>J  
Bond strength

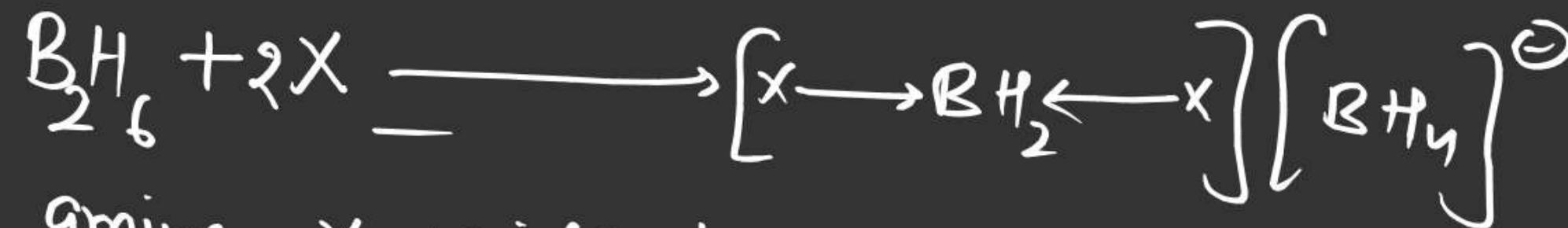
A ~ B

2C-2e<sup>-</sup> bond

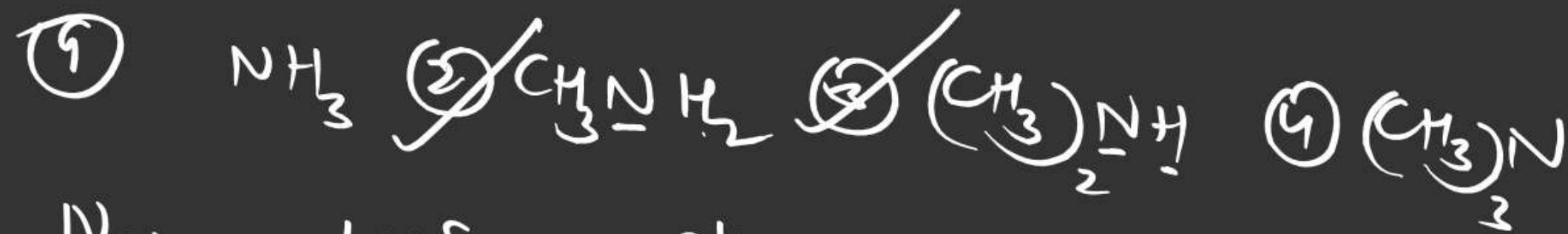
IIT JEE





2507

amine X will be

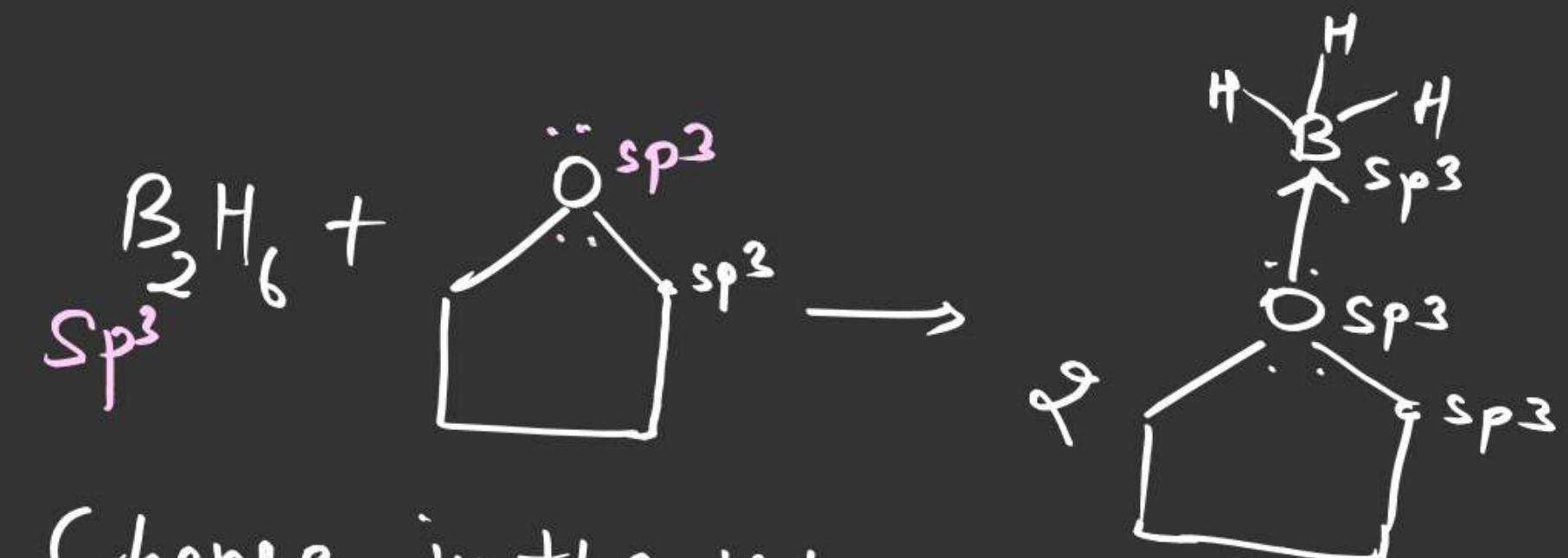


Note  $\rightarrow$  unsym cleavage occurs those molecule which can form Hydrogen bond



X will





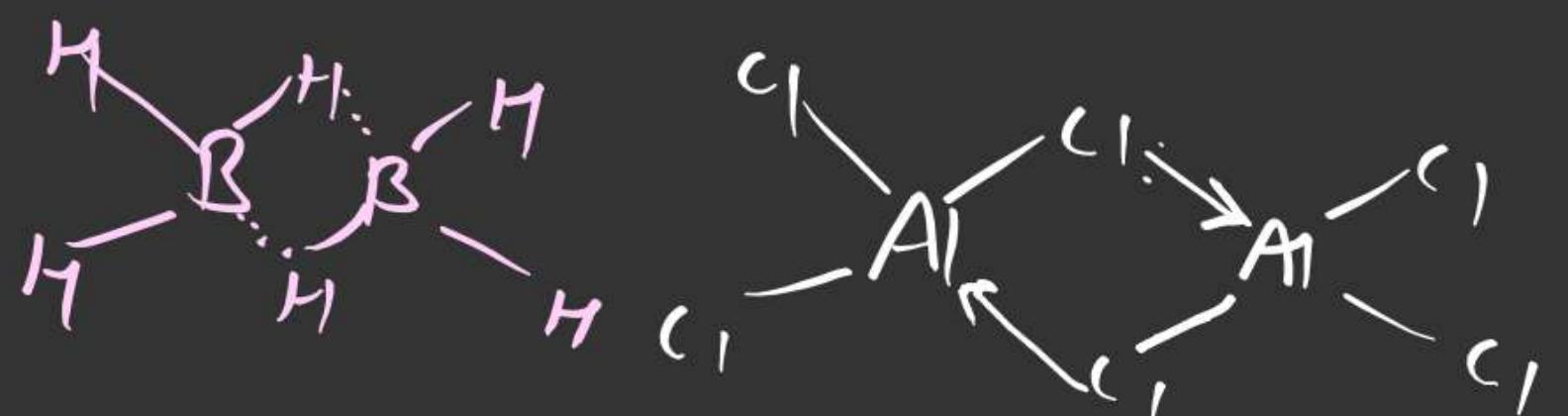
Change in the hyb. of B, O and carbon

no change in B, O and carbon

Key point

3C - 4e<sup>-</sup> bond [When S.A has  $\ell \cdot p$ ]

3C - 2e<sup>-</sup> bond [When S.A has No  $\ell \cdot p$ ]



	$3C - 2e^-$	$3C - 4e^-$
dimer $AlCl_3$	X	✓
dimer $BH_3$	✓	X
dimer $BeH_2$	✓	X
dimer $BeCl$	X	✓
dimer $AlBr_3$	X	-
dimer $Al(CH_3)_3$	✓	^
dimer $ICl$	X	✓

