

JEE-ADV
7, 13, 14, 15, 23, 24, 26

5-12 11-18

$$(D) = 0$$

$$(7) (A) -2$$

$$(B) E \propto \frac{1}{r_n} \quad r=1$$

$$T.E = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{KZe^2}{r}$$

$$(C) r_n \propto n^2 Z^{-1} \quad y=-1$$

$$(14) KE = \frac{1}{2} mv^2$$

$$mv r = \frac{nh}{2\pi}$$

$$mv(4a_0) = \frac{2h}{2\pi}$$

$$KE = 13.6 \frac{Z^2}{n^2}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{h}{mv}$$
$$= \frac{h}{m \sqrt{\frac{8RT}{\pi m}}}$$

$$\propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{mT}}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{h}{\sqrt{2 \cdot m \cdot KE}}$$
$$= \frac{h}{\sqrt{2 m \cdot \frac{3}{2} KT}}$$

$$\lambda \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{mT}}$$

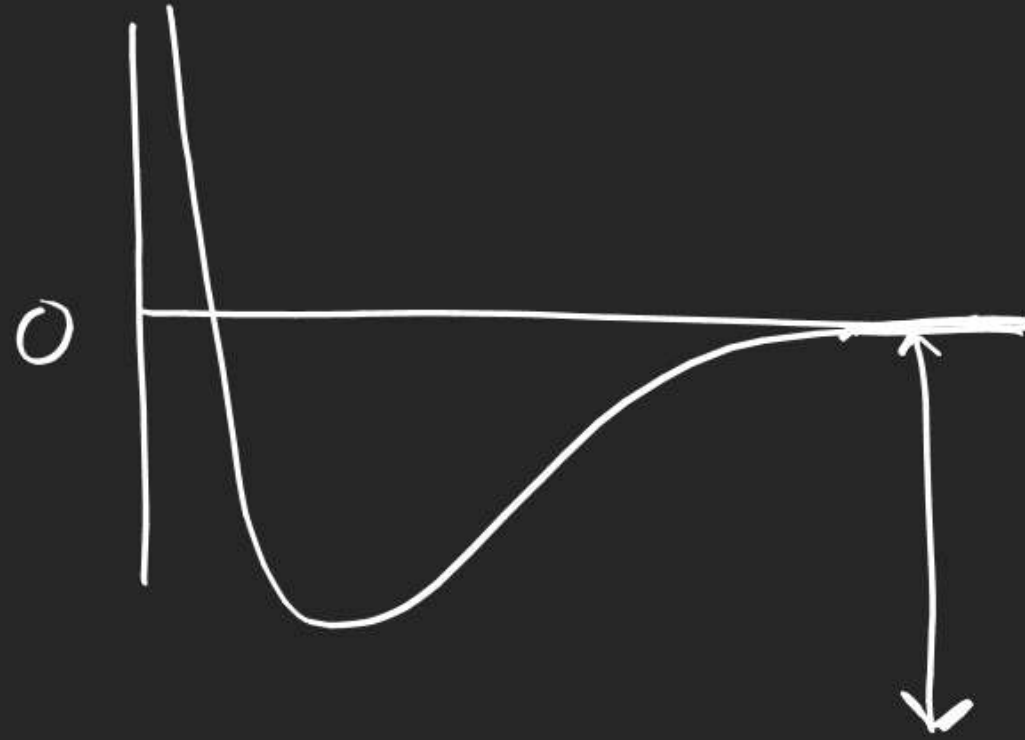
$$(23) \quad r \propto n^2 \quad I - T$$

$$mvr = \frac{nh}{2\pi} \quad \text{II} - S$$

$$KE = 13.6 \frac{Z^2}{n^2} \quad \text{III} - P$$

$$\text{III} - P$$

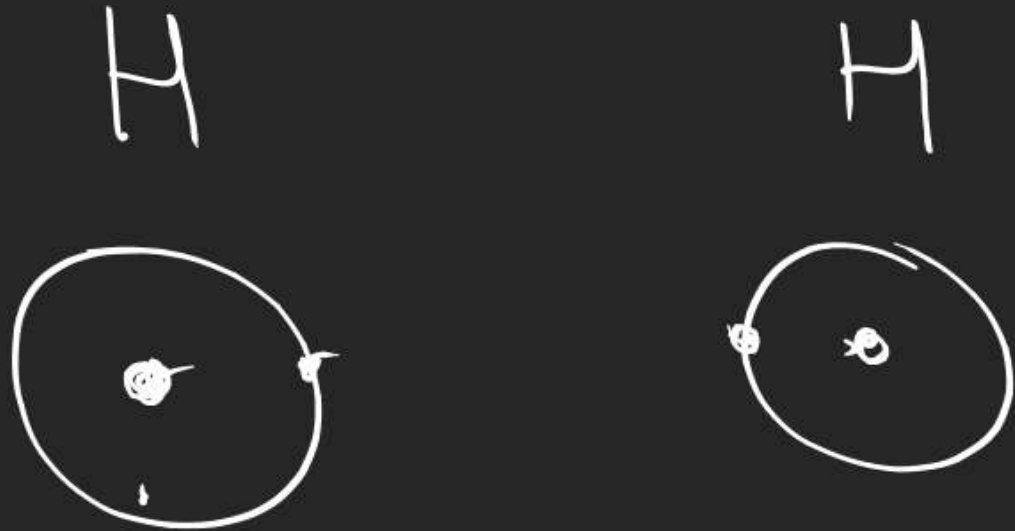
PE (kJ/mol)



$$PE = 2T.E$$

$$= -13.6 \times 2 \times 2 \text{ eV}$$

$$-13.6 \times 2 \times 2 \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \times N_A$$

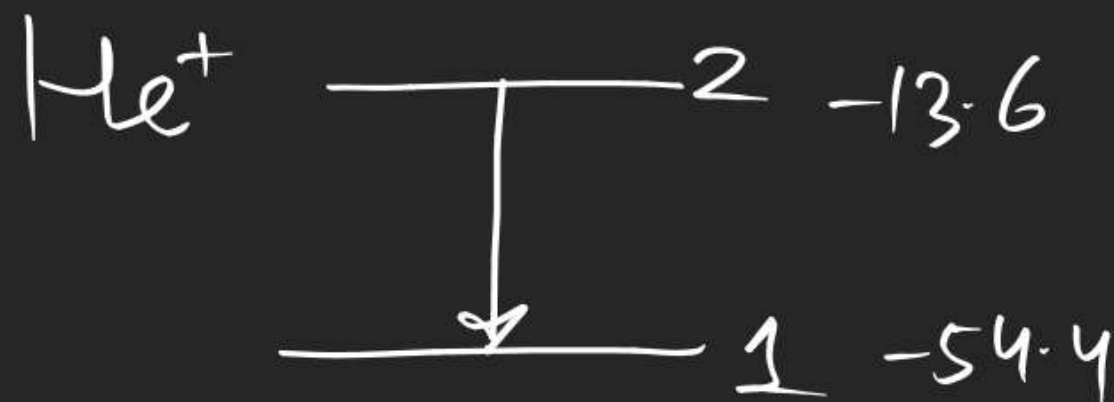


(26)

$$r_n = 0.529 \frac{n^2}{Z} \text{ \AA}$$

$$= \underline{52.9} \frac{n^2}{Z} \text{ pm}$$

$$r_n = 52.9 \times \frac{4}{2} = 105.8 \text{ pm}$$



(13) (b) (c) (λ)

$$dp = \frac{h}{\lambda^2} d\lambda$$

$$\lambda = \frac{(12.016 \text{ \AA})^2}{V} = \frac{150}{V} = \frac{150 \times 144}{13.6 \times 11}$$

$$V = 1$$

$$n=3 \quad (-1.5)$$

$$2.51 \text{ eV} = 13.6 \times 9 \times \left(\frac{1}{36} - \frac{1}{n^2} \right)$$

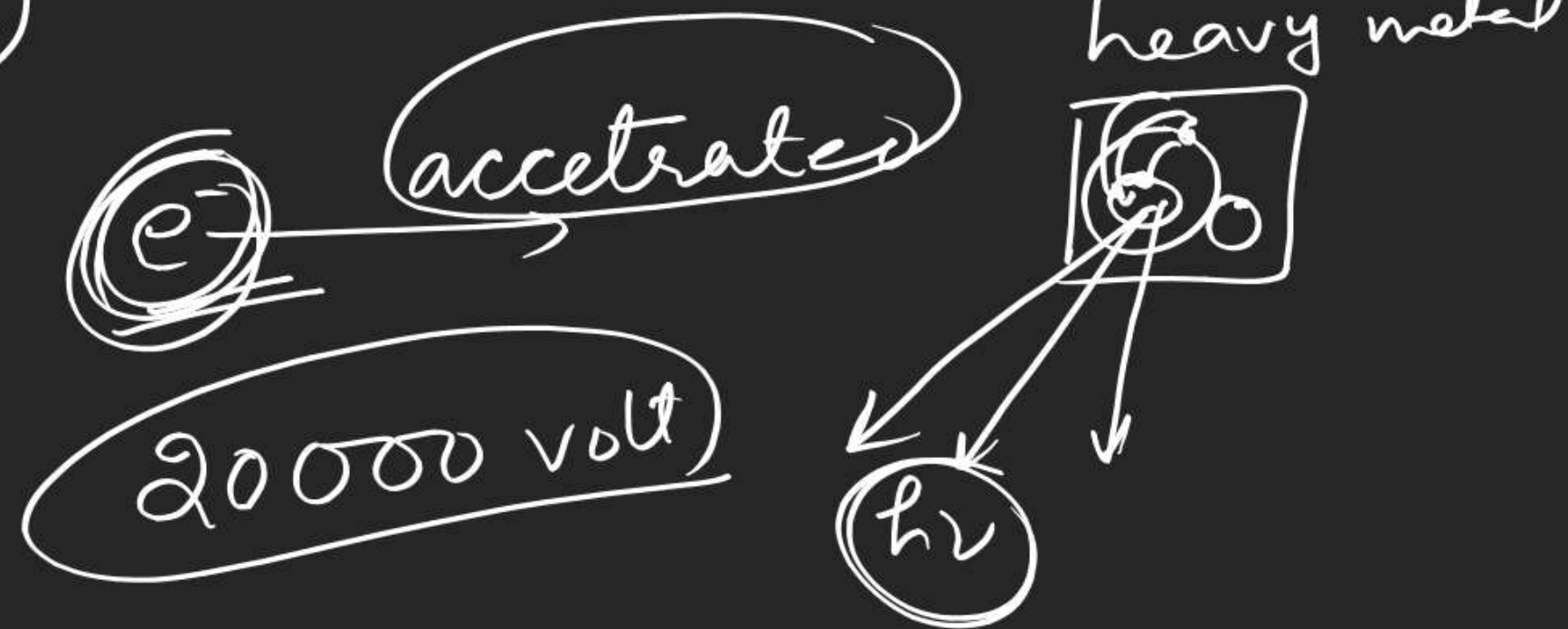
(15)

$$\underline{4.5 \text{ eV}} = \text{KE}$$

Energy = $h\nu =$

$$\underline{4.5 \text{ eV}} = \frac{1240 \text{ nm} \cdot \text{eV}}{\lambda}$$

(16)



$$20000 \text{ eV} = \frac{1240 \text{ nm} \cdot \text{eV}}{\lambda}$$

$$U = k \ln r$$

(17)

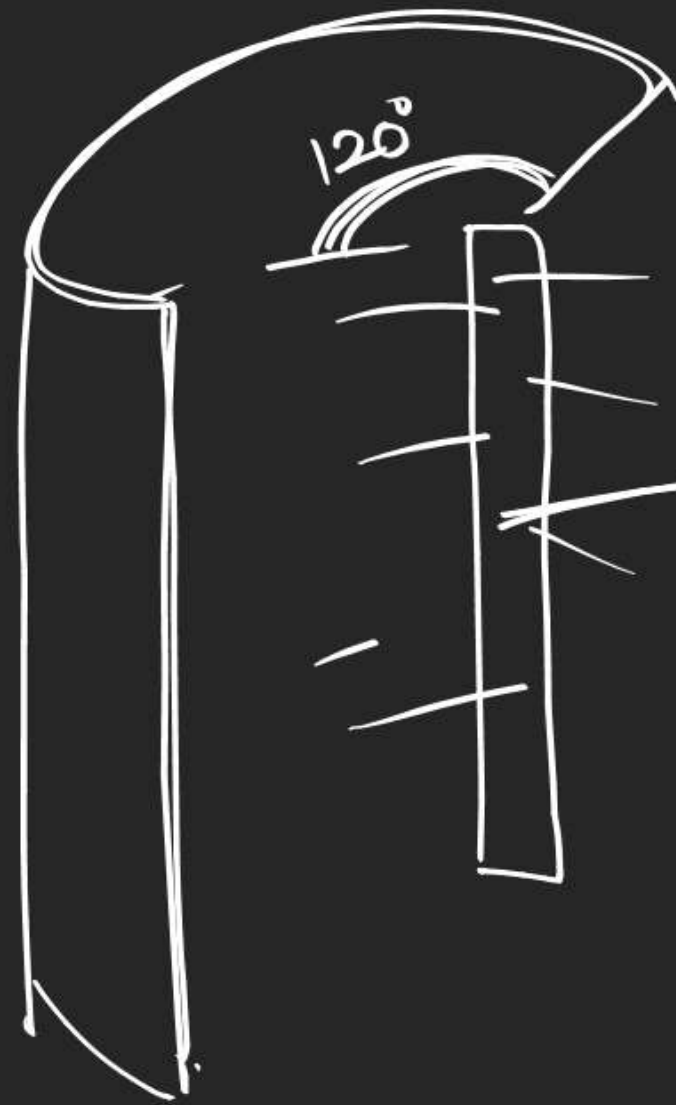
$$U = -\frac{ke^2}{3r^3}$$

$$\frac{dU}{dr} = +\frac{3ke^2}{3r^4}$$

$$F = -\frac{dU}{dr} = -\frac{ke^2}{r^4}$$

$$\rightarrow mvr = \frac{nh}{2\pi}$$

$$\frac{mv^2}{2} = \frac{ke^2}{24}$$



$$\left(n \times \frac{1}{3}\right) \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19}$$

Coulombs/sec

$R(r)$ vs r

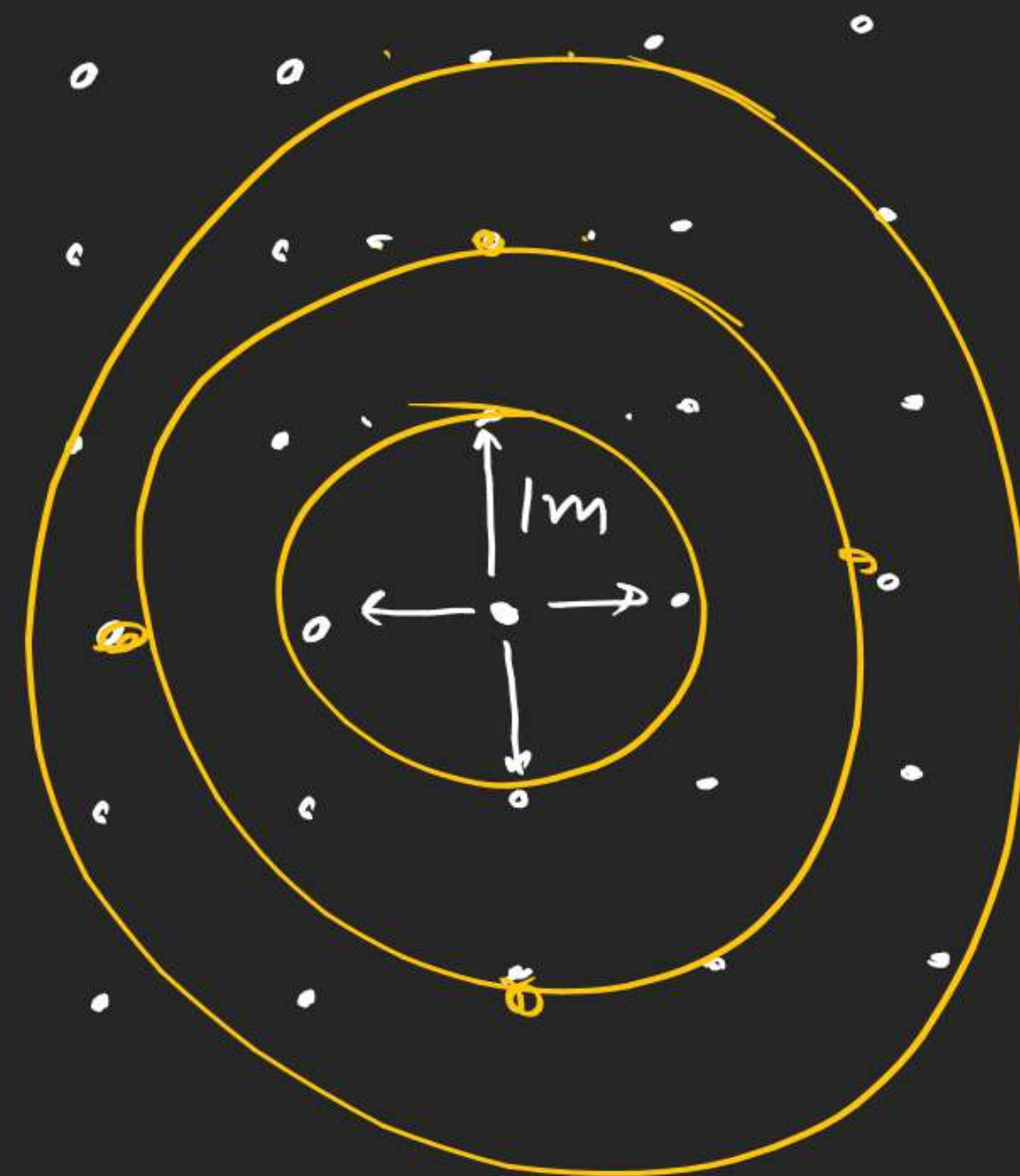
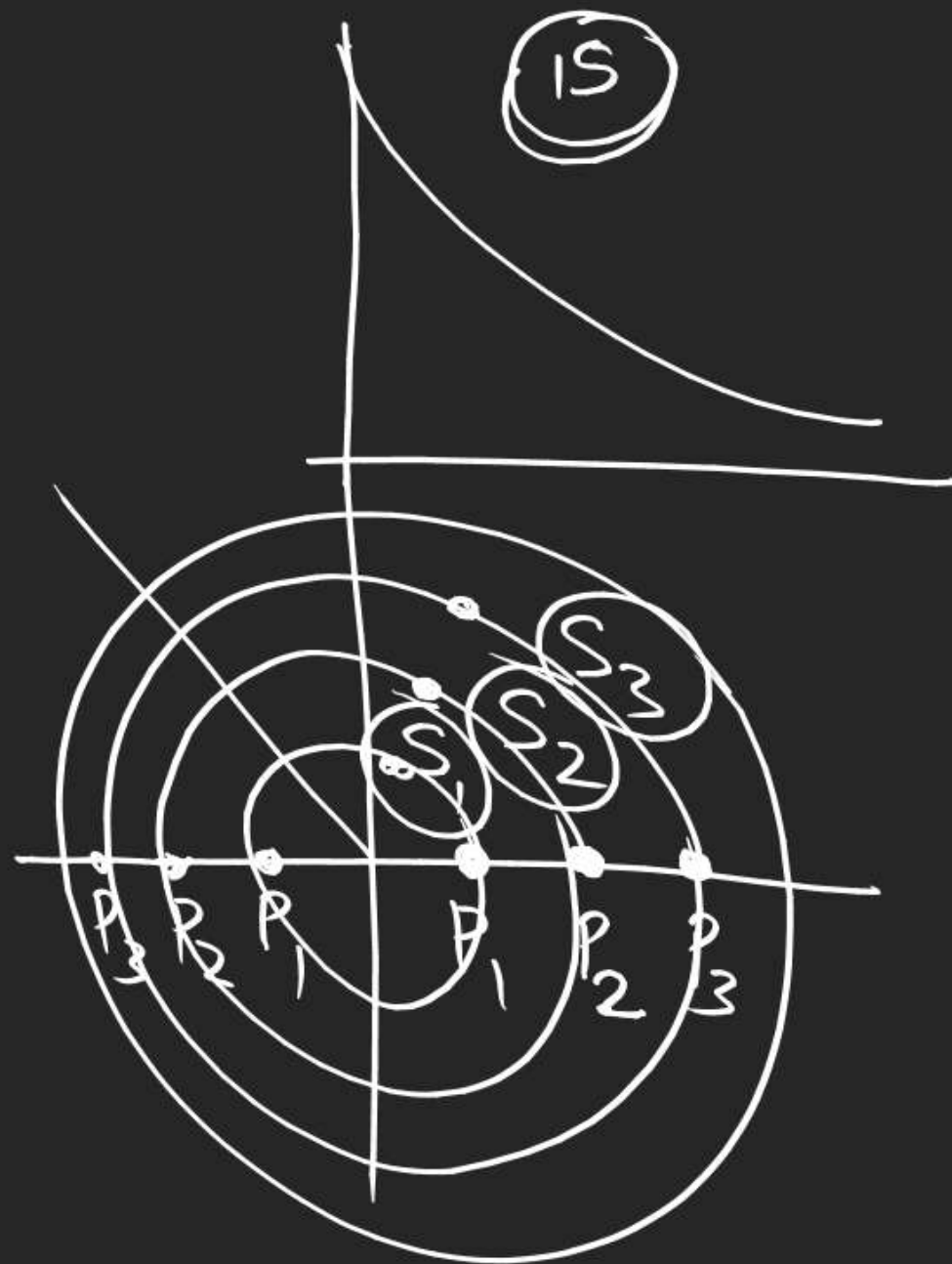
$R^2(r)$ vs r

$n-l-1 = \text{radial node}$

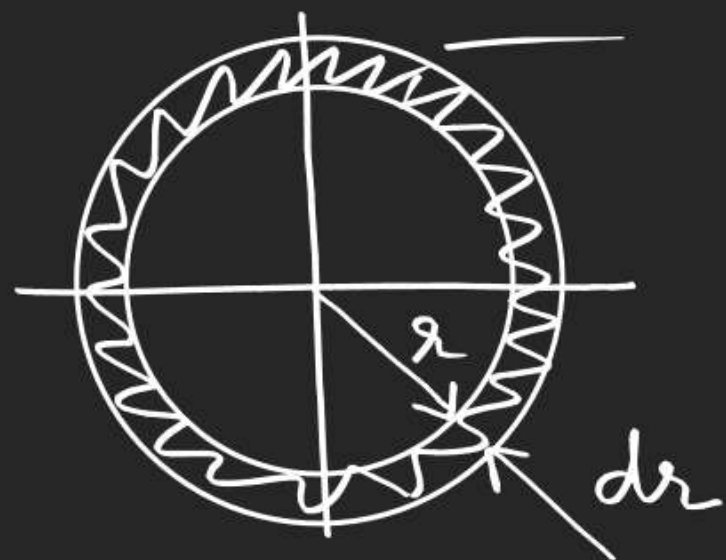
$1A^0$

$2A^0$

$3A^0$



Radial probability distribution function (RPDF)



Vol of spherical shell

$$= 4\pi r^2 dr$$

Radial probability in spherical shell = $\underline{R^2(r)} \times \underline{4\pi r^2 dr}$

Radial probability per unit thickness of spherical shell

$$= \frac{4\pi r^2 R^2(r) \cancel{dr}}{\cancel{dr}} = \underline{4\pi r^2 R^2(r)} = \underline{\text{RPDF}}$$

ψ^2
 Probability density

$$\underline{\psi} = \underline{R(r)} \underline{f(\theta, \phi)}$$

$R^2(r)$
 ↑
 Radial probability density

RPDF vs r

$$R(r)_{1s} = C \left(\frac{1}{a_0} \right)^{3/2} e^{-r/a_0}$$

$$RPDF_{1s} = 4\pi r^2 \left[C \left(\frac{1}{a_0} \right)^{3/2} e^{-r/a_0} \right]^2$$

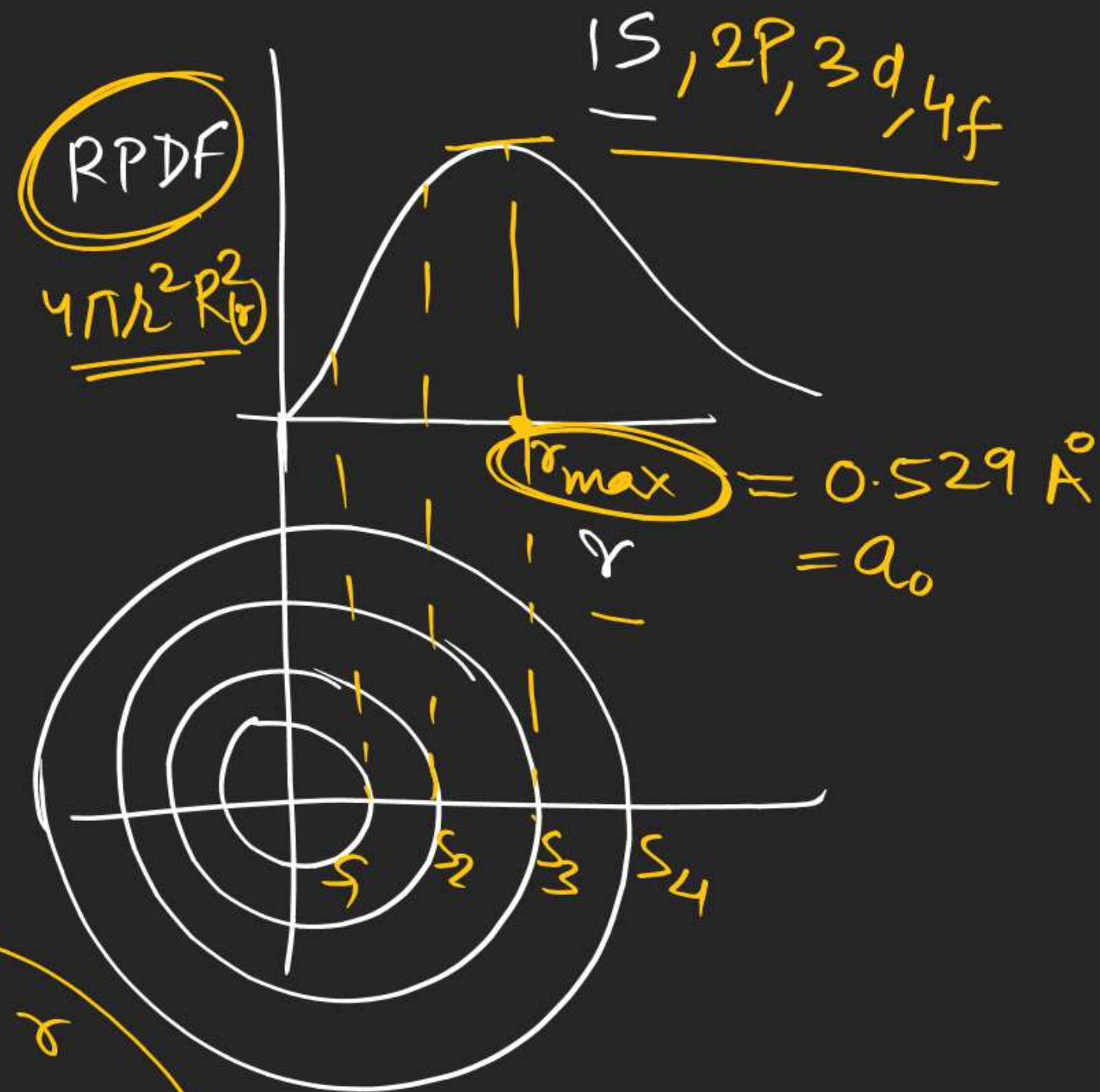
$$RPDF = C' \underline{r^2} e^{-2r/a_0}$$

$$r_n = 0.529 \frac{n^2}{Z} \text{ \AA}$$

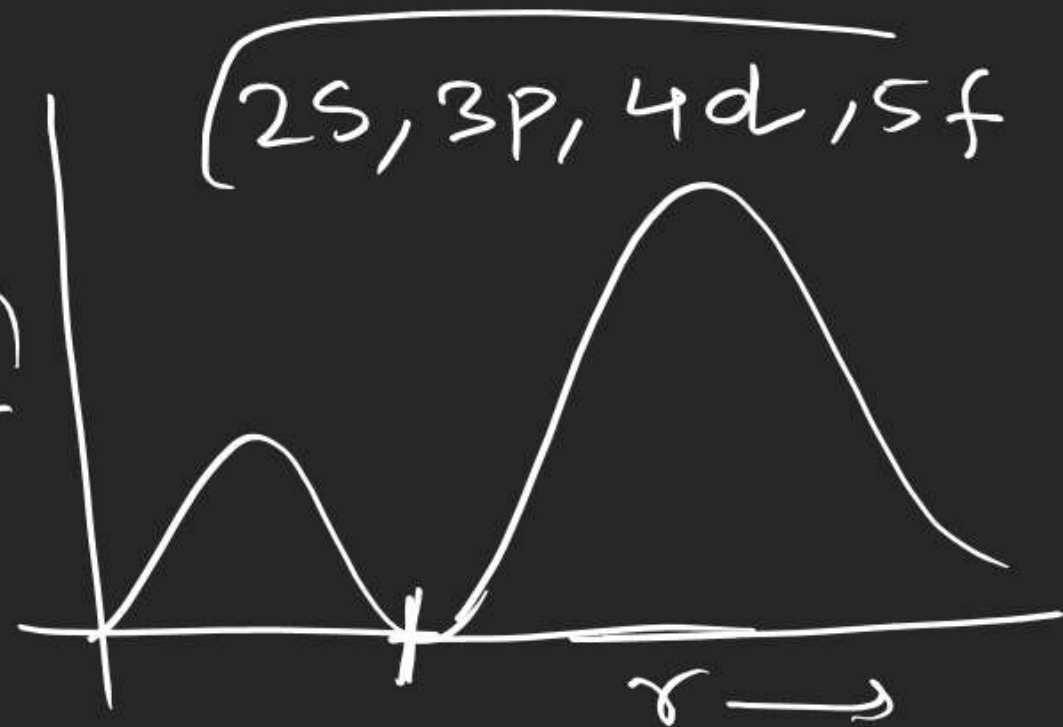
$$= 0.529 \text{ \AA}$$

$$R^2(r) \text{ vs } r$$

$$4\pi r^2 R^2(r) \text{ vs } r$$



$4\pi r^2 R^2(r)$



no. of maxima $= n - l - 1 + 1$
 $= n - l$

