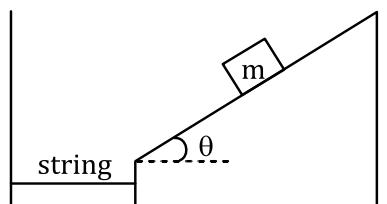




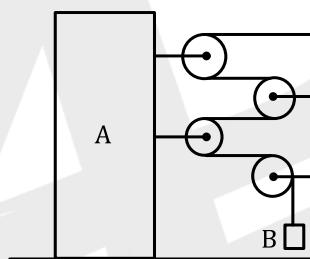
## DPP - 5

- Q.1** Refer the system shown in the figure. Block is sliding down the wedge. All surfaces are frictionless. Find correct statement(s)



- (A) Acceleration of block is  $g \sin \theta$
- (B) Acceleration of block is  $g \cos \theta$
- (C) Tension in the string is  $m g \cos^2 \theta$
- (D) Tension in the string is  $m g \sin \theta \cdot \cos \theta$

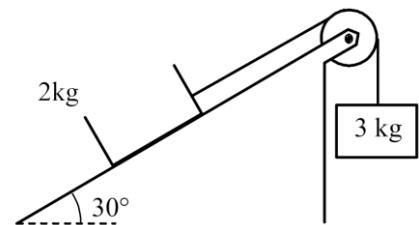
- Q.2** Block A is moving away from the wall at a speed  $v$  and acceleration  $a$ .



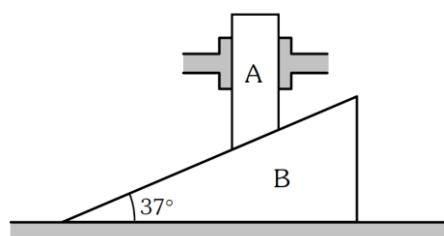
- (A) Velocity of B is  $v$  with respect to A.
- (B) Acceleration of B is  $a$  with respect to A.
- (C) Acceleration of B is  $4a$  with respect to A.
- (D) Acceleration of B is  $\sqrt{17}a$  with respect to A.

- Q.3** In the arrangement shown, the 2 kg block is held to keep the system at rest. The string and pulley are ideal. When the 2 kg block is set free, by what amount the tension in the string changes? [  $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$  ]

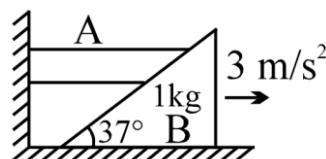
- (A) Increase of 12 N
- (B) Decrease of 12 N
- (C) Increase of 18 N
- (D) Decrease of 18 N



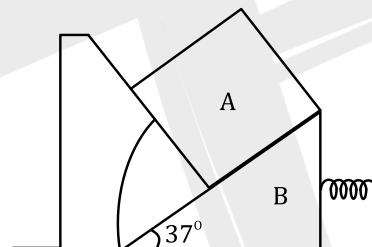
- Q.4** Rod A can slide in vertical direction pushing the triangular wedge B towards right. The wedge is moving toward right with uniform acceleration  $a_B$ . Find acceleration of the rod A.



- Q.5** Find force in newton which mass A exerts on mass B if B is moving towards right with  $3 \text{ m/s}^2$ . Also find mass of A. (All surfaces are smooth)



- Q.6** In the figure shown, all surfaces are smooth and block A and wedge B have mass 10 kg and 20 kg respectively. Find normal reaction between block A&B, spring force and normal reaction of ground on block B. ( $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ ).



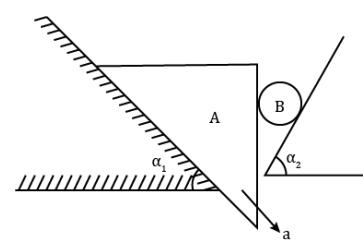
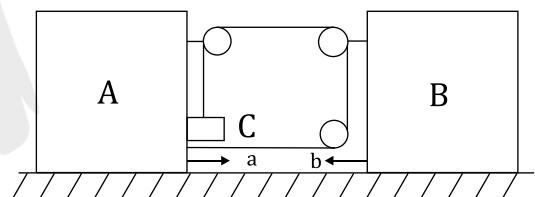
- Q.7** Find the acceleration of C w.r.t. ground.

- (A)  $a\hat{i} - (2a + 2b)\hat{j}$
- (B)  $a\hat{i} - (2a + b)\hat{j}$
- (C)  $a\hat{i} - (a + 2b)\hat{j}$
- (D)  $b\hat{i} - (2a + 2b)\hat{j}$

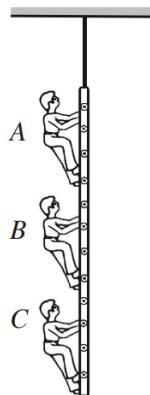
- Q.8** Find the acceleration of B if the acceleration of A is ' $a$ ' as shown.

- (A)  $\frac{a \cos \alpha_1}{\cos \alpha_2}$
- (B)  $\frac{a \sin \alpha_1}{\cos \alpha_2}$
- (C)  $\frac{a \cos \alpha_2}{\cos \alpha_1}$
- (D)  $\frac{\cos \alpha_1}{\cos \alpha_2}$

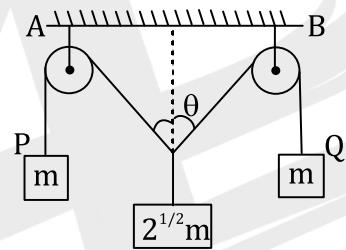
- Q.9** A ladder is hanging from ceiling as shown in figure. Three men A, B and C of masses 40 kg, 60 kg, and 50 kg are climbing the ladder. Man A is going up with retardation  $2 \text{ m/s}^2$ , C is going up with



an acceleration of  $1 \text{ m/s}^2$  and man B is going up with a constant speed of  $0.5 \text{ m/s}$ . Find the tension in the string supporting the ladder. [  $g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$  ]



- Q.10** The pulleys and strings shown in the figure are smooth and of negligible mass. For the system to remain in equilibrium, the angle  $\theta$  should be



- (A)  $0^\circ$
- (B)  $30^\circ$
- (C)  $45^\circ$
- (D)  $60^\circ$

**ANSWER KEY**

1. (A,D) 2. (D) 3. (B) 4.  $3a_B/4$  5. 5N, 16/31kg  
6. 80 N, 48 N, 264 N 7. (A) 8. (A) 9. 1440 N 10. (C)

