

$$(a+md)(a+rd) = (a+nd)^2$$

$$a(m+r-2n) = (n^2 - mr)d.$$

$$\frac{a}{d} = \frac{n^2 - mr}{m+r-2n} = \frac{n^2 - mr}{2mr - 2n}$$

a, A_1, A_2, b

$$\frac{1}{a} \left[\frac{1}{A_1}, \frac{1}{A_2} \right] \frac{1}{b}$$

$$a, G_1, G_2, b$$

$$n = \frac{2mr}{m+r}$$

$$\frac{1}{A_1} + \frac{1}{A_2} = \frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b}$$

$$\frac{1}{A_1 + A_2} = \frac{a+b}{ab} = \frac{a+b}{G_1 G_2}$$

$$n = c(2n-1) + b$$

$$a_1, \textcircled{A}_1, A_2, \dots, A_n, b \\ = p \\ P = a + \frac{b-a}{n+1} = \frac{na+b}{n+1}$$

$$a_1, \textcircled{H}_1, H_2, \dots, H_n, b \\ q \\ Q = \frac{(n+1)ab}{nb+a}$$

$$\frac{1}{a} + \frac{\frac{1}{b} - \frac{1}{a}}{n+1} = \frac{1}{q} = \frac{1}{a} + \frac{a-b}{(n+1)ab} = \frac{(n+1)b + a-b}{(n+1)ab}$$

$$q(a + n((n+1)p-na)) = (n+1)a((n+1)p-na)$$

$$n(n+1)a^2 + (\quad)q + (\quad) = 0$$

$$D \geq 0 \quad \checkmark$$

Series

$$T_1 + T_2 + T_3 + T_4 + T_5 + \dots + T_n \cdot S_8 = \frac{1}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3} \frac{1}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6 \cdot 7 \cdot 8}$$

$$= (T^1 - T^1) + (T^1 - T^1) + \dots + (T^1 - T^1)$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3} - \frac{1}{(n+1)(n+2)(n+3)} \right)$$

\therefore upto n terms.

$$\frac{1}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4} + \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5} + \frac{1}{3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6} + \frac{1}{4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6 \cdot 7} + \dots$$

$$= \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{1}{r(r+1)(r+2)(r+3)} = \frac{1}{3} \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{(r+3)-r}{r(r+1)(r+2)(r+3)}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\left(\frac{1}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3} - \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4} - \frac{1}{3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5} - \frac{1}{4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6} \right) + \dots + \left(\frac{1}{n(n+1)(n+2)} - \frac{1}{(n+1)(n+2)(n+3)} \right) \right) = \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3} - \frac{1}{(n+1)(n+2)} \right)$$

$$\text{Q. } \frac{1}{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5} + \frac{1}{3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7} + \frac{1}{5 \cdot 7 \cdot 9} + \frac{1}{7 \cdot 9 \cdot 11} + \dots + \text{upto } n \text{ terms.}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{1}{(2r-1)(2r+1)(2r+3)} = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{(2r+3)-(2r-1)}{(2r-1)(2r+1)(2r+3)} \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \sum_{r=1}^n \left(\frac{1}{(2r-1)(2r+1)} - \frac{1}{(2r+1)(2r+3)} \right) \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{1 \cdot 3} - \frac{1}{(2n+1)(2n+3)} \right) \\
 &\quad \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{1 \cdot 3} - \cancel{\frac{1}{3 \cdot 5}} \right) + \left(\cancel{\frac{1}{3 \cdot 5}} - \cancel{\frac{1}{5 \cdot 7}} \right) + \left(\cancel{\frac{1}{5 \cdot 7}} - \cancel{\frac{1}{7 \cdot 9}} \right) + \dots + \left(\cancel{\frac{1}{(2n-1)(2n+1)}} - \cancel{\frac{1}{(2n+1)(2n+3)}} \right) \right\} \\
 &\quad \downarrow r=n
 \end{aligned}$$

$s_\infty = \frac{1}{12}$

3. $\frac{3}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 4} + \frac{4}{2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5} + \frac{5}{3 \cdot 4 \cdot 6} + \frac{6}{4 \cdot 5 \cdot 7} + \dots$ upto n terms.

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{(r+2)}{r(r+1)(r+3)} = \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{(r+2)^2}{r(r+1)(r+2)(r+3)} = \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{r^2 + 4r + 4}{r(r+1)(r+2)(r+3)} = \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{r^2 + 3r + r + 4}{r(r+1)(r+2)(r+3)} \\
 &= \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{r(r+3) - (r+1)}{(r+1)(r+2)} + \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{\frac{1}{2}(r+2) - r}{r(r+1)(r+2)} + \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{\frac{1}{3}(r+3) - r}{r(r+1)(r+2)(r+3)} \\
 &= \sum_{r=1}^n \left(\sum_{r=1}^n \left(\frac{1}{r+1} - \frac{1}{r+2} \right) \right) + \sum_{r=1}^n \left(\frac{1}{r(r+1)} - \frac{1}{(r+1)(r+2)} \right) + \sum_{r=1}^n \left(\frac{1}{r(r+1)(r+2)} - \frac{1}{(r+1)(r+2)(r+3)} \right) \\
 S_n &\approx \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n+2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{1 \cdot 2} - \frac{1}{(n+1)(n+2)} \right) + \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3} - \frac{1}{(n+1)(n+2)(n+3)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

4. $1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 + 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6 + 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6 \cdot 7 + 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6 \cdot 7 \cdot 8 + \dots \text{ upto } n \text{ terms}$

$$= \sum_{r=1}^n r(r+1)(r+2)(r+3)(r+4)$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \sum_{r=1}^n r(r+1)(r+2)(r+3)(r+4) \left((r+5) - (r-1) \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \sum_{r=1}^n \left(r(r+1)(r+2)(r+3)(r+4) \downarrow (r-1)r(r+1)(r+2)(r+3)(r+4) \downarrow \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \left(\underset{r=n}{\cancel{n(n+1)(n+2)(n+3)(n+4)(n+5)}} - 0 \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{1 \cdot 3} + \frac{2}{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5} + \frac{3}{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7} + \frac{4}{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \cdot 9} + \dots \text{ up to } n \text{ terms}$$

$$= \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{\cancel{r}}{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \cdot 9 \cdot \dots \cdot (2r-1) \cdot (1+2r)} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{1}{(1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \cdot \dots \cdot (2r-1)) - \frac{1}{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \cdot \dots \cdot (2r+1)}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \cdot \dots \cdot (2n-1) \cdot (2n+1)} \right)$$

$$\sum_{r=1}^n \left[\left(\frac{1}{1} - \cancel{\frac{1}{3}} \right) + \left(\cancel{\frac{1}{1 \cdot 3}} - \cancel{\frac{1}{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5}} \right) + \left(\cancel{\frac{1}{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5}} - \cancel{\frac{1}{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7}} \right) + \dots - \left(\cancel{\frac{1}{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot \dots \cdot (2n-1)}} - \cancel{\frac{1}{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot \dots \cdot (2n+1)}} \right) \right]$$

$$6. \quad \frac{1}{2 \cdot 4} + \frac{1 \cdot 3}{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6} + \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5}{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \cdot 8} + \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7}{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \cdot 8 \cdot 10} + \dots + \text{upto } n \text{ terms.}$$

$$= \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \dots (2r-1)}{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \cdot 8 \dots (2r) (2r+2)} = \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \dots (2r-1) ((2r+2)-(2r+1))}{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \cdot 8 \dots 2r (2r+2)}$$

$$= \sum_{r=1}^n \left(\frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \dots (2r-1)}{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \dots 2r} - \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \dots (2r-1)(2r+1)}{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \cdot 8 \dots 2r (2r+2)} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \dots (2n-1)(2n+1)}{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \cdot 8 \dots 2n (2n+2)}$$

$$\text{Q. } \frac{5}{1 \cdot 2} \cdot \frac{1}{3} + \frac{7}{2 \cdot 3} \cdot \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{9}{3 \cdot 4} \cdot \frac{1}{3^3} + \frac{11}{4 \cdot 5} \cdot \frac{1}{3^4} + \dots + \text{upto } n \text{ terms.}$$

$$= \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{(2r+3)}{r(r+1)} \cdot \frac{1}{3^r} = \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{3(r+1) - r}{r(r+1)} \cdot \frac{1}{3^r}$$

$$= \sum_{r=1}^n \left(\frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{3^r} \right) - \frac{1}{r+1} - \frac{1}{3^r}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{(n+1)} \cdot \frac{1}{3^n}$$

$\sum_{k=1}^{n-1} 2^k (2^k - 1)$ → $3 - 20$
 $\sum_{k=1}^{n-1} 2^k (2^k + 1)$ → $9, 11, 12, 19, 20,$

$$\frac{1}{2 \cdot 4} + \frac{1 \cdot 3}{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6} + \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5}{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \cdot 8} + \dots + \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \dots (2n-1)}{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \dots 2n(2n+2)}$$

$$T_n = \frac{2n-1}{2n+2} T_{n-1}$$

$$(2n+2)T_n = (2n-1)T_{n-1}$$

$$(2n+1)T_n - (2n-1)\bar{T}_{n-1} = -T_n \quad (2n+1)\bar{T}_n - 4\bar{T}_1 = -(T_1 + T_2 + \dots + T_n)$$

$$n=2$$

~~$$5\bar{T}_2 - 3\bar{T}_1 = -T_2 \quad \text{Add}$$~~

$$n=3$$

~~$$7\bar{T}_3 - 5\bar{T}_2 = -T_3$$~~

$$n=4$$

~~$$9\bar{T}_4 - 7\bar{T}_3 = -T_4$$~~

~~$$n=n \quad (2n+1)\bar{T}_n - (2n-1)\bar{T}_{n-1} = -T_n$$~~

$$(2n+1)T_n - 3\bar{T}_1 = -(\bar{T}_2 + \bar{T}_3 + \bar{T}_4 + \dots + \bar{T}_n)$$

$$S_n = 4\bar{T}_1 - (2n+1)\bar{T}_n$$

$$= 4 \left(\frac{1}{2 \cdot 4} \right) - \frac{(2n+1)1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \dots (2n-1)}{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \dots 2n(2n+2)}$$