

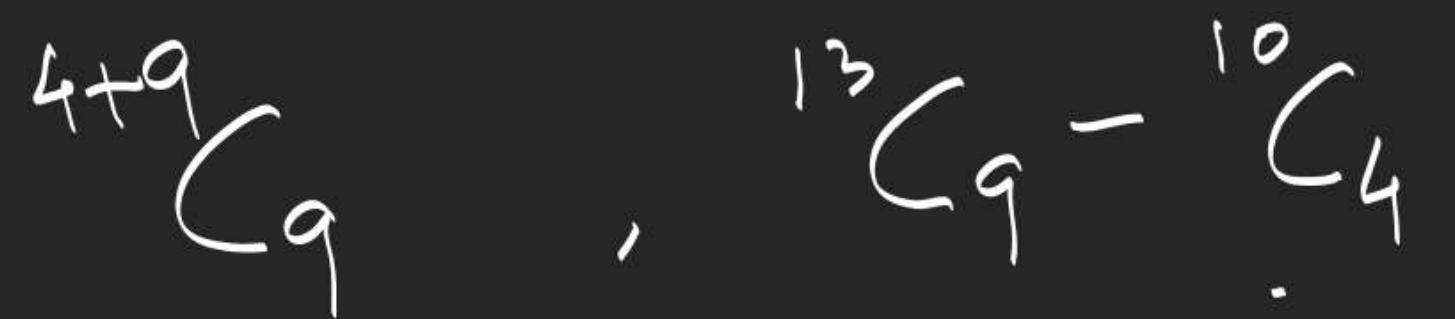
L:

$$10+3 \quad , \quad 10-4+3$$
$$R+W+G+B = 10$$

2.

$$2+2 \subset_2^{3+2} \subset_2^{4+2} \subset_2$$



3:

Ex: Find no. of triplets  $(x, y, z)$  satisfying

the eqn.  $x+y+z=30$ ,  $x, y, z \in N$  and

$$x < y < z \quad \frac{1}{1} \frac{2}{1} \frac{27}{28, 10, 10, 10}$$

$$\frac{30-3+2}{3!} C_2 - \left( (3 \times 3 + 1) \right)^{11, 1, 28} \\ \frac{2, 1^2, 1, 26}{3, 3, 1, 24}$$

Ans: 2

1,1,1,1,1,3 →

<table border="1"><tr><td>AAA</td></tr></table>	AAA	A 0 0 0 0	$\frac{6!}{4!}$
AAA			
<table border="1"><tr><td>AAO</td></tr></table>	AAO	A A 0 0 0	$\frac{6!}{3!2!}$
AAO			
<table border="1"><tr><td>AOO</td></tr></table>	AOO	A A A 0 0	$\frac{6!}{3!2!}$
AOO			
<table border="1"><tr><td>OOO</td></tr></table>	OOO	O A A A A	$\frac{6!}{4!}$
OOO			

1,1,1,1,2,2 →

<table border="1"><tr><td>AA</td></tr></table>	AA	<table border="1"><tr><td>AA</td></tr></table>	AA	0 0 0 0 → $\frac{6!}{4!2!}$
AA				
AA				
<table border="1"><tr><td>AA</td></tr></table>	AA	<table border="1"><tr><td>AO</td></tr></table>	AO	A 0 0 0 → $\frac{6!}{2!2!}$
AA				
AO				
<table border="1"><tr><td>AA</td></tr></table>	AA	<table border="1"><tr><td>OO</td></tr></table>	OO	A A O 0 → $\frac{6!}{2!2!}$
AA				
OO				
<table border="1"><tr><td>AO</td></tr></table>	AO	<table border="1"><tr><td>AO</td></tr></table>	AO	A A O O → $\frac{6!}{2!2!2!}$
AO				
AO				
<table border="1"><tr><td>AO</td></tr></table>	AO	<table border="1"><tr><td>OO</td></tr></table>	OO	A A A O → $\frac{6!}{3!2!}$
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<table border="1"><tr><td>OO</td></tr></table>	OO	<table border="1"><tr><td>OO</td></tr></table>	OO	A A A A A → $\frac{6!}{4!2!}$
OO				
OO				

$$\binom{4+5}{5}^2 - \left[ \binom{4+4}{4}^2 c_1 - \binom{4+3}{3}^2 c_2 + \dots \right]$$

$c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4, c_5, c_6$   
 AAAA, OO  
 . OO

AAAOOO  
 OA

AAOOOO

DPP-10 (rem.)