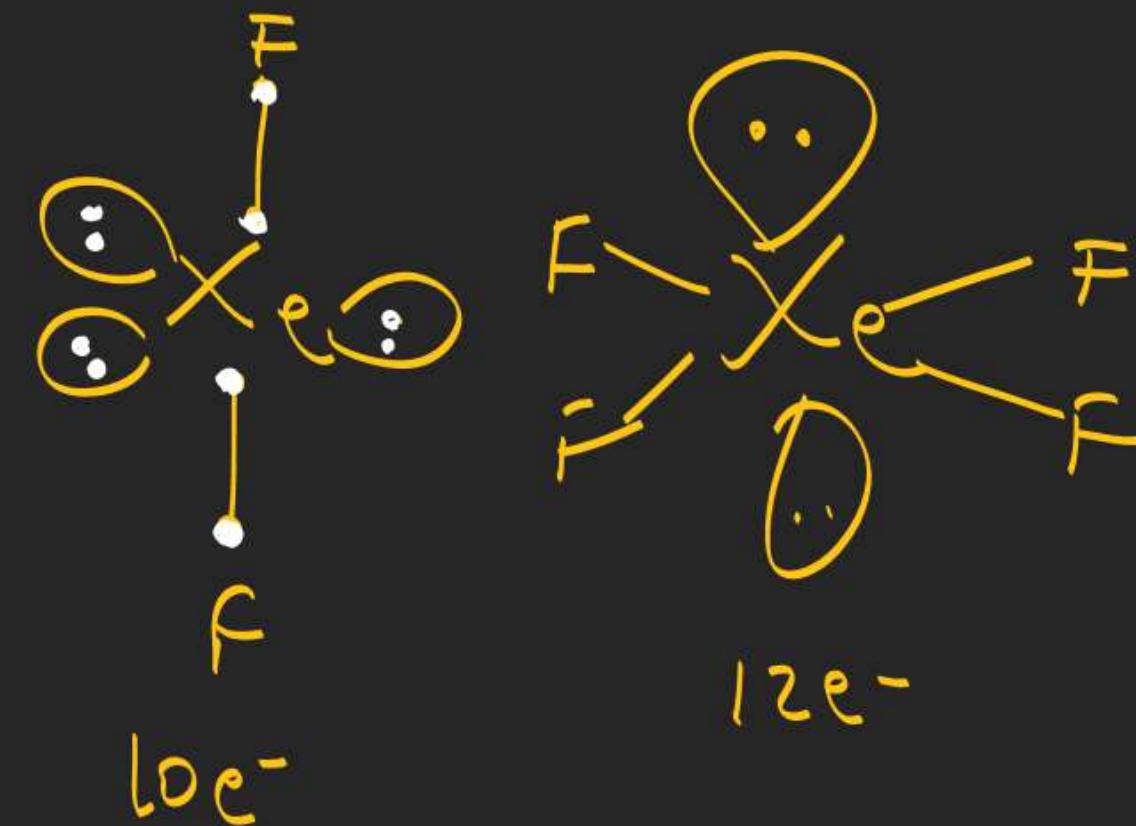
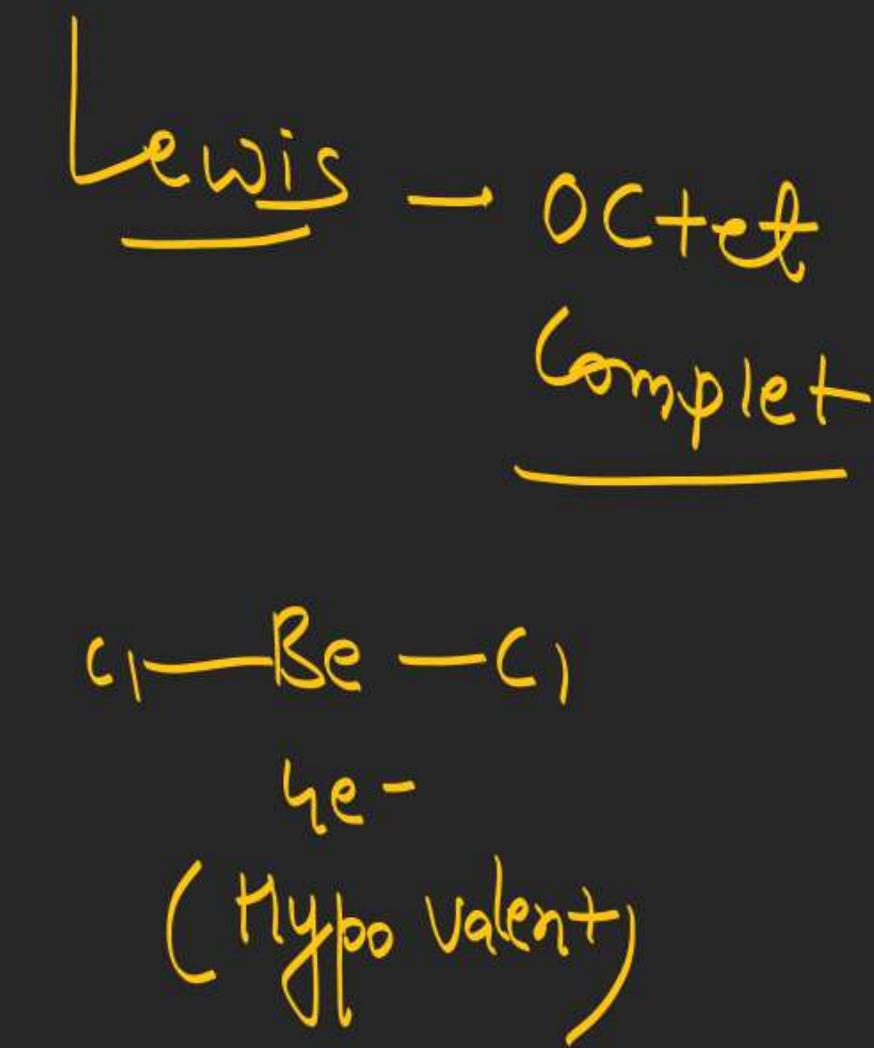
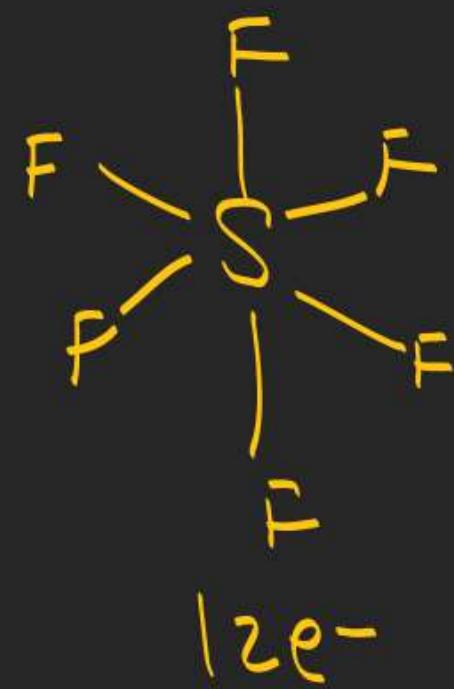


Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

1. Lewis theory fails to explain which of the following structure(s) ?

- (A) SF₆ (B) XeF₂ (C) XeF₄ (D) BeCl₂

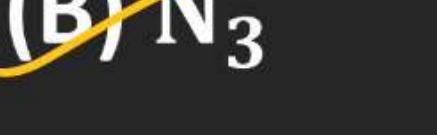


Chemical bonding

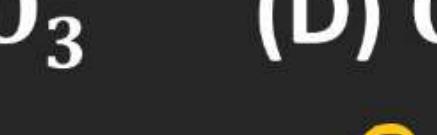
EXERCISE # 2

2. In which of the following molecule/ion the central atom have +1 formal charge ?

- (A) O_3 

(B) N_3^- 

(C) NO_3^- 

(D) CO_3^{2-} 

Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

3. In which of the following molecule all the atoms are present in ground state ?

(A) PH₃

(B) CO

(C) SF₄

(D) HO_F

$$P = 3s^2 3p^3$$



$$S = 3s^2 3p^1 3d^1$$



$$C = 1s^2 2s^2 2p^2$$



Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

4. In which of the following molecule number of lone pairs & number of covalent bonds are equal ?

(A) SO₃(B) SO₂(C) CO₂(D) H₂Se

Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

5. Which of the following statement is incorrect regarding molecule NOCl

- (A) It has covalent as well as ionic bond present in its structure.
- (B) It has Cl atom present as a central atom.
- (C) It has one lone pair.
- (D) It has linear structure.



Rule \Rightarrow least E.N atom act as C.A but if E.N is same then atom which has higher covalency in Gr. S act as C.A.

Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

6. Lewis theory fails to explain which of the following structure(s) ?

- (A) SF_6
- (B) XeF_2
- (C) XeF_4
- (D) BeCl_2

Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

7. Type of bonds present in PH_4I is/are:

- (A) Ionic (B) Covalent (C) Co-ordinate (D) H-bond



Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

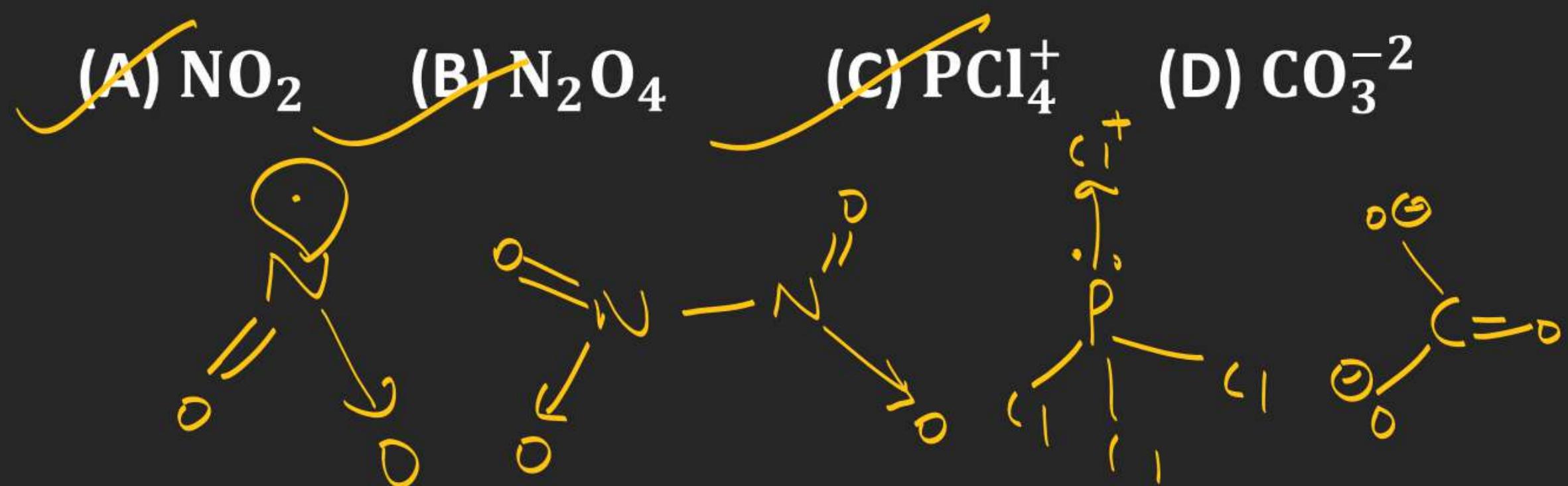
8. Which of the following set of elements have tendency to combine with each other by sharing of valence electron.

- (A) Mg & O (B) B & F (C) Na & H (D) P & F
- Ionic Ionic

Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

9. Coordinate bond is present in the following molecule(s) :



Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

10. Which of the following set contains covalent as well as ionic species ?



Ionic



Ionic

Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

11. Which of the following statement is correct?

- (A) Extent of overlapping : $3p - 4s < 3s - 3s$
- (B) s-orbital can never form π -bond
- (C) p-orbital can form σ and π as well as δ bond.
- (D) non axial d-orbitals (d_{xy}, d_{xz}, d_{yz}) have more directional nature than the axial d-orbitals ($d_{z^2} \& d_{x^2-y^2}$)

Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

$$\sigma > \pi > \delta$$

12. Select the correct statement(s) :

- (A) ~~σ bond is stronger than δ bond~~
- (B) ~~π bond is the result of collateral overlapping between two half filled atomic orbitals.~~
- (C) ~~s-orbital & p_y-orbital can never form bond on z --axis.~~
- (D) ~~p_x & p_y on z --axis form δ bond~~



Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

13. Choose the correct order(s) of strength of overlapping of orbitals :

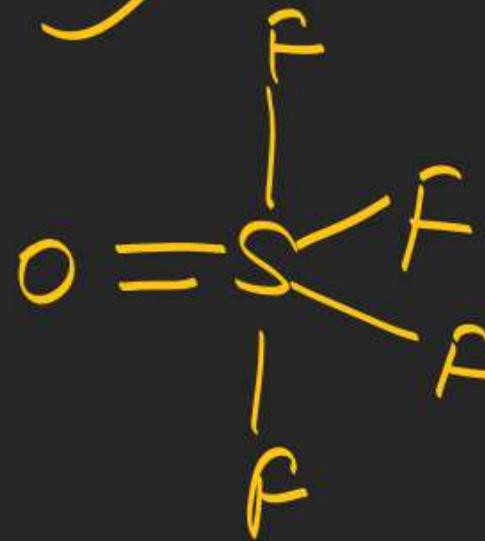
- (A) ~~$2p - 2p > 2p - 3p > 3p - 3p$~~
- (B) ~~$3d - 3d > 3p - 3d > 3p - 3p$~~
- (C) ~~$2s - 3s > 3p - 3p > 3s - 3p$~~
- (D) ~~$2s - 2s > 2s - 2p > 2p - 2p$~~

Chemical bonding

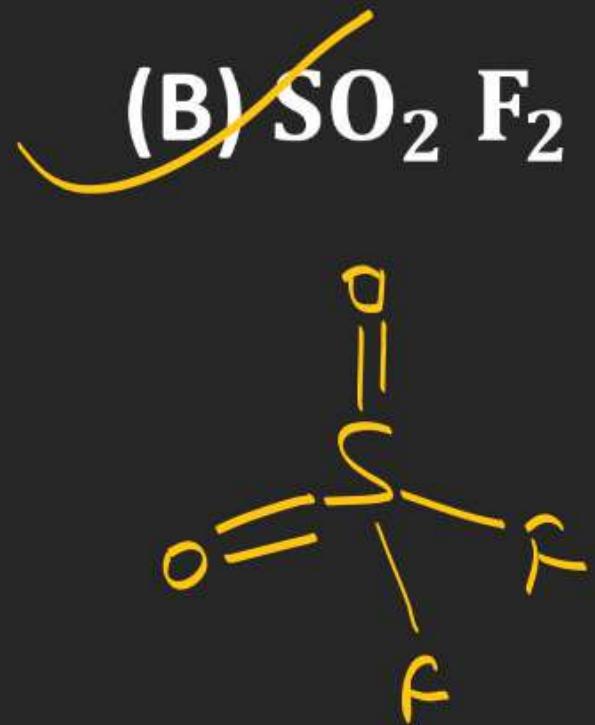
EXERCISE # 2

14. Which of the following molecules have $P_{\pi} - d_{\pi}$ bond in their structure?

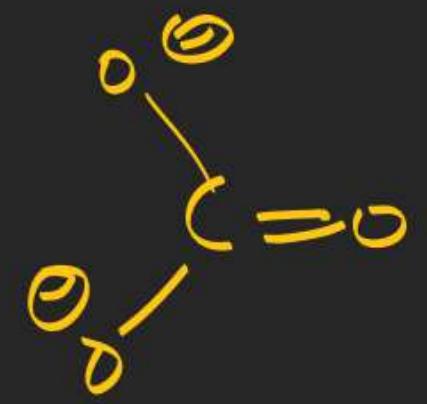
(A) ~~SOF_4~~



(B) ~~$\text{SO}_2 \text{ F}_2$~~



~~(C) CO_3^{2-}~~



~~(D) CO~~



Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

15. Which of the following specie(s) contains all bond angles equal?

(A) PCl_4^+



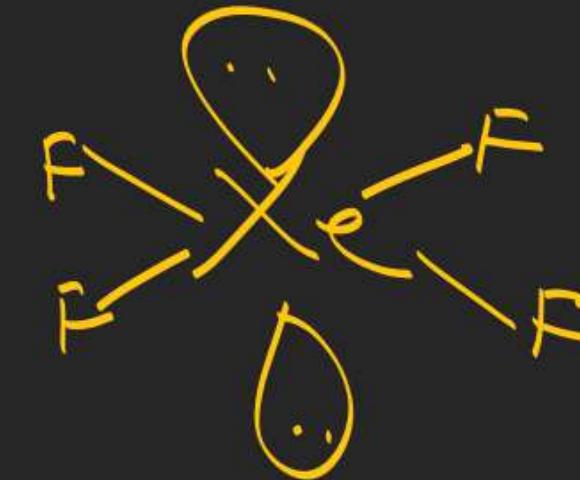
(B) AsF_5



(C) CH_2F_2



(D) XeF_4



Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

16. Which of the following combination of bond pair (b.p) &

lone pair (l.p.) gives same shape?

- (i) 3 b.p. + 1 l.p. (ii) 2 b.p. + 2 l.p. (iii) 3 b.p. + 2 l.p.
- (iv) 2 b.p. + 3 l.p. (v) 2 b.p. + 1 l.p. (vi) 2 b.p. + 0 l.p.
- Pyramidal* *Bent V shape* *Bent T shape*
- linear* *Bent V shape* *linear*
- linear*
- (A) (ii) & (v) (B) (vi) & (iv) (C) (iii) & (iv) (D) (i) & (iii)

Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

17. Which of the following molecules has/have linear structure

- (A) BeCl₂ (B) XeF₂ (C) XeO₄ (D) SF₄



Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

18. Which of the following molecules have H Bonding

- (A) H_2O (B) NH_3 (C) HF (D) CH_4

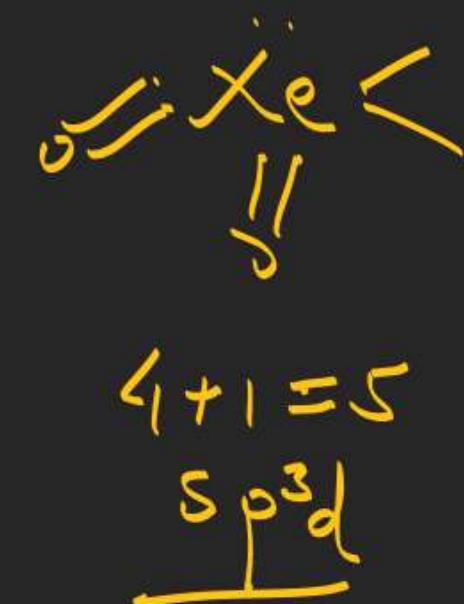
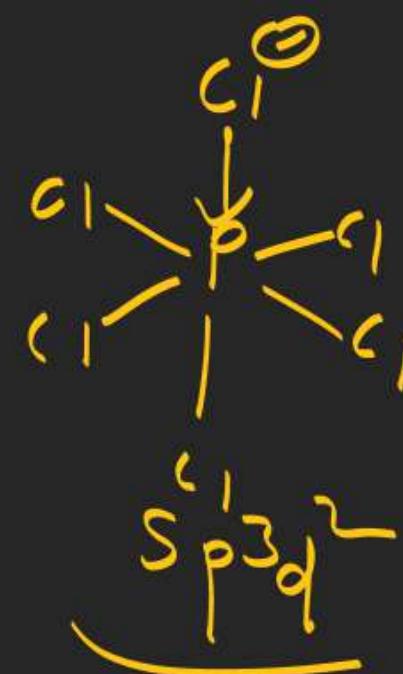
H Bond monoe⁻N
element \Rightarrow F, O, N

Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

19. Which of the following molecules is/are sp^3 d hybridised

- (A) PCl_5 (B) PCl_6^- (C) ~~XeO_2F_2~~ (D) IF_7



Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

20. Which of the following molecules has/have $d_{x^2-y^2}$ and d_{z^2} orbitals in hybridisation

(A) SF_6



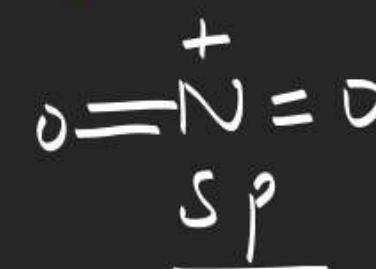
(B) XeF_4



(C) SF_2



(D) NO_2^+

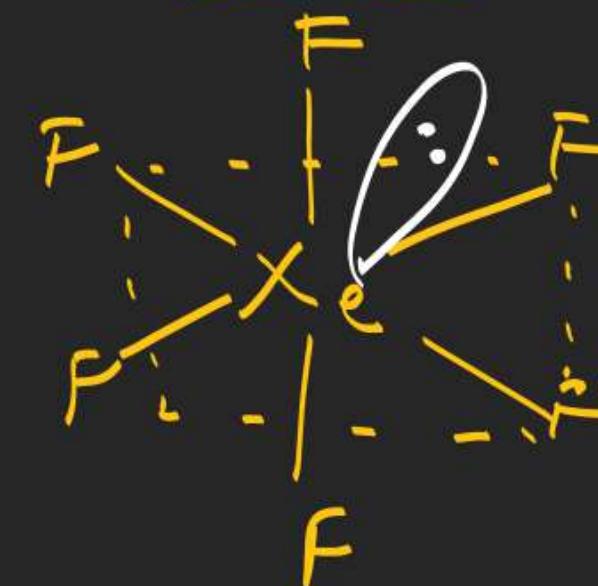


Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

21. Which of the following molecules has/have capped octahedral geometry

- (A) XeF_6 (B) IF_6^- (C) XeOF_5^- (D) XeF_2



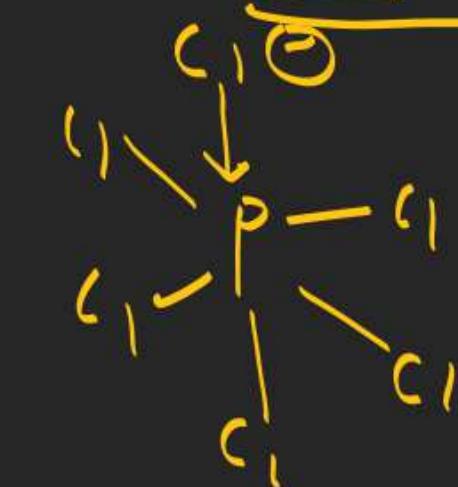
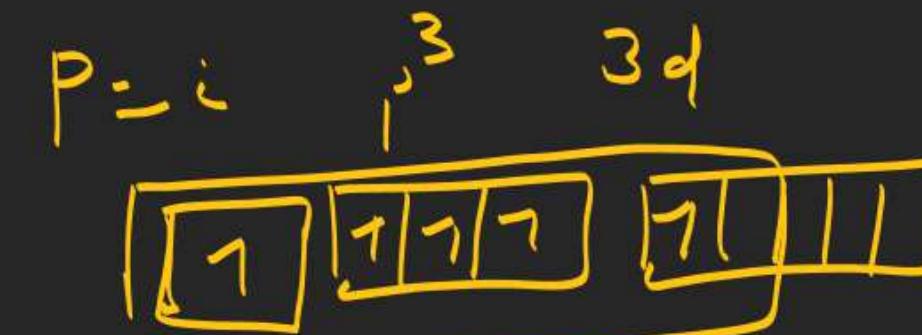
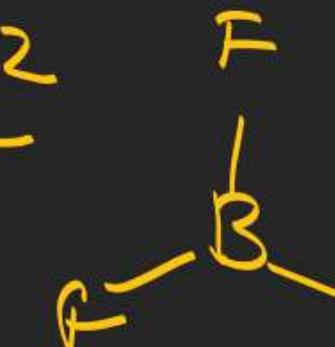
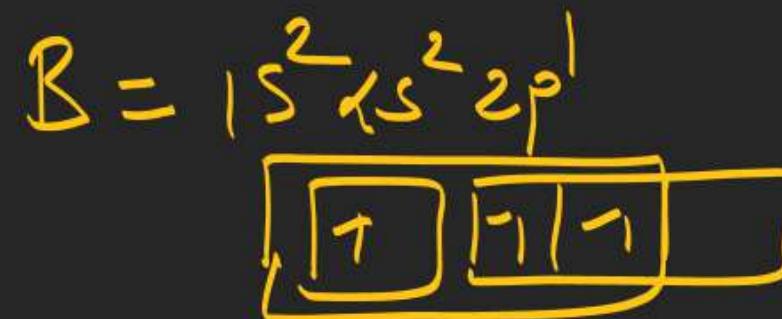
Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

22. In which of following, vacant orbital take part in

hybridisation :

- (A) $\underline{\text{BF}_3}$ (B) PCl_6^- (C) BF_4^- (D) $\underline{\text{NH}_3}$



Chemical bonding

EXERCISE # 2

23. Which of the following is correct match for AB_xL_y (where $B = \text{Bond pair}$ & $L = \text{lone pair}$).

$\text{B} = \text{Bond pair} \& \text{L} = \text{lone pair}.$

- (A) $x = 3, y = 2$ planar & polar
- (B) $x = 3, y = 1$ polar & non planar
- (C) $x = 2, y = 3$ non planar & non polar
- (D) $x = 4, y = 1$, non planar & polar

