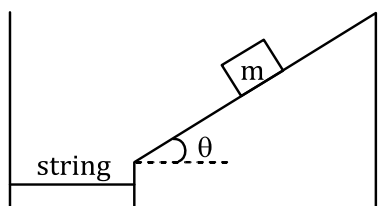
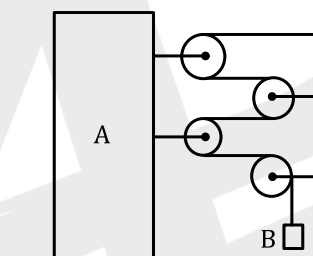


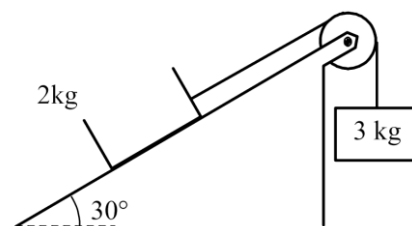
- Q.1** Refer the system shown in the figure. Block is sliding down the wedge. All surfaces are frictionless. Find correct statement(s)

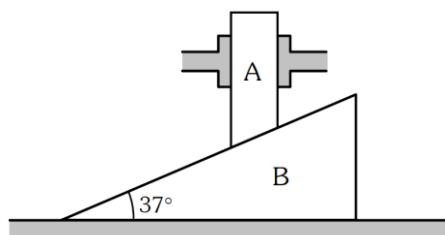


- (A) Acceleration of block is $g \sin \theta$
 (B) Acceleration block is $g \cos \theta$
 (C) Tension in the string is $mg \cos^2 \theta$
 (D) Tension in the string is $mg \sin \theta \cdot \cos \theta$
- Q.2** Block A is moving away from the wall at a speed v and acceleration a .

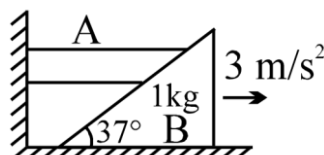


- (A) Velocity of B is v with respect to A.
 (B) Acceleration of B is a with respect to A.
 (C) Acceleration of B is $4a$ with respect to A.
 (D) Acceleration of B is $\sqrt{17}a$ with respect to A.
- Q.3** In the arrangement shown, the 2 kg block is held to keep the system at rest. The string and pulley are ideal. When the 2 kg block is set free, by what amount the tension in the string changes? [$g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$]
- (A) Increase of 12 N
 (B) Decrease of 12 N
 (C) Increase of 18 N
 (D) Decrease of 18 N
- Q.4** Rod A can slide in vertical direction pushing the triangular wedge B towards right. The wedge is moving toward right with uniform acceleration a_B . Find acceleration of the rod A.

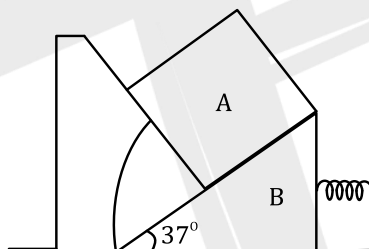




- Q.5** Find force in newton which mass A exerts on mass B if B is moving towards right with 3 m/s^2 . Also find mass of A. (All surfaces are smooth)

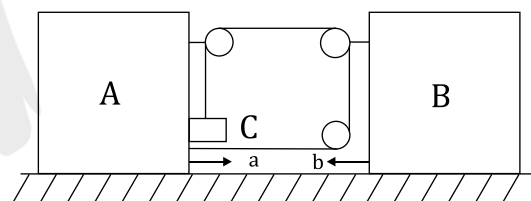


- Q.6** In the figure shown, all surfaces are smooth and block A and wedge B have mass 10 kg and 20 kg respectively. Find normal reaction between block A & B, spring force and normal reaction of ground on block B. ($g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$).



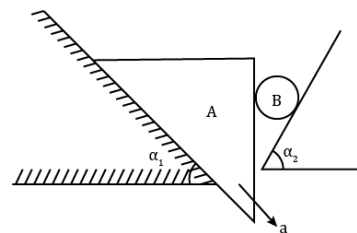
- Q.7** Find the acceleration of C w.r.t. ground.

- (A) $a\hat{i} - (2a + 2b)\hat{j}$
 (B) $a\hat{i} - (2a + b)\hat{j}$
 (C) $a\hat{i} - (a + 2b)\hat{j}$
 (D) $b\hat{i} - (2a + 2b)\hat{j}$



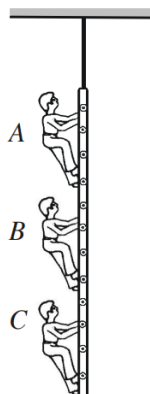
- Q.8** Find the acceleration of B if the acceleration of A is 'a' as shown.

- (A) $\frac{a \cos \alpha_1}{\cos \alpha_2}$
 (B) $\frac{a \sin \alpha_1}{\cos \alpha_2}$
 (C) $\frac{a \cos \alpha_2}{\cos \alpha_1}$
 (D) $\frac{\cos \alpha_1}{\cos \alpha_2}$

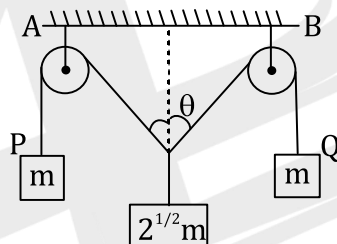


- Q.9** A ladder is hanging from ceiling as shown in figure. Three men A, B and C of masses 40 kg , 60 kg , and 50 kg are climbing the ladder. Man A is going up with retardation 2 m/s^2 , C is going up with

an acceleration of 1 m/s^2 and man B is going up with a constant speed of 0.5 m/s . Find the tension in the string supporting the ladder. [$g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$]



Q.10 The pulleys and strings shown in the figure are smooth and of negligible mass. For the system to remain in equilibrium, the angle θ should be



- (A) 0°
- (B) 30°
- (C) 45°
- (D) 60°

(Physics)

Law of Motion

ANSWER KEY

1. (A,D) 2. (D) 3. (B) 4. $3a_B/4$ 5. 5N, 16/31kg
6. 80 N, 48 N, 264 N 7. (A) 8. (A) 9. 1440 N 10. (C)

A