

## DPP-01

## Only one correct:

- In lanthanum ( $Z = 57$ ), the 57<sup>th</sup> electron enters in a  
(A) 6p orbital (B) 5d orbital (C) 6s orbital (D) 4f orbital
- In Mendeleev periodic table total no. of groups are:  
(A) 8 (B) 7 (C) 18 (D) 12
- Atomic number of the inert gas of 7<sup>th</sup> period = 118. Which is correct IUPAC name of last element halogen family in 7<sup>th</sup> period –  
(A) Ununoctium (B) Ununnilium  
(C) Ununennium (D) Ununseptium
- Three element X, Y, Z are following Doberiner's Triad rule. If the atomic weight of X and Y are 10 and 26 respectively, then atomic weight of Z will be  
(A) 34 (B) 40 (C) 42 (D) 18
- The valence shell of the element X contains 1 electron in 5s subshell and below that shell, 4 electrons in 4d subshell. The element belongs to which group in periodic table-  
(A) 4th group (B) 5th group  
(C) 6th group (D) 7th group

## More than one correct

- An element have electronic configuration as  $1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^6, 3s^2, 3p^6, 4s^2, 3d^7$ . Correct statement regarding element is –  
(A) Element must be Co  
(B) Element belongs to group no. '9' according to the long form of periodic table  
(C) Maximum no. of electrons in element having  $m = +1$  are 6  
(D) Element have magnetic moment  $\sqrt{15}$  B.M.

## Match the column:

- Match List-I (atomic number of elements) with List-II (position of element in periodic table)

List-I	List-II
(A) 19	(P) p-block
(B) 22	(Q) f-block
(C) 32	(R) d-block
(D) 64	(S) s-block

8.	Column-I	Column-II
	(Electronic configuration of element)	(Correct description)
	(A) $1s^1, 2s^2, 2p^2, 3s^1$	(P) s or p block element
	(B) $1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^6, 3s^2, 3p^1$	(Q) III period element
	(C) $1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^6, 3s^2, 3p^6, 3d^5, 4s^1$	(R) Group number VI in the long form periodic table
	(D) $1s^2, 2s^1, 2p^3, 3s^1, 3p^3, 4s^1$	(S) d-block element
		(T) Valence shell electron $\geq 3$

**Subjective:**

9. What are the blocks groups and period for the following E.C. in periodic table:
- |  |   |
|--|---|
| (a) $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^1 3p^3 3d^2$      | (b) $1s^2 2s^1 2p^1$                        |
| (c) $1s^2$                               | (d) $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2$ |
| (e) $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^5 4s^1$ | (f) $[\text{Xe}] 6s^2 5d^1$                 |
| (g) Actinium: $[\text{Rn}] 6d^1 7s^2$    | (h) Thorium: $[\text{Rn}] 6d^2 7s^2$        |
10. What is the value of  $(n + \ell)$  for the unpaired  $e^-$  in an atom of an element which is present in the third period and seventeenth group of the periodic table.

## ANSWER KEY

## DPP-01

1. B    2. A    3. D    4. C    5. B    6. ABCD
7. (A) –S;; (B) –R; (C) –P; (D) – Q    8. (A) - P, T ; (B) - P, Q, T ; (C) - R, S, T ; (D) - P, Q
9. (a) p, VIA, 3<sup>rd</sup>;    (b) s, IIA, 2<sup>nd</sup>;    (c) s, 0, I;    (d) d, IIB, 4<sup>th</sup> period;  
(e) d, VIB, 4<sup>th</sup>;    (f) d, IIIB, 6<sup>th</sup>;    (g) d, IIIB, 7<sup>th</sup>;    (h) f, IIIB, 7<sup>th</sup>
10. (4)

