Visualization Project on LUNG CANCER

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#The data used for the project is a survey data, which has variables #"GENDER", "AGE", "SMOKING", "YELLOW_FINGEI #"PEER_PRESSURE", "CHRONIC.DISEASE", "FATIGUE", "ALLERGY" #"WHEEZING", "ALCOHOL.CONSUMING", "SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH", "SWALLOWING.DIFFICULTY", "CHEST.PAIN", "LUNG_CANCER#". The idea is to study the relationship between LUNG_CANCER and other #variables, which are as follows-

#1. What is the percentage of people who didn't smoke(and other variables #too) but still has lung Cancer and what is the percentage of people who #smoke but still didnt get lung cancer?

#2.Is it common for a certain age group to have lung cancer? #3.What are the major factors that causes lung cancer and what are not? #4.Can the results obtained from the given data be generalised. #5.Do people in the dataset lead a healthy lifestyle?

```
library('ggplot2')
lung_cancer_data=read.csv(file.choose())
```

names(lung_cancer_data)

```
[1] "GENDER"
##
                                 "AGE"
                                                          "SMOKING"
   [4] "YELLOW_FINGERS"
                                 "ANXIETY"
                                                          "PEER_PRESSURE"
  [7] "CHRONIC.DISEASE"
                                 "FATIGUE"
                                                          "ALLERGY"
## [10] "WHEEZING"
                                 "ALCOHOL.CONSUMING"
                                                          "COUGHING"
                                 "SWALLOWING.DIFFICULTY" "CHEST.PAIN"
## [13] "SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH"
## [16] "LUNG_CANCER"
```

#For the Project, I am considering variables "AGE", #"SMOKING", "ANXIETY", "CHRONIC.DISEASE", "ALCOHOL.CONSUMING" #, "COUGHING", "SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH", "CHEST.PAIN", "LUNG_CANCER".

Out of these variables, the variable AGE is a continuous random #variable and rest are all categorical and to be specific all are #Nominal, since they do not have any intrinsic order, its just Yes or No. #For some of these variables, 1 represents NO and 2 represents YES.

```
rownames(tab) <- c('TYpe of Variable')
tab[1,1]='Continuous'
tab

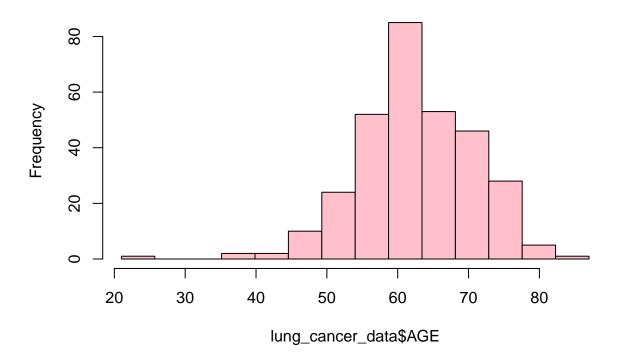
## AGE SMOKING ANXIETY CHRONIC.DISEASE
## TYpe of Variable "Continuous" "Nominal" "Nominal" "Nominal"
## ALCOHOL.CONSUMING COUGHING SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH CHEST.PAIN
## TYpe of Variable "Nominal" "Nominal" "Nominal"
## LUNG_CANCER
## TYpe of Variable "Nominal"</pre>
```

#The given table represents which considered variable is Continuous and #which is Nominal(Categorical)

#UNIVARIATE ANALYSIS OF DIFFERENT VARIABLES

```
#Making the histogram to check, data set has which age group in most #numbers.
hist(lung_cancer_data$AGE, col = 'pink', breaks = seq(min(lung_cancer_data$AGE), max(lung_cancer_data$A
```

Histogram of lung_cancer_data\$AGE



```
table(lung_cancer_data$AGE)
```

```
summary(lung_cancer_data$AGE)
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 21.00 57.00 62.00 62.67 69.00 87.00
```

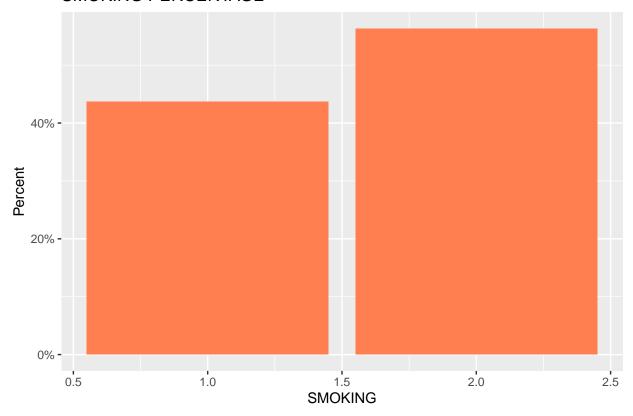
#Clearly the data has majority of the people IN age group 54-72. So #whatever results we get from this d

table(lung_cancer_data\$SMOKING) #No of people who smoke and who don't

```
## 1 2
## 135 174
```

```
ggplot(lung_cancer_data,
    aes(x = SMOKING,
        y = ..count.. / sum(..count..))) +
geom_bar() +
labs(x = "SMOKING",
    y = "Percent",
    title = "SMOKING PERCENTAGE") +
scale_y_continuous(labels = scales::percent)+geom_bar(fill = "coral")
```

SMOKING PERCENTAGE

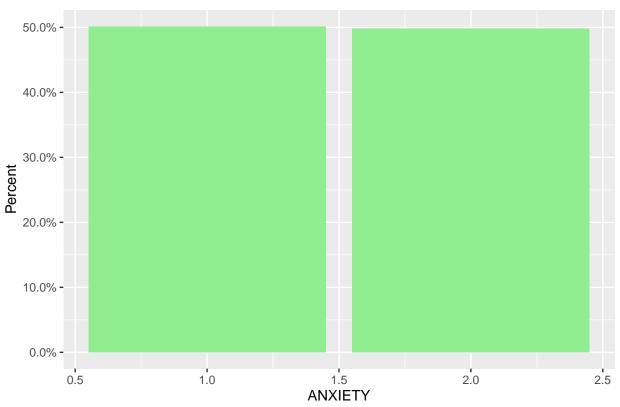


```
#Approx 57 percent people smoke and approx 43 percent people don't.
```

table(lung_cancer_data\$ANXIETY) #No of people who have anxiety and who don't

```
## 1 2 2 ## 155 154
```

ANXIETY PERCENTAGE



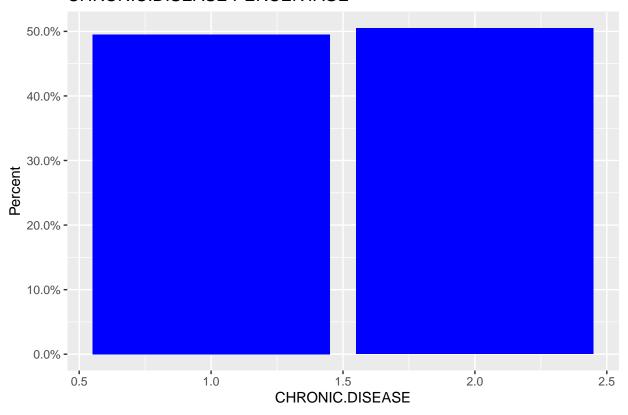
 $\#Approx\ 50$ percent people have anxiety and approx 50 percent people #don't.

table(lung_cancer_data\$CHRONIC.DISEASE) #No of people who have chronic #disease and who don't

```
## 1 2 2 ## 153 156
```

```
ggplot(lung_cancer_data,
    aes(x = CHRONIC.DISEASE,
        y = ..count.. / sum(..count..))) +
geom_bar() +
labs(x = "CHRONIC.DISEASE",
    y = "Percent",
    title = "CHRONIC.DISEASE PERCENTAGE") +
scale_y_continuous(labels = scales::percent)+geom_bar(fill = "blue")
```

CHRONIC.DISEASE PERCENTAGE

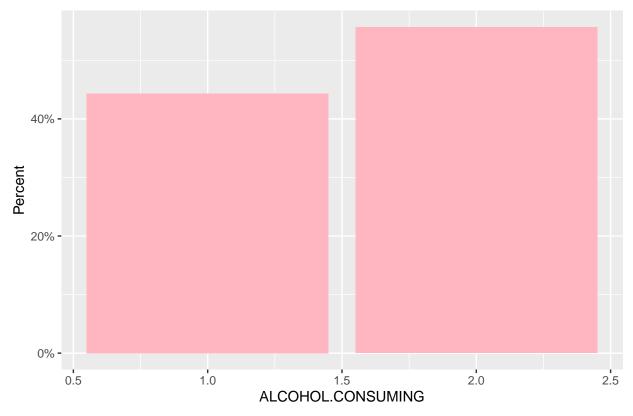


 $\#Approx\ 51\ percent\ people\ have\ chronic\ disease\ and\ approx\ 49\ percent\ \#people\ don't.$

 ${\tt table(lung_cancer_data\$ALCOHOL.CONSUMING)\#No~of~people~who~consume~\#alcohol~and~who~don't)}$

```
## 1 2 2 ## 137 172
```

ALCOHOL.CONSUMING PERCENTAGE

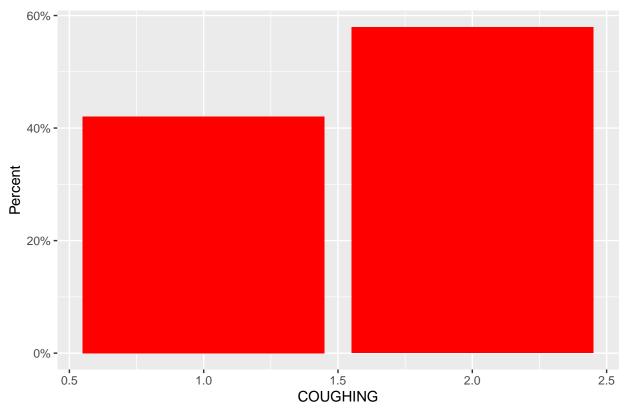


 $\#Approx\ 57\ percent\ consume\ alcohol\ and\ 43\ percent\ don't\ consume\ alcohol.$

table(lung_cancer_data\$COUGHING)#No of people who have cough and who #don't

```
## 1 2
## 130 179
```

COUGHING PERCENTAGE

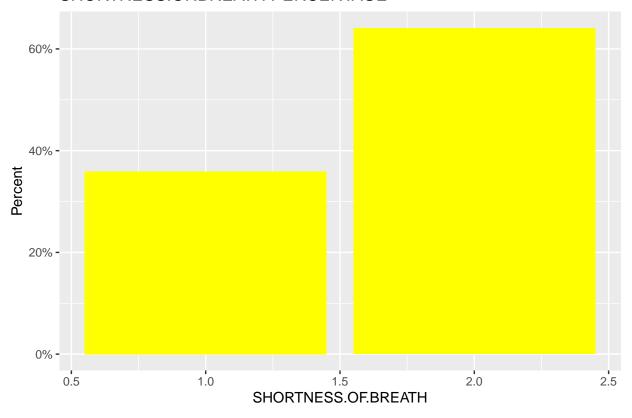


#Approx 58 percent have cough and 42 percent don't have cough.

 ${\tt table(lung_cancer_data\$SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH)} \textit{\#No of people who have \#shortness of breath and who don't}$

```
## 1 2
## 111 198
```

SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH PERCENTAGE



#Approx 64 percent have SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH and 36 percent don't have #SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH.

table(lung_cancer_data\$CHEST.PAIN) #No of people who have chest pain and #who don't

```
## 1 2 2 ## 137 172
```

CHEST.PAIN PERCENTAGE

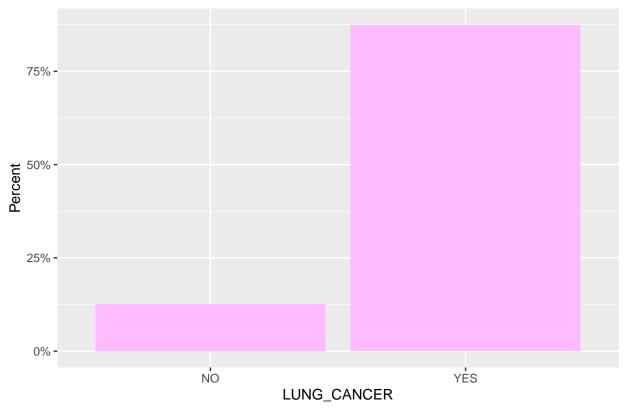


#Approx 56 percent have CHEST.PAIN and 44 percent don't have CHEST.PAIN.

table(lung_cancer_data\$LUNG_CANCER)#No of people who have lung cancer #and who don't

```
## ## NO YES
## 39 270
```

LUNG_CANCER PERCENTAGE



 ${\it \#Approx~87.5~percent~have~LUNG_CANCER~and~12.5~percent~don't~have~\#LUNG_CANCER.}$

#BIVARIATE ANALYSIS

```
my_tab<-table(lung_cancer_data$SMOKING,lung_cancer_data$LUNG_CANCER)
my_tab#No of people who have Lung Cancer and who Smoke</pre>
```

#1-NO,2-YES for SMOKING

```
my_tab<-table(lung_cancer_data$ANXIETY,lung_cancer_data$LUNG_CANCER)
my_tab#No of people who have Lung Cancer and who have Anxiety</pre>
```

```
#1-NO,2-YES for ANXIETY
my_tab<-table(lung_cancer_data$CHEST.PAIN,lung_cancer_data$LUNG_CANCER)
my_tab#No of people who have Lung Cancer and who have chest pain
##
##
        NO YES
##
     1 27 110
     2 12 160
#1-NO,2-YES for CHEST.PAIN
my_tab<-table(lung_cancer_data$ALCOHOL.CONSUMING,lung_cancer_data$LUNG_CANCER)
my_tab#No of people who have Lung Cancer and who consume alcohol
##
##
        NO YES
     1 32 105
##
       7 165
##
     2
#1-NO,2-YES for ALCOHOL.CONSUMING
my_tab<-table(lung_cancer_data$SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH,lung_cancer_data$LUNG_CANCER)
my_tab#No of people who have Lung Cancer and who have SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH
##
##
       NO YES
##
     1 17 94
##
     2 22 176
#1-NO,2-YES for SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH
my_tab<-table(lung_cancer_data$COUGHING,lung_cancer_data$LUNG_CANCER)
my_tab#No of people who have Lung Cancer and who have COUGHING
##
##
       NO YES
##
     1 29 101
##
     2 10 169
#1-NO,2-YES for COUGHING
my_tab<-table(lung_cancer_data$CHRONIC.DISEASE,lung_cancer_data$LUNG_CANCER)
my_tab#No of people who have Lung Cancer and who have CHRONIC.DISEASE
##
       NO YES
##
##
     1 25 128
##
     2 14 142
```

```
#1-NO,2-YES for CHRONIC.DISEASE
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
#Lets find out what percentage of people have lung cancer and also a #YES for considered Categorical v
a=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'YES',SMOKING==2))
b=nrow(filter(lung cancer data, LUNG CANCER == 'YES', ANXIETY==2))
c=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'YES',CHEST.PAIN==2))
d=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'YES',COUGHING==2))
e=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'YES',ALCOHOL.CONSUMING==2))
f=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'YES', CHRONIC.DISEASE==2))
g=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'YES',SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH==2))
n=nrow(lung_cancer_data)
smoking_positive_cancer_positive_percentage=(a/n)*100
smoking_positive_cancer_positive_percentage #Approx 50% people who smoke #have Lung Cancer.
## [1] 50.16181
anxiety_positive_cancer_positive_percentage=(b/n)*100
anxiety_positive_cancer_positive_percentage#Approx 46% people who suffer #from Anxiety have Lung Cancer
## [1] 45.95469
chest.pain_positive_cancer_positive_percentage=(c/n)*100
chest.pain_positive_cancer_positive_percentage #Approx 52% people who #suffer from Chest Pain have Lung
## [1] 51.77994
coughing_positive_cancer_positive_percentage=(d/n)*100
coughing_positive_cancer_positive_percentage #Approx 55% people who #suffer from Coughing problem have L
## [1] 54.69256
```

```
ALCOHOL.CONSUMING_cancer_positive_positive_percentage=(e/n)*100
ALCOHOL.CONSUMING_cancer_positive_positive_percentage#Approx 53% people #who consume Alcohol have Lung
## [1] 53.39806
CHRONIC.DISEASE cancer positive positive percentage=(f/n)*100
CHRONIC.DISEASE_cancer_positive_percentage#Approx 46% people #who suffer from some Chronic dis
## [1] 45.95469
SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH_cancer_positive_positive_percentage=(g/n)*100
SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH_cancer_positive_positive_percentage #Approx 57% #people who suffer from Shortness of
## [1] 56.95793
#Lets find out what percentage of people don't have lung cancer and also #a YES for one of the conside
a=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'NO',SMOKING==2))
b=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'NO', ANXIETY==2))
c=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'NO',CHEST.PAIN==2))
d=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'NO',COUGHING==2))
e=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'NO', ALCOHOL.CONSUMING==2))
f=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'NO', CHRONIC.DISEASE==2))
g=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'NO',SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH==2))
n=nrow(lung_cancer_data)
smoking_positive_cancer_negative_percentage=(a/n)*100
smoking_positive_cancer_negative_percentage#Approx 6% people smoke but #do not have Lung Cancer.
## [1] 6.148867
anxiety_positive_cancer_negative_percentage=(b/n)*100
anxiety_positive_cancer_negative_percentage#Approx 4% people have #anxiety issues but do not have Lung
## [1] 3.883495
{\tt chest.pain\_positive\_cancer\_negative\_percentage=(c/n)*100}
chest.pain_positive_cancer_negative_percentage#Approx 4% people have #Chest pain but do not have Lung C
## [1] 3.883495
coughing_positive_cancer_negative_percentage=(d/n)*100
coughing_positive_cancer_negative_percentage #Approx 3% people have #coughing problem but do not have Lu
## [1] 3.236246
ALCOHOL.CONSUMING_positive_cancer_negative_percentage=(e/n)*100
ALCOHOL.CONSUMING_positive_cancer_negative_percentage #Approx 2% people #smoke but do not have Lung Canc
```

[1] 2.265372

```
CHRONIC.DISEASE_positive_cancer_negative_percentage=(f/n)*100
CHRONIC.DISEASE_positive_cancer_negative_percentage #Approx 5% people #have Chronic disease but do not h
## [1] 4.530744
SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH_positive_cancer_negative_percentage=(g/n)*100
SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH_positive_cancer_negative_percentage #Approx 7% people #have shortness of breath prob
## [1] 7.119741
#As indicated by all the precentages, it is quite a rare chance that any #person who smoke, has anxiety
#Lets find out what percentage of people don't have lung cancer and also #a NO for one of the considere
a=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'NO',SMOKING==1))
b=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'NO', ANXIETY==1))
c=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'NO',CHEST.PAIN==1))
d=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'NO',COUGHING==1))
e=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'NO', ALCOHOL.CONSUMING==1))
f=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'NO', CHRONIC.DISEASE==1))
g=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'NO',SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH==1))
n=nrow(lung_cancer_data)
smoking_negative_cancer_negative_percentage=(a/n)*100
smoking_negative_cancer_negative_percentage#There are Approx 6% people #who don't smoke and do not hav
## [1] 6.472492
anxiety_negative_cancer_negative_percentage=(b/n)*100
anxiety_negative_cancer_negative_percentage#There are Approx 9% people #who don't have anxiety and do
## [1] 8.737864
chest.pain_negative_cancer_negative_percentage=(c/n)*100
chest.pain_negative_cancer_negative_percentage#There are Approx 9% #people who don't have chest pain a
## [1] 8.737864
coughing_negative_cancer_negative_percentage=(d/n)*100
coughing_positive_cancer_negative_percentage#There are Approx 3% people #who don't have coughing proble
## [1] 3.236246
ALCOHOL.CONSUMING_negative_cancer_negative_percentage=(e/n)*100
ALCOHOL.CONSUMING_negative_cancer_negative_percentage#There are Approx #10% people who don't consume a
```

[1] 10.35599

```
CHRONIC.DISEASE_negative_cancer_negative_percentage=(f/n)*100
CHRONIC.DISEASE_negative_cancer_negative_percentage#There are Approx 8% #people who don't have chronic
## [1] 8.090615
SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH\_negative\_cancer\_negative\_percentage=(g/n)*100
SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH_negative_cancer_negative_percentage#There are Approx #5% people who don't have sho
## [1] 5.501618
#As indicated by all the precentages, it is quite a rare chance that any #person who don't smoke, do not
#Lets find out what percentage of people have lung cancer and also a NO #for one of the Categorical var
a=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'YES',SMOKING==1))
b=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'YES', ANXIETY==1))
c=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'YES',CHEST.PAIN==1))
d=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'YES',COUGHING==1))
e=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'YES',ALCOHOL.CONSUMING==1))
f=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'YES', CHRONIC.DISEASE==1))
g=nrow(filter(lung_cancer_data, LUNG_CANCER == 'YES',SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH==1))
n=nrow(lung_cancer_data)
smoking_negative_cancer_positive_percentage=(a/n)*100
smoking_negative_cancer_positive_percentage#There are Approx 37% people #who don't smoke and have Lung
## [1] 37.21683
anxiety_negative_cancer_positive_percentage=(b/n)*100
anxiety_negative_cancer_positive_percentage#There are Approx 41% people #who don't have anxiety and hav
## [1] 41.42395
chest.pain_negative_cancer_positive_percentage=(c/n)*100
chest.pain_negative_cancer_positive_percentage #There are Approx 36% #people who don't have chest pain
## [1] 35.59871
coughing_negative_cancer_positive_percentage=(d/n)*100
coughing_negative_cancer_positive_percentage#There are Approx 33%
## [1] 32.68608
#people who don't have coughing problem and have Lung Cancer
ALCOHOL.CONSUMING_negative_cancer_positive_percentage=(e/n)*100
ALCOHOL.CONSUMING_negative_cancer_positive_percentage#There are Approx #34% people who don't consume a
## [1] 33.98058
```

```
CHRONIC.DISEASE_negative_cancer_positive_percentage=(f/n)*100
CHRONIC.DISEASE_negative_cancer_positive_percentage#There are Approx 41% *people who don't have chroni
```

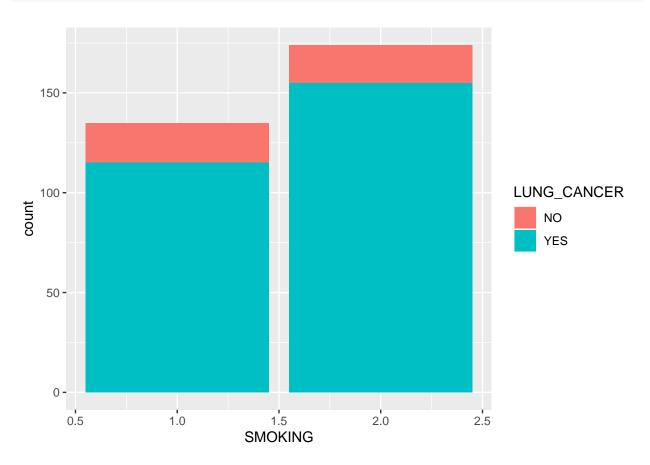
[1] 41.42395

```
SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH_negative_cancer_positive_percentage=(g/n)*100
SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH_negative_cancer_positive_percentage#There are Approx #30% people who don't have sh
```

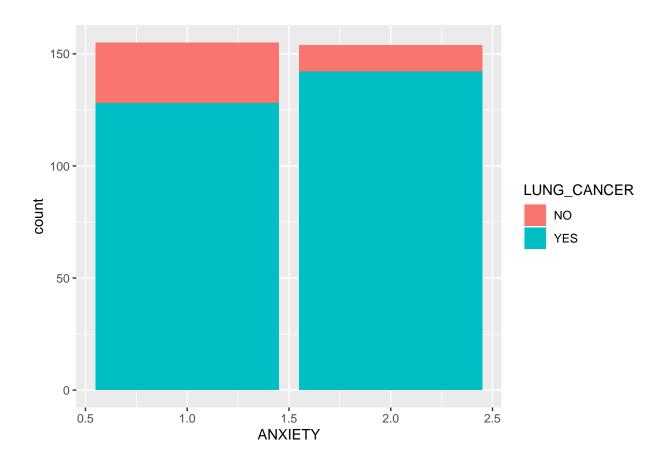
[1] 30.42071

 $\# As \ indicated \ by \ all \ the \ precentages, \ there \ is \ high \ chance \ that \ any \ \# person \ who \ don't \ smoke, do \ not \ have$

```
library('ggplot2')
ggplot(lung_cancer_data, aes(x =SMOKING, fill =LUNG_CANCER)) +
  geom_bar(position = "stack")
```

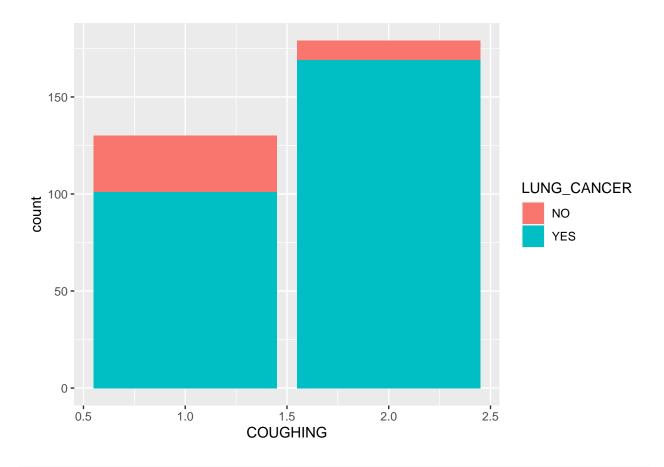


#Bar plot representing no of people who have cancer and who don't out #of those who smoke and don't smoke.



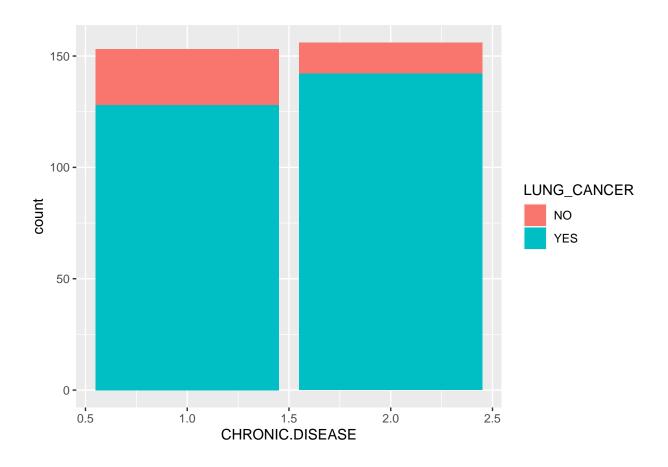
 $\#Bar\ plot\ representing\ no\ of\ people\ who\ have\ cancer\ and\ who\ don't\ out\ \#of\ those\ who\ have\ anxiety\ and\ \ who\ don't\ have\ anxiety.$

```
ggplot(lung_cancer_data,
    aes(x =COUGHING,
        fill =LUNG_CANCER )) +
    geom_bar(position = "stack")
```

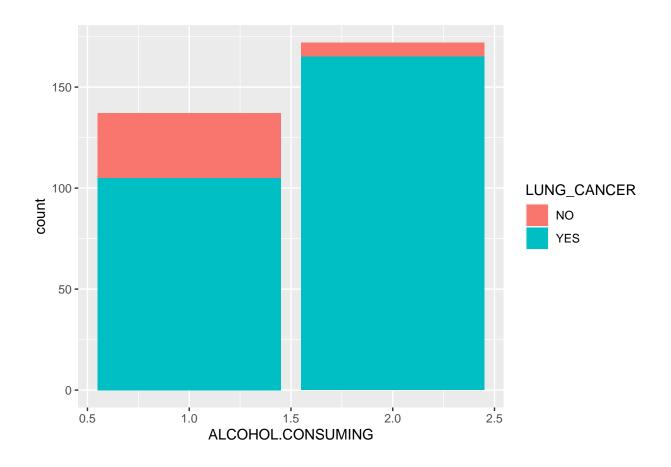


 $\#Bar\ plot\ representing\ no\ of\ people\ who\ have\ cancer\ and\ who\ don't\ out\ \#of\ those\ who\ have\ cough\ and\ don't.$

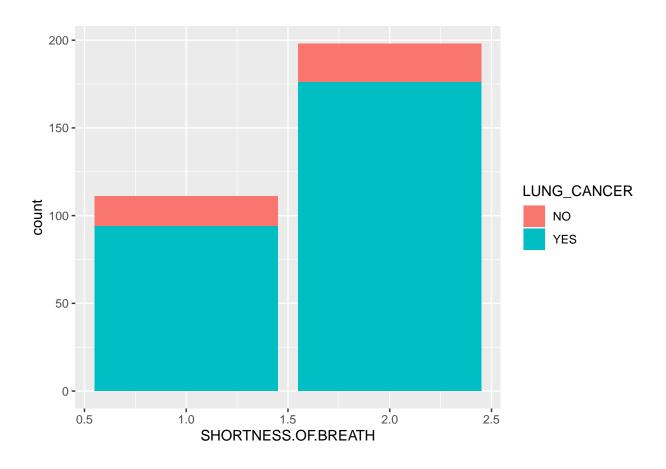
```
ggplot(lung_cancer_data,
    aes(x =CHRONIC.DISEASE,
        fill =LUNG_CANCER )) +
    geom_bar(position = "stack")
```



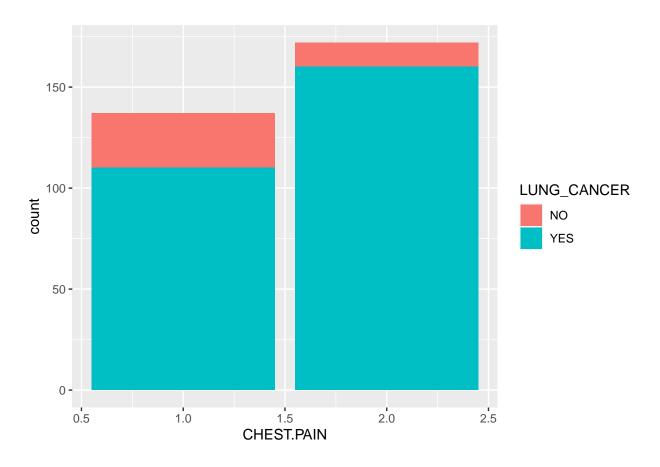
#Bar plot representing no of people who have cancer and who don't out #of those who have chronic disease and who don't.



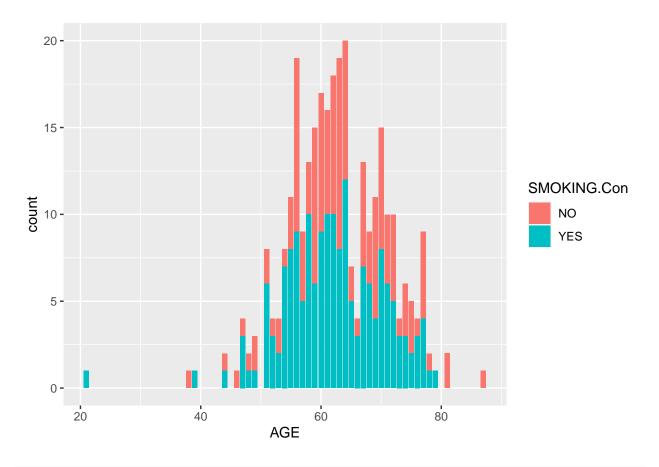
 $\hbox{\it \#Bar plot representing no of people who have cancer and who don't out}\\ \hbox{\it \#of those who consume alcohol and who don't}.$



 $\#Bar\ plot\ representing\ no\ of\ people\ who\ have\ cancer\ and\ who\ don't\ out\ \#of\ those\ who\ have\ shortness\ of\ breath\ and\ who\ don't.$



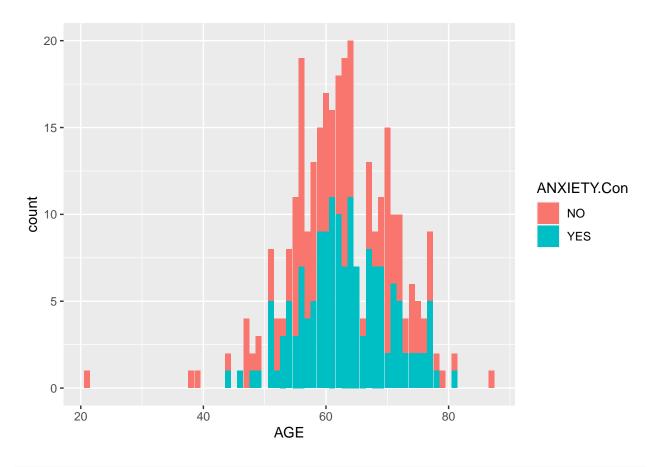
#Bar plot representing no of people who have cancer and who don't out #of those who have chest pain and who don't.



#bar plot representing people of particular age smoking and not smoking.

```
lung_cancer_data_con1 <- within(lung_cancer_data, {
   ANXIETY.Con<-NA
   ANXIETY.Con[ANXIETY==1] <- "NO"
   ANXIETY.Con[ANXIETY==2] <- "YES"

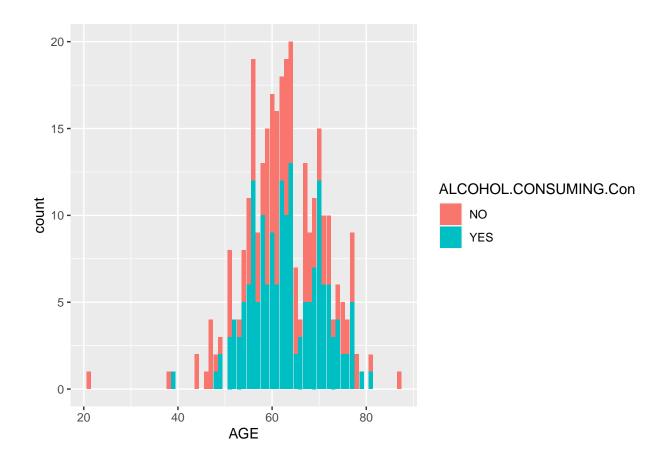
})
ggplot(lung_cancer_data_con1,
   aes(x = AGE,
   fill = ANXIETY.Con )) +
   geom_bar(position = "stack")</pre>
```



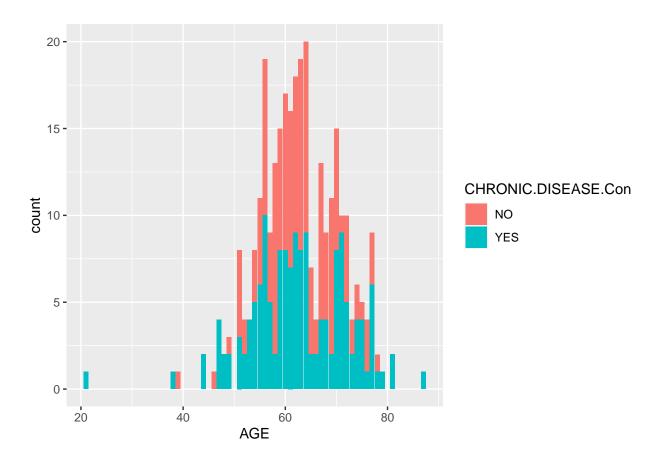
#bar plot representing people of particular age having anxiety or not.

```
lung_cancer_data_con2 <- within(lung_cancer_data, {
   ALCOHOL.CONSUMING.Con<-NA
   ALCOHOL.CONSUMING.Con[ALCOHOL.CONSUMING==1] <- "NO"
   ALCOHOL.CONSUMING.Con[ALCOHOL.CONSUMING==2] <- "YES"

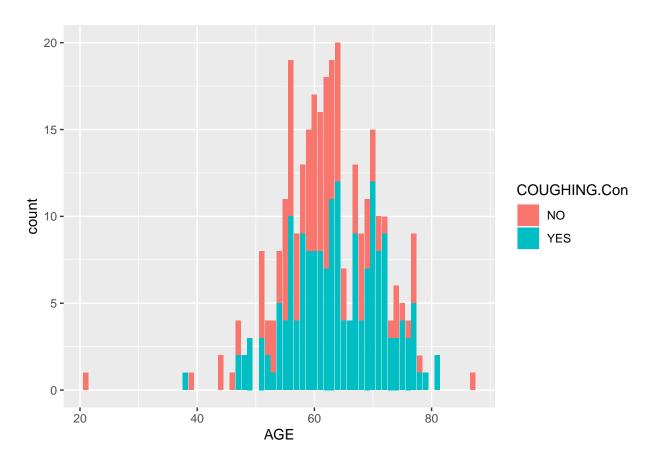
})
ggplot(lung_cancer_data_con2,
   aes(x = AGE,
      fill = ALCOHOL.CONSUMING.Con )) +
geom_bar(position = "stack")</pre>
```



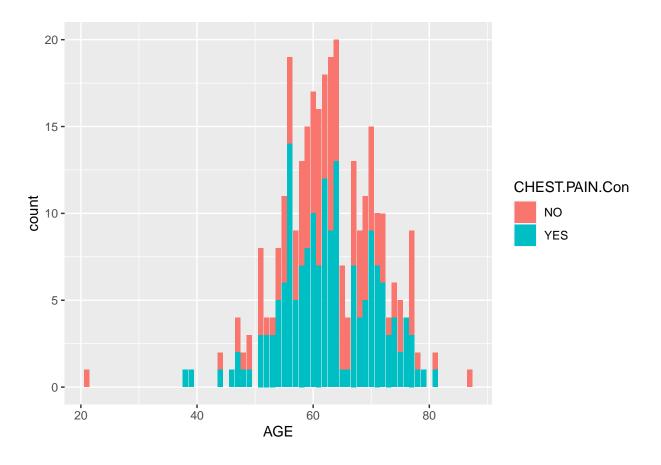
 $\textit{\#bar plot representing people of particular age consuming alcohol or \textit{\#not}.}$



#bar plot representing people of particular age having chronic disease #or not.



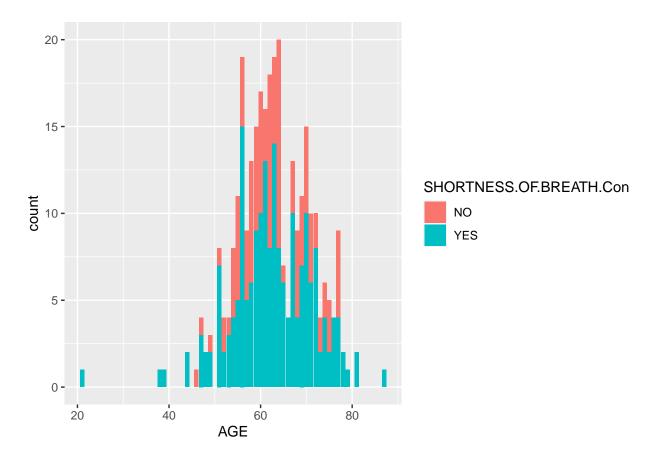
#bar plot representing people of particular age having cough or #not.



 $\#bar\ plot\ representing\ people\ of\ particular\ age\ having\ chest\ pain\ or\ \#not.$

```
lung_cancer_data_con6 <- within(lung_cancer_data, {
   SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH.Con<-NA
   SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH.Con[SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH==1] <- "NO"
   SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH.Con[SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH==2] <- "YES"

})
ggplot(lung_cancer_data_con6,
   aes(x = AGE,
        fill = SHORTNESS.OF.BREATH.Con )) +
   geom_bar(position = "stack")</pre>
```



 $\textit{\#bar plot representing people of particular age having shortness of \textit{\#breath or not}.}$

#Summary #After doing the analysis of the given data set, I have come across the #fact that this data set lacks information about every age group, it #majorly consists of the people between 55 to 70 year of age, which #makes it difficult to reach at any of the objective that I initially #planned to achieve. But still for this age group I have figured out #that the people who smoke,have shortness of breathness, and coughing #problems, consume alcohol,have higher chances of Lung Cancer, but also #on the other hand there is a significant set of people(although the #percentage is less) who do not smoke, don't have shortness of #breathness and coughing problems and don't consume alcohol also might #get Lung cancer.

#Addition to this I got to know that from the given data set, from #almost every age group, there are more than 50% people who smoke,have #shortness of breathness, and coughing problems, consume alcohol,have #chest pain, anxiety and chronic disease and less than 50% don't, so we #can say that not majority of the people in the given data set are not #living a healthy life style. Also the results obtained reflects that #these are not the only factors which causes lung cancer, beacause there #are people who didnt smoke or have any other issues, but still got lung #cancer. So we can interpret that these are not the only causes of Lung #cancer, they are but not the only ones.