z/OS 3.1

File System Messages and Codes





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About this document

Detailed explanations and recovery actions are provided for the messages issued by z/OS File System (zFS). zFS is one of the file systems that is used by z/OS UNIX System Services (z/OS UNIX). See z/OS File System Administration for more information about zFS.

Prior to V2R4, this document was titled *z/OS Distributed File Service Messages and Codes*. Because V2R3 was the last release to support the Distributed File System / Server Message Block (DFS/SMB) functionality, the title is now *z/OS File System Messages and Codes* but the DFS/SMB messages are still included in the documentation.

Who should use this document

This document is intended for operators, administrators, programmers, and help desk representatives who require explanations and recoveries for the messages issued by zFS. A knowledge of TCP/IP communications and the z/OS UNIX operating system can help you use this guide more effectively.

z/OS information

This information explains how z/OS references information in other documents and on the web.

When possible, this information uses cross-document links that go directly to the topic in reference using shortened versions of the document title. For complete titles and order numbers of the documents for all products that are part of z/OS, see z/OS Information Roadmap.

To find the complete z/OS library, go to IBM Documentation (www.ibm.com/docs/en/zos).

Using this documentation

Two methods of installing z/OS are provided with your z/OS license: ServerPac z/OSMF portable software instance (ServerPac) and CBPDO. For each of these, z/OS Planning for Installation describes what IBM does for you, what you receive from IBM, and what actions you need to take. It is important that you are familiar with the information that comes with those two installation methods. The information is needed when you install z/OS UNIX, along with the other elements and features.

z/OSMF Software Management produces the jobs that are used to install your z/OSMF portable software instance (ServerPac). For CBPDO users, the z/OS Program Directory describes how to use the SMP/E RECEIVE, APPLY, and ACCEPT commands to install your order. Both describe the installation verification procedures (IVPs) that you perform to ensure that your installation is proceeding successfully. They also contain some customization information.

Information about zFS configuration on other IBM systems can be found in the configuration guide for those systems.

How to provide feedback to IBM

We welcome any feedback that you have, including comments on the clarity, accuracy, or completeness of the information. For more information, see How to send feedback to IBM.

Summary of changes

This information includes terminology, maintenance, and editorial changes. Technical changes or additions to the text and illustrations for the current edition are indicated by a vertical line to the left of the change.

Note: IBM z/OS policy for the integration of service information into the z/OS product documentation library is documented on the z/OS Internet Library under IBM z/OS Product Documentation Update Policy (www.ibm.com/docs/en/zos/latest?topic=zos-product-documentation-update-policy).

Summary of message changes for z/OS 3.1

The following messages are new, changed, or no longer issued for z/OS File System Messages and Codes in z/OS 3.1.

New

The following messages are new.

```
IOEZH0076I (APAR OA63911)
IOEZH0077I (APAR OA63911)
IOEZH0078I (APAR OA63911)
IOEZH0079I (APAR OA63911)
IOEZH0080I (APAR OA63911)
IOEZH0083I (APAR OA63911)
IOEZH0084I (APAR OA63911)
IOEZH0088I (APAR OA63911)
IOEZH0088I (APAR OA63911)
IOEZO1061I (APAR OA64900, which also applies to 2.4, 2.5, and 3.1)
```

Changed

The following messages are changed.

None.

Deleted

The following messages are no longer issued.

IOEN000I-IOEN00515I IOEP00001A-IOEP12403I IOEX18000A-IOEX18234K

Chapter 1. Introduction to zFS messages and codes

Detailed explanations and recovery actions are provided to supplement the messages that are issued by z/OS File System (zFS) and the zFS health checks. Processing options that can be used to control zFS are documented in z/OS File System Administration.

In z/OS V2R3, the statement of direction was updated to indicate that V2R3 would be the last release to support the DFS/SMB (Distributed File System/Server Message Block) functionality. IBM had previously announced that the Network File System (NFS) was the strategic file sharing protocol for the z/OS platform. The related messages and return codes are still included in the documentation.

Where to find the most current message information

In the z/OS library, as messages are added to the system, they are added to the documents. Similarly, when messages are changed on the system, they are changed in the documents. However, when a message is deleted from the system because they are no longer issued, the message is **not** deleted from the documents.

To find the most current description of a message, see the following resources:

z/OS Internet library (www.ibm.com/servers/resourcelink/svc00100.nsf/pages/zosInternetLibrary) IBM Documentation (www.ibm.com/docs/en/zos)

Understanding zFS messages

Messages are divided into three categories: action, error, and informational. Those of the form IOEZ*nnnnnt* are issued by zFS, while messages prefixed with IOEZH*nnnnt* are issued from the zFS health checker.

The last part of the message number (t) is a single-character operator code that represents the type of recovery action to be taken by the operator in response to the message. These operator codes are associated with the different levels of severity, as listed in "Severity levels" on page 2. The recovery actions are represented by the following characters:

- A Indicates that the operator must take immediate action, for example, recovering from a system failure.
- **D**Indicates that the operator must choose an alternative action, for example, responding yes or no.
- **E**Indicates that the operator must take eventual action, for example, loading paper in a printer.
- I Indicates that the message is informational and no action is required, for example, when a command completes successfully.

What is first-level message text?

Together, the message number and the message text that immediately follows the message number comprise the first-level text. This is the message information that is returned to the operator console or user display.

What is second-level message text?

The explanation and responses that supplement the message number and message text comprise the second-level text.

Severity levels

Each message contains a severity field that indicates the level of severity associated with the message. These severity levels are described in the following list:

svc c sev fatal

Indicates a non-recoverable error that probably requires manual intervention. Usually, permanent loss or damage has occurred that results in the program terminating immediately, such as database corruption. Messages of this severity have an operator code of A.

svc_c_sev_error

Indicates that an unexpected event has occurred that does not terminate the program and which can be corrected by human intervention. The program continues although certain functions or services might remain unavailable. Examples include performance degradation that results in a loss of function, such as a timeout, or a specific request or action that cannot be completed, such as trying to add an object to a directory system when the object already exists. Messages of this severity have an operator code of A or E.

svc_s_sev_user

Indicates that a usage error on a public API has occurred, such as a syntax error. Messages of this severity have an operator code of A or E.

svc_c_sev_warning

Indicates one of the following conditions; messages of this severity have an operator code of E or I.

- An error occurred that was automatically corrected by the program or system. An example of an error corrected by a program is when a configuration file is not found during configuration and a message is issued warning the user that certain internal defaults were used.
- A condition has been detected which may be an error depending on whether the effects of the condition are acceptable. For example, a directory is deleted and a warning message is issued that all files contained in the directory will also be deleted.
- A condition exists that, if left uncorrected, will eventually result in an error.

svc c sev notice

Indicates major events, such as the start of a server, completion of server initialization, or an offline server. Messages of this severity have an operator code of E or I.

svc_sev_notice_verbose

Indicates events of special interest, such as statistical information, key data values, use of default settings, and version information. However, it does not indicate program flow or normal events. Messages of this severity have an operator code of I.

Setting slip traps to obtain diagnosis data

When you receive a zFS reason code and need additional diagnosis information, IBM Support Center might ask you set a slip trap to collect a dump when you recreate the problem.

As a general example, you can perform the following steps to obtain a dump on a specific zFS reason code:

1. Enter the following command to determine the ASID for the zFS Physical File System:

```
D A,ZFS
```

- 2. Look for the ASID of the ZFS address space in A=nnnn.
- 3. Use the following SLIP command to produce a dump when a specific reason code is issued:

```
SLIP SET, IF, A=SYNCSVCD, RANGE=(10?+8C?+F0?+1F4?),
ASIDLST=(nnnn), DATA=(13R??+1b0, EQ, xxxxxxxxx), DSPNAME=('OMVS'.*),
SDATA=(ALLNUC, PSA, CSA, LPA, TRT, SQA, RGN, SUM), j=jobname, END
```

nnnn

The zFS ASID

XXXXXXX

The 4-byte zFS reason code to trap (for example, EF17624E)

jobname

The optional job name that is expected to issue the error (for example, j=IBMUSER).

Chapter 2. IOEZnnnnnt: zFS messages

The following messages may result from zFS processing.

IOEZ00001E

zFS I/O error error occurred for aggregate aggregate.

Explanation:

A physical I/O error occurred on aggregate *aggregate*. Additional messages are provided that give more information about the error. If the error occurred with file system metadata, the aggregate may be disabled for writing.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Determine if there is a real hardware error. If there is, then take steps to correct the problem. Otherwise, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00002E

MMRE error id=id cis=count if=inflags of=outflags buf=buffer CI=ci.

Explanation:

This message documents additional information about a physical I/O error that occurred on a zFS aggregate. This information is intended for IBM service personnel, and is used to provide more information about the details of the I/O error.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Determine if there is a real hardware error. If there is, then take steps to correct the problem. Otherwise, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00003E

While opening minor device *minor_number*, could not open dataset dataset_name.

Explanation:

The device driver cannot open a zFS aggregate.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Verify that the named data set exists and is accessible.

IOEZ00004I

Formatting to control_interval_size control interval control_interval_number for primary extent of aggregate_name.

Explanation

The zFS device driver encountered an unformatted aggregate and is loading it.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

Name of aggregate.

control_interval_size

The control interval size.

control interval number

Number of control intervals.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00005I

Primary extent loaded successfully for dataset name.

Explanation:

The device driver has finished loading the primary extent of the named aggregate.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00006E

Error ErrorCode occurred while loading dataset 'dataset name'.

Explanation:

An error occurred while the device driver was loading the named linear data set.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Verify that the data set exists and that the application can write to it.

IOEZ00007A

zFS kernel unable to set up to receive Operator commands.

Explanation:

The program was not able to setup to receive MODIFY commands from the operator.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00008E

ProgName: Unable to open debug parameter dataset 'ParmFile'.

Explanation:

The *ProgName* program was not able to open the zFS debug parameter data set. The default values will be used for zFS debugging parameters.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Ensure that the *ParmFile* data set exists and that the *ProgName* program has read data set authority to it. If the problem continues, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00009I

ProgName: Using default values for zFS debug parameters.

Explanation:

The *ProgName* program is using default values for zFS debug parameters.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00010A

ProgName: Incorrect parameter record 'BadRecord' is ignored.

Explanation:

The ProgName program found an incorrect record in the zFS debug parameters data set.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response:

Correct the record and start *ProgName* again.

IOEZ00011A

ProgName: Operand must be numeric (BadArg).

Explanation

The *ProgName* program found a non-numeric value specified for a numeric operand.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response:

Specify a numeric value and start ProgName again.

IOEZ00012A

ProgName: BadArg exceeds maximum value MaxValue.

Explanation:

The *ProgName* program found a numeric operand that was too large.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response:

Ensure that the operand BadArg is not larger than the MaxValue and restart ProgName.

IOEZ00013A

ProgName: Operand must be string (BadArg).

Explanation:

The *ProgName* program found a missing string operand.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response:

Ensure that the BadArg operand is specified and restart ProgName.

IOEZ00014A

ProgName: BadArg exceeds max string length Maxlen.

Explanation:

The ProgName program found a string operand that is too long.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response:

Ensure that the BadArg operand string is not greater than Maxlen and restart ProgName.

IOEZ00015A

ProgName: Partition start list 'BadArg' not delimited by parentheses.

Explanation:

The ProgName program found a syntax error in operand BadArg in the zFS debug parameter data set.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response:

Ensure that the BadArg operand string is delimited by parentheses and restart ProgName.

IOEZ00016I

ProgName: Modify complete for Parameter Value.

Explanation:

The *ProgName* program has successfully set the value of the program parameter *Parameter* to *Value*.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00017A

ProgName: Incorrect parameter debug record *BadRecord* in dataset dataset_name.

Explanation:

The ProgName program found a syntax error in ioedebug record BadRecord.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response:

Correct the error in the ioedebug record and restart *ProgName*.

IOEZ00018A

ProgName: Incorrect parameter BadParameter.

Explanation:

The ProgName program found an incorrect parameter BadParameter in the zFS debug parameters data set.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response:

Specify a valid parameter and restart *ProgName*.

IOEZ00019E

ProgName: Parameter Parameter is not valid for modify command CommandName.

Explanation:

The specified parameter Parameter is not valid for the CommandName command.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Additional information about the syntax of the *CommandName* command is found in the z/OS *File System Administration*.

IOEZ00020I

progname: prodname featurename Version ver.rel.mod Service Level slv. Created on date.

Explanation:

This message is issued when the level of zFS is queried using the QUERY command. The system returns the product name, feature name, version, release, modlevel, service level and creation date of the zFS program.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00023E

ProgName: modify command is not valid - Parm.

Explanation:

The syntax of the MODIFY command is not correct.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Additional information about the syntax of the Parm command is found in the z/OS File System Administration.

IOEZ00024E

ProgName: MODIFY command - Parm failed.

Explanation:

The MODIFY command Parm failed.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Additional information about the syntax of the *Parm* command is found in <u>z/OS File System Administration</u>. Verify that the command was entered with valid parameters. Also, ensure that the command was issued in an environment where it is supported. If the problem continues, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00025I

ProgName: MODIFY command - Parm completed successfully.

Explanation:

The MODIFY command Parm was successful.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00032I

ProgramName: in-memory trace table has been reset.

Explanation:

The in-memory trace table has been reset by the RESET MODIFY command.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00033E

ProgramName: could not open trace output dataset.

Explanation:

The in-memory trace table could not be printed because the output trace data set could not be opened.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Ensure that the trace_dsn parameter specifies a valid data set name that can be opened for output.

IOEZ00034I

ProgramName: printing contents of trace to dataset < DatasetName >.

Explanation:

The in-memory trace table is being written to data set *DatasetName*.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00035I

No trace table to print.

Explanation:

There was no in-memory trace table found to be printed.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00036I

Printing contents of table at address Address name: Name.

Explanation:

The contents of in-memory trace table name *Name* is being printed.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00037I

Trace table is already being printed.

Explanation:

The contents of in-memory trace table is already being printed.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00038E

Incorrect record length Reclen found while printing trace table.

Explanation:

A record was found to have an incorrect length while printing the trace table.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00039E

Mismatched record length *SReclen*, *EReclen* found while printing trace table.

Explanation:

A record was found to have a starting record length that did not match the ending record length in the trace table.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00040E

An incorrect record at offset offset was found while printing trace table.

Explanation

An incorrect record was found when printing the in-memory trace table.

In the message text:

offset

The offset to the incorrect record in the trace table.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00041I

No start record, trace wrapped, total records *Records*, *Bytes* bytes to format.

Explanation:

An in-memory trace table wrapped. The whole table is being printed. Important data may be lost.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00042I

Start record found, total records Records, Bytes bytes to format.

Explanation:

An in-memory trace is being printed. The trace table has not wrapped since the last printing or program start.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00043I

ProgramName: print of in-memory trace table has completed.

Explanation:

An in-memory trace table print has completed.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00044I

Aggregate Name attached successfully.

Explanation:

Aggregate Name was successfully attached by zFS.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00045I

Could not attach aggregate Name because its already attached.

Explanation:

Aggregate Name could not be attached because it is already attached.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

IOEZ00046E

Error ErrorCode received while attaching aggregate Name.

Explanation:

Aggregate *Name* could not be attached. See <u>Return codes (errnos)</u> in <u>z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes</u> for a description of the return code.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Ensure that the aggregate is accessible to zFS in the desired attach mode (read-only or read-write). Also, ensure that you are not mounting or attaching an aggregate read-write when it is already mounted or attached read-write on another (non-sysplex coordinated) system. If the problem continues, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00048I

Detaching aggregate Name.

Explanation:

Aggregate Name is being detached.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00050I

ProgramName: Stop command received.

Explanation:

The zFS kernel has received an operator stop request. All aggregates will be detached and the zFS kernel will terminate.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00051I

An error occurred in program IOEFSKN.

Explanation:

This message is issued when an internal error has occurred in program IOEFSKN. The zFS kernel (IOEFSKN) is being internally restarted. zFS is attempting to recover from the internal error. Some programs may see I/O errors.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00052I

progname: Initializing prodname featurename Version ver.rel.mod Service Level slv. Created on date.

Explanation:

This message is issued when the named zFS program starts. It identifies the product name, feature name, version, release, modlevel, service level and creation date of the zFS program.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00053E

Error setting up termination thread, code = *ErrorCode***.**

Explanation:

An error was encountered attempting to define the routine used to handle the **stop** command from the operator or z/OS UNIX kernel. The result is that a modify omvs,stoppfs=zfs command will not function properly. See Return codes (errnos) in z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes for a description of the return code.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00054E

Error starting console thread, code = ErrorCode.

Explanation:

An error was encountered attempting to start a thread to accept operator MODIFYcommand. **F zFS** commands will be disabled as a result. See Return codes (errnos) in <u>z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes</u> for a description of the return code.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00055I zFS kernel: initialization complete.

Explanation:

The zFS kernel has completed initialization. File systems can now be mounted.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00057I

zFS kernel program IOEFSKN is ending.

Explanation:

IOEFSKN is terminating. It will be restarted by the zFS control program IOEFSCM. Some programs may see I/O errors.

System action:

The program (IOEFSCM) continues

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00062A

zFS kernel: could not create admin thread, code ErrorCode.

Explanation:

A zFS kernel could not create a thread to process administration commands. See Return codes (errnos) in z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes for a description of the return code.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response:

Determine if enough storage is specified for the zFS kernel. If increasing storage does not help the problem, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00064I

General Registers RRegNumber: Reg1 Reg2 Reg3 Reg4.

Explanation:

A zFS kernel was driven for recovery for a z/OS UNIX process. This message shows the registers at time of error.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

This message will be followed by additional messages indicating more about the problem. Recovery may not be a problem.

IOEZ00068E

zFS file system *Name* exceeds *Threshold*% full (*blocks1/blocks2*) (WARNING).

Explanation:

A zFS file system used space has exceeded the administrator defined threshold specified on the fsfull option. The numbers in parentheses are the number of 1K blocks used in the file system and the number of 1K blocks in the total file system, respectively.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

If appropriate, increase the file system quota.

IOEZ00069I

zFS file system Name is now below Threshold% full (blocks1/blocks2).

Explanation:

A zFS file system used space has fallen below the administrator defined threshold specified on the fsfull option. The numbers in parentheses are the number of 1K blocks used in the aggregate and the number of 1K blocks in the total aggregate, respectively.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00070E

Incorrect value Perms for permissions.

Explanation:

An incorrect value *Perms* for the -perms field of the **ioeagfmt** command was specified. Either the permissions specified are not valid or you do not have UID=0 (nor READ authority to the SUPERUSER.FILESYS.PFSCTL profile in the UNIXPRIV class) and you are attempting to specify a value for permissions that is not the default.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the value and re-execute the **ioeagfmt** command. Note that the value for -perms cannot be greater than the hexadecimal value xFFF.

IOEZ00077I

HFS-compatibility aggregate aggregate_name has been successfully created.

Explanation:

An HFS-compatibility aggregate was successfully created by the **ioeagfmt** program.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00078E

zFS aggregate *Name* exceeds *Threshold*% full (*blocks1/blocks2*) (WARNING).

Explanation:

A zFS aggregate has exceeded the space utilization threshold that is specified on the aggrfull (or fsfull) option. The numbers in parentheses are the number of 8 K blocks used in the aggregate and the number of 8 K blocks in the total aggregate, respectively.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

If appropriate, increase the aggregate size.

IOEZ00079I

zFS aggregate Name is now below Threshold% full (blocks1/blocks2).

Explanation:

A zFS aggregate has now below the space utilization threshold specified on the aggrfull (or fsfull) option. The numbers in parentheses are the number of 8 K blocks used in the aggregate and the number of 8 K blocks in the total aggregate, respectively.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00080A

Signal signal received, dump in progress.

Explanation:

A zFS program is abending, and a dump is in progress.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00081A

zFS: PSW from Machine State: psw1 psw2 Abend Code from CIB: abend Reason Code from CIB: reason Load Module Name: module.

Explanation:

Abend information at time of dump. See z/OS MVS System Codes for additional information about abend codes.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00082A

Immediate end of processing requested: message_string.

Explanation:

The zFS program is stopping due to an unrecoverable error.

System action:

The program ends abnormally.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00083A

Assertion Failed: Assertion Line: Line No File: File Name.

Explanation:

An internal error has occurred in the zFS kernel. A dump will be taken.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00084E

Syntax error string *String* on line(s) *StartLine:EndLine* in configuration dataset *FileName*.

Explanation

A syntax error was found while parsing the zFS parameter data set. The line in error is shown as an aid to the administrator.

In the message text:

String

The text in error.

StartLine

The starting line number of the statement in error.

EndLine

The ending line number of the statement in error.

FileName

The configuration filename.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the line in error and try the operation again.

IOEZ00085E

Error ErrorCode received opening configuration dataset Dsname.

Explanation:

An error was received while attempting to open the configuration data set. The error code from the DFSMS OPEN macro instruction. See <u>z/OS DFSMS Macro Instructions for Data Sets</u> for additional information about OPEN return codes.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Ensure that the zFS parameter data set is accessible to the program and try the operation again.

IOEZ00087I

The parameter, Parameter1, requires String non-null argument value.

Explanation:

The parameter requires one or more values, but none were specified.

System action:

The program ends.

User response:

Enter the command specifying a value for *Parameter1*.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

IOEZ00088I

The argument, *Argument*, does not represent a valid value for the parameter *Parameter*.

Explanation:

The value specified for the parameter was not valid.

System action:

The program ends.

User response:

Enter the command with a valid value for the parameter.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

IOEZ00092E

The user is not authorized to run this command.

Explanation:

Some commands require either a UID of 0 or READ access to the SUPERUSER.FILESYS.PFSCTL profile in the z/OS UNIXPRIV class. Some commands require UPDATE access to the data set profile. To find the privilege required for zFS commands, see z/OS File System Administration.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

IOEZ00093E

Incorrect value Owner for owner.

Explanation:

An incorrect value *Owner* for the -owner field of the **zfsadm format**, **ioefsutl format**, or **ioeagfmt** command was specified. Either the owner specified does not exist or you do not have UID=0 (nor READ authority to the SUPERUSER.FILESYS.PFSCTL profile in the UNIXPRIV class) and you are attempting to specify a value for an owner that is not the default.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the value and re-execute the zfsadm format, ioefsutl format, or ioeagfmt command.

IOEZ00094E

Incorrect value Group for group.

Explanation:

An incorrect value *Group* for the -group field of the **zfsadm format**, **ioefsut1 format**, or **ioeagfmt** command was specified. Either the owner specified does not exist or you do not have UID=0 (nor READ authority to the SUPERUSER.FILESYS.PFSCTL profile in the UNIXPRIV class) and you are attempting to specify a value for an owner that is not the default.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the value and re-execute the zfsadm format, ioefsutl format, or ioeagfmt command.

IOEZ00095E

Incorrect value Perms for permissions.

Explanation:

An incorrect value *Perms* for the -perms field of the **zfsadm format**, **ioefsutl format**, or **ioeagfmt** command was specified.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the value and re-execute the **zfsadm format**, **ioefsutl format**, or **ioeagfmt** command. Note that the value for -perms cannot be greater than the hexadecimal value xFFF.

IOEZ00096E

Incorrect value Size for size.

Explanation:

An incorrect value Size for the -size field of the **zfsadm** command was specified.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the value and re-execute the **zfsadm** command.

IOEZ00100E

File system Name was not found.

Explanation

A zfsadm command was executed for a file system that was not found to be attached to the zFS kernel.

System action

The request fails.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Retry the operation with a valid file system name.

IOEZ00105I

File system Name deleted successfully.

Explanation

A file system was successfully deleted.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00106I

A total of Count aggregates are attached.

Explanation:

This message shows the total number of aggregates attached.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00109E

Could not retrieve parameter dataset name from zFS kernel.

Explanation:

A **zfsadm** command could not communicate with the zFS kernel to retrieve the parameter data set name. One possible reason is the zFS kernel is not started.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Ensure that the zFS kernel is started before running the **zfsadm** command.

IOEZ00110E

Could not read the zFS parameter dataset.

Explanation:

A zfsadm command could not read the specified zFS debug parameters data set.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Ensure that the debug parameters data set is accessible to the **zfsadm** command.

IOEZ00112E

Must specify at least -all or -aggregate options.

Explanation:

A **zfsadm** command did not specify a required parameter.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Retry the command specifying valid options.

IOEZ00117I

Aggregate Name attached successfully.

Explanation:

An aggregate was attached successfully.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00118I

Aggregate Name is already attached.

Explanation:

An aggregate could not be attached because it is already attached.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00119E

Aggregate *Name* could not be attached, error code=*ErrorCode* reason code=*ReasonCode*.

Explanation:

An aggregate could not be attached. The error code is shown with messages that will further explain the error. See Return codes (errnos) in z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes for a description of the error code. See Appendix A, "Reason codes," on page 231 for a description of the reason code.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Use the error code and reason code to determine the cause of the error. Retry the command. If the problem continues, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00120E

Syntax error with aggregate full parameter - Parameter.

Explanation:

An aggregate could not be attached because the aggrfull processing option is improperly specified.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the aggregate full parameter and retry the command.

IOEZ00122I

Aggregate Name detached successfully.

Explanation:

An aggregate was successfully detached by the **zfsadm** command.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00123I

Could not detach aggregate Name because it was not attached.

Explanation:

An aggregate could not be detached because the zFS kernel did not have it attached when the command was executed.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00124E

Error detaching aggregate *Name*, error code=*ErrorCode* reason code=*ReasonCode*.

Explanation:

An aggregate could not be detached due to an unexpected error. Possibly the aggregate was busy with another command, or file systems in the aggregate are mounted. See Return codes (errnos) in z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes for a description of the error code. See Appendix A, "Reason codes," on page 231 for a description of the reason code.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

If there are no file systems on the aggregate that are mounted, and there are no other commands running against the aggregate, and the problem continues, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00127I

No file systems found for aggregate Name.

Explanation:

A **zfsadm 1sfs** command was issued to query file system information. No file systems were found in the aggregate.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00129I

Total of Total file systems found for aggregate Name.

Explanation:

A **zfsadm** command was issued to list file system information.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00131E

File system name *filesys_name* too long; must be less than *bad_number* chars.

Explanation:

The specified file system name length is too long.

System action:

The request fails.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the file system name length to be fewer than the maximum number of characters listed in the error message.

IOEZ00132E

Incorrect file system name filesys_name; should not be a number.

Explanation:

The specified file system must be a name, not a number.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the file system to be a character name. Then try the request again.

IOEZ00133E

program_name: Number (bad_number) is too large. Specify a smaller number.

Explanation:

The specified number is too large.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Specify a smaller number. Then try the request again.

IOEZ00134E

Incorrect file system name filesys_name; cannot end in .bak.

Explanation:

Specify a file system name that does not end in .bak.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the file system name. Then try the request again.

IOEZ00135E

Aggregate Name was not found.

Explanation:

A zfsadm command was executed for an aggregate that was not found to be attached to the zFS kernel.

System action:

The request fails.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Retry the operation with a valid aggregate name.

IOEZ00136E

File system filesys_id_hi,,filesys_id_low is busy: error_text.

Explanation:

The file system is busy and cannot be accessed.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the error listed in the error text. Then try the request again. If the problem continues, contact the service representative.

IOEZ00138E

Open error on file(dsname), errno(errno).

Explanation:

An error occurred opening the messages data set pointed to by msg_input_dsn in the configuration data set.

System action:

The program continues. Messages will be from in core message table.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Check that the msg_input_dsn variable in the configuration data set and verify that the messages data set exists.

IOEZ00139E

read error on file(dsname), errno(errno).

Explanation:

An error occurred reading the messages data set pointed to by msg_input_dsn in the configuration data set.

System action:

The program continues. Messages will be from the core message table.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Check the msg_input_dsn variable in the configuration data set and verify that the messages data set is valid.

IOEZ00140I

Using default message table which is in English.

Explanation:

An error occurred opening or reading the messages data set pointed to by msg_input_dsn in the configuration data set. Verify that the message data set name is valid, exists, and is not damaged.

System action:

The program continues. Messages will be from in core message table.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

Check the msg_input_dsn variable in the configuration data set and verify that the messages data set is valid.

IOEZ00141E

Insufficent storage available.

Explanation:

An error occurred attempting to allocate storage.

System action:

The program continues. Messaging may not occur.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Check that the task was started with sufficient storage.

IOEZ00142E

Message control block is NULL, Cannot print message ID(xmsgid).

Explanation:

The messaging support main control block is corrupted. The message number that was being displayed is reported.

System action:

The program continues. Messaging may not occur.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Task may need to be restarted to correct the messaging control block.

IOEZ00143E

Unable to retrieve message text for message ID(xmsgid).

Explanation:

An error occurred while trying to retrieve message text for the displayed message ID. The message number that was being displayed is reported.

System action:

The program continues. Messaging may not occur.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Task may need to be restarted to correct the messaging control block.

IOEZ00144E

Unknown message.

Explanation:

An error occurred while trying to retrieve message text for the displayed message id. This message id is unknown to the task.

System action:

The program continues. Messaging may not occur.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Task may need to be restarted to correct the messaging control block.

IOEZ00157E

Open of message output dataset (dsname) failed.

Explanation:

An error occurred while trying to open the message output data set defined by msg_output_dsn.

System action

The program continues. Messaging may not occur to that data set.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the msg_output_dsn parameter and be sure it points to a data set that either exists, or zFS has write access to it.

IOEZ00158E

Write to message output dataset (dsname) failed.

Explanation:

An error occurred while trying to write to the message output data set defined by msg_output_dsn.

System action:

The program continues. Messaging may not occur to that data set.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the msg_output_dsn parameter and be sure it points to a data set that either exists, or zFS has write access to it.

IOEZ00159E

No output dataset defined by output_message_dataset.

Explanation:

An error occurred while trying to open the message output data set. Parameter msg_output_dsn is either omitted or incorrect.

System action:

The program continues. Messaging may not occur to an output data set.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the msg_output_dsn parameter and be sure it points to a data set that either exists, or zFS has write access to it.

IOEZ00163I

Aggregate Name successfully quiesced.

Explanation:

An aggregate was successfully quiesced by the **zfsadm** command.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00164I

Could not quiesce aggregate Name because it was not attached.

Explanation:

An aggregate could not be quiesced because the zFS kernel did not have it attached when the command was executed.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00165E

Error *ErrorCode* reason code *ReasonCode* received quiescing aggregate *Name*.

Explanation:

An aggregate could not be quiesced due to an unexpected error, or possibly the aggregate was busy with another command or operation. See the section on return codes in *z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes* for a description of the error code. See Appendix A, "Reason codes," on page 231 for a description of the reason code.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

If there are no other commands or operations running against the aggregate, and the problem continues, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00166I

Aggregate Name successfully unquiesced.

Explanation:

An aggregate was successfully unquiesced by the **zfsadm** command.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00167I

Could not unquiesce aggregate Name because it was not attached.

Explanation:

An aggregate could not be unquiesced because the zFS kernel did not have it attached when the command was executed.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00168E

Error ErrorCode reason code ReasonCode received unquiescing aggregate Name.

Explanation:

An aggregate could not be quiesced due to an unexpected error, or possibly the aggregate was busy with another command or operation. See <u>Return codes (errnos)</u> in <u>z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes</u> for a description of the error code. See Appendix A, "Reason codes," on page 231 for a description of the reason code.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

If there are no other commands or operations running against the aggregate, and the problem continues, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00170E

Open of file system FilesystemName failed with rc ReturnCode.

Explanation:

In order to quiesce file system *FilesystemName*, it needs to be opened. This operation failed with a return code of *ReturnCode*. Therefore, the aggregate is not quiesced. See <u>Return codes (errnos)</u> in <u>z/OS UNIX System Services</u> <u>Messages and Codes</u> for a description of the return code.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Use the return code to determine why the open failed. Then, correct the problem and reissue the quiesce command.

IOEZ00171I

Close of file system FilesystemName failed with rc ReturnCode.

Explanation:

In order to unquiesce file system *FilesystemName*, it needs to be closed. This operation failed with a return code of *ReturnCode*. The unquiescing of the aggregate will continue until all file systems have been attempted to be closed. See <u>Return codes</u> (errnos) in *z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes* for a description of the return code.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Use the return code to determine why the close failed, and correct any problem that may render the file system unusable.

IOEZ00173I

Aggregate Name successfully grown.

Explanation:

An aggregate was successfully increased in size by the zfsadm command.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

IOEZ00175E

Error growing aggregate *Name*, error code=*ErrorCode* reason code=*ReasonCode*.

Explanation:

An aggregate could not be increased in size due to an unexpected error, or possibly the aggregate was busy with another command or operation. You may have specified a new size smaller then the current size, a new size of 0 with a zero secondary allocation on the data set, or there may not be sufficient space on the volumes. See Return codes (errnos) in *z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes* for a description of the error code. See Appendix A, "Reason codes," on page 231 for a description of the reason code.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the size specification and ensure that there is space on the volume. If there are no other commands or operations running against the aggregate, and the problem continues, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00178I

The configuration data set Filename could not be opened..

Explanation

Since zFS could not open the configuration data set, it will continue without one and will use defaults for all configuration options.

In the message text:

Filename

The name of the configuration data set.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Look for related error messages in the system log to determine why the open failed. Ensure that the zFS configuration data set is accessible to the program and retry the operation.

IOEZ00179I

There is no configuration dataset. Default configuration values will be used.

Explanation:

This message notifies the user that default configuration values will be used.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00181E

Could not open trace output dataset.

Explanation:

A zFS program could not print the in-memory trace table.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

Administrator Response:

Ensure that the data set that should contain the trace exists, is writable, and is not allocated to another job or user.

IOEZ00182E

Could not write to trace output dataset.

Explanation

A zFS program could not print the in-memory trace table.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Ensure that the data set that should contain the trace exists, is writable, and is not allocated to another job or user.

IOEZ00183E

File system FileSystem is busy.

Explanation:

A **zfsadm** command was issued against a file system that is currently the target of another **zfsadm** operation, or the file system is mounted and the **zfsadm** command is not valid for a mounted file system.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

The administrator can determine if the file system is mounted by issuing the **zfsadm lsfs** command or the **df** command. If the file system is busy due to another **zfsadm** command, then retry this command when the previous command completes.

IOEZ00184E

Duplicate file system *FileSystem* found on aggregate *AggrName*, already attached on aggregate *PrevAggrName*.

Explanation:

An aggregate was being attached and zFS detected that the aggregate has a file system defined that matches the name of a file system on another previously attached aggregate. The file system reported as a duplicate is not attached and is unavailable for processing. The original file system on the previously attached aggregate is available for processing.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

The administrator can correct the situation by renaming the file system on the aggregate that is currently attached, and then by re-attaching the aggregate that had the duplicate name.

IOEZ00185E

DASD volser Volser is offline, aggregate AggrName cannot be attached.

Explanation:

An aggregate was being attached and zFS detected that the aggregate is on a DASD volume that is offline.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

To improve performance and availability, ensure that the specified DASD volume is online and issue a remount to read-only and then remount back to read/write. Issue the remounts during a period of low activity to try to avoid disruption of the remount to read-only. You can also choose to do nothing and continue to run with z/OS UNIX function shipping from this system.

IOEZ00186E

Error ErrorCode reason ReasonCode encountered obtaining status on volser Volser for aggregate AggrName, macro MacroName.

Explanation:

An aggregate was being attached and zFS could not obtain information via the *MacroName* macro on the DASD volser shown in the message. See Return codes (errnos) in *z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes* for a description of the error code. See Appendix A, "Reason codes," on page 231 for a description of the reason code.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Check the z/OS documentation on the *MacroName* macro to determine the source of the error. If the problem continues, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00187I

Access Registers AR RegNumber Reg1 Reg2 Reg3 Reg4.

Explanation:

A zFS kernel was driven for recovery for a z/OS UNIX process. This message shows the access registers at time of error.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

This message will be followed by additional messages indicating more about the problem, oftentimes recovery is not a problem.

IOEZ00188A

zFS kernel out of storage, total of *TotalBytesM* bytes used, size attempted was *Size*, class *class*, type *type*.

Explanation:

The zFS kernel ran out of storage when attempting to obtain *Size* bytes. *TotalBytes* is the number of megabytes that has been obtained by the zFS kernel. *Class* and *Type* is information for the IBM service personnel.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response:

Try restarting zFS with smaller cache sizes. This message is followed by output showing the zFS kernel storage map. If the problem continues, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00190E

File system FileSystem is mounted, operation cannot be performed.

Explanation:

A **zfsadm** command determined that the file system was mounted. The file system cannot be deleted when it is still mounted.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Unmount the file system before deleting it.

IOEZ00191E

Error deleting file system *FileSystem*, error code *ErrorCode* reason code *ReasonCode*.

Explanation:

An unexpected error occurred while attempting to delete the file system. See Return codes (errnos) in z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes for a description of the error code. See Appendix A, "Reason codes," on page 231 for a description of the reason code.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00199E

Aggregate Name cannot be detached because it is quiesced.

Explanation:

An aggregate could not be detached because it is quiesced.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

If there are operations in progress against the aggregate such as a grow or a backup of the aggregate, then this message is expected. Retry the detach after the grow or backup is complete. Additionally, the **zfsadm unquiesce** command will unquiesce the aggregate and allow it to be detached.

IOEZ00200E

Error ErrorCode occurred while closing dataset 'dataset_name'.

Explanation:

An error occurred while the device driver was closing the named linear data set. See Return codes (errnos) in z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes for a description of the return code.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Verify that data set exists and the application can write to it.

IOEZ00201E

Aggregate *Name* cannot be detached because it contains a file system which is mounted.

Explanation:

An aggregate could not be detached because it contains a mounted file system.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Unmount any file systems and retry the command. The **zfsadm lsfs** command can be used to determine which file systems are mounted.

IOEZ00202E

Aggregate Name cannot be grown because it is attached read-only.

Explanation:

An aggregate could not be grown because it is attached in read-only mode.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Detach the aggregate and re-attach the aggregate in read-write mode and re-run the command.

IOEZ00207E

Aggregate Aggrname was not found.

Explanation:

An attempt was made to attach or format an aggregate, but no VSAM linear data set could be found with the given name.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Reissue the command specifying a valid zFS aggregate name.

IOEZ00208E

The aggregate name *Aggrname* is too long. The maximum length for an aggregate name is *length*.

Explanation:

The aggregate name specified is too long. Aggregate names cannot exceed the maximum length specified.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Reissue the command specifying a valid zFS aggregate name.

IOEZ00209E

Error *ErrorCode* (reason *ReasonCode*) occurred while attempting to get a list of all attached aggregates.

Explanation:

An error occurred while retrieving an aggregate list. See Return codes (errnos) in z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes for a description of the error code. See Appendix A, "Reason codes," on page 231 for a description of the reason code.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Try to resolve the error and reissue the command.

IOEZ00210E

Error *ErrorCode* (reason *ReasonCode*) occurred while attempting to get status for aggregate *Aggrname*.

Explanation:

An error occurred while getting status for the specified aggregate. See Return codes (errnos) in *z/OS UNIX*System Services Messages and Codes for a description of the error code. See Appendix A, "Reason codes," on page 231 for a description of the reason code.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Try to resolve the error and reissue the command.

IOEZ00211E

Unable to allocate ByteCount bytes of storage for a file system list.

Explanation:

zFS was unable to allocate working storage for a file system list.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Enter the command again specifying a larger virtual storage size.

IOEZ00212E

Error ErrorCode (reason ReasonCode) occurred while attempting to get a list of file systems for the aggregate Aggrname.

Explanation:

An error occurred while retrieving a file system list. See Return codes (errnos) in z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes for a description of the error code. See Appendix A, "Reason codes," on page 231 for a description of the reason code.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Try to resolve the error and reissue the command.

IOEZ00213E

Error ErrorCode (reason ReasonCode) occurred while attempting to get status for file system Filesystem in aggregate Aggrname.

Explanation:

An error occurred while getting status for the specified file system. See Return codes (errnos) in z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes for a description of the error code. See Appendix A, "Reason codes," on page 231 for a description of the reason code.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Try to resolve the error and reissue the command.

IOEZ00214E

The file system name *Filesystem* is too long. The maximum length for a file system name is *length*.

Explanation:

The file system name specified is too long. File system names cannot exceed the maximum length specified.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Reissue the command specifying a valid zFS file system name.

IOEZ00229I

ProgramName Commands are:.

Explanation:

When the **help** subcommand or **-help** parameter is the only argument supplied for a command, a list of the valid subcommands is returned.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00230I

ProgramName Unknown topic 'SubCommand'.

Explanation:

The **-help** parameter is not a valid subcommand for this command.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

Enter the command again specifying a valid subcommand name.

IOEZ00231I

ProgramName Ambiguous topic 'SubCommand'; use 'apropos' to list.

Explanation:

The -help parameter is ambiguous for *SubCommand* because more than one subcommand or topic can match the string. Use apropos to list them.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

Enter the command again using an appropriate topic that is not abbreviated.

IOEZ00232I

ProgramName: Type 'ProgramName -help' for help.

Explanation:

The ProgramName command was entered without an argument; at least one is required.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

Enter the command again with one or more arguments.

IOEZ00233I

ProgramName: Type 'ProgramName help' or 'ProgramName help -topic <command_name...>' for help.

Explanation:

The ProgramName command suite was entered without the required command name.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

Enter the command suite again specifying an appropriate command name.

IOEZ00234I

UnkownAmbig operation 'SubCommand'; type 'ProgramName help' for list.

Explanation:

The subcommand *SubCommand* is either ambiguous or not valid. Commands cannot be abbreviated because multiple subcommands might match the abbreviation. Type *ProgramName* help for a list of valid subcommands.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

Enter the *ProgramName* command again specifying a valid, unabbreviated subcommand.

IOEZ00235I

UnkownAmbig operation 'SubCommand'; type 'ProgramName help' for list.

Explanation:

The subcommand *SubCommand* is either ambiguous or not valid. Commands cannot be abbreviated because multiple subcommands might match the abbreviation. Type *ProgramName* help for a list of valid subcommands.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

Enter the ProgramName command again specifying a valid, unabbreviated subcommand.

IOEZ00236I

'ProgramName -help'.

Explanation:

The command was entered with a parameter that was ambiguous or not valid.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

Enter the command again using a valid parameter.

IOEZ00237I

'ProgramName SubCommand -help'.

Explanation:

The parameter entered for the subcommand was ambiguous or not valid.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

Enter the subcommand with a valid parameter.

IOEZ00238I

ProgramName Too many arguments.

Explanation:

Too many arguments were entered for the *ProgramName* command.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Enter the command again specifying fewer arguments.

IOEZ00239E

ProgramName Too many values after parameter Parameter.

Explanation:

Too many values were entered for parameter *Parameter*. *Parameter* is a single-valued parameter and more than one value was provided on the command line.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Enter the command with only one value for the Parameter parameter.

IOEZ00240E

ProgramName Missing required parameter 'Parameter'.

Explanation:

A required parameter for this command was not entered.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Enter the command specifying a value for the required parameter.

IOEZ00241I

ProgramNameAmbigUnk switch 'Switch'; type the following for detailed help.

Explanation:

The switch name entered was either ambiguous, abbreviated, or an incorrect switch.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

Enter the command with a valid, unabbreviated switch name.

IOEZ00242I

The parameters "Parameter1" and "Parameter2" cannot be used together.

Explanation:

The parameters *Parameter1* and *Parameter2* are mutually exclusive, both cannot be specified on same command line.

System action:

The request fails.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

Enter the command with either Parameter1 or Parameter2, but not both.

IOEZ00243I

Usage: ProgramNameSubCommand.

Explanation:

This message displays the command syntax when the -help parameter is entered.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00244E

StringType String is longer than the maximum length of MaxLength.

Explanation:

The specified string is too long.

System action:

The request fails.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the string in error and try the operation again.

IOEZ00245E

More than *MaxValues* values are specified for parameter *Parm*. At most *MaxValues* values are allowed.

Explanation:

There are too many values specified.

System action:

The request fails.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Reduce the number of values and retry.

IOEZ00246E

The value *Value* of the *Parm* parameter is not numeric or is greater than 4294967295.

Explanation:

The specified value is not numeric or is too large. A numeric value less than 4294967295 is required.

System action:

The request fails.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the value in error and retry.

IOEZ00247E

The *ParmList* parameters are mutually exclusive. Both *Parm1* and *Parm2* have been specified. Only one may be specified.

Explanation:

More than one mutually exclusive parameter has been specified.

System action:

The request fails.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Ensure only one of the parameters is specified and retry.

IOEZ00248I

VSAM linear dataset Dataset successfully created.

Explanation:

The data set was successfully created.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00249E

There were problems creating VSAM linear dataset *Dataset*. Code = *ErrorCode*, reason = *ReasonCode*. More messages may follow.

Explanation:

The named data set could not be created. See Return codes (errnos) in *z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes* for a description of the error code. See Appendix A, "Reason codes," on page 231 for a description of the reason code.

System action:

The request fails.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct any problems and retry.

IOEZ00250E

The primary space specification *Primary* is invalid. A number greater then 0 is required.

Explanation:

The primary space specification is not valid.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Specify a valid primary space.

IOEZ00251E

Insufficient memory to call IDCAMS.

Explanation:

The memory required to build the parameter list for IDCAMS could not be obtained. This memory must reside below the 16M line.

System action:

The request fails.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Ensure that sufficient memory is available, then try the request again.

IOEZ00252E

Aggregate name 'aggrname' contains invalid characters. Operation terminated.

The aggregate name contains characters which are not allowed. Operation terminated.

System action:

The request fails.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

See the **ioeagfmt** command in the z/OS File System Administration for the list of characters allowed in an aggregate name and try the operation again.

IOEZ00253E

File system name 'Filesystem' contains invalid characters. Operation terminated.

Explanation:

The file system name contains characters which are not allowed. The operation is terminated.

System action:

The request fails.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

See the **zfsadm create** command in the *z/OS File System Administration* for the list of characters allowed in a file system name and try the operation again.

IOEZ00300I

Successfully set Option to Value.

Explanation:

The zFS kernel successfully changed the indicated configuration option.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None

IOEZ00301E

Could not set *Option* to *Value*, error code *ErrorCode*, reason code *ReasonCode*.

Explanation:

The zFS kernel encountered an error while attempting to set the configuration option. See Return codes (errnos) in <u>z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes</u> for a description of the error code. See Appendix A, "Reason codes," on page 231 for a description of the reason code.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Consult the provided reason code. One possible cause is a value was larger than the zFS defined maximum or smaller than the zFS defined minimum for that option.

IOEZ00303E

Error *ErrorCode* reason *ReasonCode* while attempting to extend the *CacheName* cache dataspace.

Explanation:

The zFS kernel could not extend the specified log file cache dataspace and thus could not attach an aggregate.

System action:

The program continues

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Consult <u>z/OS MVS Programming</u>: <u>Authorized Assembler Services Reference ALE-DYN</u> for a description of the DSPSERV macros and reason codes.

IOEZ00304E

Error ErrorCode reason ReasonCode while attempting to create the CacheName cache dataspace.

Explanation:

The zFS kernel could not create the indicated cache dataspace and thus could not initialize.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Consult the z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference ALE-DYN for a description of the DSPSERV macros and reason codes.

IOEZ00308E

Aggregate aggrname failed dynamic grow, (by user userid).

Explanation

Dynamic growth of the specified aggregate, caused by the actions of the specified user, failed. All subsequent attempts to dynamically grow the aggregate will also fail. This condition can be changed by either doing a **zfsadm grow** command, or by detaching and re-attaching the aggregate.

It is possible to see multiple copies of this message. For additional information, see <u>Dynamically growing a compatibility mode aggregate in z/OS File System Administration</u>.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Determine if the failure code represents a problem. If so, and the problem persists, contact the service representative.

IOEZ00309I

Aggregate aggrname successfully dynamically grown (by user username).

Explanation

Dynamic growth of the specified aggregate, caused by the actions of the specified user, was successful. It is possible to see multiple copies of this message. For additional information, see <u>Dynamically growing a compatibility mode aggregate in z/OS File System Administration</u>.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00312I

Dynamic growth of aggregate aggrname in progress, (by user username).

Dynamic growth of the specified aggregate, caused by the actions of the specified user, has been initiated. A subsequent message will be issued to indicate the success or failure of this operation.

It is possible to see multiple copies of this message. For additional information, see <u>Dynamically growing a compatibility mode aggregate in z/OS File System Administration</u>.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00314E

The file system name *filesystem* is not unique. Its aggregate name must be specified.

Explanation:

An aggregate name must be specified to uniquely identify the file system.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Ensure that the aggregate name is specified and retry.

IOEZ00315I

There are now Number file systems with the name Filesystem in use.

Explanation:

This message is issued for informational purposes only. There are zFS file systems in different aggregates that have the same name. As of z/OS V1R9, the allow_duplicate_filesystems configuration option is removed and always acts like it is on (that is, duplicate zFS file system names are allowed in different aggregates).

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00317I

The value for configuration option ConfigOption is ConfigValue.

Explanation:

The named configuration option has the indicated value.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00318I

Attempting to add file system filesystem whose name is already in use.

Explanation:

The file system has the same name as one already in use.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00320I

No options have been specified.

Explanation:

A **zfsadm** command option has not been specified.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Specify a valid option for the command and retry.

IOEZ00321E

Could not get value for *Option*, error code *ErrorCode* reason code *ReasonCode*.

Explanation:

The zfs kernel encountered an error while attempting to get the value of the configuration option. See Return codes (errnos) in z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes for a description of the error code. See Appendix A, "Reason codes," on page 231 for a description of the reason code.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct any problems and retry.

IOEZ00322E

The file system name *filesystemname* contains invalid characters and cannot be used.

Explanation:

The named file system name cannot be attached because its name contains invalid characters. The name may not actually show invalid characters because only the first 44 characters are printed.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00323I

Attempting to extend aggregate_name to new_size control_interval_size byte control intervals.

Explanation

The aggregate is being extended to the indicated size.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

Name of the aggregate.

control_interval_size

Control interval size of the aggregate.

new_size

New size of the data set.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOFZ00324I

Formatting to *control_interval_size* byte control interval *new_size* for secondary extents of *aggregate_name*.

Explanation

The aggregate has been extended into one or more secondary extents and one or more of those secondary extents is now being formatted. The data set will be the specified size when complete.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

Name of the aggregate.

control_interval_size

Control interval size for the data set.

new size

New control interval size of the data set.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00324I

Formatting to 8K block number *Size* for secondary extents of *dataset_name*.

Explanation:

The aggregate has been extended into one or more secondary extents and one or more of those secondary extents is now being formatted. The data set will be the specified size when complete.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00325E

Error Error formatting secondary extents for dataset_name.

Explanation:

The attempt to format one or more secondary extents for the aggregate has failed. The z/OS UNIX System Services return code is shown. See <u>Return codes (errnos)</u> in <u>z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes</u> for a description of the return code.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Verify that the data set exists and that the application can write to it.

IOEZ00326E

Error Error extending dataset_name.

Explanation:

The attempt to extend the aggregate has failed. The z/OS UNIX System Services return code is shown. See Return codes (errnos) in z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes for a description of the return code.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Verify that the data set exists and that the application can write to it. Ensure that there is enough DASD space on the data sets associated DASD volumes for the data set to be grown. Examine the syslog for any IEC070I or IOEZ00445E messages that might indicate the reason for the error.

IOEZ00327I

Done. dataset_name is now a zFS aggregate.

Explanation:

zFS has finished formatting an aggregate.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00328E

Errors encountered making dataset_name a zFS aggregate.

Explanation:

Errors were encountered while attempting to format a zFS aggregate.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

This message should be preceded by other messages that describe the errors encountered.

IOEZ00329I

Attempting to extend dataset_name by a secondary extent.

Explanation:

The aggregate is being extended by a secondary extent.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00331A

File system name PFSName is invalid, must be ZFS.

Explanation:

An incorrect name for the z/OS File System was specified in the BPXPRM file FILESYSTYPE statement. This name must be the characters ZFS.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Update the FILESYSTYPE statement and ensure that the TYPE parameter specifies ZFS, example: TYPE (ZFS).

IOEZ00334I

Return code and reason code for dump is RSNcodeRC.

Explanation

This message shows the return and reason code returned by SVC dump processing. The return code from SDUMPX processing is in bits 24 - 31 (the last byte). If the return code is 8, the reason code is contained in bits 16 - 23 (the third byte). See *z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference LLA-SDU* for additional information.

In the message text:

RSNcodeRC

The return and reason code of SDUMPX processing.

Note: In some circumstances, a dump can be suppressed by the operating system.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00336I

AggrName could not be marked as a zFS aggregate in the catalog, rc=ReturnCode rsn=ReasonCode.

Explanation

After successfully attaching, or formatting a zFS aggregate, a call to the catalog service marks *AggrName* as a zFS aggregate. This operation failed. The return and reason codes are from the catalog service. This failure itself does not prevent the aggregate from being attached or formatted correctly. However, other system processing that depends on the catalog entry may not function properly. DFSMS uses this bit during backup processing (ADRDSSU dump/restore) and enables the backup utility to quiesce the aggregate automatically before the backup starts, and unquiesce the aggregate when the backup ends. If the catalog bit is not set, the automatic quiesce will not occur and backup processing will fail.

In the message text:

AggrName

The name of the aggregate.

ReturnCode

The catalog service return code.

ReasonCode

The catalog service reason code.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Find the specified catalog return and reason codes documented in <u>z/OS MVS System Messages</u>, <u>Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)</u> (message IDC3009I), and determine the cause of the problem. This message can be the result of mounting a zFS file system using the VSAM PATH entry. Do not use a path entry as the file system name in the MOUNT command (see the topic about DEFINE PATH in z/OS DFSMS Access Method Services Commands). After

correcting the problem, to get this aggregate marked as a zFS aggregate in the catalog, unmount the file system and then mount it again. If the catalog bit is not set during the format step, the zFS task attempts to set the catalog bit during the mount processing for the zFS file system.

IOEZ00337E

zFS kernel: non-terminating exception *AbendCode* occurred, reason *ReasonCode* abend psw *PSW1 PSW2*.

Explanation

A zFS kernel encountered an exception. A dump will be issued and the internal trace table will be printed, if possible. This exception is non-terminating; the zFS kernel will continue to run, though there may be errors encountered for a given file or file system. The abend code is *AbendCode*, and the psw is given by PSW1 and PSW2. See *z/OS MVS System Codes* for additional information about abend codes.

In the message text:

AbendCode

The z/OS abend code received.

ReasonCode

The z/OS reason code received, or register 15 at time of abend.

PSW1

The first word of the abend PSW.

PSW2

The second word of the abend PSW.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

This message will be accompanied by additional messages indicating more about the problem. Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00338A

zFS kernel: restarting exception *AbendCode* occurred, reason *ReasonCode* abend psw *PSW1 PSW2*.

Explanation

The zFS kernel encountered an exception. A dump will be issued and the internal trace table will be printed. The zFS kernel will be internally stopped and restarted. File systems will remain mounted but some programs with open files might see I/O errors. If severe exceptions are encountered during the restart, zFS will be terminated and the system will display a BPXF032D message that must be replied to before zFS can be reinitialized. See z/OS MVS System Codes for more information about abend codes.

In the message text:

AbendCode

The z/OS abend code received.

ReasonCode

The zFS abend reason code received, or register 15 at time of abend.

PSW1

The first word of the abend PSW.

PSW2

The second word of the abend PSW.

System action

The program (IOEFSCM) continues

Severity:

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Administrator Response:

This message will be followed by additional messages indicating more about the problem. Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00340E

Potential zFS hang detected. Taking informational dump...

Explanation:

The zFS Physical File System detected at least one user task that has a request that has not been satisfied for approximately three minutes. zFS considers this to be a potential hang and dumps the zFS address space for diagnosis purposes.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative and supply the dump.

IOEZ00341E

zfsadm query *OptionName* failed, rc = *ReturnCode*, reason = *ReasonCode*.

Explanation

The indicated **zfsadm query** command failed. The return and reason codes may indicate the cause of the error. If possible, correct the error and retry. See <u>Return codes (errnos)</u> in <u>z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes</u> for a description of the error code. See <u>Appendix A, "Reason codes," on page 231</u> for a description of the reason code.

In the message text:

OptionName

The query option name.

ReturnCode

The z/OS UNIX System Services error code received.

ReasonCode

The zFS reason code.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct any errors and retry the command.

IOEZ00342I

Aggregate is attached. Cannot format.

Explanation:

The aggregate is attached by zFS on another system. It cannot be formatted.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Detach the aggregate before attempting to format.

IOEZ00350I

Successfully joined group GroupName.

zFS is initializing its sysplex support and has successfully joined the named XCF group. In the message text:

GroupName

The XCF group name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00351E

Invalid message, command code code received from system SysName.

Explanation

An incorrect request packet was received from the remote zFS system. In the message text:

Code

The internal zFS command code.

SysName

The remote system name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

If the problem persists, contact IBM service.

IOEZ00353E

Error ErrorCode reason ReasonCode received from system SysName during OpName for AggrName_FileSysName.

Explanation

An unexpected error was received while attempting to notify a remote system of the operation that was being performed. The specified operation was being performed against the specified aggregate or file system. See Return codes (errnos) in *z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes* for a description of the error code. See Appendix A, "Reason codes," on page 231 for a description of the reason code.

In the message text:

ErrorCode

The z/OS UNIX System Services error code received.

ReasonCode

The zFS reason code.

SysName

The remote system name.

OpName

The operation that was being performed.

AggrName_FileSysName

The name of the aggregate or file system being operated on.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

If the problem persists, contact IBM service.

IOEZ00354E

Sysplex request ServiceRequested failed with return code ReturnCode and reason code ReasonCode.

Explanation

zFS was attempting to use sysplex services and received a failure from the specified IXC macro. It failed with the specified return and reason codes. In the message text:

ServiceRequested

The IXC macro name.

ReturnCode

The IXC macro return code.

ReasonCode

The IXC macro reason code.

System action:

The request fails and zFS continues operating normally.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Determine the cause of the failure and re-start zFS, if necessary. See <u>z/OS MVS Programming: Sysplex Services</u> Reference for additional information about IXC return and reason codes.

IOEZ00356E

Failed joining group *GroupName* as member *MemberName*, return code *ReturnCode* reason code *ReasonCode*.

Explanation

zFS was issuing the sysplex service IXCJOIN and received the failure detailed in the message. It failed with the specified return and reason codes. In the message text:

GroupName

The sysplex group name.

MemberName

The system member name.

ReturnCode

The IXC macro return code.

ReasonCode

The IXC macro reason code.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Determine the cause of the failure and restart zFS, if necessary. You might have an incorrect XCF group name in the IOEFSPRM group option. See *z/OS MVS Programming: Sysplex Services Reference* for additional information about IXC return and reason codes.

IOEZ00357I

Successfully left the sysplex group.

Explanation:

zFS was issuing the sysplex service IXCLEAVE to leave the sysplex group. The call was successful and this system will no longer process sysplex requests.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00358E

The attempt to create the *DaemonName* daemon failed with return code *ReturnCode*.

Explanation

The creation of a thread for the daemon failed. See <u>z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services</u>

<u>Reference ALE-DYN</u> for additional information about the ATTACH macro and its return codes. In the message text:

DaemonName

The name of the daemon.

ReturnCode

The MVS[™] attach return code.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Determine why the thread could not be created by using the return code from the ATTACH macro. Correct the problem and re-start zFS. If the problem persists, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00359E

Error ErrorCode (reason ReasonCode) occurred while attempting to get a list of all systems in the XCF group for zFS.

Explanation

An error occurred while retrieving the system names list. See Return codes (errnos) in z/OS UNIX System

Services Messages and Codes for a description of the error code. See Appendix A, "Reason codes," on page 231 for a description of the reason code.

In the message text:

ErrorCode

The z/OS UNIX System Services error code.

ReasonCode

The zFS reason code.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Try to resolve the error and reissue the command.

IOEZ00360I

There are no systems in the XCF group for zFS.

Explanation:

There are no systems currently in the XCF group for zFS.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

IOEZ00361I

A total of count systems are in the XCF group for zFS.

Explanation

The message shows the total number of systems in the XCF group for zFS. It is followed by a list of the system names.

In the message text:

count

The number of systems currently in the XCF group for zFS.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00362E

The system name SysName is too long.

Explanation

A system name must be no longer than 8 in length.

In the message text:

SysName

The system name that was specified.

System action

The request fails.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Specify a valid system name and retry.

IOEZ00363E

The system name SysName is not known.

Explanation

The specified system name is not the name of the local system. In addition, for a sysplex environment, it is not the name of a known system in the sysplex.

In the message text:

SysName

The system name that was specified.

System action:

The request fails.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Specify a valid system name or omit the system name and retry.

IOEZ00366E

Error Operation to system System, return code ReturnCode, reason code ReasonCode.

zFS was attempting to use sysplex services to send data to the specified system. It failed with the specified return and reason codes from the sysplex services IXCMSGO macro. This data could have been sent as a reply to a message or as a new message.

In the message text:

Operation

The sysplex operation.

System

The target system.

ReturnCode

The IXC macro return code.

ReasonCode

The IXC macro reason code.

System action:

The request fails and zFS continues operating normally.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Determine the cause of the failure and re-start zFS, if necessary. See <u>z/OS MVS Programming: Sysplex Services</u> Reference for additional information about IXC return and reason codes.

IOEZ00368I

A total of Count aggregates are attached to system SysName.

Explanation

The message shows how many aggregates are on a system when -system is specified.

In the message text:

Count

The count of aggregates.

SysName

The system name.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00369I

A total of AggrCount aggregates are attached to the sysplex.

Explanation

The message shows how many aggregates are attached to the sysplex.

In the message text:

AggrCount

The count of aggregates.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

IOEZ00370I

A total of AggrCount aggregates are attached.

Explanation

This message shows how many aggregates are on a system with -system unspecified.

In the message text:

AggrCount

The count of aggregates.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00371E

Insufficient memory to allocate NumBytes bytes.

Explanation

An error occurred while attempting to allocate memory needed to process the command.

In the message text:

NumBytes

The number of bytes.

System action:

The request fails, and zFS continues operating normally.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Ensure that sufficient memory is available, then try the request again.

IOEZ00373E

Error ReturnCode, reason ReasonCode received opening parmlib.

Explanation

An error was received while attempting to open the parmlib. The return code from the IEFPRMLB macro is shown. See <u>z/OS MVS Programming: Authorized Assembler Services Reference EDT-IXG</u> for information about the IEFPRMLIB macro and its reason codes.

In the message text:

ReturnCode

The return code received from the IEFPRMLB macro.

ReasonCode

The reason code received from the IEFPRMLB macro.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Ensure that the parmlib is accessible to the program and try the operation again.

IOEZ00374I

No IOEZPRM DD specified in name proc. Parmlib search being used.

Explanation:

This message notifies the user that parmlib search is being used. *name* is the name of the address space where zFS is running.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00380E

Specified vnode cache size *Config_vnode_size* is invalid. Using value *vnode_size*.

Explanation

During initialization, zFS found that the value specified in the configuration data set for **vnode_cache_size** is not valid. The value must be a number in the range of 32 to 500000. zFS initialization continues.

In the message text:

Config_vnode_size

The configuration data set specification for the vnode size.

vnode size

The value being used for the size.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Ensure that zFS is running with acceptable values for both the size of the vnode cache and the limit of the vnode cache. If not, update the configuration data set variables.

IOEZ00381E

Error ErrorCode reason ReasonCode received while attempting to move aggregate AggrName to system System.

Explanation

An unexpected error was received while attempting to move aggregate AggrName to system System.

In the message text:

ErrorCode

The error code received.

ReasonCode

The reason code received.

AggrName

The aggregate name.

System

The system name.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Try to resolve the error and reissue the command.

IOEZ00382I

Aggregate AggrName is now owned by system System.

Aggregate AggrName was successfully moved to System.

In the message text:

AggrName

The aggregate name.

System

The system name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00383E

Unrecoverable error encountered for inode *Inode* uniquifier *Uniquifier* in filesystem *FileSetName*.

Explanation

A fatal error was encountered for an object with inode *Inode* in filesystem *FileSetName*. Future accesses to the file system object may fail and updates may be lost.

In the message text:

Inode

The inode of the object in error.

Uniquifier

The uniquifier of the object in error.

FileSetName

File system that contains the object.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00385E

Sysplex sharing error encountered for aggregate AggrName.

Explanation

An internal error was encountered for aggregate *AggrName*. Recent updates might be lost. Future accesses to the aggregate might fail. Unmount and remount the aggregate. If that does not clear the problem, restart zFS. If the problem still exists, restart zFS on all the systems in the sysplex.

In the message text:

AggrName

The aggregate name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00387I

System *SysName* has left group *GroupName*, aggregate recovery in progress.

Explanation

A zFS system has detected that another system in the sysplex has gone down. The remaining systems in the sysplex will begin aggregate recovery to attach aggregates owned by the down system.

In the message text:

SysName

The system name.

GroupName

The sysplex group name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00388I

Aggregate takeover being attempted for aggregate AggrName.

Explanation

A zFS system has either been asked to assume ownership for an aggregate or it has detected that another system in the sysplex went down and is attempting to takeover ownership of the aggregate.

In the message text:

AggrName

The aggregate name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00389I

Error ErrorCode reason ReasonCode occurred while attempting takeover of AggrName.

Explanation

A zFS system has encountered an error while attempting to assume ownership of an aggregate. See <u>Return</u> codes (errnos) in <u>z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes</u> for a description of the error code. See <u>Appendix A</u>, "Reason codes," on page 231 for a description of the reason code.

In the message text:

ErrorCode

The z/OS UNIX System Services error code received.

ReasonCode

The zFS reason code.

AggrName

The aggregate name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00390I

recovery statistics:.

Explanation:

This message notifies the user that an aggregate underwent recovery. This is normal if the aggregate was not detached cleanly before a stop or an outage of zFS.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None. See z/OS File System Administration for additional information about log files.

IOEZ00391I

Elapsed time was time ms.

Explanation

This message indicates the amount of time aggregate recovery took. This is normal if the aggregate was not detached cleanly before a stop or an outage of zFS.

In the message text:

time

The elapsed time in milliseconds.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None. See *z/OS File System Administration* for additional information about log files.

IOEZ00392I

NumPages log pages recovered consisting of NumRecords records.

Explanation

This message indicates the number of log pages and records read while recovering a zFS aggregate. This is normal if the aggregate was not detached cleanly before a stop or an outage of zFS.

In the message text:

NumPages

The number of pages.

NumRecords

The number of records.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None. See z/OS File System Administration for additional information about log files.

IOEZ00393I

Modified NumBlocks data blocks.

This message indicates the number of metadata blocks on disk updated by the recovery process. This is normal if the aggregate was not detached cleanly before a stop or an outage of zFS. In the message text:

NumBlocks

The number of data blocks.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None. See z/OS File System Administration for additional information about log files.

IOEZ00394I

NumDataRecords redo-data records, NumFillRecords redo-fill records.

Explanation

This message indicates the number of transaction records committed to disk. This is normal if the aggregate was not detached cleanly before a stop or an outage of zFS.

In the message text:

NumDataRecords

The number of redo data records.

NumFillRecords

The number of redo fill records.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None. See z/OS File System Administration for additional information about log files.

IOEZ00395I

NumDataRecords undo-data records, NumFillRecords undo-fill records.

Explanation

This message indicates the number of transaction records rolled back. This is normal if the aggregate was not detached cleanly before a stop or an outage of zFS.

In the message text:

NumDataRecords

The number of undo data records.

NumFillRecords

The number of undo fill records.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None. See z/OS File System Administration for additional information about log files.

IOEZ00396I

NumBlocks not written blocks.

This message indicates the number of transaction records not committed because the block was reused to contain user-file data. This is normal if the aggregate was not detached cleanly before a stop or an outage of zFS.

In the message text:

NumBlocks

The number of blocks.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None. See z/OS File System Administration for additional information about log files.

IOEZ00397I

recovery statistics for AggrName:.

Explanation

This message notifies the user that an aggregate underwent recovery. This is normal if the aggregate was not detached cleanly before a stop or an outage of zFS.

In the message text:

AggrName

The aggregate name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None. See z/OS File System Administration for additional information about log files.

IOEZ00398E

Specified vnode cache size *Config_vnode_size* is greater than the vnode cache limit. Using value *vnode_size*.

Explanation

During initialization, zFS found that the value specified in the configuration data set for *vnode_cache_size* is greater than the value for maximum size allowed for the vnode cache. The value must be a number in the range of 32 to 500000. zFS initialization continues.

In the message text:

Config_vnode_size

The configuration data set specification for the vnode size.

vnode_size

The value being used for the size.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Ensure that zFS is running with an acceptable size for the vnode cache size. If not, update the configuration dataset variable *vnode_cache_size*.

IOEZ00400I

NumBlocks blocks zeroed.

This message indicates the number of disk blocks zeroed out because the block was used to contain user-file data, but the I/O had not yet completed, or was canceled. This was done because the new block security (NBS) configuration option was in effect for the aggregate. This is normal if the aggregate was not detached cleanly before a stop or an outage of zFS.

In the message text:

NumBlocks

The number of blocks.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00401I

No report option specified to be reset.

Explanation:

A **zfsadm query** command was entered, with the -reset specified. However, no other options were specified along with it. No statistics were reset.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Specify a valid statistic option for the command and retry.

IOEZ00405I

ProgrameName Option Option has been processed. This specification is ignored.

Explanation

The specified option was already processed. The option was either explicitly specified previously or implicitly assumed according to the option omission rules. We are ignoring this specification.

In the message text:

ProgramName

The program name.

Option

The option.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

Enter the command with only one value for the option option.

IOEZ00410I

Shareoptions for aggregate AggrName altered. New value is (3,3).

Explanation

The shareoptions for the indicated aggregate were altered.

In the message text:

AggrName

The aggregate name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00411I

Alter for shareoptions failed for aggregate AggrName.

Explanation

The shareoptions for the indicated aggregate could not be altered to (3,3).

In the message text:

AggrName

The aggregate name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

The trace will contain IDCAMS messages. Correct the problem and retry.

IOEZ00412I

Catalog search failed for aggregate *AggrName*. Shareoptions are not altered.

Explanation

The shareoptions for the indicated aggregate could not be determined; they are not altered.

In the message text:

AggrName

The aggregate name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00413I

IGGCSI00 could not be loaded. Shareoptions for aggregate *AggrName* are not altered.

Explanation

The shareoptions for the indicated aggregate could not be determined because the catalog search routine could not be loaded. The shareoptions are not altered.

In the message text:

AggrName

The aggregate name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

Ensure IGGCSI00 is installed and retry.

IOEZ00416I

Aggregate AggrName moved to system SystemName at shutdown.

Explanation

The zFS kernel owning the specified aggregate moved the aggregate to another system to allow shutdown to continue.

In the message text:

AggrName

The aggregate name.

SystemName

The system name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00417E

Error ErrorCode reason ReasonCode received moving aggregate AggrName to SystemName at shutdown.

Explanation

The zFS kernel owning the specified aggregate tried to move the specified aggregate to the specified system but failed. Shutdown will continue by attempting to move the aggregate to a different system name. If all systems fail, then the aggregate will be detached, but some file updates may be lost. See Return codes (errnos) in z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes for a description of the error code. See Appendix A, "Reason codes," on page 231 for a description of the reason code.

In the message text:

ErrorCode

The z/OS UNIX System Services error code received.

ReasonCode

The zFS reason code received.

AggrName

The aggregate name.

SystemName

The system name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00418I

Error associating mount name mountname to sysname.

The zFS kernel encountered a problem associating the specified mount name to the indicated file system. The only affect this will have is that mount name options of the various zFS administrative commands will not work correctly. This has no bearing on whether the file system mount succeeded. Check for other messages indicating the success or failure of the mount process.

In the message text:

mountname

The mount name.

sysname

The system name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Do not use the mount name options on the administrative commands that normally allow them to be used. Instead, full specifications in terms of file system name and aggregate name will need to be used.

IOEZ00420E

Syntax error string String on line(s) StartLine:EndLine in parmlib member StartParmlibSuffix:EndParmlibSuffix.

Explanation

A syntax error was found while parsing the parmlib member containing the zFS configuration parameters. The line in error is shown as an aid to the administrator.

In the message text:

String

The text in error.

StartLine

The starting line number of the statement in error.

EndLine

The ending line number of the statement in error.

StartParmlibSuffix

The first parmlib member suffix.

EndParmlibSuffix

The last parmlib member suffix.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the line in error and try the operation again.

IOEZ00421E

Insufficient memory to allocate NumBytes bytes.

Explanation

An error occurred while attempting to allocate memory needed to process the command.

In the message text:

NumBytes

The number of bytes.

System action

The request fails, and zFS continues operating normally.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Allocate more storage and retry the request.

IOEZ00422E

Aggregate Aggrname disabled.

Explanation

An error was found while processing requests for the specified aggregate. As a result, all reads and writes to the aggregate are prevented. In the message text:

AggrName

The aggregate name.

System action

zFS continues operating normally for all other aggregates; the specified aggregate is disabled.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

If there were reported IO errors, perhaps due to lost connectivity to DASD or device failures, ensure that the hardware is working properly and then unmount the filesystem and run IOEAGSLV to repair any corruption that may have occurred. IOEAGSLV will attempt to repair the aggregate but it may not always be successful. Then, try reattaching or remounting the filesystem. If a remount does not work, zFS must be stopped and restarted to allow for the aggregate to be attached in write mode. If this condition persists, contact your service representative.

If there were no reported IO errors, there is less probability of a corruption. You may allow zFS to attempt to automatically reenable the aggregate; however, if the disabled aggregate was corrupt, the reenabled aggregate will remain corrupt. To definitively determine if the aggregate is corrupt, follow the procedure previously stated for the IO error case and run IOEAGSLV. While IOEAGSLV is running, the aggregate will be offline. Larger aggregates, will take longer to inspect and repair and, hence, will remain offline longer.

For more information, see the topic about Diagnosing disabled aggregates in z/OS File System Administration.

IOEZ00424E

Internal lock error, aggregate *AggrName* must be detached and the format restarted.

Explanation

An internal lock could not be obtained to complete the request to format the specified aggregate. The aggregate must be detached and the format restarted.

In the message text:

AggrName

The aggregate name.

System action:

zFS continues operating normally for all other aggregates. The specified aggregate cannot be formatted.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Detach the aggregate and attempt to format again.

IOEZ00425E

UNQUIESCE FAILURE: rc = ReturnCode rsn = ReasonCode.

Explanation

An error occurred while attempting a console command aggregate unquiesce. See Return codes (errnos) in z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes for a description of the error code. See Appendix A, "Reason codes," on page 231 for a description of the reason code. In the message text:

ReturnCode

The return code.

ReasonCode

The reason code.

System action:

zFS continues operating normally for all other aggregates, the specified aggregate remains quiesced.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Check the return code (rc) and the reason code (rsn) and respond accordingly. If the return code is 129 (ENOENT) and the reason code is EFxx6775 (the xx can be anything), then the aggregate is not owned on this system. Issue the MODIFY UNQUIESCE from the owning system. Use the z/OS UNIX **zfsadm lsaggr** command to determine which system owns the aggregate.

IOEZ00426E

UNQUIESCE FAILURE: too many input parameters.

Explanation:

The user input an extraneous token when they typed the aggregate unquiesce command.

System action:

zFS continues operating normally for all other aggregates, the specified aggregate remains quiesced.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Check the syntax and enter the command again.

IOEZ00433E

Internal error, aggregate AggrName cannot be detached from zFS.

Explanation

An internal error was found while processing a request to detach the specified aggregate. The detach problem could not be internally fixed. The aggregate can no longer be detached and hence is unusable until zFS is restarted.

In the message text:

AggrName

The aggregate name.

System action:

zFS continues operating normally for all other aggregates, the specified aggregate can no longer be detached or attached.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

zFS will need to be restarted to clear this error condition. A dump will likely be obtained by zFS, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00434E

Error creating zFS kernel trace, error code=*ErrorCode* reason code=*ReasonCode*.

An unexpected error occurred creating zFS kernel trace. See <u>Return codes (errnos)</u> in <u>z/OS UNIX System Services</u> <u>Messages and Codes</u> for a description of the error code. See <u>Appendix A</u>, "<u>Reason codes</u>," on page 231 for a description of the reason code.

In the message text:

ErrorCode

The error code that was returned from the zFS kernel.

ReasonCode

The reason code that was returned from the zFS kernel.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00435E

Error aborting the zFS kernel, error code=*ErrorCode* reason code=*ReasonCode*.

Explanation

An unexpected error occurred aborting the zFS kernel. See Return codes (errnos) in z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes for a description of the error code. See Appendix A, "Reason codes," on page 231 for a description of the reason code.

In the message text:

ErrorCode

The error code that was returned from the zFS kernel.

ReasonCode

The reason code that was returned from the zFS kernel.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00436E

Disabling IO to DASD volume VolumeName.

Explanation

An internal error has forced zFS to temporarily disable IO to a particular DASD volume. All queued IO is stopped with error and IO to the DASD volume remains suppressed until in-progress IO to the DASD volume completes. This message will normally be preceded by a dump to provide necessary service information. Once all in-progress IO completes, the DASD IO queue is re-initialized and future IOs will be allowed from that point in time.

In the message text:

VolumeName

The name of the DASD volume.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00437I

IO to DASD volume VolumeName has been enabled.

Explanation

An internal error had forced zFS to temporarily disable IO to a particular DASD volume; the internal error state has been cleaned up and IO to the DASD volume is now allowed.

In the message text:

VolumeName

The name of the DASD volume.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00438I

Starting Query Command QueryName.

Explanation

Starting to run a query command.

In the message text:

QueryName

The name of the query being run.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00439E

Read-only aggregate aggregate_name is also mounted read/write on system_name.

Explanation

The aggregate is either mounted or attached read-only on a local system and is also mounted or attached in read/write mode on another system. The local system might encounter errors on subsequent reads.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The aggregate name.

system_name

The read/write system name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

Unmount or detach the aggregate from all systems and then remount or reattach it in the desired mode. If you unmount read/write aggregate first, you might get error messages on the read-only systems.

IOEZ00440E

Internal error found while processing read-only aggregate AggrName.

Explanation

An internal error was found while processing requests for the specified aggregate. The aggregate may be attached read-write on another system. A changed aggregate will most likely result in errors on the read-only system.

In the message text:

AggrName

The aggregate name.

System action:

zFS continues operating normally. Other errors may be encountered for this aggregate if it is not unmounted and remounted.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Try quiescing the aggregate on the read-write system and then unmounting and remounting the file system.

IOEZ00441E

Operation failed for aggregate *AggrName*. ZFS does not support striped data sets.

Explanation

The Aggregate name could not be formatted.

In the message text:

AggrName

The aggregate name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Use a non-striped VSAM linear data set.

IOEZ00442E

Operation failed. ZFS does not support striped data sets.

Explanation:

The Aggregate could not be formatted.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Use a non-striped VSAM linear data set.

IOEZ00443E

Message output dataset (dsname) has lrecl too small.

Explanation

An error occurred while attempting to write to the message output data set defined by msg_output_dsn. The LRECL is less than 248.

In the message text:

dsname

the data set name that the error occurred on.

System action:

The program continues. Messaging will not occur to that data set.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Allocate a new msg_output_dsn data set and be sure the LRECL is at least 248. Use the **zfsadm config** command, option -msg_output_dsn, to tell zFS to use it.

IOEZ00444E

Could not write to trace output dataset - lrecl too small.

Explanation:

A zFS program could not print the in-memory trace table because the lrecl of the data set defined by the configuration parameter trace_dsn is less than 133.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Allocate a new trace data set and be sure that is has an Irecl of at least 133. Use the **zfsadm config** command, option -trace_dsn, to tell zFS to use it.

IOEZ00445E

Error extending *AggrName*. DFSMS return code = *DFSMScode*, PDF code = *PDFcode*.

Explanation

The attempt to extend the aggregate has failed. The DFSMS return code and PDF code are shown. Refer to message IEC070I and IEC161I in z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 7 (IEB-IEE) for additional information.

In the message text:

AggrName

The aggregate name.

DFSMScode

The DFSMS return code.

PDFcode

The Problem Determination Function (PDF) return code.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Verify that the data set exists and that the application can write to it and ensure that there is enough DASD space on the data sets associated with the DASD volumes.

If the aggregate was not defined with extended addressability, also ensure that the size of the aggregate does not exceed the maximum allowed size of 4GB. For other errors, check the system log for any IEC messages for this aggregate that contain the DFSMS and PDF codes specified in the message. If any are found, follow the diagnostic procedures listed for these codes in the IEC messages.

IOEZ00447E

System SystemName went down or did not reply to OperationName for Name.

An unexpected error was received while attempting to notify a remote system of operation *OperationName*. The operation was being done for the aggregate or file system *Name*.

In the message text:

SystemName

The remote system name.

OperationName

The operation that was being performed.

Name

The name of the aggregate or file system name being operated on.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

If the problem persists, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00451E

Error in allow striped, error code=ErrorCode reason code=ReasonCode.

Explanation

An unexpected error occurred allowing use of striped data sets. See Return codes (errnos) in z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes for a description of the error code. See Appendix A, "Reason codes," on page 231 for a description of the reason code.

In the message text:

ErrorCode

The error code that was returned from the zFS kernel.

ReasonCode

The reason code returned from the zFS kernel.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00453I

Processing xcf trace message from system SystemName.

Explanation

Producing a trace at the request of the indicated system.

In the message text:

SystemName

The remote system name which sent the xcf message.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00500I

Converting AggrName for fast mount processing.

The zFS kernel is converting an aggregate for fast mount processing. Once the conversion is done, all future mounts or attaches of this aggregate will occur faster.

In the message text:

AggrName

The aggregate name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00501E

Internal error converting bitmap file in AggrName for fast mount.

Explanation

The zFS kernel was converting an aggregate for fast mount processing and encountered an internal error while attempting to convert the bitmap file.

In the message text:

AggrName

The aggregate name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Obtain a dump of the zFS address space by using the F ZFS,DUMP command, then contact your service representative.

IOEZ00502E

Internal error salvaging bitmap, could not get status, code=*ErrorCode*.

Explanation

The **ioeagslv** program failed to obtain status information for the bitmap file. The free space numbers recorded on disk will be incorrect and the aggregate cannot be salvaged. See <u>Return codes (errnos)</u> in <u>z/OS UNIX System</u> Services Messages and Codes for a description of the return code.

In the message text:

ErrorCode

The error code from the getstatus operation.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00503E

Bitmap computed blocksFree=CompBlocks fragsFree= CompFrags, on disk blocksFree=NumBlocks, fragsFree=NumFrags.

The **ioeagslv** program determined the recorded number of free blocks and fragments on disk does not match the number computed by the salvage program.

In the message text:

CompBlocks

The computed number of free blocks in the aggregate.

CompFrags

The computed number of free fragments in the aggregate.

NumBlocks

The number of free blocks recorded in the aggregate.

NumFrags

The number of free fragments recorded in the aggregate.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

If the ioeagslv program was run with the default options or was run with the -salvageonly option, then the ioeagslv program will correct the free space numbers recorded on disk; otherwise, the free space numbers recorded on disk are incorrect and the **ioeagslv** program should be run with the default options or the -salvageonly option to correct the information on disk.

IOEZ00504E

Internal error salvaging bitmap, could not set status, code=*ErrorCode*.

Explanation

The ioeagslv program failed to correct the status and free space information for the bitmap file. This means the free space information on disk cannot be corrected and the aggregate cannot be salvaged. See Return codes (errnos) in z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes for a description of the return code.

In the message text:

ErrorCode

Error code from the setstatus operation.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00505I

Corrected free space information, blocksFree=NumBlocks fragsFree=NumFrags.

Explanation

The ioeagslv program successfully corrected the free space information recorded for the bitmap file. This means the bitmap file has been successfully restored on disk.

In the message text:

NumBlocks

The corrected number of free blocks on disk.

NumFrags

The corrected number of free fragments on disk.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00506E

FILESYSTYPE PARM too long, length = length.

Explanation

The FILESYSTYPE PARM is too long. The length of the specified string is provided in the message. The maximum length is 1024 characters.

In the message text:

length

The length of the string.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the problem and restart zFS. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00507E

Error in FILESYSTYPE PARM specification string.

Explanation

There is an error in the FILESYSTYPE PARM, as specified in the message.

In the message text:

string

The FILESYSTYPE PARM string.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the problem and restart zFS. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00508E

Suffix at position position too long.

Explanation

The suffix starting in the specified column position is too long.

In the message text:

position

The position of the error.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the problem and restart zFS. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00509E

Comma or right paren expected at position position.

Explanation

A comma or a right parenthesis should have been in the specified column position, but is not.

In the message text:

position

The position of the error.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the problem and restart zFS. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00510E

Suffix at position position not two alphanumeric chars.

Explanation

The specified suffix should be two characters long, but is not. The suffix specification should be in the specified column position.

In the message text:

position

The position of the error.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the problem and restart zFS. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00511E

No suffixes found at position position.

Explanation

No valid parmlib suffix specification was found at the specified position.

In the message text:

position

The position of the error.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the problem and restart zFS. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00512E

No closing paren found at position position.

A closing parenthesis was not found where one was expected, in the specified column position.

In the message text:

position

The position of the error.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the problem and restart zFS. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00513E

No open paren found at position position.

Explanation

Parmlib suffix specifications require parentheses around them. There is no opening parenthesis found. It is expected in the specified column position.

In the message text:

position

The position of the error.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the problem and restart zFS. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00514E

No equals sign found at position position.

Explanation

Parmlib suffix specifications require an equals sign. It is expected in the specified column position.

In the message text:

position

The position of the error.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the problem and restart zFS. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00515E

Extra characters were found at position position.

Explanation

Extra characters are not allowed. They start in the specified column.

In the message text:

position

The position of the error.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the problem and restart zFS. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00516E

PRM not found at position position.

Explanation

No PRM was found for parmlib suffix specifications. It is expected in the specified column.

In the message text:

position

The position of the error.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the problem and restart zFS. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00518I

Converting filesystem FileSystem to allow for fast mount.

Explanation

The zFS kernel is converting the file system to a format that will allow for fast mounting. Fast mounting will allow for the efficient handling of a large number of objects in the file system.

In the message text:

FileSystem

Name of the file system.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00519E

Error ErrorCode converting filesystem FileSystem.

Explanation

The zFS kernel could not convert the file system to a version that will allow for fast mounts. The file system will remain in the prior format. The file system should still mount successfully.

In the message text:

ErrorCode

The internal error code received.

FileSystem

Name of the file system.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00520E

Error ErrorCode salvaging filesystem FileSystem.

Explanation

The zFS salvage program could not correct the file system control information. The file system may be permanently damaged.

In the message text:

ErrorCode

The internal error code received.

FileSystem

Name of the file system.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00521I

Salvaging filesystem FileSystem free space control information.

Explanation

The zFS salvage program is correcting the file system free space information on disk due to either a problem found with this information or there were corrupted files in the file system which required corrections to the file system control information.

In the message text:

FileSystem

Name of the file system.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00522E

Filesystem *FileSystem* is not in a compat aggregate. It cannot be mounted.

Explanation

Mounts for file systems which do not reside in a compat aggregate are not allowed.

In the message text:

FileSystem

Name of the file system.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Ensure that the file system resides in a compat aggregate before retrying the mount. Also ensure that the file system name specified on the MOUNT statement in the BPXPRMxx parmlib member is in uppercase, not mixed-case or lowercase.

IOEZ00523I

zFS no longer supports the stop command. Please issue f omvs,stoppfs=zfs.

Explanation:

The stop command is not supported. Issue the **omvs stoppfs** command.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Issue f omvs, stoppfs=zfs.

IOEZ00524I

zFS has a potentially hanging thread caused by: UserList.

Explanation

zFS Hang Detector found a thread that could be hanging.

In the message text:

UserList

This a list of address space IDs and TCB addresses causing the hang

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

Monitor the potential hang. You can enter **f zfs**, **query**, **threads** command to see the thread states. If the problem persists, try cancelling the hung address space IDs. If the problem continues, contact your IBM service representative (if you have set up the trace data set, the **f zfs**, **trace**, **print** command can gather trace information). You can also enter **f zfs**, **hangbreak**, but prepare for additional, extraneous dumps.

For complete details for message and hang detection, see z/OS File System Administration.

IOEZ00536E

First block of *FirstBlock* (block size *BlockSize*) starts the file system at byte *FirstBlock * BlockSize*, which is after the canonical superblock address of *SuperAddr*.

Explanation

An invalid initial empty value has been specified. The number specified is too large. You cannot specify a number larger than 8.

In the message text:

FirstBlock

The size of the specified block.

BlockSize

The 8K block size.

SuperAddr

The address of the superblock (64K).

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System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Specify a valid initial empty value and retry.

IOEZ00537E

Log has bad checksum length.

Explanation:

Recovery failed. The checksum length recorded on the disk does not match the checksum version recorded on the disk.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Run salvage and retry.

IOEZ00538I

Log has unknown checksum type on disk. Ignoring checksum check.

Explanation:

Ignoring unknown checksum type on disk.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00539E

Unable to retrieve checksum in log page.

Explanation:

Recovery failed.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Run salvage and retry.

IOEZ00540I

Log is using unknown checksum version *CurrentVersion*, Changing to use version *NewVersion*.

Explanation

Setting the checksum version.

In the message text:

CurrentVersion

The version in use.

NewVersion

The new version.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00545E

A conversion of aggregate *AggrName* to version 3 is not complete. The conversion must be complete before the aggregate is usable.

Explanation

Use IOEAGSLV to complete the conversion to version 3 and retry the request.

In the message text:

AggrName

The aggregate name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00547I

zFS has a potentially hanging XCF request on systems: Systemnames.

Explanation

The zFS hang detector identified that a thread sent a message to another member of the sysplex, as indicated in the list, and is possibly hanging because it is waiting for the reply, because XCF is stalled or delayed, or because of some other reason.

In the message text:

Systemnames

The list of system names.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Monitor the potential hang. Check the other members of the sysplex specified in the list to see if there is an obvious reason for the seemingly long wait for the reply. For complete details for messages and hang detection, see the topic about Understanding zFS hang detection in *z/OS File System Administration*.

IOEZ00548I

Requesting that *MemberName* takeover aggregate *AggrName* (requests: local *LocalReqs*, new owner *NewOwnerReqs* total *TotalReqs*).

Explanation

This message can be issued when either of the following situations occurs:

- The local system is requesting that the named member take over the aggregate to reduce XCF communication.
- The aggregate has become disabled and zFS is attempting to automatically recover the aggregate.

In the message text:

MemberName

The member name.

AggrName

The aggregate name.

LocalReas

The number of requests processed from the current owning system during the measurement period.

NewOwnerRegs

The number of requests processed from MemberName during the measurement period.

TotalRegs

The total number of requests processed from all systems during the measurement period.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00549E

Media Manager return code ErrorCode for aggregate Aggr_name.

Explanation:

The Media Manager return code was non zero for the specified aggregate.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Look up the error in the Media Manager return codes section in z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis.

IOEZ00550E

zFS I/O timed out for aggregate aggregate name.

Explanation

A physical I/O error occurred because the amount of I/O time needed to attach aggregate aggregate name took more than four minutes to complete.

In the message text:

aggregate name

The aggregate name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Determine if there is a real hardware error. If there is, then take steps to correct the problem. Otherwise, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00551E

Aggregate AggrName ran out of space.

Explanation

The aggregate ran out of space. zFS will attempt to dynamically grow the aggregate if it is eligible to be dynamically grown.

In the message text:

AggrName

The aggregate name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Ensure that there is sufficient space on the aggregate.

IOEZ00553E

Unable to format. Aggregate is attached.

Explanation:

Cannot format an aggregate because it is attached and in use.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00555E

-system cannot be specified without -all.

Explanation:

A zfsadm detach command specified -system without -all. -all is required when using -system.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Retry the command specifying valid options.

IOEZ00557E

zfsadm command failed, rc = ReturnCode, reason = ReasonCode.

Explanation

The indicated **zfsadm** command failed. The return and reason codes might indicate the cause of the error. If possible, correct the error and retry.

In the message text:

ReturnCode

The return code.

ReasonCode

The reason code.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct any errors and retry the command.

IOEZ00558E

An internal error occurred waiting for retry of a user task dump for asid.

Explanation

zFS attempted to take a dump of a user task in the *asid*. The dump might have failed because the address space was taking another dump. In an attempt to get a dump, zFS retries the SDUMPX call on the zFS task. If an internal error occurs while attempting to wait for the zFS task to complete, then the dump might not finish before the user task completes the zFS request. The dump might not prove useful in resolving the reason for dumping; contact your IBM service representative.

In the message text:

asid

The user task address space ID.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00559I

progname: Initializing prodname featurename Version ver.rel.mod Service Level slv. Created on date. Address space asid.

Explanation

This message is issued when the named zFS program starts. It identifies the product name, feature name, version, release, modlevel, service level, creation date and asid of the zFS program.

In the message text:

progname

The program name.

prodname

The product name.

featurename

The feature name.

ver

The product version.

rel

The product release.

mod

The product modification level.

slv

The product service level.

date

The date and time the zFS program was created.

asid

The asid of the address space.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00576E

SystemName is not at the minimum acceptable service level of ServiceLevel. Returning error.

Explanation

This message is issued on a sysplex member that is receiving messages from a member trying to come up. The sysplex member that is already up requires the minimum service level indicated. The system initializing is not at the minimum service level. An error will be returned to the system initializing.

In the message text:

SystemName

The name of the remote system initializing.

ServiceLevel

The service level required on the remote system.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Apply service and then restart zFS. For more information, see the topic about applying required APARs in z/OS File System Administration.

IOEZ00579I

Restarting Program, Restart count Count.

Explanation

This message is issued when the named zFS program restarts. It identifies the restart count of the zFS program.

In the message text:

Program

The program name.

Count

The number of restarts zFS has taken.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00581E

There are quiesced zFS aggregates.

Explanation

This message appears on a system that has at least one zFS aggregate that is quiesced. There is a time delay between when the aggregate is quiesced and when the message appears. When there are no quiesced zFS aggregates on the system, this message is removed. There is also a delay between when the last aggregate is unquiesced and when the message is removed. The message is handled by a thread that wakes up every 30 seconds and checks to see if there are any quiesced aggregates owned by this system. It is possible for an aggregate to be quiesced and unquiesced in the 30 second sleep window of the thread and no quiesce message to appear. The message remains if one aggregate is unquiesced and another is quiesced within the 30 second sleep window.

The purpose of the message is to aid in diagnosis when there is an apparent hang. The message indicates that there is at least one quiesced aggregate and the apparent hang might be due to a quiesced aggregate. File I/O to a quiesced aggregate is held up until the aggregate is unquiesced. An aggregate is normally quiesced during backup and unquiesced when the backup is done.

To determine which aggregates are quiesced, use the z/OS UNIX zfsadm lsaggr command. After you determine which aggregates are quiesced, you can use the zfsadm aggrinfo -long command to determine who quiesced the aggregate (the job name, system, and time stamp). You can also use the MVS command F ZFS,QUERY,FILE,ALL to determine which aggregates are quiesced, especially in automation scripts that issue commands to the console. It is possible that the output of the command might not exactly match the message (message displayed with no quiesced aggregates owned by this system or no message with quiesced aggregates owned by this system).

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Determine whether the aggregate should be unquiesced. See the topic about <u>Understanding zFS hang detection</u> in *z/OS File System Administration*.

IOEZ00587I

zFS Release level cannot change during a recycle, zFS must terminate.

Explanation:

zFS cannot change its release level without fully terminating the address space. zFS will assert and go down after issuing this message. It can then be restarted at any desired release.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Do not attempt to change the current zFS release by an internal restart.

IOEZ00589E

Aggregate Aggrname failed to reopen. Membername cannot become the zFS owner of this aggregate.

Explanation

The aggregate failed to reopen locally, possibly due to a DASD outage, some other connectivity difficulty due to the DASD or a hardware failure. This member cannot become the owner of this aggregate. z/OS UNIX will continue to send file operations to this member, expecting zFS to forward them to the zFS owner.

In the message text:

Aggrname

The name of the aggregate.

Membername

The name of the member.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

If all members fail to reopen the aggregate, unmount and remount the aggregate.

IOEZ00590E

Aggregate *Aggrname* was successfully reopened. *Membername* is now eligible to become a zFS owner.

Explanation

The aggregate successfully reopened locally. This member is now eligible to become the zFS owner.

In the message text:

Aggrname

The name of the aggregate.

Membername

The name of the member.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00591I

zFS is encountering delays in XCF message transmission to systems: Systemnames.

Explanation

The zFS Hang Detector found that a thread has sent a message to another member of the sysplex, as indicated in the list, and is possibly hanging due to the message not arriving at the target system. This could be because XCF is stalled or delayed for some other reason, or due to some other system resource that is constrained.

In the message text:

Systemnames

The list of system names.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Monitor the potential hang. You can enter **f zfs,query,threads** to see the thread states. This information will appear in the system log, and should include which systems from which a reply is expected. The **f zfs,trace,print** command will gather trace information for the support team if your trace data set is configured. Check the other members of the sysplex specified in the list to see if there is an obvious reason for the seemingly long wait for the reply. In the case of actual XCF problems, XCF documentation may yield some other diagnostic techniques. If the problem persists, contact your service representative. You can also enter **f zfs,hangbreak**, but be prepared for additional extraneous dumps.

IOEZ00592I

zFS is encountering delays with XCF replies from systems: Systemnames.

Explanation

The zFS Hang Detector found that one or more threads have sent a message to another member of the sysplex, as indicated in the list, and is experiencing delays in either replying to those messages or in receiving those replies on the local system. This could be because XCF is stalled or delayed for some other reason, or due to some other system resource that is constrained.

In the message text:

Systemnames

The list of system names.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Monitor the potential hang. You can enter **f zfs,query,threads** to see the thread states. This information will appear in the system log, and should include which systems from which a reply is expected. The **f zfs,trace,print** command will gather trace information for the support team if your trace data set is configured. Check the other members of the sysplex specified in the list to see if there is an obvious reason for the seemingly long wait for the reply. In the case of actual XCF problems, XCF documentation may yield some other diagnostic techniques. If the problem persists, contact your service representative. You can also enter **f zfs,hangbreak**, but be prepared for additional extraneous dumps.

IOEZ00598E

ErrorCode reason ReasonCode received formatting aggregate AggrName.

An aggregate could not be formatted due to an unexpected error.

In the message text:

ErrorCode

The error code.

ReasonCode

The reason code.

AggrName

The name of the aggregate.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Try to correct the problem and retry.

IOEZ00599E

ErrorCode during TSR for aggregate Name.

Explanation

An error occurred during token state recovery during aggregate takeover operation.

In the message text:

ErrorCode

The error code.

Name

The name of the aggregate.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Contact the service representative.

IOEZ00604I

Task asid=Asid tcb=TCB is delayed outside zFS while Action_object.

Explanation

The specified task running in zFS has called a system service to perform an operation. The operation is, for example, opening or closing the specified data set. This operation has not returned to zFS for at least 3 intervals of the hang detector.

In the message text:

Asid

The asid of the task.

TCB

The TCB address of the task.

Action object

The action phrase and object of action. The osi_ctl interface calls for dub, getmntstatus, quiesce, updatefilesys, and unquiesce. For more information, see z/OS UNIX System Services Planning.

The code limits a maximum of 15 of these messages per hang detector cycle. There can be more tasks than messages listed.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

Try to correct the problem by following documented trouble shooting procedures for the operation specified. If the *Action object* is:

- Allocating dataset, see information about the following topics:
 - Monitoring the space used by the control data set in z/OS DFSMSrmm Implementation and Customization Guide
 - Allocating system-managed data sets in z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets.
- Altering LDS, see z/OS DFSMSdfp Storage Administration or z/OS DFSMS Access Method Services Commands.
- Calling catalog search interface for datasetname, see z/OS DFSMS Managing Catalogs.
- Closing dataset, see the following topics in z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets:
 - Using VERIFY to process improperly closed data sets
 - Recovering from errors due to an improperly closed VSAM data set
 - Checking for problems in catalogs and data sets.
- Defining LDS, see <u>z/OS DFSMSdfp Storage Administration</u> and <u>z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets</u> for more information.
- Dequeuing, see z/OS MVS Planning: Global Resource Serialization
- Growing dataset, see z/OS DFSMShsm Diagnosis or z/OS DFSMShsm Managing Your Own Data.
- Locating dataset, see the topic about <u>Checking for problems in catalogs and data sets</u> in <u>z/OS DFSMS Using</u>
 Data Sets.
- Performing trace dataset close, see the topic about <u>Processing a partitioned data set extended (PDSE)</u> in <u>z/OS</u>
 DFSMS Using Data Sets.
- Performing trace dataset unallocate, see the topic about <u>Processing a partitioned data set extended (PDSE)</u> in *z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets*.
- Opening dataset, see the topic about Opening a data set in z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets.
- Recalling dataset, see z/OS DFSMShsm Storage Administration and z/OS DFSMShsm Managing Your Own Data.
- Remounting dataset, see the topic about problem diagnosis for a shared system in <u>z/OS MVS Diagnosis:</u> <u>Reference.</u>
- stimer wait, see the topic about understanding namespace validation and correction in <u>z/OS File System</u> Administration.
- Updating high used relative byte address (HURBA), see Requesting that DFSMSdss double-check data set high used RBA values for LDS data sets in z/OS DFSMSdss Storage Administration.
- Waiting for I/O, see z/OS DFSMS Using Data Sets.

SMF record type 92 reports the activity of mounted file systems and files. For more information about <u>SMF</u> record type 92 see *z/OS UNIX System Services Planning*.

IOEZ00605I

Task asid=Asid tcb=TCB appears to be delayed.

Explanation

The specified user task running in zFS has been running for at least three intervals of the hang detector. There can be many reasons for this behavior that are expected. For example, the task has a low dispatch priority that is preventing its progress, or the task is swapped out, or the system has a resource constraint such as an auxiliary storage shortage. It could also be doing a long running task, or looping. Another possibility is that zFS has called another system service (not covered in message IOEZ00604I) and it has not returned.

In the message text:

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Asid

The asid of the task.

TCB

The TCB address of the task.

The code limits a maximum of 15 of these messages per hang detector cycle. There can be more tasks than messages listed.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Try to correct the problem using the troubleshooting procedures for the task identified. Also see the topic about Understanding zFS hang detection in z/OS File System Administration.

IOEZ00606E

Error ErrorCode reason ReasonCode received while attempting to setauditfid for aggregate AggrName.

Explanation

An unexpected error was received while attempting to setauditfid for aggregate AggrName.

In the message text:

ErrorCode

The error code.

ReasonCode

The reason code.

AggrName

The name of the aggregate.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Try to resolve the error and reissue the command.

IOEZ00607I

Auditfid set for aggregate AggrName.

Explanation

The auditfid for aggregate AggrName was successfully set.

In the message text:

AggrName

The name of the aggregate.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00608I

Aggregate *AggrName* has new format auditfid. Specify -force or -old to override.

Aggregate AggrName has a new format auditfid. A new format auditfid cannot be reset by default. Specify -force or -old.

In the message text:

AggrName

The name of the aggregate.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Issue the command again with -force or -old.

IOEZ00609I

Parameter parm is too long.

Explanation

Parameter parm has too many characters in it.

In the message text:

parm

The name of the parameter.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Use a shorter name for the parameter.

IOEZ00610I

zFS Name Space Validation could not obtain ENQ on *ResName*, waiting *Seconds* seconds.

Explanation

zFS is unable to perform name space validation because it cannot obtain a GRS ENQ on the specified resource name. zFS will retry the ENQ in *Seconds* seconds. Name space validation occurs either when zFS detects an internal error or there are XCF communication problems in the sysplex.

In the message text:

ResName

The resource name.

Seconds

The number of seconds.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Examine the state of the sysplex and take corrective action as appropriate. See the topic on <u>Performance and</u> debugging in *z/OS File System Administration*.

IOEZ00611I

zFS Name Space Validation could not ping system *SysName*, waiting *Seconds* seconds.

zFS is unable to perform name space validation because it cannot communicate with the specified system. zFS will retry communications in *Seconds* seconds. Name space validation occurs either when zFS detects an internal error or there are XCF communication problems in the sysplex.

In the message text:

SysName

The name of the system.

Seconds

The number of seconds.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

Examine the state of the sysplex and take corrective action as appropriate. See the topic on <u>Performance and</u> debugging in *z/OS File System Administration*.

IOEZ00612I

zFS Name Space Validation is running due to a detected internal error.

Explanation:

zFS has detected an internal error and is performing name space validation and correction. zFS will correct the problem for any aggregate that has an inconsistent state across the sysplex by internally re-mounting the aggregate on all systems or restarting zFS on one or more sysplex members, or both.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

Examine the state of the sysplex and take corrective action as appropriate. See the topic on <u>Performance and</u> debugging in *z/OS File System Administration*.

IOEZ00613I

zFS Name Space Validation is running due to a detected XCF communication failure or message timeout.

Explanation:

zFS has detected either an XCF communication failure or had a name space related message time out. zFS will correct the problem for any aggregate that has an inconsistent state across the sysplex by internally remounting the aggregate.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

Examine the state of the sysplex and take corrective action as appropriate. See the topic on <u>Performance and</u> debugging in *z/OS File System Administration*.

IOEZ00614A

zFS has detected an incompatible interface level *IntLevel* for member *Sysname*.

Explanation

zFS has detected that there are other members in the sysplex that have incompatible release or service levels with the current system that is attempting to initialize. Initialization ends.

In the message text:

Intlevel

The interface level of the other named member.

Sysname

The name of the other system.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response

Ensure that you have the correct release and service levels of zFS in your sysplex. To determine service levels, see the topic about Determining service levels in z/OS File System Administration.

Also, see the topic about applying required APARs in z/OS File System Administration.

IOEZ00615E

zFS encountered error *Rcode* reason=*RsnCode* obtaining GRS serialization for aggregate *Aggregate*.

Explanation

zFS could not obtain the proper GRS serialization to detach an aggregate that was no longer mounted in the sysplex. You might experience failures while attempting to mount file systems for the aggregate.

In the message text:

Rcode

The GRS return code.

RsnCode

The GRS reason code.

Aggregate

The aggregate name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Determine the source of the GRS problem. Issue zfsadm detach to detach the aggregate from zFS.

IOEZ00616E

A timeout has occurred attempting to establish a connection with system *Target_system*.

Explanation

While attempting to establish a connection with the target system, a timeout has occurred. However, it is not known if the target system is truly down or not as it is still a member of the XCF group. There will be a maximum of six attempts at establishing the connection. If it is still unsuccessful, then this system will terminate.

In the message text:

Target_system

The target system.

System action

zFS will attempt to establish a connection six times, and terminate if the connection cannot be established within these attempts.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Determine the source of the XCF related problem, and then use XCF diagnostic techniques to correct it. If necessary, restart zFS.

IOEZ00617I

zFS is running sysplex SysLevel with interface level IntLevel.

Explanation

The message indicates which zFS sysplex functionality is enabled and the sysplex communications interface level. Beginning in z/OS V1R13, zFS uses interface level 4.

In the message text:

SysLevel

The sysplex functionality name.

IntLevel

The zFS XCF protocol interface level.

4

The z/OS V2R5 level (long-running command support)

4

The z/OS V2R4 level (long-running command support)

4

The z/OS V2R3 level (long-running command support)

4

The z/OS V2R2 level (enhanced log and enhanced status APIs)

4

The z/OS V2R1 level (extended directory)

4

The z/OS V1R13 level (enhanced connect)

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00618E

SY1 owns the long term enq for aggregate Aggrname or is the owner as defined by the first entry found. System SY2 thinks SY3 owns the aggregate.

Explanation

While validating the zFS namespace, zFS found a cache entry for an aggregate that does not have the correct owner. Correction may cause zFS on some systems to be restarted.

In the message text:

SY1

The system owning the long term enq.

Aggrname

The aggregate name.

SY2

The system with the bad cache entry.

SY3

The system the bad cache entry indicates is the owner.

System action

zFS will attempt to correct the bad cache entry.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None, if zFS can correct the bad cache entry. Otherwise, restart zFS the system with the bad cache entry.

IOEZ00619E

Aggregate *Aggrname* is unowned. System *SY1* thinks *SY2* owns the aggregate.

Explanation

While validating the zFS namespace, zFS found a cache entry for an unowned aggregate that indicates the aggregate is owned. Correction may cause zFS some systems to be restarted.

In the message text:

Aggrname

The aggregate name.

SY1

The system with the bad cache entry.

SY2

The system with the bad cache entry indicates is the owner.

System action:

zFS will attempt to correct the bad cache entry.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None, if zFS can correct the bad cache entry. Otherwise, restart zFS on the system with the bad cache entry.

IOEZ00620E

SY1 is the owner of RW aggregate Aggrname and is not sysplex aware for RW. There is another cache entry for this aggregate on system SY2

Explanation

RW aggregates that are owned by systems that are not sysplex aware for RW aggregates can only have one cache entry in the entire sysplex. Correction may cause zFS on some systems to be restarted.

In the message text:

Aggrname

The aggregate name.

SY1

The system owning the long term enq.

SY2

Another system with a cache entry.

System action:

zFS will attempt to correct the error.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None, if zFS can correct this error. Otherwise, restart the client system.

IOEZ00621E

There is only one cache entry for aggregate *Aggrname* on system *System* but this entry indicates there are other systems connected.

Connected systems must have cache entries for the aggregate, but there is only one entry for the aggregate in the sysplex. Correction may cause zFS on some systems to be restarted.

In the message text:

Aggrname

The aggregate name.

System

The system name.

System action:

zFS will attempt to correct.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None, if zFS can correct this error. Otherwise, remount the associated file system.

IOEZ00622E

There is only one cache entry for aggregate *Aggrname* on system *SY1* but this entry indicates that this system is connected to another system.

Explanation

Connect flags indicate another system owns the aggregate, but there is only one entry for the aggregate in the sysplex. Correction may cause zFS on some systems to be restarted.

In the message text:

Aggrname

The aggregate name.

SY1

The system name.

System action

zFS will attempt to correct.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None, if zFS can correct this error. Otherwise, remount the associated file system.

IOEZ00623E

Aggregate Aggrname is unowned and growing on system System.

Explanation

A growing aggregate should always be owned. Correction may cause zFS on some systems to be restarted.

In the message text:

Aggrname

The aggregate name.

System

The system name.

System action

zFS will attempt to correct.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None, if zFS can correct this error. Otherwise, remount the associated file system.

IOEZ00624E

Aggregate Aggrname is on system SY1 with flags Flag1 and also on system SY2 with flags Flag2.

Explanation

The two specified systems have mismatching flags. Correction may cause zFS on some systems to be restarted.

In the message text:

Aggrname

The aggregate name.

SY1

The system 1 name.

Flag1

The system 1 flag name.

SY2

The system 2 name.

Flag2

The system 2 flag name.

System action

zFS will attempt to correct.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None, if zFS can correct this error. Otherwise, remount the associated file system.

IOEZ00625E

Aggregate Aggrname is on system System1 with Field1 Currstate1 and also on system System2 with Field2 Curstate2.

Explanation

This is an internal error. The two specified systems have mismatching flags. Correction may cause zFS on some systems to be restarted.

In the message text:

Aggrname

The aggregate name.

System1

The system1 name.

Field1

The field1 name.

Currstate1

The field1 value.

System2

The system2 name.

Field2

The field2 name.

Curstate2

The field2 value.

System action:

zFS will attempt to correct.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None, if zFS can correct this error. Otherwise, remount the associated file system. Report flag field information to IBM Service.

IOEZ00626E

Aggregate Aggrname is on system System1 with Field1val1,,val2 and also on system System2 with Field2 val3,,val4.

Explanation

The two specified systems have mismatching flags. Correction may cause zFS on some systems to be restarted.

In the message text:

Aggrname

The aggregate name.

System1

The system1 name.

Field1

The field1 ID.

val1

The ID field1 value.

val2

The ID field1 value.

System2

The system2 name.

Field2

The field2 ID.

val3

The ID field2 value.

val4

The ID field2 value.

System action:

zFS will attempt to correct.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None, if zFS can correct this error. Otherwise, remount the associated file system.

IOEZ00627E

Aggregate Aggrname on system System is unowned but its cache entry indicates other systems are connected.

Explanation

An unowned aggregate should not have other systems connected to it. Correction may cause zFS on some systems to be restarted.

In the message text:

Aggrname

The aggregate name.

System

The system name.

System action:

zFS will attempt to correct.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None, if zFS can correct this error. Otherwise, remount the associated file system.

IOEZ00628E

Aggregate *Aggrname* is unowned, but system *System* has a cache entry indicating a connection to an owning system.

Explanation

An unowned aggregate should not have connections. Correction may cause zFS on some systems to be restarted.

In the message text:

Aggrname

The aggregate name.

System

The system name.

System action

zFS will attempt to correct.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None, if zFS can correct this error. Otherwise, remount the associated file system.

IOEZ00629E

The owner SY1 of aggregate Aggrname thinks client SY2 is status to the fstype file system but the connect flag on system SY3 is state.

Explanation

The connection status of an aggregate on the owner does not match its status on the client. Correction may cause zFS on some systems to be restarted.

In the message text:

SY1

The system1 name.

Aggrname

The aggregate name.

SY2

The client system name.

status

The connect status.

fstype

The file system type.

SY3

The client system name.

state

The connect flag state.

System action:

zFS will attempt to correct.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None, if zFS can correct this error. Otherwise, remount the associated file system.

IOEZ00630E

The owner SY1 of aggregate *Aggrname* thinks client SY2 is not connected, but the client has a cache entry.

Explanation

The aggregate is connected to the client. Clients that are not connected must not have cache entries. Correction may cause zFS on some systems to be restarted.

In the message text:

SY1

The owner system name.

Aggrname

The aggregate name.

SY2

The client system name.

System action:

zFS will attempt to correct.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None, if zFS can correct this error. Otherwise, remount the associated file system.

IOEZ00631E

The client SY1 of aggregate *Aggrname* thinks it is not connected, yet it has a cache entry.

Explanation

The aggregate is connected to the client. Clients that are not connected must not have cache entries. Correction may cause zFS on some systems to be restarted.

In the message text:

SY1

The owner system name.

Aggrname

The aggregate name.

System action:

zFS will attempt to correct.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None, if zFS can correct this error. Otherwise, remount the associated file system.

IOEZ00632E

The owner SY1 of aggregate *Aggrname* thinks client SY2 is not connected to the *fstype* filesystem, but the client thinks otherwise.

Explanation

The connection status of an aggregate on the owner system does not match its status on the client. Correction may cause zFS on some systems to be restarted.

In the message text:

SY1

The owner system name.

Aggrname

The aggregate name.

SY2

The client system name.

fstype

The file system type.

System action:

zFS will attempt to correct.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None, if zFS can correct this error. Otherwise, remount the associated file system.

IOEZ00633E

The client SY1 of aggregate *Aggrname* thinks it is not connected to the *fstype* filesystem, but the owner thinks otherwise.

Explanation

The connection status of an aggregate on the owner does not match its status on the client. Correction may cause zFS on some systems to be restarted.

In the message text:

SY1

The client system name.

Aggrname

The aggregate name.

fstype

The file system type.

System action:

zFS will attempt to correct.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None, if zFS can correct this error. Otherwise, remount the associated file system.

IOEZ00634E

The owner SY1 of aggregate Aggrname thinks system SY2 is connected but it does not have a cache entry.

Explanation

The owner connect mask indicates the client should have a cache entry but it does not. Correction may cause zFS on some systems to be restarted.

In the message text:

SY1

The owner system name.

Aggrname

The aggregate name.

SY2

The client name.

System action:

zFS will attempt to correct.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None, if zFS can correct this error. Otherwise, remount the associated file system.

IOEZ00635E

System *SY1* owns aggregate *Aggrname* but does not have a cache entry for it.

Explanation

The owner of an aggregate does not have a cache entry for it. Correction may cause zFS on some systems to be restarted.

In the message text:

SY1

The owner system name.

Aggrname

The aggregate name.

System action:

zFS will attempt to correct.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None, if zFS can correct this error. Otherwise, remount the associated file system.

IOEZ00636E

System *SY1* owns aggregate *Aggrname* but its cache entry says the aggregate is owned by *SY2*.

Explanation

The owner of an aggregate does not have a cache entry for it. Correction may cause zFS on some systems to be restarted.

In the message text:

SY1

The owner system name.

Aggrname

The aggregate name.

SY2

The other owner system name.

System action:

zFS will attempt to correct.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None, if zFS can correct this error. Otherwise, remount the associated file system.

IOEZ00639I

progname: prodname featurenameVersion ver.rel.mod Service Level slv. Created on date.

syslevel

Explanation

This message is issued when the level of zFS is queried using the **query** command. The system returns the product name, feature name, version, release, modification level, service level, and creation date of the zFS program.

In the message text:

progname

Program name.

prodname

Product name.

featurename

Feature name.

ver

Product version.

rel

Product release.

mod

Product modification level.

slv

Product service level.

date

Date and time the daemon was created.

syslevel

Sysplex functionality name/interface level. The zFS XCF protocol interface levels are:

4

The z/OS V2R5 level (long-running command support)

4

The z/OS V2R4 level (long-running command support)

4

The z/OS V2R3 level (long-running command support)

4

The z/OS V2R2 level (enhanced log and enhanced status APIs)

4

The z/OS V2R1 level (extended directory)

4

The z/OS V1R13 level (enhanced connect)

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00640E

Failed sending the *msgname* initialization message to system *sysname*. Please restart.

Explanation

zFS could not send a required initialization XCF message to the specified system. Initialization terminates. Restart zFS by responding R to console message BPXF032D.

In the message text:

msgname

The message name. This is an internal XCF message defined by zFS. This information can be used by IBM service.

sysname

The system name zFS attempted to send the internal XCF message to.

System action

The program ends. zFS file systems might be unmounted or moved in a sysplex.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Examine the console log for system *sysname* to see if there are any outstanding operator responses required. Try to determine why system *sysname* is not able to receive XCF messages. After zFS is restarted, you might need to mount any zFS file systems that were unmounted.

IOEZ00641I

Cannot attach aggregate *Aggrname* in R/O mode due to incomplete clone.

Explanation

zFS cannot attach the specified aggregate in R/O mode because there is an incomplete clone from a prior mount of the aggregate.

In the message text:

Aggrname

Aggregate name.

System action:

Mount of the aggregate fails.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

The aggregate needs to be mounted/attached in R/W mode to allow the incomplete clone to be deleted. The delete of the incomplete clone will automatically be attempted by zFS when the aggregate is mounted R/W.

IOEZ00642I

Mounting filesystem filesystemname is delayed, SMS is not active.

Explanation

The Storage Management Subsystem is not active. zFS will wait for up to one minute for SMS to become active, and then the mount will fail if SMS is still not active.

In the message text:

filesystemname

File system being mounted.

System action:

The mount fails if SMS is not active after one minute.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

If SMS is not active, consult SMS diagnostics to determine the cause. This can be a temporary situation due to a long running SMS user exit. This situation may clear itself. If the mount fails, you will need to mount the file system after SMS becomes active to make it available.

IOEZ00643I

The value for configuration option *ConfigOption* is: *Progname*: *Prodname*Featurename Version Version Service Level SLV Created on Date.

Explanation

This message is issued when the level of zFS is queried using the CONFIGQUERY command. The system returns the product name, feature name, version, release, modification level, service level and creation date of the zFS program.

In the message text:

ConfigOption

Option name.

Progname

Program name.

Featurename

Feature name.

Prodname

Product name.

Version

Product version.release.prodname.modification level.

SLV

Product service level.

Date

Date and time the Daemon was created.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00644I

The value for configuration option *ConfigOption* is: *Progname*: *Prodname*Featurename Version Version Service Level SLV Created on Date
Syslevel.

Explanation

This message is issued when the level of zFS is queried using the CONFIGQUERY command. The system returns the product name, feature name, version, release, modification level, service level and creation date of the zFS program.

In the message text:

ConfigOption

Option name.

Progname

Program name.

Prodnamd

Product name.

Featurename

Feature name.

Version

Product version.release.prodname.modification level.

SLV

Product service level.

Date

Date and time the Daemon was created.

Syslevel

Sysplex functionality name\interface level.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00645A

Error code initializing the zFS kernel control program.

Explanation

The zFS kernel control program IOEFSCM encountered an unexpected error during initialization.

In the message text:

code

Error code for the initialization failure.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response:

None; the internal error would be reported by prior messages and dumps.

IOEZ00646I

zFS Kernel is restarting numfilesys file systems.

Explanation

zFS had an internal failure and is recovering from that failure. This message will remain on the operator's console until zFS has internally re-processed every file system that was mounted at the time of the failure.

In the message text:

numfilesys

Number of mounted file systems.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

None; the internal error would be reported by prior messages and dumps.

IOEZ00650I

Successfully changed the attribute of aggregate aggregate_name.

Explanation

The aggregate attribute was updated successfully.

aggregate_name

Name of the aggregate.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00651E

The -aggregate option must be specified.

Explanation

The -aggregate option is a required option for the **zfsadm chaggr** command.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Retry the command specifying the -aggregate option.

IOEZ00652E

aggregate_name is not mounted.

Explanation

zFS attributes can only be changed for aggregates which are mounted.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

Name of the aggregate.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Ensure that the name of the aggregate is entered correctly, and that it is the name of a mounted HFS-compatibility mode aggregate. Try the command again.

IOEZ00653E

The attribute for aggregate aggregate_name could not be updated. The operation fails with error code=ErrorCode and reason code=ReasonCode.

Explanation

An error was encountered during the attempt to update the aggregate attribute.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

Name of the aggregate.

ErrorCode

The error code.

ReasonCode

The reason code.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

If the error cannot be resolved, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00655E

Syntax error in the argument of the -aggrgrow option - argument.

Explanation

There is a syntax error in the value that is specified for the argument on the -aggrgrow option of the **zfsadm chaggr** command. The incorrect value is shown in the message.

In the message text:

argument

The argument in error.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the argument and retry the command.

IOEZ00657E

Syntax error with aggregate -aggrfull parameter - parm_name.

Explanation

An aggregate attribute could not be updated because the -aggrfull option of the **zfsadm chaggr** command is improperly specified. See *z/OS File System Administration* for a description of the valid values for -aggrfull.

In the message text:

parm_name

The -aggrfull parameter in error.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the value and try the command again.

IOEZ00658E

Timeout exceeded for *Operation* operation. A reply was not received from system *System*.

Explanation

A reply was not received within the timeout period for an operation.

In the message text:

Operation

Name of the operation.

System

Name of the system.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Use the information in the message that refers to the system that is not responding and determine the status of that system. Check the console of the system not responding for outstanding messages and act accordingly.

IOEZ00659E

Timeout exceeded for the *Operation* operation on *Name*. A reply was not received from system *System* operation.

Explanation

A reply was not received within the timeout period for an operation.

In the message text:

Operation

Name of the operation.

Name

Name of the file system or aggregate.

System

Name of the system.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Use the information in the message that refers to the system that is not responding and determine the status of that system. For problem determination, use z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Reference.

IOEZ00660I

There is Numtasks task(s) delayed outside zFS while Action_object.

Explanation

One or more tasks running in zFS have called a system service to perform an operation. The operation is, for example, enqueue waiting for the specified data set. However, this operation has not yet returned to zFS and the delay has caused the hang detector to suspect a problem.

In the message text:

Numtasks

Number of tasks.

Action_object

The action phrase and object of action. The osi_ctl interface calls for dub, getmntstatus, quiesce, updatefilesys, and unquiesce. For more information, see z/OS UNIX System Services Planning.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

Try to correct the problem using the troubleshooting procedures for the operation specified. If the *Action_object* is:

- calling ISGQUERY, see z/OS MVS Planning: Global Resource Serialization
- calling an MVS sysplex service macro, zFS has called a sysplex service macro, such as IXCMSGI, IXCMSGO, IXCDELET, IXCLEAVE, IXCJOIN or IXCQUERY. See z/OS MVS Programming: Sysplex Services Reference.
- deleting ACEE, getting ACEE, or setting ACEE, see z/OS Security Server RACF Callable Services.
- enqueuing dataset, see z/OS MVS Planning: Global Resource Serialization.
- freeing storage or obtaining storage, see z/OS MVS Diagnosis: Tools and Service Aids. For information about the STORAGE macro, see z/OS MVS Programming: Assembler Services Reference IAR-XCT.
- performing security check, see <u>z/OS Security Server RACF Diagnosis Guide</u> or the corresponding documentation, if you are using a different security product.
- writing to the console, see <u>z/OS MVS Diagnosis</u>: Tools and Service Aids. For information about the WTO macro, see <u>z/OS MVS Programming</u>: Assembler Services Reference IAR-XCT.

IOEZ00661I

zFS has a slow running XCF request on systems: Systemnames.

Explanation

The zFS hang detector identified that a thread sent a message to another member of the sysplex, as indicated in the list, and the thread has been running slowly for a time period that causes the hang detector to suspect a problem.

In the message text:

Systemnames

List of system names.

System action

This message is written to the console and then deleted (DOMed) when the target system responds.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Monitor the situation by issuing **f zfs,query,threads** to view thread states. This information appears in the system log and displays system status. If your trace data set is set up, issue **f zfs,trace,print** to gather trace information. Check the other members of the sysplex for an obvious reason for the wait. If the problem persists, contact your service representative. For information about setting up the trace data set, see the topic about Performance and debugging in *z/OS File System Administration*.

IOEZ00662I

ZFS is low on storage.

Explanation:

zFS has determined that less than 60 MB of storage is remaining in the address space. While in this condition, storage requests related to the creation of new vnodes (file structures) and new mounts of file systems will fail.

System action:

The program continues. New mounts of zFS file system will fail.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response

It is possible to see this message the first time you define zFS or as the result of changes to the IOEFSPRM cache size options. If this is the case, check your initial or new IOEFSPRM settings, lower the cache sizes, and then try restarting zFS. See the settings for IOEFSPRM in z/OS File System Administration.

Issue **f** zfs, query, storage to get a storage report and determine what resources are using unnecessary storage. Take steps to limit the storage being used by that area. Consider restarting zFS to return to a more stable environment. Continue to monitor the situation. If the situation becomes unacceptable, take dumps of the z/OS UNIX and zFS address spaces and call IBM Service. For information about limiting storage and obtaining a dump, see the topic about Performance and debugging in z/OS File System Administration.

IOEZ00663I

ZFS is critically low on storage.

Explanation:

zFS has determined that less than 20 MB of storage is remaining in the address space. While in this condition, all zFS storage requests related to the creation of new vnodes (file structures), or new mounts of file systems will fail.

System action:

The program continues. New mounts of zFS file system will fail.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response

It is possible to see this message the first time you define zFS or as the result of changes to the IOEFSPRM cache size options. If this is the case, check your initial or new IOEFSPRM settings, lower the cache sizes, and then try restarting zFS. See the settings for <u>IOEFSPRM</u> in *z/OS File System Administration*.

Issue **f** zfs,query,storage to get a storage report and determine what resources are using unnecessary storage. Take steps to limit the storage being used by that area. Consider restarting zFS to return to a more stable environment. Continue to monitor the situation. If the situation becomes unacceptable, take dumps of the

z/OS UNIX and zFS address spaces and call IBM Service. For information about limiting storage and obtaining a dump, see the topic on Performance and debugging in z/OS File System Administration.

IOEZ00664E

Space monitoring initialization for Name has failed.

Explanation

zFS either has an internal error or a lack of storage that was detected when attempting to initialize the necessary environment for space monitoring.

In the message text:

Name

Aggregate name or file system name.

System action

The program continues. The mounted file system's space usage will not be monitored.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

If you see messages IOEZ00662I or IOEZ00663I before this message is issued, try lowering storage usage and remounting. For more information about lowering storage, see the topic about <u>Performance and debugging</u> in *z/OS File System Administration*.

If you do not see messages IOEZ00662I or IOEZ00663I before this message being issued, contact IBM Service.

IOEZ00665E

Restarting local system Sysname for correction.

Explanation

A local system is performing correction and has determined that it must restart itself. In the message text:

Sysname

Name of the local system performing validation.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00666E

zFS kernel will be restarted automatically for a correction request from Sysname.

Explanation

A remote system performing validation has requested that the local system restart to correct a problem.

In the message text:

Sysname

Name of the remote system performing validation.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

IOEZ00667I

ZFS suppressing a dump for an error condition.

Explanation:

zFS has encountered an error condition that normally causes a system dump. However, zFS has determined that it is already taking a dump on another task. Therefore, the dump for this error is being suppressed.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Ensure a zFS dump is produced automatically. If not, see the troubleshooting procedures in z/OS File System Administration.

IOEZ00668I

zFS Configuration option configoption is obsolete and is not used.

Explanation

The specified configuration option is obsolete. It is not needed anymore and is ignored by zFS. Values can be set and queried, but they are not used by zFS processing.

In the messages text:

configoption

zFS configuration option that is obsolete.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

There is no need to specify or query this configuration option.

IOEZ00670I

Starting FSINFO command.

Explanation:

The FSINFO command is now processing. There will be an IOEZ00849I message indicating that the display from this modify command is completed.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00671E

Bad file system name filesys_name passed to FSINFO.

Explanation:

zFS could not open the specified file system for FSINFO processing. It was not a valid file system name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00674E

zFS failed to obtain critical ENQ on resource *ResName*. Rc and rsn are *rc* and *rsn*. zFS terminating.

Explanation

zFS is unable to perform initialization because it cannot obtain a GRS ENQ on the specified resource name with quame SYSZIOEZ. To fix this problem you must determine the cause. For example, another zFS in the sysplex could be holding the ENQ or there could be XCF communication problems in the sysplex.

ResName

The resource name that could not be obtained.

rc

zFS return code.

rsn

zFS reason code.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

Examine the state of the sysplex and take corrective action as appropriate.

IOEZ00675E

zFS will terminate... system Sysname1 does not support the following feature(s) used by this system (Sysname2) feature_list.

Explanation

The initializing system is using a feature that is not supported by the named system. zFS on the initializing system terminates. This message is issued on the initializing system.

Sysname1

The remote system that is already active, but does support the features required by the system trying to initialize.

Svsname2

The local system that is trying to initialize.

feature list

The list of features used by the initializing system (*Sysname2*), which are not supported by the remote system. If the feature name is *sysplex=filesys*, see the topic about <u>Using zFS in a shared file system</u> environment in *z/OS File System Administration*.

System action:

zFS initialization terminates.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

Either apply service to Sysname1 and retry, or remove the use of the indicated features from Sysname2 and retry. For more information, see the topic on applying required APARs in z/OS File System Administration.

IOEZ00676E

zFS on Sysname1 should be terminated... it does not support the following feature(s) used by this system (Sysname2) feature_list.

Explanation

The named system is initializing and does not support a feature used by this system. The zFS on the initializing system terminates. Otherwise, zFS on the initializing system should be terminated with the MODIFY OMVS,STOPPFS=ZFS operator command. This message is issued on the remote system.

Sysname1

The initializing system that does not have support.

Sysname2

The local system using features that are not supported by the initializing system.

feature_list

The list of features used by the local system (*Sysname2*), which are not supported by the remote (initializing) system. If the feature name is *sysplex=filesys*, see the topic on <u>Using zFS in a shared file system environment</u> in *z/OS File System Administration*.

System action:

zFS initialization terminates.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

If zFS on the initializing system does not terminate on its own, then stop zFS with the MODIFY OMVS,STOPPFS=ZFS operator command. Apply the necessary service to the initializing system (Sysname1) and retry. If you need to run Sysname1 without the necessary service, do not use the feature in feature_list on Sysname2.

IOEZ00677E

zFS will terminate... system *Sysname1* uses feature(s) not supported by the initializing system (*Sysname2*).

Explanation

The named system (Sysname1) is using a feature that is not supported by the initializing system (Sysname2). The zFS on the initializing system terminates. This message is issued on the initializing system (Sysname2).

Sysname1

The remote system using feature that is not supported.

Sysname2

The local (initializing) system that does not have support for the feature that Sysname1 is using.

System action:

zFS initialization terminates.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

Inspect the *feature_list* field of message IOEZ00676E on the remote system to determine which support is missing. Apply service to the initializing system to provide the missing support and retry.

IOEZ00678E

Aggregate Aggregate_name has reached the maximum architected size.

Explanation

The specified aggregate has reached the maximum architected size and can no longer be grown. The maximum architected size for a version 1.4 aggregate is approximately 4TB. The maximum architected size for a version 1.5 aggregate is approximately 16 TB.

Aggregate_name

Is the name of the aggregate

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

If more space is needed for the aggregate, you should consider moving some of its files and directories to another file system. If the aggregate is version 1.4, you can also consider converting the aggregate to version

1.5. For more information about maximum aggregate sizes, see the section on minimum and maximum file system sizes in z/OS File System Administration .

IOEZ00700E

Aggregate aggregate_name is disabled for writing.

Explanation

The specified aggregate is disabled for writing. The aggregate must be unmounted before it can be salvaged. The aggregate is disabled because there were I/O errors to the aggregate or because the zFS kernel had an internal error that affected the aggregate structures on disk. It is important to successfully unmount the aggregate so that no corrupted structures exist in the zFS kernel for the aggregate and to allow log file recovery to run. Doing this ensures that the aggregate starts without errors on the next mount.

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate

System action

The salvage operation terminates.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Unmount the aggregate and then run ioeagslv utility against the aggregate.

IOEZ00701E

Could not read 8K page block number from aggregate aggregate name..

Explanation

An error occurred that prevented the salvage program from reading the specified block. This probably means that the aggregate cannot be repaired, or possibly that significant amounts of information will be lost in the aggregate.

block number

block number

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate

System action:

The salvage operation terminates.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

If the problem is due to an I/O error, zFS issues additional messages. Correct the I/O errors before proceeding.

IOEZ00702E

Errors encountered verifying AFL on aggregate aggregate_name.

Explanation

An error occurred while the salvage program was verifying the AFL (aggregate file system list) on the aggregate. The aggregate cannot be salvaged. This message is intended for IBM service personnel and is preceded by messages that indicate what errors occurred while verifying the AFL.

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate

System action

The salvage operation terminates.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Restore the aggregate from a backup copy.

IOEZ00703E Corruption: description.

Explanation

The salvage program found that the aggregate is corrupted. The description provided in the message is intended for IBM service. Additional messages indicate the action taken by the salvage program; for example, whether the salvage program continues or not based on the severity of the error.

description

Text describing the corrupted data

System action:

The salvage operation continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Examine subsequent messages provided by the salvage utility to determine whether action is required.

IOEZ00704E Expected: text.

Explanation

The salvage program found that the aggregate is corrupted. A preceding message shows the corrupted values in a region of the aggregate. This message shows the expected values in the specified region of the aggregate. This message is intended for IBM service. Additional messages follow that indicate the action taken by the salvage utility.

In the message text:

text

Text describing the expected values

System action:

The salvage operation continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Examine subsequent messages provided by the salvage utility to determine whether action is required.

IOEZ00705I

Formatted aggregate_version aggregate size formatted_size 8K blocks, data set size VSAM_size 8K blocks, HFS_migration_status migrated from HFS.

Explanation

This message displays the aggregate version, formatted size, in 8 K blocks, of the aggregate (the amount that the zFS format utility has formatted), the current initialized (used) size of the data set that contains the zFS aggregate, and the HFS migration state of the aggregate.

aggregate_version

The aggregate version number.

formatted size

The formatted size.

HFS_migration_status

Was or was not migrated from HFS.

VSAM size

The size of the VSAM data set,

System action:

The salvage operation continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00707I

Log file size number_blocks 8K blocks, verified correct.

Explanation

The log file was found to be correct during an aggregate salvage operation.

number blocks

The size of the log file in 8 KB blocks

System action:

The salvage operation continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00708E

Log file on aggregate aggregate_name is corrupted.

Explanation

The salvage operation found that the log file on the aggregate is corrupted. The salvage operation cannot complete and the aggregate will need to be restored from a backup. This message is intended for IBM service personnel and is preceded by messages that indicate what errors occurred while verifying the log file.

In the message text:

aggregate name

The name of the aggregate

System action:

The salvage operation ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Restore the aggregate from a backup copy.

IOEZ00709I

Bitmap size number_blocks 8K blocks, verified correct.

Explanation

An aggregate salvage operation found the bitmap to be correct.

In the message text:

number_blocks

The size of the bitmap in 8-KB blocks

System action:

The salvage operation continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00710E

Bitmap on aggregate aggregate_name is corrupted.

Explanation

The block allocation bitmap on the aggregate is corrupted and the salvage operation cannot be completed. The aggregate must be restored from a backup. This message is intended for IBM service personnel and is preceded by messages that indicate what errors occurred while the salvage operation was verifying the bitmap structure.

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate

System action:

The salvage operation ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Restore the aggregate from a backup copy.

IOEZ00711I

Aggregate aggregate_name successfully operation_name. .

Explanation

An aggregate was successfully verified or repaired by the **zfsadm** salvage command.

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

operation_name

The operation that was performed.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00712E

Could not salvage aggregate aggregate_name because it could not be found.

Explanation

The specified aggregate either does not exist, cannot be accessed, or is not a zFS aggregate.

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Provide the name of a zFS aggregate and try the program again.

IOEZ00713E

Error *ErrorCode* reason code *ReasonCode* received salvaging aggregate aggregate_name.

Explanation

An aggregate could not be salvaged due to an unexpected error, or possibly the aggregate was busy with another command or operation.

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

ErrorCode

The error code that was received.

ReasonCode

The reason code that was received.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

If there are no other commands or operations running against the aggregate, and the problem continues, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00715E

Open for aggregate aggregate_name failed with code=ErrorCode reason code=ReasonCode.

Explanation

An attempt to open the specified aggregate failed with the specified return code and reason code.

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

ErrorCode

The error code that was received.

ReasonCode

The reason code that was received.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Correct the problem based on the reason code. If the problem cannot be resolved, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00718I

ZFS is low on recovery tasks.

Explanation:

zFS has determined that 80%, or more, of the recovery tasks in the address space are actively performing recovery actions.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

A large number of zFS operations have been canceled, causing recovery actions to take place. Either these actions are not being done in a timely manner, or there is a system problem that will soon drastically affect the ability of zFS to properly perform its operations. You should begin looking for the cause of all these cancel actions.

IOEZ00719I

ZFS is critically low on recovery tasks.

Explanation:

zFS has determined that 95%, or more, of the recovery tasks in the address space are actively performing recovery actions. While in this condition, all zFS operations will be failed with return code EBUSY (114) and reason EF8D6A2A. This will continue until the situation is resolved.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

A large number of zFS operations have been canceled, causing recovery actions to take place. Either these actions are not being done in a timely manner, or there is a system problem that will soon drastically affect the ability of zFS to properly perform its operations. You should begin looking for the cause of all these cancel actions.

IOEZ00720I

Initializing system *SysName* will not be allowed to join the sysplex. It is not running sysplex=filesys.

Explanation

There is at least one member in the sysplex running z/OS R13 or higher. zFS requires all other members to be either at z/OS R13 or higher or to be running sysplex=filesys.

In the message text:

SysName

Initializing system that is not running sysplex=filesys.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

zFS on the initializing system will terminate. To correct this problem, either remove all z/OS R13 or higher members from the sysplex or specify sysplex=filesys for the initializing system and retry the operation.

IOEZ00721I

Sysplex member *SysName* is not running sysplex=filesys. zFS on this initializing member will terminate.

Explanation

The initializing member is running z/OS R13 or later. It has found that the named member is not running sysplex=filesys. zFS does not allow a z/OS R13 or higher member to join a sysplex where there are members that are not running sysplex=filesys. All z/OS R13 or later members run sysplex=filesys. z/OS R12 members must specify sysplex=filesys.

In the message text:

SysName

Active system that is not running sysplex=filesys.

System action

zFS initialization terminates

Severity:

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response:

zFS on the initializing z/OS R13 or later system will terminate. To correct this problem, either remove all z/OS R12 members that are not running sysplex=filesys or restart them with sysplex=filesys and retry the operation.

IOEZ00722I

Primary file system size size 8K blocks, verified correct.

Explanation

The primary file system was found to be correct during an aggregate salvage operation.

In the message text:

size

The size of the primary file system in 8-KB blocks

System action:

The salvage operation continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00723E

Primary file system on aggregate aggregate_name is corrupted.

Explanation

The primary file system is corrupted. See message IOEZ00734E or IOEZ00735I to determine if the aggregate has repairable (minor) or severe (major) corruptions. For repairable (minor) corruptions, run the salvage program without any options to repair the aggregate. For severe (major) corruptions, the salvage operation cannot be completed. The aggregate must be restored from a backup copy. This message is intended for IBM service personnel and is preceded by messages that indicate what errors occurred while the salvage operation was verifying the primary file system.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate

System action:

The salvage operation ends if the aggregate has severe (major) corruptions. The salvage operation continues if the aggregate has repairable (minor) corruptions.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Restore the aggregate from a backup copy if the aggregate has severe (major) corruptions.

IOEZ00724I

Could not automatically re-enable disabled aggregate AggrName.

Explanation

An attempt was made to dynamically re-enable a disabled aggregate, but this failed. This could be due to the aggregate containing more than one file system, or necessary storage is not available to re-enable the file system, or the re-enablement failed for some reason.

In the message text:

AggrName

Name of the disabled aggregate that could not be remounted

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

If message IOEZ00662I <u>"IOEZ00662I"</u> on page 109 or IOEZ00663I <u>"IOEZ00663I"</u> on page 109 is present, then refer to the Administrator Action section of the message for the required steps to take. If not, then the aggregate may have to be manually unmounted and mounted.

IOEZ00725I

Automatic re-enablement of file system FileSys complete.

Explanation

After the owning aggregate for the specified file system became disabled, the file system was successfully re-enabled.

In the message text:

FileSys

Name of the file system

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00726I

Waiting for recovery of *number* in-progress operations for filesystem *FilesystemName*.

Explanation

The zFS kernel program IOEFSKN encountered a terminating exception. The zFS kernel program will wait up to 5 minutes for *number* user file requests to recover before proceeding with kernel program termination. The controller program IOEFSCM will automatically restart the zFS kernel program after the user file requests have completed their recovery. If the user file operations recovery is not completed the controller program will terminate the kernel program and request that z/OS UNIX System Services restart the zFS PFS.

In the message text:

number

The number of in-progress operations

FilesystemName

The name of the file system

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00727I

Pre-processing Numvnodes vnodes for file system restart.

Explanation

zFS has restarted after a terminating exception, and is preprocessing the list of vnodes present at the time of zFS termination. A vnode is the internal structure that represents a file or directory in zFS. Because z/OS UNIX has direct references to these vnodes, zFS has to maintain them across an internal restart. zFS has to inspect each vnode; if z/OS UNIX is no longer referencing it, then it is discarded. If it is still in use by z/OS UNIX, then it is re-initialized and will be re-cached into the zFS vnode cache for later processing after its corresponding file system is internally remounted.

In the message text:

Numvnodes

Number of vnodes that were present at zFS termination.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc c sev notice

Administrator Response:

None; the internal error would be reported by prior messages and dumps.

IOEZ00728I

Resuming user operations for file system *FileSys* Waking *NumTasks* waiting tasks Recached *Numvnodes* vnodes for this file system.

Explanation

zFS has restarted after a terminating exception, and has re-readied the named file system for operation; user operations are resumed for this file system.

In the message text:

FileSys

File system being resumed.

NumTasks

Number of tasks that were waiting to access the file system.

Numvnodes

Number of vnodes that had to be recached into the zFS vnode cache for this file system.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None; the internal error would be reported by prior messages and dumps.

IOEZ00729I

Verification of aggregate aggregate_name started.

Explanation

A salvage operation has started to verify the aggregate with the name aggregate_name.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

System action:

The salvage operation continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00730I

Verification of aggregate aggregate_name completed, no errors found.

Explanation

A salvage operation has finished verifying the aggregate with the name aggregate_name and found no errors.

In the message text:

aggregate name

The name of the aggregate.

System action:

The salvage operation ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00731I

zFS internal restart complete.

Explanation:

zFS has restarted after a terminating exception, and has re-readied all mounted file systems for operation, all user operations are resumed and zFS is fully operational.

System action:

The program (IOEFSCM) continues.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

None.

IOEZ00733I

Verification of aggregate aggregate_name completed and the aggregate is in error.

Explanation

A salvage operation has finished verifying the aggregate with the name aggregate_name. It found some errors with the aggregate. The errors can be repaired.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate

System action:

The salvage operation ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

This message should have been preceded by other messages identifying the errors that were found. Run the salvager program with default options to repair the aggregate.

IOEZ00734E

Verification of aggregate aggregate-name stopped with return code ReturnCode due to major error(s).

Explanation

The salvager program encountered one of the following errors during verification and could not continue. The return code is *ReturnCode*. If the return code is EIO(122), the salvager program could not read or write the DASD. If the return code is ENOMEM(132), the salvager program ran out of storage. If the return code is EMVSERR(157), the salvager program had an internal error. A return code of 12 indicates the salvager program found an unrepairable error in the disk structures.

In the message text:

aggregate-name

The name of the aggregate

ReturnCode

The catalog service return code.

System action:

The salvage operation terminates.

Severity:

Administrator Response:

Use the return code to determine why salvager failed. If the return code is ENOMEM(132), then try to increase MEMLIMIT of the job and rerun salvager. If the return code is EMVSERR(157), then contact IBM service personnel. If the return code is 12, then restore the aggregate from a backup copy.

IOEZ00735I

Salvage found number minor errors in aggregate aggregate_name.

Explanation

A salvage operation found *number* repairable errors on the aggregate named aggregate_name.

In the message text:

number

The number of errors found

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate

System action:

The salvage operation ends.

Severity:

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response:

Run the salvager program with default options to repair the aggregate.

IOEZ00736I

zFS kernel initiated at *StartTime* Current status: *Status* Internal restart count *RestartCount RestartTime*.

Explanation

This message is a response to the MODIFY ZFS,QUERY,STATUS command. It shows the time (in GMT) when the zFS address space was started, the current status of the zFS address space, how many times zFS has internally restarted due to a severe internal error or due to the MODIFY ZFS,ABORT command, the time (in GMT) when it was last restarted if RestartCount is greater than zero.

In the message text:

StartTime

GMT date/time when the zFS address space was created

Status

Current status of zFS: initializing, shutting down, aborting, active, or internal remount

RestartCount

Number of times zFS has internally restarted

RestartTime

GMT date and time of the last zFS internal restart, if the internal restart count is greater than zero.

System action

The program (IOEFSCM) continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00739I

Salvage processed d_pages directory pages, anodes anodes, i_blocks indirect blocks and a_pages anode table pages.

Explanation

The salvage operation displays the numbers of directory pages, anodes, indirect blocks and anode table pages it found.

In the message text:

d_pages

The number of directory pages found

anodes

The number of anodes found

i_blocks

The number of indirect blocks found

a_pages

The number of anode table pages found

System action

Salvage operation continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None

IOEZ00740E

Internal remount of file system FileSys failed.

Explanation

zFS has restarted and an attempt to internally remount the named file system has failed.

In the message text:

FileSys

Name of the file system.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Remount the file system without switching modes. If the problem persists, restart ZFS.

IOEZ00741I

zFS is currently running at sysplex=filesys. You have specified sysplex=on. You should change your zFS configuration options file specification to sysplex=filesys and also specify sysplex_filesys_sharemode=rwshare.

Explanation

zFS in z/OS V1R13 or later always runs sysplex=filesys, independently of your sysplex= specification in your IOEFSPRM. In addition, since you have specified sysplex=on and you have not specified sysplex_filesys_sharemode, zFS is running with sysplex_filesys_sharemode=rwshare in order to be similar to sysplex=on (all zFS read-write file systems are mounted sysplex-aware by default).

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

Update the zFS configuration options file, as indicated in the message text.

IOEZ00742I

zFS is currently running at sysplex=filesys. You have specified sysplex=off. You should change your zFS configuration options file specification to sysplex=filesys.

Explanation

zFS is running sysplex=filesys. Specify sysplex=filesys so that your IOEFSPRM is not misleading. In addition, since you specified sysplex=off and you did not specify sysplex_filesys_sharemode, you should verify that the default sysplex_filesys_sharemode=norwshare is what you want.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

Verify the settings in the zFS configuration options file, as indicated in the message text.

IOEZ00743I

zFS is currently running at sysplex=filesys. You have not specified sysplex=filesys. You should change your zFS configuration options file specification to sysplex=filesys.

Explanation

zFS in z/OS V1R13 or later always runs sysplex=filesys, independently of your sysplex= specification in your IOEFSPRM. In addition, you have specified sysplex_filesys_sharemode, so zFS is running with that option.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Change the settings in the zFS configuration options file, as indicated in the message text.

IOEZ00744E

Time limit exceeded for recovery of in-progress operations for filesystem *FileSys*.

Explanation

zFS has taken a terminating exception, and the zFS kernel program IOEFSKN has waited 5 minutes for inprogress user file operations to recover before proceeding with IOEFSKN termination. Since recovery was not performed within the 5 minute window, IOEFSKN termination will proceed but zFS will stop and be restarted by z/OS UNIX instead of internally restarting.

In the message text:

FileSys

Name of the file system.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00745E

Automatic re-enablement of file system *FileSys* failed, rc=*ReturnCode* rsn=*ReasonCode*.

Explanation

The aggregate containing the specified file system has become disabled. zFS attempted to internally remount the file system with samemode. This internal remount failed with the specified values. zFS will attempt this remount several times. If it continues to fail, then message IOEZ00746E will be issued.

In the message text:

FileSys

Name of the file system.

ReturnCode

Return code of the remount request.

ReasonCode

Reason code of the remount request.

System action

The salvage operation terminates.

Severity

The program continues.

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00746E

Automatic re-enablement of file system *FileSys* halted after repeated failures.

Explanation

zFS has repeatedly attempted to internally remount the disabled aggregate with samemode or move the aggregate to another sysplex member, and each attempt has failed. zFS will no longer attempt to remount or move it.

In the message text:

FileSvs

Name of the file system.

System action

The salvage operation terminates.

Severity

The program continues.

Administrator Response

You should unmount the file system, and then run ioeagsly against this aggregate, as it could be corrupted. Then, mount the file system again.

IOEZ00747I

Automatically re-enabling file system FileSys.

Explanation

zFS is attempting to internally remount the disabled aggregate with samemode.

In the message text:

FileSys

Name of the file system.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

The aggregate is temporarily disabled due to an internal zFS error. File requests will fail while the aggregate is disabled. zFS will attempt to re-enable the aggregate automatically. When the aggregate is re-enabled, the file can be closed and reopened and the request can be attempted again. If zFS cannot re-enable the aggregate automatically, you will need to unmount/mount or remount the aggregate before the file request can be attempted again.

IOEZ00750E

Support for multi-file system aggregates has been removed; attach or mount of aggrname is denied.

Explanation

Multi-file system aggregates are no longer supported.

In the message text:

aggrname

The name of the aggregate.

System action

The salvage operation terminates.

Severity

The program continues.

Administrator Response

Specify a compatibility mode aggregate and retry the operation.

IOEZ00751I

mountparm is no longer a supported mount parm. It is ignored.

Explanation

The specified mount parameter is no longer supported.

In the message text:

mountparm

The mount parameter that is no longer supported.

System action

The mount parameter is ignored.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

Either ignore this message or remove the mount parameter specified.

IOEZ00752E

Verification of aggregate terminated because error limit *max_errors* exceeded.

Explanation

A salvage operation encountered more errors than the salvage parameter MAX_ERRORS allows, and cannot continue.

In the message text:

max_errors

The value of the MAX_ERRORS salvage parameter

System action

The salvage operation ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Restore the aggregate from a backup or increase the value of the MAX_ERRORS parameter in the IOEFSPRM file.

IOEZ00753I

Salvage is repairing anode table pages.

Explanation

A salvage operation found corrupted anode table pages and is repairing them.

System action

The salvage repair operation continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00754I

Salvage is repairing partially free list.

Explanation

A salvage operation found that the anode table partially free list is corrupted, and is repairing it.

System action

The salvage repair operation continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00755I

Salvage is repairing the ZLC list.

Explanation

A salvage operation found that the zero link count list (ZLC) is corrupted and is repairing it.

System action

The salvage repair operation continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00756I

Salvage is repairing file, directory, and ACL objects.

Explanation

A salvage operation found errors with one or more objects in the file system and is repairing those objects.

System action

The salvage repair operation continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00757I

Salvage is repairing bitmap pages.

Explanation

A salvage operation found errors in the contents of the bitmap, and is repairing the pages of the bitmap found to be in error.

System action

The salvage repair operation continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00758I

Salvage repaired *anode* anode table pages, *p_free* partially free pages, *zlc* zlc pages, *indirect* indirect blocks.

Explanation

A salvage operation repaired the numbers of anode table pages, partially free pages, zlc pages and indirect blocks indicated.

In the message text:

anode

The number of anode table pages repaired

p_free

The number of partially free pages repaired

zlc

The number of zlc pages repaired

indirect

The number of indirect blocks repaired

System action

The salvage operation continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00759I

Salvage found number corruptions of security attributes.

Explanation

A salvage operation found damaged security objects stored on disk; for example, ACLs and stored SAF security packets. After repair, some users' access to some file system objects could change: a user might have access to an object that was originally denied, or might not have access to an object that was originally allowed.

In the message text:

number

The number of security objects that were damaged

System action

The salvage operation continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

Based on the file system being repaired and the level of security required for that file system, decide whether to use the repaired file system.

IOEZ00760I

No IOEZPRM DD specified. Parmlib search being used.

Explanation

The JCL used to run the salvager program did not include a IOEZPRM DD statement. Therefore, the parmlib concatenation is being searched for the IOEPRMxx members that contain the zFS configuration options for your system. The configuration options can include options for the salvager program.

System action

The salvage operation continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00761E

Specified PARM too long, length = length. .

Explanation

The PARM string is too long. The length of the specified string is given in the message. The maximum length is 1024 characters.

In the message text:

length

The length of the string.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the problem and resubmit the job. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00762E

Error in PARM specification string.

Explanation

There is an error in the PARM, as specified in the message. In the message text:

string

The PARM string.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the problem and resubmit the job. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00763E

Suffix at position position too long.

Explanation

The specified suffix starting in the specified column position is too long.

In the message text:

position

The position of the error.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the problem and resubmit the job. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00764E

Comma or right paren expected at position position.

Explanation

Either a comma or a right parenthesis should have been in the specified column position, but is not.

In the message text:

position

The position of the error.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Correct the problem and resubmit the job. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00765E

Suffix at position position not two alphanumeric chars.

Explanation

The specified suffix should be two characters long, but is not. The suffix specification should be in the specified column position.

In the message text:

position

The position of the error.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the problem and resubmit the job. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00766E

No suffixes found at position position.

Explanation

No valid parmlib suffix specification was found at the specified position.

In the message text:

position

The position of the error.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the problem and resubmit the job. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00767E

No closing paren found at position position.

Explanation

A closing parenthesis was not found where one was expected, in the specified column position.

In the message text:

position

The position of the error.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the problem and resubmit the job. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00768E

No open paren found at position position.

Explanation

Parmlib suffix specifications require parentheses around them. There is no opening parenthesis found. It is expected in the specified column position.

In the message text:

position

The position of the error.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the problem and resubmit the job. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00769E

No equals sign found at position position.

Explanation

Parmlib suffix specifications require an equals sign. It is expected in the specified column position.

In the message text:

position

The position of the error.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the problem and resubmit the job. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00770E

Extra characters were found at position position.

Explanation

Extra characters are not allowed. They start in the specified column.

In the message text:

position

The position of the error.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the problem and resubmit the job. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00771E

PRM not found at position position.

Explanation

No PRM was found for parmlib suffix specifications. It is expected in the specified column.

In the message text:

position

The position of the error.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the problem and resubmit the job. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00773E

Failed to initialize storage, ending.

Explanation

Failed to set up for storage management. The program terminates.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Check the region size specified in the JCL. Correct the problem and resubmit the job. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00774E

Open for aggregate aggregate_name failed with code=return_code. Aggregate may be attached.

Explanation

An attempt to open the specified aggregate failed with the specified return code. The problem might be that the aggregate is already mounted or attached.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate

return_code

The return code

System action

The salvage operation ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Use the **zfsadm lsaggr** command to see if the aggregate is attached. If it is, use the UNMOUNT command to unmount the file system, and resubmit the job. If the problem persists, or if the aggregate is not attached, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00775E

The required SYSPRINT DD card has a problem code=return_code.

Explanation

Either the SYSPRINT DD statement is missing from the JCL used to run the salvager program, or the salvager program has found a problem with the SYSPRINT DD statement.

In the message text:

return_code

The return code

System action

The salvage operation ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the JCL and resubmit the job. If the error persists, or you cannot find an error in the SYSPRINT DD statement, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00776I

Salvage is repairing the totally free page stack.

Explanation

A salvage operation is in the process of repairing the totally free page stack.

System action

The salvage repair operation continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00777A

Restarting exception a_code occurred, reason r_code abend psw <PSW_1 PSW_2> <PSW_3 PSW_4>.

Explanation

A zFS program encountered an exception running in AMODE64. A dump is issued and the internal trace table is printed. If the zFS kernel abends, it stops and restarts. File systems remain mounted, but files that are currently open might have I/O errors. If severe exceptions are encountered during the restart, zFS will be terminated and the system will display a BPXF032D message that must be replied to before zFS can be reinitialized. See <u>z/OS MVS System Codes</u> for more information about abend codes.

In the message text:

a_code

The z/OS abend code received.

r_code

The z/OS reason code received, or register 15 at time of abend.

PSW_1

The high half of the first doubleword of the abend PSW.

PSW 2

The low half of the first doubleword of the abend PSW.

PSW_3

The high half of the second doubleword of the abend PSW.

PSW_4

The low half of the second doubleword of the abend PSW.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response

This message is followed by additional messages giving more information about the problem. Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00778I

General Registers Rreg_num: <r1 r2> <r3 r4> <r5 r6> <r7 r8>.

Explanation

A zFS program running in AMODE64 encountered an exception. This message shows the 64-bit registers at time of error. The message displays the contents of four registers, beginning with the register indicated by reg_num . The message is repeated, showing a different set of registers each time, until all 64-bit registers have been displayed.

In the message text:

reg_num

The number of the first register whose contents are displayed

r1

The high half of the 64-bit register reg_num

r2

The low half of the 64-bit register reg_num

r3

The high half of the 64-bit register reg_num + 1

r4

The low half of the 64-bit register reg_num + 1

r5

The high half of the 64-bit register reg_num + 2

r6

The low half of the 64-bit register reg_num + 2

r7

The high half of the 64-bit register reg_num + 3

r8

The low half of the 64-bit register reg_num + 3

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response

This message is followed by additional messages giving more information about the problem.

IOEZ00780E

Aggregate aggregate_name contains zero or more than one file system and cannot be salvaged.

Explanation

The specified aggregate has either zero file systems or more than one file system. The salvager does not support multi-file system aggregates or HFS-compatibility mode aggregates with a clone (.bak file).

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate

System action

The salvage operation ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

If the aggregate has a .bak file, remove it and restart the salvager. If the aggregate is a multi-file system aggregate, you need to run a salvager program from a release prior to z/OS V2R1.

IOEZ00781I

Salvage repaired directory directory entries and bitmap bitmap pages.

Explanation

This message summarizes the number of directory entries and bitmap pages repaired by a salvage operation.

In the message text:

directory

The number of directory entries

bitmap

The number of bitmap pages

System action

The salvage operation ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00782I

Salvage has verified verified_num of total_num object in the file_system_object_name.

Explanation

During a salvage operation, this message shows the progress of the operation by indicating how many items in the described file system object have been verified.

In the message text:

verified num

The number of objects processed.

total num

The number of objects in the file system structure.

object

A description of the object

file_system_object_name

A description of the file system structure that is being verified.

System action

The salvage operation continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

None.

IOEZ00783E

Aggregate aggregate_name is damaged.

Explanation

During a salvage operation, the specified aggregate was found to be damaged. A successful repair has not been completed.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate

System action

The salvage operation continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Try running the salvage operation again. If subsequent repair attempts are not successful, restore the aggregate from a backup copy.

IOEZ00784E

Non-terminating exception *AbendCode* occurred, reason *ReasonCode* abend psw *PSW1H PSW1L PSW2H PSW2L*.

Explanation

A zFS kernel sub-routine encountered an exception while running AMODE64. A dump is issued and the internal trace table is printed. This exception is non-terminating. The zFS kernel continues to run, though errors might occur for a file or file system.

In the message text:

AbendCode

The z/OS abend code received.

ReasonCode

The z/OS reason code received, or register 15 at time of abend.

PSW1H

The high half of the first doubleword of the abend PSW.

PSW1L

The low half of the first doubleword of the abend PSW.

PSW2H

The high half of the second doubleword of the abend PSW.

PSW2L

The low half of the second doubleword of the abend PSW.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

This message is followed by additional messages with more information about the problem. Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00785I

Log file contents corrupted, repairing log contents and continuing with salvage.

Explanation

The salvage program found that the content of the aggregate log file is wrong. Salvage resets the log file and continues its processing.

System action

The salvage operation continues.

Severity

svc c sev error

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00786I

Aggregate aggregate_name was not unmounted cleanly. Last update time stamp=time_stamp sysname=system_name

Explanation

At the beginning of the salvager run, the aggregate was found to have not been unmounted cleanly after last use. The time stamp indicates the last periodic update time. The system name is where the last update occurred.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate that was not unmounted cleanly.

time_stamp

The time stamp indicating the approximate time that zFS was canceled or the system went down.

system_name

The name of the system where the last update occurred.

System action

The salvage operation continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00787I

Repair of aggregate aggregate_name completed. All minor errors have been repaired.

Explanation

During the salvage run, the aggregate was found to be damaged and a repair of all minor errors has been completed. This message does not indicate whether the repair was successful.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate that was repaired

System action

The salvage operation ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

IOEZ00788E

Open for aggregate aggregate_name failed with code=return_code. The aggregate was not found.

Explanation

An attempt to open the specified aggregate failed with the specified return code. The aggregate could not be found.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

return_code

The return code.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Ensure that the aggregate exists and resubmit the job.

IOEZ00789E

Open for aggregate aggregate_name failed with code=return_code. The aggregate is busy and may be mounted or attached.

Explanation

An attempt to open the specified aggregate failed with the specified return code.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

return_code

The return code.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Check to see if the aggregate is attached via the zfsadm lsaggr command. Correct the problem and resubmit the job. If the problem persists, or there is no error, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00790I

Aggregate aggrname is already at version 5.

Explanation

A request has been made to convert an aggregate to version 5 and the aggregate is already version 5.

In the message text:

aggrname

The name of the aggregate.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00791I

Successfully converted directory name to version 5 format.

Explanation

The directory was successfully converted to version 5.

In the message text:

name

The name of the directory.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00792E

Failed to prepend the current working directory, error=errorCode reason=reasonCode.

Explanation

Either BPX1GCW failed to return the current working directory or the length of the full directory names exceeds 1024.

errorCode

The error code.

reasonCode

The reason code.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the problem and retry the command. If the problem persists, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00793E

Error=ReturnCode reason=ReasonCode received while attempting to convert directory name to version 5 format.

Explanation

The directory failed to convert to version 5 format.

In the message text:

ReturnCode

The error code.

ReasonCode

The reason code.

name

The directory name.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the error and try again.

IOEZ00794E

Failed to get information for directory *name*, error=*returnCode* reason=*reasonCode*.

Explanation

Failed to get information for the specified object.

In the message text:

name

The directory name.

returnCode

The error code.

reasonCode

The reason code.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Correct the error and try again.

IOEZ00795E

Open for aggregate aggregate_name failed with code=return_code.

Explanation

An attempt to open the specified aggregate failed with the specified return code. The problem may be storage shortage or internal errors.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

return_code

The return code.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc c sev notice

Administrator Response

If the return code indicates a storage shortage, then increase storage and re-submit the job. Message IOEZ00823 may also have been previously issued. If the problem persists or there are internal errors, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00797I

Skip page logical_page (physical page physical_page) of v5 directory (index=index_number).

Explanation

The indicated v5 directory page was too corrupted to continue. The salvager program will skip processing the rest of the entries on this page and move on to the next directory page.

In the message text:

logical_page

The logical page number of the directory page.

physical_page

The physical page number of the directory page.

index_number

The index number of the directory.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00798I

Found more than *number_entries* entries in directory (index=*index_number*) and skipping duplicate name checking for any additional entries.

Explanation

Salvager has found more than specified number of valid entries in a directory indicated by the index number. To avoid any potential storage shortage, the salvager program will suspend duplicate name checking for any additional entries found in the same directory.

In the message text:

number_entries

The maximum number of entries allowed in duplicate name checking.

index_number

The index number of the directory.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00799A

zFS stand-alone utility ran out of storage above bar,
total of <high_megabytes,,low_megabytesM bytes used, size
attempted was <high_storage,,low_storage>, MEMLIMIT was
<high_memlimit,,low_memlimit>, class class_number type storage_type.

Explanation

zFS stand-alone utility ran out of storage above the 2G bar when attempting to obtain <code>high_storage,,low_storage</code> bytes. <code>high_megabytes</code>, <code>low_megabytes</code> is the number of bytes that has been obtained and assigned by the utility above the bar already. <code>high_memlimit,,low_memlimit</code> shows the system defined MEMLIMIT value that the stand-alone utility uses. <code>class_number</code> and <code>storage_type</code> is information for IBM service personnel.

In the message text:

high_megabytes

The high-half of the total number of megabytes used by the zFS utility

low_megabytes

The low-half of total number of megabytes used by zFS utility.

high_storage

The high-half of amount of storage that zFS utility attempted to obtain.

low storage

The low-half of amount of storage that zFS utility attempted to obtain.

high memlimit

The high-half of the MEMLIMIT value used by zFS utility.

low memlimit

The low-half of the MEMLIMIT value used by zFS utility.

class number

The zFS utility sub-component class number.

storage_type

The zFS utility storage type.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response

Try restarting the stand-alone utility with a bigger MEMLIMIT value. For more information about setting MEMLIMIT and how the system determines what value to use, see <u>z/OS MVS Programming: Extended</u>

Addressability Guide. If problem continues, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00800I

Conversion has processed *number* of *total* objects in the anode table.

Explanation

During the conversion of a zFS aggregate, the stand-alone conversion program has processed the indicated number of objects in the file system. The conversion process has to examine each object, and if its a directory that needs to be re-formatted, then it needs to convert it to the new version format.

In the message text:

number

The number of objects processed.

total

The number of objects in the file system structure.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00801I

Directory conversion begun for inodenumber, directory size is total pages.

Explanation

During the conversion of a zFS aggregate, the stand-alone conversion program found that a directory with the indicated inode number is in the wrong format and needs to be converted. The original size of the directory is shown in pages to provide an indicator of the amount of pages that need to be read while doing the conversion.

In the message text:

number

The inode number.

total

The size of the directory in 8K pages.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00802I

Directory conversion completed, directory size now total pages.

Explanation

During the conversion of a zFS aggregate, the stand-alone conversion program finished re-formatting the directory and shows the new size of the directory in 8K pages.

In the message text:

total

The size of the directory in 8K pages.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00803I

dirs directories were found, dirs4 converted, v4Pages directory pages converted to v5Pages directory pages.

Explanation

During the conversion of a zFS aggregate, the stand-alone conversion program has found the indicated number of directories thus far in the anode table scan. *dirs4* indicates the number of directories that required conversion. *v4Pages* is the total number of pages that these directories occupied and *v5Pages* is the number of pages the newly converted directories occupy.

In the message text:

dirs

The number of directories found so far during the scan.

dirs4

The number of directories requiring conversion.

v4Pages

The number of 8K pages occupied by the directories in their original format.

v5Pages

The number of 8K pages now occupied by the converted directories.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

None.

IOEZ00804E

Failed to get file system information for aggregate_name, error=error_code reason=reason_code.

Explanation

An error occurred while trying to get information for the specified aggregate. See Return codes (errnos) in z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes for a description of the error code. See Appendix A, "Reason codes," on page 231 for a description of the reason code.

System action

If **zfsadm fsinfo** is used, the program ends.

If MODIFY FSINFO is used, the program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the error and try again.

IOEZ00805A

Aggregate size 4K pages is too large to convert to version 4.

Explanation

During the conversion of a version 5 zFS aggregate to a version 4 zFS aggregate, the stand-alone conversion program has found the aggregate size is too large. A version 4 aggregate cannot be larger than 4TB in size.

In the message text:

size

The size of the aggregate dataset in 4K pages.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response

Create a new version 4 aggregate and copy the data from the version 5 aggregate manually, in sections.

IOEZ00806A

Directory size sizeK bytes, sub-directory count SubDirs cannot be converted.

Explanation

During the conversion of a version 5 zFS aggregate to a version 4 zFS aggregate, the stand-alone conversion program has found that a version 5 directory has more than 65535 sub-directories or is larger than 4GB.

In the message text:

size

The size of the directory in K bytes.

SubDirs

The number of sub-directories in the directory.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response

Create a new version aggregate and copy the data from the version 5 aggregate manually, in sections.

IOEZ00807I

In a wait to verify that aggregate aggregate_name has no other writers. Member member_name in sysplex sysplex_name last wrote to the aggregate on time.

Explanation

When an aggregate is cleanly unmounted, zFS can quickly determine that there are no other members writing to the aggregate. This aggregate was not cleanly unmounted. Another possible reason is that it is a copy that was made without first unmounting the aggregate, and now the copy is being mounted. zFS needs to wait 65 seconds to verify that there are no other members writing to the aggregate.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

member name

The member name.

sysplex_name

The sysplex name. This field might not be provided.

time

The time of the last recorded write to the aggregate.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc c sev notice

Administrator Response

Wait for zFS to finish the mount operation. See <u>z/OS File System Administration</u> for information about unmounting zFS file systems before copying or moving an aggregate.

IOEZ00808I

Successfully converted all directories in aggregate aggrname to version version.

Explanation

All directories in the aggregate were successfully converted to the specified version.

In the message text:

aggrname

The aggregate name.

version

The version.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00809I

Error error_code reason reason_code received while attempting to convert all directories in aggregate aggrname to version version.

Explanation

An unexpected error was received while converting the directories of the aggregate to the specified version.

In the message text:

error_code

The error code that was received.

reason_code

The reason code that was received.

aggrname

The aggregate name.

version

The version.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

Try to resolve the error and re-issue the command.

IOEZ00810I

Successfully changed aggregate aggrname to version version.

Explanation

The aggregate version was successfully changed.

In the message text:

aggrname

The aggregate name.

version

The version.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00811E

Error return_code reason reason_code received while attempting to change aggregate aggrname to version version.

Explanation

An error was encountered changing the aggregate version.

In the message text:

return_code

The return code.

reason_code

The reason code.

aggrname

The aggregate name.

version

The version.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the error and try again.

IOEZ00812I

Successfully changed aggregate aggrname to version 1.version.

Explanation

The aggregate was changed to version 1.5 successfully.

In the message text:

aggrname

The aggregate name.

version

The version.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

None.

IOEZ00813I

Error error_code reason_code received while attempting to change aggregate aggrname to version 1.version.

Explanation

An unexpected error was received while changing the aggregate to the specified version.

In the message text:

error_code

The error code that was received.

reason_code

The reason code that was received.

aggrname

The aggregate name.

version

The version.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

Try to resolve the error and reissue the command.

IOEZ00814E

Must specify either -path or -aggrversion.

Explanation

A **zfsadm convert** command specified neither -path nor -aggrversion. Either -path or -aggrversion must be specified.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Retry the command specifying valid options.

IOEZ00815E

Enqueue *queue_name*, held by *system_name*, could not be obtained for shutdown processing. zFS will terminate abnormally.

Explanation

The specified enqueue is needed for shutdown processing and is not available. It is held by the named system. zFS will terminate abnormally.

In the message text:

queue_name

The enqueue name.

system_name

The name of the system holding the enqueue.

System action

zFS will terminate abnormally.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Try to determine why the enqueue is being held by the named system and take appropriate actions to get it released. For problem determination, see z/OS File System Administration. If the problem persists, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00822E

Logsize too large with the number of physical disk blocks available.

Explanation

The logsize specified is too large relative to the size of the VSAM linear dataset.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Specify a smaller logsize and issue the command again.

IOEZ00823E

Dynamic allocation error occurred for dataset DatasetName. rc=Retcode err=Reterr info=Retinfo SMSreason=Retrsn func=func

Explanation

A dynamic allocation error occurred while processing the specified dataset. *Retcode, Reterr, Retinfo* and *Retrsn* are the error codes supplied by dynamic allocation. *Function_code* describes the dynamic allocation function attempted.

In the message text:

DatasetName

The dataset name.

Retcode

The return code.

Reterr

The return error.

Retinfo

The return info.

Retrsn

The return reason.

func

The function code.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Use the dynamic error codes to determine the reason for the failure. Correct the error and retry the operation.

IOEZ00824E

Aggregate too small. Increase the size of the VSAM linear dataset.

Explanation

The size of the VSAM linear dataset is too small.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Increase the size of the VSAM linear dataset and issue the command again.

IOEZ00825E

Aggregate contains file system. Specify the -overwrite option to format.

Explanation

The VSAM linear data set already contains a zFS aggregate. Specify the -overwrite option to format the new aggregate.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

If the existing file system is indeed supposed to be reformatted, then specify the -overwrite option and reissue the command.

FileSys

Name of the file system.

IOEZ00826A

zFS stand-alone utility out of storage, total of *num*M bytes used, size attempted was *amount_storage*, class *class_number* type *storage_type*.

Explanation

The zFS stand-alone utility ran out of storage when attempting to obtain *amount_storage* bytes. *num* is the number of bytes that has been obtained by the zFS utility. *class_number* and *storage_type* is information for IBM service personnel.

In the message text:

num

The total number of megabytes used by zFS.

amount_storage

The amount of storage that zFS attempted to obtain.

class number

The zFS kernel subcomponent class number.

storage_type

The kernel storage type.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response

Try restarting the stand-alone utility with a bigger MEMLIMIT value. For more information about setting MEMLIMIT and how the system determines what value to use, see <u>z/OS MVS Programming: Extended</u> Addressability Guide. If the problem continues, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00827I

zfsadm query *name* completed successfully. There is no information to display.

Explanation

The indicated **zfsadm query** command completed successfully. There was no data to display.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00828E

ProgName: MODIFY command - Parm rejected: RC= EBUSY.

Explanation

All zFS modify command threads are busy processing a long-running modify command, or zFS is being shut down.

In the message text:

ProgName

The program name.

Parm

The program parameters on the MODIFY command that were passed to zFS.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

If zFS is shutting down, then reissue the command after it is restarted. Otherwise, reissue the command after one of the other modify commands is completed. You can also try adding another modify command thread with the **zfsadm config** command.

IOEZ00829E

ProgName: Modify command failed: *Parm* failed: rc = return_code.

Explanation

An error occurred while attempting a console command.

In the message text:

Parm

The program parameters on the MODIFY command that were passed to zFS.

ProgName

The program name.

return code

The return code.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Check the return code (rc) and respond accordingly.

IOEZ00830E

File system FileSystem has been quiesced for at least seconds by Operation operation. It was quiesced by asid on SystemName at time (GMT). It is zFS owned by OwningSystem. There may be other quiesced file systems.

Explanation

The named file system is quiesced and there is at least one task waiting to access it. Access is allowed when the file system is unquiesced. There might be other quiesced file systems.

In the message text:

FileSystem

The name of the file system.

seconds

The minimum number of seconds that a file system must be quiesced before it can appear in this message.

Operation

The name of the operation that is causing the quiesce.

asid

Either the ASID and job that is causing the quiesce or an indication that zFS is causing the quiesce.

SystemName

The name of the system that is causing the guiesce.

time

The time of the quiesce.

OwningSystem

The name of the owning system.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

To determine all the file systems that are quiesced, use either the z/OS UNIX **zfsadm aggrinfo -long**, the F ZFS,QUERY,FILE, QUIESCED or the D OMVS,F operator commands. To unquiesce the file systems, use ISPF SHELL (ISHELL) to Reset unmount or quiesce from the Work with Mounted File Systems panel. Note that for a shared file system configuration, the attempt to unquiesce a quiesced sysplex root file system will fail if the authorized user ID that you use was defined with an OMVS HOME directory, and the user ID is not already active. If the condition persists, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00831E

stat() failed for pathname name, rc = error_code.

Explanation

An error occurred while attempting to get status information of the specified path name.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Check the error code and respond accordingly.

IOEZ00832E

Aggregate name aggregate_name mounted on pathname path_name is not a zFS aggregate.

Explanation

The aggregate is not a valid zFS aggregate.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

path_name

The path name of the aggregate.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Specify a zFS aggregate name.

IOEZ00833E

Failed to get information on pathname *path_name*. error=*error_code* reason=*reason_code*.

Explanation

BPX1GMN failed to return file system information.

In the message text:

error_code

The error code that was received.

path_name

The path name of the aggregate.

reason_code

The reason code that was received.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the error and try again.

IOEZ00834E

Mount for file system *Filesystem* failed because the dataset does not refer to the same dataset as the owner *Owner*. *LocalSystem* has the file system on VOLSER *LocalVolser* whereas the owner has it on *OwnerVolser*.

Explanation

The named file system does not refer to the same dataset as on the owning system. The local mount fails and z/OS UNIX will function ship operations to the z/OS UNIX owner.

In the message text:

Filesystem

The name of the file system.

Owner

The name of the system that owns the file system.

LocalSystem

The name of the local system.

LocalVolser

The local VOLSER.

OwnerVolser

The owner VOLSER.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

If z/OS UNIX function shipping is not desired, ensure that the file system refers to the same dataset. Then unmount and remount.

IOEZ00835E

Mount for file system *Filesystem* failed because the dataset does not refer to the same dataset as the owner *Owner*. The file system is on VOLSER *Volser* but *LocalSystem* has it at CCHH *LocalCCHH* whereas the owner has it at *OwnerCCHHr*.

Explanation

The named file system does not refer to the same dataset as on the owning system. The local mount fails and z/OS UNIX will function ship operations to the z/OS UNIX owner.

In the message text:

Filesystem

The name of the file system.

Owner

The name of the system that owns the file system.

Volser

The VOLSER.

LocalSystem

The name of the local system.

LocalCCHH

The local CCHH.

OwnerCCHHr

The owner CCHH.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

If z/OS UNIX function shipping is not desired, ensure that the file system refers to the same dataset. Then unmount and remount.

IOEZ00836I

program_name: MODIFY command - command_name accepted.

Explanation

The MODIFY command *command_name* has been accepted.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00837E

Invalid FSINFO sorting method sorting_method.

Explanation

The specified sorting method is invalid. Supported sorting methods are NAME, REQUESTS and RESPONSE.

System action

If **zfsadm fsinfo** is used, the program ends.

If MODIFY FSINFO is used, the program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the sorting method and try again.

IOEZ00838E

Bad wildcard character after aggregate option aggregate_name.

Explanation

FSINFO only supports wildcard with * at the beginning or the ending of the aggregate name.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The aggregate name with wildcard

System action

If **zfsadm fsinfo** is used, the program ends.

If MODIFY FSINFO is used, the program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the aggregate name and try again.

IOEZ00839E

Invalid selection criteria after -select option.

Explanation

FSINFO encountered an invalid selection criteria.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the selection criteria and try again.

IOEZ00840E

FSINFO -system option is not allowed with -basic, -full, -owner or -reset option.

Explanation

The FSINFO -system option is not allowed if the -basic, -full, -owner, or -reset options are specified.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the error and try again.

IOEZ00841E

FSINFO -select or -exceptions option is not allowed with -path or -reset option.

Explanation

FSINFO -select or -exceptions option is not allowed if either -path or -reset option is specified.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Correct the error and try again.

IOEZ00842E

FSINFO -sort option is not allowed with -reset option.

Explanation

FSINFO -sort option is not allowed if the -reset option is specified.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the error and try again.

IOEZ00843E

Failed to get file system information error=error_code reason=reason_code.

Explanation

Getting file system information has failed due to the displayed return code and reason code.

In the message text:

error_code

The error code that was received.

reason_code

The reason code that was received.

System action

If **zfsadm fsinfo** is used, the program ends.

If MODIFY FSINFO is used, the program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the error and try again.

IOEZ00844E

Invalid option option_name.

Explanation

An invalid option was specified for the FSINFO command.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the error and try again.

IOEZ00845E

Reset option cannot be used with the select, exceptions, or sort options.

Explanation

The FSINFO command does not support the reset option if one of the select, exceptions, or sort options was also specified.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the error and try again.

IOEZ00846E

Invalid criteria string string for FSINFO select option.

Explanation

The select option of the FSINFO command contains an invalid criteria string.

In the message text:

string

The criteria string.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the criteria string and try again.

IOEZ00847E

Data set aggregate_name is not formatted as a zFS aggregate.

Explanation

The displayed VSAM linear data set is not formatted as a zFS aggregate or its size is smaller than the minimum size of a zFS aggregate.

In the message text:

aggrname

The name of the aggregate.

System action

The salvage operation ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Ensure that the data set is a VSAM linear data set with share options (3,3) that is correctly formatted as a zFS aggregate. The size of the data set must be larger than the minimum zFS aggregate size.

IOEZ00848I

Could not get completed file system information error=error_code reason=reason_code.

Explanation

Getting file system information is not completed due to the displayed return code and reason code. FSINFO displays as much information as it can.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00849I

FSINFO command done.

Explanation

The FSINFO command completed processing.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00850I

File System Status:.

Explanation

Indicates that the information following the message is the status of the zFS file system and the statistics for each file system displayed. There will be an IOEZ00849I message indicating that the display from this modify command is completed.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00851I

Processing zlc for file_system.

Explanation

The specified file system is being attached. There are files in it that were marked as deleted while the file system was last being used. Those files had not yet been removed from disk. These files are now being removed from the disk. This is normal zero link count (zlc) processing. Removing a large number of zlc files or a large zlc file may take a significant amount of time to complete. During this time the file system may be unavailable for use.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00852E

Data set is not a VSAM linear data set.

Explanation

The data set is not defined as a VSAM linear data set.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Ensure that the data set is correctly defined as a VSAM linear data set.

IOEZ00853I

There are no free 8K blocks remaining in aggregate aggrname. Applications may fail.

Explanation

Applications may be failing because there are no free 8K blocks in the aggregate. The aggregate must be grown or applications may continue to fail.

In the message text:

aggrname

The aggregate name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

Use the **zfsadm grow** command to grow the aggregate.

IOEZ00854I

Salvage for aggrname successfully canceled.

Explanation

An online salvage for the aggregate was successfully canceled.

In the message text:

aggrname

The aggregate name.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00856E

FSINFO: select or exceptions option is not allowed if no wildcard is specified in aggregate name.

Explanation

If a wildcard is not specified in the aggregate name string, you cannot use the select or exceptions options.

System action

If **zfsadm fsinfo** is used, the program ends.

If MODIFY FSINFO is used, the program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the error and try again.

IOEZ00857I

No zFS aggregate is found matching the requested criteria.

Explanation

There were no zFS aggregates found that have the attributes or aggregate names specified with the command keywords.

System action

If **zfsadm** is used, the program ends.

If MODIFY is used, the program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00858E

Invalid SMF interval string 'string'.

Explanation

The parsed string was not valid. It did not have any of the required options.

In the message text:

string

The interval string. It must consist of one of the following options:

ON

ON,xx where xx is a number between 1 and 60

OFF

System action:

The system continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00859I

FSINFO: reset has completed.

Explanation

Indicates that reset processing is done. This message does not guarantee that the specified data set exists or is a valid zFS aggregate.

System action

If **zfsadm fsinfo** is used, the program ends.

If MODIFY FSINFO is used, the program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

None.

IOEZ00860E

The attributes and mount parms for aggregate aggrname may not match.

Explanation

Mismatches occurred because errors were encountered while aggregate attributes or mount parms were being updated.

In the message text:

aggrname

The aggregate name.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Issue a samemode remount to restore the aggregate attributes from the mount parms and clear this message.

IOEZ00861E

A request to action_needed attribute for aggregate aggrname failed because system downlevel_system is at release downlevel_release and needs to be at release minimum_required_release or above.

Explanation

The request failed because there is a downlevel system in the sysplex.

In the message text:

action_needed

Action to take with the attribute

aggrname

The aggregate name.

downlevel_system

The downlevel system name.

downlevel release

The release of the downlevel system.

minimum_required_release

The minimum release that is required.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Try the operation again after removing all downlevel systems in the sysplex.

IOEZ00862E

Syntax error with aggregate - rwshare parameter - parm_name.

Explanation

An aggregate attribute could not be updated because the -rwshare option of the **zfsadm chaggr** command is improperly specified. See *z/OS File System Administration* for a description of the valid values for -rwshare.

parm_name

The -rwshare parameter in error.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the value and try the command again.

IOEZ00866E

Aggregate aggrname was disabled aggr_disabled times and re-enabled aggr_reenabled times. zFS will try to re-enable the aggregate one more time after salvaging it.

Explanation

zFS has re-enabled the aggregate a number of times by either moving the zFS owner or by remounting. But the aggregate continues to be disabled. This might indicate that a salvage is needed. zFS will initiate a salvage operation and then try one last time to re-enable the aggregate.

In the message text:

aggrname

The aggregate name.

aggr disabled

The number of times the aggregate was disabled.

aggr reenabled

The number of times the aggregate was re-enabled.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

If the aggregate does become disabled again and message IOEZ00746E is displayed, unmount the aggregate and contact your service representative.

IOEZ00867I

Salvage for aggregate aggrname was interrupted.

Explanation

Salvage for the aggregate was interrupted by a **zfsadm** salvage -cancel command or by an unmount.

In the message text:

aggrname

The aggregate name.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00870A

The local initializing system cannot coexist with system *system_name*. The local system terminates.

Explanation

The release span between the two system is not supported. Initialization ends.

In the message text:

system_name

The name of the system.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response

Ensure that you have the correct release and service levels of zFS in your sysplex.

IOEZ00872E

Error shrinking aggregate aggrname, error code=error_code reason code=reason_code.

Explanation

The shrink of the aggregate failed due to an unexpected error, or possibly the aggregate ran out of free space or was busy with another command or operation.

In the message text:

aggrname

The aggregate name.

error_code

The error code.

reason_code

The reason code.

System action:

The program ends.

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Use message IOEZ00904E along with the return and reason codes to determine the reason for the failure, and try the command again if the shrink is still needed. If there are no other commands or operations running against the aggregate, and the problem continues, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00873I

Aggregate aggrname successfully shrunk.

Explanation

An aggregate was successfully reduced in size by the **zfsadm shrink** command.

In the message text:

aggrname

The aggregate name.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00877I

Aggregate aggregate name is successfully decrypted.

Explanation

The aggregate was successfully decrypted by the **zfsadm** command.

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00879E

Error encrypting aggregate aggregate_name, error code=ErrorCode reason code=ReasonCode.

Explanation

The encryption of the aggregate failed due to an unexpected error, or possibly the aggregate was busy with another command or operation.

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

ErrorCode

The error code that was received.

ReasonCode

The reason code that was received.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Use the return and reason codes to determine the reason for the failure and try the command again. If there are no other commands or operations running against the aggregate and the problem continues, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00880E

Error decrypting aggregate aggregate_name, error code=ErrorCode reason code=ReasonCode.

Explanation

The decryption of the aggregate failed due to an unexpected error, or possibly the aggregate was busy with another command or operation.

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

ErrorCode

The error code that was received.

ReasonCode

The reason code that was received.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity

svc c sev error

Administrator Response

Use the return and reason codes to determine the reason for the failure and try the command again. If there are no other commands or operations running against the aggregate and the problem continues, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00881I

aggregate_name is being shrunk.

Explanation

zFS is in the process of shrinking the specified aggregate, which can take a long time. File and directory access is allowed throughout most of the shrink process. If a shutdown occurs or if the aggregate is unmounted, the shrink process is canceled. You can also use the **zfsadm shrink -cancel** command to cancel the shrink process.

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

System action:

The program continues.

svc c sev continue

Administrator Response

Allow the shrink process to continue. To cancel it, use the **zfsadm shrink** command. See <u>z/OS File System</u> *Administration* for more details about shrink processing and how to cancel it.

IOEZ00882E

The request cannot be satisfied because the zFS kernel is not active.

Explanation

The **zfsadm** command fails because the zFS kernel is not active.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Activate the zFS kernel and try the command again.

IOEZ00883E

The request cannot be satisfied because the IOEFSPRM value for parameter_name could not be retrieved from the zFS kernel.

Explanation

The value for the specified parameter could not be retrieved. The command ends.

parameter_name

The IOEFSPRM name.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Determine why the value cannot be retrieved and try the command again.

IOEZ00884E

program_name: could not open trace output file file_name.

Explanation

The in-memory trace table could not be printed because the output trace dataset could not be opened.

In the message text:

program_name

The name of the zFS program.

file_name

The name of the trace output file.

System action:

The program continues.

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Ensure that the **trace_dsn** parameter specifies a valid file name that can be opened for output.

IOEZ00885I

Shrink request for aggregate aggregate_name successfully canceled.

Explanation

The shrinking of the specified aggregate was successfully canceled.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00886E

The user is not authorized to run this command.

Explanation

Only the user who mounted the file system or those who have either a UID of 0 or READ access to the SUPERUSER.FILESYS.PFSCTL profile in the UNIXPRIV class can issue this command.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00887E

Aggregate aggregate_name is not found.

Explanation

The specified aggregate name is not found. It is either not a valid aggregate name or the name is incorrect.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

System action:

The program ends.

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Specify the correct aggregate name and issue the command again.

IOEZ00888I

aggregate_name is being encrypted or decrypted.

Explanation

zFS is in the process of encrypting or decrypting the specified aggregate, which can take a long time. File and directory access are allowed throughout most of the encrypt or decrypt process. If a shutdown occurs or if the aggregate is unmounted, the process is canceled. You can also use the **zfsadm encrypt -cancel** or **zfs decrypt -cancel** command to cancel the process.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

Allow the encryption or decryption process to continue. To cancel it, use the **zfsadm encrypt** or **zfsadm decrypt** command accordingly. See <u>z/OS File System Administration</u> for more details about encrypt or decrypt processing and how to cancel it.

IOEZ00889E

Message ID %1\$d not found.

Explanation

zFS attempted to issue a message and the message could not be found.

messageID

The ID of the message zFS attempted to issue.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00890E

The local system failed with rc return_code and reason reason_code while retrieving the automove option for aggregate aggregate_name. The local system will not become the zFS owner of the aggregate.

Explanation

The automove option for the aggregate could not be retrieved. Without this information, the local system cannot determine whether it can become the zFS owner of the aggregate.

In the message text:

return_code

The return code.

reason code

The reason code that was received.

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Contact the service representative.

IOEZ00891E

The local system failed with *return_code* and reason *reason_code* while retrieving the automove option for aggregate *aggregate_name*. The local system will not attempt to move ownership of the aggregate.

Explanation

The automove option for the aggregate could not be retrieved. Without this information, the local system cannot determine whether any remote system is a suitable owner. The aggregate will not be moved.

In the message text:

return_code

The return code.

reason_code

The reason code that was received.

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Contact the service representative.

IOEZ00892I

Aggregate aggregate_name encrypt or decrypt successfully canceled.

Explanation

The encrypting or decrypting of the specified aggregate was successfully canceled.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

System action:

The program ends.

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00895E

Option -encrypt or -compress is only allowed if -version5 is specified.

Explanation

Format with encryption or compression only applies to version 1.5 aggregates.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Specify the -version5 option in order to format with encryption or compression.

IOEZ00896I

Aggregate aggregate_name released tracks tracks, moved blocks blocks, and moved fragments fragments.

Explanation

The specified number of tracks was successfully released from the specified zFS aggregate. The shrink processing moved the specified number of 8K blocks and 1K fragments.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

tracks

The number of tracks released.

blocks

The number of 8K blocks moved.

fragments

The number of 1K fragments moved.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice.

Administrator Response

No action is required.

IOEZ00897E

Error code *errorCode* reason *reasonCode* received while releasing space from aggregate *aggregate_name*. *blocks* blocks and *fragments* fragments moved.

Explanation

During a shrink operation, there was a failure releasing space from the specified aggregate data set. The error and reason codes are from the PARTREL service. The amount of space zFS will use in the aggregate is as specified by the shrink command options. However, the space in the unused portion of the data set is not released. Also shown is the number of 8K blocks and 1K fragments that were moved during the shrink processing.

In the message text:

errorCode

The PARTREL error code received.

reasonCode

The PARTREL or catalog diagnosis reason.

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

blocks

The number of 8K blocks moved.

fragments

The number of 1K fragments moved.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error.

Administrator Response

The return and reason codes are described in *z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis*. The return code and diagnostic reason code specified is from the PARTREL service. Additional information for the PARTREL service can be found in *z/OS DFSMSdfp Advanced Services*. Use this to determine the cause of the failure, and try another shrink operation. If the problem persists, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00898I

aggregate_name is being compressed or decompressed.

Explanation

zFS is in the process of compressing or decompressing the specified aggregate, which can take a long time. File and directory access are allowed throughout most of the compression or decompression process. If a shutdown occurs or if the aggregate is unmounted, the process is canceled. You can also use the **zfsadm compress** -cancel or **zfs decompress -cancel** command to cancel the process.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Allow the compression or decompression process to end. To cancel it, use the **zfsadm encrypt** or **zfsadm decrypt** command accordingly. See <u>z/OS File System Administration</u> for more details about compression and decompression processing and how to cancel it.

IOEZ00899I

Aggregate aggregate_name is successfully compressed.

Explanation

An aggregate was successfully compressed by the **zfsadm** command.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00900I

Aggregate aggregate_name is successfully decompressed.

Explanation

An aggregate was successfully decompressed by the **zfsadm** command.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00901E

Error compressing aggregate aggregate_name, error code=error_code reason code=reason_code.

Explanation

The compression of the aggregate failed due to an unexpected error, or possibly the aggregate was busy with another command or operation.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

error_code

The error code that was received.

reason code

The reason code that was received.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Use the return and reason codes to determine the reason for the failure and try the command again. If there are no other commands or operations running against the aggregate and the problem continues, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00902E

Error decompressing aggregate aggregate_name, error code=error_code reason code=reason_code.

Explanation

The decompression of the aggregate failed due to an unexpected error, or possibly the aggregate was busy with another command or operation.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

error_code

The error code that was received.

reason_code

The reason code that was received.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Use the return and reason codes to determine the reason for the failure and try the command again. If there are no other commands or operations running against the aggregate and the problem continues, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00903I

Aggregate aggregate_name compress or decompress successfully canceled.

Explanation

The compressing or decompressing of the specified aggregate was successfully canceled.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00904E

Aggregate aggregate_name shrink halted with error code=error_code. Moved blocks blocks and fragments fragments.

Explanation

The shrinking of the aggregate failed due to an unexpected error. The size of the aggregate has not been reduced. If the error code is 119 (EFBIG) or 133 (ENOSPC), there was insufficient free space to shrink the aggregate to the requested size. If active increase was allowed, the new size of the aggregate was increased back to its original size. The aggregate may not be a good candidate to be shrunk. If active increase was not allowed, file system activity used all the free blocks before the shrink process was completed. If the error code is 120 (EINTR), the shrink was interrupted by a shutdown, unmount force, or a shrink cancel request. The specified number of 8K blocks and 1K fragments were moved before shrink processing ended.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

error code

The error code.

blocks

The number of 8K blocks moved.

fragments

The number of 1K fragments moved.

System action:

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error.

Administrator Response

If the error code is 119 (EFBIG) or 133 (ENOSPC) and active increase was not allowed, try the **shrink** command with a larger new size. If active increase was allowed and you still want to shrink the aggregate, remove unwanted files and directories from the aggregate and try the **shrink** command again. For other error codes, try to determine the reason for the failure and reissue the **shrink** command. If the problem persists, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00905E

File system *file_name* failed to mount or open due to unsupported structures on disk.

Explanation

An attempt was made to mount or use a file system that includes features or disk structures that are not supported at this release.

In the message text:

file_name

The name of the file.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Mount the file system only on a release that supports the file system structures.

IOEZ00906E

File system *file_name* connect rejected from system *system_name* due to unsupported structures on disk.

Explanation

An attempt was made to mount or use a file system that includes features or disk structures that are not supported at this release level. z/OS UNIX will function-ship operations for this file system to the z/OS UNIX owner.

In the message text:

file_name

The name of the aggregate.

system_name

The system name of the connecting system.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

If the release level on this system should support the file system features and disk structures, contact IBM service.

IOEZ00907E

The local system cannot coexist with system system_name at release level release_level. system_name will terminate.

Explanation

The release span between the two system is not supported. The initializing system ends.

In the message text:

system_name

The name of the system.

release_level

The release level that cannot coexist with the local system.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Ensure that you have the correct release and service levels of zFS in your sysplex.

IOEZ00908I

An MVS catalog service call for aggregate_name failed with rc=return_code rsn=reason_code.

Explanation

A catalog operation was required to determine whether the aggregate is eligible for certain zFS operations and it failed. For example, if a format at mount is desired or if encryption is desired for an existing aggregate, a catalog operation is required. The return and reason codes are from the MVS catalog service.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

return code

The return code from the catalog service.

reason_code

The reason code from the catalog service.

System action:

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

Find the specified catalog return and reason codes documented in *z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)* under message IDC3009I, and determine the cause of the problem. After correcting the problem, try the operation again.

IOEZ00942E

aggregate_name failed to mount read-only because recovery is required.

Explanation

The mount for the aggregate failed because it was not cleanly unmounted the last time it was used. Aggregate recovery needs to be performed before it can be successfully mounted.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Mount the aggregate read/write, unmount it, and mount it read-only. Or, set the IOEFSPRM configuration variable ROMOUNT_RECOVERY=ON and mount the aggregate read-only.

IOEZ00943E

aggregate_name failed to mount because ICSF (Integrated Cryptographic Service Facility) is not started or cannot be accessed. Resolve the problem with ICSF and try the mount again.

Explanation

The aggregate mount failed because the aggregate uses DFSMS VSAM encryption services but communication with ICSF has failed. ICSF may have issued messages that indicate the problem.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Check the system log for ICSF messages that indicate what the problem is and how to resolve it. Follow their recommendations and try mounting the aggregate again.

IOEZ00947A

Terminating exception *AbendCode* occurred, reason *ReasonCode* abend psw *PSW1 PSW2*.

Explanation

A zFS kernel subroutine encountered an exception. A dump will be issued and the internal trace table will be printed. Severe problems encountered during initialization or during an internal restart will result in the termination of zFS and the system will display a BPXF032D message that must be replied to before zFS can be reinitialized. See *z/OS MVS System Codes* for more information about abend codes.

In the message text:

AbendCode

The z/OS abend code received.

ReasonCode

The zFS abend reason code received, or register 15 at time of abend.

PSW1

The first word of the abend PSW.

PSW2

The second word of the abend PSW.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_fatal

This message might be preceded by messages with more information about the problem. This message will be followed by additional informational messages. Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00948A

Terminating exception a_code occurred, reason r_code abend psw $< PSW_1 PSW_2 > < PSW_3 PSW_4 >$.

Explanation

A zFS kernel subroutine encountered an exception while running in AMODE64. A dump will be issued and the internal trace table will be printed. Severe problems encountered during initialization or during an internal restart will result in the termination of zFS and the system will display a BPXF032D message that must be replied to before zFS can be reinitialized. See z/OS MVS System Codes for more information about abend codes.

In the message text:

a code

The z/OS abend code received.

r code

The z/OS reason code received, or register 15 at time of abend.

PSW 1

The high half of the first doubleword of the abend PSW.

PSW 2

The low half of the first doubleword of the abend PSW.

PSW 3

The high half of the second doubleword of the abend PSW.

PSW 4

The low half of the second doubleword of the abend PSW.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_fatal

Administrator Response

This message might be preceded by messages that indicate more about the problem. This message is followed by additional informational messages. Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00949E

Mount for file system *filesystem_name* failed because the dataset does not refer to the same dataset as the owner *owner_name*. The client extent *volser*, *low_CI*, *hi_CI* cannot be found within any extent on the owner.

Explanation

The named file system does not refer to the same data set as on the owning system. The local mount fails and z/OS UNIX will function ship operations to the z/OS UNIX owner.

In the message text:

filesystem_name

The name of the file system.

owner_name

The name of the owner.

volser

The VOLSER in the client.

low CI

The low CI in the client.

hi_CI

The high CI in the client.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

If z/OS UNIX function shipping is not desired, ensure that the file system refers to the same data set. Then unmount and remount.

IOEZ00950E

ProgName: MODIFY command - Parm rejected.

Explanation

The MODIFY command *Parm* has been rejected. The *Parm* command cannot be processed until the zFS kernel has completed initialization. An abort or internal restart in progress can also result in this error.

In the message text:

ProgName

The program name.

Parm

The program parameters on the MODIFY command that were passed to zFS.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Retry the command after initialization completes. If initialization does not complete, zFS may need to be canceled. If the problem continues, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00951I

Aggregate aggregate_name anode table length anode_table_size LPI=LPI_value encrypt_status compress_status.

Explanation

The encryption and compression attributes of the aggregate are displayed before the anode table pages are verified. The information is intended for IBM service personnel.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

anode_table_size

The anode table size in 8K.

LPI value

The LPI value.

encrypt_status

The encryption status.

compress_status

The compression status.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00952E

File inode *inode_name* received snap-shot close error for file system *filesystem_name*.

Explanation

A file opened for incremental backup could not be closed. This may make some space on-disk unusable and may make future backup attempts of the indicated file fail.

In the message text:

inode_name

The inode number of the file.

filesystem_name

The file system name.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

First make sure that there are no communication problems in the sysplex. Once those are resolved, an unmount remount without mode-switch can be used to clear the condition.

IOEZ00953E

Media Manager return code *ReturnCode* disconnecting aggregate aggregate_name.

Explanation

The return code for the Media Manager disconnect was nonzero for the specified aggregate. This might occur during a failed mount or during an unmount of the specified aggregate.

In the message text:

ReturnCode

The hexadecimal return code from the Media Manager request.

aggregate name

The name of the aggregate.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Look up the return code in <u>z/OS DFSMSdfp Diagnosis</u> in the return codes section for the Media Manager. System resources obtained by Media Manager might still be held, potentially preventing future mounts and other operations for the aggregate from working correctly. Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00957E

zFS failed to assign key label *keylabel_name* to aggregate_name because it is not known to ICSF.

Explanation

ISCF does not recognize the key label.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

keylabel_name

The name of the key label.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Ensure that the correct key label is specified and try the command again.

IOEZ00958E

ICSF could not be contacted to verify key label *keylabel_name* for aggregate *aggregate_name*.

Explanation

The key label must be known to ICSF before it can be used when defining or encrypting a zFS aggregate.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

keylabel_name

The name of the key label.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Ensure that ICSF is running and verify that the key label is defined.

IOEZ00959E

ICSF returned error code error_code reason code reason_code while verifying key label keylabel_name for aggregate aggregate_name.

Explanation

A problem was encountered while using ICSF to verify a key label.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

error code

The error code.

keylabel_name

The name of the key label.

return code

The return code.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the problem and try the command again. Reason codes are documented in <u>z/OS Cryptographic Services</u> ICSF Application Programmer's Guide.

IOEZ00960E

IOEFSKN termination hang, detaching **IOEFSKN**.

Explanation

IOEFSKN has started the termination process for a shutdown command or a zFS severe software error (abort). However, program IOEFSCM has detected a delay in that processing and considers that process is hung and is taking action to force termination to continue by detaching the IOEFSKN program. A detach abend might occur but termination now proceeds. The zFS restart prompt will likely be issued.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00961E

IO driver termination problem detected, continuing termination.

Explanation

The IOEFSKN main task has detected that there were problems encountered while terminating the zFS IO driver during a shutdown operation or an abnormal termination. Termination processing continues but zFS will end and the zFS restart prompt will likely be issued.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ00962E

Memory registration service FPZ4RMR failed with return code return_code reason code reason_code.

Explanation

A problem was encountered when calling compression service FPZ4RMR.

In the message text:

return_code

The return code.

reason_code

The reason code.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the problem and try the command again. Return code and reason code are documented in z/OS MVS Programming: Callable Services for High-Level Languages.

IOEZ00963E

The encryption type associated with key label *keylabel* is not supported by DFSMS.

Explanation

DFSMS only supports AES-256 XTS protected key encryption.

In the message text:

keylabel

The key label.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

Try the command again with a different key label.

IOEZ00964E

component returned error code return_code reason code reason_code while trying to open aggregate aggregate_name.

Explanation

A problem was encountered while opening an aggregate.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The aggregate name.

component

The name of the component.

reason_code

The reason code.

return code

The return code.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

See accompanying message IEC161I, correct the problem, and try the command again.

IOEZ00965E

The -keylabel parameter is not allowed because aggregate aggregate_name already has a key label.

Explanation

The -keylabel parameter should only be used for an aggregate which does not have a key label.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The aggregate name.

System action

The program continues.

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Remove the -keylabel parameter and try the command again.

IOEZ00966E

The shrinking of aggregate aggregate_name is not allowed by reason_failure.

Explanation

The shrink of an SMS-managed aggregate is not allowed due to the specified reason.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The aggregate name.

reason_failure

The reason for the failure.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response:

If the reason the shrink failed was because of a management class attribute, you should ensure you are using the correct management class for the aggregate. See <u>z/OS DFSMSdss Storage Administration</u> for information related to using management classes. For other reasons, contact your service representative.

IOEZ00981E

Dynamic allocation abend occurred for data set dataset_name. Abend code=Abend_Code func=func.

Explanation

Dynamic allocation abended while processing the specified data set. The abend code returned by the system is as shown. *func* describes the dynamic allocation function that was attempted.

In the message text:

Abend Code

The z/OS abend code received.

dataset_name

The name of the data set.

func

The dynamic allocation function that was attempted.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Review the system logs for error messages related to dynamic allocation and the specified data set. Correct the error and retry the operation.

IOEZ00982E

Offset of inode inode_number in file system file_system cannot be decompressed.

Explanation

The data at the indicated offset of the listed file could not be decompressed due to an error returned by zEDC routine FPZ4ABC or there is incorrect data in that region of the file. If FPZ4ABC failed, additional messages will have preceded this message describing that error. System 2C3 dumps may also have preceded this message.

In the message text:

file_system

The name of the file system with the error.

inode_number

The inode number of the file in the file system.

offset

The offset into the file.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

The indicated file has one or more regions that cannot be decompressed. Delete or restore that file by using a method applicable to the type of data the file contained. Restoring from a backup is the typical method used to repair the file. Report the problem to your service representative.

IOEZ00983I

File with inode=inode_number (size=inode_size) in aggregate aggregate_name is being encrypted or decrypted.

Explanation

zFS is in the process of encrypting or decrypting the file with the specified inode in the specified aggregate. The file size (in K) is also specified. The encryption or decryption process is delayed, and so might take a long time to complete. A possible cause of the delay is an application that is accessing the file during this operation. Use the **1s** -i command to find the file name and then use the FILEINFO command to monitor the percentage completion of the operation.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

inode number

The number of the inode.

inode size

The size of the inode in K.

System action

The program continues.

svc c sev notice

Administrator Response

If the delay is not acceptable, the operation can be canceled. If you are encrypting the file, you can cancel the encryption by using the **zfsadm encrypt -cancel** command. If you are decrypting the file, use the **zfsadm decrypt -cancel** command. Both actions will cancel the encryption or decryption processing of the entire aggregate. If you want to determine which file this is, you can use the **ls -i** command.

IOEZ00984I

File with inode=inode_number (size=inode_size) in aggregate aggregate_name is being compressed or decompressed.

Explanation

zFS is in the process of compressing or decompressing the file with the specified inode in the specified aggregate. The file size (in K) is also specified. The compression or decompression process is delayed, and so might take a long time to complete. A possible cause of the delay is an application that is accessing the file during this operation. Use the **1s** -i command to find the file name and then use the FILEINFO command to monitor the percentage completion of the operation.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate.

inode number

The number of the inode.

inode size

The size of the inode in K.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

If the delay is not acceptable, the operation can be canceled. If you are compressing the file, you can cancel the compression by using the **zfsadm compress -cancel** command. If you are decompressing the file, use the **zfsadm decompress -cancel** command. Both actions will cancel the compression or decompression processing of the entire aggregate. If you want to determine which file this is, you can use the **1s -i** command.

IOEZ00985I

Waiting for service_name to initialize.

Explanation

The named service is not available. zFS is waiting to allow the service to initialize.

In the message text:

service_name

The name of the service.

System action

The program continues.

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ00986I

Wait ending and service_name is not initialized.

Explanation

After waiting, the named service is still not initialized. Operations requiring this service will fail.

In the message text:

service_name

The name of the service.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response

Determine why the named service will not initialize and restart the service.

IOEZ00987I

service_name is now initialized.

Explanation

The named service is now available.

In the message text:

service_name

The name of the service.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

Operations that failed because the service was not initialized can now be retried.

IOEZ00988I

The wait for *service_name* initialization ended because zFS is being stopped or restarted.

Explanation

zFS has stopped waiting for the named service to initialize.

In the message text:

service_name

The name of the service.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

When zFS is restarted, ensure that the named service is initialized before retrying operations that require the service.

IOEZ00989I

The wait for *service_name* initialization is not started because zFS is being stopped or restarted.

Explanation

Since zFS is being stopped or restarted, it does not need to wait for the initialization of the named service.

In the message text:

service_name

The name of the service.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

When zFS is restarted, ensure that the named service is initialized before retrying operations that require the service.

IOEZ00990E

Mount for aggregate aggregate_name failed because ICSF is not initialized.

Explanation

Opens that are waiting for ICSF to come up are failed when zFS is in the process of being stopped or restarted.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The aggregate name.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Try the operation again after ICSF is initialized.

IOEZ00991E

Mount for aggregate aggregate_name failed because zFS is being stopped or restarted.

Explanation

Mounts that are waiting for ICSF to initialize are failed when zFS is being stopped or restarted.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The aggregate name.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Try the mount again when ICSF is initialized and zFS is not being stopped or restarted.

IOEZ00992E

Open for aggregate aggregate_name failed because ICSF is not initialized.

Explanation

ICSF is not initialized. zFS cannot open an aggregate that has a key label if ICSF is not initialized

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The aggregate name.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Try the operation again after ICSF is initialized.

IOEZ00993E

Open for aggregate aggregate_name failed because zFS is being stopped or restarted.

Explanation

Opens that are waiting for a ICSF to initialize are failed when zFS is being stopped or restarted.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The aggregate name.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Try the operation again when zFS is not being stopped or restarted.

IOEZ00994I

The EDCFIXED option of the user cache size IOEFSPRM configuration option is ignored.

Explanation

Since zEDC is not initialized, the EDCFIXED option cannot be processed. The user cache pages are not fixed for zEDC performance.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

Once zEDC is initialized, issue the **zfsadm config** -user_cache_size command with the EDCFIXED option.

IOEZ00995E

Mount for aggregate aggregate_name failed because zEDC is not initialized.

Explanation

zEDC is not initialized. zFS cannot mount an aggregate that is compressed if zEDC is not initialized.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The aggregate name.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Try the operation again after zEDC is initialized.

IOEZ00996E

The compression of aggregate aggregate_name failed because zEDC is not initialized.

Explanation

Data cannot be compressed when zEDC is not initialized.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The aggregate name.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Try the operation again after zEDC is initialized.

IOEZ00997E

Aggregate takeover for aggregate aggregate_name failed because zEDC is not initialized.

Explanation

This system cannot assume ownership because the aggregate contains compressed data and zEDC is not initialized.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The aggregate name.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Try the operation again after zEDC is initialized.

IOEZ00999I

zFS is waiting for ICSF initialization.

Explanation

zFS is waiting for ICSF to initialize because the IOEFSPRM configuration option initialize_for_encryption is ON. zFS will continue initialization once it receives notification that ICSF is available.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

No action is required if you plan to use encrypted file systems. If zFS is still waiting when ICSF is initialized, then contact the service representative. If you do not plan on using encryption, then remove the configuration parameter before the next IPL of the system.

IOEZ01000I

zFS is waiting for SMS initialization.

Explanation

zFS is waiting for SMS to initialize because the IOEFSPRM configuration option user_cache_size has the EDCFIXED option specified. zFS will continue initialization once it receives notification that zEDC is available. SMS and zEDC are required products for zFS compression.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

No action is required if you plan to use compressed file systems. If zFS is still waiting when SMS is initialized, then contact the service representative. If you do not plan on using compression, then remove the configuration parameter before the next IPL of the system.

IOEZ01001I

zFS is waiting for zEDC initialization.

Explanation

zFS is waiting for zEDC to initialize because the IOEFSPRM configuration option user_cache_size has the EDCFIXED option specified. zFS will continue initialization once it receives notification that zEDC is available. SMS and zEDC are required products for zFS compression.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

No action is required if you plan to use compressed file systems. If zFS is still waiting when zEDC is initialized, then contact the service representative. If you do not plan on using compression, then remove the configuration parameter before the next IPL of the system.

IOEZ01002E

The encryption of aggregate aggregate_name failed because ICSF services are not available.

Explanation

File systems cannot be encrypted when ICSF services are not available.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the file system.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Try the command again after ICSF is available.

IOEZ01003I

File system *file_system* received a compression failure due to lack of zEDC devices.

Explanation

A compression file write for one or more files in the indicated file system failed due to lack of zEDC devices. The file data will be stored in noncompressed format. No application errors will occur but the file system might benefit from a decompress and a compress command to save maximum space.

In the message text:

file_system

The name of the file system.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

Once zEDC devices are available, you can decompress the file system and compress it again to determine if space savings can be made. This is likely only useful if the file system is large or has many large files.

IOEZ01004E

File system file_system CI=control_interval_number (data_type inode=inode_number) is not stored in encrypted format.

Explanation

A decryption read request of an extended format data set found that zFS has stored data that is supposed to be encrypted, in the clear. The type of data that is affected is enclosed in parentheses. It is one of the following values: meta (internal file system metadata), compressed file, or uncompressed file. A dump will be generated to provide diagnostics for IBM service. If the data is file data, then the inode of the owning file is shown. For metadata, this value will be zero.

In the message text:

control_interval_number

The control interval number.

data_type

The type of affected data.

file_system

The name of the file system.

inode number

The inode number of the affected file.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

If the data type is meta or compressed file data, you can use the salvager program to correct the condition. If the data is uncompressed file data, then *inode* identifies the file. That file can be rewritten with new contents. For example, use the **cp** command to copy the file to a new name and then use the **mv** command to change the new file to the original name. Then delete the old file. Report the problem to the service representative.

IOEZ01005I

Successfully repaired corrupted data for file (with index file_index).

The compression group information: logpage logical_page total pages pages_before_compression compressed pages pages_after_compression.

Explanation

The salvager found corrupted encrypted data in the file with the specified index and repaired the corrupted data. The corrupted data is on an aggregate that is in compressed format. The compression group information that is associated with the corrupted data is also displayed and is intended for IBM service.

In the message text:

file_index

The file index.

logical_page

The first logical page in the compression group.

pages_before_compression

The number of pages before compression.

pages_after_compression

The number of pages after compression.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ01006I

Successfully repaired corrupted data in physical page physical_page.

Explanation

The salvager found corrupted encryption data in the specified physical page and repaired the corrupted data. This message is intended for IBM service.

In the message text:

physical_page

The physical page in the zFS aggregate.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ01007I

Successfully repaired corrupted data in ACL with index index.

Explanation

The salvager found corrupted encryption data in the specified ACL object and repaired the corrupted data. This message is intended for IBM service.

In the message text:

index

The ACL index.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

None.

IOEZ01008I

File with inode=inode_number (size=inode_size) in aggregate aggregate_name is encountering delays during shrink processing.

Explanation

zFS is in the process of shrinking the specified aggregate and has encountered the file or directory with the specified inode and the specified size (in K). Because the shrink process is being delayed, the process might take a long time to complete. Applications that are accessing the file or directory during the shrink process is a possible cause of this delay.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the file system.

inode number

The inode number of the affected file.

inode size

The size of the inode in K.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

If the delay is unacceptable, the shrink process can be canceled by using the **zfsadm shrink -cancel** command. If you want to determine which file or directory the inode represents, you can use the **ls -i** command. Otherwise, wait for the shrink command to complete.

IOEZ01009I

Call to catalog service for dataset aggregate_name failed, rc=ReturnCode rsn=ReasonCode.

Explanation

A call to the MVS catalog service for the specified data set failed. The return and reason codes are from the MVS catalog service. Other system processing that depends on the catalog entry may not function properly.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the file system.

ReturnCode

The catalog service return code.

ReasonCode

The catalog service reason code.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

Catalog return and reason codes are listed in message IDC3009I in <u>z/OS MVS System Messages</u>, <u>Vol 6 (GOS-IEA)</u>. Find the specified return and reason codes in order to determine the problem.

IOEZ01027E

Conversion to version 1.4 file system is disabled.

Explanation

zFS no longer supports the creation of version 1.4 file systems and disallows the conversion to a version 1.4 file system.

System action

IOEFSUTL program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Submit the JCL on a V2R2 or V2R3 system to convert the aggregate to version 1.4.

IOEZ01028E

Unexpected errors during takeover processing for HA file system filesystem_name with new owner system_name.

Explanation

zFS encountered unexpected errors while resolving pending operations that were in progress when the original owner of the file system went down. This means the applications that requested those operations will receive EIO (122) errors from zFS.

In the message text:

filesystem_name

The name of the file system.

system_name

The name of the system..

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Contact your service representative.

IOEZ01029E

The HA attribute is not assigned to file system *file_system_name* because system *system_name* does not support high availability file systems.

Explanation

The HA attribute was to be assigned to the specified file system either because the HA mount parameter was specified or the IOEFSPRM configuration option HA=ON is specified. The HA attribute can only be used when all members of a sysplex support high availability file systems.

In the message text:

file system

The name of the file system.

system_name

The name of the system that does not support high availability file systems.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

To use the HA file system attribute, ensure that all members in the sysplex have OA57508 applied. Then you can enable the HA attribute for this file system by using the **zfsadm chaggr** command with the -ha option. Alternatively, you could unmount the file system, and mount it again with the HA mount parameter. Or, you can issue the **zfsadm config** command with -ha on specified, then unmount and mount the file system again.

Initializing system *system_name* will not be allowed to join the sysplex because it does not support high availability file systems.

Explanation

There is at least one high availability (HA) mounted file system in the sysplex. HA support requires that all members of a sysplex support HA.

In the message text:

system_name

Name of the initializing system that does not support HA.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_warning

Administrator Response

zFS on the initializing system will terminate. To correct this problem, either unmount or change the HA status of all file systems that are currently mounted HA. The **zfsadm chaggr** command can be used to change the HA status of a file system.

IOEZ01031E

Invalid wildcard pattern in aggregate name aggregate_name.

Explanation

zfsadm chaggr only supports wildcards that have '*' at either the beginning or the end of the aggregate name, or both.

In the message text:

aggregate_name

The name of the aggregate with the wildcard.

System action

The program ends.

Severity

svc_c_sev_error

Administrator Response

Correct the aggregate name and try again.

IOEZ01061I

Log file recovery skipped for file system file_name.

Explanation

Log file recovery was skipped for the indicated file system. The log was not clean but the recovery component determined that the metadata for the file system was consistent and that recovery could be skipped.

In the message text:

file_name

The file system name.

System action

The program continues.

Severity

svc_c_sev_notice

Administrator Response

This is an informational message. If the file system identified in this message was later found to be corrupt by the zFS salvager, then report this message to IBM service.

Chapter 3. IOEZHnnnnt: zFS Health Checker messages

This section contains the messages that result from zFS checks from IBM Health Checker for z/OS. See IBM Health Checker for z/OS User's Guide for more information about the IBM health checks.

IOEZH0001I

A zFS PFSCTL failed. Command command, subcommand failed with errno=errno, errnojr=errnojr

Explanation:

The check could not execute.

System action:

The system continues processing.

Operator response:

Report this problem to the system programmer.

System programmer response:

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If a fix does not exist, call the IBM Support Center.

Problem determination:

N/A

Module:

IOEZHCK1

Source:

z/OS File System

Reference documentation:

z/OS File System Administration

Automation:

N/A

Routing code:

N/A

Descriptor code:

N/A

IOEZH0002I

Health check received an unknown entry code of *entry code* from IBM Health Checker for z/OS.

Explanation:

This is an internal error.

System action:

The system continues processing.

Operator response:

Report this problem to the system programmer.

System programmer response:

Search problem reporting data bases for a fix for the problem. If a fix does not exist, call the IBM Support Center.

Problem determination:

N/A

Module:

IOEZHCK1

Source:

z/OS File System **Reference documentation:** IBM Health Checker for z/OS User's Guide **Automation:** N/A Routing code: N/A **Descriptor code:** N/A IOEZH0040I zFS is running with a default meta_cache_size of cur_size. **Explanation:** zFS is running with a default metadata cache size. No action is required. **System action:** The system continues processing. **Operator response:** N/A **System programmer response: Problem determination:** N/A Module: IOEZHCK1 Source: z/OS File System

Reference documentation:

See the topic on IOEFSPRM in *z/OS File System Administration*.

Automation:

N/A

Routing code:

N/A

Descriptor code:

N/A

IOEZH0041I

zFS is running with a default_or_specified meta_cache_size of meta_size and a default_or_specified metaback_cache_size of metaback_size. The calcul_default_or_overridden meta_cache_size is meta_sizeM. The sum of the current two cache sizes sumM is greater than or equal to the default meta_cache_size calcul_default_or_overriddenM.

Explanation

zFS is running with the indicated metadata cache size and metadata backing cache size. The sum of the current cache sizes is greater than (or equal to) the default (or user-overridden) metadata cache size. No action is required.

If the user-specified metadata cache size is less than 1 M (minimum) or more than 64 G (maximum), zFS replaces it with the minimum or maximum value and displays the current metadata cache size with the new value. If the user-specified metadata backing cache size is less than 1 M (minimum) or more than 2048 M (maximum), zFS replaces it with the minimum or maximum value and displays the current metadata backing

cache size with the new value. If either case is true, check the value that is defined in meta_cache_size or metaback_cache_size option in the IOEFSPRM configuration file and verify that it is within the valid range.
System action: The system continues processing.
Operator response: N/A
System programmer response: N/A
Problem determination: N/A
Module: IOEZHCK1
Source: z/OS File System
Reference documentation: See the topic on IOEFSPRM in <i>z/OS File System Administration</i> .
Automation: N/A
Routing code: N/A
Descriptor code: N/A
IOEZH0042I zFS is running with a default user_cache_size of size.
IOEZH0042I zFS is running with a default user_cache_size of size. Explanation: zFS is running with a default user_cache_size. No action is required.
Explanation:
Explanation: zFS is running with a default user_cache_size. No action is required. System action:
Explanation: zFS is running with a default user_cache_size. No action is required. System action: The system continues processing. Operator response:
Explanation: zFS is running with a default user_cache_size. No action is required. System action: The system continues processing. Operator response: N/A System programmer response:
Explanation: zFS is running with a default user_cache_size. No action is required. System action: The system continues processing. Operator response: N/A System programmer response: N/A Problem determination:
Explanation: zFS is running with a default user_cache_size. No action is required. System action: The system continues processing. Operator response: N/A System programmer response: N/A Problem determination: N/A Module:
Explanation: zFS is running with a default user_cache_size. No action is required. System action: The system continues processing. Operator response: N/A System programmer response: N/A Problem determination: N/A Module: IOEZHCK1 Source:
Explanation: zFS is running with a default user_cache_size. No action is required. System action: The system continues processing. Operator response: N/A System programmer response: N/A Problem determination: N/A Module: IOEZHCK1 Source: z/OS File System Reference documentation:
Explanation: zFS is running with a default user_cache_size. No action is required. System action: The system continues processing. Operator response: N/A System programmer response: N/A Problem determination: N/A Module: IOEZHCK1 Source: z/OS File System Reference documentation: See IOEFSPRM in z/OS File System Administration. Automation:

IOEZH0043I

zFS is running with a default_or_specified user_cache_size of cur_size and the user cache size is greater than or equal to the calcul_default_or_overridden size of new_size M.

Explanation

zFS is running with the indicated user cache size that is greater than or equal to the default or user-overridden user cache size. No action is required.

If the user-specified user cache size is less than 10M (minimum) or more than 65536M (maximum), zFS replaces it with the minimum or maximum value and displays the current size with the new value. If that is the case, check the value that is defined in the user_cache_size option in the IOEFSPRM configuration file and verify that it is within the valid range.

System action:

The system continues processing.

Operator response:

N/A

System programmer response:

N/A

Problem determination:

N/A

Module:

IOEZHCK1

Source:

z/OS File System

Reference documentation:

See the topic on IOEFSPRM in *z/OS File System Administration*.

Automation:

N/A

Routing code:

N/A

Descriptor code:

N/A

IOEZH0044E

zFS is running with a default_or_specified meta_cache_size of cache_size and a default_or_specified metaback_cache_size of cache_size. The calcul_default_or_overridden meta_cache_size is cache_size M. The sum of the current two cache sizes cur_sum M is less than the calcul_default_or_overridden meta_cache_size new_sum M.

Explanation

zFS is running with the indicated metadata cache size and metadata backing cache size. The sum of the current two cache sizes is less than the default (or user-overridden) metadata cache size. Running with a very small metadata cache might affect zFS performance. See <u>Performance tuning</u> in *z/OS File System Administration* to determine whether the current settings might impact zFS performance.

If the user-specified metadata cache size is less than 1 M (minimum) or more than 64 G (maximum), zFS replaces it with the minimum or maximum value and displays the current metadata cache size with the new value.

If the user-specified metadata backing cache size is less than 1 M (minimum) or more than 2048 M (maximum), zFS replaces it with the minimum or maximum value and displays the current metadata backing cache size with the new value.

System action:

The system continues processing.

Operator response:

Report this problem to the system programmer.

System programmer response

For user-specified cache size, check the value that is defined in meta_cache_size or metaback_cache_size option in the IOEFSPRM configuration file and verify that it is within the valid range. Depending on the performance analysis, if the current settings do not perform as well as the default size, specify meta_cache_size with the default size in your IOEFSPRM configuration file and restart zFS. The meta_cache_size configuration option can also be dynamically updated using the **zfsadm config** command.

Otherwise, specify the current meta cache size with the user override check parameter meta_cache on the PARM statement (for either HZSPRMxx or MODIFY hzsproc) in order to make the check succeed.

Problem determination:

N/A

Module:

IOEZHCK1

Source:

z/OS File System

Reference documentation:

SeePerformance tuning in z/OS File System Administration.

Automation:

N/A

Routing code:

N/A

Descriptor code:

N/A

IOEZH0045E

zFS is running with a default_or_specified user_cache_size of cur_size that is less than the calcul_default_or_overridden size of new_size M.

Explanation

zFS is running with the indicated user cache size and the size is less than the default or user-overridden user cache size. Running with a very small user cache size could affect zFS performance. See Performance tuning in z/OS File System Administration to determine whether the current setting might affect zFS performance.

If the user-specified user cache size is less than 10M (minimum) or more than 65536M (maximum), zFS replaces it with the minimum or maximum value and displays the current size with the new value.

System action:

The system continues processing.

Operator response:

Report this problem to the system programmer.

System programmer response:

For a user-specified cache size, check the value that is defined in the user_cache_size option in the IOEFSPRM configuration file and verify that it is within the valid range. Depending on the performance analysis, if the current setting does not perform as well as the default value, specify user_cache_size with the default size in your IOEFSPRM configuration file and restart zFS. The user_cache_size configuration option can also be dynamically updated using the **zfsadm config** command. Otherwise, specify the current user cache size with the user override check parameter user_cache on the PARM statement (for either HZSPRMxx or MODIFY hzsproc) in order to make the check succeed.

Problem determination:

N/A	
Module: IOEZHCK1	
Source: z/OS File System	
Reference documentation: See "Performance tuning" or "IOEFS	PRM" in z/OS File System Administration.
Automation: N/A	
Routing code: N/A	
Descriptor code: N/A	
IOEZH0062I	zFS configuration option metaback_cache_size is not specified.
option metaback_cache_size is no in IOEFSPRM configuration file option	aback_cache_size option unspecified. zFS IOEFSPRM configuration o longer needed. The entire size of the metadata cache should be specified n meta_cache_size. It is not required, but is recommended to keep your outdated specifications to avoid any future confusion. No action is
System action: The system continues processing.	
Operator response: N/A	
System programmer response: N/A	
Problem determination: N/A	
Module: IOEZHCK1	
Source: z/OS File System	
Reference documentation: See the topic on IOEFSPRM in <i>z/OS F</i>	File System Administration
Automation: N/A	
Routing code: N/A	
Descriptor code: N/A	
IOEZH0063I	zFS configuration option tran_cache_size is not specified.
Explanation: zFS IOEFSPRM configuration option tran_cache_size unspecified. No	tran_cache_size is ignored. zFS is currently running with the action is required.

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The system continues processing.

System action:

Operator response:

N/A	
System programmer response: N/A	
Problem determination: N/A	
Module: IOEZHCK1	
Source: z/OS File System	
Reference documentation: See the topic on IOEFSPRM in <i>z/OS F</i>	ile System Administration
Automation: N/A	
Routing code: N/A	
Descriptor code: N/A	
IOEZH0064I	zFS configuration option client_cache_size is not specified.
Explanation: zFS IOEFSPRM configuration option client_cache_size unspecified.	client_cache_size is ignored. zFS is currently running with the No action is required.
System action: The system continues processing.	
Operator response	
N/A	
System programmer response	e
N/A	
Problem determination: N/A	
Module: IOEZHCK1	
Source: z/OS File System	
Reference documentation: See the topic on IOEFSPRM in <i>z/OS F</i>	ile System Administration
Automation: N/A	
Routing code: N/A	
Descriptor code: N/A	
IOEZH0065E	zFS configuration option metaback_cache_size is specified.

Explanation:

zFS IOEFSPRM configuration option metaback_cache_size is currently specified, but is no longer needed. The entire size of the metadata cache should be specified in IOEFSPRM configuration file option meta_cache_size. It is not required, but is recommended to keep your IOEFSPRM configuration file clean of outdated specifications to avoid any future confusion.

System action:

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Report this problem to the system programmer.

System programmer response:

You should assign the combined values of the metaback_cache_size and meta_cache_size options into just the meta_cache_size option to ensure that zFS will continue to have similar performance. You can remove the specification of the metaback_cache_size option in the IOEFSPRM configuration file to avoid any future confusion. Otherwise, specify the user override check parameter METABACK(EXISTENCE) on the PARMS string(via HZSPRMxx or MODIFY hzsproc) in order to make the check succeed.

Problem determination:

N/A

Module:

IOEZHCK1

Source:

z/OS File System

Reference documentation:

See Performance tuning in z/OS File System Administration.

Automation:

N/A

Routing code:

N/A

Descriptor code:

N/A

IOEZH0066E

zFS configuration option tran_cache_size is specified.

Explanation:

zFS is currently running with a specified tran_cache_size. zFS IOEFSPRM configuration option tran_cache_size is ignored.

System action:

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Report this problem to the system programmer.

System programmer response:

Since zFS IOEFSPRM configuration option **tran_cache_size** is ignored, you should remove specification of tran_cache_size in IOEFSPRM to avoid any future confusion. Otherwise, specify the user override check parameter TRANS(EXISTENCE) on the PARMS string (via HZSPRMxx or MODIFY hzsproc) in order to make the check succeed.

Problem determination:

N/A

Module:

IOEZHCK1

Source:

Reference documentation

See the topic on IOEFSPRM in *z/OS File System Administration*

Automation:

N/A

Routing code:

N/A

Descriptor code:

N/A

IOEZH0067E

zFS configuration option client_cache_size is specified.

Explanation:

zFS is currently running with a specified client_cache_size. zFS IOEFSPRM configuration option client cache size is ignored.

System action:

The system continues processing.

Operator response:

Report this problem to the system programmer.

System programmer response:

Since zFS IOEFSPRM configuration option client_cache_size is ignored, you should remove specification of client_cache_size in IOEFSPRM to avoid any future confusion. Otherwise, specify the user override check parameter CLIENT(EXISTENCE) on the PARMS string (via HZSPRMxx or MODIFY hzsproc) in order to make the check succeed.

Problem determination:

N/A

Module:

IOEZHCK1

Source:

z/OS File System

Reference documentation:

See the topic on IOEFSPRM in *z/OS File System Administration*

Automation:

N/A

Routing code:

N/A

Descriptor code:

N/A

IOEZH0068I

zFS configuration option metaback_cache_size is specified.

Explanation:

The check override parameter METABACK(EXISTENCE) is specified in the PARMS string (via HZSPRMxx or MODIFY hzsproc) to verify that the configuration option metaback_cache_size has been specified. The check found zFS is currently running with a specified metaback_cache_size. zFS IOEFSPRM configuration option metaback_cache_size is no longer needed. The combined values of the metaback_cache_size and meta_cache_size options should be assigned into just the meta_cache_size option to ensure that zFS will continue to have similar performance. You can remove the specification of the metaback_cache_size option in the IOEFSPRM configuration file to avoid any future confusion.

System action:

The system continues processing.

Operator response: N/A
System programmer response: N/A
Problem determination: N/A
Module: IOEZHCK1
Source: z/OS File System
Reference documentation: See the topic on IOEFSPRM in <u>z/OS File System Administration</u>
Automation: N/A
Routing code: N/A
Descriptor code: N/A
IOEZH0069I zFS configuration option tran_cache_size is specified.
Explanation: The check override parameter TRANS(EXISTENCE) is specified in the PARMS string (via HZSPRMxx or MODIFY hzsproc) to verify that the configuration option tran_cache_size has been specified. The check found zFS is currently running with a specified tran_cache_size. zFS IOEFSPRM configuration option tran_cache_size is ignored.
System action: The system continues processing.
Operator response: N/A
System programmer response: N/A
Problem determination: N/A
Module: IOEZHCK1
Source: z/OS File System
Reference documentation
See the topic on IOEFSPRM in z/OS File System Administration
Automation: N/A
Routing code: N/A
Descriptor code: N/A
IOEZH0070I zFS configuration option client_cache_size is specified.

Explanation:

The check override parameter CLIENT(EXISTENCE) is specified in the PARMS string (via HZSPRMxx or MODIFY hzsproc) to verify that the configuration option client_cache_size has been specified. The check found zFS is currently running with a specified client_cache_size. zFS IOEFSPRM configuration option client_cache_size is ignored.

System action:

The system continues processing.

Operator response:

N/A

System programmer response:

Remove the user override check parameter METABACK(EXISTENCE) from the PARMS string (via HZSPRMxx or MODIFY hzsproc) or specify the user override check parameter METABACK(ABSENCE) in order to make the check succeed.

Problem determination:

N/A

Module:

IOEZHCK1

Source:

z/OS File System

Reference documentation:

See the topic on IOEFSPRM in z/OS File System Administration

Automation:

N/A

Routing code:

N/A

Descriptor code:

N/A

IOEZH0071E

zFS configuration option metaback_cache_size is not specified.

Explanation:

The check override parameter METABACK(EXISTENCE) is specified in the PARMS string (via HZSPRMxx or MODIFY hzsproc) to verify the configuration option metaback_cache_size has been specified. The check found metaback_cache_size is not specified. zFS IOEFSPRM configuration option metaback_cache_size is no longer needed. No action is required for the metaback_cache_size option.

System action:

The system continues processing.

Operator response

Report this problem to the system programmer.

System programmer response

Remove the user override check parameter METABACK(EXISTENCE) from the PARMS string (via HZSPRMxx or MODIFY hzsproc) or specify the user override check parameter METABACK(ABSENCE) in order to make the check succeed.

Problem determination:

N/A

Module:

IOEZHCK1

Source:

z/OS File System

Reference documentation:

See the topic on IOEFSPRM in z/OS File System Administration

Automation:

N/A

Routing code:

N/A

Descriptor code:

N/A

IOEZH0072E

zFS configuration option tran_cache_size is not specified.

Explanation:

The check override parameter TRANS(EXISTENCE) is specified in the PARMS string (via HZSPRMxx or MODIFY hzsproc) to verify the configuration option tran_cache_size has been specified. The check found tran_cache_size is not specified. zFS IOEFSPRM configuration option tran_cache_size is ignored. No action is required for the tran_cache_size option.

System action:

The system continues processing.

Operator response:

Report this problem to the system programmer.

System programmer response:

Remove the user override check parameter TRANS(EXISTENCE) from the PARMS string (via HZSPRMxx or MODIFY hzsproc) or specify the user override check parameter TRANS(ABSENCE) in order to make the check succeed.

Problem determination:

N/A

Module:

IOEZHCK1

Source

z/OS File System

Reference documentation:

See the topic on IOEFSPRM in z/OS File System Administration

Automation:

N/A

Routing code:

N/A

Descriptor code:

N/A

IOEZH0073E

zFS configuration option client_cache_size is not specified.

Explanation:

The check override parameter CLIENT(EXISTENCE) is specified in the PARMS string (via HZSPRMxx or MODIFY hzsproc) to verify the configuration option client_cache_size has been specified. The check found client_cache_size is not specified. zFS IOEFSPRM configuration option client_cache_size is ignored. No action is required for the client_cache_size option.

System action:

The system continues processing.

Operator response:

Report this problem to the system programmer.

System programmer response:

Remove the user override check parameter CLIENT(EXISTENCE) from the PARMS string (via HZSPRMxx or MODIFY hzsproc) or specify the user override check parameter CLIENT(ABSENCE) in order to make the check succeed.

Problem determination:

N/A

Module:

IOEZHCK1

Source:

z/OS File System

Reference documentation:

See the topic on IOEFSPRM in *z/OS File System Administration*.

Automation:

N/A

Routing code:

N/A

Descriptor code:

N/A

IOEZH0074E

The zFS USER_CACHE_SIZE specification of *nn*M results in a user cache

configured as nn cache spaces, each with nn 8K spaces.

nn cache spaces are registered with the zEDC Express Service

nn are registered nn are not registered

nn file systems out of nn are compressed.

Compressed file systems are better supported when all cache spaces

are registered with the zEDC Express service.

Explanation:

zFS is operating with compressed aggregates and the user cache is not optimally configured. All cache spaces should be registered with the zEDC Express service for better performance.

System action:

The system continues processing.

Operator response

N/A

System programmer response:

N/A

Problem determination:

N/A

Module:

IOEZHCK1

Source:

z/OS File System

Reference documentation:

See the topics on "User file cache", "Fixed storage," and "Compress" in z/OS File System Administration.

Automation:

N/A

Routing code:

N/A

Descriptor code:

N/A

IOEZH0075I

The zFS USER_CACHE_SIZE specification of *nn*M results in a user cache

configured as nn cache spaces, each with nn 8K spaces.

nn cache spaces are registered with the zEDC Express Service

nn are registered nn are not registered

nn file systems out of nn are compressed.

An exception condition has not been detected. Relative to zEDC

support, zFS is appropriately configured.

Explanation:

zFS is operating with compressed aggregates and the user cache is not optimally configured. All cache spaces should be registered with the zEDC Express service for better performance.

System action:

The system continues processing.

Operator response:

N/A

System programmer response:

N/A

Problem determination:

N/A

Module:

IOEZHCK1

Source:

z/OS File System

Reference documentation:

See the topics on "User file cache", "Fixed storage," and "Compress" in z/OS File System Administration.

Automation:

N/A

Routing code:

N/A

Descriptor code:

N/A

IOEZH0076I

zFS does not have enough performance data to do an analysis.

Explanation:

zFS needs more time to collect more performance data for Health Checker to analyze.

System action:

The system continues processing.

Operator response:

N/A

System programmer response:

Νί/Δ

Problem determination:

N/A

Module:

IOEZHCK1

Source: z/OS File System	
Automation: N/A	
Routing code: N/A	
Descriptor code: N/A	
IOEZH0077I	File cache performance is good. No further action is needed.
Explanation: Based on the collected statistics, ov	erall file cache hit ratios are good. You do not need to take any action.
System action: The system continues processing.	
Operator response: N/A	
System programmer response: N/A	
Problem determination: N/A	
Module: IOEZHCK1	
Source: z/OS File System	
Automation: N/A	
Routing code: N/A	
Descriptor code: N/A	
IOEZH0078I	Meta cache performance is good. No further action is needed.
Explanation: Based on the collected statistics, ov	erall meta cache hit ratios are good. You do not need to take any action.
System action: The system continues processing.	
Operator response: N/A	
System programmer response: N/A	
Problem determination: N/A	
Module: IOEZHCK1	
Source: z/OS File System	
Automation: N/A	

Routing code: N/A	
Descriptor code: N/A	
IOEZH0079I	File cache total significant intervals = number number% of collected intervals showed sub-optimal performance data
	number % of collected intervals showed sub-optimal performance data
met. % of collected intervals with sub-optimal file cache p	tervals is the number of observed intervals where file cache request threshold are showing suboptimal performance data is the ratio of the total collected intervals performance to the file cache total significant intervals. This message indicates file timal. A report of the time periods with sub-optimal performance will be displayed in is required.
that find the desired data in the cases, active systems that reapplications read the same fithere are some situations who might be reading large volume ownership of file systems an accessed, a temporary dip in ratio was smaller than desired Another situation where the are aggressively caching outs see frequent reads of cached	formance good when the file cache hit ratio, (the ratio of requests to the cache the cache divided by the total requests to the cache), is above 90%. In many and file data stored in zFS file systems will achieve this hit ratio since many UNIX ites multiple times and zFS aggressively performs read-ahead for files. However, here the cache hit ratio might be less, such as system startup when applications has of data for the first time, or during administration actions such as moving dother zFS administration commands. If data that is not read frequently is a the hit ratio might occur. zFS will list the time periods (if infrequent) when the hit red to assist the administrator in determining if the situation is transient or persistent zFS file cache hit ratio is consistently lower than 90% is when the client application aside of zFS. In this case, the zFS is a second-level cache and will generally not dota. In these situations cache zFS file data aggressively will see file cache hit ratios dustomer applications cache zFS file data aggressively will see file cache hit ratios
System action: The system continues proces	scind
Operator response: N/A	33111g.
System programmer respon	nse:
Problem determination: N/A	
Module: IOEZHCK1	
Source: z/OS File System	
Reference documentation: See <u>Performance tuning</u> in <i>z/</i>	OS File System Administration.
Automation: N/A	
Routing code: N/A	
Descriptor code:	

IOEZH0080I

N/A

Meta cache total significant intervals = meta_cache_significant
% of collected intervals showing sub-optimal performance data =
percentage

Explanation:

Meta cache total significant intervals is the number of observed intervals where meta cache request threshold are met. % of collected intervals showing sub-optimal performance data is the ratio of the total collected intervals with sub-optimal meta cache performance to the meta cache total significant intervals. This message indicates meta cache performance is not optimal. A report of the associated intervals with sub-optimal performance will be displayed following this message. No action is required.

System action:

The system continues processing.

Operator response:

N/A

System programmer response:

N/A

Problem determination:

N/A

Module:

IOEZHCK1

Source:

z/OS File System

Automation:

N/A

Reference documentation:

See Performance tuning in z/OS File System Administration.

Routing code:

N/A

Descriptor code:

N/A

IOEZH0083I

Found no zFS file system with exception status.

Explanation:

There is no mounted zFS file system that had: low on space error, disk I/O error, XCF communication error, out of space error, dynamic grow failure, dynamic grow disabled, software error, mounted with no high availability option and RWSHARE, encrypted file system with a non-encrypted log file, containing at least one V4 directory or aggregate disk size exceeded AGGRFULL threshold.

System action:

The system continues processing.

Operator response:

N/A

System programmer response:

N/A

Problem determination:

N/A

Module:

IOEZHCK1

Source:

z/OS File System

Reference documentation:

See zfsadm fsinfo in z/OS File System Administration.

Routing code:

N/A

Descriptor code:

N/A

IOEZH0084I

Found zFS file system(s) in exception state.

Explanation

Found zFS file systems that meet one of more of the exceptional states, such as low on space, disk I/O error, software error, XCF communication error, out of space error, dynamic grow failure, dynamic grow disabled, mounted with non-use of high availability option and RWSHARE, having at least one V4 directory or aggregate disk size exceeded AGGRFULL threshold.

A report of the affected file systems will be displayed after this message. In the report, the file system name, owning system name and the file system status will be shown.

The report includes the file system name, owning system name and the file system states. The states contain abbreviated values. For quick reference, the values are defined in a Legend string at the end of the report.

System action:

The system continues processing.

Operator response:

N/A

System programmer response:

N/A

Problem determination:

N/A

Module:

IOEZHCK1

Source:

z/OS File System

Reference documentation:

See Converting an existing v4 directory to an extended (v5) directory in z/OS File System Administration.

Automation:

N/A

Routing code:

N/A

Descriptor code:

N/A

IOEZH0088I

Could not get completed file system information error=*error_code*, reason=*reason_code*.

Explanation:

Getting file system information is not completed due to the displayed return code and reason code. Health check displays as much information as it can.

System action:

The system continues processing.

Operator response:

N/A

System programmer response:

N/A

Problem determination:

N/A

Module:

IOEZHCK1

Source:

z/OS File System

Automation:

N/A

Routing code:

N/A

Descriptor code:

N/A

Appendix A. Reason codes

Reason codes are listed by hexadecimal value and include a description of the action required to correct the error. Each reason code is made up of four bytes, ccc rrrr, where ccc is a halfword reason code qualifier and rrrr is the halfword reason code.

The two high-order bytes of the reason codes that are returned contain a value that is used to qualify the contents of the two low-order bytes. Reason code qualifiers for zFS are found within the range X'EF01'-X'EFFF'. For information about reason codes outside this range, see <u>Description and location</u> information in *z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes*.

DF01rrrr reason codes

0001

The File Exporter Exit Routine determined that an unmount was attempted but the file system is busy.

Action

Try the operation again. If it continues to fail, contact the service representative.

0002

The File Exporter Exit Routine request for an open token failed.

Action

An Open request failed. Retry the open. If it continues to fail, contact the service representative.

0003

The File Exporter Exit Routine request for a token failed.

Action

Try the operation again. If it continues to fail, contact the service representative.

0005

The File Exporter Exit Routine was unable to find its Glue Anchor.

Action

Try the operation again. If it continues to fail, contact the service representative.

0006

The File Exporter Exit Routine was unable to obtain a recovery block.

Action

Try the operation again. If it continues to fail, contact the service representative.

0007

The File Exporter Exit Routine was called with an invalid operation.

Action

Try your request again. If it continues to fail, contact the service representative.

8000

A vnode operation has no File Exporter Exit Routine functional support.

Action

Contact the service representative.

0009

There was not enough memory for the Glue Anchor in the UNIX System Services address space.

DF01rrrr

Action

Try your request again. If it continues to fail, contact the service representative.

000A

There was not enough memory to create a Cell Pool for recovery blocks.

Action

Try your request again. If it continues to fail, contact the service representative.

000B

There was not enough memory to create a Cell Pool for wait structure blocks.

Action

Try your request again. If it continues to fail, contact the service representative.

000D

The File Exporter Exit Routine detected an invalid recovery block id.

Action

Contact the service representative.

000E

The File Exporter Exit Routine detected a missing FID.

Action

Contact the service representative.

000F

The File Exporter Exit Routine detected an invalid osictl header id.

Action

Contact the service representative.

0010

The File Exporter Exit Routine detected that an osictl has no optional parameter.

Action

Contact the service representative.

0011

The File Exporter Exit Routine detected that an invalid server initialization parameter.

Action

Contact the service representative.

0012

The File Exporter Exit Routine detected an invalid revoke token argument length.

Action

Contact the service representative.

0013

The File Exporter Exit Routine detected an invalid async grant token argument length.

Action

Contact the service representative.

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0014

The File Exporter Exit Routine detected an invalid osictl request.

Action

Contact the service representative.

0017

The File Exporter Exit Routine detected an invalid change debug argument length.

Action

Contact the service representative.

0018

The File Exporter Exit Routine detected an invalid lockctl option parameter.

Action

Contact the service representative.

DF02rrrr reason codes

0001

The File Exporter Exit Routine sleep function could not get a wait structure from the Cell Pool.

Action

Contact the service representative.

DF03rrrr reason codes

0001

The File Exporter Exit Routine made an invalid request.

Action

Contact the service representative.

DF04rrrr reason codes

0001

DFSKERN vnode cache is too small for the number of file systems exported and the specified virtual memory cache maximum files.

Action

The maximum number of file systems attached is the vnode cache size (_IOE_VNODE_CACHE_SIZE environment variable) minus VM cache maximum files (_IOE_VM_MAX_FILES environment variable) minus 320. Increase the vnode cache environment variable or decrease the VM files maximum. For details, see the topic on environment variables in z/OS Distributed File Service SMB Administration.

0002

The File Exporter Exit Routine made an invalid request. This is not supported.

Action

To export this zFS file system, you must run zFS specifying sysplex=filesys in the IOEFSPRM file and ensure that the zFS file system is mounted non-sysplex aware. See z/OS File System Administration for further details.

EFxxrrrr reason codes

In addition to displaying z/OS UNIX System Services reason codes, the z/OS UNIX shell command, **bpxmtext**, also displays the text and action of zFS reason codes (EFxxrrrr) that are returned from the kernel. For additional information, see the <u>bpxmtext</u> command in <u>z/OS UNIX System Services Command Reference</u>. For information about setting slips to obtain diagnosis information, see <u>"Setting slip traps to obtain diagnosis data"</u> on page 2.

6001

The File System is busy, cannot allow vnode operation.

Action

There is another operation in progress that conflicts with this operation. Try your request again. If it continues to fail, contact the service representative.

6002

Unable to establish the recovery environment.

Action

Ensure that the zFS Physical File System is started. If it active and the error still occurs, contact the service representative.

6003

Non-critical I/O wait failure.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6004

Latent error from prior operation not yet reported.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6005

File is deleted from system.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6006

Special file read error on vnode initialization.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6007

Could not initialize a new vnode due to anode handle create failure.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6008

Could not re-initialize a new vnode after a file system operation.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6009

Error returned from volStat function.

Contact the service representative.

600A

File system not mounted.

Action

Ensure that the file system is mounted. Retry the operation. If it continues to fail, contact the service representative.

600B

Vget failure not yet reported.

Action

Contact the service representative.

600C

Vget attributes fetch failure.

Action

Contact the service representative.

600D

Access failure.

Action

Contact the service representative.

600E

Failure getting attr specified in OSI struct.

Action

Contact the service representative.

600F

Failure getting index on volstat.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6010

Bad unique on vol_vget.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6011

No vnode found for FID.

Action

This reason code, when coupled with a return code of ENOENT, simply means that an operation was presented to zFS for a previously deleted file. If a different return code is presented, then contact the service representative.

6012

Could not open anode for vnode.

Action

This could occur if a task was trying to open a file that was removed by another task at the same time. It can also occur if there was a recent system or zFS outage. If however, it repeatedly occurs and a recent system outage did not occur, then contact the service representative.

6013

Error from osi_getvnode.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6014

Error from osi_getvnode token.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6015

SAF CKACC returned error.

Action

The user did not have the correct permission on the object for the operation requested. Change the permissions on the object or have a user that is authorized execute the operation.

6016

SAF AUDIT returned error.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6017

Vm_schedule error.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6018

Bad input name from z/OS UNIX.

Action

Ensure that the file/directory name is not longer than 256 characters. If the name length is valid, contact the service representative.

6019

Creating a dir on vn_create.

Action

Contact the service representative.

601A

Directory operation on a vnode that is not a directory.

Action

Contact the service representative.

601B

Invalid operation on a zero-link count vnode.

Action

Ensure that the object still exists. If it does, contact your service representative.

601C

Error creating a new file.

Actions

Try to resolve the problem using the return code. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

601D

Error inserting a name in a directory.

Contact the service representative.

601E

Create failure.

Action

Contact the service representative.

601F

Vnode operation failed to get vnode token in a directory.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6020

Link failure.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6021

Try to hard link a directory, not allowed.

Action

You cannot link to a directory. Correct the object being linked and try again.

6023

Error creating link, the link name already exists.

Action

Ensure that the link name does not already exist.

6024

A write operation to a read only filesystem.

Action

Ensure that the file system is mounted read-write.

6025

Error looking up a file.

Action

Ensure the object exists. If it does, contact the service representative.

6026

Error fetching file attributes.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6027

A lookup attempted on an object that was not a directory.

Action

Ensure that the name containing the object being looked up is a directory.

6028

A required name entry in a directory was not found.

If the return code is 129 (ENOENT), correct the directory name and try again. Otherwise, contact the service representative.

6029

Entry in directory found but inode was stale.

Action

Contact the service representative.

602A

Unexpected error searching a directory.

Action

Contact the service representative.

602B

Error on mkdir request.

Action

Contact the service representative.

602C

Name given by mkdir already exists.

Action

Ensure that the directory name being created does not already exist.

602D

Error creating a sub-directory anode.

Action

Ensure that you are not trying to create more than 65533 subdirectories in a version 4 directory. Otherwise, contact the service representative.

602E

Error adding . and . . entries to the directory.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6030

Error truncating file during open.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6031

Try to remove link from a directory, not allowed.

Action

Ensure that the pathname is not a directory.

6032

Check 2 owners error.

Action

Ensure that the user has permission to do the operation.

6033

Attempt to delete a non-empty directory.

Ensure that the directory is empty before attempting to remove it.

6034

Error attempting to remove a name from a directory.

Action

Ensure that you are not attempting to remove the . or .. entry from the directory.

If the return code is 133 (ENOSPC), you are trying to remove an entry from a directory that was created before zFS V1R13 and is less than 7 K; therefore it is stored in fragments. However, the file system is owned on a zFS V1R13 or later system and needs a free 8 K block to do the remove. You must grow the file system to make some 8 K blocks available.

Otherwise, contact the service representative.

6035

General vn_remove error.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6036

Rmdir error.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6037

General rename error.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6038

Target directory is a descendant of source directory.

Action

Ensure that the target of an mv is not the descendent of the source directory. For example, mv /a /a/b.

6039

Target of rename is a directory while the source of rename is not.

Action

Ensure that you are not attempting to rename a file to an existing directory.

603A

Target of rename is a directory but was not empty.

Action

Ensure that the directory that is the target of a rename is empty.

603B

Error replacing name with new name in a directory.

Action

Contact the service representative.

603C

General setattr error.

EFxxrrrr

Action

Contact the service representative.

603D

SAF chgmode error.

Action

Ensure that you are authorized to change the permissions.

603E

SAF chgowner error.

Action

Ensure that you are authorized to change the owner and that the new owner and group is valid.

603F

Attempt to truncate a directory, not allowed.

Action

Ensure that you are not attempting to truncate a directory.

6040

SAF clrsetid error.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6041

SAF chaudit error.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6042

Guardtime check on setattr failed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6043

Operation required owner privileges and user did not have them.

Action

Ensure that you are the owner of the object.

6044

Setattr truncation error.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6045

Symlink error.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6046

Symlink name already exists.

Ensure that the symlink name does not already exist.

6047

Error writing symlink contents.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6048

Attempt to read past EOF.

Action

Ensure that you are not attempting to read past the end of the file.

6049

General file read error.

Action

Contact the service representative.

604A

General file write error.

Action

Check the return code to determine why the write failed.

604B

Uiomove failed, probably due to user address space errors.

Action

Contact the service representative.

604C

Process limit was exceeded on write request.

Action

Ensure that the user is not attempting to exceed the process file size limit.

604D

Process limit was exceeded because it was not allowed to increase size of file.

Action

Ensure that you are not attempting to exceed the process file size limit.

604E

General VM cache failure.

Action

If the return code is ENOSPC (133), the file system or aggregate is full. If this is the case, make more space available. Otherwise, contact the service representative.

604F

Readlink failure.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6050

Readlink for a vnode that was not a symlink.

Action

Ensure that the target of a readlink is actually a symbolic link.

6051

Readdir error.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6052

File truncate error.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6053

File sync error.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6054

Syntax error in PARM for MOUNT request.

Action

Ensure that the PARM parameter string on the MOUNT command for the zFS file system is syntactically correct. MOUNT PARMs are case sensitive.

6055

Error with issuing a LOCATE call on an HFS-compat aggregate.

Action

Ensure that the zFS file system named on the MOUNT command has the same name as the VSAM Linear Data Set (and the HFS compatibility mode aggregate) that contains the file system.

6056

HFS-compat mount, - name not VSAM LDS.

Action

Ensure that the zFS file system named on the MOUNT command has the same name as the VSAM Linear Data Set (and the HFS compatibility mode aggregate) that contains the file system.

6057

HFS-compat mount, - syntax in IOEFSPRM file.

Action

Ensure that the syntax of the AGGRFULL option in the IOEFSPRM file is valid.

6058

HFS-compat mount, - error attaching aggregate or was found not to be HFS-compat.

Action

Ensure that the HFS compatibility mode aggregate that is being MOUNTed has a single read-write file system and the file system name is the same as the aggregate name (that is, the VSAM Linear Data Set name). This can also mean that you attempted to move ownership of a zFS sysplex-aware read-write file system to a system that does not support zFS sysplex-aware (that is, it is z/OS V1R12 but is running sysplex=off). This is not allowed.

A mount of a zFS file system that fails with return code 138 (ENXIO) can indicate that the file system is already mounted on another system that is not in the same sysplex but is sharing DASD accessibility. zFS prevents data corruption by not allowing a zFS file system to be mounted read-write on two systems that are not in a shared

file system environment. In this case, verify that the file system is not already mounted read-write on another system. zFS prevents a system from writing to a zFS aggregate that is mounted read-write on another system. Another possible cause is the VSAM linear data set was not formatted as a ZFS file system. Also, look in the system log for messages from other z/OS components related to this aggregate (data set) name. Otherwise, contact the service representative.

605A

Attempt to mount a file system R/W on a R/O aggregate.

Action

Ensure that a file system that is contained in an aggregate that has been attached read-only is mounted read-only. Or, attach the aggregate read-write.

605B

Attempt to mount a file system R/W that is inherently R/O.

Action

Contact the service representative.

605C

Fsfull config option syntax error in config file.

Action

Ensure that the syntax of the FSFULL option in the IOEFSPRM file is valid.

605D

No root directory found for file system.

Action

Contact the service representative.

605E

File system busy or unable to be mounted.

Action

There is another operation in progress that conflicts with this operation. Try your request again. If it continues to fail, contact the service representative.

6060

Invalid PFS control request command.

Action

Ensure that the application is specifying a valid pfsctl request.

6061

Failed obtaining request block for cross memory call.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6062

Failed obtaining data buffer for cross memory call.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6063

Failed obtaining data from the user buffer.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6064

Failed writing data into the user buffer.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6065

Failed obtaining user credential information by osi_getcred.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6066

The caller is not UID 0.

Action

Ensure that you are properly authorized for this operation. This subcommand requires UID 0 or READ access to the SUPERUSER.FILESYS.PFSCTL profile in the z/OS UNIXPRIV class.

6067

Failure in osi_wait service.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6068

PFS control command failed.

Action

Check the return code to determine why the pfsctl function failed.

6069

Insufficient space on aggregate.

Action

Ensure that there is sufficient space on the aggregate.

606A

Container does not have an allocation handle.

Action

Contact the service representative.

606B

Incorrect aggregate handle.

Action

Contact the service representative.

606C

Incorrect anode handle.

Action

Contact the service representative.

606D

Index is out of range or anode is not valid.

Action

Contact the service representative.

606E

Incorrect, undefined or inconsistent arguments.

Verify that the new size on grow is greater than the current size. The **zfsadm aggrinfo** command displays the current size in 1K blocks. Divide this amount by 8 to get the current size in 8K blocks. If this is not the case for the reason code, contact the service representative.

6070

The acl or plist file handle is not valid.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6071

Incorrect, undefined or inconsistent command value.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6072

A volume table index is not valid.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6073

Fid unique identifier does not match.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6074

Fid volume ID does not match.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6075

Incorrect volume handle.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6076

Incorrect file handle.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6077

File cannot have negative link count.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6078

No additional volumes are in the aggregate.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6079

No additional containers are in the volume.

Action

Contact the service representative.

'

607A Block is past the allocated end of the container.

Action

Contact the service representative.

607B Block address is too large.

Action

Contact the service representative.

607C Specified device already has an aggregate.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6080 Specified anode index already exists.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6081 A transaction must be specified.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6082 Block is interior to the container but is not allocated.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6083 Specified anode index does not exist.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6084 The anode does not contain a file.

Action

Contact the service representative.

The container does not contain a volume table.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6086 The bitmap is not consistent with the superblock.

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Contact the service representative.

The superblock does not lead to an AVL.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6088 The file does not point to an acl container.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6089 Container is stored inline or fragmented.

Action

Contact the service representative.

608A Container is stored inline or blocked.

Action

Contact the service representative.

608B Container is stored fragmented or blocked.

Action

Contact the service representative.

608C An anode being deleted is still open.

Action

Contact the service representative.

608D An anode is not empty.

Action

Contact the service representative.

608E Other containers using these blocks for copy-on-write purposes.

Action

Contact the service representative.

608F Read operation extends past container length.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6090 Specified size of the status area is too large.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6091 Supplied status data extends too far.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6093 Insufficient quota on volume.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6094 Copy-on-write is not available for this container.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6095 Block allocation of log is in error.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6096 Block allocation for bitmap ended in error.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6097 Error in copy-on-write reference.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6098 Management of multiple quota procedures not yet implemented.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6099 Initialization entry point called more than once.

Action

Contact the service representative.

609A Object or module not properly initialized.

Action

Contact the service representative.

609B Tried to insert a block that is already allocated.

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Contact the service representative.

609D Incorrect block insertion parameters.

Action

Contact the service representative.

609E A rock was specified whose value was zero.

Action

Contact the service representative.

609F A volume was referenced while going offline.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60A0 An aggregate was referenced while going offline.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60A2 The container does not contain a volume header.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60A3 Volume does not have a root directory.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60A5 Current® operation is not finished.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60A6 Anode must be copy-on-write.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60A7 Write operation encountered an inconsistent state.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60A8 Existing fragment group cannot be extended.

Action

Contact the service representative.

'

60A9 Aggregate has some open volumes.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60AA Volume has some open anodes.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60AB A volume being deleted is still open.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60AC New length is inconsistent with storage method.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60AF Iterator value indicates previous is last.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60B0 Aux type inappropriate for non-directory files.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60B1 Anode block and offset pair is not valid.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60B9 Block reference to indirect block has inconsistent header.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60BC Event already in set.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60BD Event still part of some set.

Contact the service representative.

60BE Arguments are either incorrect, inconsistent, or not allowed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60C0 Device does not exist.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60C2 The log/buffer package was re initialized.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60C3 The specified memory region is too small.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60C4 The buffer is not valid.

Action

Contact the service representative.

The log has not been recovered.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60C6 The specified log was not valid.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60C7 The specified transaction is not valid.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60C8 The specified transaction is no longer valid.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60C9 The specified buffer could not be deleted.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60CA

The specified transaction is active.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60CB

The specified transaction has ended.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60CC

The specified transaction has completed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60CD

The specified transaction has committed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60D1

No buffers were available to satisfy the request.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60D4

Cannot log additional devices.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60D5

The requested log already exists.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60D8

There is no available space on the log device.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60D9

One or more arguments are not valid.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60DA

Could not read log in for recovery.

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Contact the service representative.

60DD An error was encountered.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60DE An incorrect reference was found.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60DF An incorrect log record was found.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60E0 VAn internal system check ended in error.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60E1 An incorrect log page was encountered.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60E2 A null pointer reference was detected.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60E3 An incorrect pointer was detected.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60E4 An incorrect record type was found during redo.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60E5 An incorrect record type was found during undo.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60E6 An I/O error was detected during recovery.

EFxxrrrr Action Contact the service representative. 60E7 Recovery is complete. **Action** Contact the service representative. 60E8 Recovery must be run on this aggregate. **Action** Contact the service representative. 60E9 The requested operation would block. Action Contact the service representative. 60EA A log page with an incorrect pass number was found. **Action** Contact the service representative. **60EB** Aggregate is already attached. Action The aggregate specified is already attached. Ensure you have specified the correct aggregate name. 60ED Aggregate is not attached. Action

Contact the service representative.

60EE

Action

Contact the service representative.

60EF File System is locally mounted.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60F2 Name is too long.

Action

Contact the service representative.

60FE Out of memory.

Aggregate may need to be recovered.

Contact the service representative.

6108 Defined parameters exceed the maximum.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6109 Internal parsing error.

Action

Contact the service representative.

610A Too many values specified after a CMD_SINGLE switch.

Action

Contact the service representative.

610B Too many parameters specified.

Action

Contact the service representative.

610C Two or more mutually exclusive parameters used.

Action

Contact the service representative.

610D Specify the minimum number of arguments.

Action

Contact the service representative.

610E Unrecognized or ambiguous command name.

Action

Contact the service representative.

610F Unrecognized or ambiguous switch name.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6111 Specify the required number of parameters.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6112 Specify a valid argument value.

Action

Contact the service representative.

'

6113 Unable to find appropriate commands.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6114 Token too large.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6115 File system in process of deletion.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6117 File System busy with setstatus operation.

Action

Contact the service representative.

611B File System is being moved.

Action

Contact the service representative.

611C File System operation in progress.

Action

Contact the service representative.

611D File System has been deleted.

Action

Contact the service representative.

611E File System busy with clone.

Action

Contact the service representative.

611F File System is damaged.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6120 File System is out of service.

Contact the service representative.

6121

Aggregate is being detached.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6123

Fsync attempted on an object that is not a directory or a regular file.

Action

Ensure that the fsync operation is issued against a directory or a regular file.

6124

Directory sync attempted on an object that is not a directory.

Action

Ensure that the directory sync operation is issued against a directory.

6125

Fsync attempted on non-regular file.

Action

Ensure that the fsync operation is issued against a regular file.

6126

Buffer size is 0 on a readdir attempt.

Action

Ensure that the readdir buffer size is larger than 0.

6128

The AGGR FORMAT structure has invalid values.

Action

Correct the values and issue the request again.

6130

First usable block past super block.

Action

Contact your service representative.

6132

Initialempty value too big.

Action

Initialempty value should be ignored. Contact your service representative.

6133

Specified logsize too many blocks for aggregate size.

Action

Do not specify a logsize greater than the size of the aggregate.

6136

Error detaching the aggregate after the operation completed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6137

Cannot open VSAM Linear Data Set for format.

Action

Ensure the VSAM Linear Data Set exists and is accessible before retrying the operation.

6138

Aggregate is already formatted.

Action

The aggregate specified cannot be formatted because it already contains a ZFS file system. Either specify overwrite (using caution) or if the incorrect aggregate was specified, correct the aggregate name.

6139

File system partition too small.

Action

Contact the service representative.

613A

Too few disk blocks for file system.

Action

Try decreasing the logsize value or allocating a larger VSAM Linear Data Set. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

613B

Disk sizes too small.

Action

Contact the service representative.

613C

Failed to initialize the device.

Action

Contact the service representative.

613D

Error initializing the device.

Action

Contact the service representative.

613E

Aggregate attach failed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

613F

Internal error creating the file system.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6140

Failed to obtain storage while formatting.

Contact the service representative.

6141 Internal error locating super block.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6142 Error reading super block.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6143 Error creating or writing new aggregate structures.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6144 Error syncing device to disk.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6145 Internal error creating basic aggregate disk structures.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6146 Internal error locating aggregate structure.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6147 Error obtaining aggregate size information.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6148 Formatting an attached aggregate.

Action

Verify you are using the correct aggregate name. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

614A GetfACL request was for an undefined ACL type value.

Action

If you specified an invalid ACL type, correct it. Otherwise, contact the service representative.

614B Internal error reading ACL from disk.

Action

Retry the operation and if it continues to fail, contact the service representative.

614C

Object is not a directory so a File Default or Directory Default ACL cannot be changed.

Action

Either use the correct directory or modify the command to operate on a File ACL.

614D

SetfACL request was for an undefined ACL type value.

Action

If you specified an invalid ACL type, correct it. Otherwise, contact the service representative.

614E

Internal error writing ACL to disk.

Action

Retry the operation and if it continues to fail, contact the service representative.

614F

An invalid command code was requested.

Action

Correct the invalid command code and retry.

6150

Lookup failure for volser for aggregate attach.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6151

Write past largest supported zFS file size or past the file allocation limit, which includes space for file location maps.

Action

Remove data from the file to make room for the new data, or write the new data to another file.

6161

Admin thread abended.

Action

An application has issued a pfsctl call (or a user has issued a zfsadm command that resulted in a pfsctl call) and the thread running the request in zFS has abended. Contact the service representative.

6162

Recovery routine given control.

Action

The user has been cancelled or has issued CTRL-escape. The operation has completed. No action is required.

6163

An error occurred in the recovery routine.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6164

An error occurred in the efs_getvntok call.

Contact the service representative.

6165

An attempt to format an aggregate with a log size greater than 128M (16384 8K blocks).

Action

Specify a logsize of less than or equal to 16384 blocks or do not specify a logsize.

6166

The vnode cache limit is not between vnode cache size and 7340032.

Action

Specify a vnode_cache_limit between the current vnode_cache_size and 7340032.

6167

Could not obtain a vnode due to vnode_cache_limit being reached.

Action

Increase the vnode_cache_limit.

6168

The vnode cache size is not between 32 and the vnode cache limit.

Action

Specify a vnode_cache_size between 32 and the vnode_cache_limit.

6200

Filesys delete pfsctl did not find file system.

Action

File system was not found. Correct the file system name and try again.

6201

Unexpected file system open failure.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6202

File system is mounted.

Action

Unmount the file system before deleting the file system.

6203

File system getstatus call failed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6204

File system setstatus call failed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6205

File system sync status call failed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6206 File system unclone of forward file system failed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6207 File system sync failed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6208 File system setstatus on 2 file systems failed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6209 File system destroy of file systems failed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

620A File system sync of aggregate failed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

620B File system close failed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

620C File system was found busy with another operation.

Action

Another file system operation is in progress. Reissue this operation when the other file system operation has completed.

620D Aggregate is attached R/O.

Action

The file system cannot be deleted because the aggregate is attached read-only.

620E Aggregate specified does not match aggregate found.

Action

The aggregate specified for the file system to be deleted is incorrect.

6223 Could not open file system.

Contact the service representative.

6224

File system busy with other operation.

Action

Contact your service representative.

6225

R/W or backup file system is mounted.

Action

Contact your service representative.

6239

Aggregate not found.

Action

The aggregate specified cannot be found. Correct the aggregate name and try again.

623A

Bad unquiesce handle passed in.

Action

The handle passed to unquiesce is incorrect. Use the quiesce handle received from the quiesce. This may also mean that the aggregate was not in a quiesced state.

623B

Error closing file system.

Action

Contact the service representative.

623E

Aggregate not found.

Action

The aggregate specified cannot be found. Correct the aggregate name and try again.

623F

Aggregate already quiesced or quiescing, or unquiescing.

Action

The aggregate is already quiesced or a quiesce or unquiesce operation is already in progress for this aggregate. If you are doing a grow operation or a backup operation, the aggregate should not be already quiesced.

6238

Cannot forward this PFSCTL to a downlevel system.

Action

The zFS owner of the aggregate is downlevel and cannot process this pfsctl.

6240

Aggregate sync operation failed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6241

One or more file systems busy with other operations.

Action

Use the error code to determine why the file system could not be quiesced during the aggregate quiesce.

6246

File system is busy.

Action

The file system is busy with another file system operation. Try again later.

6248

Failure retrieving status from opened file system.

Action

Contact the service representative.

624D

Invalid parms in request.

Action

An invalid parameter was passed. Correct the parameter and try again.

624E

Aggregate not found.

Action

The aggregate specified cannot be found. Correct the aggregate name and try again.

624F

Failure retrieving status from aggregate.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6252

Aggregate not found.

Action

The aggregate specified cannot be found. Correct the aggregate name and try again.

6253

Detach cannot proceed because aggregate is quiesced.

Action

Unquiesce the aggregate before detaching it.

6254

Detach cannot proceed because file systems are mounted.

Action

Unmount the file systems before detaching the aggregate.

6255

Detach failed because some file systems could not be closed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6258

Aggregate not found.

The aggregate specified cannot be found. Correct the aggregate name and try again.

6259

Aggregate could not be grown. It is attached in R/O mode.

Action

The aggregate must be attached read-write to do a grow.

625C

Could not grow quota in compat aggregate R/W file system.

Action

Contact the service representative.

625D

Unexpected error growing aggregate.

Action

If the error code is 8, you may have specified a new size smaller than the current size, a new size of zero with a zero secondary allocation on the data set, or there may not be sufficient space on the volume. Otherwise, contact the service representative.

6260

Aggregate not attached.

Action

The aggregate must be attached before a file system can be created in it.

6261

Aggregate is quiesced.

Action

Unquiesce the aggregate before attempting to create a file system in it.

6262

File system name to be created ends in .bak.

Action

Do not use a file system name that ends in .bak. This is reserved for backup file systems created via clone. Use a file system name that does not end in .bak.

6263

File system with name already exists.

Action

Use a file system name that does not already exist.

6264

Unexpected error attaching newly created file system.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6265

Error adding file system to aggregate file system table on disk.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6266

Error creating root directory in new file system.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6267

Error opening root directory vnode in new file system.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6268

Error adding . and .. to root directory.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6269

Aggregate attached R/O, cannot create file systems.

Action

The aggregate must be attached read-write to create a file system in it.

626A

Aggregate is COMPAT aggregate, cannot create new file systems on it.

Action

You cannot create another read-write file system in a compatibility mode aggregate.

626B

Quota smaller than minimum allowed.

Action

Specify a quota of at least 128 when creating a file system. (128 means 128K).

626D

AGGR_ATTACH passed in is invalid.

Action

Ensure that you did not specify both AGGR_NBS and AGGR_NONBS and try again.

626E

Aggregate already attached.

Action

None.

626F

Aggregate attach failed.

Action

Ensure that the aggregate has been formatted. Otherwise, ensure that you are not mounting or attaching an aggregate read-write when it is already mounted or attached read-write on another (non-sysplex coordinated) system. Otherwise, contact the service representative.

6270

Some file systems on aggregate could not be opened.

Action

If the return code is 121 (EINVAL), ensure that you are not attempting to attach a multi-file system aggregate in a shared file system environment. Otherwise, contact the service representative.

6271

Cannot run required recovery since aggregate is being attached readonly.

Action

Attach the aggregate as read-write so that recovery can be run. The aggregate can then be detached and then attached as read-only. To avoid this problem in the future, you can specify the **romount_recovery=on** configuration option to allow zFS to temporarily attach the aggregate read-write in this case in order to allow log recovery to run and then detach and attach the aggregate read-only.

6273

Buffer or bufsize is zero, but not both.

Action

Either buffer offset or buffer size is zero but the other is not. You must have either a buffer offset and a buffer size or you must set them both to zero.

6274

Buffer passed is too small.

Action

The buffer passed is too small to hold the array of AGGR_IDs. The size needed is returned in the size parameter.

6277

Buffer or bufsize is zero, but not both.

Action

Either buffer offset or buffer size is zero but the other is not. You must have either a buffer offset and a buffer size or you must set them both to zero.

6278

Buffer passed is too small.

Action

The buffer passed is too small to hold the array of FS_IDs. The size needed is returned in the size parameter.

6279

Aggregate not found.

Action

The aggregate specified in the LISTFSNAMES paramter cannot be found. You may need to attach the aggregate. Correct the problem and try again.

627A

Aggregate deleted.

Action

The aggregate specified is being detached. To list the file systems in the aggregate, it must be attached.

629E

AGGR_FORMAT eyecatcher invalid.

Action

The eyecatcher in the AGGR_ FORMAT structure is incorrect. It must be AGFM.

629F

AGGR_FORMAT length invalid.

Action

The length of the AGGR_FORMAT structure is incorrect. It must be 116 bytes.

62A0

AGGR_FORMAT version invalid.

Action

The version of the AGGR_FORMAT structure is incorrect. It must be the value 1.

62A1

AGGR_FORMAT reserved field invalid.

Action

The reserved field of the AGGR_FORMAT structure must contain zeros.

62A2

AGGR_ID eyecatcher invalid.

Action

The eyecatcher in the AGGR_ID structure is incorrect. It must be AGID.

62A3

AGGR_ID length invalid.

Action

The length of the AGGR_ID structure is incorrect. It must be 84 bytes.

62A4

AGGR_ID version invalid.

Action

See *z/OS File System Administration* for the versions of AGGR_ID that are supported.

62A5

AGGR_ID reserved invalid.

Action

AGGR_ID reserved fields must be set to binary zeros.

62A6

AGGR ID name too long.

Action

The aggregate name in the AGGR_ID must be no longer than 44 characters.

62A7

AGGR_ID name not specified.

Action

The aggregate name in the AGGR_ID must be specified.

62AA

AGGR ATTACH eyecatcher invalid.

Action

The eyecatcher in the AGGR_ATTACH structure is incorrect. It must be AGAT.

62AB

AGGR_ATTACH length invalid.

Action

The length of the AGGR_ATTACH structure is incorrect. It must be 268 bytes.

62AC

AGGR_ATTACH version invalid.

The version of the AGGR_ATTACH must be 1.

62AD

AGGR_ATTACH reserved invalid.

Action

AGGR_ATTACH reserved fields must be set to binary zeros.

62AE

AGGR_ATTACH both NBS and NONBS specified.

Action

You can specify NBS or NONBS or neither in the AGGR_ATTACH. You cannot specify both.

62AF

AGGR_ATTACH increment invalid.

Action

The increment percent must be greater than or equal to 1 and less than or equal to 99.

62B0

AGGR_ATTACH threshold invalid.

Action

The threshold percent must be greater than or equal to 1 and less than or equal to 99.

62B3

AGGR_STATUS eyecatcher invalid.

Action

The AGGR_STATUS eyecatcher must be AGST.

62B4

AGGR STATUS length invalid.

Action

The AGGR_STATUS length must be 172, 172 or 260 bytes for AGGR_STATUS, AGGR_STATUS2 or AGGR_STATUS3 respectively.

62B5

AGGR_STATUS version invalid.

Action

The AGGR_STATUS version must be 1.

62B8

FS ID eyecatcher invalid.

Action

The FS ID eyecatcher must be FSID.

62B9

FS_ID length invalid.

Action

The FS_ID length must be 140 bytes for an FS_ID or 200 bytes for an FS_ID2.

62BA

FS ID version invalid.

Action

The FS_ID version must be 1 or 2.

62BB

FS_ID reserved invalid.

Action

FS_ID reserved fields must be binary zeros.

62BC

FS_ID aggregate name too long.

Action

The FS_ID aggregate name must be less than or equal to 44 characters.

62BD

FS_ID aggregate name not specified.

Action

The FS_ID aggregate name must be specified.

62BE

FS_ID fs name not specified.

Action

The FS_ID file system name must be specified.

62BF

FS_ID fs name too long.

Action

The FS_ID file system name must be less than or equal to 44 characters.

62C0

FS ID fs name contains invalid characters.

Action

The FS_ID file system name can only contain a valid zFS file system name. See <u>z/OS File System Administration</u> for information on valid zFS file system names.

62C3

FS_STATUS eyecatcher invalid.

Action

The FS_STATUS eyecatcher must be FSST.

62C4

FS_STATUS length invalid.

Action

The FS_STATUS length must be 396 bytes.

62C5

FS_STATUS version invalid.

Action

The FS_STATUS version must be 1.

62C8

FILESYS_DATA eyecatcher invalid.

The FILESYS_DATA eyecatcher must be FSDT.

62C9

FILESYS_DATA length invalid.

Action

The length of the FILESYS_DATA must be 92 bytes.

62CA

FILESYS_DATA version invalid.

Action

The FILESYS_DATA version must be 1.

62CB

FILESET_DATA reserved invalid.

Action

FILESYS_DATA reserved fields must be binary zeros.

62CC

FILESYS_DATA quota invalid.

Action

The quota must be less than or equal to 4294967295. This is 1 K blocks.

62CF

Syscall_parmlist bad offset at parm0.

Action

The offset at parms0 must be 32.

62D0

Syscall parmlist parms0 truncated.

Action

The pfsctl argument must be increased to contain the entire required argument.

62D1

Syscall_parmlist parms0 missing.

Action

A non-zero parms0 must be specified.

62D2

Syscall parmlist bad offset at parms1.

Action

The offset at parms1 must contain the correct offset for the required parameters.

62D3

Syscall_parmlist parms1 truncated.

Action

The pfsctl argument must be increased to contain the entire required argument.

62D4

Syscall_parmlist parms1 missing.

Action

A non-zero parms1 must be specified.

62D5

Syscall_parmlist bad offset at parms2.

Action

The offset at parms2 must contain the correct offset for the required parameters.

62D6

Syscall_parmlist parms2 truncated.

Action

The pfsctl argument must be increased to contain the entire required argument.

62D7

Syscall_parmlist parms2 missing.

Action

A non-zero parms2 must be specified.

62D8

Syscall_parmlist bad offset at parms3.

Action

The offset at parms3 must contain the correct offset for the required parameters.

62D9

Syscall_parmlist parms3 truncated.

Action

The pfsctl argument must be increased to contain the entire required argument.

62DA

Syscall parmlist parms3 missing.

Action

A non-zero parms3 must be specified.

62DB

Syscall_parmlist unexpected opcode.

Action

Provide a valid subcommand opcode.

62DC

Syscall_parmlist unexpected command.

Action

Provide a valid zFS pfsctl command.

62E1

Anode open failed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

62E2

Object at index is not volume.

Contact the service representative.

62E3

Volume open failed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

62E4

Cannot get enough memory for aggregate list.

Action

Contact the service representative.

62E5

Cannot get non-growing aggregate list. Try later.

Action

The number of attached aggregates grew several times during a request to list attached aggregate names. Try again later.

62E6

A Syscall parmlist is invalid.

Action

Provide a valid subcommand opcode or ensure the argument is large enough to hold the syscall parmlist.

6300

Getacl request for default object acls, but not on a directory.

Action

Issue the request against a directory.

6301

zfsadm format error when -size > default size and grow error.

Action

Ensure that space is available on the volume(s). If space is available and it still fails, contact the service representative.

6310

no storage for idcams parms.

Action

If storage is not available, run IDCAMS as a batch job.

6311

idcams failed.

Action

Examine the messages in the message buffer for the reason for the failure.

If your application does not display the message buffer (that contains messages from the IDCAMS program), try running the zfsadm define command since it does display the message buffer. (The error may depend on the userid running the application/command or other conditions (for example, space on the volume) may change.)

6312

no aggregate in AGGR_DEFINE.

Action

Specify the aggregate name in the AGGR_DEFINE.

6313

aggregate too long.

Action

Specify an aggregate name of 44 characters or less.

6314

catalog too long.

Action

Specify a catalog name of 44 characters or less.

6315

data class too long.

Action

Specify a data class name of 8 characters or less.

6316

management class too long.

Action

Specify a management class name of 8 characters or less.

6317

model too long.

Action

Specify a model name of 44 characters or less.

6318

model catalog too long.

Action

Specify a model catalog name of 44 characters or less.

6319

storage class too long.

Action

Specify a storage class name of 8 characters or less.

631A

invalid number of volumes.

Action

Specify a number of volumes as a number between (and including) 0 to 59.

631B

volume too long.

Action

Specify volume names of 6 characters or less.

631C

invalid primary.

Action

Specify a primary allocation size of greater than 0.

631D

invalid secondary.

Specify a non-negative secondary allocation size (0 is allowed).

631E

invalid space unit.

Action

If a space unit is specified, it must be cylinders (1), Kilobytes (2), Megabytes (3), Records (4), or Tracks (5).

631F

name is blank.

Action

Specify a non-blank volume for each of the count of volumes specified in the numVolumes field in AGGR_DEFINE.

6320

AGGR_DEFINE eyecatcher invalid.

Action

The eyecatcher for the AGGR_DEFINE must be AGDF.

6321

AGGR DEFINE length invalid.

Action

The AGGR_DEFINE length must be 772.

6322

AGGR_DEFINE version invalid.

Action

The AGGR_DEFINE version must be 1.

6323

AGGR DEFINE reserved invalid.

Action

AGGR_DEFINE reserved fields must be binary zeros.

6324

z/OS UNIX FILESYSTEM name invalid.

Action

Specify allowable zFS file system name characters. These are documented in $\underline{z/OS}$ File System Administration under ioeagfmt.

6325

Aggregate name invalid.

Action

Specify allowable zFS aggregate name characters. These are documented in <u>z/OS File System Administration</u> under ioeagfmt.

6400

USER cache size too big.

Action

Ensure that the -user_cache_size value specified is less than 65536M.

6401

Could not create a data space.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6402

Could not extend a data space.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6403

Could not create a new admin thread.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6404

Tried to exceed log buffer cache size limit, which is 1024M bytes.

Action

Specify a log cache size of 1024M or less.

6405

Could not extend the log buffer dataspace.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6406

Attempt to set metacache too small, min is 1M.

Action

Specify a meta cache size of 1M or more.

6407

Attempt to set metacache too big, max is 64G.

Action

Specify a meta cache size of 64G or less.

6408

Attempt to change metacache size failed.

Action

The meta cache size could not be made smaller than the current size. Continue to run with the current size or try again later.

6409

Attempt to set tran cache too small, min is 200.

Action

Specify a tran cache size of 200 or more.

640A

Attempt to set tran cache too big, max is 10000000.

Action

Specify a tran cache size of 10000000 or less.

640B

Attempt to change tran cache size failed.

The tran cache size could not be made smaller than the size specified. Continue to run with the current size or try again later.

640C

Attempt to set vnode cache too small, min is 1000.

Action

Specify a vnode cache size of 1000 or more.

640D

Attempt to set vnode cache too big, max is 10000000.

Action

Specify a vnode cache size that is less than or equal to the maximum of 10000000.

640E

Attempt to change vnode cache size failed.

Action

The vnode cache size could not be made smaller than the size specified. Continue to run with the current size or try again later.

640F

Attempt to set log cache size too small.

Action

Specify a log cache size of 2M or more.

6410

Attempt to set metacache backing too small, min is 1M.

Action

Specify a metaback cache size of 1M or larger.

6411

Attempt to set metacache backing too big, max is 2G.

Action

Specify a metaback cache size of 2048M or smaller.

6412

Attempt to change metacache backing size failed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6413

CFG_OPTION structure invalid.

Action

Correct the CFG_OPTION structure.

6414

option value string (co_string) was not syntactically correct in CFG_OPTION struct.

Action

Correct the value for the co_string.

6415

Sync interval smaller than 11 second minimum.

Specify a sync interval of 11 or greater.

6416

Attempt to make the USER cache too small.

Action

Specify a configuration option USER_CACHE_SIZE value of 10M or greater.

6417

Thread pool set too small.

Action

Specify a configuration option value of 1 or greater.

6418

Too many threads attempted.

Action

Specify a configuration option value of 256 or less.

6419

Both file system and mount specified.

Action

Specify either z/OS UNIX FILE SYSTEM_NAME or zFS file system name, but not both.

641A

The value specified for the -long_cmd_threads option is invalid.
The value must be two numbers that are separated by a comma.
The first number must be in the range 1-3. The second number must be in the range 1-64. Refer to the description of the IOEFSPRM long_cmd_threads option in z/OS Distributed File Service zFS Administration for more information about what the two numbers represent.

Action

Correct the value for the -long_cmd_threads option and try the command again.

6420

Both aggregate and mount specified.

Action

Specify either z/OS UNIX FILE SYSTEM_NAME or zFS aggregate name, but not both.

6421

mount name not found.

Action

Specify the correct z/OS UNIX file system (mounted) name.

6422

filesystem not found.

Action

Specify the correct zFS file system name or the correct aggregate that contains the zFS file system.

6423

The specified aggregate could not be found.

Specify the correct aggregate name, ensure it is mounted and try the operation again.

6424

File system name not unique.

Action

The zFS file system name is not unique. Specify the aggregate that the file system resides in.

6425

File system name not found.

Action

The file system is not mounted or attached. Ensure that the file system name is correct. Then mount or attach the file system in accordance with the requirements of the command in use.

6426

syscall_parmlist bad offset at parm4.

Action

Specify the correct offset in parm4.

6427

syscall_parmlist parm4 truncated.

Action

Specify a size to include all the parms.

6428

syscall_parmlist parm4 missing.

Action

Specify parm4.

6429

Cannot honor request to enforce unique filesystem because there are already non-unique file systems.

Action

Either do not attempt to disallow duplicate file systems or ensure that file system names are unique.

642A

Cannot specify aggrgrow and noaggrgrow on the zfsadm attach command.

Action

You can specify AGGRGROW or NOAGGRGROW or neither in the AGGR_ATTACH. You cannot specify both.

642B

Mount name cannot be used.

Action

The fsid_mtname field was used in the FS_ID2 for Delete File System. This is not allowed. Use fsid_name. (The file system cannot be mounted.)

6440

Internal failure.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6441

Internal failure.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6443

Internal failure.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6444

CLIENT cache size too big.

Action

Ensure that the -client_cache_size value specified is not greater than 65536M.

6445

CLIENT cache size too small.

Action

Ensure that the -client_cache_size value specified is 10M or greater.

6446

The threshold,increment pair is invalid. Each value in the pair must be in the range 1 to 99.

Action

Correct the value and try the operation again.

6500

Received XCF request from system we do not know about.

Action

Wait a few minutes to see if the situation corrects itself. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

6501

Received XCF request about aggregate we do not know about.

Action

Wait a few minutes to see if the situation corrects itself. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

6503

Received a bad AGNOTIFY packet from another system.

Action

Retry the operation. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

6504

Could not make an AGNOTIFY communication to another system.

Action

Retry the operation. If the problem persists, contact the service representative. Look in the system log for messages indicating XCF communications problems.

6505

Received a bad FSNOTIFY packet from another system.

Retry the operation. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

6506

Received XCF request about file system we do not know about.

Action

Wait a few minutes to see if the situation corrects itself. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

6508

Received an FSNOTIFY_REGISTER request for a file system that this system already knows about.

Action

Restart this system or the system that this system thinks owns the aggregate.

6509

Received an FSNOTIFY request for an aggregate that is marked pending.

Action

Wait a few minutes to see if the situation corrects itself. If the problem persists, restart the system that this system thinks owns the aggregate.

650A

Received an FSNOTIFY request for a file system that we do not have any information about.

Action

Unmount the file system or restart the system that owns the aggregate.

650B

Received an FSNOTIFY request to rename a file system and the new name already exists.

Action

Contact your service representative.

650C

Could not make an FSNOTIFY communication to another system.

Action

Retry the operation. If the problem persists, contact the service representative. Look in the system log for messages indicating XCF communications problems.

650D

Directory or file seclabel is not zero.

Action

When linking to a target file that is a special character file, neither the directory nor the target file can have a seclabel. Either remove the seclabel or do not attempt to create this link.

650F

Directory and file seclabels not equivalent during link.

Action

When linking a file, the target file's seclabel and the directory seclabel must be equivalent. Make the seclabels equivalent or do not attempt the link.

6512

List Systems buffer and buffer length must both be zero or both non-zero.

Action

The offsets at parms0 and parms1 must be both either zero or both non-zero. It is not valid for one to be zero and the other to be non-zero.

6513

List Systems buffer is too small.

Action

The buffer and length passed in parms0 and parms1 is too small to hold the result to be returned. Use the size field returned (offset to size is in parms2) to determine the size of the buffer needed.

6514

List Systems has no system names to return.

Action

There are no system names to be returned. Zero is returned in the size field (offset to size is in parms2).

6515

List Systems cannot get memory to hold list of systems.

Action

zFS could not get the storage to hold the list of systems. The zFS address space is most likely out of storage. Try to decrease storage usage by decreasing cache sizes.

6516

XCF communication to another system failed.

Action

Retry the operation. Look in the system log for messages indicating XCF communications problems. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

6517

Received a bad pfsctl packet from another system.

Action

An invalid command or subcommand was issued to a remote system. Retry the operation. If the return code is 157 (EMVSERR), contact the service representative.

6518

System name too long.

Action

Specify a system name that is eight characters or less.

6519

Unknown system name.

Action

Specify a valid system name.

651A

Buffer is too small for result.

Action

Retry the operation. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

651B

Buffer and buffer length must both be zero or both non-zero.

Retry the operation. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

651C

Parms0 is not zero.

Action

The offset at parms0 must be set to zero.

651D

Parms1 is not set to zero.

Action

The offset at parms1 must be set to zero.

651E

Parms2 is not set to zero.

Action

The offset at parms2 must be set to zero.

651F

Parms3 is not set to zero.

Action

The offset at parms3 must be set to zero.

6520

Parms4 is not set to zero.

Action

The offset at parms4 must be set to zero.

6521

Parms5 is not set to zero.

Action

The offset at parms5 must be set to zero.

6522

Parms6 is not set to zero.

Action

The offset at parms6 must be set to zero.

652B

Could not load IRRSSB00.

Action

The load module IRRSSB00 (normally located in SYS1.CSSLIB in z/OS 1.5 or later) cannot be loaded. Ensure that this load module exists.

652C

Unsupported function (change seclabel).

Action

The change seclabel function is not supported prior to z/OS 1.5.

652D

XCF communications failure forwarding the command to the zFS owning system.

The current owning system has likely gone down while processing the command. Try the command again after ownership of the file system is moved. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

6609

An attempt was made to set the token cache size smaller than the number of allocated tokens.

Action

Determine the current number of allocated tokens by issuing modify zfs,query,stkm. Reissue the command specifying a token_cache_size larger than the current number of allocated tokens and less than the maximum of 2621440.

660A

An attempt to set the token cache size larger than the currently supported maximum size was attempted.

Action

Retry the operation with a value in the range 20480 to 20000000.

6611

A conflicting administration command is already running.

Action

You are attempting to run a zFS cache resize command and another operation is already running that interferes with it such as another resize or a zFS shutdown. Retry the resize command. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

6617

Sysplex communication error, XCF send failed.

Action

Determine the source of the error such as system down, or system hang. If error cannot be determined, contact the service representative.

6619

A server system does not understand or support the packet sent by a client system. It may be that there is an incompatibility in the required service levels among members of a sysplex.

Action

If the service levels of all sysplex members are at the same level, contact the service representative.

6638

Aggregate is no longer owned by system.

Action

The request was sent to the zFS owning system but when the request arrived at that system, the aggregate was no longer owned by that system. Reissue the request again.

6639

Aggregate is busy with another administration operation.

Action

Wait until the aggregate operation is complete and the aggregate is unquiesced.

663B

Could not sync aggregate at original owner system.

Action

Contact the service representative.

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663D

An unmount is pending.

Action

Wait for unmount to complete before issuing request.

663E

Aggregate is damaged.

Action

Detach the aggregate and attempt to attach it again.

663F

Vnode is unusable, possibly due to an outage/restart of zFS on a system.

Action

Try restarting the application, if that fails to correct the problem then try re-mounting the file system.

6640

Could not attach aggregate at the new owner and original owner failed.

Action

Detach the aggregate and attempt to attach it again.

6641

New owner not ready for takeover.

Action

Wait until the new owner is ready or try another owner.

6649

An open file lost some updates due to a server crash.

Action

Contact the service representative.

664A

An aggregate/file system administration function failed because a system went down.

Action

Try the command again after the system completes termination or completes its restart.

664B

A sysplex config command was issued but this is not a sysplex environment.

Action

Do not issue a sysplex config command when you are not in a sysplex environment.

664C

STAT_API eye catcher is wrong.

Action

The eyecatcher for the STAT_API structure must be STAP.

664D

STAT API version number is wrong.

Action

The version number for the STAT_API structure must be 1 or 2.

664E

STAT_API size is wrong.

Action

The size of the STAT_API structure must be at least 48 bytes.

664F

Buffer size is too small.

Action

The size of the buffers for a statistics query were not large enough.

6650

Report type is wrong.

Action

The statistics subcommand is invalid.

6651

Flag value invalid.

Action

The STAT_API flags value is invalid. It must be either 0x80 (for reset) or 0x00 (for no reset).

6652

The aggregate specified for the pfsctl operation is owned by a system which may be down.

Action

A compatibility mode aggregate should be taken over by another system. Reissue the operation after it has been taken over. If it is not taken over by another system in a reasonable amount of time, you should unmount it and then mount it again.

6653

Statistics Locking Query Parm0 value is invalid.

Action

The Parm0 value for the Statistics Locking Query subcommand must be 32.

6654

Statistics Storage Query Parm0 value is invalid.

Action

The Parm0 value for the Statistics Storage Query subcommand must be 32.

6655

Statistics Locking Query Parm1 value is invalid.

Action

The Parm1 value for the Statistics Locking Query subcommand must be 80.

6656

Statistics Storage Query Parm1 value is invalid.

Action

The Parm1 value for the Statistics Storage Query subcommand must be 80.

6657

Statistics Iocounts Query Parm0 value is invalid.

Action

The ParmO value for the Statistics Iocounts Query subcommand must be 32.

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6658

Statistics Iocounts Query Parm1 value is invalid.

Action

The Parm1 value for the Statistics Iocounts Query subcommand must be 80.

6659

Statistics Iobyaggr Query Parm0 value is invalid.

Action

The Parm0 value for the Statistics Iobyaggr Query subcommand must be 32.

665A

Statistics Iobyaggr Query Parm1 value is invalid.

Action

The Parm1 value for the Statistics Iobyaggr Query subcommand must be 80.

665B

Statistics Iobydasd Query Parm0 value is invalid.

Action

The ParmO value for the Statistics Iobydasd Query subcommand must be 32.

665C

Statistics Iobydasd Query Parm1 value is invalid.

Action

The Parm1 value for the Statistics Iobydasd Query subcommand must be 80.

665D

Detach of an unowned aggregate failed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

665E

Remount requested but aggregate is busy with another operation.

Action

Wait for the aggregate operation to complete before issuing remount.

665F

client_reply_storage specified is too small.

Action

client_reply_storage must be at least 2M.

6660

client_reply_storage specified is too big.

Action

client_reply_storage must not exceed 128M.

6661

Client reply pool not changed since this is not a sysplex aware environment.

Action

Only issue this command in a sysplex aware environment. If this is a sysplex aware environment, then contact your service representative.

6662

Insufficient storage available to resize the client reply storage pools.

Action

Use the zfsadm config command to decrease the size of other caches or retry the command specifying a smaller client reply storage size.

6663

Insufficient storage for the XCF storage pool.

Action

The zFS address space is most likely out of storage. Try to decrease storage usage by decreasing cache sizes.

666B

AGGR_STATUS reserved field not zero.

Action

The reserved fields in AGGR_STATUS must be 0.

666C

Internal failure during MOUNT.

Action

Contact the service representative.

666D

Internal failure.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

666F

Internal failure during a write lock operation.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6670

Internal failure during a read lock operation.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6671

Internal failure during a truncate operation.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6672

Internal failure during a lock operation.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6673

Internal failure during a rename operation.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6674

Internal failure during a quiesce operation.

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Contact the service representative.

6675

Reserved bytes must be zero.

Action

The sa_fill bytes in the STAT_API must be zeros.

6676

Reserved bytes must be zero.

Action

The sa_reserve bytes in the STAT_API must be zeros.

6677

Aggregate is quiesced but caller does not want to wait.

Action

The aggregate is quiesced but the caller has made a request that cannot wait. The call returns with a failure.

6680

Failure during attempt to add items to the buffer cache.

Action

A failure occurred while trying to get storage to add items to the buffer cache. The zFS address space is most likely out of storage. Try to decrease storage usage by decreasing cache sizes.

6681

Failure during attempt to add items back into the buffer cache.

Action

A failure occurred while trying to get storage to add items back into the buffer cache. The zFS address space is most likely out of storage. Try to decrease storage usage by decreasing cache sizes.

6682

Failure during attempt to add items to the metaback buffer cache.

Action

A failure occurred while trying to get storage to add items to the metaback buffer cache. The zFS address space is most likely out of storage. Try to decrease storage usage by decreasing cache sizes.

6683

Failure during attempt to add items to the log buffer cache.

Action

A failure occurred while trying to get storage to add items to the log buffer cache. The zFS address space is most likely out of storage. Try to decrease storage usage by decreasing cache sizes.

6684

Failure during attempt to add items to the transaction cache.

Action

A failure occurred while trying to get storage to add items to the transaction cache. The zFS address space is most likely out of storage. Try to decrease storage usage by decreasing cache sizes.

6685

Failure during attempt to add items back into the transaction cache.

A failure occurred while trying to get storage to add items back into the transaction cache. The zFS address space is most likely out of storage. Try to decrease storage usage by decreasing cache sizes.

6686

Failure during attempt to add items to the vnode cache.

Action

A failure occurred while trying to get storage to add items to the vnode cache. The zFS address space is most likely out of storage. Try to decrease storage usage by decreasing cache sizes.

6689

Failure to obtain write lock.

Action

A failure occurred during an attempt to obtain a write lock during a mount, unmount or file operation. Contact the service representative.

668A

Failure to obtain write lock.

Action

A failure occurred during an attempt to obtain a write lock during a mount operation. Contact the service representative.

6690

Out of storage during a mount operation.

Action

A failure to obtain storage occurred during a mount operation. Try to take actions to release storage and retry the mount.

6696

Internal failure during mount operation.

Action

An internal failure occurred during a mount operation. Contact the service representative.

6697

Internal failure during mount operation.

Action

An internal failure occurred during a mount operation. Contact the service representative.

6698

Administration operation failed because zFS is shutting down.

Action

An administration operation failed because zFS is shutting down. Retry the operation when zFS is restarted.

6699

Internal failure.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

66A0

Failure to obtain lock.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

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66A1

Failure to obtain lock.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

66A4

Failure to obtain lock.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

66A6

Internal failure during list aggregates operation.

Action

An internal failure occurred during a file system delete operation. Contact the service representative.

66A7

Internal failure during list file systems operation.

Action

An internal error occurred during a list file system operation. Contact the service representative.

66A8

Internal failure during quiesce operation.

Action

An internal failure occurred during an aggregate quiesce operation. Contact the service representative.

66AA

Internal failure during aggregate operation.

Action

An internal failure occurred during an aggregate operation. Contact the service representative.

66AC

Internal failure during attach operation.

Action

An internal failure occurred during an attach operation. Contact the service representative.

66AD

Internal failure during file system administration operation.

Action

An internal failure occurred during a file system administration operation. Contact the service representative.

66B1

Internal failure during mount operation.

Action

An internal failure occurred during a mount operation. Contact the service representative.

66B2

Internal error trying to place a hold on a vnode.

Action

Contact the service representative.

66B3

Internal error locking a vnode.

Action

Contact the service representative.

66B4

Could not initialize a vnode.

Action

If the aggregate is disabled, unmount and remount the file system. Retry the operation. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

66**B**5

Could not clear isuid or isgid bits.

Action

If the aggregate is disabled, unmount and remount the file system. Retry the operation. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

66B8

Could not change the size of the vnode cache.

Action

If there is not enough storage available for the new vnode cache size, then try decreasing the size of other caches. Otherwise, contact the service representative.

66B9

Internal error. Could not set link count of root directory.

Action

Contact the service representative.

66BA

Internal error setting vnode key.

Action

Contact the service representative.

66BB

Internal error creating the file system.

Action

Contact the service representative.

66BC

Internal error getting the status for a vnode.

Action

Contact the service representative.

66BD

Internal error updating directory link count.

Action

If the aggregate is disabled, unmount and remount the file system. Retry the operation. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

66BE

Internal error updating mtime or ctime.

Action

If the aggregate is disabled, unmount and remount the file system. Retry the operation. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

66C0	Internal error, user file cache, bad page pointers.
Action	
Contact the service representative.	
66C1	Internal error, user file cache, bad page counts.
Action	
Contact the service representative.	
66C2	Internal error, user file cache, schedule dirty data failed.
Action	
Contact the service representative.	
66C3	Internal error, user file cache, sync of pending IO failed.
Action	
Contact the service representative.	
66C4	Internal error, user file cache, could not truncate file.
Action	
Contact the service representative.	
66C5	Internal error, user file cache, could not resize cache.
Action	
Contact the service representative.	
66C6	Internal error, user file cache, could not read a file.
Action	
Contact the service representative.	
66C7	Internal error, user file cache, could not write a file.
Action	
Contact the service representative.	
66C8	Internal error, user file cache, could not get file attributes.
Action	
Contact the service representative.	
66C9	Internal error, user file cache, could not schedule file data at close.
Action	
Contact the service representative.	
66CA	Internal error, user file cache, could not fsync file data.

Action

Contact the service representative.

66CB Internal error, user file cache, could not set file attributes.

Action

Contact the service representative.

66CC Internal error, user file cache, error handling page fault.

Action

Contact the service representative.

66CD Internal error, user file cache, could not obtain resize lock.

Action

Contact the service representative.

66CE Internal error, user file cache, could not free cache data for file.

Action

Contact the service representative.

66CF Internal error, user file cache, could not obtain file block information.

Action

Contact the service representative.

66DO Internal error, aggregate component, could not detach aggregate.

Action

Contact the service representative.

66D1 Aggregate name longer than 44 characters.

Action

An aggregate name is longer than 44 characters. Change the aggregate name to be 44 characters or less.

66D2 Aggregate name contains invalid characters.

Action

An aggregate name contains invalid characters. Ensure that the aggregate name consists only of valid characters. See *z/OS File System Administration* for information on valid characters in an aggregate name.

66D3 zFS File System name longer than 44 characters.

Action

A zFS file system name is longer than 44 characters. Change the zFS file system name to be 44 characters or less.

66D4 zFS File System name contains invalid characters.

A zFS file system name contains invalid characters. Ensure that the zFS file system name consists only of valid characters. See *z/OS File System Administration* for information on valid characters in a zFS file system name.

66D5

z/OS UNIX file system name longer than 44 characters.

Action

A z/OS UNIX file system name is longer than 44 characters. Change the z/OS UNIX file system name to be 44 characters or less.

66D6

z/OS Unix File System name contains invalid characters.

Action

A z/OS UNIX file system name contains invalid characters. Ensure that the z/OS UNIX file system name consists only of valid characters. See <u>z/OS File System Administration</u> for information on valid characters in a z/OS UNIX file system name.

66D7

System name too long.

Action

Specify a system name that is 8 characters or less.

66DF

Syscall_parmlist bad offset at parms1.

Action

The STAT API structure must be 48 bytes. The offset at parms1 must be 80 (32+48).

66E0

Timestamp too large for 5 bytes.

Action

Cannot store a timestamp that is larger than 5 bytes.

66E1

Aggregate could not be opened on this system.

Action

This can mean that you attempted to move ownership of a zFS sysplex-aware read-write file system to a system that does not support zFS sysplex-aware (that is, it is z/OS V1R12 but is running with zFS sysplex=off). This is not allowed.

66E4

Aggregate possibly attached on another system.

Action

Determine if the aggregate is mounted or attached on another system. If the problem persists contact your service representative.

66E5

Internal error during ACL processing.

Action

An internal failure occurred during ACL processing. Contact the service representative.

66E6

Length for parm0 is bad.

EFxxrrrr Action Fix the length and retry. 66E7 Length for parm1 is bad. **Action** Fix the length and retry. 66E8 Length for parm2 is bad. **Action** Fix the length and retry. 66E9 Length for parm3 is bad. **Action** Fix the length and retry. 66EA Length for parm4 is bad.

Action

Fix the length and retry.

66EB Length for parm5 is bad.

Action

Fix the length and retry.

66EC Length for parm6 is bad.

Action

Fix the length and retry.

66ED Invalid parm to afscall_health.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

66EE CQ_QUERY_DEFAULT structure invalid.

Action

Correct the CQ_QUERY_DEFAULT structure.

66EF QUERY_COMPRESSION_HEALTH_STATS structure has a bad eyecatcher.

Action

Correct the QUERY_COMPRESSION_HEALTH_STATS structure.

66FO QUERY_COMPRESSION_HEALTH_STATS structure has a bad length field.

Correct the QUERY_COMPRESSION_HEALTH_STATS structure.

66F1

QUERY_COMPRESSION_HEALTH_STATS structure has a bad version.

Action

Correct the QUERY_COMPRESSION_HEALTH_STATS structure.

66F2

PERFORMANCE_TUNE_PARMS structure has a bad eyecatcher.

Action

Correct the PERFORMANCE_TUNE_PARMS structure .

66F3

PERFORMANCE_TUNE_PARMS structure has a bad length field.

Action

Correct the PERFORMANCE_TUNE_PARMS structure.

66F4

PERFORMANCE_TUNE_PARMS structure has a bad version.

Action

Correct the PERFORMANCE_TUNE_PARMS structure.

66F5

Failed to obtain the lock for ZFS_CACHE_PERFORMANCE health check.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

66F6

Invalid number of DATA_COLLECT_STATS slots for ZFS_CACHE_PERFORMANCE health check.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6700

Could not set the parm value as requested.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6701

Invalid parm to afscall config.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6702

Could not obtain lock during vnode_cache_limit processing.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6703

Could not obtain lock during vnode_cache_size processing.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6704

Internal failure during user cache statistics processing.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6705

Internal failure during aggregate format.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6706

Internal failure during aggregate format.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6707

Internal failure during transaction lock operation.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6708

Internal failure during start transaction operation.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6709

Internal failure during fsync operation.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

670A

Internal failure obtaining memory for operation.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

670B

Internal failure during cache lock operation.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

670C

Internal failure during update link count operation.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

670D

Internal failure during remove operation.

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

670E

Internal failure during rename operation.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

670F

Internal failure during vnode lookup operation.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6711

Internal failure during acl update.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6714

Internal failure.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6715

Internal failure.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6716

Internal failure during attach operation.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6717

Internal failure during filesystem deplete.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6718

Internal failure setting size of the metadata buffer cache.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6719

Internal failure setting size of the metadata backing cache.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

671A

Failure to shrink size of transaction cache.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

671B

Failure setting size of logfile cache.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

671D

Internal failure during setup operation.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

671E

Internal failure during ifs_close.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

671F

Internal failure during thread pool configuration.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6720

Internal failure during thread pool resize.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6721

Internal failure in wait service.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6722

Striped VSAM Linear Data Set not supported for zFS aggregate.

Action

Striped VSAM Linear Data Sets are not supported. If you are formatting, define a VSAM LDS that is not striped and then format that VSAM LDS. If you are attaching (or mounting) a striped VSAM LDS that has been formatted as a zFS aggregate, you can only attach it (or mount it) in read-only mode. After it is attached (or mounted), copy the data into another zFS aggregate that is not a striped VSAM LDS. If you cannot attach (or mount) for read-only the zFS aggregate that is a striped VSAM LDS, call the service representative.

6723

Internal failure while performing sysplex filesystem operation.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6724

Internal failure while performing sysplex mount/quiesce operations.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6726

An attempt to change ownership of R/W aggregate is not allowed unless both the source and target system support sysplex file sharing.

Action

You cannot change the ownership of a R/W aggregate unless both the source and target system support sysplex file sharing.

6727

Internal failure while handling new owner request at target system.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6728

Internal failure while attempting aggregate takeover.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6729

An error occurred during extension of the zFS aggregate.

Action

DFSMS failed the extension attempt. The DFSMS return code is returned in the second byte of the return code. The DFSMS Problem Determination Function (PDF) code is returned in the third byte of the return code. The meaning of these codes can be determined by looking at message IEC161I.

672A

Internal failure. Aggregate system lock lost during define processing, define ok.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

672B

Internal failure. Aggregate system lock lost during define processing, define failed.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6730

Internal failure during sysplex admin operation.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6738

Internal failure. xcf stgpool setsize received a bad pool number.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

673D

Internal failure. agsys_send_quiesce, format_send_vectors failed.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6743

Error attempting to receive or reply to a sysplex message.

Action

Use the associated return code to diagnose the problem. See Return codes (errnos) in z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes for a description of the return code.

6745

Internal failure.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6746

Internal failure.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6747

Internal failure.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6748

Internal failure.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6749

Internal failure.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

674A

Internal failure. Trying to send after shutdown or abort started.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

674B

Internal failure. User cache not initiated.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

674C

Internal failure.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

674D

Internal failure.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

674E

Internal failure.

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6750

Internal failure.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6751

Internal failure. Invalid state for vnd_Create.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6752

Internal failure. Invalid last called for vnd_Create.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6753

Internal failure. Invalid last called for vnd_Delete.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6754

Internal failure. Error in vnd_CheckPath.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6755

Internal failure. Error in vnd Checkpath.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

675D

Internal failure. Error in vnd_Read of vnd_Read_mlsnvalid.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

675E

Internal failure. Invalid state in vnd_Read.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

675F

Internal error in vnd_Read.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6760

Internal failure. Error in vnd_dirCheck.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6763

Error formatting vector for owner.

Action

Insufficient memory. Retry the operation. If the problem continues, contact the service representative.

6764

Original owning system is no longer active.

Action

zFS ownership of the aggregate will not be changed.

6769

Internal failure.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

676A

Internal failure.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

676B

Task was abended during operation.

Action

None.

676D

Request failed due to grow in process.

Action

The request failed because zFS is busy doing a grow operation. Retry the request when the grow completes.

676E

An unknown RACF® error occurred.

Action

An unknown RACF error occurred. Contact the service representative.

676F

RACF was passed invalid parameters.

Action

Verify whether RACF was passed invalid parameters. Contact the service representative.

6770

An internal error occurred during RACF processing.

Action

Internal RACF error. Contact the service representative.

6771

RACF not authorized.

RACF not authorized. Set up authorizations or contact the service representative.

6772

RACF not installed.

Action

RACF not installed. Install RACF or contact the service representative.

6775

Aggregate not owned on local system.

Action

Ensure that the aggregate exists and is owned on the system where the command is issued from. If the aggregate is owned on a different system, issue the Unquiesce from that system. Use the OMVS **zfsadm lsaggr** command to determine which system owns the aggregate.

6776

Aggregate is not locally owned.

Action

Since it is possible the aggregate moved from the previous owning system to another system in the sysplex while the command was being executed, reissue the command. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

6800

Mount for multi-file system aggregate is not allowed. This error could also result if a compatibility mode aggregate was not entered in uppercase or if there were system problems unmounting a file system.

Action

Using a release of z/OS prior to z/OS V2R1, attach the aggregate, mount the file system and copy the file system data to a compatibility mode aggregate. If this is a compatibility mode aggregate, ensure the name is entered in uppercase.

6806

File system not locally mounted on owning system.

Action

Retry operation after file system is mounted.

6809

Aggregate is not locally mounted on the remote system.

Action

Take action only if the aggregate is supposed to be locally mounted on the remote system.

680A

The create of the dircache association failed.

Action

Internal error. Contact the service representative.

680B

The security server could not return a UTOKEN for the user.

Action

Internal error. Contact the service representative.

680C

A bad vnode/anode pointer state exists.

Action

Internal error. Contact your service representative.

6900 Internal failure during write operation.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6901 Internal failure during write operation.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6903 Internal failure during read operation.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6904 Internal failure during wait for I/O.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6905 Internal failure during a read.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6906 Internal failure during clear setid.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6907 Internal failure during write of dirty pages.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6908 Internal failure during write.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6909 Internal failure during write.

Action

Contact the service representative.

690A Internal failure during readlink.

Contact the service representative.

690B Internal failure during setacl.

Action

Contact the service representative.

690C Internal failure during read.

Action

Contact the service representative.

690D Internal failure during trunc.

Action

Contact the service representative.

690E Internal failure during trunc.

Action

Contact the service representative.

690F Internal failure during fsync.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6910 Internal failure during close.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6911 Internal failure during inactivate.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6912 Internal failure during setattr.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6913 Internal failure during getattr.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6914 Internal failure during access check.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6915 Internal failure during audit.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6916 Internal failure during getacl.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6917 Internal failure during XCF communication.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6918 Internal failure during lock for write.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6919 Internal failure during lock for read.

Action

Contact the service representative.

691A Internal failure during access check.

Action

Contact the service representative.

691B Internal failure during audit.

Action

Contact the service representative.

691C Internal failure during check two owners.

Action

Contact the service representative.

691D Internal failure during getsecinfo.

Action

Contact the service representative.

691E Internal failure during vget.

Contact the service representative.

691F Internal failure during readdir.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6920 Internal failure during lookup.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6921 Internal failure during create.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6922 Internal failure during link.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6923 Internal failure during remove.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6924 Internal failure during rename.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6925 Internal failure during write lock.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6926 Internal failure during write lock.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6927 Internal failure during token get.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6928 Internal failure during write lock.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6929 Internal failure during remove token.

Action

Contact the service representative.

692A

Internal failure during add token.

Action

Contact the service representative.

692B Internal failure during create host.

Action

Contact the service representative.

692C Internal failure during delete host.

Action

Contact the service representative.

692D Internal failure during revoke reply.

Action

Contact the service representative.

692E Internal failure during token removal.

Action

Contact the service representative.

692F Internal failure during revoke tokens.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6930 Internal failure during revoke reply.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6931 Internal failure during remove message.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6932 Internal failure during XCF async send.

Contact the service representative.

6933 Internal failure during send revoke.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6934 Internal failure during stkset clean.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6935 Internal failure during TSR.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6936 Internal failure during setattr.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6937 Internal failure during return tokens reply.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6938 Internal failure during store data reply.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6939 Internal failure during get tokens.

Action

Contact the service representative.

693A Internal failure during readlink.

Action

Contact the service representative.

693B Internal failure during setacl.

Action

Contact the service representative.

693C Internal failure during wait for return tokens.

Action

Contact the service representative.

693D Internal failure during fetch data reply.

Action

Contact the service representative.

693E Internal failure during statfs.

Action

Contact the service representative.

693F Internal failure during return tokens reply.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6940 Internal failure during get write token.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6941 Internal failure during write lock.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6942 Internal failure during async grant.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6943 Internal failure during zlc.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6944 Internal failure during assoc open.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6945 Internal failure during assoc iterate.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6946 Internal failure during item create.

Contact the service representative.

6947 Internal failure during item add.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6948 Internal failure during lock.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6949 Internal failure during get tokens and acl.

Action

Contact the service representative.

694A Internal failure during flush tokens.

Action

Contact the service representative.

694B Internal failure during token granting call.

Action

Contact the service representative.

694C Internal failure during grant race.

Action

Contact the service representative.

694D Internal failure during end token grant call.

Action

Contact the service representative.

694E Internal failure during get two tokens.

Action

Contact the service representative.

694F Internal failure during remove two tokens.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6950 Internal failure during queue tokens.

EFxxrrrr

Action

Contact the service representative.

6951 Internal failure during zlc list create.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6952 Internal failure no sender.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6953 The chgowner command could not be processed because either the original or new owner does not support this function or the aggregate is not sysplex-aware.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6954 Internal failure - catchup on owner.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6955 Internal failure - could not obtain tokens for a file.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6956 Out of storage during a client file operation.

Action

A failure to obtain storage occurred during a client file operation. Try to take actions to release storage and retry the operation.

6957 Internal failure - cannot get agsyslock

Action

Contact the service representative.

6958 Error reading file.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6959 Could not truncate file.

Action

Contact the service representative.

695A Could not write file.

Contact the service representative.

695B

Action

Contact the service representative.

695C

Could not get anode after file write.

Could not get anode after file read.

Action

Contact the service representative.

695D

Could not fsync file.

Action

Contact the service representative.

695E

NFS share reservations are not supported on this File System level.

Action

Contact the service representative.

695F

A file may not be opened with Deny flags if O_NONBLOCK is off.

Action

Change the program to set O_NONBLOCK on and to handle the open being rejected with EBUSY.

6960

This open or operation conflicts with a share reservation that has denied the access intended.

Action

Wait awhile and try again or end the program that has the file open with a reservation.

6961

The file is already open in a way that this open is trying to deny.

Action

Wait awhile and try again or end the program that has the file open.

6962

The open was waiting due to a conflict, and then was interrupted causing the open to fail.

Action

Wait awhile and try again or end the program that caused the interrupt.

6963

An attempt to refresh a sysplex client cache has failed unexpectedly.

Action

If the file system object was not recently deleted and there were no reported ZFS errors then contact the service representative.

EFxxrrrr

6964	An internal error was found in sysplex server local user token management.
Action	
Contact the service representative.	
6965	An internal error was found in sysplex server remote user token management.
Action	
Contact the service representative.	
6967	An internal error was found trying to start a zfsadm cache resize operation.
Action	
Contact the service representative.	
6968	A cache resize operation could not be started because zFS is shutting down.
Action	
Set the cache to the appropriate size	after you restart zFS.
6969	A cache resize operation could not be started because zFS is just starting.
Action	
Retry the operation after zFS has cor	npleted initialization.
696A	A cache resize operation could not be started due to other in-progress admin commands.
Action	
Retry the operation after zFS has cor	npleted the in-progress admin commands.
696B	The program calling zFS terminated causing zFS to reach End Of Memory.

696B	The program calling zFS terminated causing zFS to reach End Of
	Memory.

Action

zFS continues.

Zi 3 Continues.	
696C	Aggregate and filesystem cannot be used when mounting a compat aggregate.

Action

Remove the aggregate and/or filesystem parms and retry.

696D	Bulk Times attempted while quiesced.
0900	butk fillies attempted white quiesced.

Action

Contact the service representative.

697C

internal error - format_send_vectors returned error.

Action

Contact the service representative.

698A

An operation was attempted against an aggregate that is not owned by any system.

Action

Determine why aggregate could not be attached to one of the systems in the sysplex, possible reasons are DASD connectivity issues, DASD failures, or DFSMS problems.

698B

internal error - could not send grow-notify message to clients.

Action

Contact the service representative.

698C

A sysplex client could not re-open an aggregate.

Action

Takeover attempts from this system could fail. Determine why aggregate could not be opened.

698E

Remount is not allowed when there are NFS V4 share reservations on any file in the File System.

Action

After the files are closed from the NFS clients the remount can be tried again.

6994

Received a bad HANG Detect packet from another system.

Action

Continue to allow the operation. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

6995

Received a bad HANG Detect operation field from another system.

Action

Continue to allow the operation. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

6996

Initializing system is downlevel.

Action

This reason is used internally to indicate an initializing system is downlevel and must terminate.

699A

Clone or unclone in process.

Action

Retry the operation.

699B

File system not locally mounted on owning system.

Action

Retry operation after file system is mounted

699C

Aggregate not found.

Action

Retry the operation with the correct aggregate name.

699D

Aggregate is dead or unowned.

Action

Contact the service representative.

699E

Aggregate owner cannot process setauditfid.

Action

Move the aggregate to a zFS which supports setauditfid.

699F

Aggregate is not in the attached state.

Action

Retry the operation later. The aggregate may be quiesced. The **1saggr** command can be used to confirm this.

69A0

Aggregate is not RW.

Action

Remount the aggregate RW and retry the operation.

69A1

Could not get storage for block 0.

Action

Release some storage and retry.

69A2

Read of block zero failed.

Action

Ensure there is connectivity to the aggregate and retry.

69A3

Aggregate has a non-zero auditfid.

Action

Retry with the force or old option.

69A4

Invalid force or old value.

Action

Retry with a valid force or old option.

69A5

asevent create, queue io or wait failed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

69A7

Not allowed to use this directory on this system.

Retry operation from a system with the proper PTF level applied.

69A8

Aggregate could not be opened on this system.

Action

The aggregate is owned by a member running a release of zFS prior to z/OS V1R12 and/or this particular file system is running non-sysplex aware. This system is running zFS sysplex-aware. zFS fails the catchup mount because we cannot allocate the file system shared. The prior release zFS or non-sysplex aware zFS system has allocated the file system exclusive. This is normal. z/OS UNIX will function ship zFS requests from the z/OS V1R12 sysplex-aware systems to the owning system. Or, the aggregate is owned by a member running zFS sysplex-aware and you are trying to move the aggregate to a system where zFS is running non-sysplex aware.

69A9

Multi-file system operations not allowed in a sysplex.

Action

An operation was attempted that is targeted for a multi-filesystem aggregate or is otherwise not compatible with an HFS-compatibility mode aggregate. This is normal as multi-filesystem aggregates are not allowed in a parallel sysplex.

69AA

A long-running operation was interrupted by an unmount, a file system shutdown command, or a cancel command. This is normal for long-running operations.

Action

To continue the long-running operation, you will need to restart it.

69AB A system on the ready list could not be found on the target of an NSQUERY.

Action

Internal error

69AC A system on the ready list is not ready on the target of an NSQUERY.

Action

Internal error

69AC A system on the ready list is not ready on the target of an NSQUERY.

Action

Internal error

69AD A system missing from the ready list is ready on the target of an NSQUERY.

Action

Internal error

69AE The GRS concurrent ENQ limit has been reached.

Action

Increase your systems concurrent limit to ensure proper functionality.

EFxxrrrr

69AF	An internal error was encountered during a GRS ENQ call.
Action	
Contact IBM service.	
69B0	An internal error was encountered during an IGSQRY call.
Action	
Contact IBM service.	
69B1	Aggregate cannot be opened in R/W mode on client system.
Action	

The aggregate is attached in R/W mode and a sysplex client has received a catch-up mount for it and that client does not have the sysplex-aware support enabled. Therefore the mount is failed. This is normal. z/OS UNIX will

69B2	LSAGGR cannot obtain buffer for GRS QUERY call.
Action	
Contact IBM service.	
69B3	LSAGGR cannot obtain HASH table buffer.
Action	
Contact IBM service.	
69B4	zFS could not obtain an ENQ required for the quiesce operation.
Action	
Contact IBM service.	
69B5	An unmount was requested and the file system was busy with an administration command.

Action

Either wait for the command to complete or issue unmount with the FORCE option to interrupt the administration command.

69B6	An internal error was encountered during sysplex client processing of
	aggregate quiesce.

Action

Contact IBM service.

69B7	An internal error was encountered during sysplex client locking of
	name in directory.

Action

Contact IBM service.

69BA The owner of a file system went down during the forwarding of a PFSCTL call or the file system is unowned.

Retry the operation.

69BB A sysplex level admin system cannot takeover R/W aggreate for READ purposes at this time.

Action

Retry the operation.

69BD An internal error was encountered while finding aggregate owner.

Action

Contact IBM service.

69BE SVC 26 Listcat call returned an error.

Action

Verify that the data set exists. Try issuing Listcat against the data set.

69BF Multi aggregate cannot be detached because it is cloning.

Action

Reissue the detach after the clone completes.

69CO A client thinks an aggr is unowned and the owner is still up.

Action

The owner fails the start takeover that the client sends.

69C1 zFS address space is terminating, all operations will fail.

Action

Contact IBM Service.

69C2 An aggregate cannot be formatted to a size greater than 4TB.

Action

Specify a smaller size or recreate the linear dataset.

69C3 New owner has requested to fail takeover.

Action

Turn off FAILTAKEOVER operator command and try again.

69C5 The connect target is no longer the owner.

Action

The takeover fails. No action is required.

69C6 UNIX System Services has supplied invalid input to zFS.

UNIX System Services should have taken a diagnostic dump. If not, obtain a dump of UNIX System Services using SLIP on the reason code as documented in *z/OS UNIX System Services Messages and Codes*, and then contact IBM service.

69C7

The link count of the version 4 directory would exceed the limit.

Action

The number of sub-directories that can be in a version 4 directory is 65535, which includes . (dot) and .. (dot dot). Creating another directory would cause this limit to be exceeded.

69C8

The link count of the file would exceed the limit.

Action

The number of links to a file that can be in a file system is 65535. Creating another link would cause this limit to be exceeded.

69C9

An XCF message arrived at a system but the message already timed out.

Action

Refer to zFS publications regarding message timeouts.

69CA

Too many concurrent opens were attempted for the same file.

Action

Verify the file was closed when appropriate. Try reducing the number of concurrent opens for the file.

69CB

An invalid value was specified for the file format.

Action

Retry the operation with a valid file format.

69CC

A sysplex config command for sysplex_filesys_sharemode was issued but this is not a sysplex=filesys environment.

Action

Do not issue a sysplex config command for sysplex_filesys_sharemode when you are not in a sysplex=filesys environment.

69CD

Error with issuing a LOCATE call on an HFS-compat aggregate.

Action

Verify that the dataset is properly cataloged and that the catalog is accessible.

6A00

CHAGGR REQ eyecatcher invalid.

Action

The eyecatcher in the CHAGGR_REQ structure is incorrect. It must be CARQ.

6A01

CHAGGR_REQ length invalid.

See the zFS application programming interface information in z/OS File System Administration.

6A02

CHAGGR_REQ version invalid.

Action

See z/OS File System Administration for assistance.

6A03

CHAGGR_REQ reserved invalid.

Action

CHAGGR_REQ reserved fields must be set to binary zeros.

6A04

CHAGGR_REQ increment invalid.

Action

The increment percent must be greater than or equal to 1 and less than or equal to 99.

6A05

CHAGGR_REQ threshold invalid.

Action

The threshold percent must be greater than or equal to 1 and less than or equal to 99.

6A06

An invalid value was specified for the aggrfull aggregate attribute.

Action

Try again after changing the value to OFF or xx,yy where xx is a threshold percentage and yy is an increment percentage.

6A07

Aggregate not found.

Action

The aggregate specified cannot be found. Correct the aggregate name and try again.

6A08

An invalid value was specified for the aggregow aggregate attribute.

Action

For the **zfsadm chaggr** command you can specify ON or OFF. For the API you can specify 1 or 2. Try again after correcting the value.

6A09

The aggregate attribute cannot be changed to both -aggrgrow on and -aggrgrow off.

Action

Limit your request to one attribute value and try again.

6A0A

The message notifying clients about attribute changes for an aggregate could not be sent.

Action

Use the return code to resolve the problem and try the command again. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

EFxxrrrr

6A0C	Unexpected error attempting to sync the metadata for a file system object.
Action	
Contact the service representative.	
6A0D	Unexpected error attempting to reserve bitmap blocks for sysplex client.
Action	
Contact the service representative.	
6A0E	Unexpected error attempting to update indirect blocks for a file at a sysplex server.
Action	
Contact the service representative.	
6A0F	Unexpected error attempting to create indirect blocks for a file at a sysplex server.
Action	
Contact the service representative.	
6A10	Internal error during forward of a getattr operation.
Action	
Contact the service representative.	
6A11	Internal error during forward of an fsync_file operation.
Action	
Contact the service representative.	
6A12	Internal error during forward of a close operation.
Action	
Contact the service representative.	
6A13	Internal error during forward of a trunc operation.
Action	
Contact the service representative.	
6A17	Internal error during forward of a read operation.
Action	
Contact the service representative.	
6A18	Internal error during forward of a write operation.

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_	CLIOII	

Contact the service representative.

6A19 Internal error during forward of a readlink operation.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6A1A Internal error during forward of a link operation.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6A1B Internal error during forward of a lookup operation.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6A1C Internal error during forward of a remove operation.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6A1D Internal error during forward of a create operation.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6A1E Internal error during forward of a readdir operation.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6A1F Internal error during forward of a rename operation.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6A24 Could not create an entry in a version 5 directory.

Action

Contact the service representative if the return code is EMVSERR (157).

6A25 Internal error - could not access a version 5 directory block.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6A27 Internal error: Indirect block is already allocated to the file.

EFxxrrrr

Action

Contact the service representative.

6A28

Aggregate sync operation failed.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6A29

Aggregate is busy. It cannot perform the operation requested.

Action

The aggregate is busy with another operation that conflicts with this operation. Try your request again. If it continues to fail, contact the service representative.

6A2A

Too many ZFS recoveries are in progress. Operation not performed.

Action

Try the request again.

6A2B

The metadata backing cache does not exist so cannot be resized.

Action

Ensure there is a metaback_cache_size statement in your parm file and restart zFS.

6A2C

Directory limit exceeded, directory too big to add entries.

Action

Put names in another directory or prune entries in the directory.

6A2D

zFS was internally restarted and the file system failed to remount.

Action

Unmount/remount the file system to clear the condition.

6A2E

The operation failed due to a disabled aggregate. An aggregate can be temporarily disabled due to an I/O error, an internal zFS error, or a dataset reopen operation fails. If the aggregate is encrypted, this can be caused by ICSF problems. File requests will fail while the aggregate is disabled. zFS will attempt to re-enable the aggregate automatically.

Action

If the aggregate is encrypted, correct any ICSF problem so the aggregate can be re-enabled. When the aggregate is re-enabled, the file can be closed and reopened and the request can be attempted again. If zFS cannot re-enable the aggregate automatically, you will need to unmount/mount or remount the aggregate before the file request can be attempted again.

6A2F

Operation failed due to disabled aggregate being remounted.

Action

The aggregate is temporarily disabled due to an internal zFS error. Quiesce requests will fail while the aggregate is being internally remounted. Retry the quiesce after the remount completes.

6A30

Too many tasks in the ZFS address space are in progress. Operation not performed.

Action

Try the request again as other tasks may have ended.

6A31

ZFS storage is becoming limited, so a storage obtain was failed. Operation not performed.

Action

Try the request again as storage may have become available.

6A32

New version aggregates cannot be processed on this system.

Action

If this is a primary mount, re-issue the mount on a system that supports higher version aggregates. If this is a catchup mount, no action is needed. z/OS UNIX will function ship operations to the z/OS UNIX owner.

6A33

An unexpected error was detected while opening the aggregate VSAM linear dataset.

Action

One possible cause is that the client system is not using the same physical dataset as the owning system. Ensure that each system is referencing the same physical dataset. For more information about sharing file systems, see the sections on using the zFS read/write sysplex-aware file systems in <u>z/OS File System Administration</u>. Otherwise contact the service representative.

6B00

Quiesce for clone not allowed.

Action

Clones are no longer supported.

6**B**01

Mount of .bak or aggregate with .bak not allowed.

Action

Clones are no longer supported. Attach the aggregate and delete the . bak file system. Then, try the mount again.

6B02

Clone not allowed.

Action

Clones are no longer supported.

6**B**03

Create not allowed.

Action

Multi-file system aggregates are no longer supported.

6**B**04

Rename not allowed.

Action

Multi-file system aggregates are no longer supported.

6**B**05

Mount or attach not allowed for multi-file systems.

Action

Multi-file system aggregates are not supported.

6**B**06

Setquota not allowed.

Action

Multi-file system aggregates are no longer supported.

6B0C

Error occurred during a directory read at a sysplex client for an extended (v5) directory.

Action

This reason code will be accompanied by a return code and preceding error messages that provide more information about the problem. Possible causes are transmission failures, running out of memory, or a zFS internal error.

6B0D

The specified aggregate cannot be changed to version 1.5 or the specified directory cannot be changed to version 5 because the owner is downlevel, there are downlevel members in the sysplex or the aggregate is mounted read-only. Because the aggregate version cannot be changed, any specified path will not be converted.

Action

Try the command again after removing all downlevel members or remounting the aggregate read-write.

6B0E

The input directory is already version 4.

Action

Specify a version 5 directory and retry the operation.

6B0F

The input directory is already version 5.

Action

Specify a version 4 directory and retry the operation.

6B10

The input FOBJ_INFO buffer is invalid.

Action

The application must provide a buffer large enough to hold an FOBJ_INFO structure, have the proper eye catcher set in the structure, a proper version field, and a length field that is at least as large as the FOBJ_INFO structure.

6B11

Grow size invalid.

Action

See <u>z/OS File System Administration</u> for the maximum allowable size when growing an aggregate. When using the grow API, how you specify the grow size depends on the AGGR_ID version that is used to specify the aggregate name.

6B12

Conversion of aggregate to version 1.5 during a mount failed.

Retry the command after specifying an option. For detailed help issue **zfsadm chaggr -help**.

6**B**13

An option was not specified for the zfsadm chaggr command or pfsctl.

Action

Run the salvager program against the aggregate and retry the mount.

6B14

The path specified is not a directory or is already a version 5 directory.

Action

Retry the command specifying a version 4 directory.

6B15

The aggregate could not be found.

Action

Ensure the aggregate is not being formatted. Retry the command specifying a valid aggregate name.

6**B**16

Could not reset the backup bit in the DSCB.

Action

Retry the command after correcting any error conditions.

6**B17**

AGGR_FORMAT has an invalid af_newauditfid value.

Action

Valid af_newauditfid values are 0 and 1. Correct the value and retry.

6**B**18

AGGR FORMAT has an invalid af aggrversion value.

Action

Valid af_aggrversion values are 0, 4 or 5. Version 1.5 aggregates cannot be formatted in a sysplex containing members at z/OS V1R13 or prior. Correct the value and retry.

6B19

A write operation was attempted against a directory with a corrupted tree.

Action

Attempt to repair the corrupted directory by using zfsadm convert or the salvager program and try again.

6B1A

A directory conversion operation was attempted in a sysplex containing downlevel systems.

Action

Conversion not allowed in a sysplex containing downlevel systems. Retry when all sysplex members are at z/OS V2R1 or later.

6B1B

Internal failure during conversion.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6B1C

Either an error was encountered performing automatic conversion or a previous error was reported. Once an error is reported, all future automatic conversions for this directory will fail.

Action

Use zfsadm convert to perform the conversion or remount the file system to restore automatic conversion.

6B1E

Aggregate is already version 1.5.

Action

No action is needed.

6B1F

Failed changing aggregate to version 1.5.

Action

Ensure the correct directory is specified and retry.

6**B20**

Failed changing directories to version 5.

Action

Ensure the correct directory is specified and retry.

6**B21**

The input aggregate is not version 1.5.

Action

Specify a directory in a version 1.5 aggregate and retry the operation.

6**B22**

Failed changing aggregate to version 1.4 or directory to version 4.

Action

Verify the aggregate is a version 1.5 aggregate. The aggregate cannot be greater than 4T in size. A directory cannot be greater than 4G in size and cannot have a link count greater than 65535. Correct the error and try the operation again, if still needed.

6**B2**3

Format failed because the zFS kernel is not available and an aggregate version was not specified.

Action

Start the zFS kernel or supply an aggregate version and try the operation again.

6**B**24

The value specified for the format size or grow option is invalid.

Action

Specify a value in the range [1..536870912] for version 4 aggregates and [1..2147483648] for version 5 aggregates and try again.

6**B**25

The value specified for the format logsize option is invalid.

Action

Specify a logsize value in the range [13..16384] and try again.

6**B**26

Sync interval bigger than 21474836 second maximum.

Specify a sync interval smaller than 21474836.

6**B27**

Statistics Query Parm0 value is invalid.

Action

The ParmO value for all Statistics Query subcommands must be 32.

6**B**28

Statistics Query Parm1 value is invalid.

Action

The Parm1 value for all Statistics Query subcommands must be 80.

6B48

Unable to get storage to perform the requested operation.

Action

Make more space available and reissue the request.

6B49

Internal failure during stkm statistics processing.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6B4A

Internal failure during DASD extent processing for the aggregate.

Action

An internal failure occurred. Contact the service representative.

6B4B

Could not increase log cache to requested size.

Action

Determine whether zFS is low on memory. If not, then contact the service representative.

6B4C

Could not decrease log cache to requested size.

Action

Determine whether zFS is low on memory. If not, then contact the service representative.

6B4D

FSINFO attach FAILED.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6B4E

Internal error while processing FSINFO request.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6B4F

Failed obtaining memory for an ACL dataspace operation.

Determine whether zFS is low on memory. If not, then contact the service representative.

6**B**50

Bad parameter value passed in FSINFO_REQUEST structure.

Action

Correct the bad parameter and retry the operation.

6**B**51

There are too many in-progress PFSCTL commands.

Action

zFS has reached its limit of concurrent PFSCTL calls. This is generally not typical. Contact the service representative.

6**B**52

Not enough storage to perform read or write request.

Action

The zFS address space is most likely out of storage. Try to decrease storage usage by decreasing cache sizes. Or, you can try to break up the operation into smaller requests. Then retry the operation.

6**B**53

zFS is shutting down.

Action

zFS will not process the requested operation. If this situation persists, contact the service representative.

6**B**54

The FSINFO_REQUEST structure contains an incorrect resumeName. Only characters valid in a zFS aggregate name are allowed.

Action

Correct the name and retry the operation.

6**B**55

The FSINFO_REQUEST structure contains an incorrect patternName.
Only characters valid in a zFS aggregate name or a wildcard character are allowed.

Action

Correct the name and retry the operation.

6**B**56

The data set is not a VSAM linear data set.

Action

Define the VSAM data set as linear and then retry the operation.

6B5D

An error was encountered processing the zero link count list.

Action

If the aggregate is mounted, it will be disabled. Salvage the aggregate to correct the error.

6B5E

This system cannot become the aggregate's zFS owner because it is precluded by the aggregate's automove option.

Action:

If this system is allowed to become the owner, modify the aggregate's automove option.

6B5F Unable to get the automove option for the aggregate. Action Contact the service representative. 6**B**60 z/OS UNIX System Services routine osi_ctl encountered an error. Action Contact the service representative. 6B61 Hi-used-RBA is more than hi-allocated-RBA. This should be verified with the TSO LISTCAT command. Action Contact the service representative. 6C00 UNIX System Services has supplied an invalid ACL type to zFS. Action Contact the service representative. 6C04 There is no salvage operation to cancel. The aggregate is not currently being salvaged. Action If the specified aggregate is correct, there is no action to take. Otherwise specify the correct aggregate and try again. 6C0B The mount parm for the aggregate attribute could not be updated. zFS will attempt a samemode remount to restore the aggregate attribute to the value of the mount parm. Action Determine whether the aggregate attribute and mount parm match. Issue zfsadm fsinfo to get the aggregate attributes and D OMVS,F,N= to get the mount parms. If they do not match, issue another samemode remount. If the problem persists, contact your service representative. 6COC Aggregate attributes cannot be changed in a sysplex where some systems are at a release prior to z/OS V2R3. The server console may contain more information. Action Try the command again when no systems of the sysplex are at a release prior to z/OS V2R3. 6COD Only one aggregate attribute can be changed at a time. Action More than one aggregate attribute was specified. Try the command again with only one aggregate attribute. 6C0E The aggregate attributes cannot be changed at this time. The aggregate may not be in a consistent state across all members in the sysplex due

to problems sending sysplex messages.

Wait until the problem is fixed and then try the command again. If the problem persists, contact your service representative.

6C0F

The request failed because the -rwshare on and -rwshare off attributes were both specified for the aggregate.

Action

Try again, specifying -rwshare on or -rwshare off.

6C10

An invalid value was specified for the -rwshare aggregate attribute.

Action

The -rwshare aggregate attribute takes a value of either ON or OFF. When using the chaggr API, use the corresponding value, which is either 1 (for ON) or 2 (for OFF).

6C11

The aggregate attribute cannot be changed to both -aggrfull xx,yy and -aggrfull off.

Action

Limit your request to one attribute value and try again.

6C12

Errors were encountered changing the aggregate space monitoring attribute. Aggregate space monitoring is turned off.

Action

The zFS address space is most likely out of storage. Try the operation again after making more storage available. If the problem persists, contact your service representative.

6C13

Errors were encountered changing the aggregate attribute.

Action

If the zFS address space is out of storage, try the operation again after making more storage available. If the problem persists, contact your service representative.

6C14

EDC buffer pool too big.

Action

Ensure that the -edc_buffer_pool value specified is not more than 1024M.

6C15

EDC buffer pool too small.

Action

Ensure that the -edc_buffer_pool value specified is at least 10M.

6C18

The sharemode mount parm could not be updated. The corresponding aggregate sharemode remains unchanged.

Action

zFS encountered an error changing the sharemode mount parm. Try again and if the problem persists, contact your service representative.

6C19 The aggregate sharemode could not be updated to match the updated mount parm. zFS will attempt to restore the original sharemode mount parm.

Action

Determine whether the sharemode attribute and mount parm match. Issue **zfsadm fsinfo** to get the sharemode attribute and issue D OMVS,F,N= to get the mount parm. If they do not match, issue another samemode remount. If the problem persists, contact your service representative.

6C1A Invalid salvage type. The salvage type must be 1, 2, or 3, indicating verify only, verify and repair, or cancel.

Action

Specify the correct salvage type and try the operation again.

AGGR_FORMAT has an invalid af_encrypt value. The value must be 0, 1, or 2.

Action

Correct the value and retry.

AGGR_FORMAT has an invalid af_compress value. The value must be 0, 1, or 2.

Action

Correct the value and retry.

A format operation with encryption or compression setting was attempted in a sysplex that contains earlier release systems.

Action

Encryption or compression is not allowed in a sysplex that contains earlier release systems. Retry when all sysplex members are at least at z/OS V2R3.

6C21 No thread available for the requested long-running command.

Action

Consider increasing the size of the long_cmd_threads pool. Retry the request when there is an available thread for the long-running command.

6C22 Aggregate could not be shrunk. It is mounted in R/O mode.

Action

The aggregate must be mounted read-write to be shrunk.

6C23 Unexpected error shrinking aggregate.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6C24 The new size is not smaller than the current aggregate size.

Use the **zfsadm fsinfo** command to determine the size of the aggregate. Try the command again with a new size that is smaller than the current aggregate size.

6C25

Error finding file system information.

Action

Ensure that the file system is mounted and try the command again. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

6C26

The eye catcher of the SH_REQ structure is not SHRQ.

Action

Correct the eye catcher and try the command again.

6C27

The sh_len field of the SH_REQ structure is incorrect.

Action

Correct the sh_len value and try the command again.

6C28

The sh_ver field of the SH_REQ structure is incorrect.

Action

Correct the sh_ver value and try the command again.

6C29

The sh_flags field of the SH_REQ structure is incorrect.

Action

Correct the sh_flags value and try the command again.

6C2A

The sh_command field of the SH_REQ structure is incorrect.

Action

Correct the sh_command value and try the command again.

6C2B

The sh_reserved field of the SH_REQ structure is not all zeros.

Action

Correct the sh_reserved value and try the command again.

6C2C

The value in the sh_length field of the SH_REQ structure is not allowed. This value is larger than the maximum aggregate size.

Action

Ensure that the specification of new size for the aggregate is correct and try again.

6C2D

The option to prevent active increase (-noai) is not allowed with the stop (-cancel) command.

Action

Correct the values and try the command again.

6C2F

The specified zFS operation was not canceled because it is not in progress.

Action

If the specified aggregate is correct, there is no action to take. Otherwise, specify the correct aggregate and try again.

6C30

Request failed due to salvage in process.

Action:

The request failed because zFS is busy doing a salvage operation. Retry the request when the salvage completes.

6C31

Request failed due to shrink in process.

Action:

The request failed because zFS is busy doing a shrink operation. Retry the request when the shrink completes.

6C32

Cannot change a sharemode attribute when not in a sysplex.

Action:

Do not specify -rwshare or -norwshare on the **zfsadm chaggr** command when not in a sysplex.

6C33

The aggregate log could not be recovered.

Action:

Contact your service representative.

6C34

Salvage found minor errors in the aggregate.

Action:

Issue **zfsadm** salvage without the -verifyonly option to correct the errors.

6C35

Salvage found major errors in the aggregate.

Action:

Contact your service representative.

6C36

The corruption could not be repaired.

Action:

Contact your service representative.

6C37

The corruption in version 1.5 directories could not be repaired.

Action

Contact your service representative.

6C3E

Request failed due to encryption in progress.

Action

The request failed because zFS is busy with an encryption operation. Retry the request when the encryption completes or cancel the encryption and reissue the command.

6C3F

Request failed due to decryption in progress.

Action

The request failed because zFS is busy with a decryption operation. Retry the request when the decryption completes or cancel the decryption and reissue the command.

6C40

Invalid encrypt or decrypt type. The type must be 1, 2, or 3, indicating encrypt, decrypt, or cancel.

Specify the correct type and try the operation again.

6C41

Salvage must perform log recovery but cannot because the aggregate was mounted read-only. Salvage terminates.

Action

Mount the aggregate read-write and try the operation again.

6C42

Salvage found inconsistencies in the aggregate that cannot be repaired because the aggregate is mounted read-only.

Action

Mount the aggregate read-write and try the operation again.

6C43

The fr_version field in FSINFO_REQUEST is invalid.

Action

Provide an fr_version value acceptable for the zFS release and try the operation again.

6C44

The fr_selection field in FSINFO_REQUEST is invalid with the fr_version specified.

Action

Provide an fr_selection value consistent with fr_version and try the operation again.

6C45

Internal failure sending sync request.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6C46

Error during sync operation.

Action

Correct the problem and try the operation again. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

6C47

Unknown error during shrink operation.

Action

Check the system log for message IOEZ00904E to get additional error information. If the problem cannot be resolved, contact the service representative.

6C48

There is no shrink operation to cancel. The aggregate is not currently shrinking.

Action

If the aggregate specified is correct, there is no action to take. Otherwise specify the correct aggregate and try again.

6C49

The space used in the aggregate is larger than the specified new size.

Use the **zfsadm fsinfo** command to determine the size of the aggregate, the amount of free space, and the amount of space in use. Try the command again with a new size that is larger than the amount of space currently being used.

6C4A

The new size is smaller than the minimum aggregate size.

Action

Use the **zfsadm fsinfo** command to determine the size of the aggregate, the amount of free space, and the amount of space in use. Try the command again with a new size that is larger than the amount of space currently being used.

6C4F

Unexpected error resizing the pool used for encryption and compression.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6C50

Error finding file system information.

Action

Ensure that the file system is mounted and try the command again. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

6C51

Encrypt, decrypt, compress, or decompress is not allowed for aggregate with version earlier than 1.5.

Action

Ensure that the aggregate version is at least version 1.5. To find the aggregate version, use either the **zfsadm fsinfo** or MODIFY FSINFO command. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

6C52

Could not convert the aggregate to version 1.4 because it is partially encrypted or compressed.

Action

Ensure that the aggregate is fully decompressed and decrypted before converting it to version 1.4.

6C53

Error during aggregate space release operation.

Action

Check the system log for message IOEZ00897E to get additional error information. If the problem cannot be resolved, contact the service representative.

6C54

The VSAM LDS is not formatted, is not marked as intended for zFS, and cannot be formatted at mount.

Action

Format the VSAM LDS using the **zfsadm format** command and try the mount again.

6C55

The VSAM LDS is not formatted and zFS could not determine whether a format is allowed during mount. The MVS catalog service could not be loaded.

Action:

EFxxrrrr

Format the VSAM LDS using the **zfsadm format** command and try the mount again.

6C56

An MVS catalog operation could not be performed on the VSAM LDS.

Action:

Take the action documented in message IOEZ00908I.

6C57

The VSAM LDS could not be marked as a zFS aggregate. The MVS catalog service failed.

Action:

Take the action documented in message IOEZ00336I.

6C58

The VSAM LDS could not be formatted at mount.

Action:

Correct the problem and format the VSAM LDS using the **zfsadm format** command, then try the mount again.

6C5B

Request failed due to compression in progress.

Action

The request failed because zFS is busy doing a compression operation. Retry the request when the operation completes.

6C5C

Request failed due to decompression in progress.

Action

The request failed because zFS is busy doing a decompression operation. Retry the request when the operation completes.

6C5D

Could not use the edcfixed option to fix the user file cache. The edcfixed option is limited to 14GB user file caches or less.

Action:

Either make the user file cache smaller or do not specify the edcfixed option.

6C5E

Could not allow the encryption request.

Action

An encryption request is only allowed if all sysplex members are release z/OS V2R3 or later. Retry the command when all systems are migrated to z/OS V2R3 or later.

6C5F

Could not allow the compression request.

Action:

A compression request is only allowed if all sysplex members are release z/OS V2R3 or later. Retry the command when all systems are migrated to z/OS V2R3 or later.

6C60

The key label specified is too long.

Action

Specify a key label of length 64 or less and try again.

6C61

The offset specified on a backup-read request is not the next-in-line offset for the file or EOF was returned on a previous read of the file.

Action

Correct the program and try again.

6C62

The argument length for a backup ioctl request is less than the size of a BK_REQ structure or the BK_REQ argument itself contains a bad length, eye catcher, or version.

Correct the argument length or the BK_REQ fields and try again.

Reserved fields of the BK_REQ structure are not 0 for a backup ioctl request.

Action

Correct the program and try again.

6C64 You cannot register a backup of a file that is already registered for backup.

Action

Correct the program and try again.

6C65 You cannot register a backup of a file that is not opened for read.

Action

Correct the program and try again.

6C66 You cannot register a backup for an object that is not a file.

Action

Correct the program and try again. A backup is only allowed for regular files.

A process is attempting to perform a backup-read for a file that it did not register with.

Action

Correct the program and try again. A backup-register must be performed by the process before it reads the file.

6C68 The bk_request field in the BK_REQ structure contains an invalid value for a backup ioctl request.

Action

Correct the program and try again.

6C69 When migrating a file system from HFS to zFS, an inode being created already exists.

Action

Contact the service representative.

6C6A The bk bufferSize specified is too small.

Action

Change the program to obtain a larger buffer. Then retry the operation with the larger buffer size.

An abend occurred in the security product while processing this operation.

Try to determine the cause of the security product failure, correct it, and then retry the operation. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

6C6C

An attempt to format a file system for encryption failed because the file system data set is not eligible for encryption.

Action

Refer to the section on defining the encryption management mechanism in <u>z/OS DFSMSdfp Storage</u>
<u>Administration</u> for information about how to define the data set in an SMS class that is eligible for encryption and that has a valid assigned key label.

6C6E

The length of the key label exceeds 64 and zFS does not support key labels longer than 64.

Action

The key label can be specified when defining the aggregate or with the **zfsadm encrypt** command via the -keylabel option. Correct the error and retry the operation.

6C6F

The encryption operation cannot continue without a key label.

Action

The key label can be specified when defining the aggregate or with the **zfsadm encrypt** command -keylabel option. Correct the error and retry the operation.

6C71

-keylabel is not allowed when -system specifies a system at a release prior to z/OS V2R3.

Action

Either remove -keylabel, remove -system, or specify a system at release z/OS V2R3 or later.

6C72

Converting a migrated file system to a version 1.4 aggregate is not allowed.

Action

If this is not a migrated file system, contact the service representative.

6C73

The edcfixed option was specified with user_cache_size, but the user cache pages cannot be registered with the zEDC Express service.

Action

If the zEDC Express service is not available, ensure that the edcfixed option is not used with the user_cache_size option in the IOEFSPRM member. Also, ensure that it is not used with the **zfsadm config** -user_cache_size command.

6C74

Aggregate could not be encrypted or decrypted. It is mounted in R/O mode.

Action:

The aggregate must be mounted read-write to be encrypted or decrypted.

6C75

Aggregate could not be compressed or decompressed. It is mounted in R/O mode.

Action:

The aggregate must be mounted read-write to be compressed or decompressed.

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6C76

ICSF could not find the specified key label.

Action

A key label must be known to ICSF before it can be used when defining or encrypting a zFS aggregate.

6C77

An attempt to format a file system failed because the file system cannot be encrypted or compressed with aggregate version 1.4.

Action

Either request formatting with the -version5 option or do not use the -encrypt or -compress option.

6C78

ICSF returned an error while validating a key label.

Action

Take the action documented in message IOEZ00959E.

6C79

A key label was specified but ICSF is not running.

Action

Ensure that ICSF is running and try the command again.

6C7A

Failed to set or resize the EDC_BUFFER_POOL due to zEDC error.

Action

Check error message IOEZ00962E to see the zEDC return code and reason code. Fix the error and try again.

6C7B

Failed to set or resize the user file cache due to page fix error.

Action

Check for error message IOEZ00962E to see the zEDC return code and reason code. Fix the error and try again.

6C7C

The key label specified is not associated with an encryption type supported by DFSMS.

Action

Specify another key label and try the command again.

6C7D

DFSMS returned an error while opening an aggregate.

Action

See messages IOEZ00964E and IEC161I at the console for more information.

6C7E

-keylabel is not allowed when an aggregate already has a key label.

Action

Remove -keylabel and try the command again.

6C7F

Shrinking of the aggregate was not allowed by a management class.

Action

See IOEZ00966E for further information about the aggregate shrink being disallowed. If a management class did not prevent the shrink, contact the service representative.

6C80

Encrypt or decrypt is not allowed if the aggregate is already in a partially compressed state.

Action

The **encrypt** and **decrypt** commands can be issued only when the aggregate is either not compressed or is fully compressed. Retry the command after the aggregate has been fully decompressed or compressed.

6C81

Compress or decompress is not allowed if the aggregate is already in a partially encrypted state.

Action

The **compress** and **decompress** commands can be issued only when the aggregate is either not encrypted or is fully encrypted. Retry the command after the aggregate has been fully decrypted or encrypted.

6C82

The target file system of a migration is not newly formatted with an allowed version.

Action:

Reformat the file system with an allowed version, using the -overwrite keyword if necessary. Retry the migration. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

6C83

Invalid cancel type. The type must be 1 to cancel an encryption command or 2 to cancel a decryption command.

Action:

Specify the correct cancel type and try the operation again.

6C84

Invalid cancel type. The type must be 3 to cancel a compression command or 4 to cancel a decompression command.

Action:

Specify the correct cancel type and try the operation again.

6C85

Can only delete idle threads from the long_cmd_threads thread pool.

Action:

Try canceling a long-running command to make long_cmd_threads thread pool foreground threads idle, or wait for a long-running command to complete. After the necessary long-running commands are completed, try resizing the thread pool again.

6C86

Parms4 must be zero if parms1 indicates a non-cancel command, such as encrypt, decrypt, compress or decompress. To cancel an encrypt, decrypt, compress or decompress command, parms1 must be 3.

Action:

Correct parms4 or parms1 and try the operation again.

6C87

Either you are not properly authorized for this operation or zFS could not verify your authorization. The subcommand requires UPDATE access to the aggregate.

Action:

Ensure that the proper access is granted and try the operation again.

6C88

An aggregate with a key label cannot be mounted because ICSF is not initialized.

Action:

Ensure ICSF is initialized and try the command again.

6C89

zEDC is not initialized. The compression or decompression operation is failed.

Ensure that zEDC is initialized and try the operation again.

6C8A

The mount or ownership change fails because zEDC is not initialized. The aggregate is compressed and requires zEDC to be ready before it can be mounted or owned on this system.

Action:

Try the operation again after zEDC is initialized.

6C8B

ICSF is not available. The encrypt or decrypt operation is failed.

Action:

Ensure that ISCF is initialized and try the operation again.

6C8C

A zfsadm compress command was attempted but no zEDC devices are available at the time the command was issued.

Action:

Try the operation again after zEDC devices are available.

6C8D

This function is currently not supported.

Action:

Contact your service representative to find out when the support will be available, and how to install it.

6C8E

The command failed because the aggregate is disabled. An aggregate can be temporarily disabled due to an I/O error, an internal zFS error, or a dataset reopen operation fails. If the aggregate is encrypted, this can be caused by ICSF problems. zFS will attempt to re-enable the aggregate automatically.

Action:

If the aggregate is encrypted, correct any ICSF problem so the aggregate can be re-enabled. When the aggregate is re-enabled, try the command again. If zFS cannot re-enable the aggregate automatically, you will need to unmount/mount or remount the aggregate before the command can be attempted again.

6C8F

The bk_attrBufferLen specified is too small.

Action:

Change the program to obtain a larger buffer. Then retry the operation.

6C90

The bk_aclBufferLen specified is too small.

Action:

Change the program to obtain a larger buffer. Then retry the operation.

6C92

Backup of a file is not allowed when it is contained in an aggregate that is shrinking.

Action:

Try the operation again after the shrink completes.

6C93

Shrink of an aggregate is not allowed if files in it are being backed up.

Action:

Try the operation again after the file backups complete.

6C94

Internal error committing a transaction. However, the operation may have succeeded.

Action:

If needed, try the operation again. If the problem persists, contact the service representative.

6C95

Internal error while backing up a file.

Action:

Contact the service representative.

6C96

Backup of a file is not allowed when it is contained in an aggregate that is owned by a system where zFS does not support file backups.

Action:

Retry the command after ensuring that file backups are supported on every system that can become the zFS owner of the aggregate. If this problem persists, contact your service representative.

6C97

Backup of a file in a NORWSHARE aggregate is not allowed when it is initiated from a system that is not the zFS owner of the aggregate containing the file.

Action:

Use the **zfsadm fsinfo** or MODIFY FSINFO command to determine which system is the zFS owning system of the aggregate and run the application which uses the zFS backup API from that system. Alternatively, make the local system the zFS owner of the aggregate by using **chmount**.

6C98

Performance moves for an aggregate are suspended when files in the aggregate are being backed up.

Action:

No user action. zFS may attempt the performance move again after all file backups for the aggregate have concluded.

6C99

Backup snapshot is no longer valid. This may be due to the original zFS owner going down.

Action:

Start the backup again after the zFS owner is established.

6C9A

Backup of a file is not allowed when it is contained in an aggregate that is encrypting or decrypting.

Action:

Try the operation again after the encryption or decryption completes.

6C9B

Backup of a file is not allowed when it is contained in an aggregate that is compressing or decompressing.

Action:

Try the operation again after the compression or decompression completes.

6C9C

Encrypting or decrypting of an aggregate is not allowed if files in it are being backed up.

Action

Try the operation again after the file backups complete.

6C9D

Compressing or decompressing of an aggregate is not allowed if files in it are being backed up.

Action:

Try the operation again after the file backups complete.

6C9E

You cannot register a backup of a file that is on a version 1.4 aggregate.

Action:

Use the **zfsadm convert** -aggrversion command to convert the aggregate version to 1.5 and then try again. See *z/OS File System Administration* for details on converting an existing aggregate to version 1.5.

6C9F

zFS has reached its internal limit for concurrent file backups.

Action:

Try again after in-progress file backups are complete.

6CA0

A sysplex client without high availability mount support (HA) is trying to connect to an HA mounted file system.

Action:

Retry the operation when the client system is at a level that supports high availability mount.

6CA2

An invalid value was specified for the -ha aggregate attribute.

Action:

The -ha aggregate attribute takes a value of either ON or OFF. When using the Change Aggregate Attributes API, use the corresponding value, which is either 1 (for ON) or 2 (for OFF).

6CA3

The aggregate attribute cannot be changed to both -ha and -noha.

Action:

Limit your request to one attribute value and try again.

6CA5

The HA aggregate attribute cannot be used in a sysplex where some systems do not support high availability file systems.

Action:

Ensure that APAR OA57508 is applied to all systems in the sysplex and try the command again.

6CA6

For a single aggregate query, the buffer passed to FSINFO is too small to contain all of the requested file system statistics.

Action:

Use a larger buffer size and try the FSINFO request again. Use a buffer size of at least 145K for a single aggregate FSINFO query.

6D0A

An internal error occurred during the migration of a zFS file system to another zFS file system.

Action:

Contact the service representative.

6D0B

An aggregate cannot be migrated if it is already being salvaged, shrunk, encrypted, decrypted, compressed, decompressed, moved, converted to v5, or being migrated.

Action:

Try the migration again after the mutually exclusive operation is done.

6D0C

A salvage, shrink, encrypt, decrypt, compress, decompress, ownership change, aggregate version conversion, file backup, or another migration operation is not allowed while an aggregate is the source of a migration.

Action:

Try the operation again after the migration is done.

6D0D

A migrating file system is in an unexpected state during a migration stop request.

Action:

If this is unexpected, contact the service representative.

6D0E

An aggregate cannot be migrated if it is not at version 1.4 or later.

Action:

Try the migration again after the aggregate has been converted to version 1.4 or later.

6D11

Backup of a file is not allowed when it is contained in an aggregate that is being migrated.

Action:

Try the backup operation again when the migration is complete.

6D12

Sharemode attributes cannot be changed when the aggregate is the source of a migration.

Action:

Try the command again when the migration is done.

EFxxrrrr

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