

Library of Congress Recommended Formats Statement 2024-2025

For online version, see Recommended Formats Statement - 2024-2025 (link)

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Introduction to the 2024-2025 revision

The Recommended Formats Statement (RFS) has reached a milestone 10-year anniversary since it was first launched in 2014. It remains an important tool for both the Library of Congress but also the wider community who seek to create, collect and preserve published works in all forms. The resource has evolved over its lifespan to reflect not only changing priorities and capabilities but also its impact on the cultural landscape.

Digital Accessibility as an Evaluation Criterion

Over the past year, the RFS has incorporated a format's potential to support digital accessibility as an evaluation criteria, starting with formats identified as preferred with acceptable formats to follow later. These features include:

- Does this format support digital accessibility features such as those described in the <u>W3C</u>
 Accessibility Principles? For example,
 - <u>Text alternatives for non-text content</u> (such as alt text)
 - o Captions and other alternatives for multimedia (and subtitles)
 - o Can text content be structured (as in XML) or tagged (as in PDF) for screen readers?
 - Are dataset formats well-structured with page regions and headings identified, permitting tagged or marked up content, tables that are navigable to a screen reader and forms that can validate entries?
- In what way are accessibility features implemented in the format? Such as:
 - Are there specific metadata tags to indicate accessibility features such as alt text, captions, transcripts and the like?
 - Are embedded closed captions supported? Does the file rely on external data, such as <u>WebVTT</u> file for caption data?

Full details about the information gathering and reporting are available on <u>Documenting Accessibility</u>
<u>Features</u> on the Sustainability of Digital Formats. Each format listed in the RFS has a corresponding entry on this resource with supporting in depth research.

It's important to note that the RFS does not require these accessibility features to be enabled for a format for inclusion in LC collections. However, but it is still important to understand the capacity for the format to support these features as user expectations and communities change and grow.

Responding to User Feedback

The public review period this year brought in a high number of responses, questions and comments. One result from this is the development of a new <u>FAQ</u> to increase transparency and consistency. A reminder that comments are always welcome through <u>rfs@loc.gov</u>.

Content Category Changes

This year brings several impactful changes to the language of the RFS, especially with print materials. While digital formats included in the RFS have a structured evaluation matrix (a <u>template with sample data</u> is available) to help with the yearly discussions and deliberations by the content teams, recommendations for print data in Textual Works and Musical Scores were revised this year thanks to feedback from colleagues newly recruited into the process.

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There is also a new format edition, DDP or Disc Description Protocol, as an Acceptable format for Audio - Media-independent (digital). And BITS (Book Interchange Tag Suite) moved from a Preferred to an Acceptable format for Textual Works – Digital.

A full list of all changes is shared in the Change Log available on the RFS home page.

Preferred and Acceptable Formats

The key underpinning to the RFS remains a focus on both global/community criteria and local/institutional criteria as key to preservation and long-term access. The global/community criteria have been based on the <u>seven sustainability factors</u> developed for the Library's Sustainability of Digital Formats website: Disclosure, Adoption, Transparency, Self-documentation, External dependencies, Impact of patents and Technical protection mechanisms. Each of these factors may have different emphasis or importance depending on the community of practice and content type. Some may not be applicable or essential for every format. The local/institutional factors estimate the level of resources at The Library of Congress available to preserve and manage the content over time. These include Staff experience and expertise, Software/Hardware/Operating System availability, Representation/extent in LC collections/storage, Established workflow/functionality and, new for 2023, Access options including support on the Library's website, loc.gov. The outcome of this analytical structure are clearer definitions of 'Preferred' and 'Acceptable' when categorizing digital file formats in the RFS.

The updated <u>evaluation matrix with sample data</u> is available for download.

Preferred formats:

- A. Global/community: Meets or exceeds benchmarks for all relevant sustainability factors
- B. Local/institutional: The Library of Congress has the skills, experience, workflows, tools and systems to manage and preserve these formats in current systems with confidence.

Acceptable formats:

- A. Global/community: Meets minimum acceptability across benchmarks or does not meet all relevant sustainability factors.
- B. Local/institutional: The Library of Congress can manage this format at a basic level of acquisition, management and preservation; and a greater ability for management and preservation is within the Library's capacity with further investment.

The success in using this model opens the possibility of adapting it to apply to those other characteristics of creative works, both physical and digital, which the RFS covers in its remit to address all types of creative works.

Following the lead of the Federal Agencies Digital Guidelines Initiative (FADGI), it has been decided that the RFS will consider the term *primary* is an acceptable substitute for the term *master* and that the two convey the same intentions and meanings. Except for where *master* is part of a format's formal name (such as in *IMF*, *Interoperable Master Format* in Moving Image Works) or an industry standard use (such as *gold master file* for Software and Video Games), the RFS prefers the term *primary*. Therefore, in the 2023-2024 edition, all listings for *master* files are now *master/primary* files.

The Recommended Formats Statement is not intended to serve as an answer to all the questions raised in preserving and providing long-term access to creative content. It does not provide instructions for receiving material into repositories, managing that content or undertaking the many ongoing tasks which will be necessary to maintain this content so that it may be used well into the future. Tackling each of those aspects is a project in and of itself as each form of content has a unique set of facets and nuances. The RFS provides guidance on identifying sets of formats which are not drawn so narrowly as

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to discourage creators from working within them, but will instead encourage creators to use them to produce works in formats which will make preserving them and making them accessible simpler. The Library hopes that the RFS will help make it realistic to build, grow and save creative output for our individual and collective benefit for generations to come.

Conclusion

The Library of Congress, realizing its unique position, is pleased to be able to contribute a resource like the Recommended Formats Statement for the benefit of all involved with creative works. The commitment of time and resources to the ongoing revision and indeed improvement of the RFS reflects the priority the Library places on working collaboratively to ensure that all might succeed in our common goal to share and disseminate creative output and to benefit the nation and the world at large.

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I. Textual Works

NOTE: See also Musical Scores

		Preferred	Acceptable
A.	Paper	Archival quality paper (ISO 11108: 1996 for Archival Paper)	Paper which does not meet this standard car successfully be preserved by the Library of Congress
В.	Printing Process, in order of preference	 Lithography (offset printing press) Inkjet (inkjet printer using stable pigment or dye-based inks) 	Xerography (Electrophotography)
	Binding and Packaging	Binding, in descending order of preference: 1. Hard cover a. Library binding (NISO Z39.78-2000) b. Sewn through fold c. Other sewn leaf attachment d. Double Fan Adhesive e. Other adhesive leaf attachment f. With slip case and/or dust jacket if available 2. For broadsides and musical compositions, the Library prefers items: a. In protective folders b. Rolled (rather than folded)	1. Soft cover a. Sewn b. Glued only c. Spiral- or plastic-bound d. Stapled 2. Unbound materials, such as manuscripts, ring binders, etc.)
D.	Rarity, Special Features, Illustrations	 Limited editions (including those with special binding or special features) Editions with the greatest number of unique features (such as pop-ups, overlaps, magnifiers, overlays, tabs, notches, etc.) Illustrated editions; original color illustrations preferred over black and white reproductions 	Editions without these features

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E. Completeness	 Complete work. For items published in a finite number of separate components, all elements published as part of the work and offered for sale or distribution must be submitted. All updates, supplements, releases, and supersessions published as part of the work and offered for sale or distribution must be submitted. Insertions (including all binders and indexes) must be received in a regular and timely manner for proper maintenance of the deposit. 	
F. Metadata	1. As displayed on item: a. Title b. Creator c. Publication/Creation Date or Start Date/End Date d. Place of Publication e. Publisher/Producer/Distributor f. ISBN/ISSN g. Contact information 2. If available: a. Other relevant identifiers (e.g., DOI, LCCN, etc.) b. Edition c. Subject descriptors d. Abstracts	 As displayed on item: a. Title b. Creator c. Publication/Creation Date or Start Date/End Date d. Place of Publication e. Publisher/Producer/Distributor

ii. Textual Works – Digital			
	Preferred	Acceptable	
A. Technical Characteristics, in order of preference B. Formats	Preferred Character encoding, in descending order of preference: 1. UTF-8, UTF-16 (with BOM), US-ASCII 2. ISO 8859 As received: • XML-based markup formats, with included or accessible DTD/schema, XSD/XSL presentation stylesheet(s), and explicitly stated character encoding • EPUB3-compliant. (Other versions of EPUB are also preferred formats but EPUB3 is the most common.) • Other widely-used book DTDs/schemas (e.g., TEI, DocBook, etc.) • Page-layout formats	Acceptable Other character encodings not listed in Preferred section Other structured or markup formats in order of preference: 1. XHTML or HTML, with DOCTYPE declaration and presentation stylesheet(s) 2. XML-based document formats (widely-used and publicly-documented), with presentation stylesheet(s) if applicable. Includes DOCX/OOXML 2012 (ISO 29500), ODF (ISO/IEC 26300) and	
C. Davitu and Special	 PDF/UA (ISO 14289-1-compliant) PDF/A (ISO 19005-compliant) PDF (highest quality available, with features such as searchable text, embedded fonts, lossless compression, high resolution images, device-independent specification of colorspace, content tagging; includes document formats such as PDF/X) 	OOXML (ISO/IEC 29500). 3. SGML, with included or accessible DTD 4. BITS (Book Interchange Tag Suite) version 2.0 5. Other XML-based non-proprietary formats, with presentation stylesheet(s) 6. XML-based formats that use proprietary DTDs or schemas, with presentation stylesheet(s) 7. Page-layout formats a. PDF (web-optimized) 8. Other formats a. Rich text format (RTF) b. Plain text c. Widely-used proprietary word-processing formats	
C. Rarity and Special Features	 Limited editions (including those with special features such as high resolution images). Editions with the greatest number of unique features (such as additional content, multimedia, interactive elements, etc.) 	Editions without these features	

D. Completeness	 Complete work. For items published in a finite number of separate components, all elements published as part of the work and offered for sale or distribution must be submitted. Includes all associated external files and fonts considered integral to the publication. All updates, supplements, releases, and supersessions published as part of the work and offered for sale or distribution must be submitted and received in a regular and timely manner for proper maintenance of the deposit. 	
E. Metadata	1. As supported by format (e.g., standards-based formats such as ONIX for Books, XMP, MODS, METS, or MARCXML either embedded in or accompanying the digital item): a. Title b. Creator c. Publication/Creation Date or Start Date/End Date d. Place of publication e. Publisher/ producer/ distributor f. ISBN/ISSN g. Contact information 2. If available: a. Language of work b. Other relevant identifiers (e.g., DOI, LCCN, original URL, etc.) c. Edition d. Subject descriptors e. Abstracts	 As displayed on item: a. Title b. Creator c. Publication/Creation Date or Start Date/End Date d. Place of Publication e. Publisher/Producer/Distributor
F. Technological Measures	Files must contain no measures (such as digital rights management technologies or encryption) that control access to or prevent use of the digital work.	

iii. Textual Works – Electronic serials			
	Preferred	Acceptable	
A. Technical Characteristics, in order of preference	Character encoding, in descending order of preference: 1. UTF-8, UTF-16 (with BOM), US-ASCII 2. ISO 8859	Other character encodings not listed in Preferred section	
B. Formats	As received: Content compliant with the NISO JATS: Journal Article Tag Suite (ANSI/NISO Z39.96-2015) with XSD/XSL presentation stylesheet(s) and explicitly stated character encoding Page-layout formats PDF/UA (ISO 14289-1-compliant) PDF/A (ISO 19005-compliant) PDF (highest quality available, with features such as searchable text, embedded fonts, lossless compression, high resolution images, device-independent specification of colorspace; content tagging; includes document formats such as PDF/X)	Other structured or markup formats in order of preference: 1. Widely-used serials or journal non-proprietary XML-based DTDs/schemas with included or accessible DTD/schema, presentation stylesheet(s) and explicitly stated character encoding. 2. Proprietary XML-based format for serials or journals (with documentation) with DTD/schema and presentation stylesheet(s) 3. XHTML or HTML, with DOCTYPE declaration and presentation stylesheet(s) 4. XML-based document formats (widely used and publicly documented). With presentation stylesheets, if applicable. Includes DOCX/OOXML 2012 (ISO 29500), ODF (ISO/IEC 26300) and OOXML (ISO/IEC 29500). 5. Page-layout formats a. PDF (web-optimized with searchable text) 6. Other formats a. Rich text format b. Plain text c. Widely used proprietary word processing or page-layout formats d. Other text- or graphic-based formats not listed here that represent textual works	

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iii. Textual Works – E	Electronic serials	
C. Rarity and Spe Features	 Limited editions (including those with special features such as high resolution images) Editions with the greatest number of unique features (such as additional content, multimedia, interactive elements, etc.) 	Editions without these features
D. Completeness	 Complete work. All elements considered integral to the publication and offered for sale or distribution must be submitted – e.g., articles, table(s) of contents, front matter, back matter, etc. Includes all associated external files and fonts considered integral to the publication. All updates, supplements, releases, and supersessions published as part of the work and offered for sale or distribution must be submitted and received in a regular and timely manner for proper maintenance of the deposit. 	Editions without these features
E. Metadata	1. Title-level metadata (e.g., standards-based formats such as ONIX for Books, XMP, MODS, METS, or MARCXML either embedded in or accompanying the digital item): a. Serial or journal title b. ISSN and ISSN-L c. Publisher d. Frequency e. Place of publication 2. Structured metadata as relevant or applicable (e.g., standards-based formats such as ONIX for Books, XMP, MODS, METS, or MARCXML either embedded in or accompanying the digital item): a. Volume(s)	
	b. Number(s) c. Issue date(s) d. Article title(s) e. Article author(s) f. Article identifier (DOI, original URL, etc.) 3. Include if available: a. Other descriptive metadata (e.g., subject heading(s), descriptor(s), abstract(s))	

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iii. Textual Works – Electronic serials		
F. Technological	Files must contain no measures (such as digital rights management	
Measures	technologies or encryption) that control access to or prevent use of	
	the digital work.	

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II. Still Image Works

i. Photographs – Print			
	Preferre	ed	Acceptable
A. Faithful report		quality to the publication version, best edition or master	
B. Permanence		Unmounted Pigmented inks (if digitally printed) Fixed, well-washed (if wet chemistry method)	
C. Size	•	Min: 8 x10" Max: 28 x 36"	Larger sizes may be acceptable if best or only version.
D. Metadata	2.	As supported by format: a. Title b. Creator c. Creation Date d. Place of publication e. Publisher/producer/distributor f. Contact information Include if available: a. Language of work b. Other relevant identifiers (e.g., DOI, LCCN, etc.) c. Subject descriptors d. Abstracts e. Key or reference to each data field and technical production information (type of paper, how processed, publisher internal tracking numbers)	

ii. Photographs – Digital			
		Preferred	Acceptable
A.	Faithful representation of the work	 Equal in quality to the published version, best edition or master copy In the same format as the master copy 	
В.	Technical Characteristics	 Highest resolution available, not rescaled or interpolated Highest bit depth available, 16 bits per channel if available Embedded color profile or specified color space used in published version Uncompressed Unlayered 	 Lossless compression or lower compression ratios Discrete wavelet transform (DWT) preferred to discrete cosine transform (DCT) Layered, if supported by preferred or acceptable format
C.	Formats	 TIFF (.tif) JPEG2000 (.jp2) PNG (.png) JPEG/JFIF (.jpg) 	Photoshop (.psd, .psb) JPEG2000 Part 2 (.jpf, .jpx) Digital Negative DNG (.dng) Proprietary Camera Raw formats (.nef, .crw, .arw, .iiq) GIF (.gif)
D.	Metadata	 As supported by format: a. Title b. Creator c. Creation Date d. Place of publication e. Publisher/producer/distributor f. Contact information Include if available: a. Common embedded schema (e.g., IPTC) b. Language of work c. Other relevant identifiers (e.g., DOI, LCCN, etc.) d. Subject descriptors e. Abstracts f. Key or reference to each data field and technical production information (e.g. EXIF metadata from digital camera) 	Metadata provided separately in external text, <u>CSV</u> or <u>XML</u> -based sidecar file

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ii. Photographs – Digital		
E. Technological	Files must contain no measures (such as digital rights management	
Measures	technologies or encryption) that control access to or prevent use of	
	the digital work.	

ii. Other Graphic Images – Print (posters, postcards, fine prints) NOTE: See also Geospatial Cartographic and Design and 3D				
		Preferred	Acceptable	
A.	Faithful representation of the work	Equal in quality to the publication version, best edition or master copy		
B.	Permanence and appearance	 Packaging materials equivalent to published form (e.g., binding, box/packaging materials) If multiple versions available, provide the most widely distributed edition. If limited edition, provide an unnumbered but otherwise identical copy. For large items, provide rolled, unfolded. 		
C.	Related Materials	 Includes indexes, study guides or other matter if available Also includes annotations, accompanying tabular or textual matter or other interpretive aids 		
D.	Metadata	 As supported by format a. Title b. Creator c. Creation Date d. Place of Publication e. Publisher/producer/distributor f. Contact Information Include if available: a. Language of work b. Other relevant identifiers (e.g., DOI, LCCN, etc.) c. Subject descriptors d. Abstracts 		

iii. Other Graphic Images – Print (posters, postcards, fine prints)			
e	Key or reference to each data field and technical		
	production information (type of paper, how		
	processed, publisher internal tracking numbers)		

	iv. Other Graphic Images – Digital NOTE: See also Geospatial Cartographic and Design and 3D			
		Acceptable		
A.	Faithful representation of the work	 Equal in quality to the published version, best edition or master copy In the same format as the master copy 		
B.	Technical Characteristics	 Highest resolution available, not rescaled or interpolated Highest bit depth available, 16 bits per channel if available Specified color space used in published version Uncompressed Unlayered 	 Lower compression ratios Discrete wavelet transform (DWT) preferred to discrete cosine transform (DCT) Layered, if supported by preferred or acceptable format 	
C.	Formats (raster)	 TIFF (.tif) JPEG2000 (.jp2) PNG (.png) JPEG/JFIF (.jpg) 	 Photoshop (.psd, .psb) JPEG2000 Part 2 (.jpf, .jpx) Encapsulated Postscript (.eps) Digital Negative DNG (.dng) Proprietary Camera Raw formats (.nef, .crw, .arw, .iiq) GIF (.gif) 	
D.	Formats (vector)	Scalable vector graphics (.svg)	 Page-layout formats, e.g. <u>PDF/UA</u> (ISO 14289-1-compliant), <u>PDF/A</u> (ISO 19005-compliant), <u>PDF</u> (highest quality available, with features such as searchable text, embedded fonts, lossless compression, high resolution images; includes document formats such as <u>PDF/X</u>) <u>Encapsulated Postscript</u> (.eps) 	

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II. Still Image Works

iv. Other Graphic Images – Dig	iv. Other Graphic Images – Digital				
E. Related Materials	 Includes indexes, study guides or other matter if available Also includes annotations, accompanying tabular or textual matter or other interpretive aids 				
F. Metadata	1. As supported by format: a. Title b. Creator c. Creation Date d. Place of publication e. Publisher/producer/distributor f. Contact information 2. Include if available: a. Common embedded schema (e.g., IPTC) b. Language of work c. Other relevant identifiers (e.g., PLUS ID, DOI, LCCN, etc.) d. Subject descriptors e. Abstracts f. Key or reference to each data field and technical production information (e.g. EXIF metadata from digital camera)	Metadata provided separately in external text or XML-based file			
G. Technological Measures	Files must contain no measures (such as digital rights management technologies or encryption) that control access to or prevent use of the digital work.				

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v. Mic	v. Microforms				
		Preferred	Acceptable		
A.	Faithful representation of the work	Equal in quality to the publication version, best edition or master copy			
В.	Permanence and appearance	 Silver halide Positive polarity Color (when available) Polyester film base 			
C.	Format (newspapers and newspaper-formatted serials)	Roll microfilm			
D.	Format (all other materials), in order of preference	 Microfiche Roll microfilm Microfilm cassettes Micro-opaque prints 			
E.	Size	35mm, if roll film	16mm film and other sizes that match the primary production master		
F.	Related Materials	Include indexes, study guides or other printed matter if available			
G.	Metadata	1. As supported by format a. Title b. Creator c. Creation Date d. Place of Publication e. Publisher/producer/distributor f. Contact Information 2. Include if available: a. Language of work b. Other relevant identifiers (e.g., DOI, LCCN, etc.) c. Subject descriptors d. Abstracts e. Key or reference to each data field and technical production information (type of paper, how processed, publisher internal tracking numbers)			

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III. Moving Image Works

	Preferred	Acceptable
A. Motion Pi Digital an Media	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	on, aspect, 70mm, CCP) with 1080 pixels orming to SMPTE or
B. Audio	Complete final tracks, including any foreign language tradescriptive audio, when applicable	eacks and Each language and mix for the final production version shall be in its original channel structure and audio resolution as it was delivered to the content distributor
C. Metadata	 Relevant unique identifiers applicable to the wood ISAN) If unique identifier not available, then Release title Release/Production Date Production Company and/or Producer Distributor Name Country of Origin Language Duration 	ork (EIDR,

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i. Motion Pictures – Digital and Physical Media				
D. Technological Files must contain no measures (such as digital rights management				
Measures	technologies or encryption) that control access to or prevent use of			
	the digital work.			

ii. Video – File Based and Phys	sical Media	
	Preferred	Acceptable
A. Video – File-based, in order of preference	Final production version with the original production resolution and frame rate (i.e. 1080p24; 720p60, etc.) and file-based format that was delivered to the content distributor. 1. Interoperable Master Format (IMF) consisting of a. Essence files as MXF tracks including video, audio, data and dynamic metadata essences b. Composition playlist c. Packaging data XML files (asset map, packing list, volume index) 2. FFV1 a. Version 3 only, as defined by RFC 9043 b. Matroska (.mkv) container 3. ProRes a. QuickTime (.mov) container b. 4444 (XQ), 4444 or 422 HQ codecs	Viewing proxy such as 1. Recordable DVD 2. Recordable Blu-ray disc 3. MPEG-4 (.mp4)
	4. MPEG-2 a. Compliant with ISO/IEC 13818	
	5. XDCAM a. <u>MXF</u> b. HD422, SHD422, HD codecs	
	Contact archive for guidance regarding pre-production versions.	

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ii. Vide	ii. Video – File Based and Physical Media				
В.	Video – Physical Media, in order of preference		 Complete, final production version with the original production resolution and frame rate (i.e. 1080p24; 720p60, etc.) Content contained in standard physical media in the following order of preference: a. HD: HDCAM-SR, HDCAM, HD-D5, Commercially pressed DVD or Bluray disc b. SD: Digital Betacam, Betacam SP 		
C.	Audio		Each language and mix for the final production version shall be in its original channel structure and audio resolution as it was delivered to the content distributor		
D.	Metadata	 Relevant unique identifiers applicable to the work (EIDR, ISAN) If unique identifier not available, then: a. Release title b. Release/Production Date c. Production Company and/or Producer d. Distributor Name e. Country of Origin f. Language g. Duration 			
E.	Technological Measures	Files must contain no measures (such as digital rights management technologies or encryption) that control access to or prevent use of the digital work.			

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IV. Audio Works

i. Audio – On Tangible Media (digital and analog)				
	Preferred			
A. Sound Recordings, in order of preference	 Final production/release version of content rather than preproduction version Published (commercially manufactured) Compact Disc (CD audio) with all jackets, sleeves, inserts and intact enclosures Original recorded (soundstage)/release channel format (e.g. stereo or mono) Multi-channel Surround Sound/Immersive release in addition to stereo version if released in both, e.g., SACD (DSD) and Blu-Ray Audio Vinyl disc (LP) in addition to Compact Disc (CD) if released in both 	 Published ("burned") Archival CD-R (CD audio formats) Archival quality recordable Compact Disc (CD-R) rather than vinyl disc Vinyl disc rather than audio cassette Audio cassette if only released as such 		

ii. Auc	ii. Audio – Media-independent (digital)				
	Preferred			Accep	otable
A.	Format, in order of preference	1.	Final production /release version of content rather than pre-production version	1.	CD Redbook quality files (44.1 kHz/16 bit) in PCM WAVE format or DDP (Disc
	p. c. c. c	2.	High Resolution Audio (HRA) files of final version		Description Protocol)
			produced (96kHz/24bit or higher PCM, 2.8 MHz or higher	2.	Lossless compression scheme rather than
			DSD) in addition to Compact Disc (CD) when both are		lossy compression scheme
			produced	3.	Highest resolution compressed version in
		3.	WAVE file with embedded metadata (<u>Broadcast WAVE</u>) rather than without (LC will specify fields)		a major standard compression scheme
		4.	File in native resolution rather than up-sampled resolution		
		5.	Very high resolution file formats such as <u>DSD</u> , <u>PCM</u>		
			176.4khz , 192khz up to 384kh when produced for release		
			in addition to Compact Disc (CD) when both are produced		
		6.	Multi-channel Surround Sound/Immersive release in		
			addition to stereo version delivered at highest resolution		
			files available		
		7.	Uncompressed files rather than compressed.		

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ii. Auc	ii. Audio – Media-independent (digital)			
В.	Accompanying Image/Text Files, in order of preference	With final version of all accompanying image and text files; higher resolution images rather than lower a. <u>TIFF</u> or <u>JPEG</u> formats for images b. Text files in <u>PDF</u>		
C.	Metadata	1. Provide most complete metadata set as delivered to online distributors (e.g. iTunes and Amazon), which may include elements not embedded in a file, including but not limited to: a. Song/work title b. Album title c. Artist d. Composer e. Genre f. Publisher/label name and issue number g. Location and date of performance h. Date of publication i. Standard identifier (e.g. ISRC, UPC) j. Any other entity identifiers 2. Provide data in a standard XML-based format, such as the Electronic Release Notification (ERN-DDEX) 3. If produced in a format that uses an ADM (Audio Definition Model), the ADM file accompanies 4. RSS feeds are desirable for podcasts		
D.	Technological Measures	Files must contain no measures (such as digital rights management [DRM] technologies or encryption) that control access to or prevent use of the digital work.		

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V. Musical Scores

NOTE: See also Textual Works - Print

i. Mus	i. Musical Scores – Print		
		Preferred	Acceptable
A.	Paper	Archival quality paper (ISO 11108: 1996 for Archival Paper)	Paper which does not meet this standard can successfully be preserved by the Library of Congress
В.	Printing Process, in order of preference	 Lithography (offset printing press) Inkjet (inkjet printer using stable pigment or dye-based inks) 	Xerography (Electrophotography)
C.	Binding and Packaging	Binding, in descending order of preference: 1. Hard cover a. Library binding (NISO Z39.78-2000) b. Sewn through fold c. Other sewn leaf attachment d. Double Fan Adhesive e. Other adhesive leaf attachment f. With slip case and/or dust jacket if available 2. For broadsides and musical compositions, the Library prefers items: a. In protective folders b. Rolled (rather than folded)	1. Soft cover a. Sewn b. Glued only c. Spiral- or plastic-bound d. Stapled 2. Unbound material, such as manuscripts, ring binders, etc.
D.	Rarity, Special Features, Illustrations	 Limited editions (including those with special binding or special features) Editions with the greatest number of unique features (such as pop-ups, overlaps, magnifiers, overlays, tabs, notches, etc.) Illustrated editions; original color illustrations preferred over black and white reproductions 	Editions without these features

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E. Completeness	 Complete work. For items published in a finite number of separate components, all elements published as part of the work and offered for sale or distribution must be submitted. All updates, supplements, releases, and supersessions published as part of the work and offered for sale or distribution must be submitted. Insertions (including all binders and indexes) must be received in a regular and timely manner for proper maintenance of the deposit. For unaccompanied vocal musical compositions: open score, with each part on separate staff For vocal musical compositions with orchestral accompaniment and for instrumental musical compositions: Full score and up to 13 parts, if applicable, if published only by rental, lease, or lending, submit full score only Conductor's score and up to 13 parts, if applicable; if published only by rental, lease, or lending, submit conductor's score only 	
F. Metadata	 As displayed on item: a. Title b. Creator c. Creation Date or Start Date/End Date d. Place of Publication e. Publisher/Producer/Distributor f. ISBN g. Contact information As displayed on item, if available: 1. Other relevant identifiers (e.g., DOI, LCCN, etc.) 2. Edition 3. Subject descriptors 4. Abstracts 	 1. As displayed on item: a. Title b. Creator c. Publication/Creation Date or Start Date/End Date d. Place of Publication e. Publisher/Producer/Distributor

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ii. Mu	sical Scores – Digital		
		Preferred	Acceptable
A.	Technical Characteristics, in order of preference	Character Encoding, in descending order of preference: 1. UTF-8, UTF-16 (with BOM), US-ASCII 2. ISO 8859	Other character encodings not listed in Preferred section
B.	Formats, in order of preference	1. XML-based markup music notational format, with included or accessible DTD/schema, XSD/XSL presentation stylesheet(s), and explicitly stated character encoding. a. MusicXML b. Music Encoding Initiative (MEI) c. Other widely-used and publicly documented musical notation DTDs/schemas 2. Page-layout formats a. PDF/UA (ISO 14289-1-compliant) b. PDF/A (ISO 19005-compliant) c. PDF (highest quality available, with features such as searchable text, embedded fonts, lossless compression, high resolution images; includes document formats such as PDF/X)	1. Other structured or markup formats a. XHTML or HTML, with DOCTYPE declaration and presentation stylesheet(s) b. SGML, with included or accessible DTD 2. Page-layout formats a. PDF (web-optimized) 3. Other formats a. Widely-used proprietary music notation formats b. Other music composition formats (including graphics-based formats) not listed here
C.	Rarity and Special Features	 Limited editions (including those with special features) Editions with the greatest number of unique features (such as additional content, multimedia, interactive elements, etc.) 	Editions without these features
D.	Completeness	 Complete work. For items published in a finite number of separate components, all elements published as part of the work and offered for sale or distribution must be submitted. Includes all associated external files and fonts considered integral to the publication. All updates, supplements, releases, and supersessions published as part of the work and offered for sale or distribution must be submitted and received in a regular and timely manner for proper maintenance of the deposit. For unaccompanied vocal musical compositions: open score, with each part on separate staff. 	

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ii. Musical Scores – Digital	
	 For vocal musical compositions with orchestral accompaniment and for instrumental musical compositions: Full score and all parts, if applicable; if published only by rental, lease, or lending, full score only may be submitted; Conductor's score and all parts, if applicable; if published only by rental, lease, or lending, conductor's score only may be submitted.
E. Metadata	1. As supported by format (e.g., standards-based formats such as ONIX for Books, XMP, MODS, or MARCXML either embedded in or accompanying the digital item): a. Title b. Creator c. Creation Date or Start Date/End Date d. Place of publication e. Publisher/ producer/ distributor f. ISMN g. Instrumentation 2. Include if available: a. Language of work b. Other relevant identifiers (e.g., ISBN, DOI, LCCN, original URL, etc.) c. Edition d. Subject descriptors e. Event f. Abstracts
F. Technological Measures	Files must contain no measures (such as digital rights management technologies or encryption) that control access to or prevent use of the digital work.

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VI. Datasets

NOTE: See also Geospatial and Cartographic

The Library is aware that, in some cases, the provision of datasets and databases for current research uses (including support for the U.S. Congress) may depend upon native formats and associated software, while preservation and long-term access may depend upon data-migration via transport or export formats, with a concomitant risk of loss of precision and accuracy. Given the focus of this document is preservation and long-term access, the following format preferences favor those outcomes.

Datasets	Preferred	Acceptable
A. Formats	 Platform-independent, character-based formats are preferred over native or binary formats as long as data is complete, and retains full detail and precision. Preferred formats include well-developed, widely adopted, de facto marketplace standards, e.g. Formats using well known schemas with public validation tools available Line-oriented, e.g. TSV, CSV, fixed-width Platform-independent open formats, e.gdb, .db3, .sqlite, .sqlite3, Any proprietary format that is a de facto standard for a profession or supported by multiple tools (e.g. Excel .xls or .xlsx, Shapefile) Character Encoding, in descending order of preference: UTF-8, UTF-16 (with BOM) US-ASCII or ISO 8859-1 Other named encoding 	For data (in order of preference): 1. Non-proprietary, publicly documented formats endorsed as standards by a professional community or government agency, e.g. CDF, HDF 2. Text-based data formats with available schema For aggregation or transfer: 1. ZIP, RAR, tar, 7z with no encryption, password or other protection mechanisms.
B. Related Materials	Consult the appropriate sections of this document to identify the preferred formats for supplementary material	
C. Delivery Method, in order of preference	 Public download URLs Automated private download URLs with any necessary API keys or credentials Hard drive; CD-ROM; DVD-ROM 	

	T
D. Metadata	Deposits should include all applicable metadata, data
	dictionaries, XML schemas, and technical specifications as
	appropriate. Discipline-specific metadata standards should
	be used whenever possible
	2. As supported by format:
	a. Title
	b. Creator
	c. Creation date
	d. Place of publication
	e. Publisher/ producer/ distributor
	f. Contact information
	g. A list of software used to produce, render or
	compress the data (if applicable)
	h. Character encoding
	3. Include if available:
	a. A list of software used to produce, render or
	compress the data
	b. Language of work
	c. Other relevant identifiers (e.g., DOI, LCCN, canonical
	URL, etc.)
	d. Subject descriptors
	e. Abstracts
	f. Key or reference to each data field
	g. Checksums
	h. Permanent version specifiers (e.g., date, version
	number, etc.)
	i. Grant number information
	j. Name and permalink or DOI to access the repository
	in which the dataset is shared or preserved
	k. Information about how the data was collected and
	any sampling or post-processing which has been
	applied
	I. Known copyright terms, especially for datasets which
	combine data from multiple sources
	4. For datasets serving as part of a database: proprietary
	database package and version
	5. For aggregate files: manifest or file list of payload content

E. Technological Measures	 Files must contain no measures (such as digital rights management technologies or encryption) that control access to or prevent use of the digital work. Files in formats which support linking or embedding external resources (e.g. XML, JSON, Excel) should be self-contained to remain useful in the event of external service changes. Files in formats which support executable code (e.g. Excel) 	Files in formats which support executable code do not depend on embedded programs for purposes other than display (e.g. search, filtering, etc.); the raw data is available without executing code.
	do not contain executable code.	

ii. Databases		
	Preferred	Acceptable
A. Preservation	Complete set of the content contained within the database	
B. Access, in order of preference	Publisher web interface with: a. Comprehensive and user-friendly search and discovery b. Counter compliant usage statistics 2. Delivered preservation content	Documented API

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VII. GIS, Geospatial and Non-GIS Cartographic

		Preferred	Acceptable
A.	Formats	Most complete data (all layers, appendices), even if proprietary, with a preference for preserving the native format and projection of the data	• KML • GML
		 Vector formats compatible with widely adopted GIS including, Shapefile, which is comprised of at least a SHP, SHX, and DBF file and optionally a PRJ (highly recommended), XML (highly recommended), SBN, and/or SBX. Esri File Geodatabase OGC GeoPackage GeoJSON (may have scalability issues) 	
B.	Delivery Method, in order of preference	 Public download URLs Automated private download URLs with any necessary API keys or credentials Hard drives 	
C.	Metadata	 For metadata information see 191xx ISO standards and Federal Geographic Data Committee (FGDC) To the extent allowed by the underlying format, include available information about how the data was collected and any post-processing which has been applied 	Project and layer files (.mxd, .qgs, .lry) may be acquired with deposits of content data to assist in reviewing materials during deposit process
D.	Technological Measures	Files must contain no measures (such as digital rights management technologies or encryption) that control access to or prevent use of the digital work.	

ii. GIS	Vector and Raster Coml	bined	
		Preferred	Acceptable
A.	Formats	In order of preference: 1. Most complete data (all layers, appendices), even if proprietary, with a preference for preserving the native format and projection of the data 2. Vector and raster formats compatible with widely adopted GIS including: a. Esri File Geodatabase b. OGC GeoPackage c. Formats compatible with recommendations and tools from geospatial open source and open data communities, formats developed or endorsed by the Open Geospatial Consortium (OGC), formats supported by well supported open source software libraries such as GDAL, OGR and GeoTools	TerraGo GeoPDF Geospatial PDF
В.	Delivery Method, in order of preference	 Public download URLs Automated private download URLs with any necessary API keys or credentials Hard drives 	
C.	Metadata	 For metadata information see 191xx ISO standards and Federal Geographic Data Committee (FGDC) To the extent allowed by the underlying format, include available information about how the data was collected and any post-processing which has been applied 	
D.	Technological Measures	 Files must contain no measures (such as digital rights management technologies or encryption) that control access to or prevent use of the digital work. 	

iii. GIS	iii. GIS Raster and Georeferenced Images		
		Preferred	Acceptable
A.	Formats	 Most complete data (all layers, appendices), even if proprietary, with a preference for preserving the native format and projection of the data Raster formats compatible with widely adopted GIS including GeoTIFF OGC GeoPackage 	 TIFF (.tif) files with accompanying TIFF World File (.tfw and .tifw) GML in JPEG 2000
В.	Delivery Method, in order of preference	 Public download URLs Automated private download URLs with any necessary API keys or credentials Hard drives 	
C.	Metadata	 For metadata information see 191xx ISO standards and Federal Geographic Data Committee (FGDC) To the extent allowed by the underlying format, include available information about how the data was collected and any post-processing which has been applied 	
D.	Technological Measures	Files must contain no measures (such as digital rights management technologies or encryption) that control access to or prevent use of the digital work.	

iv. No	iv. Non-GIS Cartographic		
		Preferred Acceptable	
A.	Cartographic materials, in order of preference	 Most complete data (including appendices) with a preference for preserving the native format and projection of the data Largest size Most widely distributed Follows recommended formats in Still Image Works (if material is an image) or Textual Works (if material is primarily textual). 	
В.	Faithful representation	Equal in quality to the publication version, best edition or master	
	of the work	сору	

iv. Non-GIS Cartographic	
C. Permanence and Appearance	 Packaging materials equivalent to published form (e.g., binding, box/packaging materials) If multiple versions available, provide the most widely distributed edition. If limited edition, provide an unnumbered but otherwise identical copy. For large items, provide rolled, unfolded. Prefer edition with protective coatings. Faithful representation of the work as published. Equal quality to publication version.
D. Related Materials	 Includes indexes, study guides or other matter if available Also includes annotations, accompanying tabular or textual matter or other interpretive aids
E. Metadata	 As supported by format Title Creator Creation Date Place of Publication Publisher/producer/distributor Contact Information Include if available: Language of work Other relevant identifiers (e.g., DOI, LCCN, etc.) Subject descriptors Abstracts Key or reference to each data field and technical production information (e.g. EXIF metadata from digital camera

VIII. Design and 3D

NOTE: See also Still Image Works

i. 2D and 3D Computer Aide	ed Design	
•	Preferred	Acceptable
A. Formats (raster)	 TIFF (.tif) JPEG2000 (.jp2) PNG (.png) JPEG/JFIF (.jpg) Digital Negative DNG (.dng) GIF (.gif) 	 Photoshop (.psd, .psb) JPEG2000 Part 2 (.jpf, .jpx) Encapsulated Postscript (.eps)
B. Formats (vector)	 Scalable vector graphics (.svg) AutoCAD Drawing Interchange Format (.dxf) Shapefile 	 Computer Graphics Metafile (CGM, WebCGM) Extensible 3D (X3D) 3D Manufacturing Format (3MF) Non-proprietary formats endorsed as standards by a professional community or government agency, e.g. IFC, STEP Page-layout formats, e.g. PDF/UA (ISO 14289-1-compliant), PDF (highest quality available, with features such as searchable text, embedded fonts, lossless compression, high resolution images; includes document formats such as PDF/X) PDF/E-1 Encapsulated Postscript (.eps) Proprietary vector formats , e.g., AutoCAD Drawing file Family (.dwg)

Page 35 VIII. Design and 3D

C.	Technical Characteristics	 Highest resolution available, not rescaled or interpolated Highest bit depth available, 16 bits per channel if available Specified color space used in published version Uncompressed Unlayered 	 Lower compression ratios Discrete wavelet transform (DWT) preferred to discrete cosine transform (DCT) Layered, if supported by preferred or acceptable format
D.	Related Materials	 Includes indexes, study guides or other matter if available Also includes annotations, accompanying tabular or textual matter or other interpretive aids 	
E.	Metadata	1. As supported by format: a. Title b. Creator c. Creation Date d. Place of publication e. Publisher/producer/distributor f. Contact information 2. Include if available: a. Common embedded schema (e.g., FGD, ISO 19115) b. Language of work c. Other relevant identifiers (e.g., DOI, LCCN, etc.) d. Subject descriptors e. Abstracts f. Key or reference to each data field and technical production information (type of paper, how processed, publisher internal tracking numbers)	Metadata provided separately in external text of XML-based file
F.	Technological Measures	Files must contain no measures (such as digital rights management [DRM] technologies or encryption) that control access to or prevent use of the digital work.	

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OTE: See also Still Image Works			
		Preferred	Acceptable
A.	Faithful representation of the work	Equal in quality to the publication version, best edition or master copy	
В.	Permanence and appearance	 Packaging materials equivalent to published form (e.g., binding, box/packaging materials) If multiple versions available, provide the most widely distributed edition. If limited edition, provide an unnumbered but otherwise identical copy. For large items, provide rolled, unfolded. Prefer edition with protective coatings. Faithful representation of the work as published. Equal quality to publication version. 	
C.	Related Materials	 Includes indexes, study guides or other matter if available Also includes annotations, accompanying tabular or textual matter or other interpretive aids 	
D.	Metadata	 As supported by format Title Creator Creation Date Place of Publication Publisher/producer/distributor Contact Information Include if available: Language of work Other relevant identifiers (e.g., DOI, LCCN, etc.) Subject descriptors Abstracts Key or reference to each data field and technical production information (type of paper, how processed, publisher internal tracking numbers) 	

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iii. Sca	iii. Scanned 3D Objects (output from photogrammetry scanning)		
		Preferred	Acceptable
A.	Formats		 STereoLithography (.stl) Reflectance Transformation Imaging (.rti) Polygon File Format (.ply) Wavefront (.obj)
В.	Related Materials	 Includes indexes, study guides or other matter if available Also includes annotations, accompanying tabular or textual matter or other interpretive aids 	
C.	Metadata	 As supported by format a. Title b. Creator c. Creation Date d. Place of Publication e. Publisher/producer/distributor f. Contact Information Include if available: a. Common embedded schema (e.g., FGD, ISO 19115) b. Language of work c. Other relevant identifiers (e.g., DOI, LCCN, etc.) d. Subject descriptors e. Abstracts f. Key or reference to each data field and technical production information (type of paper, how processed, publisher internal tracking numbers) 	
D.	Technological Measures	Files must contain no measures (such as digital rights management [DRM] technologies or encryption) that control access to or prevent use of the digital work.	

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IX. Software and Video Games

This category includes software and games for desktop and mobile/handheld systems and video gaming consoles. Note: Games for gaming consoles often require submission of the proprietary platform as well (e.g., game console) or a virtual or emulated version of the proprietary platform that runs on a commonly available operating system.

i. Software and Video Games		
	Preferred	Acceptable
A. Content, in order of preference	 Uncompiled source code: Version of a game that is ready to be sent to console manufacturers for certification. Contains files and folders created by a game developer and is still human readable using either a text editor, visual programming tool, or an integrated development environment (IDE). 	 Hard drive/flash drive/writable disk containing the unpublished version of game/software content. Video of use, such as YouTube and Twitch streams, can substitute for the absence of a preservation copy of the
	2. Gold master build (specific file types will vary depending on company producing build): Version of the software and video game which meets all of a publisher and platform's requirements and is considered the finished product. If a game is released on multiple platforms, each platform will require its own preferences on how a user interacts with the game. In essence the game's gold master build release's look and feel is varied by the publisher and platform.	game or inability to recreate significant online dependencies.
	 3. Distribution file (e.g. <u>iOS App Store Package (IPA)</u>, <u>Android Package (APK)</u>, exe [Windows]): The distribution file is disseminated for public use regardless of the means of dissemination (on physical media or via an online source) and is comprised of one or more files from the gold standard build. a. Media-based release: The version of a distribution file disseminated via a media-based physical object (cartridge, disc- or disk-based media, etc.). b. Internet-based release: The release version of a software distributed via an online- or internet-based source, including mobile applications. 	

i. Softv	ware and Video Games		
В.		Operating system (OS): If the software or game is not usable on a commonly-available OS (Windows, Mac, Linux), then a copy of the OS, submitted as a disk image, must be provided with the submission. NOTE: If there are different versions released at the same time for	
		different platforms (e.g. for Mac, Windows and Xbox), a submission will be required for each.	
C.	Platform	If a submission requires a stand-alone or proprietary platform (e.g. a gaming console or handheld device), then a virtual or emulated version of the proprietary platform is required with submission.	If a submission requires a stand-alone or proprietary platform (e.g. a gaming console or handheld device), and a virtual or emulated version of the proprietary platform is not available, submission of the hardware including controllers and power supply is acceptable.
D.	Related materials	Submissions should include documentation and other accompanying material (e.g., instruction materials, errata, addenda, read me files) and can include blog posts and other publications about the software or game. NOTE: If the software was a part of a book publication (e.g., a software manual with accompanying discs), then a copy of the book must be submitted with the disc.	
E.	Delivery method	Direct File Submission: These submissions would require grouping in a submission package such as BagIt , Tape Archive (tar), ZIP, or AXF object. Method of transfer may differ by Library of Congress department and should be coordinated with the accessioning librarian.	Mass storage device: All of the requested information may be included as distinct files or may be grouped together using a method such as Baglt, Tape Archive (tar), ZIP, or AXF object. • External hard drive with USB (universal serial bus) interface • Commercially-pressed optical disc (CD-ROM/DVD) • Flash drive with USB interface
F.	Metadata	 Metadata that specifies which compiler was used to create the final code for commercial release—including the operating system, version number and build number of the compiler software—must be included. As supported by format: 	

Page 40 IX. Software and Video Games

i. Software and Video Games		
i. Software and Video Games G. Technological Measures	a. Title b. Creator c. Creation date d. Place of publication e. Publisher/producer/distributor f. Contact information for publisher g. Production metadata such as credit, rights and files which are available at the time of production 3. Include if available: a. Language of work b. Other relevant identifiers (e.g., UPCDOI, LCCN, EIDR, etc.) c. Subject descriptors (LC Name Authorities or Subject Headings preferred) d. Abstracts e. Metadata schema, if applicable Submissions of uncompiled source code must include the rights clearance for the Library to install and use the compiler to read and use the provided information.	A file containing digital rights management (DRM) technologies or encryption which requires a stand-alone or proprietary platform is
	Files must contain no measures (such as digital rights management [DRM] technologies or encryption) that control access to or prevent use of the digital work.)	accompanied by a virtual or emulated version of the proprietary platform or a physical version of the platform. DRM controls and encryption keys cannot contain a time limitation and a copy of encryption keys must also be included with the submission. DRM and encryption keys cannot require connection to a remote server for authentication.

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X. Web Archives

This format specification covers the Library's preferred format for archived web content and web archives. The Library is aware that websites, including blogs, social media and other web content that make up websites, are presented and created in formats for viewing in a web browser, and are often different than the standard format that is recommended for preservation and long-term access. Given that the focus of this document is preservation and long-term access, the following format preferences favor those outcomes. For information on best practices to better enable preservation of web content, please visit the Library of Congress Web Archiving Team's recommendations on <u>creating preservable websites</u>.

i. Web	Archives		
		Preferred	Acceptable
A.	Formats	The Library, and other organizations involved in web archiving, are preserving web content in the Web ARChive (WARC) format using record-at-a-time GZIP compression, as described in Appendix A of the WARC Standard.	 Internet Archive's ARC IA format, a precursor to the WARC format. Web Archive Collection Zipped (WACZ), as used in the Webrecorder project. CDX as a component file for WARC file content
В.	Delivery Method	Capture using tools that produce non-proprietary output, to conform with standard formats and requirements	Transmission of WARC or ARC IA files created by web content producers or other archiving organizations
C.	Metadata	 Refer to the WARC ISO-standard specification for mandatory and recommended metadata fields When displaying archived content, the following should be clearly indicated: a. archiving institution, b. dates and time of capture, c. statements about functionality within the archive to distinguish from the live site 	The ARC IA should be named in a manner that easily identifies the archiving institution (see WARC standard for recommended naming conventions)
D.	Technological Measures	Tools currently available cannot capture all web content, so certain types of web content may not be preservable through web capture at this time. These include: • Multi-media rich content • Streaming media • Deep web content • Databases	

Page 42 X. Web Archiving

i. Web Archives		
E. Referencing	Web materials in any web archive can be referred to persistently	
	using the URN Namespace Registration for Persistent Web	
	<u>IDentifiers (PWID)</u> .	

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XI. Email

	Preferred	Acceptable
A. Formats – Email Messages	No preferred formats at this time while the Library builds its capacity for email archiving.	For individual messages (as supported by client):
B. Formats - Attachr	nents Attachments and embedded data should remain in their original format.	
C. Delivery Method	Contact The Library of Congress for guidance.	
D. Metadata	 For all email accounts: Email account owner Email client and version (for example Outlook, Gmail, Yahoo, AOL, etc.) Platform (Mac, Windows, Unix, etc.) Active use dates As supported by format: Markers to indicate the start and end of each emain message and attachments (if any). Metadata labels which identify email message part including, at a minimum, Date, To [all recipients, including cc: and bc: copies], From, Subject, Body, and Attachment. 	

Page 44 XI. Email

i. Email		
E. Technological	Files must contain no measures (such as digital rights management	
Measures	[DRM] technologies or encryption) that control access to or prevent	
	use of the digital work.)	

Page 45 XI. Email