

DNA metabarcoding diet analysis in reindeer is quantitative and integrates feeding over several weeks

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Abstract

Filtering of the EUKA02 DNA metabarcoding raw data.

1. Setting up the R environment

1.1. Install missing packages

```
packages <- c("igraph", "tidyverse", "devtools", "R.utils", "vegan")
install.packages(setdiff(packages,
                        rownames(installed.packages())),
                dependencies = TRUE
                )
```

1.2. Loading of the R libraries

- ROBITools package is used to read result files produced by OBITools.
- ROBITaxonomy package provides function allowing to query OBITools formatted taxonomy.

```
if (!"ROBITools" %in% rownames(installed.packages())) {
  # ROBITools are not available on CRAN and have to be installed
  # from http://git.metabarcoding.org using devtools

  metabarcoding_git <- "https://git.metabarcoding.org/obitools"
```

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```

devtools::install_git(paste(metabarcoding_git,
                             "ROBIUtils.git",
                             sep="/"))

devtools::install_git(paste(metabarcoding_git,
                             "ROBITaxonomy.git",
                             sep="/"))

devtools::install_git(paste(metabarcoding_git,
                             "ROBITools.git",
                             sep="/"))
}

library(ROBITools)
library(ROBITaxonomy)

```

- tidyverse¹ provides various method for efficient data manipulation and plotting via ggplot2²

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
library(R.utils)
```

```
library(vegan)
```

```
library(magrittr)
```

```
source("methods.R")
```

Attaching package: 'matrixStats'

The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':

```
count
```

Attaching package: 'vctrs'

The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':

```
data_frame
```

The following object is masked from 'package:tibble':

```
data_frame
```

2. Loading the data

2.1. Load the NCBI taxonomy

```
if (! file.exists("Data/ncbi20210212.adx")) {  
  gunzip("Data/ncbi20210212.adx.gz",remove=FALSE)  
  gunzip("Data/ncbi20210212.ndx.gz",remove=FALSE)  
  gunzip("Data/ncbi20210212.rdx.gz",remove=FALSE)  
  gunzip("Data/ncbi20210212.tdx.gz",remove=FALSE)  
}
```

```
taxo <- read.taxonomy("Data/ncbi20210212")
```

2.2. Loading the metabarcoding data

```
if (! file.exists("Data/Rawdata/EUKA02_all_paired.ali.assigned.ann.diag.uniq.ann.c1.l10.clean.EMBL.tag.ann"))  
  gunzip("Data/Rawdata/EUKA02_all_paired.ali.assigned.ann.diag.uniq.ann.c1.l10.clean.EMBL.tag.ann.gz",remove=FALSE)
```

```
EUKA02.raw = import.metabarcoding.data("Data/Rawdata/EUKA02_all_paired.ali.assigned.ann.diag.uniq.ann.c1.l10.clean.EMBL.tag.ann.gz")
```

2.3. Loading the metadata

```
samples.metadata = read_csv("Data/Faeces/sampling_dates.csv",  
                             show_col_types = FALSE)
```

3. Sample description

Normalization of samples names

Extract information relative to PCR replicates and sample names.

```
sample_names_split = strsplit(as.character(sample_names), "_R")  
  
replicate = sapply(sample_names_split, function(x) x[length(x)])  
sample_id = sapply(sample_names_split, function(x) x[1])  
  
samples_desc = data.frame(name = samples(EUKA02.raw)$sample, replicate = replicate, sample_id = sample_id)  
  
EUKA02.raw@samples = samples_desc  
EUKA02.raw@motus <- EUKA02.raw@motus %>% select(-starts_with("obiclean_status:"))
```

3.1. Categorize MOTUs

DNA Sequence of the synthetic sequence used as EUKA02 positive controls.

```
Standard1 = "taagtctcgcactagttgtgacctaacgaatagagaattctataagacgtgttgcctcat"
```

- Identify which MOTU is corresponding to the positive control sequence and associated it to category `standard1`.

- All the MOTUs exhibiting a similarity with one of the reference SPER01 database greater than 80% is tagged as EUKA02
- The remaining sequences are tagged as Unknown

```
sequence_type = rep("Unknown", nrow(motus(EUKA02.raw)))
sequence_type[which(motus(EUKA02.raw)$`best_identity:db_EUKA` > 0.80)] = "EUKA02"
sequence_type[which(motus(EUKA02.raw)$sequence == Standard1)] = "standard1"

EUKA02.raw@motus$sequence_type = as.factor(sequence_type)
table(EUKA02.raw@motus$sequence_type)
```

```
EUKA02 Unknown
252502  223912
```

```
spermatophyta.taxid <- ecofind(taxo, patterns = "^Spermatophyta$")
lecanoromycetidae.taxid = ecofind(taxo, "^Lecanoromycetidae$")

to_keep = (is.subcladeof(taxo, EUKA02.raw@motus$taxid, spermatophyta.taxid) |
            EUKA02.raw@motus$taxid == spermatophyta.taxid) |
            (is.subcladeof(taxo, EUKA02.raw@motus$taxid, lecanoromycetidae.taxid) |
            EUKA02.raw@motus$taxid == lecanoromycetidae.taxid)

table(to_keep)
```

```
to_keep
FALSE  TRUE
429806 46077
```

```
EUKA02.plant_lichen <- EUKA02.raw[, which(to_keep)]
```

4. Curation procedure

4.1. Select motus occuring at least at 1% in at least one PCR

```
norare = apply(decostand(reads(EUKA02.plant_lichen), method = "total"),
               MARGIN = 2,
               FUN = max) >= 0.01

table(norare)
```

```
norare
FALSE  TRUE
45862  215
```

```
EUKA02.norare <- EUKA02.plant_lichen[, which(norare)]
```

4.2. Filtering for PCR outliers

Only library 1 and 2 have individually tagged PCR replicates

```
library_3.ids = read.csv("Data/samples_library_3.txt",
                        stringsAsFactors = FALSE,
                        header = FALSE)[,1]

library3.keep = gsub("_R.?$", "_R", rownames(EUKA02.norare)) %in% library_3.ids
EUKA02.lib3 = EUKA02.norare[library3.keep,]
EUKA02.lib12= EUKA02.norare[!library3.keep,]

dim(EUKA02.lib3)
```

```
[1] 63 215
```

```
dim(EUKA02.lib12)
```

```
[1] 542 215
```

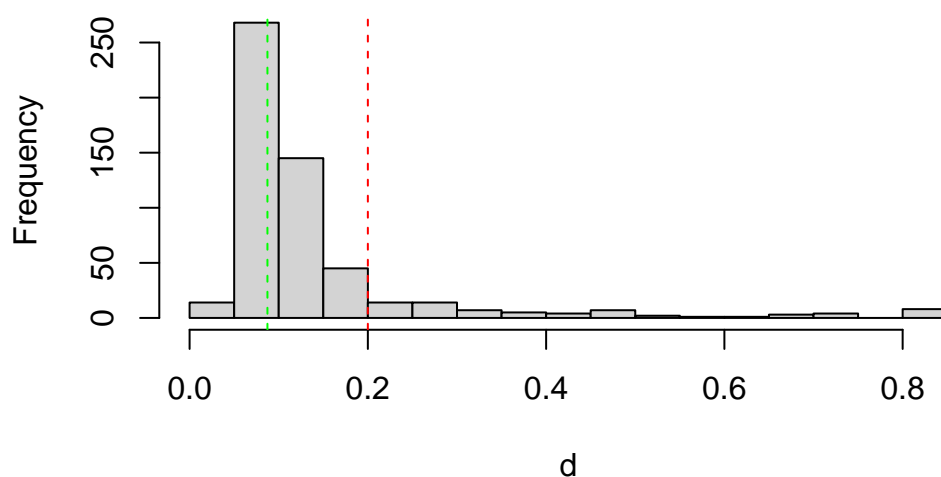
Load the script containing the selection procedure implemented in function `tag_bad_pcr`.

```
source("Select_PCR.R")
```

4.2.1. First selection round

```
keep1 = tag_bad_pcr(samples = samples(EUKA02.lib12)$sample_id,
                    counts = reads(EUKA02.lib12),
                    plot = TRUE,
                    threshold=0.2
                    )
```

Histogram of d



Histogram shows the empirical distribution of the PCR replicate distances. The red vertical dashed line indicates the threshold used to discard outlier PCRs. The green vertical dashed line indicates the mode of the observed distribution.

```
table(keep1$keep)
```

```
FALSE  TRUE
    45   497
```

FALSE is the count of PCR to discard, TRUE the count of PCR conserved at the end of this selection round.

```
samples(EUKA02.lib12)$name[!keep1$keep]
```

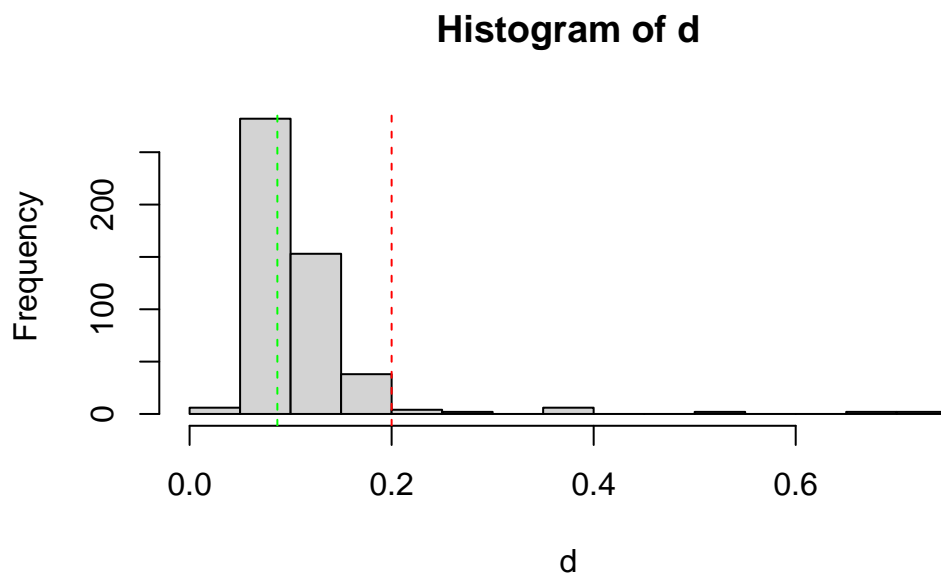
```
[1] "DNANC11_R3" "DNANC12_R3" "DNANC13_R3" "DNANC15_R3" "DNANC_10_R2"
[6] "DNANC_12_R3" "DNANC_13_R3" "DNANC_15_R3" "DNANC_7_R2" "DNANC_8_R2"
[11] "DNANC_9_R2" "PCRNC_3_R2" "PCRNC_4_R1" "PCRNC_4_R2" "PCRNC_5_R3"
[16] "PCRNC_6_R3" "PCRPOS_3_R2" "X_28_R3" "X_37_R3" "X_3_R3"
[21] "X_9_R3" "Y_24_R3" "Y_29_R2" "Y_2_R2" "Y_33_R2"
[26] "Y_36_R2" "Y_44_R2" "Y_45_R3" "Y_46_R2" "Y_47_R3"
[31] "Y_48_R2" "Y_49_R3" "Y_51_R2" "Y_52_R1" "Y_56_R1"
[36] "Y_8_R1" "Z_19_R3" "Z_21_R2" "Z_30_R1" "Z_33_R3"
[41] "Z_45_R3" "Z_46_R3" "Z_51_R2" "Z_53_R2" "Z_5_R2"
```

Above is the list of the ids of the discarded PCRs.

```
EUKA02.lib12.k1 = EUKA02.lib12[keep1$keep,]
```

4.2.2. Second selection round

```
keep2 = tag_bad_pcr(samples = samples(EUKA02.lib12.k1)$sample_id,
                    counts = reads(EUKA02.lib12.k1),
                    plot = TRUE,
                    threshold=0.2
                    )
```



```
table(keep2$keep)
```

```
FALSE  TRUE
  17    480
```

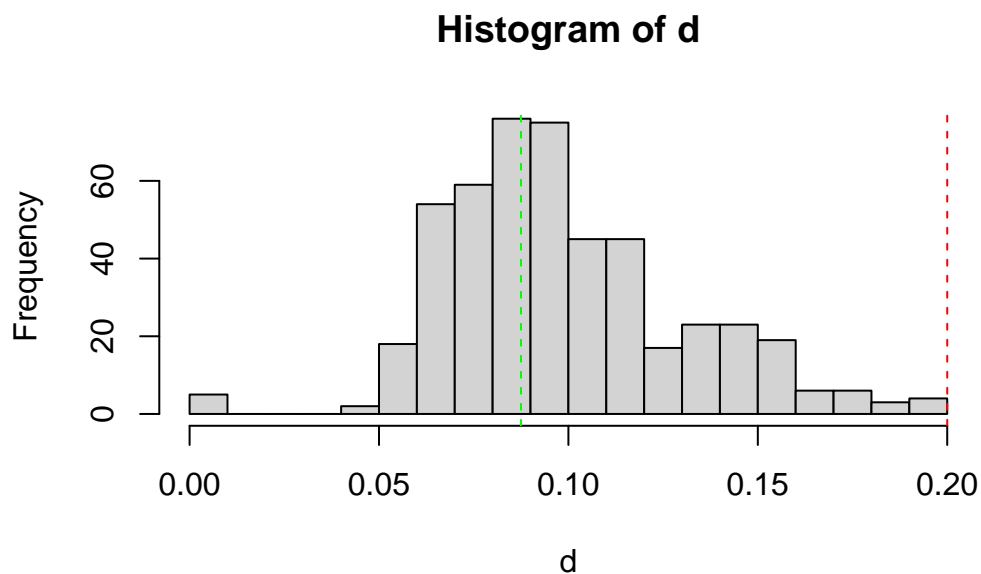
```
samples(EUKA02.lib12.k1)$name[!keep2$keep]
```

```
[1] "Y_29_R1" "Y_29_R3" "Y_2_R1"  "Y_2_R3"  "Y_44_R1" "Y_44_R3" "Y_46_R3"
[8] "Y_47_R1" "Y_47_R2" "Y_49_R1" "Y_49_R2" "Y_51_R1" "Y_51_R3" "Z_30_R2"
[15] "Z_30_R3" "Z_53_R1" "Z_53_R3"
```

```
EUKA02.lib12.k2 = EUKA02.lib12.k1[keep2$keep,]
```

4.2.3. Third selection round

```
keep3 = tag_bad_pcr(samples = samples(EUKA02.lib12.k2)$sample_id,
                    counts = reads(EUKA02.lib12.k2),
                    plot = TRUE,
                    threshold=0.2
                    )
```



```
table(keep3$keep)
```

```
FALSE  TRUE
1      479
```

```
keep3[!keep3$keep,]
```

```
      samples distance maximum repeats  keep
Y_46_R1  Y_46         0         0      1 FALSE
```

```
EUKA02.lib12.k3 = EUKA02.lib12.k2[keep3$keep,]
```

4.2.4. Merge remaining PCR replicates

```
freq = decostand(reads(EUKA02.lib12.k3),
                  method = "total")
EUKA02.lib12.k3$count = reads(EUKA02.lib12.k3)
EUKA02.lib12.k3@reads = freq
```

```
EUKA02.merged = aggregate(EUKA02.lib12.k3, MARGIN = 1, by = list(sample_id=samples(EUKA02.lib12.k3))
```

4.3. Merge lib 1,2 and 3

4.3.1. Remove controls in library 3

Look for controls left in library 1 and 2

```
rownames(EUKA02.merged)
```



```

[1] "DNANC_14" "X_10"      "X_11"      "X_12"      "X_14"      "X_15"
[7] "X_16"      "X_17"      "X_18"      "X_19"      "X_2"       "X_20"
[13] "X_21"      "X_22"      "X_23"      "X_24"      "X_25"      "X_26"
[19] "X_27"      "X_28"      "X_29"      "X_3"       "X_30"      "X_31"
[25] "X_33"      "X_34"      "X_35"      "X_36"      "X_37"      "X_38"
[31] "X_39"      "X_4"       "X_41"      "X_42"      "X_44"      "X_50"
[37] "X_51"      "X_53"      "X_54"      "X_56"      "X_57"      "X_59"
[43] "X_60"      "X_63"      "X_64"      "X_65"      "X_66"      "X_68"
[49] "X_70"      "X_74"      "X_75"      "X_76"      "X_77"      "X_78"
[55] "X_79"      "X_80"      "X_9"       "Y_1"       "Y_11"      "Y_13"
[61] "Y_14"      "Y_18"      "Y_21"      "Y_23"      "Y_24"      "Y_25"
[67] "Y_26"      "Y_28"      "Y_3"       "Y_31"      "Y_32"      "Y_33"
[73] "Y_34"      "Y_36"      "Y_38"      "Y_39"      "Y_4"       "Y_40"
[79] "Y_41"      "Y_42"      "Y_43"      "Y_45"      "Y_5"       "Y_50"
[85] "Y_52"      "Y_53"      "Y_56"      "Y_57"      "Y_58"      "Y_59"
[91] "Y_6"       "Y_61"      "Y_69"      "Y_7"       "Y_70"      "Y_71"
[97] "Y_72"      "Y_74"      "Y_8"       "Y_9"       "Z_1"       "Z_10"
[103] "Z_11"      "Z_12"      "Z_13"      "Z_14"      "Z_15"      "Z_16"
[109] "Z_17"      "Z_18"      "Z_19"      "Z_20"      "Z_21"      "Z_22"
[115] "Z_23"      "Z_24"      "Z_25"      "Z_27"      "Z_28"      "Z_3"
[121] "Z_31"      "Z_32"      "Z_33"      "Z_34"      "Z_35"      "Z_36"
[127] "Z_37"      "Z_38"      "Z_4"       "Z_40"      "Z_42"      "Z_43"
[133] "Z_44"      "Z_45"      "Z_46"      "Z_48"      "Z_49"      "Z_5"
[139] "Z_51"      "Z_52"      "Z_54"      "Z_55"      "Z_56"      "Z_59"
[145] "Z_6"       "Z_60"      "Z_61"      "Z_62"      "Z_63"      "Z_65"
[151] "Z_66"      "Z_67"      "Z_68"      "Z_69"      "Z_7"       "Z_70"
[157] "Z_71"      "Z_72"      "Z_73"      "Z_74"      "Z_75"      "Z_76"
[163] "Z_77"      "Z_78"      "Z_79"      "Z_8"       "Z_80"

```

4.4. Remove controls in library 3

```

rownames(EUKA02.lib3)

[1] "DNANC_1_R1" "DNANC_2_R1" "DNANC_3_R1" "DNANC_4_R1" "DNANC_5_R1"
[6] "DNANC_6_R1" "DNANC_6_R2" "PCRNC_1_R1" "PCRNC_2_R1" "PCRPOS_2_R1"
[11] "X_1_R1"      "X_32_R1"     "X_40_R1"     "X_43_R1"     "X_45_R1"
[16] "X_46_R1"     "X_47_R1"     "X_48_R1"     "X_49_R1"     "X_52_R1"
[21] "X_55_R1"     "X_58_R1"     "X_5_R1"      "X_62_R1"     "X_67_R1"
[26] "X_69_R1"     "X_6_R1"      "X_71_R1"     "X_72_R1"     "X_73_R1"
[31] "X_7_R1"      "X_8_R1"      "Y_10_R1"     "Y_12_R1"     "Y_15_R1"
[36] "Y_16_R1"     "Y_17_R1"     "Y_19_R1"     "Y_20_R1"     "Y_22_R1"
[41] "Y_27_R1"     "Y_35_R1"     "Y_37_R1"     "Y_54_R1"     "Y_55_R1"
[46] "Y_60_R1"     "Y_62_R1"     "Y_63_R1"     "Y_64_R1"     "Y_65_R1"
[51] "Y_66_R1"     "Y_67_R1"     "Y_68_R1"     "Y_73_R1"     "Z_26_R1"
[56] "Z_29_R1"     "Z_2_R1"      "Z_41_R1"     "Z_47_R1"     "Z_50_R1"
[61] "Z_57_R1"     "Z_58_R1"     "Z_9_R1"

EUKA02.lib3.samples = EUKA02.lib3[!(1:10),]
rownames(EUKA02.lib3.samples@reads) = sub("_R.?$", "", rownames(EUKA02.lib3.samples))
rownames(EUKA02.lib3.samples)

[1] "X_1" "X_32" "X_40" "X_43" "X_45" "X_46" "X_47" "X_48" "X_49" "X_52"

```

```
[11] "X_55" "X_58" "X_5"  "X_62" "X_67" "X_69" "X_6"  "X_71" "X_72" "X_73"
[21] "X_7"  "X_8"  "Y_10" "Y_12" "Y_15" "Y_16" "Y_17" "Y_19" "Y_20" "Y_22"
[31] "Y_27" "Y_35" "Y_37" "Y_54" "Y_55" "Y_60" "Y_62" "Y_63" "Y_64" "Y_65"
[41] "Y_66" "Y_67" "Y_68" "Y_73" "Z_26" "Z_29" "Z_2"  "Z_41" "Z_47" "Z_50"
[51] "Z_57" "Z_58" "Z_9"
```

4.4.1. Merge library 1, 2 and 3

```
EUKA02.lib123.reads = rbind(EUKA02.merged@reads,
                             decostand(EUKA02.lib3.samples@reads,method = "total"))

common = intersect(names(EUKA02.merged@samples),
                   names(EUKA02.lib3.samples@samples))

EUKA02.lib123.samples = rbind(EUKA02.merged@samples[,common],
                              EUKA02.lib3.samples@samples[,common])

EUKA02.lib123 = metabarcoding.data(reads = decostand(EUKA02.lib123.reads,method = "total"),
                                   samples = EUKA02.lib123.samples,
                                   motus = EUKA02.merged@motus)

dim(EUKA02.lib123)

[1] 220 215

EUKA02.lib123@samples$animal_id = sapply(EUKA02.lib123@samples$sample_id,
                                          function(x) strsplit(as.character(x),"_")[[1]][1])
```

4.4.2. Check for empty MOTUs

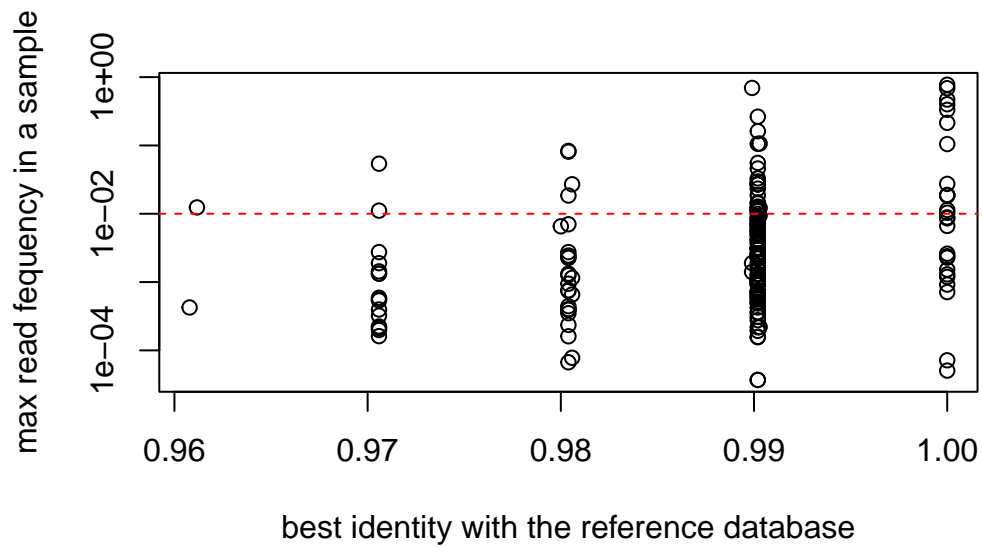
```
zero = colSums(reads(EUKA02.lib123)) == 0
table(zero)

zero
FALSE TRUE
174    41

EUKA02.nozero = EUKA02.lib123[,!zero]
```

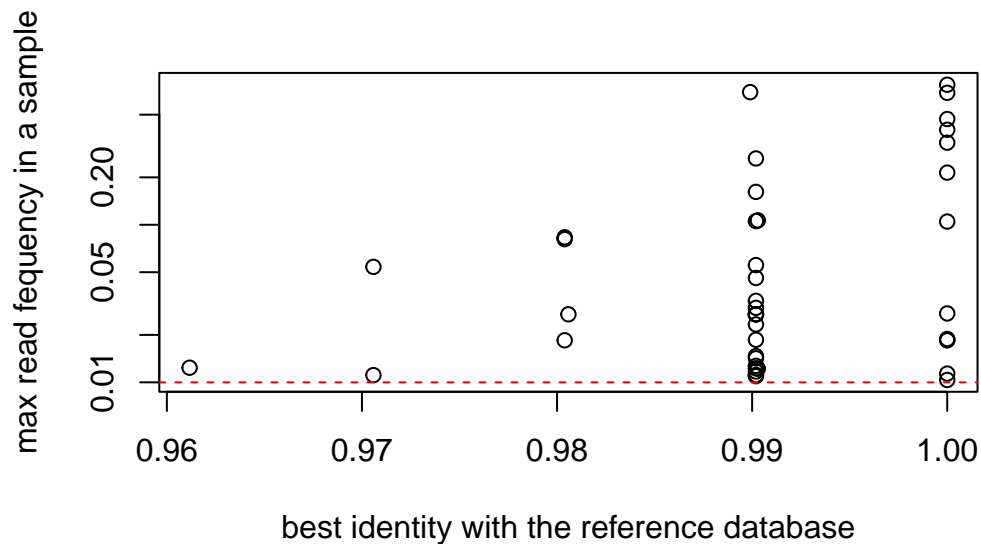
5. Filter out rare species

```
plot(EUKA02.nozero@motus$`best_identity:db_EUKA`,
     apply(reads(EUKA02.nozero),2,max),
     col=as.factor(EUKA02.nozero@motus$sequence_type),
     log="y",
     ylab="max read frequency in a sample",
     xlab="best identity with the reference database")
abline(h=0.01,col="red",lty=2)
abline(v=0.95,col="red",lty=2)
```



```
EUKA02.merged3 = EUKA02.lib123[, apply(reads(EUKA02.lib123),2,max) > 0.01]
```

```
plot(EUKA02.merged3$motus$`best_identity:db_EUKA`,
     apply(reads(EUKA02.merged3),2,max),
     col=as.factor(EUKA02.merged3$motus$sequence_type),
     log="y",
     ylab="max read frequency in a sample",
     xlab="best identity with the reference database")
abline(h=0.01,col="red",lty=2)
abline(v=0.95,col="red",lty=2)
```

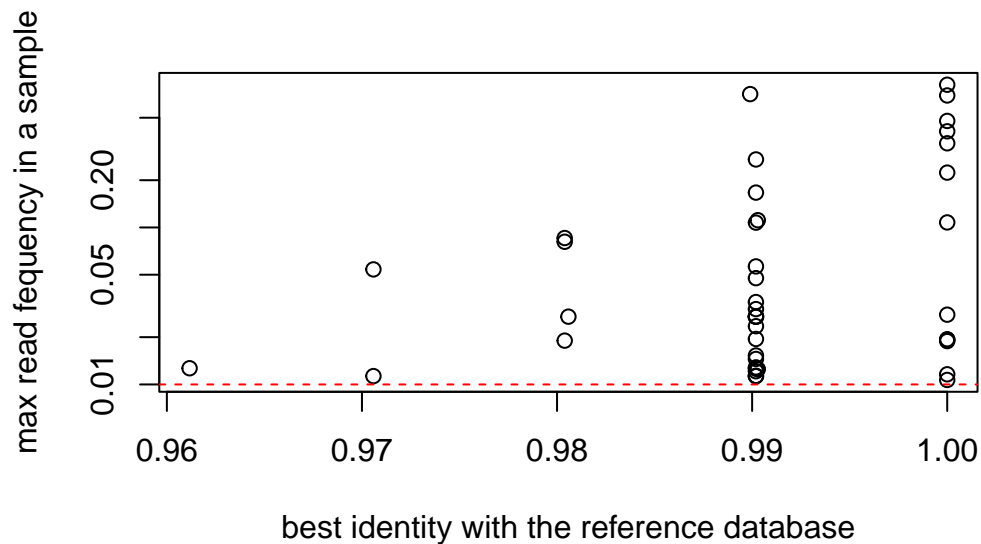


5.1. Keep only MOTUs Strictly identical to one of the reference sequence

5.1.1. First level stringency filter (95% identity)

```
EUKA02.merged4 = EUKA02.merged3[,EUKA02.merged3@motus$`best_identity:db_EUKA` > 0.95]
EUKA02.merged4@reads = decostand(EUKA02.merged4@reads,method = "total")
EUKA02.merged4@motus <- EUKA02.merged4@motus %>% select(-starts_with("obiclean_status:"))
```

```
plot(EUKA02.merged4$motus$`best_identity:db_EUKA`,
     apply(reads(EUKA02.merged4),2,max),
     col=as.factor(EUKA02.merged4$motus$sequence_type),
     log="y",
     ylab="max read frequency in a sample",
     xlab="best identity with the reference database")
abline(h=0.01,col="red",lty=2)
```



5.1.2. High stringency filtering

```
spermatophyta.taxid <- ecofind(taxo, patterns = "~Spermatophyta$")
EUKA02.merged4@motus$is_spermatophyta <- is.subcladeof(taxo, EUKA02.merged4@motus$taxid, spermatophyta)
table(EUKA02.merged4@motus$is_spermatophyta)
```

```
FALSE  TRUE
      2    42
```

```
EUKA02.merged4@motus %>% filter(!is_spermatophyta)
```

```

      id definition best_identity:db_EUKA
EUKAP2_00000018 EUKAP2_00000018          0.989899
EUKAP1_00050174 EUKAP1_00050174          1.000000
      best_match:db_EUKA count family family_name genus genus_name
EUKAP2_00000018      AJ549807 296011      NA      <NA>      NA      <NA>
EUKAP1_00050174      AF515608   274 39933 Lecanoraceae 39934  Lecanora
      match_count:db_EUKA rank scientific_name species
EUKAP2_00000018      13 subclass Lecanoromycetidae      NA
EUKAP1_00050174       1 genus      Lecanora      NA

EUKAP2_00000018 ['Usnea florida', 'Pyxine farinosa', 'Cladia aggregata', 'Allocetraria madreporiformis']
EUKAP1_00050174
      species_name taxid
EUKAP2_00000018      <NA> 388435
EUKAP1_00050174      <NA> 39934

EUKAP2_00000018 ataacgaacgagaccttaacctgctaaatagccagggtcagctttggctggccgccggcttcttagagggactatcggtcaagccg
```

```
EUKAP1_00050174 ataacgaacgagaccttaacctgctaaatagccaggccagctccggctggctcgccggcttcttagagggactatcggctcaagccg
sequence_type is_spermatophyta
EUKAP2_00000018      EUKA02      FALSE
EUKAP1_00050174      EUKA02      FALSE
```

```
to_keep <- EUKA02.merged4@motus$`best_identity:db_EUKA` > 0.95
table(to_keep)
```

```
to_keep
TRUE
44
```

```
EUKA02.merged4@motus %>% filter(!to_keep)
```

```
[1] id          definition      best_identity:db_EUKA
[4] best_match:db_EUKA count          family
[7] family_name genus          genus_name
[10] match_count:db_EUKA rank          scientific_name
[13] species      species_list:db_EUKA species_name
[16] taxid        sequence       sequence_type
[19] is_spermatophyta
<0 rows> (or 0-length row.names)
```

```
EUKA02.final <- EUKA02.merged4[,which(to_keep)]
EUKA02.final@reads <- decostand(EUKA02.final@reads,method = "total")
```

6. Saving the filtered dataset

6.1. Updating the sample metadata

6.1.1. Adding samples metadata

```
metadata <- read_csv("Data/Faeces/metadata.csv",
                      show_col_types = FALSE)
```

```
EUKA02.final@samples %<>%
  select(sample_id,animal_id) %>%
  left_join(metadata,by = "sample_id") %>%
  mutate(id = sample_id) %>%
  column_to_rownames("id") %>%
  select(sample_id,animal_id,Sample_number,Date,Sample_time,times_from_birch, Fed_biomass)
```

6.1.2. Homogenize time from burch

Adds : - 6 hours to animal X, - 3 hours to animal Y, - 4 hours to animal 2

```
EUKA02.final@samples %<>%
  mutate(times_from_birch = times_from_birch +
         ifelse(animal_id == "X",6,
         ifelse(animal_id == "Y",3,4)))
```

```
EUKA02.final@samples %<>%
  mutate(Animal_id = ifelse(animal_id == "X","9/10",
    ifelse(animal_id == "Y","10/10","12/10")))
```

6.1.3. Adds pellets consumption data

```
pellets <- read_tsv("Data/pellet_weigth.txt", show_col_types = FALSE) %>%
  mutate(Date = str_replace(Date,"2018","18")) %>%
  separate(Date, c("d","m","y"),sep = "/") %>%
  mutate(d = as.integer(d)+1,
    m = as.integer(m),
    m = ifelse(d==32,m+1,m),
    d = ifelse(d==32,1,d),
    d = sprintf("%02d",d),
    m = sprintf("%02d",m)) %>%
  unite(col="Date",d,m,y,sep="/") %>%
  pivot_longer(-Date,names_to = "Animal_id",values_to = "pellets")

EUKA02.final@samples %<>%
  left_join(pellets)
```

Joining with `by = join_by(Date, Animal_id)`

6.2. Add MOTUs Metadata

```
EUKA02.final@motus %<>%
  mutate(category = ifelse(is.subcladeof(taxo,taxid,spermatophyta.taxid),
    "Plant",
    "Lichen"))
```

6.3. Only keep samples

```
EUKA02.final <- EUKA02.final[which(str_detect(EUKA02.final@samples$sample_id,"^[XYZ]")),]
```

6.4. Updating count statistics

```
EUKA02.final %<>%
  update_motus_count() %>%
  update_samples_count() %>%
  clean_empty()
```

6.5. Write CSV files

```
write_csv(EUKA02.final@samples,
  file = "Data/Faeces/FE.Eukaryota.samples.samples.csv")
write_csv(EUKA02.final@motus,
  file = "Data/Faeces/FE.Eukaryota.samples.motus.csv")
write_csv(EUKA02.final@reads %>%
  decostand(method = "total") %>%
  as.data.frame())%>%
```

```
rownames_to_column("id"),  
file = "Data/Faeces/FE.Eukaryota.samples.reads.csv")
```

References

- [1] H. Wickham, M. Averick, J. Bryan, W. Chang, L. McGowan, R. François, G. Golemund, A. Hayes, L. Henry, J. Hester, M. Kuhn, T. Pedersen, E. Miller, S. Bache, K. Müller, J. Ooms, D. Robinson, D. Seidel, V. Spinu, K. Takahashi, D. Vaughan, C. Wilke, K. Woo, H. Yutani, [Welcome to the tidyverse](#), Journal of open source software 4 (43) (2019) 1686. doi: [10.21105/joss.01686](#).
URL <https://joss.theoj.org/papers/10.21105/joss.01686>
- [2] H. Wickham, [ggplot2: Elegant Graphics for Data Analysis](#), Springer-Verlag New York, 2016.
URL <https://ggplot2.tidyverse.org>