NumPy provides a wide range of functions for efficient numerical operations on arrays in Python

- 1. **np.array(x)**: Creates a NumPy array from a Python object x.
- 2. type(x): Returns the type of the object x.
- 3. np.zeros(()): Creates an empty NumPy array with all elements set to zero.
- 4. **np.ones(()):** Creates an empty NumPy array with all elements set to one.
- 5. np.random.rand(): Generates a random float between 0 and 1.
- 6. np.random.rand??: Generates a random array of shape (?,?) with values between 0 and 1.
- 7. **np.random.randint??:** Generates random integers between low and high (inclusive) with shape (?,?).
- 8. **np.random.choice([]):** Selects k elements randomly from an empty array without replacement.
- 9. np.full((3,4),10): Creates a full array of shape (3,4) with value 10.
- 10. np.eye(): Creates an identity matrix of size n (default: 1).
- 11. **np.arange():** Generates an array of integers from start to stop (exclusive) with step size step.
- 12. **np.linspace()**: Generates an array of num evenly spaced values between start and stop (inclusive).
- 13. **x.ndim():** Returns the number of dimensions of the array x.
- 14. x.shape(): Returns a tuple containing the dimensions of the array x.
- 15. **x.reshape():** Reshapes the array x into a new shape.
- 16. x.size(): Returns the number of elements in the array x.
- 17. **np.transpose():** Transposes the array x.
- 18. **np.vstack(()):** Stacks arrays vertically.
- 19. **np.hstack(()):** Stacks arrays horizontally.
- 20. np.concatenate(()): Concatenates arrays along an existing axis.
- 21. **np.sin(x):** Calculates the sine of the elements in x.
- 22. **np.cos(x):** Calculates the cosine of the elements in x.
- 23. **np.sqrt(x):** Calculates the square root of the elements in x.
- 24. **np.mean(x):** Calculates the mean of the elements in x.
- 25. **np.median(x):** Calculates the median of the elements in x.
- 26. **np.std(x):** Calculates the standard deviation of the elements in x.
- 27. **np.min()**: Returns the minimum value in the array.
- 28. **np.max():** Returns the maximum value in the array.
- 29. **np.sort(x, kind = 'mergesort'):** Sorts the elements in x in ascending order using the specified sorting algorithm.
- 30. **np.dot(x,y):** Calculates the dot product of x and y.
- 31. np.full(): Creates a new array with all elements set to a given value.
- 32. **np.diag([]):** Creates a diagonal matrix with the given elements on the diagonal.
- 33. **x.dtype():** Returns the data type of the elements in x.
- 34. x.flatten(): Flattens the multi-dimensional array x into a one-dimensional array.
- 35. np.datetime64(): Creates a datetime64 object with the given time value.
- 36. **np.linalg.lstsq():** Solves a system of linear equations using least squares.
- 37. **np.add():** Adds two arrays element-wise.
- 38. **np.sum(x):** Calculates the sum of the elements in x.