RCP - WEBAPI-028 Push Replication from the EntityEvent Resource

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Synopsis

A mechanism for Producers pushing EntityEvents to Consumers using the EntityEvents Resource proposed in RCP-027.

Rationale

In addition to allowing Consumers to be able to poll on the EntityEvents Resource, it's useful for the purposes of replication to allow Producers of resource data to be able to push data about those events to Consumers using an API endpoint and token provided by the Consumer.

Proposal

Section 2.6.2 - Push Replication of EntityEvents using Web Hooks

When a (*EntityEventSequenceNumeric, ResourceName, ResourceRecordKey, ResourceRecordKeyNumeric, ResourceRecordURL*) tuple has been published to the EntityEvents resource, Producers MAY "push" these data to Consumers as events for the purposes of replication. In doing so, the replication process on the Consumer is made much simpler, as the Consumer only to listen for EntityEvents being received from the Producer, subsequently picking up the data corresponding to the EntityEvent from the Producer's Web API. In general, this is preferable to having to continuously poll the Producer's API for new records. This proposal is intended to be *optional* at the moment.

Section 2.6.2.1 - Requirements

There are a few things required of Consumers and Producers before communication may proceed:

- Consumers MUST have implemented an API endpoint that can receive EntityEvents and have made it available to the Producer. How the Producer and Consumer exchange details about the Consumer endpoint is not part of this proposal, as it's to be determined by the Producer and Consumer.
- The Consumer MUST have provided the Producer with a long-lived Bearer token that will allow the Producer to POST EntityEvents to the Consumer's API.
- Producers will use Web Hooks for the push replication mechanism.

Section 2.6.2.2 - Polite Behavior

It's important that Consumers and Producers follow the best practices outlined in the section of the replication document entitled Polite Behavior:

- If the Producer decides that the Consumer is taking "too long" to process a request, the Producer may choose to abandon the POST request and call back at a later time.
- If the Producer is sending data to the Consumer too quickly, the Consumer may respond with an HTTP 429 response code signifying that the Producer halt the
 transfer of data to the Consumer.
- The Consumer may also provide a RETRY-AFTER header, either specifying a Date or duration in Seconds, after which the Producer will attempt to resume transfer of data to the Consumer.
- If the Producer fails after some number of retries, to be determined by the Producer, then they MAY stop the flow of data to the Consumer. To resume push from the Producer, the Consumer MAY have to POST data to the Producer's endpoint.

Polite Behavior is especially important when the Consumer is initializing a new replication feed, as there may be a large number of EntityEvents to process and additional work to be done on the Consumer before subsequent EntityEvents may be processed.

Section 2.6.2.3 - Consumer Labels for EntityEvent Sources

Optionally, Consumers may choose to provide a custom identifier that will allow them to distinguish between feeds from multiple sources from the same Producer. This identifier will be passed in the headers as something like "*ConsumerLabel*," if present, and is assumed to be String (255).

Impact

Producers MAY push EntityEvents from the EntityEvents resource specified in RCP-027 using RESTful API calls to the Consumer's API using Web Hooks. The expected authentication mechanism for doing so will be long-lived bearer tokens provided to the Producer by the Consumer. Consumers are expected to maintain APIs that can respond in a "reasonable" amount of time, to be determined by the Producer and Consumer in each case.

The technologies used for this proposal are:

- RESTful API calls
- Long-lived Bearer tokens

As such, this proposal doesn't introduce any new technologies.

Compatibility

Compatible with Web API v1.1+

Certification Impact

As this proposal is optional, there is no certification impact at this time.