Dataflow: Qwik Start – Templates

Activate Cloud Shell

Cloud Shell is a virtual machine that is loaded with development tools. It offers a persistent 5GB home directory and runs on the Google Cloud. Cloud Shell provides command-line access to your Google Cloud resources.

- 1. Click **Activate Cloud Shell** 2 at the top of the Google Cloud console.
- 2. Click through the following windows:
 - Continue through the Cloud Shell information window.
 - Authorize Cloud Shell to use your credentials to make Google Cloud API calls.

When you are connected, you are already authenticated, and the project is set to your **Project_ID**, qwiklabs-gcp-04-3b88e90c83b0. The output contains a line that declares the **Project_ID** for this session:

Your Cloud Platform project in this session is set to qwiklabs-gcp-04-3b88e90c83b0

gcloud is the command-line tool for Google Cloud. It comes pre-installed on Cloud Shell and supports tab-completion.

3. (Optional) You can list the active account name with this command: gcloud auth list

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4. Click Authorize.

Output:

```
ACTIVE: *
ACCOUNT: student-01-c3311f1dcbcf@qwiklabs.net

To set the active account, run:
_$ gcloud config set account `ACCOUNT`
```

5. (Optional) You can list the project ID with this command: gcloud config list project Copied!

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Output:

[core]

project = qwiklabs-gcp-04-3b88e90c83b0

Note: For full documentation of gcloud, in Google Cloud, refer to the gcloud CLI overview guide.

Task 1. Ensure that the Dataflow API is successfully re-enabled

To ensure access to the necessary API, restart the connection to the Dataflow API.

- 1. In the Cloud Console, enter "Dataflow API" in the top search bar. Click on the result for **Dataflow API**.
- 2. Click Manage.
- 3. Click **Disable API**.

If asked to confirm, click **Disable**.

4. Click Enable.

When the API has been enabled again, the page will show the option to disable.

Task 2. Create a BigQuery dataset, BigQuery table, and Cloud Storage bucket using Cloud Shell

Let's first create a BigQuery dataset and table.

Note: This task uses the bq command-line tool. **Skip down** to Task 3 if you want to complete these steps using the Cloud console.

1. Run the following command to create a dataset called taxirides:

bq mk taxirides

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Your output should look similar to:

Dataset '<myprojectid:taxirides>' successfully created </myprojectid:taxirides>

Now that you have your dataset created, you'll use it in the following step to instantiate a BigQuery table.

2. Run the following command to do so:

```
bq mk \
--time_partitioning_field timestamp \
--schema
ride_id:string,point_idx:integer,latitude:float,longitude:float,\
timestamp:timestamp,meter_reading:float,meter_increment:float,ride_stat
us:string,\
passenger_count:integer -t taxirides.realtime
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```

Your output should look similar to:

Table 'myprojectid:taxirides.realtime' successfully created

On its face, the bq mk command looks a bit complicated. However, with some assistance from the <u>BigQuery command-line documentation</u>, we can break down what's going on here. For example, the documentation tells us a little bit more about **schema**:

• Either the path to a local JSON schema file or a comma-separated list of column definitions in the form [FIELD]:[DATA_TYPE], [FIELD]:[DATA_TYPE].

In this case, we are using the latter—a comma-separated list.

Create a Cloud Storage bucket using Cloud Shell

Now that we have our table instantiated, let's create a bucket.

Use the Project ID as the bucket name to ensure a globally unique name: qwiklabs-gcp-04-3b88e90c83b0

• Run the following commands to do so:

```
export BUCKET_NAME=qwiklabs-gcp-04-3b88e90c83b0
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```

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gsutil mb gs://\$BUCKET_NAME/

Task 3. Create a BigQuery dataset, BigQuery table, and Cloud Storage bucket using the Google Cloud console

Note: Do not complete Task 3 if you completed Task 2, which includes the same tasks in the command line!

- 1. From the left-hand menu, in the Big Data section, click on **BigQuery**.
- 2. Then click **Done**.
- 3. Click on the three dots next to your project name under the **Explorer** section, then click **Create dataset**.
- 4. Input taxirides as your dataset ID:
- 5. Select us (multiple regions in United States) in Data location.
- 6. Leave all of the other default settings in place and click **CREATE DATASET**.

- 7. You should now see the taxirides dataset underneath your project ID in the left-hand console.
- 8. Click on the three dots next to taxirides dataset and select **Open**.
- 9. Then select **CREATE TABLE** in the right-hand side of the console.
- 10. In the **Destination** > **Table Name** input, enter realtime.
- 11. Under Schema, toggle the **Edit as text** slider and enter the following:

```
ride_id:string,point_idx:integer,latitude:float,longitude:float,timesta
mp:timestamp,
meter_reading:float,meter_increment:float,ride_status:string,passenger_
count:integer
```

Your console should look like the following:



12. Now, click Create table.

Create a Cloud Storage bucket using the Cloud console

- 1. Go back to the Cloud Console and navigate to **Cloud Storage** > **Buckets** > **Create bucket**.
- 2. Use the Project ID as the bucket name to ensure a globally unique name: qwiklabs-gcp-04-3b88e90c83b0
- 3. Leave all other default settings, then click **Create**.

Task 4. Run the pipeline

Deploy the Dataflow Template:

```
gcloud dataflow jobs run iotflow \
    --gcs-location gs://dataflow-templates-europe-
west1/latest/PubSub_to_BigQuery \
    --region europe-west1 \
    --worker-machine-type e2-medium \
    --staging-location gs://qwiklabs-gcp-04-3b88e90c83b0/temp \
    --parameters inputTopic=projects/pubsub-public-
data/topics/taxirides-realtime,outputTableSpec=qwiklabs-gcp-04-3b88e90c83b0:taxirides.realtime
```

In the **Google Cloud Console**, on the **Navigation menu**, click **Dataflow > Jobs**, and you will see your dataflow job.

Please refer the <u>document</u> for more information. You'll watch your resources build and become ready for use.

Now, let's go view the data written to BigQuery by clicking on **BigQuery** found in the Navigation menu.

• When the BigQuery UI opens, you'll see the **taxirides** dataset added under your project name and **realtime** table underneath that.

Task 5. Submit a query

You can submit queries using standard SQL.

```
1. In the BigQuery Editor, add the following to query the data in your project:
SELECT * FROM `qwiklabs-gcp-04-3b88e90c83b0.taxirides.realtime` LIMIT 1000
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```

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2. Now click **RUN**.

If you run into any issues or errors, run the query again (the pipeline takes a minute to start up.)

3. When the query runs successfully, you'll see the output in the **Query Results** panel as shown below:

Query results

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Query complete (2.116 sec elapsed, 0 B processed)

Job information Results JSON Execution details

Row	ride_id	point_idx	latitude	longitude	timestamp
1	b0810fbd-78a8-4159-b9ff-963695e2a23d	225	40.753550000000004	-73.98504000000001	2018-07-25 23:28:20.870530 UTC
2	1a10dc8b-3623-41bf-938a-9fca26c2ae10	311	40.752930000000006	-73.96584	2018-07-25 23:24:10.608380 UTC
3	5253c100-1a30-4a3e-89ee-6c0c861cf44f	224	40.74331	-73.99172	2018-07-25 23:26:34.636480 UTC
4	3efa96c2-4695-4c0b-96b6-da33a4b74ccf	8	40.7533	-73.97832000000001	2018-07-25 23:24:06.823150 UTC
5	d6d37615-ccba-4416-9932-e956e0f0ba65	747	40.682140000000004	-74.00594000000001	2018-07-25 23:24:10.103770 UTC