

Overview

We need to create/get hold of a couple of handles:

Instance	1 <code>VkInstance</code> per program/app	<code>VkInstance</code>
Window Surface	<code>Surface(OS-Window)</code> <i>[for actually Linking Vulkan-Renders to Screen/Surface]</i>	<code>VkSurfaceKHR</code>
Physical Device	An Actual HARDWARE-GPU-device	<code>VkPhysicalDevice</code>
Queue	<code>Queue(Commands)</code> <i>to be executed on the GPU</i>	<code>VkQueue</code>
Logical Device	The "Logical" GPU Context/Interface (Software Layer)	<code>VkDevice</code>
Swap Chain	<i>Sends Rendered-Image to the Surface(OS-Window)</i> <i>Keeps a backup image-buffer to Render onto</i>	<code>VkSwapchainKHR</code>



Take a look into this awesome [slide](#) from slide-26 onwards, to understand what each of steps "feel like"/mean/"how to imagine them".

*slide = [Vulkanised 2023 Tutorial Part 1](#)

Chapter 2: `VkDevice`

1. `vkEnumeratePhysicalDevices(m_instance, &m_deviceCount, nullptr)`

- <https://vkdoc.net/man/vkEnumeratePhysicalDevices>
- REY_DOCs

```
uint32_t deviceCount = 0;
// [implicit valid usage]:- must be 0 [if 3rd-param = nullptr]
vkEnumeratePhysicalDevices(m_instance, &deviceCount, nullptr);
// it's kinda like the function is 'output-ing into' deviceCount

std::vector<VkPhysicalDevice> HardwareGPU_List(gpuCount);
// best to save this as a class member variable
vkEnumeratePhysicalDevices(m_instance, &deviceCount, HardwareGPU_List.data());
// note: it does return      VkResult return_code
```

- Visualization / [See it] / JSON Printing:- [4.guide.chapter2.1.json.hh](#)
- So far, The result:- [4.guide.chapter2.1.midway.hh](#)

2. vkCreateDevice()

- <https://vkdoc.net/man/vkCreateDevice>
 - `param pAllocator` -> "ChapterZZZ"
- **REY_DOCs**
 - we are not gonna call the `vkCreateDevice()` yeeet...
 - but, yes, we've already made the class container around it 🤖
 - we'll call this function in **Chapter2.9.**
 - but we did need to know first about `vkCreateDevice()`
 - because, the idea is, our sole task is to fill it up step by step

3. VkDeviceCreateInfo

- <https://vkdoc.net/man/VkDeviceCreateInfo>
 - `.LayerInfo` -> Deprecated
 - `.ExtensionInfo` -> "ChapterZZZ"
 - `.pQueueCreateInfos` -> next part
 - So far, The result:- [4.guide.chapter2.3.midway.hh](#)
- **REY_DOCs**
 - `.pQueueCreateInfos` -> yes, you 'can' mass multiple 🤖
 - Sometimes there will be `.zzzCreateInfoCount` & `.pZZZCreateInfos`
 - So you could like pass in an array/vector
 - You will see this in lots of other places

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4. VkDeviceQueueCreateInfo - 'The Real Deal'

- <https://vkdoc.net/man/VkDeviceQueueCreateInfo>
 - `.queueFamilyIndex` -> next 3 subchapters
 - So far, The result:- [4.guide.chapter2.4.midway.hh](#)
- **REY_DOCs:- Support for multiple QCI**
 - `.pQueuePriorities` -> yes, this can be multiple "Priorities" 🤖 [idk yet why tho]

```
/* ===== REY_LoggerNUtils::REY_Utils.hh ===== */
REY_ArrayDYN<VkDeviceQueueCreateInfo> Array = REY_ArrayDYN<VkDeviceQueueCreateInfo>(2);
// allocate enough space for 2 elements
REY_ARRAY_PUSH_BACK(Array) = this->Default_QCI;
REY_ARRAY_PUSH_BACK(Array) = Your_QCI;

/* ===== std::vector ===== */
std::vector<VkDeviceQueueCreateInfo> Array = std::vector<VkDeviceQueueCreateInfo>(2);
Array.push_back(this->Default_QCI);
Array.push_back(Your_QCI)
```

- So far, The result:- [4.guide.chapter2.4.TheEnd.hh](#)

5. vkGetPhysicalDeviceQueueFamilyProperties()

- <https://vkdoc.net/man/vkGetPhysicalDeviceQueueFamilyProperties>
- **REY_DOCs**
 - a GPU can have "multiple QueueFamilies"
 - a `QueueFamily` might support `VK_QUEUE_GRAPHICS_BIT`

- another `QueueFamily` might support `VK_QUEUE_COMPUTE_BIT`
- another `QueueFamily` might support `VK_QUEUE_TRANSFER_BIT`
- another `QueueFamily` might support `VK_QUEUE_VIDEO_ENCODE_BIT_KHR`
- another `QueueFamily` might support a-mixture of multiple
- talking about this in -> the next part [chapter2.6.]

```
static inline REY_Array<REY_Array<VkQueueFamilyProperties>> s_HardwareGPU_QfamProps_List2D;
#define amVK_2D_GPUs_QFAMs amVK_Instance::s_HardwareGPU_QfamProps_List2D
// "REY_LoggerNUtils/REY_Utills.hh" 😊

static inline void GetPhysicalDeviceQueueFamilyProperties(void) {
    amVK_2D_GPUs_QFAMs.reserve(amVK_GPU_List.n); // malloc using "new" keyword
    for ( uint32_t k = 0; k < amVK_GPU_List.n; k++ ) // for each GPU
    {
        REY_Array<VkQueueFamilyProperties> *k_QfamProps = &amVK_2D_GPUs_QFAMs.data[k];

        uint32_t queueFamilyCount = 0;
        vkGetPhysicalDeviceQueueFamilyProperties(amVK_GPU_List[k], &queueFamilyCount,
        nullptr);

        k_QfamProps->n = queueFamilyCount;
        k_QfamProps->data = new VkQueueFamilyProperties[queueFamilyCount];
        vkGetPhysicalDeviceQueueFamilyProperties(amVK_GPU_List[k], &k_QfamProps->n,
        k_QfamProps->data);
    }
}
```

- Visualization / [See it] / JSON Printing:- [4.guide.chapter2.5.json.hh](#)
 - Check the [3070 JSON](#) by REY
- So far, The result:- [4.guide.chapter2.5.TheEnd.hh](#)
 - Compare to -> [4.guide.chapter2.1.midway.hh](#)
 - `2DArray_QFAM_Props` part & below were added only compared to `Chapter2.1.`

6. VkQueueFamilyProperties

- <https://vkdoc.net/man/VkQueueFamilyProperties>
- REY_DOCS
 - `.queueFlags` -> we are gonna choose a `QCI.queueFamilyIndex` based on these flags
 - primarily, for the least, we wanna choose a `QueueFamily` that supports `VK_QUEUE_GRAPHICS_BIT`
 - all kinds of amazing things can be done using
 - `VK_QUEUE_COMPUTE_BIT`
 - `VK_QUEUE_TRANSFER_BIT`
 - `VK_QUEUE_VIDEO_ENCODE_BIT_KHR`
 - `.queueCount` -> yes there is a limit to 'how many `Queues` we are allowed to work with' 😊

7. VkDeviceQCI.queueFamilyIndex

- `QCI => QueueCreateInfo`
 - [`VkDeviceQueueCreateInfo`]
- REY_DOCS
 - **Task:-** is to choose a `QueueFamily` that supports `VK_QUEUE_GRAPHICS_BIT` 😊
 - (if you've followed on so far -> this should be easy 😊)
 - Resolving all of this into `amVK_Device.hh`

```

void amVK_Device::Select_QFAM_GRAPHICS(void) {
    if (!amVK_Instance::called_GetPhysicalDeviceQueueFamilyProperties) {
        amVK_Instance::EnumeratePhysicalDevices();
    }

    if (!amVK_Instance::called_GetPhysicalDeviceQueueFamilyProperties) {
        amVK_Instance::GetPhysicalDeviceQueueFamilyProperties();
    }

    amVK_Instance::amVK_PhysicalDevice_Index index =
    amVK_HEART->GetARandom_PhysicalDevice_amVK_Index();
    this->QCI.Default.queueFamilyIndex =
    amVK_Instance::ChooseAQueueFamily(VK_QUEUE_GRAPHICS_BIT, index);
}

```

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8. back to vkCreateDevice() [finally calling it 😊]

• REY DOCs

```

amVK_Device* D = new amVK_Device(amVK_HEART->GetARandom_PhysicalDevice());
    // VkDeviceCreateInfo CI => Class Member
    // VkDeviceQueueCreateInfo QCI => Class Member
D->Select_QFAM_GRAPHICS();
D->CreateDevice();

```

- Think of this as a PseudoCode / or / check out my code if you wanna
- `CreateInfo` => By default has initial values inside `amVK_Device`

9. Organizing stuff into classes....

1. amVK_Props.hh

- i. `class amVK_Props`
 - `amVK_Instance::GetPhysicalDeviceQueueFamilyProperties()`
 - `amVK_Instance::EnumeratePhysicalDevices()`
 - & Everything related to those two + The Data + The Properties

10. vkGetPhysicalDeviceProperties()

- <https://vkdoc.net/man/vkGetPhysicalDeviceProperties>
- `VkPhysicalDeviceProperties` :- <https://vkdoc.net/man/VkPhysicalDeviceProperties>
 - `.deviceType` :- <https://vkdoc.net/man/VkPhysicalDeviceType>
 - `.limits` :- save it for later 😊
 - you don't need to read the whole documentation of this page
- for now we won't need, we will need in `ChapterZZZ`