MAP 2302 Homework 7.4

Problem 1. Determine the inverse Laplace transform of

$$\frac{5}{s^2 + 25}.$$

Solution.

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{5}{s^2+25}\right\} = \sin 5t$$

Problem 2. Determine the inverse laplace transform of

$$\frac{12}{s^2 + 25}$$
.

Solution.

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{12}{s^2 + 25}\right\} = \frac{12}{5}\sin 5t$$

Problem 3. Determine the inverse laplace transform of

$$\frac{5}{(3s+8)^3}.$$

Solution.

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{5}{(3s+8)^3}\right\} = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{5}{[3(s+8/3)]^3}\right\}$$
$$= \frac{5}{27}\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{(s+8/3)^3}\right\}$$
$$= \frac{5}{54}\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{2!}{(s+8/3)^{2+1}}\right\}$$
$$= \frac{5}{54}t^2e^{-(8/3)t}$$

Problem 4. Determine the inverse Laplace transform of

$$\frac{4s + 32}{s^2 + 12s + 40}.$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{4s+32}{s^2+12s+40}\right\} = 4\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{(s+6)+2}{(s+6)^2+2^2}\right\}$$
$$= 4\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{s+6}{(s+6)^2+2^2} + \frac{2}{(s+6)^2+2^2}\right\}$$
$$= 4\left(e^{-6t}\cos 2t + e^{-6t}\sin 2t\right)$$

Problem 5. Determine the inverse Laplace transform of

$$\frac{1}{s^5}$$
.

Solution.

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^5}\right\} = \frac{t^4}{24}$$

Problem 6. Determine the partial fraction expansion for the rational function

$$\frac{10s+33}{(s+2)(s^2+9)}.$$

Solution.

$$\frac{10s+33}{(s+2)(s^2+9)} = \frac{As+B}{s^2+9} + \frac{C}{s+2}$$

$$10s+33 = (As+B)(s+2) + C(s^2+9)$$

$$= As^2 + 2As + Bs + 2B + Cs^2 + 9C$$

$$= (A+C)s^2 + (2A+B)s + (2B+9C)$$

$$13 = 13C, \quad s = -2; \quad C = 1$$

$$A+C = 0; \quad 2A+B = 10; \quad 2B+9C = 33$$

$$A = -1; \quad B = 12$$

$$\frac{10s+33}{(s+2)(s^2+9)} = \frac{12-s}{s^2+9} + \frac{1}{s+2}$$

Problem 7. Determine the partial fraction expansion for the rational function

$$\frac{s}{(s-5)(s^2-25)}$$
.

$$\frac{s}{(s-5)(s^2-25)} = \frac{A}{(s-5)^2} + \frac{B}{s-5} + \frac{C}{s+5}$$

$$s = A(s+5) + B(s^2-25) + C(s-5)^2$$

$$s = As + 5A + Bs^2 - 25B + Cs^2 - 10Cs + 25C$$

$$s = (B+C)s^2 + (A-10C)s + (5A-25B+25C)$$

$$10A = 5, \quad A = 1/2; \quad 100C = -5, \quad C = -1/20; \quad B = 1/20$$

$$\frac{s}{(s-5)(s^2-25)} = \frac{1}{2(s-5)^2} + \frac{1}{20(s-5)} - \frac{1}{20(s+5)}$$

Problem 8. Determine $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\{F\}$.

$$F(s) = \frac{7s^2 - 16s + 5}{s(s-6)(s-7)}$$

Solution.

$$\frac{7s^2 - 16s + 5}{s(s - 6)(s - 7)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s - 6} + \frac{C}{s - 7}$$

$$7s^2 - 16s + 5 = A(s - 6)(s - 7) + Bs(s - 7) + Cs(s - 6)$$

$$= As^2 - 13As + 42A + Bs^2 - 7Bs + Cs^2 - 6Cs$$

$$= (A + B + C)s^2 + (-13A - 7B - 6C)s + 42A$$

$$-6B = 161, \quad B = -161/6; \quad 7C = 236, \quad C = 236/7; \quad A = 5/42$$

$$F(s) = \frac{5}{42s} - \frac{161}{6(s - 6)} + \frac{236}{7(s - 7)}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \{F\} = \frac{5}{42} - \frac{161}{6}e^{6t} + \frac{236}{7}e^{7t}$$

Problem 9. Determine $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\{F\}$.

$$F(s) = \frac{s^2 - 3s - 2}{(s+1)^2(s+3)}$$

$$\frac{s^2 - 3s - 2}{(s+1)^2(s+3)} = \frac{A}{(s+1)^2} + \frac{B}{s+1} + \frac{C}{s+3}$$

$$s^2 - 3s - 2 = A(s+3) + B(s+1)(s+3) + C(s+1)^2$$

$$= As + 3A + Bs^2 + 4Bs + 3B + Cs^2 + 2Cs + C$$

$$= (B+C)s^2 + (A+4B+2C)s + (3A+3B+C)$$

$$4C = 16, \quad C = 4; \quad 2A = 2, \quad A = 1; \quad B = -3$$

$$F(s) = \frac{1}{(s+1)^2} - \frac{3}{(s+1)} + \frac{4}{(s+3)}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \{F\} = te^{-t} - 3e^{-t} + 4e^{-3t}$$

Problem 10. Determine $\mathscr{L}^{-1}\{F\}$.

$$F(s) = \frac{4s^2 + 92s + 318}{(s-6)(s^2 + 12s + 61)}$$

Solution.

$$\frac{4s^2 + 92s + 318}{(s - 6)(s^2 + 12s + 61)} = \frac{A(s + 6) + 5B}{(s + 6)^2 + 5^2} + \frac{C}{s - 6}$$

$$4s^2 + 92s + 318 = [A(s + 6) + 5B](s - 6) + C(s^2 + 12s + 61)$$

$$169C = 1014, \quad C = 6; \quad -60B + 150 = -90; \quad B = 4$$

$$-36A - 30B + 61C = 318; \quad -36A + 246 = 318, \quad A = -2$$

$$F(s) = -\frac{2(s + 6) - 20}{(s + 6)^2 + 5^2} + \frac{6}{s - 6}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \{F\} = -2\left(\frac{s + 6}{(s + 6)^2 + 5^2} - \frac{10}{(s + 6)^2 + 5^2}\right) + 6e^{6t}$$

$$= -2\left(e^{-6t}\cos 5t - 2e^{-6t}\sin 5t - 3e^{6t}\right)$$

$$= -2e^{-6t}\left(\cos 5t - 2\sin 5t - 3e^{12t}\right)$$

Problem 11. Determine $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\{F\}$.

$$F(s) = \frac{5s^3 - 7s^2 - 9s + 63}{s^3(s - 7)}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{5s^3 - 7s^2 - 9s + 63}{s^3(s - 7)} &= \frac{A}{s^3} + \frac{B}{s^2} + \frac{C}{s} + \frac{D}{s - 7} \\ 5s^3 - 7s^2 - 9s + 63 &= A(s - 7) + Bs(s - 7) + Cs^2(s - 7) + Ds^3 \\ &= As - 7A + Bs^2 - 7Bs + Cs^3 - 7Cs^2 + Ds^3 \\ &= (C + D)s^3 + (B - 7C)s^2 + (A - 7B)s - 7A \\ 343D &= 1372, \quad D = 4; \quad C + 4 = 5, \quad C = 1; \quad B - 7 = -7, \quad B = 0; \\ A &= -9 \\ F(s) &= -\frac{9}{s^3} + \frac{1}{s} + \frac{4}{s - 7} \\ \mathscr{L}^{-1}\left\{F\right\} &= -\frac{9}{2}t^2 + 4e^{7t} + 1 \end{split}$$