Astrea Constellation

Project Charter

Group 4

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1 Aim of the project

Design of a **satellite constellation** dedicated to communications relay between LEO Cubesats.

2 Scope of the project

A project of such magnitude comprises a large number of tasks, nevertheless, some of them are beyond the scope of this project. The ones that are actually on its scope are:

- Design of the orbits
- Design of the Cubesats
- Lunch system
- Lunching procedure
- Design of the ground station
- Communication protocols
- End of life procedure

3 Basic requirements of the project

Table 1: Project Requirements

Feature	Description
1	Provide low latency communication relay between LEO nanosatellites and the ground.
2	Back-up systems in case some satellite subsystems fails. Therefore, guarantee the service.
3	Use modern and more efficient solutions in order to reduce mass, volume and other critical parameters. Examples are SDR, DTN, etc.
4	Combine satellite nodes with some ground nodes in order to improve reliability.

4 Justification

Nowadays, different universities, research centers and an incresing amount of companies are developing small satellites more and more. These are much more economic and therefore, today's space access achievability has increased substantially. With that, small satellite constellation missions have been proposed, such as **QB50** project.

These complex systems already need to configure and maintain dynamic routes, manage intermediate nodes, and reconfigure themselves to achieve mission objectives. Hence, inter-satellite is both important for satellites that fly in formation and need interconnection, and for single nanosatellites that may require low-latency communication with the ground.

5 Organization of the group

5.1 Hierarchy

Designing a nanosatellite constellation is quite ambitious and requires lots of work because there are many things to consider. In order to build a work strategy, the project is divided in tasks that will be described later on. As the different tasks depend on each other, the project members have decided to follow a hierarchy. Every task is developed by a small team between 2 and 5 people depending on the amount of work the task requires.

Each small team has to have a coordinator which has two principal functions. The first one is to manage the group so he is responsible for the good organisation and progression of the task. The second is that he is the voice of the team. That means that the coordinator is the one who represents his work team when transferring information to the other group coordinators and the project managers and vice versa.

Finally over all the teams there is the project manager who maintains order, ensures the project progress and manages people for major decisions. Finally there is also a secretary in charge to write the minutes of each meeting.

5.2 Documents Organisation

Nowadays, the internet is crucial for teamwork because it provides lots of tools that improve networking such as sharing documents, communicating and even collaborating working. The Astrea team has 17 members so it is essential to define protocol to organise all the documents and information found to take advantage of resources.

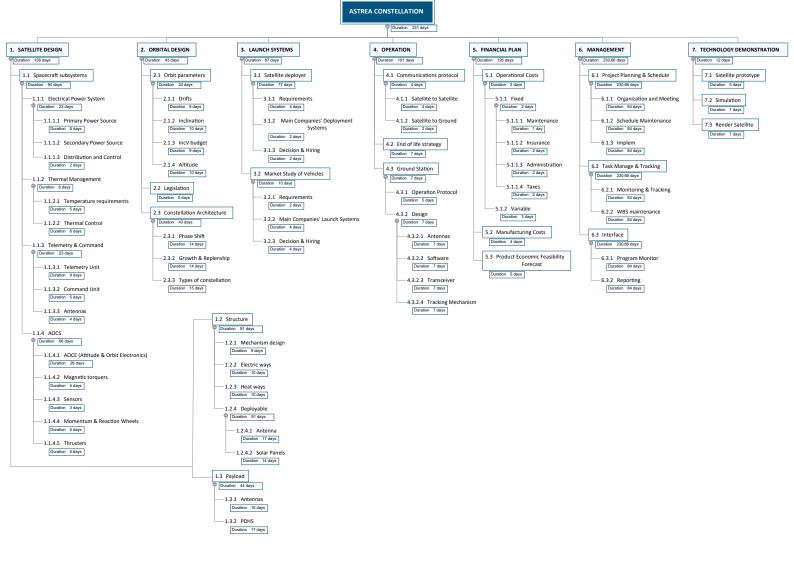
The principal communication tool used is Slack which is a platform specialised in team communication. Slack defines itself as a real-time messaging, achieving and search for modern team which is interesting for us because it allows the group to communicate at all times for punctual doubts and small decisions. For major decisions a date is specified by a doodle to meet.

Moreover, to share documents we use two platforms: *Slack* and *BSCW*. On *Slack* we put first drafts or documents that can be interesting. *BSCW* is the main information storage because information and documents are stocked and organised in folders.

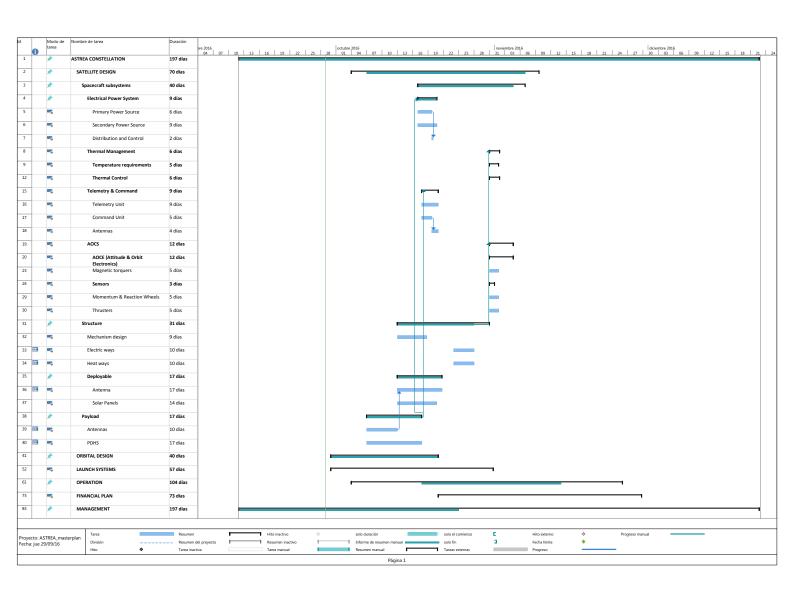
At last, the text editor used to develop the project is Latex which combined with Git allows us to work remotely on a same document without overriding someone else's work. This work system is really interesting for such a big group in order to work on the same document while keeping a record of the changes.

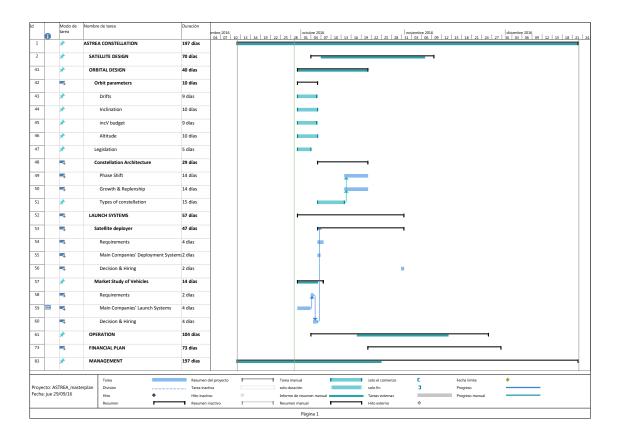
6 Planning of the project

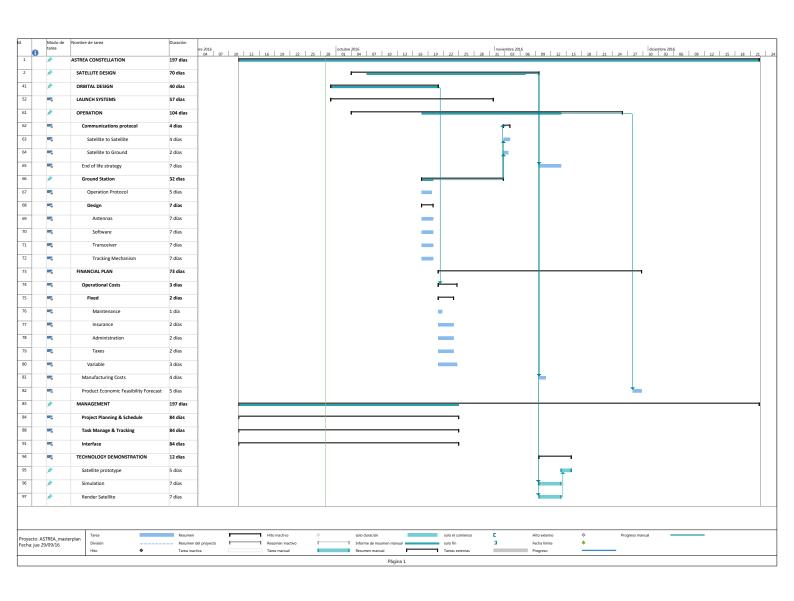
6.1 Tasks identification from work breakdown structure (WBS)



- 6.2 Brief tasks description
- 6.3 Interdependency relationship among tasks







7 Budget (initial estimation for engineering basic project)

	Product Cos	Hours	Labour Cost
SATELLITE DESIGN			
Spacecraft subsystems			
Electrical power system			
Primary Resources	17,000 €	17	340 €
Secondary Resources	3,000 €	25	500 €
Distribution & Control	2,000 €	4	80 €
Thermal Management			
Requirements	-	18	360€
ACTS	-	18	360€
PCTS	-	17	340 €
Telemetry & Command	8,500 €	25	500 €
AOCS			
AOCE	10,000 €	60	1,200€
Sensors	5,000 €	15	5,000 €
Actuators	10,000 €	15	10,000 €
Structure			
Mechanical design	4,500 €	25	500 €
Thermal/rad protection	3,000 €	40	800€
Antenna deployable	6,500 €	50	1,000 €
Solar panel deployable	16,000 €	40	800 €
Payload			
Antenna	6,000 €	30	600 €
PDHS	7,000 €	50	1,000 €

TOTAL	98,500 €	449	23,380 €	Total Cost
TOTAL ESTIMATED	98,500 €	449	23,380€	121,880€

	Product Cos	Hours	Labour Cost
ORBITAL DESIGN			
Parameters of the orbit			
General	-	25	500.00€
Altitude	-	30	600.00€
Inclination	-	30	600.00€
Drifts	-	25	500.00€
Legislation		15	300.00€
Constellation Architecture			
Types of constellation	-	45	900.00€
Growth and replenish	-	40	800.00€
Phase shifts	-	40	800.00€

TOTAL	250	5,000.00€	Total Cost
TOTAL ESTIMATED	250	5,000.00€	5,000€

	Product Cos	Hours	Labour Cost
LAUNCH SYSTEMS			
Market study of vehicles			
Launch requirements	-	6	120 €
Main Companyies' Launch Systems	-	10	200 €
Decision and hiring			
Satellite deployer			
Deployment Requirements	-	6	120 €
Main Companies Deployment Systems	-	5	100 €
Decision and hiring	-		

TOTAL	27	540 €	Total Cost
TOTAL ESTIMATED	27	540 €	540 €

	Product Cos	Hours	Labour Cost
OPERATION			
Communication protocol			
On-orbit	-	16	320€
Ground	-	6	120€
End of life strategy	-	20	400 €
Ground station			
Operational protocol	-	5	100 €
Design			
Antenna	4,000 €	2	40 €
Transceiver	4,500 €	2	40 €
Tracking mechanism	1,500 €	2	40 €
Software	-	2	40 €

TOTAL	11,100€	55	1,100 €	Total Cost
TOTAL ESTIMATED	11,100€	55	1,100€	12,200 €

Product Cos	Hours	Labour Cost
-	21	420€
-	7	140 €
-	10	200 €
-	15	300€
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TOTAL -	53	1,060 €	Total Cost
TOTAL ESTIMATED -	60	1,200€	1,200€

	Product Cos	Hours	Labour Cost
MANAGEMENT			
Project planning	-		
Organization and meetings	-	340	6,800.00€
Project Charter	-	68	1,360.00€
Task management & tracking	-		- €
Client updates	-	20	400.00€
Team Tasks monitoring	-	20	400.00€
WBS Update and Gant update	-	10	200.00€

TOTAL	458	9,160.00€	Total Cost
TOTAL ESTIMATED	458	9,160.00€	9,160.00€

	Product Cos	Hours	Labour Cost
TECHNOLOGY DEMONS.			
Constellation simulation		7	140.00€
Satellite Rendering			
CAD design		10	200.00€
Animation design		5	100.00€
Satellite prototype			
Materials selection and acquisition		10	200.00€
Manufacturing		20	400.00€
Functionalities Testing		10	200.00€
Other			
3DS Max License	200/month		
Row Materials (prototype)	30 €		
Tools (prototype	20 €		

TOTAL	250	62	1,240.00€	Total Cost
TOTAL ESTIMATED	250	62	1,240.00€	1,240.00 €

TOTAL	1361	151,220 €