# HIV.db: A package that provides HIV feature database and query APIs

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#### Abstract

## 1 Introduction

The current HIV.db package provides simple API to access the HIV(HXB2) feature database that contains HIV genes, gene products, genomic structure elements and epitopes.

## 2 Load HIV feature database

loadFeatures function load the feature database for the selected genome and element into memory. The returned environment will contain the chosen reference element and its children features. The ranges of the features are given by default in amino acid coordinates relative to the reference.

> HIV\_env<-loadFeatures(ref="env")

Alternately, loadFeatures can load features in DNA coordinates relative to the full genome.

> HIV\_gag<-loadFeatures(ref="gag", DNA=TRUE)

After the database is loaded, users can explore the database by lsCategory, which lists the types of features availabe in the database for query.

> lsCategory(HIV\_env)

- [1] "gene" "protein" "loop" "RNA" "RRE" "binding" "strand" [8] "helix" "membrane"
- 3 Query HIV feature database

The package provides two query methods:getFeature for HIV features and getEpitope for HIV epitopes. Different HIV genes,proteins or viral regions can be searched by their names or categories:

```
> getFeature(HIV_env, name=c("gp120","gp41"))
```

- > getFeature(HIV\_env, category="loop")
- > feature1<-getFeature(HIV\_env, name="gp120")</pre>

and filter the query results further by the reading frames.

> getFeature(HIV\_env, category=c("gene"),frame=3)

hxb2 coordinates can also be used to specify the start and end nucleotide positions.

```
> getFeature(HIV_gag)
```

> getFeature(HIV\_gag,start=790,end=2000)

The same query can be done to the epitope database by getEpitope method execpt that it takes an extra arugment species.

> getEpitope(HIV\_gag,start=4240,end=5096,species="mouse",name="4D6",frame=3)

```
Epitope with 1 row and 6 value columns across 1 space
```

```
space
                 ranges |
                                  name
                                           category
                                                         frame
                                                                       Epitope
              <IRanges> | <character> <character> <integer>
  <factor>
                                                                   <character>
         1 [4353, 4392] |
                                    4D6
                                            Epitope
                                                             3 KCQLKGEAMHGQVD
      Species
                  Subtype
  <character> <character>
1
        mouse
```

getEpitope also takes a HivFeature object as input and use the HXB2 coordinates range to get the appropriate epitopes.

```
> feature2<-getFeature(HIV_gag, name="p7")</pre>
```

> getEpitope(feature2, species="mouse")

```
Epitope with 2 rows and 6 value columns across 1 space
```

```
space
                 ranges
                                  name
                                           category
                                                        frame
                                                                        Epitope
  <factor>
              <IRanges> | <character> <character> <integer>
                                                                    <character>
         1 [2077, 2122] |
1
                                   DG8
                                            Epitope
                                                             1 RQANFLGKIWPSYKGR
2
         1 [2014, 2041] |
                                   EC6
                                            Epitope
                                                             1
                                                                     PRKKGCWKCG
      Species
                  Subtype
  <character> <character>
1
        mouse
2
        mouse
                         В
```

# 4 Query by parent/children relations

HivFeatures have the parent or children features based on the relative positions of their HXB2 coordinates. We provide two methods to query the children or parent features: getChildren and getParent.

```
> feature3<-getFeature(HIV_gag, name="gag")</pre>
> getChildren(feature3)
> feature4<-getFeature(HIV_gag, name="p24")</pre>
> getParent(feature4)
HivFeature with 1 row and 3 value columns across 1 space
                 ranges |
                                  name
                                          category
  <factor>
              <IRanges> | <character> <character> <integer>
         1 [790, 2292] |
                                   gag
                                              gene
> feature5<-getFeature(HIV_env, name="V1")</pre>
> getParent(feature5)
HivFeature with 1 row and 3 value columns across 1 space
              ranges |
                               name
                                        category
  <factor> <IRanges> | <character> <character> <integer>
1
         1 [30, 511] |
                                         protein
                              gp120
```

When recursive is set as TRUE, all the descendants or ancestors are returned besides the immediate children or parents.

#### > getParent(feature5,recursive=TRUE)

```
HivFeature with 2 rows and 3 value columns across 1 space space ranges | name category frame <factor> <IRanges> | <character> <character> <integer> 1 1 [0, 857] | env gene 3 2 1 [30, 511] | gp120 protein 3
```

> getChildren(feature1,recursive=TRUE)

HivFeature with 51 rows and 3 value columns across 1 space

	space	ranges	- 1	name	category	frame
	<factor></factor>	Ranges	- 1	<character></character>	<character></character>	<integer></integer>
1	1	[131, 156]		V1	loop	3
2	1	[157, 195]		V2	loop	3
3	1	[296, 330]		V3	loop	3
4	1	[385, 417]		V4	loop	3
5	1	[459, 469]		V5	loop	3
6	1	[367, 368]	-	Asp368	binding	0

7	1	[369,	370]		Glu370	binding	0
8	1	[426,	427]		Trp427	binding	0
9	1	[ 39,	41]		beta*bar(4)	strand	3
43	1	[368,	372]		alpha*3	helix	3
44	1	[387,	390]		alpha*4	helix	3
45	1	[473,	483]		alpha*5	helix	3
46	1	[229,	233]		A	loop	3
47	1	[251,	259]		В	loop	3
48	1	[263,	269]		C	loop	3
49	1	[273,	282]		D	loop	3
50	1	[347,	356]		E	loop	3
51	1	[435,	441]	- 1	F	loop	3

# 5 sequence of HIV feature

We also provide two methods to extract amino acid or DNA sequence of the HIV features. Sequence can be extracted from HivFeature objects directly

```
> getAA(feature4)
> getDNA(feature4)
```

or by providing database environment and hxb2 coornidates range to getAA method:

```
> #%getAA(HIV_gag,name="pol")
>
> getDNA(HIV_gag,start=1921,end=2085)
> getDNA(feature4,start=1500,end=1615)
```

Note that both methods can take a list of HivFeature objects as the input and return the their sequences respectively.

```
> getAA(getChildren(feature3))
> getDNA(getChildren(feature3))
```

### 6 conclusion

THe package allows users to query the built-in HIV features database for the important information about HIV gene and gene product as well as genomic structure elements.

# 7 Reference

http://www.hiv.lanl.gov/content/sequence/HIV/MAP/landmark.html