



Red Hat Training and Certification

DO467

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1. Installing Red Hat Ansible Automation Platform

1.1. Explaining the Red Hat Ansible Automation Platform Architecture

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1.2.5.1. Gathering Certificates and Private Keys

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1.2.5.3. Trusting Custom CA Certificates

1.2.6. DEMO: Installing Automation Controller and Private Automation Hub

Automation Controller and Private Automation Hub can both be installed from the **same** machine provided that they are both specified in the inventory file and that the installation user and installation machine has access to all systems specified in the **inventory** file and that the user has the ability to SSH/SUDO without passwords.



Automation Hub and Controller Placement

Ansible Controller and Ansible Private Automation Hub must be installed on separate systems and cannot be installed on the same system.

Example 1. DEMO: Installing Automation Hub and Controller

1. Obtain the bundled installer and untar the file

```
[student@workstation ~]$ tar xvf ansible-automation-platform-setup-bundle-2.2.0-6.1.tar.gz

[student@workstation ~]$ mv ansible-automation-platform-setup-bundle-2.2.0-6.1 AAP2

[student@workstation ~]$ cd AAP2/
```

2. Update the inventory file with the system FQDNs or IP Addresses

Listing 1. Update the Inventory File

```
[student@workstation AAP2]$ vim inventory
```

```
[automationcontroller] ①
controller.lab.example.com

[execution_nodes]

[automationhub] ②
hub.lab.example.com

[automationcatalog]

[database] ③
db.lab.example.com

[all:vars]
admin_password='redhat' ④

pg_host='db.lab.example.com' ⑤
pg_port=5432 ⑥

pg_database='awx'
pg_username='awx'
pg_password='redhat' ⑦

registry_url='hub.lab.example.com' ⑧
```

```
registry_username='admin' ⑨
registry_password='redhat' ⑩

# Automation Hub Configuration ⑪
#

automationhub_admin_password='redhat'

automationhub_pg_host='db.lab.example.com'
automationhub_pg_port=5432

automationhub_pg_database='automationhub'
automationhub_pg_username='automationhub'
automationhub_pg_password='redhat'
automationhub_pg_sslmode='prefer'

# SSL Settings ⑫

custom_ca_cert=/home/student/certs/classroom-ca.pem
web_server_ssl_cert=/home/student/certs/controller.lab.example.com.crt
web_server_ssl_key=/home/student/certs/controller.lab.example.com.key
automationhub_ssl_cert=/home/student/certs/hub.lab.example.com.crt
automationhub_ssl_key=/home/student/certs/hub.lab.example.com.key
postgres_use_ssl=True
postgres_ssl_cert=/home/student/certs/db.lab.example.com.crt
postgres_ssl_key=/home/student/certs/db.lab.example.com.key
```

- ① Specify the Controller Node
- ② Specify the Private Automation Hub Node
- ③ Specify the Database Node
- ④ Specify the **admin** password for Controller
- ⑤ Specify the Database FQDN
- ⑥ Specify the Database Port
- ⑦ Specify the Database Password
- ⑧ URL and Registry for Container Images/Execution Environments
- ⑨ Username for Registry
- ⑩ Password for Registry
- ⑪ Ansible Automation Hub Configuration Settings
- ⑫ SSL Settings



Database

If you are running the database locally and not as a separate installation, you can leave the database section blank and the **pg_host** and **pg_port** blank. This will cause the installer to setup the database locally with the deployed AAP application.



Registry

Setting the registry for **hub.example.com** will allow the installer to link and configure Ansible Automation Hub to Ansible Controller. It will also ensure that the execution environments container in the bundled installer will be loaded properly into Ansible Automation Hub.

SSL

The classroom and lab environment has been configured to run with SSL enabled. In order for the certificates to work properly, the SSL certificates have been supplied in the **/home/student/certs** directory. These certificates must be specified in the **inventory** file. In the default inventory file, the certificates and SSL settings are generally commented out, so it is possible to just place the certificate information at the bottom of the inventory file to prevent searching for each line.



Listing 2. Default SSL Certificate

```
# SSL-related variables

# If set, this will install a custom CA certificate to the system
trust store.
# custom_ca_cert=/home/student/certs/classroom-ca.pem

# Certificate and key to install in nginx for the web UI and API
# web_server_ssl_cert=/path/to/tower.cert
# web_server_ssl_key=/path/to/tower.key
```

3. View final inventory file

```
[student@workstation AAP2]$ grep -Ev "^#|^$" inventory
[automationcontroller]
controller.lab.example.com
[automationcontroller:vars]
peers=execution_nodes
[execution_nodes]
[automationhub]
hub.lab.example.com
[automationcatalog]
[database]
db.lab.example.com
[sso]
[all:vars]
admin_password='redhat'
pg_host='db.lab.example.com'
pg_port=5432
pg_database='awx'
pg_username='awx'
pg_password='redhat'
pg_sslmode='prefer' # set to 'verify-full' for client-side enforced SSL
registry_url='hub.lab.example.com'
registry_username='admin'
registry_password='redhat'
receptor_listener_port=27199
automationhub_admin_password='redhat'
automationhub_pg_host='db.lab.example.com'
automationhub_pg_port=5432
automationhub_pg_database='automationhub'
automationhub_pg_username='automationhub'
automationhub_pg_password='redhat'
automationhub_pg_sslmode='prefer'
automationcatalog_pg_host=''
automationcatalog_pg_port=5432
automationcatalog_pg_database='automationcatalog'
automationcatalog_pg_username='automationcatalog'
automationcatalog_pg_password=''
sso_keystore_password=''
sso_console_admin_password=''
custom_ca_cert=/home/student/certs/classroom-ca.pem
web_server_ssl_cert=/home/student/certs/controller.lab.example.com.crt
web_server_ssl_key=/home/student/certs/controller.lab.example.com.key
automationhub_ssl_cert=/home/student/certs/hub.lab.example.com.crt
automationhub_ssl_key=/home/student/certs/hub.lab.example.com.key
postgres_use_ssl=True
postgres_ssl_cert=/home/student/certs/db.lab.example.com.crt
postgres_ssl_key=/home/student/certs/db.lab.example.com.key
```



Using **grep** to remove comments and blank lines

Listing 3. Source Description

```
grep -Ev "^#|^$" <FILENAME>
```

4. Run the installation **setup.sh** script as the root user with **ignore_preflight_errors=true** as the systems in this course don't meet the minimum hardware requirements.

```
[student@workstation AAP2]$ sudo -i
[sudo] password for student:

[root@workstation ~]# cd ~student/AAP2/

[root@workstation AAP2]# ./setup.sh -e ignore_preflight_errors=true
```



Bundled Software Installer

It is important to at least save the bundled software installer archive **TGZ** file or to save the entire bundled installation directory. In addition, you will also want to save the **Inventory** file that was created so that adding additional components later, performing system backups/restores, and other administrative and maintenance tasks can be performed easily.

5. Install the licenses for Controller by providing the **manifest.zip** file to controller in the WebUI.

The screenshot shows the Red Hat Ansible Automation Platform WebUI. On the left is a sidebar with three steps: 1. Ansible Automation Platform Subscription (active), 2. User and Automation Analytics, and 3. End user license agreement. The main content area has a header 'Welcome to Red Hat Ansible Automation Platform! Please complete the steps below to activate your subscription.' Below this is a 'Request subscription' button. Then, it says 'Select your Ansible Automation Platform subscription to use.' with a 'Subscription manifest' button and a 'Username / password' input field. Below that, it says 'Upload a Red Hat Subscription Manifest containing your subscription. To generate your subscription manifest, go to [subscription allocations](#) on the Red Hat Customer Portal.' Then, there is a section 'Red Hat subscription manifest' with a 'Red Hat subscription manifest' label and a 'Browse' button. An orange arrow points to the 'Browse' button. Below this is a 'Next' button and a 'Back' button.

Figure 1. Ansible Controller License

1. Verify **Automation Hub** is installed

1.3. Initial Configuration of Automation Controller and Private Automation Hub

Section Info Here

1.3.1. Configuration Overview

1.3.2. Making Automation Execution Environments Available from Private Automation Hub

1.3.2.1. Synchronizing Automation Execution Environments

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1.3.2.3. Managing Container Repositories, Images, and Tags

1.3.3. Synchronizing Ansible Content Collections

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1.3.4. Testing Basic Automation Controller Functionality

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1.3.5. DEMO: Initial Configuration of Automation Controller and Private Automation Hub

Example 2. DEMO: Initial Configuration of Automation Controller and Private Automation Hub

Working with Execution Environments

Manually uploading and adding container images (EEs) to Ansible Private Automation Hub.

1. Login to Registries to both Push/Pull and Copy container images

```
[student@workstation Add_EEs]$ skopeo login hub.lab.example.com
```

2. Inspect available containers and tags

```
[student@workstation Add_EEs]$ skopeo inspect docker://hub.lab.example.com/ee-29-rhel8
```

Grabbing Tags and Release Information from the CLI

Listing 4. **skopeo inspect** to get release and **skopeo tags** to get tags

```
[student@workstation Add_EEs]$ skopeo inspect
docker://hub.lab.example.com/ee-29-rhel8 --format "{{
.Labels.version }}-{{ .Labels.release }}"
1.0.0-119

[student@workstation Add_EEs]$ skopeo list-tags
docker://hub.lab.example.com/ee-29-rhel8
```



It is also possible to use **podman** to search and list tags, but that is generally considered less reliable. It should also be noted that only **skopeo** has the ability to inspect and act with images remotely. As such, this course will leverage **skopeo** over Podman for many of the exercises.

Listing 5. **podman Tag Listing**

```
[student@workstation Add_EEs]$ podman search --list-tags
docker://hub.lab.example.com/ee-29-rhel8
```

The **skopeo** Command



Skopeo is another command that can be used with containers and was introduced as part of the **container-tools** suite with RHEL8. The **container-tools** suite installs the RHEL 8 toolchain to work with containers which includes: **podman**, **buildah**, and **skopeo**.

2. Managing User Access

2.1. Creating and Managing Automation Controller Users

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2.1.1. Role-based Access Controls

2.1.2. Automation Controller Organizations

2.1.3. Types of Users

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2.1.6. Organization Roles

2.1.7. Managing User Organization Roles

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2.2.3. Team Roles

2.2.4. Adding Users to a Team and Assigning Team Roles

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2.3. Creating and Managing Users and Groups for Private Automation Hub

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2.3.1.2. Creating Users

2.3.1.3. Creating Groups to Manage Content

3. Managing Inventories and Machine Credentials

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3.1.2. Creating an Inventory Using the Automation Controller Web UI

3.1.2.1. Creating a New Inventory

3.1.2.2. Creating a Host Group in an Inventory

3.1.2.3. Creating Hosts in an Inventory

3.1.3. Inventory Roles

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3.1.4. Inventory Variables

3.2. Creating Machine Credentials for Access to Inventory Hosts

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3.2.1. Storing Secrets in Credentials

3.2.2. Credential Types

3.2.3. Creating Machine Credentials

3.2.4. Editing Machine Credentials

3.2.5. Credential Roles

3.2.6. Managing Credential Access

3.2.7. Common Credential Scenarios

3.2.7.1. Credentials Protected by Automation Controller, Not Known to Users

3.2.7.2. Credential Prompts for Sensitive Password, Not Stored in Automation Controller

4. Managing Projects and Launching Ansible Jobs

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4.1.3. Project Roles

4.1.4. Managing Project Access

4.1.5. Creating SCM Credentials

4.1.6. SCM Credential Roles

4.1.7. Managing Access to SCM Credentials

4.1.8. Updating Projects

4.1.8.1. Update Revision on Launch

4.1.8.2. Manual Updates

4.1.9. Support for Ansible Content Collections and Roles

4.2. Creating Job Templates and Launching Jobs

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4.2.3. Modifying Job Execution

4.2.4. Prompting for Job Parameters

4.2.5. Job Template Roles

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4.2.7. Launching Jobs

4.2.8. Evaluating the Results of a Job

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5.1.1. Fact Caching

5.1.1.1. Enabling Fact Caching in Automation Controller

5.2. Creating Job Template Surveys to Set Variables for Jobs

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5.2.3. Job Template Surveys

5.2.3.1. Managing Answers to Survey Questions

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7.1.2. Storing an Inventory in a Project

7.2. Configuring Dynamic Inventory Plug-ins

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7.3. Filtering Hosts with Smart Inventories

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7.3.1. Defining Smart Inventories

7.3.2. Using Ansible Facts in Smart Inventory Filters

7.3.2.1. Creating a Smart Inventory Based on Ansible Facts

7.3.3. Other Smart Inventory Filters

8. Automating Configuration of Ansible Automation Platform

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8.1.3.1. Reading Documentation with Ansible Content Navigator

8.1.3.2. Reading Documentation on Automation Hub

8.1.4. Examples of Automation with `ansible.controller`

8.1.4.1. Creating Automation Controller Users

8.1.4.2. Creating Automation Controller Teams

8.1.4.3. Adding Users to Organizations and Teams

8.1.5. Community-supported Ansible Content Collections

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8.2.1. Introducing Red Hat Ansible Automation Platform Webhooks

8.2.1.1. What Are the Benefits of Webhooks

8.2.2. Configuring Webhooks

8.2.2.1. Configuring a Webhook for a Job Template

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8.2.3.1. Triggering Different Job Templates Using Branches

8.2.3.2. Configuration as Code for Automation Controller

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8.3.1.3. Accessing the REST API From a Graphical Web Browser

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8.3.3. Launching a Job Using the API from an Ansible Playbook

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9.1.2. Automation Controller Configuration and Log Files

9.1.2.1. Configuration Files

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9.1.3. Common Troubleshooting Scenarios

9.1.3.1. Problems Running Playbooks

9.1.3.2. Problems Connecting to Your Host

9.1.3.3. Playbooks Do Not Appear in the List of Job Templates

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9.1.4.1. Changing the Automation Controller Admin Password

9.2. Backing Up and Restoring Red Hat Ansible Automation Platform

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10. Getting Insights into Automation Performance

10.1. Gathering Data for Cloud-based Analysis

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10.1.2. Collecting Data for Cloud Services

10.1.3. Registering Managed Hosts with Insights for Ansible Automation Platform

10.1.4. Accessing the Red Hat Hybrid Cloud Console

10.2. Getting Insights into Automation Performance

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10.2.1. Insights for Ansible Automation Platform

10.2.2. Generating Remediation Playbooks with Advisor

10.2.2.1. Automating Remediation of an Issue for Multiple Systems

10.2.2.2. Automating Remediation of Multiple Issues for One System

10.2.3. Comparing Systems with Drift

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10.2.3.2. Comparing the State of One System at Different Times

10.2.3.3. Comparing Systems to a Standard Baseline

10.2.4. Sending Alerts Based on Ansible Facts with Policies

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10.4. Producing Reports from Automation Analytics

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10.4.1.2. Using Automation Calculator to Compute Savings

10.4.1.3. Exporting a Report

10.4.2. Predicting the Cost Savings of Automation

10.4.2.1. Creating a Savings Plan

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11. Building a Large Scale Red Hat Ansible Automation Platform Deployment

11.1. Designing a Clustered Ansible Automation Platform Implementation

11.1.1. Running Red Hat Ansible Automation Platform at Scale

11.1.2. Automation Mesh

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11.1.2.2. Types of Nodes on Automation Mesh

11.1.2.3. What Are Instance Groups?

11.1.3. Planning Network Communication and Firewalls

11.1.3.1. Requirements for Control Nodes and Hybrid Nodes

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11.1.3.3. Requirements for Execution Nodes

11.1.4. Planning for Automation Mesh

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11.2. Deploying Distributed Execution with Automation Mesh

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11.2.2. Visualizing Automation Mesh Topology

11.2.3. Automation Mesh Design Patterns

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11.3. Managing Distributed Execution with Automation Mesh

11.3.1. Managing Instance Groups in Automation Controller

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11.3.2. Assigning Default Instance Groups to Inventories and Job Templates

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11.3.2.3. Running a Job Template with Instance Groups

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11.3.4. Monitoring Automation Mesh from the Web UI

11.3.5. Monitoring Automation Mesh from the Command Line

11.3.5.1. Listing Nodes and Instance Groups

11.3.5.2. Monitoring Automation Mesh Using the `receptorctl` Command

Appendix A: References and Additional Information

Ansible Docs/Tips and Tricks

- **Installing Software and other Packages:** https://ansible-tips-and-tricks.readthedocs.io/en/latest/os-dependent-tasks/installing_packages/
- **Ansible Tips and Tricks (Examples):** <https://github.com/nfaction/ansible-tips-and-tricks/wiki>
- **Ansible Product Demos:** <https://github.com/ansible/product-demos>
- **Ansible Workshops:** <https://github.com/ansible/workshops/tree/devel/provisioner>
- **Red Hat CoP - Automation Good Practices:**
 - <https://redhat-cop.github.io/automation-good-practices/>
 - <https://github.com/redhat-cop/automation-good-practices/>
- **Ansible Controller Collection:** <https://console.redhat.com/ansible/automation-hub/repo/published/ansible/controller/docs?keywords=>

Ansible KB Articles and Solutions

- **How Do I Perform Security Patching / OS Package Upgrades On Ansible Tower/Automation Controller Nodes Without Breaking Any Ansible Tower/Automation Controller Functionality ?:** <https://access.redhat.com/solutions/4566711>

Ansible Filters and Collections

- **Using filters to manipulate data (Jinja2 Templating):** https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/latest/user_guide/playbooks_filters.html
- **Community General:** <https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/latest/collections/community/general/index.html>

Ansible Blogs and Articles

- **When localhost isn't what it seems in Red Hat Ansible Automation Platform 2:** <https://www.ansible.com/blog/when-localhost-isnt-what-it-seems-in-red-hat-ansible-automation-platform-2>

Ansible Execution Environments

- **Execution Environments:** https://docs.ansible.com/automation-controller/4.2.0/html/userguide/execution_environments.html#ee-mount-options