Summer 2025 Operating Systems

CSSE 332 -- OPERATING SYSTEMS

Introduction to Memory Virtualization

| Nε | ame: | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| system. | e process can direct | tly access memo | ry without inter | | |
| What are some | of the main challer | iges with this ap | proach? | | |
| | | | | | |
| Question 2. (5 points addresses? | ints) In your own v | words, describe | what it means f | or a process to | o have <i>virtual</i> |
| | | | | | |
| Question 3. (5 points hardware) trans | ints) Address trans | _ | | e operating sys | stem (and the |

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Question 4. The questions below refer to the base and bounds memory translation approach.

(a) (5 points) Assume that process P_1 gets assigned a base register base_reg. Write down the formula used to calculate the *physical address* (PA) from a given *virtual address* (VA).

(b) (5 points) Assume that process P_1 gets assigned a base register 0x0048. When P_1 attempts to access address 0xff04, which physical address does it end up accessing?

Question 5. Assume we are running on an 8-bit architecture and we would like to implement memory segmentation. Each process should have the generic four sections: code, globals, stack, and heap.

(a) (5 points) Describe how an 8-bit address would be divided up to perform address translation. You may use the bit-box below.

| 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | | |

(b) Assume now that when process P_1 is loaded into memory, it is assignmed the following segment table.

| Segment | Base | Bounds | Growth |
|---------|------|--------|--------|
| Code | 0x40 | 0x0f | + |
| Globals | 0x50 | 0x0A | + |
| Heap | 0x60 | 0x10 | + |
| Stack | 0x7f | 0x10 | _ |

i. (5 points) Write down the formula used to translate a virtual address into a physical address using the segment table above.

ii. (5 points) Assume P_1 attempts to access the virtual address 0x04, what would be the corresponding physical address? (Write segmentation fault if the access is invalid).

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| (5 points) Assume P_1 attempts to access the virtual address $0x84$, what would be the corresponding physical address? (Write segmentation fault if the access is invalid). |
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| (5 points) Assume P_1 attempts to access the virtual address $0xC8$, what would be the corresponding physical address? (Write segmentation fault if the access is invalid). |
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| 5 points) Assume P_1 attempts to access the virtual address $0xE4$, what would be the corresponding physical address? (Write segmentation fault if the access is invalid). |
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