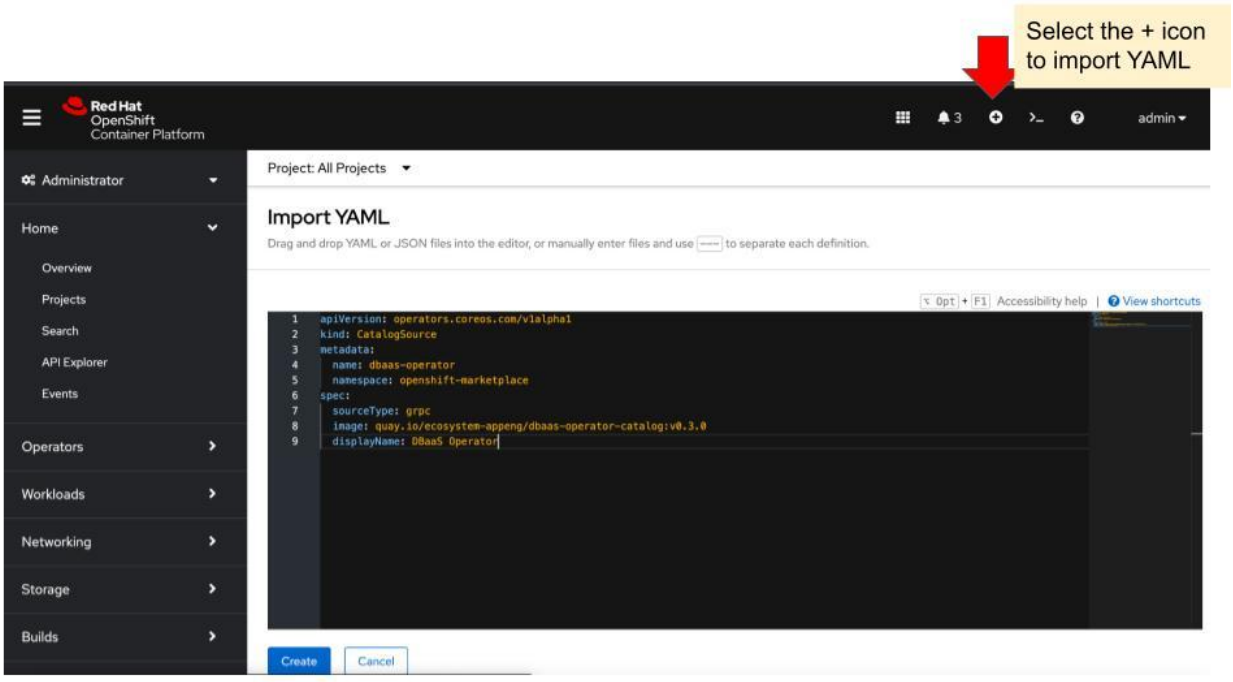
RHODA Workshop Manual

Agenda

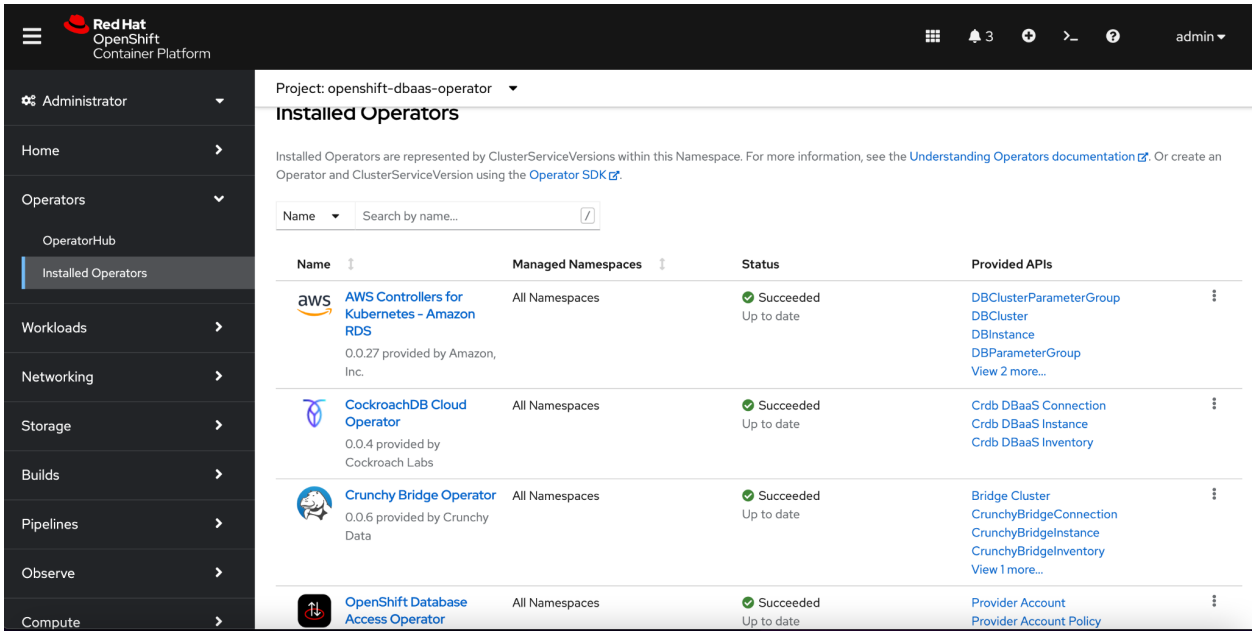
Admin Role: Install RHODA Operator

Login as **admin** into the OpenShift cluster and add the YAML text from https://github.com/RHEcosystemAppEng/dbaas-operator/wiki/1-Step-Installation-for-Production-Release for installing the RHODA operator.



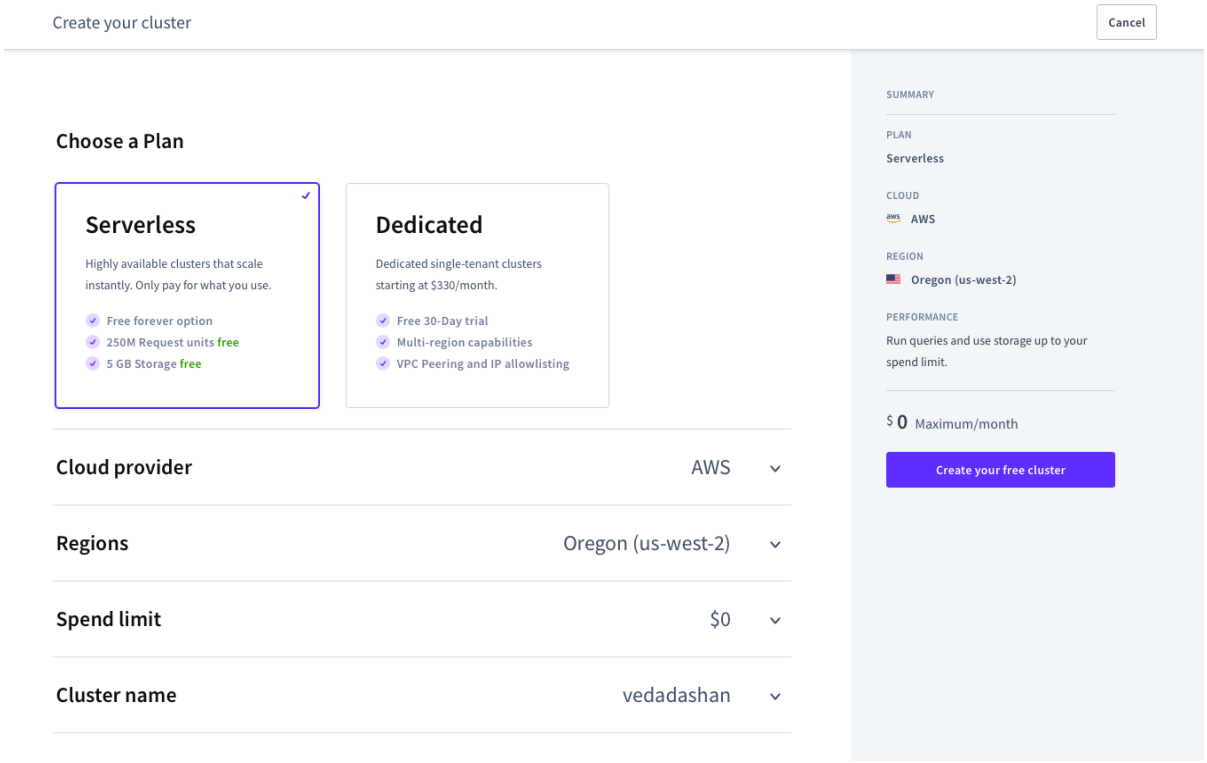
And press **Create**.

On the OpenShift console, go to **Operators -> Installed Operators** and make sure that OpenShift Database Access Operator and database provider operators have installed successfully.



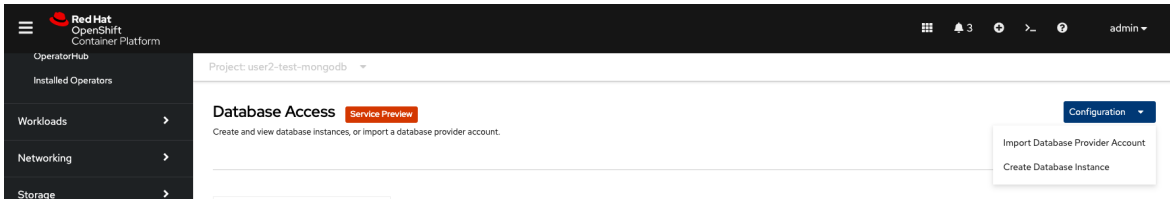
Admin Role: Create a CockroachDB Cloud account

Sign up for a free account with Cockroach Labs Cloud. Refer to the Find your CockroachDB account credentials section needed for accessing the account from RHODA.

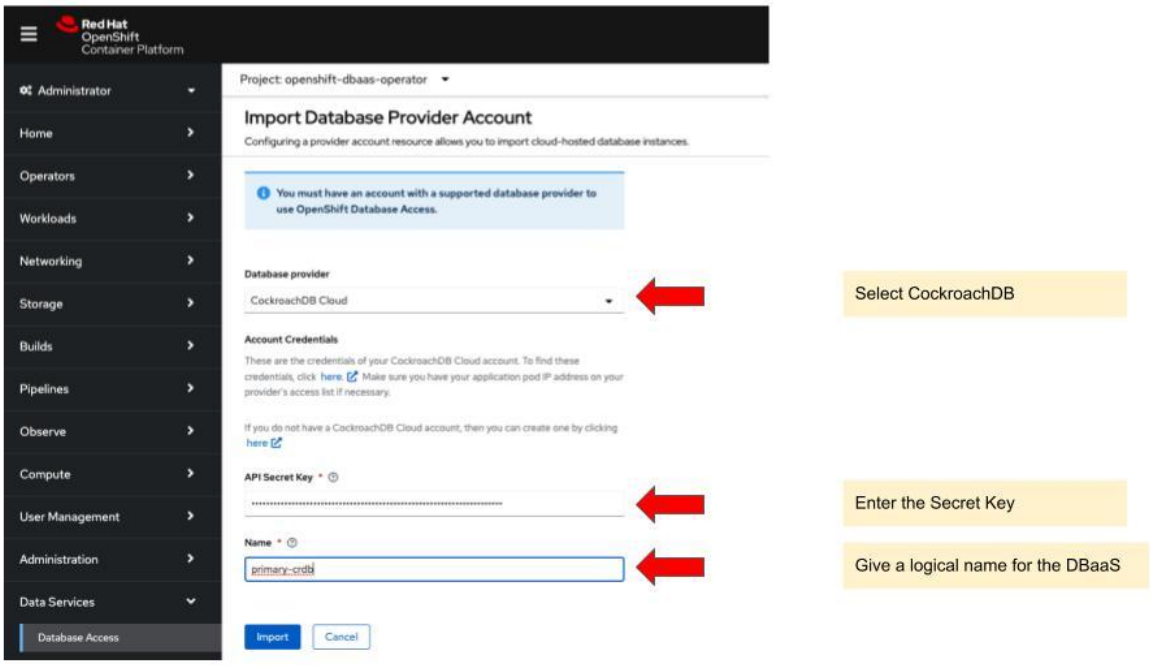


Admin Role: Import Database Provider Account

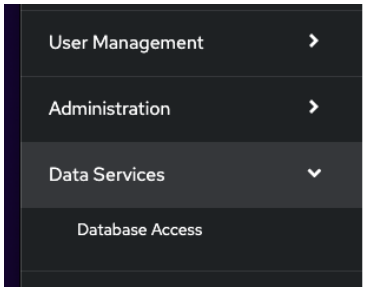
Follow the procedure detailed in Accessing the Database Access menu for configuring and monitoring to import the CockroachDB provider account you created in the previous step into RHODA.



Select the **Import Database Provider Account** option from the drop down to enter the credentials for the CockroachDB account you created.

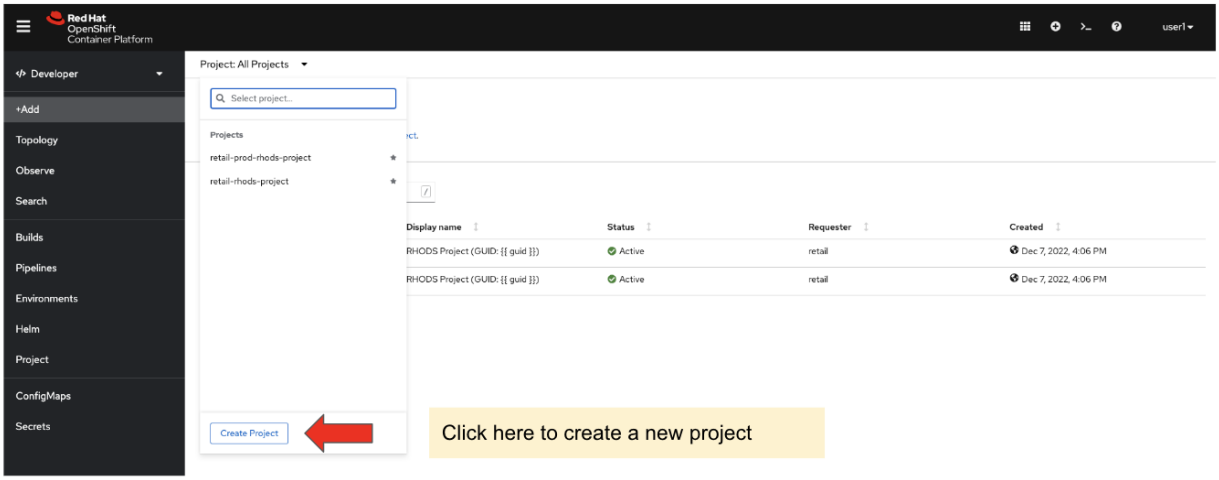


Confirm that the CockroachDB provider account now shows up on the Database Access dashboard.



Developer Role: Create Spring Boot application and connect to CockroachDB instance

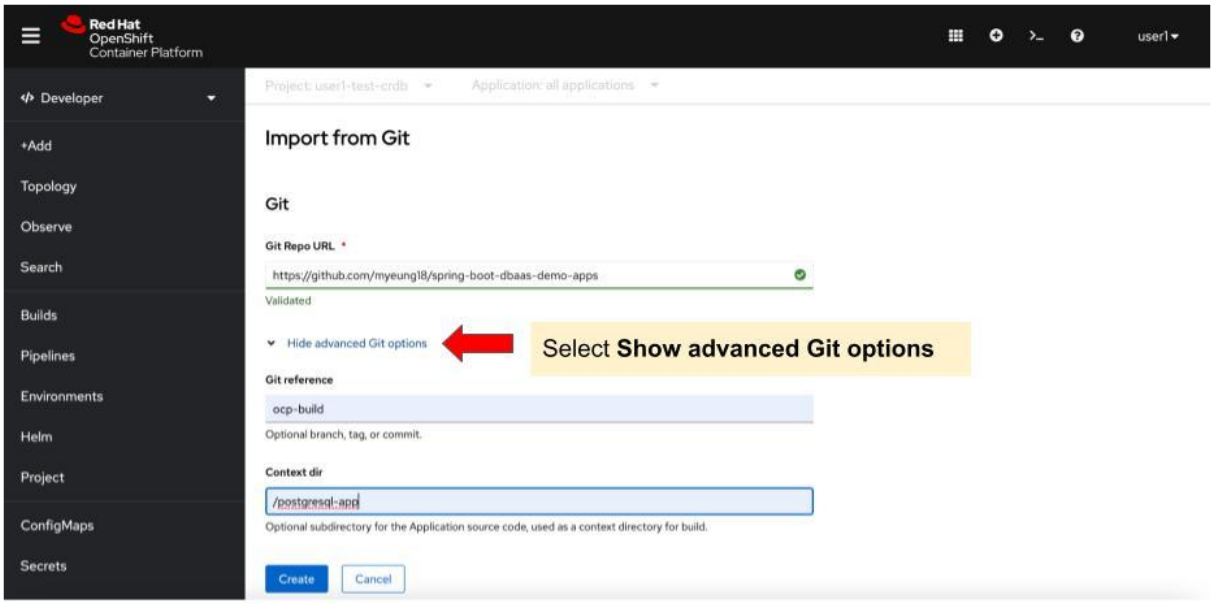
Login to the OpenShift console using User1 credentials (login = **user1** / password = **openshift**). On the OpenShift console under the **Developer** perspective, create a new project called **user1-crdb-test**.



On the OpenShift console left-side menu, select **+Add** and the **Import from Git** tile. Fill the following Git fields:

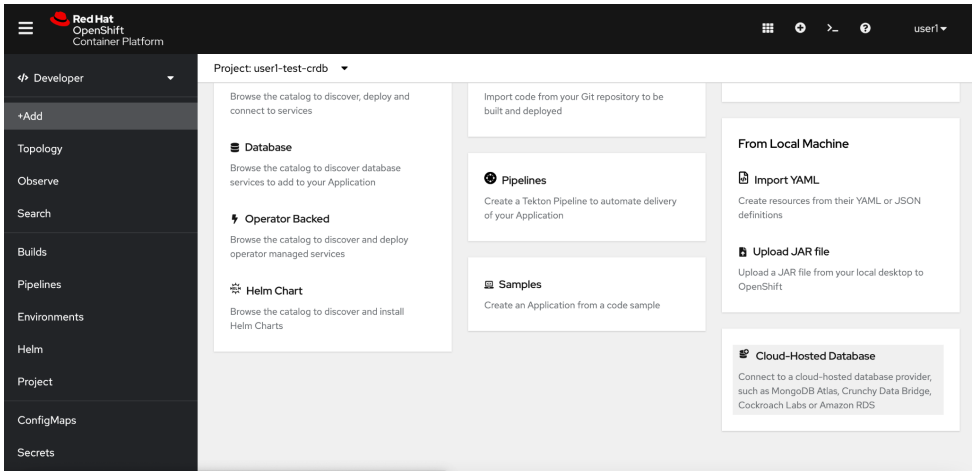
```
Git Repo URL = https://github.com/myeung18/spring-boot-dbaas-demo-apps
Git reference = ocp-build
Context dir = /postgresql-app
```

Use the default values for the other fields and **Create** the application.

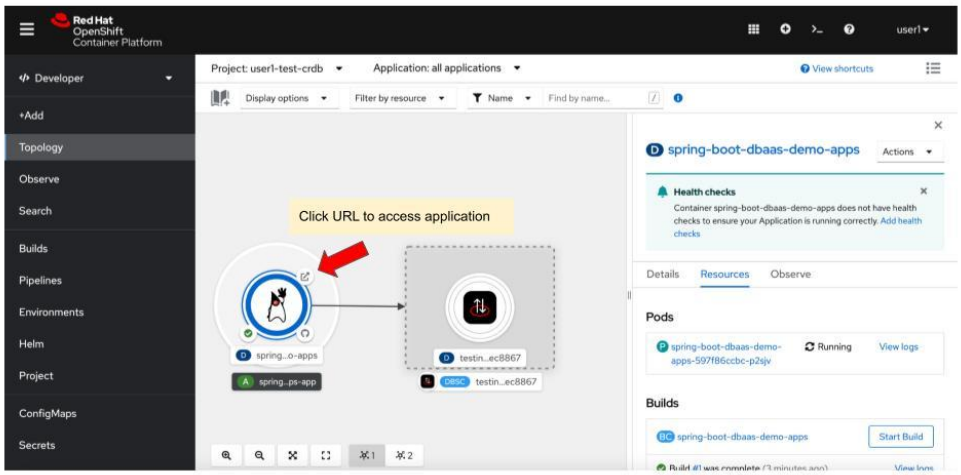


Building the application pod will take approximately 30 seconds. Once the pod starts running, it will keep restarting till it finds a valid database connection.

On the OpenShift console left-side menu, select **+Add** and the **Cloud Hosted Databases** tile. Choose CockroachDB tile and select the database instance that you want to use. You will see that a database connection instance has been added to the Topology view of your project.



Follow the steps detailed in Connecting an application to a database instance using the topology view. The application pod should continue running once a service binding to the database has been created successfully. Test the application by clicking the URL sign as indicated below.



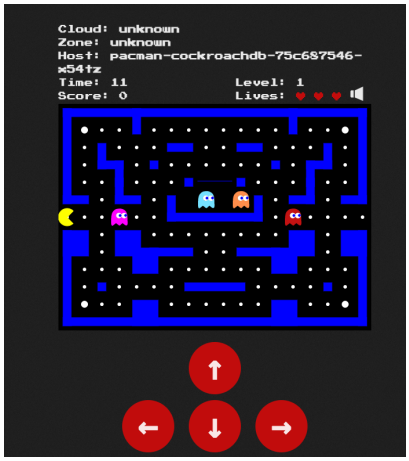
Developer Role: Create NodeJS application and connect to the CockroachDB instance

Create a Pacman game application that is written in NodeJS and uses a Postgres database for tracking the scores.
On the OpenShift console left-side menu, select **+Add** and the **Import from Git** tile. Fill the following Git fields:

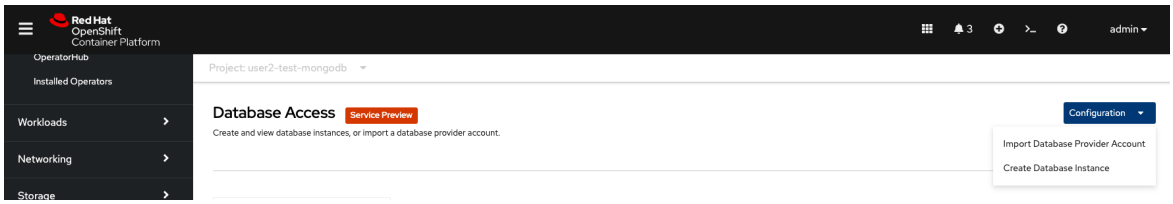
```
Git Repo URL = https://github.com/RHODA-lab/pacman-cockroachdb
(Advanced Git options are not needed)
```

Use the default values for the other fields and **Create** the application.

Follow the same steps as the SpringBoot application to connect the database instance to the application. The Pacman application will create a separate database table for storing the game scores.

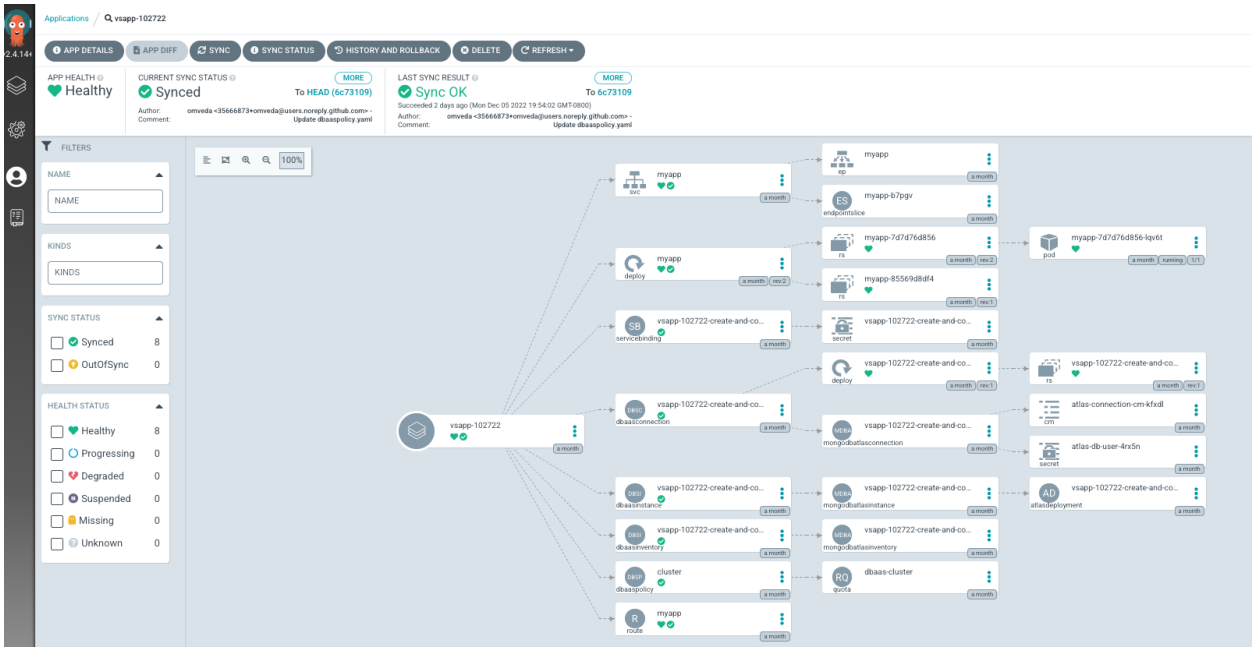


NOTE: You can also create a new database instance for testing the application by using the **Create Database Instance** option from the **Database Access** menu.



DEMO: ArgoCD GitOps using MongoDB Atlas

A gitops workflow demo that leverages the [RHODA API] for provisioning a new database instance and connecting an application to it.



RHODA Blogs

- [Simplifying Managed Database Access on OpenShift]
- [A Guide to Namespace Access to Managed Databases from OpenShift]
- [RHODA Integration with Jupyter Notebook]