5. Bd-Capture Workflow

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This tutorial is available as a .qmd on Github.

Motivation

- Run through a complete workflow including: database connection, data discovery, data pulling, and data manipulation
- Demonstrate how to connect Capture data with sample data (in this case Bd qPCR results)

R

Let's run through a realistic data scenario from the beginning.

Suppose we are interested in Capture and Bd qPCR data. Specifically, we want to compare Bd qPCR results for juvenile-to-adult individuals, captured in 2015 or later, across species and sites.

Setup

```
# minimal packages for RIBBiTR DB data discovery
librarian::shelf(tidyverse, dbplyr, RPostgres, DBI, RIBBiTR-BII/ribbitrrr)

# establish database connection
dbcon <- hopToDB("ribbitr")</pre>
```

Connecting to database... Success!

```
# load table metadata
mdt <- tbl(dbcon, Id("public", "all_tables")) %>%
  filter(table_schema == "survey_data") %>%
  collect()

# load column metadata
mdc <- tbl(dbcon, Id("survey_data", "metadata_columns")) %>%
  filter(table_schema == "survey_data") %>%
  collect()
```

Data discovery and pulling

Looking at the survey_data schema diagram, we can browse to see which tables and columns we want. We can also consult the table or column metadata. The two observation tables with the primary data of interest are called "capture" and "bd_qpcr_results".

Point to support tables

```
# pointers for all tables of interest
db_bdqpcr = tbl(dbcon, Id("survey_data", "bd_qpcr_results"))
db_sample = tbl(dbcon, Id("survey_data", "sample"))
db_capture = tbl(dbcon, Id("survey_data", "capture"))
```

```
db_survey = tbl(dbcon, Id("survey_data", "survey"))
db_visit = tbl(dbcon, Id("survey_data", "visit"))
db_site = tbl(dbcon, Id("survey_data", "site"))
db_region = tbl(dbcon, Id("survey_data", "region"))
db_country = tbl(dbcon, Id("survey_data", "country"))
```

Join all data of interest

In this case we only want to consider cases for which he have both capture and Bd qPCR data. An inner join across the Bd, sample, and capture tables will keep only values which are common between them. Of these data, we want to return all supporting info, so we will left join to the remaining support tables.

```
# inner join capture and bd samples
# left join supporting tables
data_bd_capture = db_bdqpcr %>%
    inner_join(db_sample, by = "sample_id") %>%
    inner_join(db_capture, by = "capture_id") %>%
    left_join(db_survey, by = "survey_id") %>%
    left_join(db_visit, by = "visit_id") %>%
    left_join(db_site, by = "site_id") %>%
    left_join(db_region, by = "region_id") %>%
    left_join(db_country, by = "country_id")

# see what columns are available
colnames(data_bd_capture)
```

```
[1] "result_id"
                                          "sample_id"
[3] "sample_name_bd"
                                          "detected"
[5] "replicate"
                                          "replicate_count"
[7] "replicate_results"
                                          "average_ct"
[9] "average_target_quant"
                                          "total_qpcr_volume_uL"
[11] "qpcr_dilution_factor"
                                          "volume_template_dna_uL"
[13] "extract_volume_uL"
                                          "target_quant_per_swab"
[15] "average_its1_copies_per_swab"
                                          "swab_type"
[17] "standard_target_type"
                                          "standard"
[19] "master_mix"
                                          "extraction_plate_name"
[21] "extraction_date"
                                          "extraction_kit"
[23] "extraction_lab"
                                          "qpcr_plate_name"
[25] "qpcr_well"
                                          "qpcr_plate_run"
[27] "qpcr_date"
                                          "qpcr_machine"
[29] "qpcr_lab"
                                          "comments_qpcr"
                                          "sample_type"
[31] "sample_name"
```

[33]	"capture_id"	"taxon_capture"
	"time_of_capture"	"capture_trx_loc"
	"microhabitat_type"	"body_temp_c"
	"substrate_temp_c"	"svl_mm"
	"body_mass_g"	"life_stage"
	"sex"	"capture_animal_state"
	"comments_capture"	"photo"
	"photo_id"	"microhab_moredetail"
	"body_and_bag_mass_g"	"bag_mass_g"
	"marked"	"recapture_from_campaign_n_number"
	"capture_utme"	"capture_utmn"
	"capture_type"	"observer_capture"
	"bag_id"	"processor"
	"cmr_id"	"microhabitat_temperature"
	"microhabitat_notes"	"tail_length_mm"
	"buckets"	"location_serdp"
[65]	"temp_gun"	"clearcut"
	"number_of_mites"	"flir"
	"tad_stage"	"survey_id"
[71]	"microhabitat_wet"	"capture_utm_zone"
[73]	"capture_latitude"	"capture_longitude"
	"start_time"	"end_time"
[77]	"detection_type"	"duration_minutes"
[79]	"observers_survey"	"comments_survey"
[81]	"description"	"survey_quality"
[83]	"transect"	"number_observers"
[85]	"visit_id"	"start_timestamp"
[87]	"end_timestamp"	"date"
[89]	"time_of_day"	"campaign"
[91]	"visit_status"	"comments_visit"
[93]	"site_id"	"visit_lab"
[95]	"site"	"site_utm_zone"
[97]	"site_utme"	"site_utmn"
[99]	"area_sqr_m"	"site_code"
[101]	"site_elevation_m"	"depth_m"
[103]	"topo"	"wilderness"
[105]	"site_comments"	"region_id"
[107]	"site_name_alt"	"site_latitude"
[109]	"site_longitude"	"region"
[111]	"country_id"	"location_id"
	"time_zone"	"country"
[115]	"iso_country_code"	

we can also see which columns come from specified tables, for context
colnames(db_bdqpcr)

```
[1] "result_id"
                                     "sample_id"
 [3] "sample_name_bd"
                                     "detected"
 [5] "replicate"
                                     "replicate_count"
 [7] "replicate_results"
                                     "average_ct"
 [9] "average_target_quant"
                                     "total_qpcr_volume_uL"
[11] "qpcr_dilution_factor"
                                     "volume_template_dna_uL"
[13] "extract_volume_uL"
                                     "target_quant_per_swab"
[15] "average_its1_copies_per_swab" "swab_type"
[17] "standard_target_type"
                                     "standard"
[19] "master_mix"
                                     "extraction_plate_name"
[21] "extraction_date"
                                     "extraction_kit"
[23] "extraction_lab"
                                     "qpcr_plate_name"
[25] "qpcr_well"
                                     "qpcr_plate_run"
[27] "qpcr_date"
                                     "qpcr_machine"
[29] "qpcr_lab"
                                     "comments_qpcr"
```

Select columns of interest, filter to date

```
# pull data from database
data_bd_capture_2015 = data_bd_capture %>%
  # filter to dates of interest
 filter(date >= "2015-01-01") %>%
  # select columns of interest
  select(capture_id,
         taxon_capture,
         life_stage,
         svl_mm,
         body_mass_g,
         survey_id,
         cmr_id,
         sample_id,
         sample_name_bd,
         detected,
         average_ct,
         average_target_quant,
         target_quant_per_swab,
         comments_capture,
         comments_qpcr,
         date,
```

```
site,
region,
country)
```

Explore # of filtered observations by life stage, then filter again

```
data_bd_capture_2015 %>%
  select(life_stage) %>%
  group_by(life_stage) %>%
  summarise(row_count = n()) %>%
  arrange(desc(row_count)) %>%
  collect()
# A tibble: 14 x 2
   life_stage
                         row_count
   <chr>
                             <int64>
 1 adult
                               23157
 2 <NA>
                                4605
 3 juvenile
                                4123
 4 tadpole
                                1787
 5 subadult
                                 998
 6 aquatic_larvae
                                 573
 7 metamorph
                                 429
 8 larva
                                 417
                                 367
 9 unknown
10 terrestrial_development
                                 330
                                 218
11 larvae
12 metamorphosed
                                   28
                                   7
13 eggmass
14 Unknown
                                   1
data_bd_capture_2015_life <- data_bd_capture_2015 %>%
  filter(life_stage %in% c("juvenile",
                           "subadult",
                           "adult"),
```

Pull data

!is.na(life_stage))

```
# check out our SQL "shopping list"
sql_render(data_bd_capture_2015_life)
```

```
<SQL> SELECT
  "capture_id",
  "taxon_capture",
  "life_stage",
  "svl_mm",
  "body_mass_g",
  "survey_id",
  "cmr_id",
  "sample_id",
  "sample_name_bd",
  "detected",
  "average_ct",
  "average_target_quant",
  "target_quant_per_swab",
  "comments_capture",
  "comments_qpcr",
  "date",
  "site",
  "region",
  "country"
FROM (
  SELECT
    "bd_qpcr_results".*,
    "sample_name",
    "sample_type",
    "sample"."capture_id" AS "capture_id",
    "taxon_capture",
    "time_of_capture",
    "capture_trx_loc",
    "microhabitat_type",
    "body_temp_c",
    "substrate_temp_c",
    "svl_mm",
    "body_mass_g",
    "life_stage",
    "sex",
    "capture_animal_state",
    "comments_capture",
    "photo",
    "photo_id",
    "microhab_moredetail",
```

```
"body_and_bag_mass_g",
"bag_mass_g",
"marked",
"recapture_from_campaign_n_number",
"capture_utme",
"capture_utmn",
"capture_type",
"observer_capture",
"bag_id",
"processor",
"cmr_id",
"microhabitat_temperature",
"microhabitat notes",
"tail_length_mm",
"buckets",
"location_serdp",
"temp_gun",
"clearcut",
"number_of_mites",
"flir",
"tad_stage",
"capture"."survey_id" AS "survey_id",
"microhabitat_wet",
"capture_utm_zone",
"capture_latitude",
"capture_longitude",
"start_time",
"end time",
"detection_type",
"duration_minutes",
"observers_survey",
"comments_survey",
"description",
"survey_quality",
"transect",
"number_observers",
"survey"."visit_id" AS "visit_id",
"start_timestamp",
"end_timestamp",
"date",
"time_of_day",
"campaign",
"visit status",
"comments_visit",
"visit"."site_id" AS "site_id",
```

```
"visit_lab",
    "site",
    "site_utm_zone",
    "site utme",
    "site_utmn",
    "area_sqr_m",
    "site_code",
    "site_elevation_m",
    "depth_m",
    "topo",
    "wilderness",
    "site_comments",
    "site". "region id" AS "region id",
    "site name alt",
    "site latitude",
    "site_longitude",
    "region",
    "region"."country_id" AS "country_id",
    "location id",
    "time_zone",
    "country",
    "iso_country_code"
  FROM "survey_data"."bd_qpcr_results"
  INNER JOIN "survey_data"."sample"
    ON ("bd_qpcr_results"."sample_id" = "sample"."sample_id")
  INNER JOIN "survey_data"."capture"
    ON ("sample"."capture_id" = "capture"."capture_id")
  LEFT JOIN "survey data". "survey"
    ON ("capture"."survey_id" = "survey"."survey_id")
  LEFT JOIN "survey data". "visit"
    ON ("survey"."visit_id" = "visit"."visit_id")
  LEFT JOIN "survey data". "site"
    ON ("visit"."site_id" = "site"."site_id")
  LEFT JOIN "survey_data"."region"
    ON ("site"."region_id" = "region"."region_id")
  LEFT JOIN "survey_data"."country"
    ON ("region"."country_id" = "country"."country_id")
) AS "q01"
WHERE
  ("date" >= '2015-01-01') AND
  ("life_stage" IN ('juvenile', 'subadult', 'adult')) AND
  (NOT(("life_stage" IS NULL)))
```

```
# collect data
data_bd_capture_final <- data_bd_capture_2015_life %>%
    collect()
head(data_bd_capture_final)
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 19
  capture_id
                    taxon_capture life_stage svl_mm body_mass_g survey_id cmr_id
  <chr>>
                                  <chr>>
                                               <dbl>
                                                           <dbl> <chr>
                                                                           <chr>>
                    <chr>
                                                  47
1 1dc9fa0d-13bd-4d~ rana_muscosa adult
                                                              12 bd398b88~ Oba8e~
2 26089c8a-50bd-43~ rana_muscosa
                                                  63
                                                              40 04c974ef~ <NA>
                                  adult
                                                              14 87b52157~ <NA>
3 d9d1ba1b-7c53-47~ lithobates_s~ adult
                                                  48
4 75cbebdb-663c-46~ rana_muscosa adult
                                                  54
                                                              15 1ff0ec2e~ a68f1~
5 9c2be8d0-665e-4d~ rana_muscosa adult
                                                  51
                                                              17 57d19e16~ fad92~
6 4afccde9-0672-41~ rana_muscosa adult
                                                  52
                                                              21 c332c44e~ 38b9f~
# i 12 more variables: sample_id <chr>, sample_name_bd <chr>, detected <dbl>,
    average_ct <dbl>, average_target_quant <dbl>, target_quant_per_swab <dbl>,
    comments_capture <chr>, comments_qpcr <chr>, date <date>, site <chr>,
    region <chr>, country <chr>
```

These data are ready to be analyzed and visualized!

Disconnect

```
dbDisconnect(dbcon)
```

Python

Let's run through a realistic data scenario from the beginning.

Suppose we are interested in Capture and Bd qPCR data. Specifically, we want to compare Bd qPCR results for juvenile-to-adult individuals, captured in 2015 or later, across species and sites.

Setup

```
# minimal packages for RIBBiTR DB Workflow
import ibis
from ibis import
import pandas as pd
import dbconfig
import db_access as db
# establish database connection
dbcon = ibis.postgres.connect(**dbconfig.ribbitr)
# load table metadata
mdt = dbcon.table(database = "public", name = "all_tables").to_pandas()
# load column metadata
mdc = (
  dbcon.table(database="public", name="all_columns")
  .filter(_.table_schema == 'survey_data')
  .to pandas()
  )
```

Data discovery and pulling

Looking at the survey_data schema diagram, we can browse to see which tables and columns we want. We can also consult the table or column metadata. The two observation tables with the primary data of interest are called "capture" and "bd_qpcr_results".

Point to support tables

```
# Ponters for all tables
db_bdqpcr = dbcon.table('bd_qpcr_results', database='survey_data')
db_sample = dbcon.table('sample', database='survey_data')
db_capture = dbcon.table('capture', database='survey_data')
db_survey = dbcon.table('survey', database='survey_data')
db_visit = dbcon.table('visit', database='survey_data')
db_site = dbcon.table('site', database='survey_data')
db_region = dbcon.table('region', database='survey_data')
db_country = dbcon.table('country', database='survey_data')
```

Join all data of interest

In this case we only want to consider cases for which he have both capture and Bd qPCR data. An inner join across the Bd, sample, and capture tables will keep only values which

are common between them. Of these data, we want to return all supporting info, so we will left join to the remaining support tables.

```
.inner_join(db_sample, db_bdqpcr.sample_id == db_sample.sample_id)
.inner_join(db_capture, db_sample.capture_id == db_capture.capture_id)
.left_join(db_survey, db_capture.survey_id == db_survey.survey_id)
.left_join(db_visit, db_survey.visit_id == db_visit.visit_id)
.left_join(db_site, db_visit.site_id == db_site.site_id)
.left_join(db_region, db_site.region_id == db_region.region_id)
.left_join(db_country, db_region.country_id == db_country.country_id)
)

# see what columns are available
data_bd_capture.columns

['result_id', 'sample_id', 'sample_name_bd', 'detected', 'replicate', 'replicate_count', 'replica
```

```
# we can also see which columns come from specified tables, for context db_bdqpcr.columns
```

```
['result_id', 'sample_id', 'sample_name_bd', 'detected', 'replicate', 'replicate_count', 're
```

Select columns of interest, filter to date

Recursive joins
data_bd_capture = (
 db_bdqpcr

```
# capture table, select, filter
data_bd_capture_2015 = (
    data_bd_capture
    .filter(_.date >= '2015-01-01')
    .select([
        "capture_id",
        "taxon_capture",
        "life_stage",
        "svl_mm",
        "body_mass_g",
        "survey_id",
        "cmr_id",
        "sample_id",
        "sample_name_bd",
        "detected",
```

```
"average_ct",
   "average_target_quant",
   "target_quant_per_swab",
   "comments_capture",
   "comments_qpcr",
   "date",
   "site",
   "region",
   "country"
   ])
)
```

Explore # of filtered observations by life stage, then filter again

```
# count by life stage
life_stage_counts = (
   data_bd_capture_2015
   .group_by('life_stage')
   .aggregate(row_count=_.count())
   .order_by(_.row_count.desc())
   .to_pandas()
   )
print(life_stage_counts)
```

```
life_stage row_count
0
                       adult
                                   23157
1
                        None
                                    4605
2
                    juvenile
                                    4123
3
                     tadpole
                                    1787
                    subadult
4
                                     998
5
              aquatic_larvae
                                     573
6
                   metamorph
                                     429
7
                                     417
                       larva
8
                                     367
                     unknown
9
                                     330
    terrestrial_development
10
                      larvae
                                     218
11
              metamorphosed
                                      28
12
                                       7
                     eggmass
13
                     Unknown
                                       1
```

```
# filter to desired life stages
data_bd_capture_2015_life = (
  data_bd_capture_2015
  .filter(_.life_stage.isin(['juvenile','subadult', 'adult']) & _.life_stage.notnull())
  )
```

Pull data

```
# check out our SQP "shopping list"
data_bd_capture_2015_life.compile()
'SELECT "t16"."capture_id", "t16"."taxon_capture", "t16"."life_stage", "t16"."svl_mm", "t16"
# pull data
data_bd_capture_final = data_bd_capture_2015_life.to_pandas()
# preview data
data_bd_capture_final.head()
                             capture_id ... country
0 1dc9fa0d-13bd-4d95-8594-10bb15e58d65 ...
                                                 usa
1 26089c8a-50bd-43d3-8660-8895bdf21467 ...
                                                 usa
2 d9d1ba1b-7c53-470b-9f6d-7db851d4c932 ...
                                                usa
3 75cbebdb-663c-46bd-a9ca-653893d6e8cd ...
                                                 usa
4 9c2be8d0-665e-4dff-8bca-9cb0417729a5 ...
                                                 usa
[5 rows x 19 columns]
```

These data are ready to be analyzed and visualized!

Disconnect

```
# close connection
dbcon.disconnect()
```

<- 4. Table Joins | 6. Microclimate Workflow ->