5. Bd-Capture Workflow

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This tutorial is available as a .qmd on Github.

Motivation

- Run through a complete workflow including: database connection, data discovery, data pulling, and data manipulation
- Demonstrate how to connect Capture data with sample data (in this case Bd qPCR results)

R

Let's run through a realistic data scenario from the beginning.

Suppose we are interested in Capture and Bd qPCR data. Specifically, we want to compare Bd qPCR results for juvenile-to-adult individuals, captured in 2015 or later, across species and sites.

Setup

```
# minimal packages for RIBBiTR DB data discovery
librarian::shelf(tidyverse, dbplyr, RPostgres, DBI, RIBBiTR-BII/ribbitrrr)

# establish database connection
dbcon <- hopToDB("ribbitr")
```

```
Connecting to 'ribbitr'... Success!
```

```
# load table metadata
mdt <- tbl(dbcon, Id("public", "all_tables")) %>%
  filter(table_schema == "survey_data") %>%
  collect()

# load column metadata
mdc <- tbl(dbcon, Id("public", "all_columns")) %>%
  filter(table_schema == "survey_data") %>%
  collect()
```

Data discovery and pulling

Looking at the survey_data schema diagram, we can browse to see which tables and columns we want. We can also consult the table or column metadata. The two observation tables with the primary data of interest are called "capture" and "bd_qpcr_results".

Point to support tables

```
# pointers for all tables of interest
db_bdqpcr = tbl(dbcon, Id("survey_data", "bd_qpcr_results"))
db_sample = tbl(dbcon, Id("survey_data", "sample"))
db_capture = tbl(dbcon, Id("survey_data", "capture"))
```

```
db_survey = tbl(dbcon, Id("survey_data", "survey"))
db_visit = tbl(dbcon, Id("survey_data", "visit"))
db_site = tbl(dbcon, Id("survey_data", "site"))
db_region = tbl(dbcon, Id("survey_data", "region"))
db_country = tbl(dbcon, Id("survey_data", "country"))
```

Join all data of interest

In this case we only want to consider cases for which we have both capture *and* Bd qPCR data. An inner join across the Bd, sample, and capture tables will keep only values which are common between them. Of these data, we want to return all supporting info, so we will left join to the remaining support tables.

```
# inner join capture and bd samples
# left join supporting tables
data_bd_capture = db_bdqpcr %>%
  inner_join(db_sample, by = "sample_id") %>%
  inner_join(db_capture, by = "capture_id") %>%
  left_join(db_survey, by = "survey_id") %>%
  left_join(db_visit, by = "visit_id") %>%
  left_join(db_site, by = "site_id") %>%
  left_join(db_region, by = "region_id") %>%
  left_join(db_country, by = "country_id")

# see what columns are available
colnames(data_bd_capture)
```

```
 [1] "result_id"                      "sample_id"
 [3] "sample_name_bd"                 "bd_detected"
 [5] "replicates"                     "replicate_id"
 [7] "bd_cycle_quant"                 "bd_target_quant"
 [9] "total_qpcr_volume_uL"           "qpcr_dilution_factor"
[11] "template_dna_volume_uL"         "extract_volume_uL"
[13] "bd_target_quant_per_swab"       "bd_its1_copies_per_swab"
[15] "swab_type"                      "standard_target_type"
[17] "standard"                       "master_mix"
[19] "extraction_plate_name"          "extraction_date"
[21] "extraction_kit"                 "extraction_lab"
[23] "qpcr_plate_name"                "qpcr_well"
[25] "qpcr_date"                      "qpcr_machine"
[27] "qpcr_lab"                       "comments_qpcr"
[29] "its1_copies_per_standard_unit" "bsal_detected"
[31] "sample_name"                    "sample_type"
```

```
 [33] "capture_id"                    "sample_name_conflict"
 [35] "negative_control_group_id"     "negative_control"
 [37] "taxon_capture"                 "time_of_capture"
 [39] "capture_transect_m"            "microhabitat_type"
 [41] "body_temp_c"                   "substrate_temp_c"
 [43] "svl_mm"                        "body_mass_g"
 [45] "life_stage"                    "sex"
 [47] "capture_animal_state"          "comments_capture"
 [49] "photo"                         "photo_id"
 [51] "microhabitat_detailed"         "body_and_bag_mass_g"
 [53] "bag_mass_g"                    "marked"
 [55] "capture_utme"                  "capture_utmn"
 [57] "capture_type"                  "observer_capture"
 [59] "bag_id"                        "processor"
 [61] "cmr_id"                        "microhabitat_notes"
 [63] "tail_length_mm"                "bucket"
 [65] "inside_outside_serdp"          "temp_gun"
 [67] "clearcut"                      "number_of_mites"
 [69] "flir"                          "tad_stage"
 [71] "survey_id"                     "microhabitat_wet"
 [73] "capture_utm_zone"              "capture_latitude"
 [75] "capture_longitude"             "timestamp_of_capture_utc"
 [77] "treatment"                     "start_time"
 [79] "end_time"                      "detection_type"
 [81] "duration_minutes"              "observers_survey"
 [83] "comments_survey"               "description"
 [85] "survey_quality"                "transect"
 [87] "number_observers"              "visit_id"
 [89] "start_timestamp_utc"           "end_timestamp_utc"
 [91] "detection_subtype"             "date"
 [93] "time_of_day"                   "campaign"
 [95] "visit_status"                  "comments_visit"
 [97] "site_id"                       "visit_lab"
 [99] "project_id"                    "site"
[101] "site_utm_zone"                 "site_utme"
[103] "site_utmn"                     "area_sqr_m"
[105] "site_code"                     "site_elevation_m"
[107] "depth_m"                       "topo"
[109] "wilderness"                    "site_comments"
[111] "region_id"                     "site_name_alt"
[113] "site_latitude"                 "site_longitude"
[115] "geographic_area"               "geographic_area_type"
[117] "region"                        "country_id"
[119] "time_zone"                     "country"
[121] "iso_country_code"
```

```
# we can also see which columns come from specified tables, for context
colnames(db_bdqpcr)
```

```
 [1] "result_id"                     "sample_id"
 [3] "sample_name_bd"                "bd_detected"
 [5] "replicates"                    "replicate_id"
 [7] "bd_cycle_quant"                "bd_target_quant"
 [9] "total_qpcr_volume_uL"          "qpcr_dilution_factor"
[11] "template_dna_volume_uL"        "extract_volume_uL"
[13] "bd_target_quant_per_swab"      "bd_its1_copies_per_swab"
[15] "swab_type"                     "standard_target_type"
[17] "standard"                      "master_mix"
[19] "extraction_plate_name"         "extraction_date"
[21] "extraction_kit"                "extraction_lab"
[23] "qpcr_plate_name"               "qpcr_well"
[25] "qpcr_date"                     "qpcr_machine"
[27] "qpcr_lab"                      "comments_qpcr"
[29] "its1_copies_per_standard_unit" "bsal_detected"
```

Select columns of interest, filter to date

```
# pull data from database
data_bd_capture_2015 = data_bd_capture %>%
  # filter to dates of interest
  filter(date >= "2015-01-01") %>%
  # select columns of interest
  select(capture_id,
         taxon_capture,
         life_stage,
         svl_mm,
         body_mass_g,
         survey_id,
         cmr_id,
         sample_id,
         sample_name_bd,
         bd_detected,
         bd_cycle_quant,
         bd_target_quant,
         bd_target_quant_per_swab,
         bd_its1_copies_per_swab,
         comments_capture,
         comments_qpcr,
```

```
         date,
         site,
         region,
         country)
```

Explore # of filtered observations by life stage, then filter again

```
data_bd_capture_2015 %>%
  select(life_stage) %>%
  group_by(life_stage) %>%
  summarise(row_count = n()) %>%
  arrange(desc(row_count)) %>%
  collect()
```

```
# A tibble: 10 x 2
   life_stage    row_count
   <chr>             <int64>
 1 adult             34884
 2 juvenile           4397
 3 tadpole            2763
 4 <NA>               2584
 5 subadult           1862
 6 metamorph           429
 7 larva               417
 8 larvae              218
 9 metamorphosed        28
10 eggmass               7
```

```
data_bd_capture_2015_life <- data_bd_capture_2015 %>%
  filter(life_stage %in% c("juvenile",
                           "subadult",
                           "adult"),
         !is.na(life_stage))
```

Pull data

```
# inspect our SQL "shopping list"
sql_render(data_bd_capture_2015_life)
```

```
<SQL> SELECT
  "capture_id",
  "taxon_capture",
  "life_stage",
  "svl_mm",
  "body_mass_g",
  "survey_id",
  "cmr_id",
  "sample_id",
  "sample_name_bd",
  "bd_detected",
  "bd_cycle_quant",
  "bd_target_quant",
  "bd_target_quant_per_swab",
  "bd_its1_copies_per_swab",
  "comments_capture",
  "comments_qpcr",
  "date",
  "site",
  "region",
  "country"
FROM (
  SELECT
    "bd_qpcr_results".*,
    "sample_name",
    "sample_type",
    "sample"."capture_id" AS "capture_id",
    "sample_name_conflict",
    "negative_control_group_id",
    "negative_control",
    "taxon_capture",
    "time_of_capture",
    "capture_transect_m",
    "microhabitat_type",
    "body_temp_c",
    "substrate_temp_c",
    "svl_mm",
    "body_mass_g",
    "life_stage",
    "sex",
    "capture_animal_state",
    "comments_capture",
    "photo",
    "photo_id",
    "microhabitat_detailed",
```

```
"body_and_bag_mass_g",
"bag_mass_g",
"marked",
"capture_utme",
"capture_utmn",
"capture_type",
"observer_capture",
"bag_id",
"processor",
"cmr_id",
"microhabitat_notes",
"tail_length_mm",
"bucket",
"inside_outside_serdp",
"temp_gun",
"clearcut",
"number_of_mites",
"flir",
"tad_stage",
"capture"."survey_id" AS "survey_id",
"microhabitat_wet",
"capture_utm_zone",
"capture_latitude",
"capture_longitude",
"timestamp_of_capture_utc",
"treatment",
"start_time",
"end_time",
"detection_type",
"duration_minutes",
"observers_survey",
"comments_survey",
"description",
"survey_quality",
"transect",
"number_observers",
"survey"."visit_id" AS "visit_id",
"start_timestamp_utc",
"end_timestamp_utc",
"detection_subtype",
"date",
"time_of_day",
"campaign",
"visit_status",
"comments_visit",
```

```
    "visit"."site_id" AS "site_id",
    "visit_lab",
    "project_id",
    "site",
    "site_utm_zone",
    "site_utme",
    "site_utmn",
    "area_sqr_m",
    "site_code",
    "site_elevation_m",
    "depth_m",
    "topo",
    "wilderness",
    "site_comments",
    "site"."region_id" AS "region_id",
    "site_name_alt",
    "site_latitude",
    "site_longitude",
    "geographic_area",
    "geographic_area_type",
    "region",
    "region"."country_id" AS "country_id",
    "time_zone",
    "country",
    "iso_country_code"
  FROM "survey_data"."bd_qpcr_results"
  INNER JOIN "survey_data"."sample"
    ON ("bd_qpcr_results"."sample_id" = "sample"."sample_id")
  INNER JOIN "survey_data"."capture"
    ON ("sample"."capture_id" = "capture"."capture_id")
  LEFT JOIN "survey_data"."survey"
    ON ("capture"."survey_id" = "survey"."survey_id")
  LEFT JOIN "survey_data"."visit"
    ON ("survey"."visit_id" = "visit"."visit_id")
  LEFT JOIN "survey_data"."site"
    ON ("visit"."site_id" = "site"."site_id")
  LEFT JOIN "survey_data"."region"
    ON ("site"."region_id" = "region"."region_id")
  LEFT JOIN "survey_data"."country"
    ON ("region"."country_id" = "country"."country_id")
) AS "q01"
WHERE
  ("date" >= '2015-01-01') AND
  ("life_stage" IN ('juvenile', 'subadult', 'adult')) AND
  (NOT(("life_stage" IS NULL)))
```

```r
# collect data
data_bd_capture_final <- data_bd_capture_2015_life %>%
  collect()

head(data_bd_capture_final)
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 20
  capture_id        taxon_capture life_stage svl_mm body_mass_g survey_id cmr_id
  <chr>             <chr>         <chr>       <dbl>       <dbl> <chr>     <chr>
1 6eeeb74d-5325-44~ espadarana_p~ adult        25.5         0.7 473bfaba~ <NA>
2 96fba6ff-677d-4b~ colostethus_~ adult        27.3         2.1 c500c2d7~ <NA>
3 05aac450-7c9e-4a~ colostethus_~ adult        26.5         1.5 60b7f2d7~ <NA>
4 f1ab9744-86a7-45~ boana_platan~ adult        55.0        15.3 5ca54b85~ <NA>
5 707f2783-6de8-40~ colostethus_~ adult        27.3         2.8 c500c2d7~ <NA>
6 e68a063e-c259-4c~ colostethus_~ adult        26.8         2.7 c500c2d7~ <NA>
# i 13 more variables: sample_id <chr>, sample_name_bd <chr>,
#   bd_detected <lgl>, bd_cycle_quant <dbl>, bd_target_quant <dbl>,
#   bd_target_quant_per_swab <dbl>, bd_its1_copies_per_swab <dbl>,
#   comments_capture <chr>, comments_qpcr <chr>, date <date>, site <chr>,
#   region <chr>, country <chr>
```

These data are ready to be analyzed and visualized!

Disconnect

```r
dbDisconnect(dbcon)
```

Python

Let's run through a realistic data scenario from the beginning.

Suppose we are interested in Capture and Bd qPCR data. Specifically, we want to compare Bd qPCR results for juvenile-to-adult individuals, captured in 2015 or later, across species and sites.

Setup

```
# minimal packages for RIBBiTR DB Workflow
import ibis
from ibis import _
import pandas as pd
import dbconfig
import db_access as db

# establish database connection
dbcon = ibis.postgres.connect(**dbconfig.ribbitr)

# load table metadata
mdt = dbcon.table(database = "public", name = "all_tables").to_pandas()

# load column metadata
mdc = (
  dbcon.table(database="public", name="all_columns")
  .filter(_.table_schema == 'survey_data')
  .to_pandas()
  )
```

Data discovery and pulling

Looking at the survey_data schema diagram, we can browse to see which tables and columns we want. We can also consult the table or column metadata. The two observation tables with the primary data of interest are called `capture` and `bd_qpcr_results`.

Point to support tables

```
# Ponters for all tables
db_bdqpcr = dbcon.table('bd_qpcr_results', database='survey_data')
db_sample = dbcon.table('sample', database='survey_data')
db_capture = dbcon.table('capture', database='survey_data')
db_survey = dbcon.table('survey', database='survey_data')
db_visit = dbcon.table('visit', database='survey_data')
db_site = dbcon.table('site', database='survey_data')
db_region = dbcon.table('region', database='survey_data')
db_country = dbcon.table('country', database='survey_data')
```

Join all data of interest

In this case we only want to consider cases for which we have both capture *and* Bd qPCR data. An inner join across the Bd, sample, and capture tables will keep only values which

are common between them. Of these data, we want to return all supporting info, so we will left join to the remaining support tables.

```
# Recursive joins
data_bd_capture = (
    db_bdqpcr
    .inner_join(db_sample, db_bdqpcr.sample_id == db_sample.sample_id)
    .inner_join(db_capture, db_sample.capture_id == db_capture.capture_id)
    .left_join(db_survey, db_capture.survey_id == db_survey.survey_id)
    .left_join(db_visit, db_survey.visit_id == db_visit.visit_id)
    .left_join(db_site, db_visit.site_id == db_site.site_id)
    .left_join(db_region, db_site.region_id == db_region.region_id)
    .left_join(db_country, db_region.country_id == db_country.country_id)
)

# see what columns are available
data_bd_capture.columns
```

```
['result_id', 'sample_id', 'sample_name_bd', 'bd_detected', 'replicates', 'replicate_id', 'b
```

```
# we can also see which columns come from specified tables, for context
db_bdqpcr.columns
```

```
['result_id', 'sample_id', 'sample_name_bd', 'bd_detected', 'replicates', 'replicate_id', 'b
```

Filter to date, select columns of interest

```
# capture table, filter, select
data_bd_capture_2015 = (
  data_bd_capture
  .filter(_.date >= '2015-01-01')
  .select([
    "capture_id",
    "taxon_capture",
    "life_stage",
    "svl_mm",
    "body_mass_g",
    "survey_id",
    "cmr_id",
    "sample_id",
    "sample_name_bd",
    "bd_detected",
```

```
    "bd_cycle_quant",
    "bd_target_quant",
    "bd_target_quant_per_swab",
    "bd_its1_copies_per_swab",
    "comments_capture",
    "comments_qpcr",
    "date",
    "site",
    "region",
    "country"
    ])
  )
```

Explore # of filtered observations by life stage, then filter again

```
# count by life stage
life_stage_counts = (
  data_bd_capture_2015
  .group_by('life_stage')
  .aggregate(row_count=_.count())
  .order_by(_.row_count.desc())
  .to_pandas()
  )

print(life_stage_counts)
```

```
      life_stage  row_count
0          adult      34884
1       juvenile       4397
2        tadpole       2763
3           None       2584
4       subadult       1862
5      metamorph        429
6          larva        417
7         larvae        218
8  metamorphosed         28
9        eggmass          7
```

```
# filter to desired life stages
data_bd_capture_2015_life = (
  data_bd_capture_2015
```

```
  .filter(_.life_stage.isin(['juvenile','subadult', 'adult']) & _.life_stage.notnull())
  )
```

Pull data

```
# inspect our SQL "shopping list"
data_bd_capture_2015_life.compile()
```

```
'SELECT "t16"."capture_id", "t16"."taxon_capture", "t16"."life_stage", "t16"."svl_mm", "t16"
```

```
# pull data
data_bd_capture_final = data_bd_capture_2015_life.to_pandas()

# preview data
data_bd_capture_final.head()
```

```
                             capture_id  ... country
0  96fba6ff-677d-4b8c-84e7-a17763b18523  ...  panama
1  6eeeb74d-5325-44a0-bc9e-e19c930e7f2e  ...  panama
2  05aac450-7c9e-4acf-9e98-80aa97750cd6  ...  panama
3  f1ab9744-86a7-45d7-9014-f4a6da9c857f  ...  panama
4  707f2783-6de8-4048-aa3a-1bbc3c149710  ...  panama

[5 rows x 20 columns]
```

These data are ready to be analyzed and visualized!

Disconnect

```
# close connection
dbcon.disconnect()
```

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