RIBBiTR Database Connection Setup

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Motivation

- Connect to the RIBBiTR (or another remote) database with ease and repeatability
- Manage login credentials for ease and security, so they won't be lost or shared with your code.

R Database Connection

Store and access your database connection parameters

Access your local .Renviron file

Your .Renviron file a local file where you can save and reference your login credentials for easy use within R and RStudio, without risking losing them or potentially sharing them on accident when you share your code. A simple way to access your .Renviron file is with the function usethis::edit r environ()

```
install.packages("usethis")
# open your local .Reniron file
usethis::edit_r_environ()
```

Save connections parameters

Copy the following database connection parameters to your .Renviron file, substituting your login credentials (user & password).

```
# RIBBiTR DB credentials
ribbitr.dbname = "ribbitr"
ribbitr.host = "ribbitr.c6p56tuocn5n.us-west-1.rds.amazonaws.com"
ribbitr.port = "5432"
ribbitr.user = "[YOUR-USERNAME-HERE]"
ribbitr.password = "[YOUR-PASSWORD-HERE]"
```

Save and close .Renviron, and restart RStudio.

Establish database connection

Create a new R project (or .qmd, .Rmd, .R etc.) file where you can follow the tutorial and establish the database connection.

Load packages

"librarian" is a package and library management package in R which makes it easier to install, load, update and unload packages to meet dynamic environment needs. There are other ways to download, load, and maintain packages in R (e.g. "install.packages()" and "library()", but we recommend librarian for its simplicity and portability.

```
# install and load "librarian"
install.packages("librarian")
```

librarian downloads and loads packages using the "librarian::shelf" function. Below are the minimal recommended packages to establish a connection to the RIBBiTR database.

```
# minimal packages for establishing RIBBiTR DB connection
librarian::shelf(tidyverse, RPostgres, DBI, usethis, RIBBiTR-BII/ribbitrrr)
```

Connect

Now, using the ribbitrrr:hopToDB() function, let's establish a connection!

```
# establish database connection
dbcon = hopToDB("ribbitr")
```

Connecting to database... Success!

hopToDB() returns a database connection object ("dbcon"). Keep track of this, you will call it to explore and pull data later.

Begin using your connection!

Try out your connection by loading table metadata from the database

```
mdt = tbl(dbcon, Id("public", "all_tables")) %>%
  collect()
head(mdt)
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 4
  table_schema table_name
                                   column_count table_description
  <chr>
               <chr>
                                        <int64> <chr>
1 bay_area
               amphib_dissect
                                             41 <NA>
2 bay_area
               amphib_parasite
                                             11 <NA>
3 bay_area
               water_quality_info
                                             27 <NA>
4 bay_area
               site
                                             25 <NA>
5 bay_area
               wetland_info
                                             25 <NA>
6 bay_area
               bd_results
                                             25 <NA>
```

Also try

- For those managing multiple database connections, the hopToDB() function allows you to store and fetch various sets of login credentials with a single keyword. Just substitute "ribbitr" in the example above with your own keyword!
- Your login credentials can also be accessed explicitly anytime using Sys.getenv("ribbitr.dbname"), etc. In most cases the HopToDB() function is all you need, however.

Python Database Connection

Store & access your database connection parameters

Create a dbconfig file

We recommend you create a local database config (dbconfig.py) file where you can save and reference your login credentials for easy use in python, without risking losing them or potentially sharing them on accident when you share your code.

Create a file nammed "dbconfig.py" in your project working directory (or another preferred location, see "Also try" below). Copy the following to dbconfig.py:

```
# dbconfig.py

ribbitr = {
    "database":"ribbitr",
    "host":"ribbitr.c6p56tuocn5n.us-west-1.rds.amazonaws.com",
    "port":"5432",
    "user":"[YOUR-USERNAME-HERE]",
    "password":"[YOUR-PASSWORD-HERE]",
}
```

Save dbconfig.py.

Be sure to add dbconfig.py to your local .gitignore file if you are using git/github, so you don't accidentally publish you login credentials!

Establish database connection

Create a new .py (or .qmd, .ipynb, etc.) file where you can follow the tutorial and establish the database connection.

Import packages

This method requires installing the ibis.postgres package to your working environment, in addition to pandas. We also import the dbconfig.py file to access your login credentials.

```
import ibis
import pandas as pd
import dbconfig # import connection credentials
```

Connect

Now, using the ibis.postgres.connect() function, let's establish a connection!

```
# establish database connection
dbcon = ibis.postgres.connect(**dbconfig.ribbitr)
```

ibis.postgres.connect() returns a database connection object ("dbcon"). Keep track of this, you will call it to explore and pull data later.

Begin using your connection

Try out your connection by loading table metadata from the database

```
mdt = dbcon.table(database = "public", name = "all_tables").to_pandas()
mdt.head()
```

	table_schema	table_name	column_count	table_description
0	bay_area	${\tt amphib_dissect}$	41	None
1	bay_area	amphib_parasite	11	None
2	bay_area	water_quality_info	27	None
3	bay_area	site	25	None
4	bay_area	wetland_info	25	None

Also try

- For those managing multiple database connections, this method allows you to store and fetch various sets of login credentials with a single keyword. Just substitute "ribbitr" in the dbconfig.py file with your own keywords and call them as needed!
- If you will be connecting to the database from different python projects, you may want to save your dbconfig.py file to a more general location. In this case, include the following lines in each of your project files:

```
import sys
sys.path.append("/path/to/dbconfig/dir/")
import dbconfig
```