COURSE OUTCOME 5 (C05)

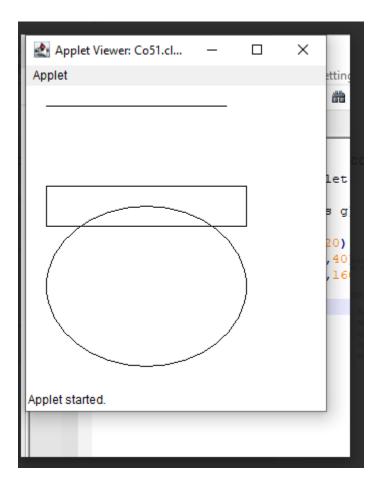
1. Program to draw Circle, Rectangle, Line in Applet.

```
JAVA FILE
```

</html>

```
import java.applet.*;
import java.awt.*;
public class Co51 extends Applet
        public void paint(Graphics g)
        {
                g.drawLine(20,20,200,20);
                g.drawRect(20,100,200,40);
                g.drawOval (20, 120, 200, 160);\\
        }
}
HTML FILE
<html>
<head>
</head>
<title> APPLET </title>
<body>
<applet code="Co51.class" height="300" width="300"> </applet>
</body>
```

OUTPUT



3. Find the percentage of marks obtained by a student in 5 subjects. Display a happy face if he secures above 50% or a sad face if otherwise.

JAVA FILE

```
import java.applet.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.Graphics;
import java.awt.event.*;
public class facereact extends Applet implements ActionListener {
    Label I1,I2,I3,I4,I5,I6;
    TextField t1,t2,t3,t4,t5,t6;
```

```
Button b;
public void init(){
I1 = new Label("MARK 1:");
t1 = new TextField();
I2 = new Label("MARK 2:");
t2 = new TextField();
I3 = new Label("MARK 3:");
t3 = new TextField();
I4 = new Label("MARK 4:");
t4 = new TextField();
15 = \text{new Label("MARK 5:")};
t5 = new TextField();
l6 = new Label("PERCENTAGE:");
t6 = new TextField();
b = new Button("STATUS");
setLayout(null);
I1.setBounds(450,50,70,20);
t1.setBounds(520,50,100,20);
I2.setBounds(450,80,70,20);
t2.setBounds(520,80,100,20);
I3.setBounds(450,110,70,20);
t3.setBounds(520,110,100,20);
I4.setBounds(450,140,70,20);
t4.setBounds(520,140,100,20);
I5.setBounds(450,170,70,20);
t5.setBounds(520,170,100,20);
I6.setBounds(450,200,100,20);
t6.setBounds(550,200,100,20);
b.setBounds(450,290,80,30);
add(I1);
add(I2);
add(I3);
add(I4);
add(I5);
add(I6);
add(t1);
add(t2);
add(t3);
add(t4);
add(t5);
```

```
add(t6);
add(b);
b.addActionListener(this);
}
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){
float m1, m2,m3, m4,m5,percent;
m1= Float.parseFloat(t1.getText());
m2= Float.parseFloat(t2.getText());
m3= Float.parseFloat(t3.getText());
m4= Float.parseFloat(t4.getText());
m5= Float.parseFloat(t5.getText());
percent=((m1+m2+m3+m4+m5)*100)/500;
t6.setText(String.valueOf(percent));
repaint();
}
public void paint(Graphics g){
float p;
p= Float.parseFloat(t6.getText());
if(p > 50.0) {
g.setColor(Color.ORANGE);
g.fillOval(0,0,100,100);
g.setColor(Color.black);
g.fillOval(25,25,10,10);
g.fillOval(65,25,10,10);
g.setColor(Color.black);
g.fillArc (25,35,50,50,0,-180);
}
else {
g.setColor(Color.ORANGE);
g.fillOval(0,0,100,100);
g.setColor(Color.black);
g.fillOval(25,25,10,10);
g.fillOval(75,25,10,10);
g.setColor(Color.black);
g.drawArc(25,35,50,50,0,180);
}
```

HTML FILE <html> <head> </head> <title> APPLET SMILE/SAD FACE </title> <body> <applet code="facereact.class" height="300" width="300"> </applet> </body>

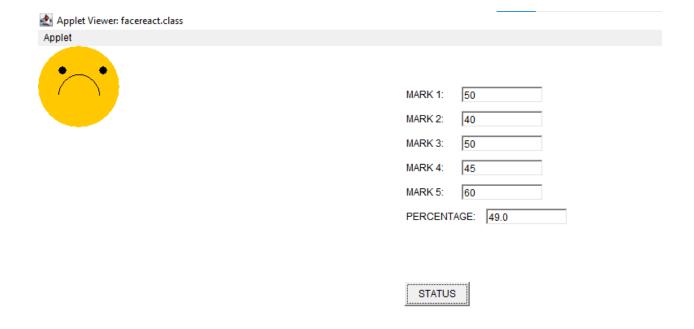
OUTPUT

</html>



MARK 1:	60
MARK 2:	75
MARK 3:	80
MARK 4:	85
MARK 5:	90
PERCENT	AGE: 78.0

STATUS



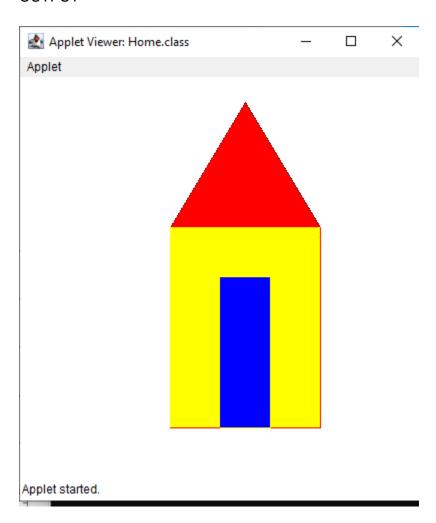
4. Using 2D graphics commands in an Applet, construct a house. On mouse click event, change the color of the door from blue to red.

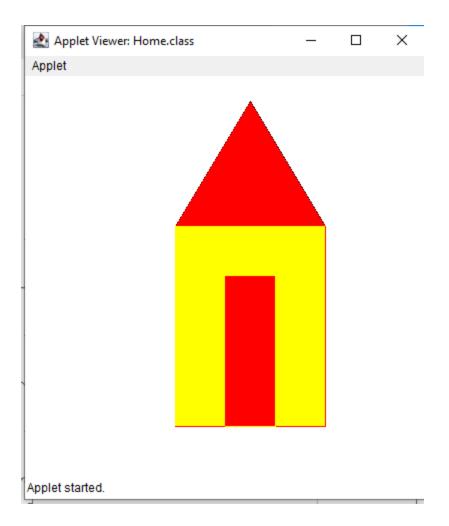
```
JAVA FILE
import java.awt.*;
import java.applet.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
public class Home extends Applet implements MouseListener {
  int a,b;
  public void init()
  {
   addMouseListener( this);
  }
  public void paint(Graphics g)
  {
  int x[]={150,300,225};
  int y[]={150,150,25};
  g.drawPolygon(x,y,3);
```

```
g.setColor(Color.RED);
g.fillPolygon(x,y,3);
g.drawRect(150,150,150,200);//Home
g.setColor(Color.YELLOW);
g.fillRect(150,150,150,200);
g.drawRect(200,200,50,150);//Door
g.setColor(Color.blue);
g.fillRect(200,200,50,150);
if(a>200 && a<300 && b>200 && b<300)
g.setColor(Color.red);
g.fillRect(200, 200, 50, 150);
public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent e)
public void mouseEntered(MouseEvent e)
@Override
public void mouseExited(MouseEvent e) {
}
public void mousePressed(MouseEvent e)
a=e.getX();
b=e.getY();
repaint();
}
public void mouseReleased(MouseEvent e)
}
HTML FILE
<html>
<body>
<applet code="Home.class" width="400" height="400">
</applet>
```

</body>

OUTPUT





5. Implement a simple calculator using AWT components.

```
public Cal(){
  inp = new TextField(20);
  p = new Panel();
  add(inp, "North");
  add(p, "Center");
  p.setLayout(new GridLayout(4,4));
  for(int i=0; i<16;i++){
     b[i] = new Button(bs[i]);
     b[i].addActionListener(this);
     p.add(b[i]);
  addWindowListener(new WindowAdapter(){
     public void windowClosing(WindowEvent we){
       System.exit(0);
     }
  });
}
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent ae){
  String str = ae.getActionCommand();
  if(str.equals("+")){
     opr = "+";
     n1 = Integer.parseInt(inp.getText());
     inp.setText("");
  else if(str.equals("-")){
     opr = "-";
     n1 = Integer.parseInt(inp.getText());
     inp.setText("");
  else if(str.equals("*")){
     opr = "*";
     n1 = Integer.parseInt(inp.getText());
     inp.setText("");
  else if(str.equals("/")){
     opr = "/";
     n1 = Integer.parseInt(inp.getText());
     inp.setText("");
  else if(str.equals("=")){
     n2 = Integer.parseInt(inp.getText());
     switch(opr){
       case "+":
```

```
result = n1 + n2;
             break;
          case "-":
             result = n1 - n2;
             break;
          case "*":
             result = n1 * n2;
             break;
          case "/":
             result = n1 / n2;
             break;
       inp.setText(String.valueOf(result));
     else if(str.equals("C")){
       inp.setText("");
       n1=n2=result=0;
     }
     else{
       inp.setText(inp.getText() + str);
     }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Cal c = new Cal();
     c.setTitle("Calculator");
     c.setSize(300, 300);
     c.setVisible(true);
  }
}
```

OUTPUT

	tor	_		×	
6					
1	2	3		+	
4	5	6			
7	8	9	,	*	
С	0	ı		=	

2. Program to find maximum of three numbers using AWT.

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import java.applet.*;
public class Maxthree extends Applet implements ActionListener
{
    TextField t1 = new TextField(10);
    TextField t2 = new TextField(10);
    TextField t3 = new TextField(10);
    TextField t4 = new TextField(10);
    Label I1 = new Label("FIRST NUMBER=:");
    Label I2 = new Label("SECOND NUMBER:");
    Label I3 = new Label("THIRD NUMBER:");
    Label I4 = new Label("RESULT IS");
    Button b = new Button("Find MAXIMUM");
```

```
add(I1);
     add(t1);
     add(I2);
     add(t2);
     add(I3);
     add(t3);
     add(I4);
     add(t4);
     add(b);
     b.addActionListener(this);
  }
  public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e)
     if (e.getSource() == b)
       int num1 = Integer.parseInt(t1.getText());
       int num2 = Integer.parseInt(t2.getText());
       int num3 = Integer.parseInt(t3.getText());
       if (num1 >= num2 && num1 >= num3)
          t4.setText("Result"+num1);
       else if (num2 >= num1 && num2 >= num3)
          t4.setText(""+num2);
       else
          t4.setText("Result"+num3);
    }
  }
}
<html>
<head>
<title> First Applet </title>
</head>
<body>
<APPLET CODE="Maxthree.class" width="400" height="400">
</applet>
</body>
</html>
```

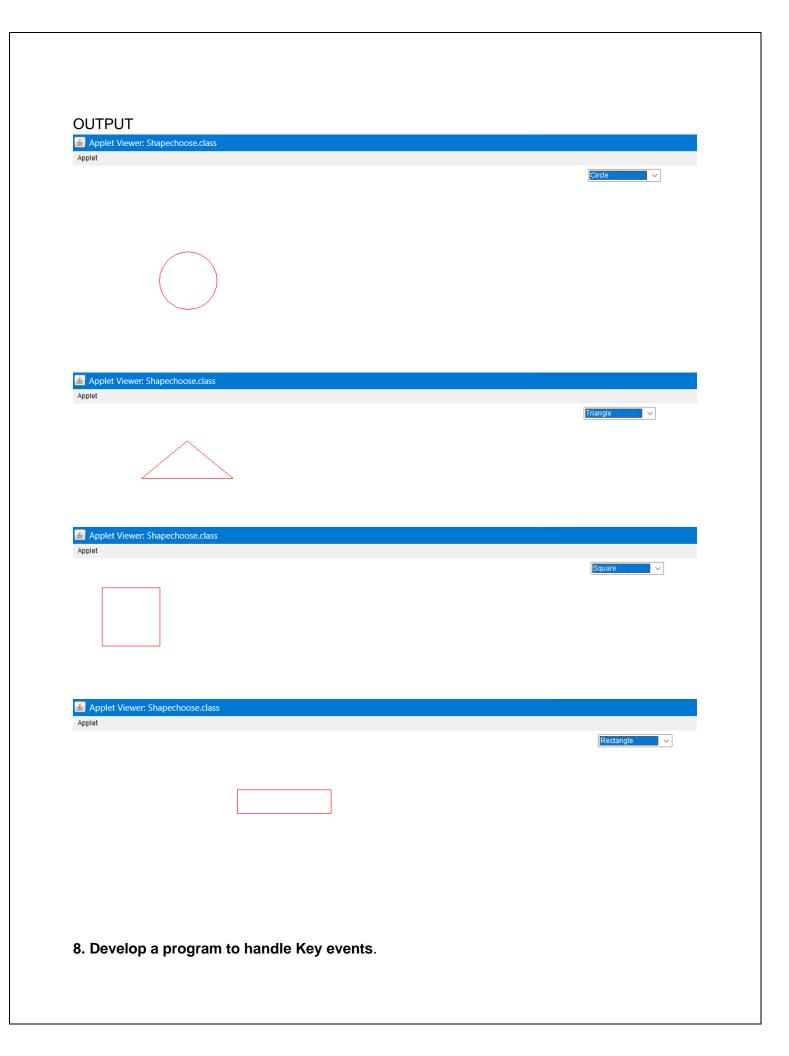




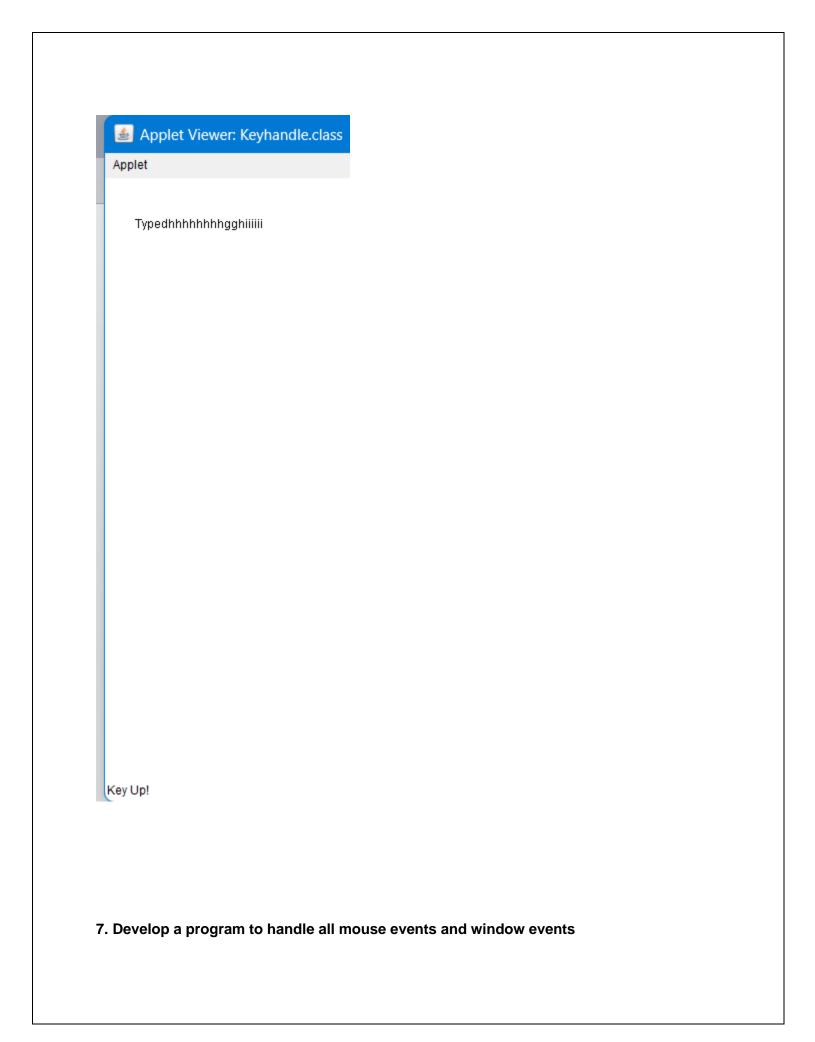
6. Develop a program that has a Choice component which contains the names of shapes such as rectangle, triangle, square and circle. Draw the corresponding shapes for given parameters as per user's choice.

```
import java.applet.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.Graphics;
import java.awt.event.*;
public class Shapechoose extends Applet implements ItemListener
Choice figure = new Choice();
int Select;
public void init()
figure.addItem("Select your choice");
figure.addItem("Rectangle");
figure.addItem("Square");
figure.addItem("Circle");
figure.addltem("Triangle");
add(figure);
figure.addItemListener(this);
public void itemStateChanged (ItemEvent e)
Select = figure.getSelectedIndex();
repaint();
```

```
public void paint(Graphics g)
g.setColor(Color.red);
super.paint(g);
if (Select == 1)
g.drawRect(280, 100, 160,40);
if (Select == 2)
g.drawRect(50,50,100,100);
if (Select == 3)
g.drawOval(150,150,100,100);
if (Select ==4)
g.drawLine(120, 130, 280, 130);
g.drawLine(120, 130, 200, 65);
g.drawLine(200, 65, 280, 130);
}
<html>
<body>
<applet code="Shapechoose.class" width="600" height="600">
</applet>
</body>
</html>
```

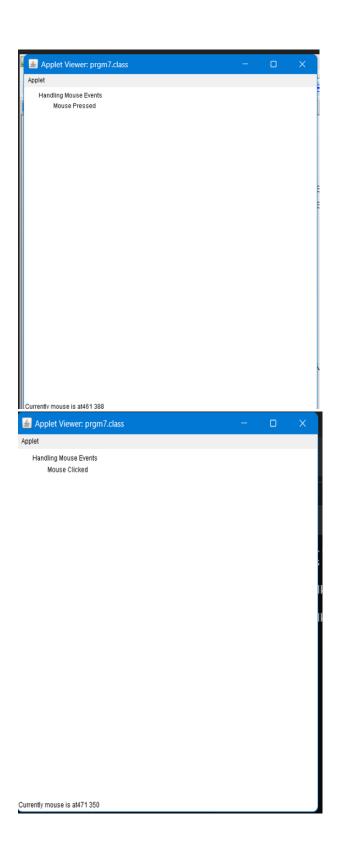


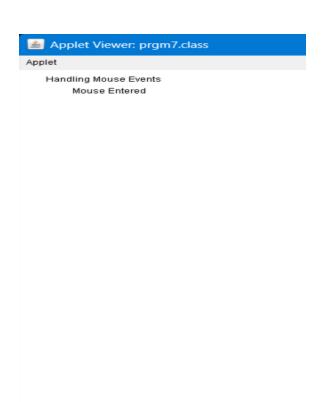
```
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import java.applet.*;
public class Keyhandle extends Applet implements KeyListener
String msg="Typed";
int x=30, y=50;
public void init()
addKeyListener(this);
requestFocus();
public void keyTyped(KeyEvent ke)
msg+=ke.getKeyChar();
repaint();
public void keyReleased(KeyEvent ke)
showStatus("Key Up!");
public void keyPressed(KeyEvent ke)
showStatus("Key Down!");
public void paint(Graphics G)
G.drawString(msg,x,y);
<html>
<body>
<applet code="Keyhandle.class" width="600" height="600">
</applet>
</body>
</html>
OUTPUT
```



```
import java.awt.*;
import java.applet.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
public class prgm7 extends Applet implements
MouseListener, Mouse Motion Listener
{
int mx=0;
int my=0;
String msg="";
public void init()
addMouseListener(this);
addMouseMotionListener(this);
}
public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent me)
mx=20;
my=40;
msg="Mouse Clicked";
repaint();
public void mousePressed(MouseEvent me)
mx=30;
my=60;
msg="Mouse Pressed";
repaint();
public void mouseReleased(MouseEvent me)
mx=30;
my=60;
msg="Mouse Released";
repaint();
public void mouseEntered(MouseEvent me)
mx=40;
my=80;
msg="Mouse Entered";
```

```
repaint();
}
public void mouseExited(MouseEvent me)
mx=40;
my=80;
msg="Mouse Exited";
repaint();
public void mouseDragged(MouseEvent me)
mx=me.getX();
my=me.getY();
showStatus("Currently mouse dragged"+mx+" "+my);
repaint(); }
public void mouseMoved(MouseEvent me)
mx=me.getX();
my=me.getY();
showStatus("Currently mouse is at"+mx+" "+my);
repaint();
public void paint(Graphics g)
g.drawString("Handling Mouse Events",30,20);
g.drawString(msg,60,40);
}
<html>
<body>
<applet code="prgm7.class" width="600" height="600">
</applet>
</body>
</html>
```





Currently mouse is at528 319

