

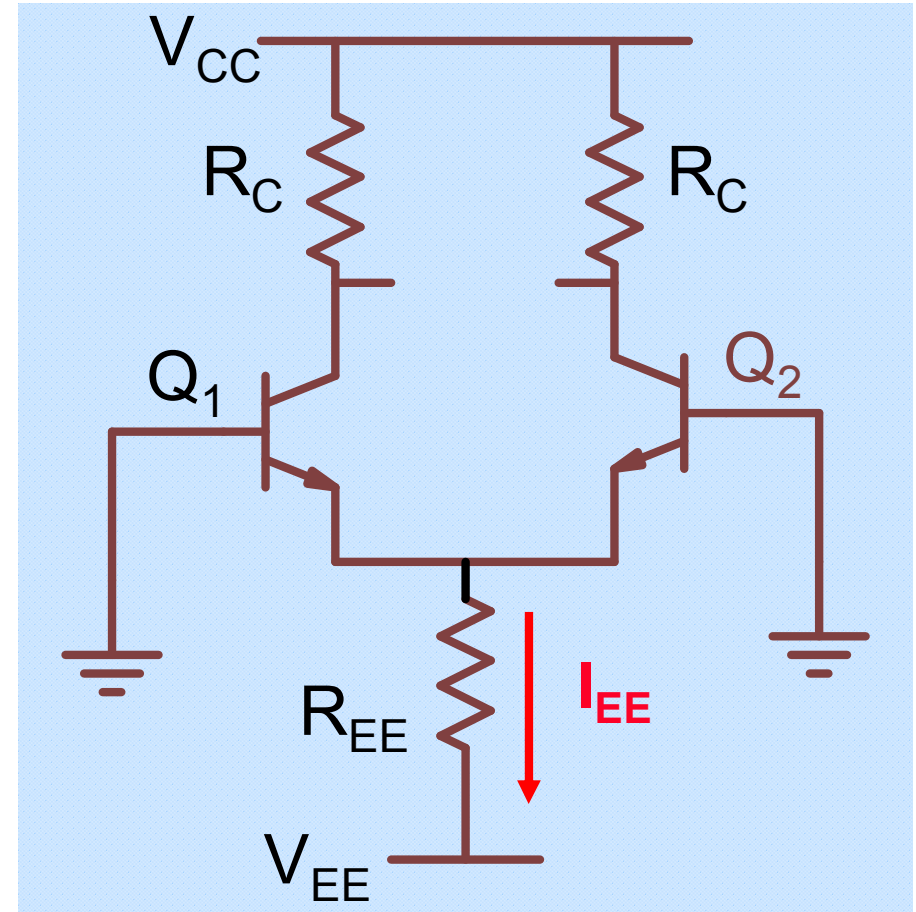
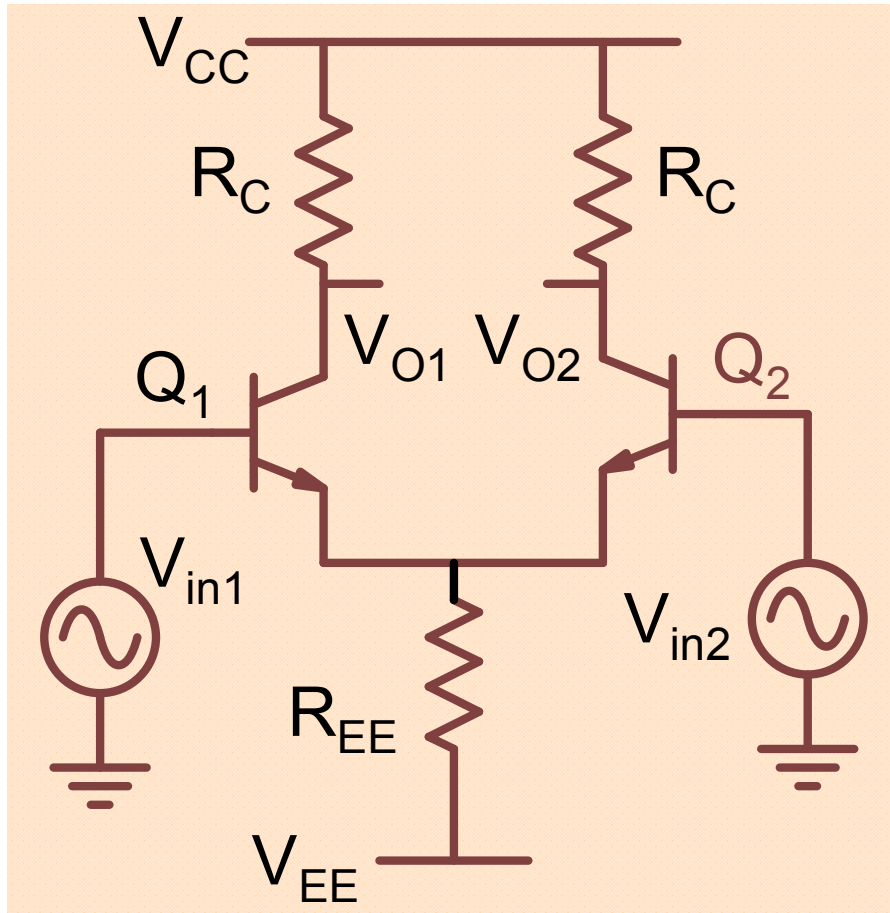
EE210: Microelectronics-I

Lecture-30: Differential Amplifiers_2

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Dept. of EE, IIT Kanpur

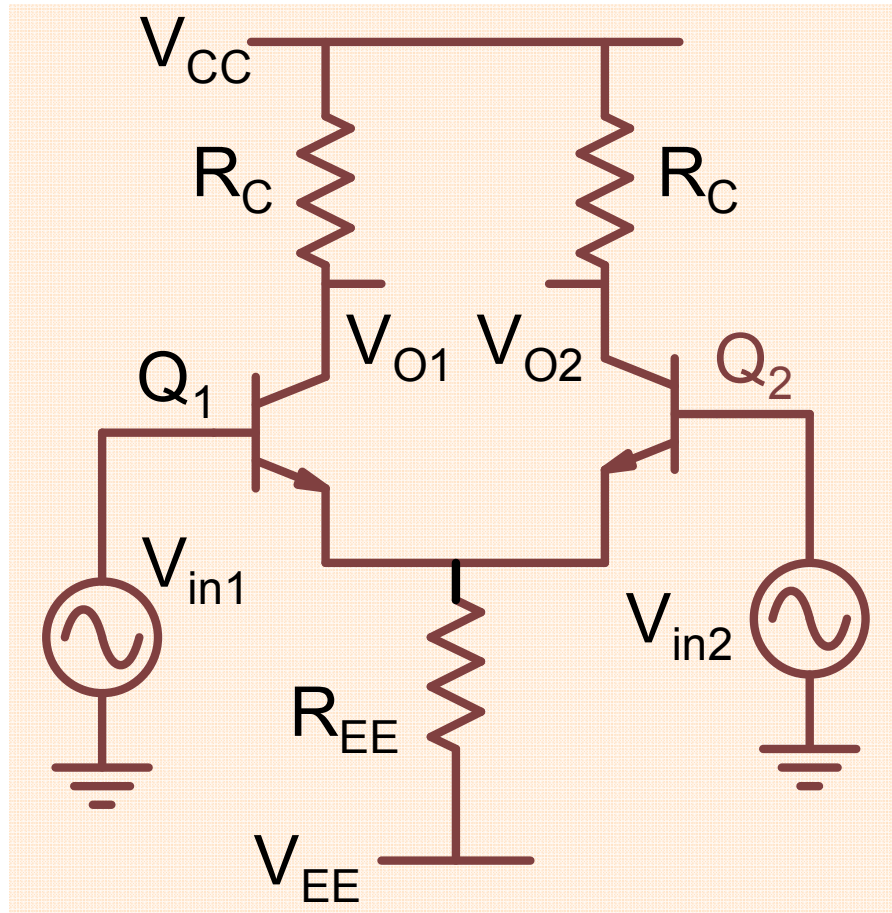
Bias or Quiescent point analysis



$$I_{EE} = \frac{-0.7 - V_{EE}}{R_E} ; I_{CQ1} = I_{CQ2} = 0.5 I_{EE}$$

Small Signal Analysis

Small signal can be dc, ac,...



$$v_{id} = v_{in1} - v_{in2} ;$$

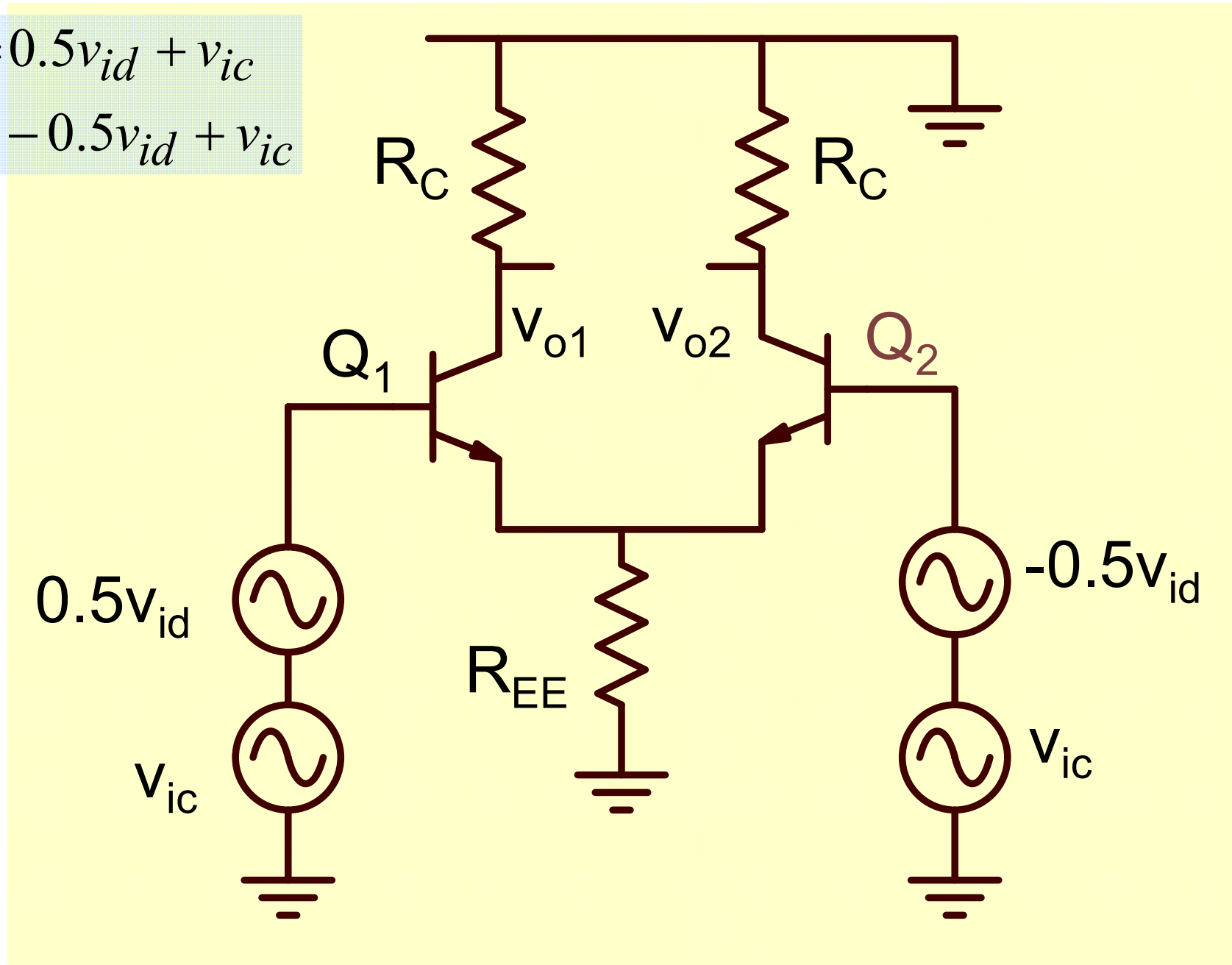
$$v_{ic} = \frac{v_{in1} + v_{in2}}{2}$$

$$v_{in1} = 0.5v_{id} + v_{ic}$$

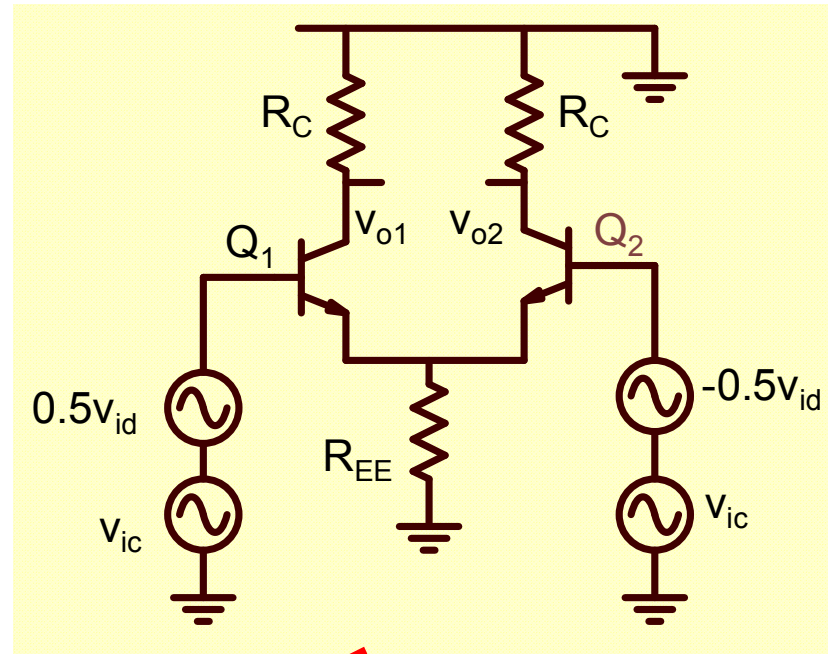
$$v_{in2} = -0.5v_{id} + v_{ic}$$

$$v_{in1} = 0.5v_{id} + v_{ic}$$

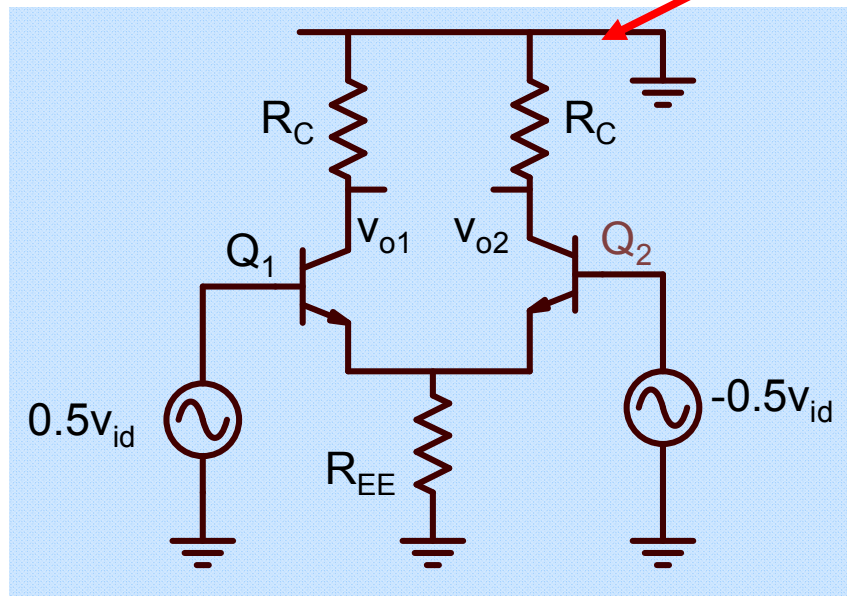
$$v_{in2} = -0.5v_{id} + v_{ic}$$



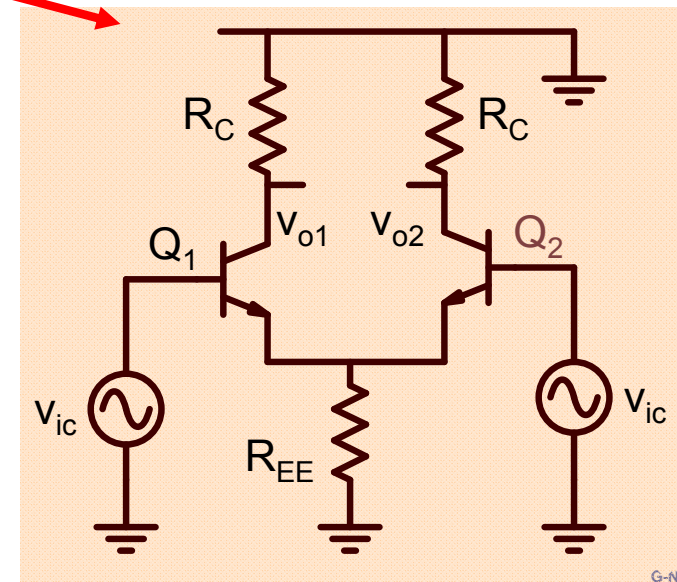
Use superposition to break analysis into two parts:



Differential mode



Common mode



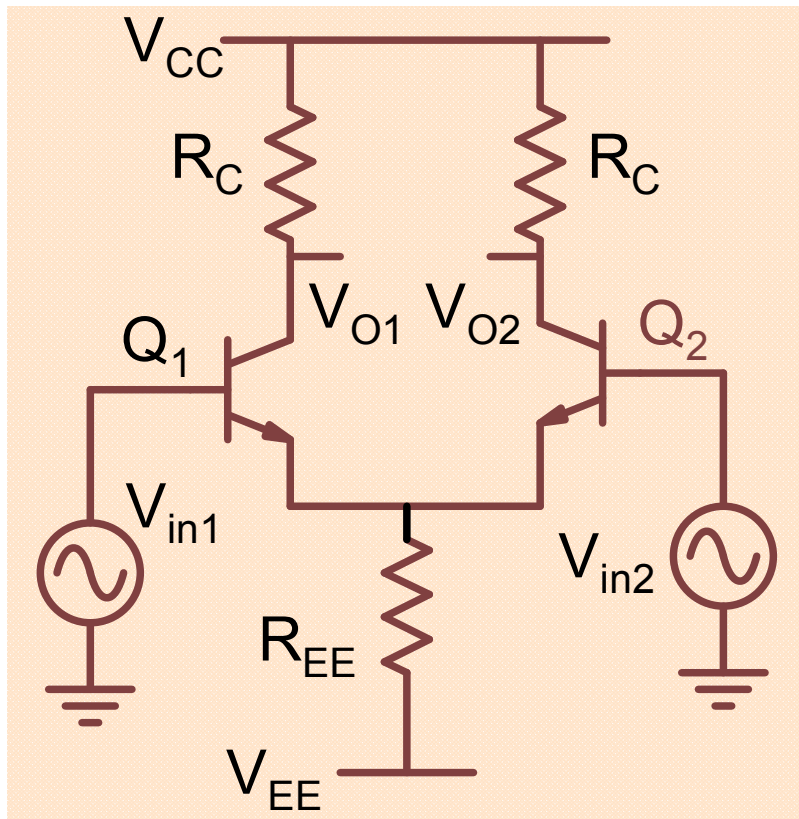
Signal at any point in the circuit:

$$X_j = X_{JQ} + x_j$$

$$x_j = x_{jd} + x_{jc}$$

$$x_{jd} = K_{jd} \times v_{id}$$

$$x_{jc} = K_{jc} \times v_{ic}$$

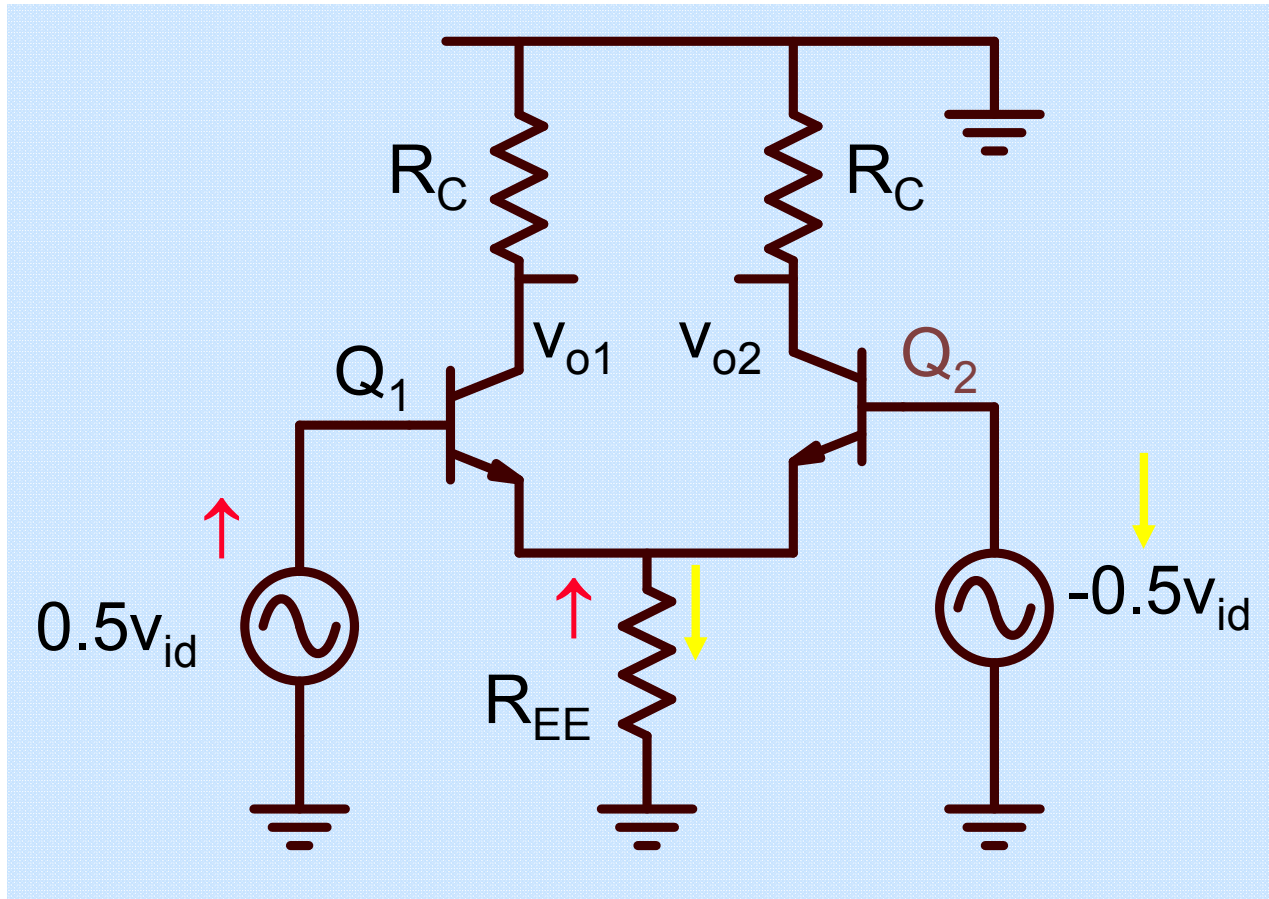


$$V_{o1} = V_{o1Q} + v_{o1d} + v_{o1c}$$

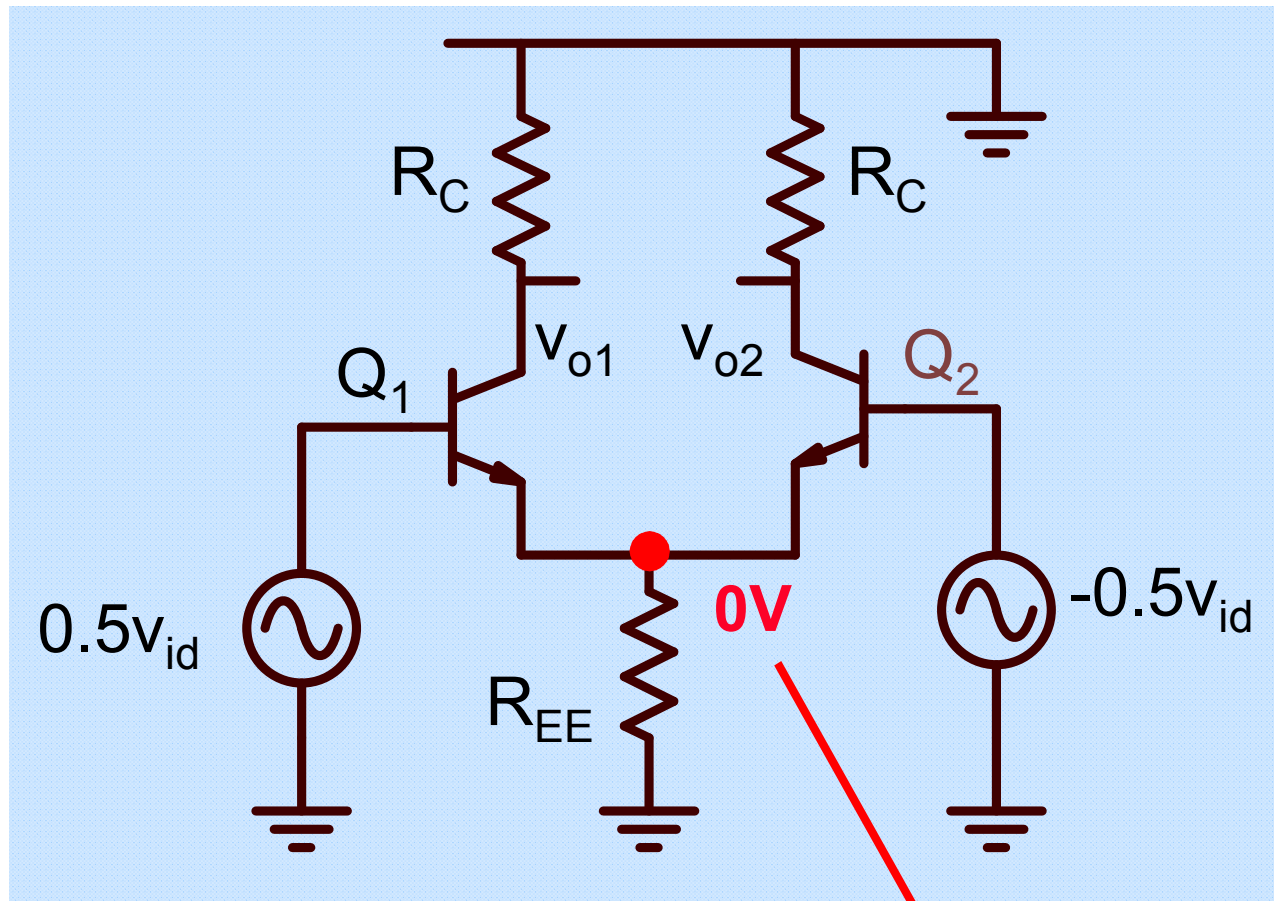
$$v_{o1d} = A_{dm} v_{id} ; v_{o1c} = A_{cm} v_{ic}$$

Analysis : Bias point
small signal: differential mode
common mode

Differential Mode Analysis

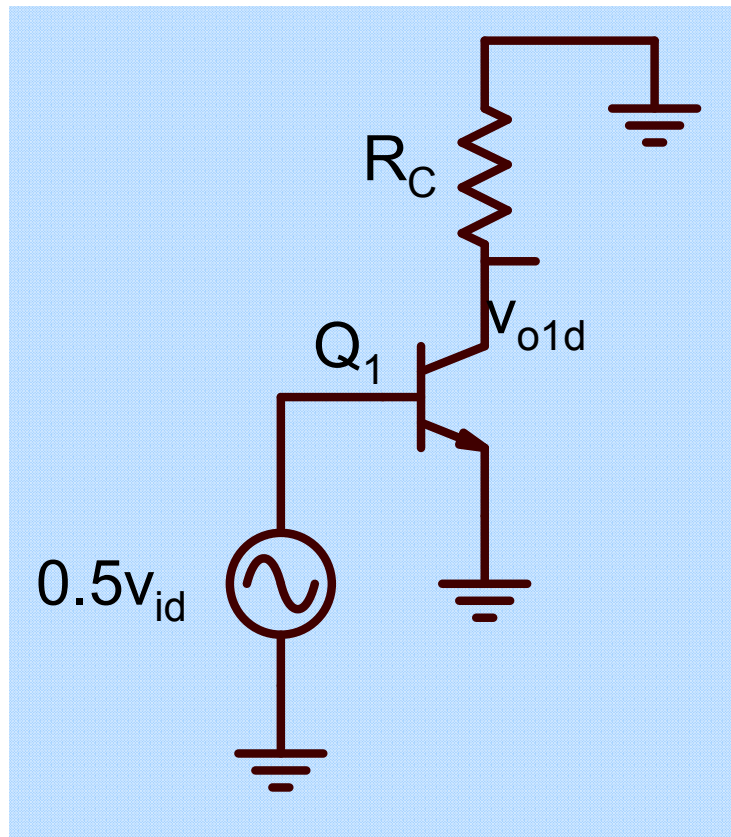


Differential Mode Analysis

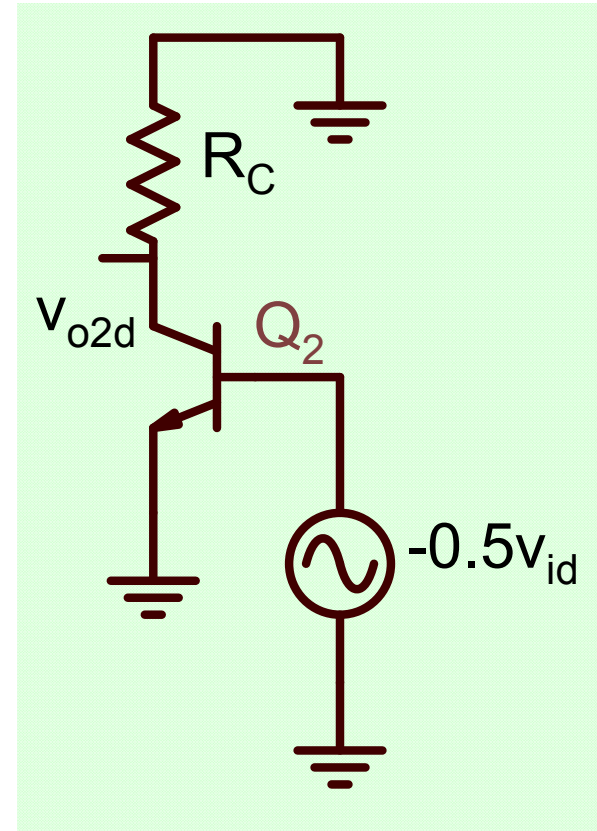


Small signal ground

Differential Mode Analysis



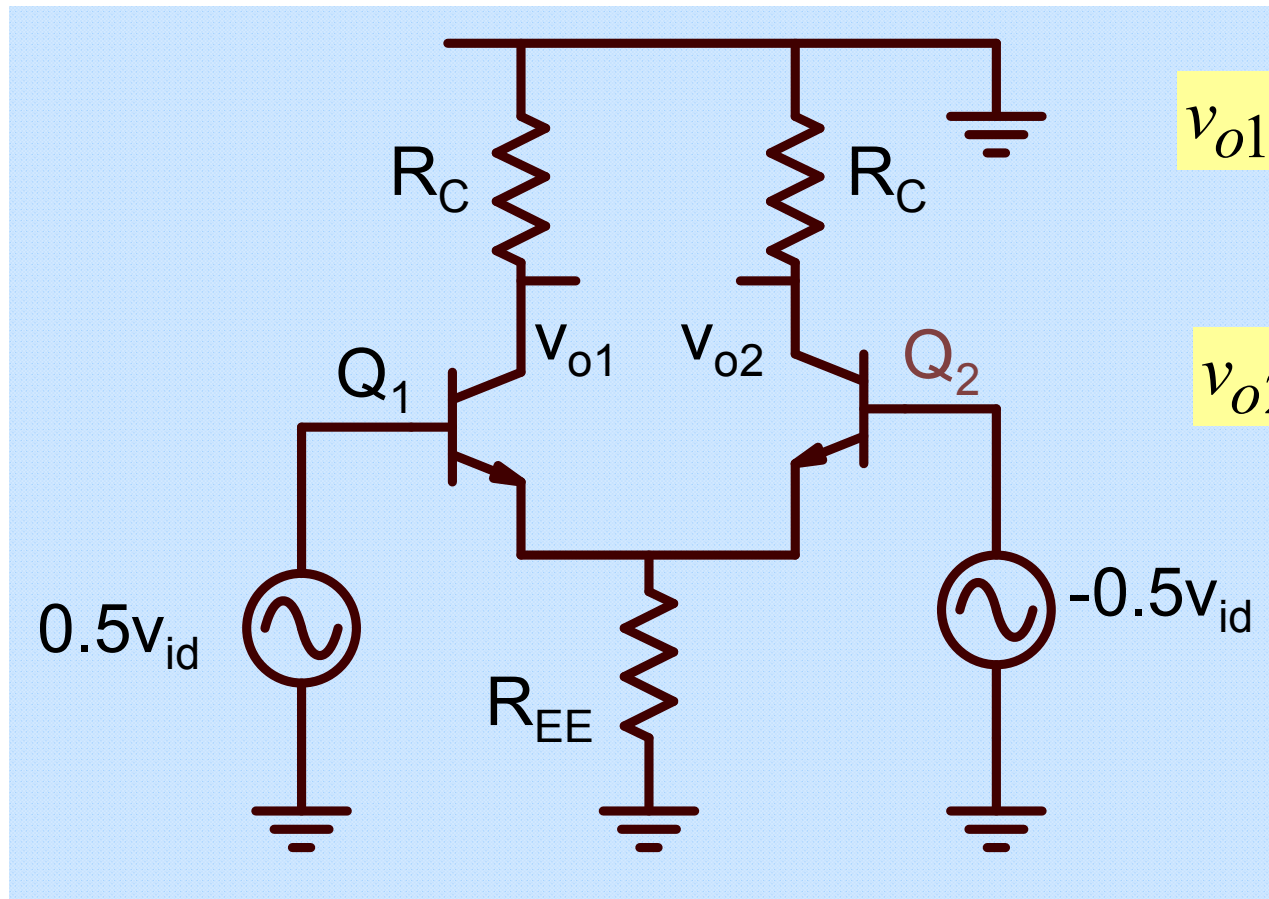
$$v_{o1d} = -0.5g_m R_C v_{id}$$



$$v_{o2d} = 0.5g_m R_C v_{id}$$

$$A_{dm} = \frac{v_{o1d}}{v_{id}} = -0.5g_m R_C$$

Differential output Voltage

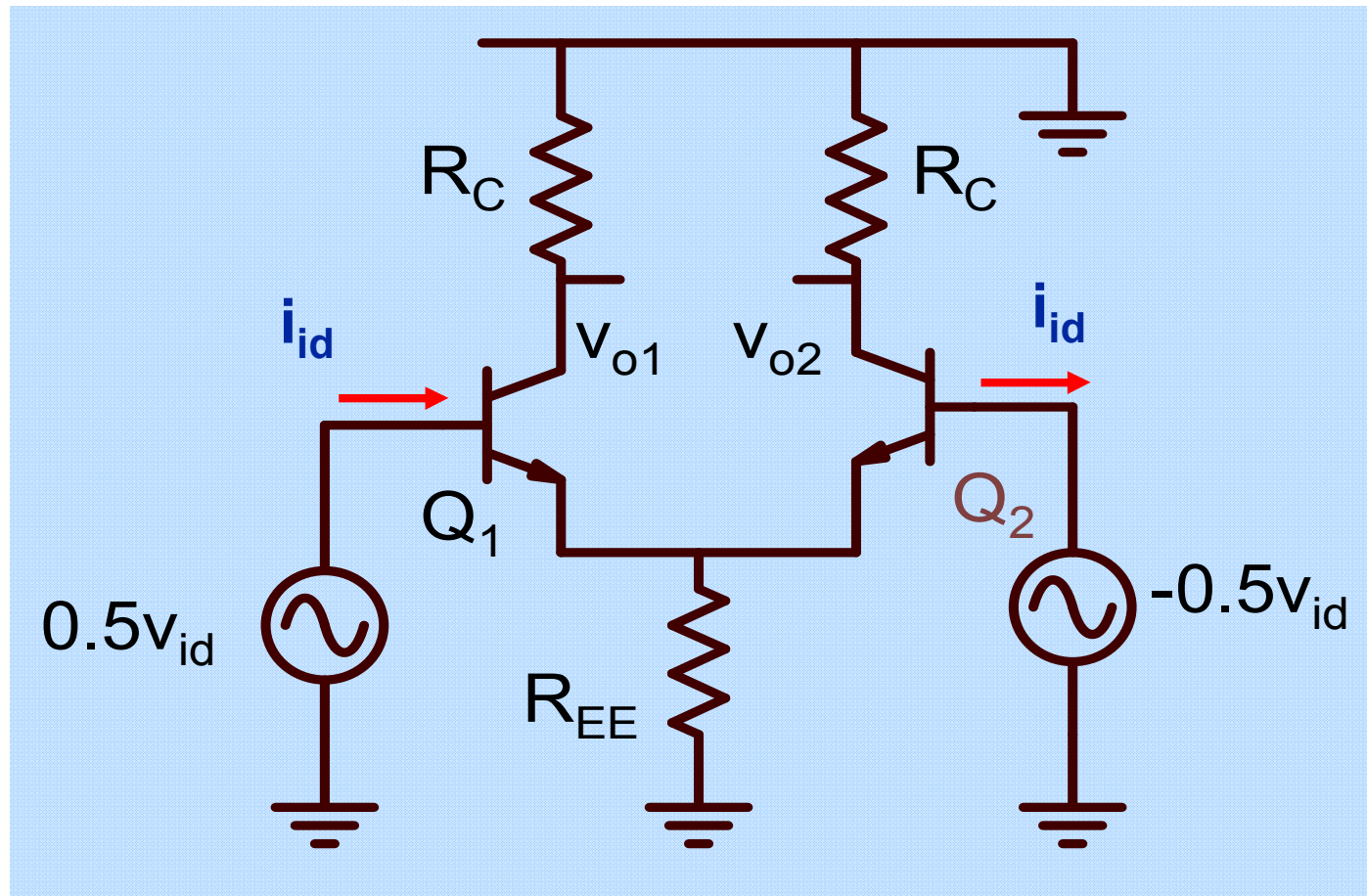


$$v_{o1d} = -0.5g_m R_C v_{id}$$

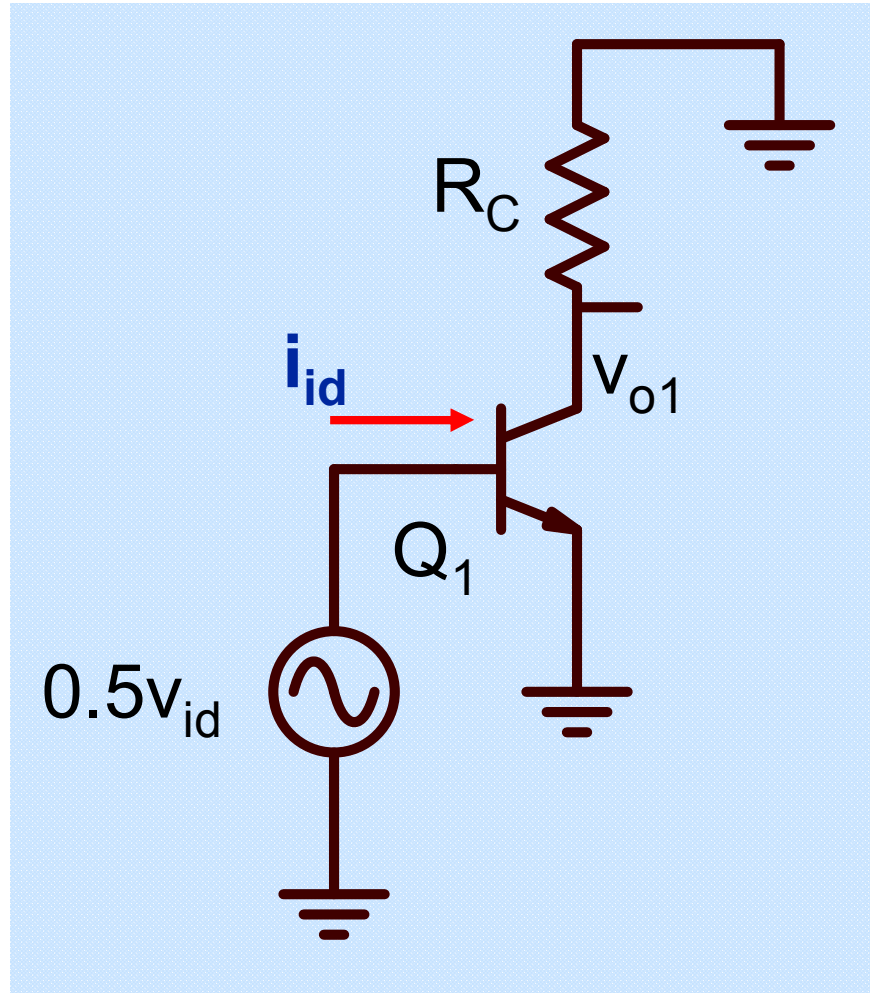
$$v_{o2d} = 0.5g_m R_C v_{id}$$

$$v_{od} = v_{o2d} - v_{o1d} = g_m \times R_C$$

Differential Input Resistance



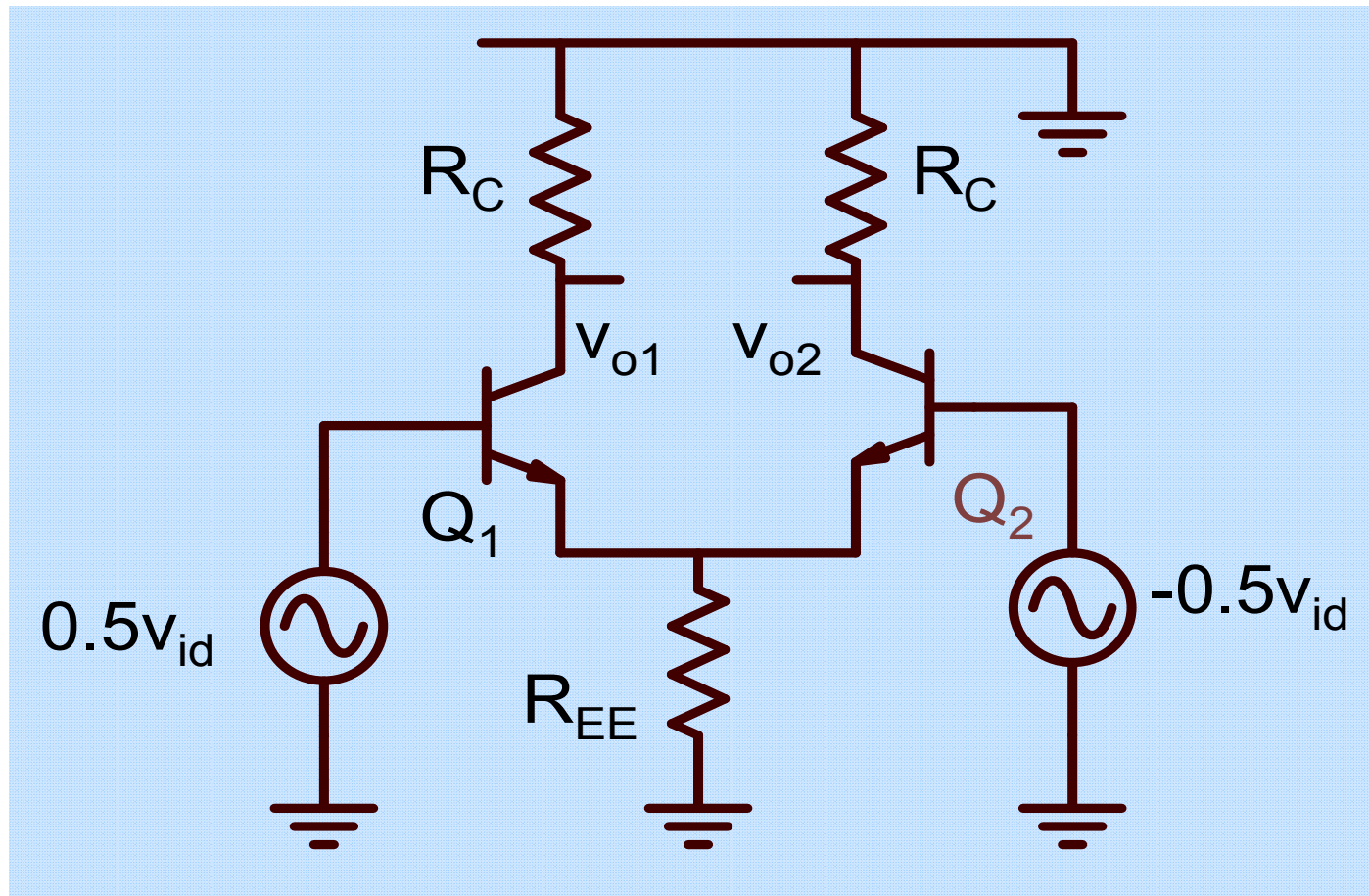
$$R_{id} = \frac{v_{id}}{i_{id}}$$



$$i_{id} = \frac{0.5v_{id}}{r_{\pi}}$$

$$R_{id} = 2r_{\pi}$$

Output Resistance



Single ended output: R_C

Summary

Single ended output

$$A_{dm} = -0.5g_m R_C$$

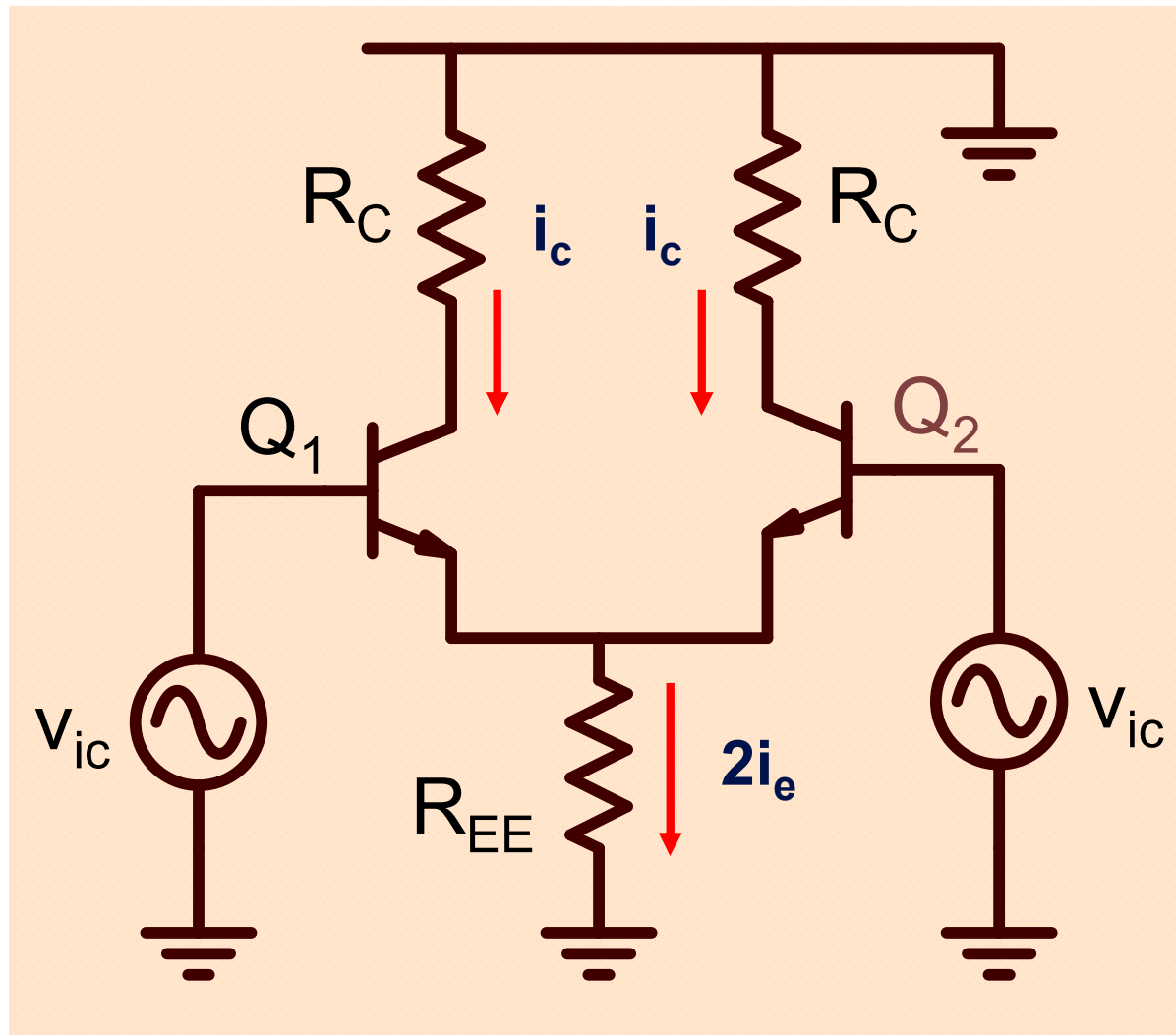
$$R_o = R_C$$

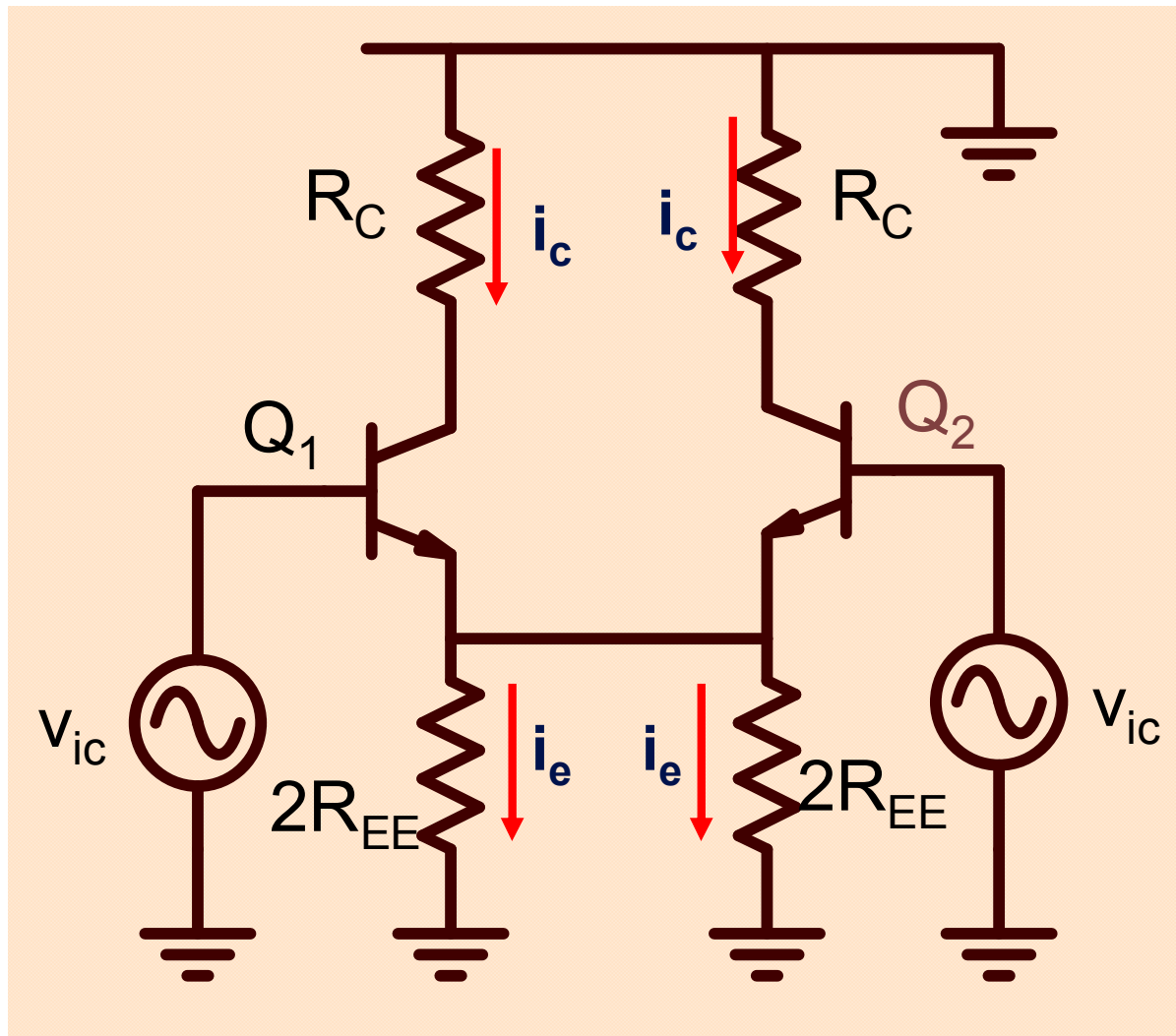
$$R_{id} = 2r_\pi$$

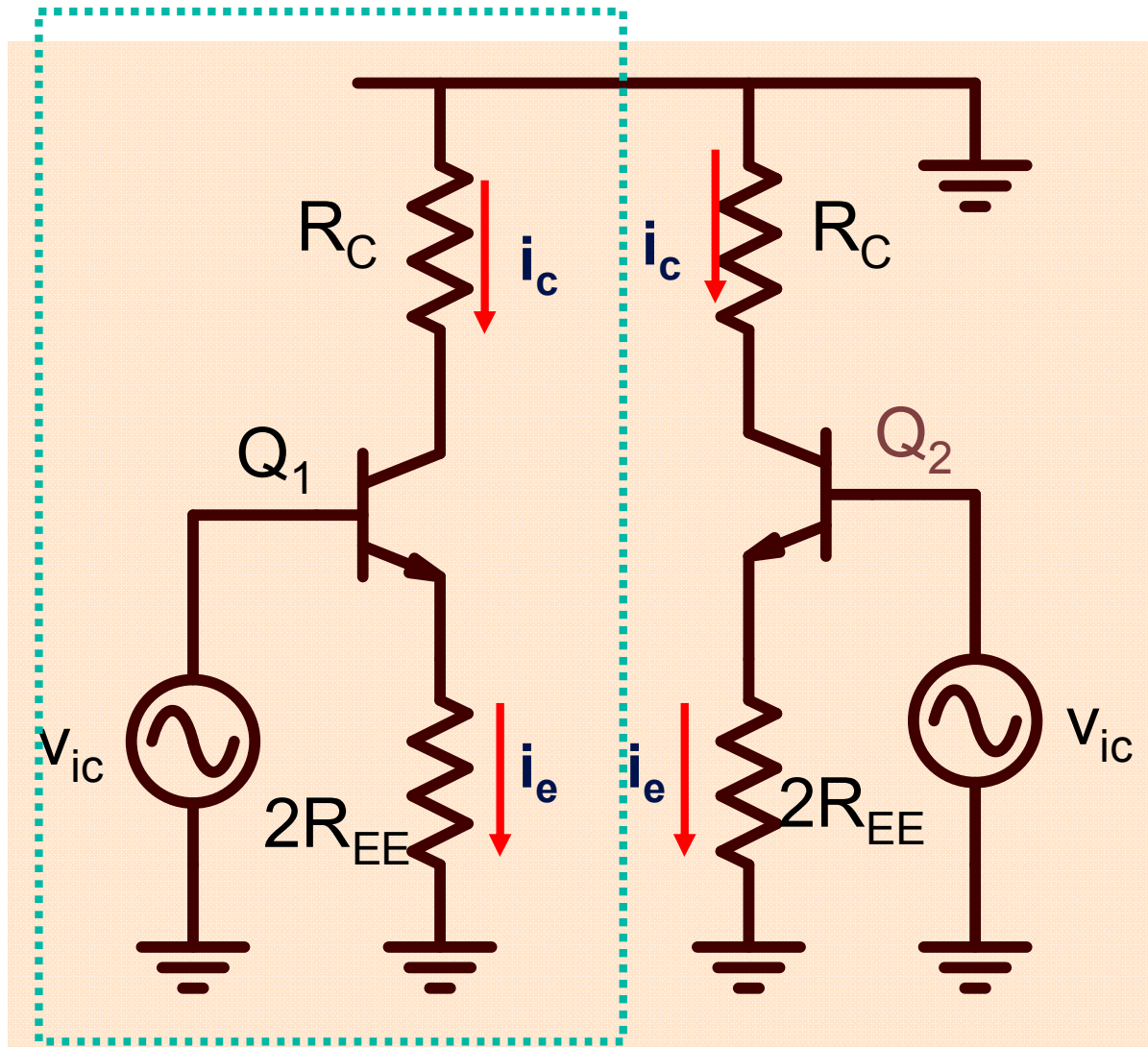
$$\frac{A_{dm} \times R_{id}}{R_O} = \beta$$

Like CE amplifier

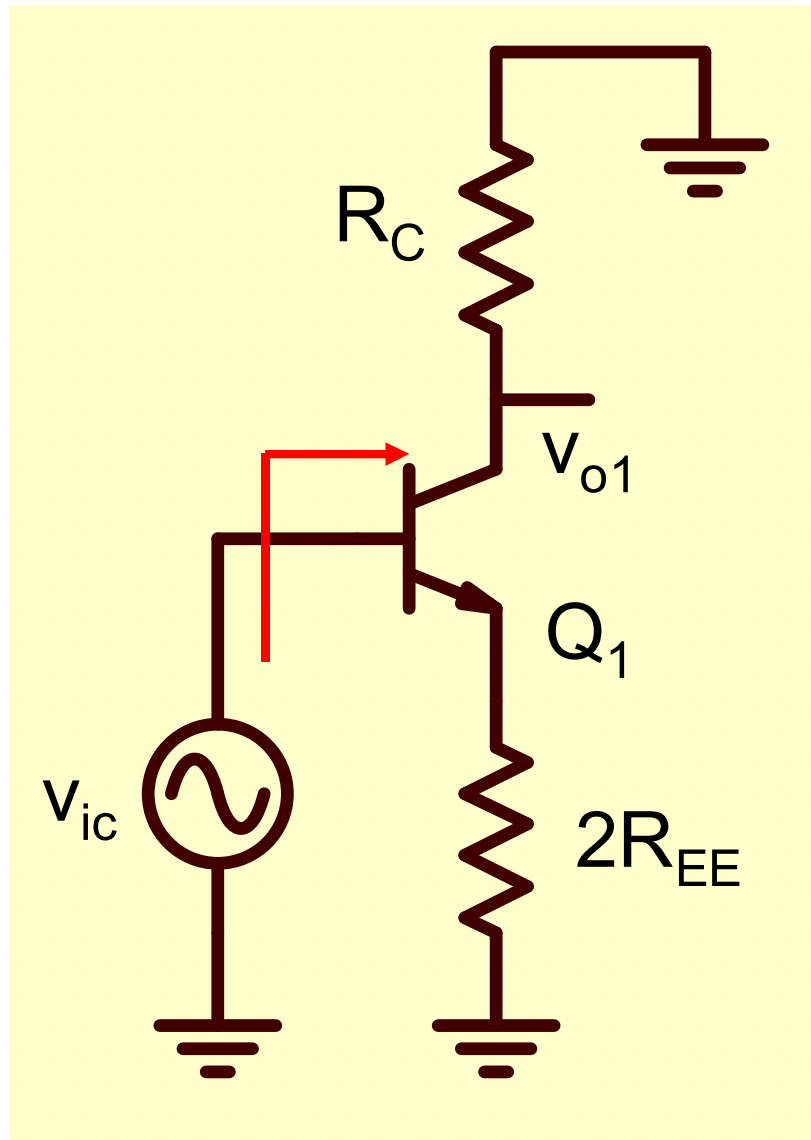
Common Mode Analysis







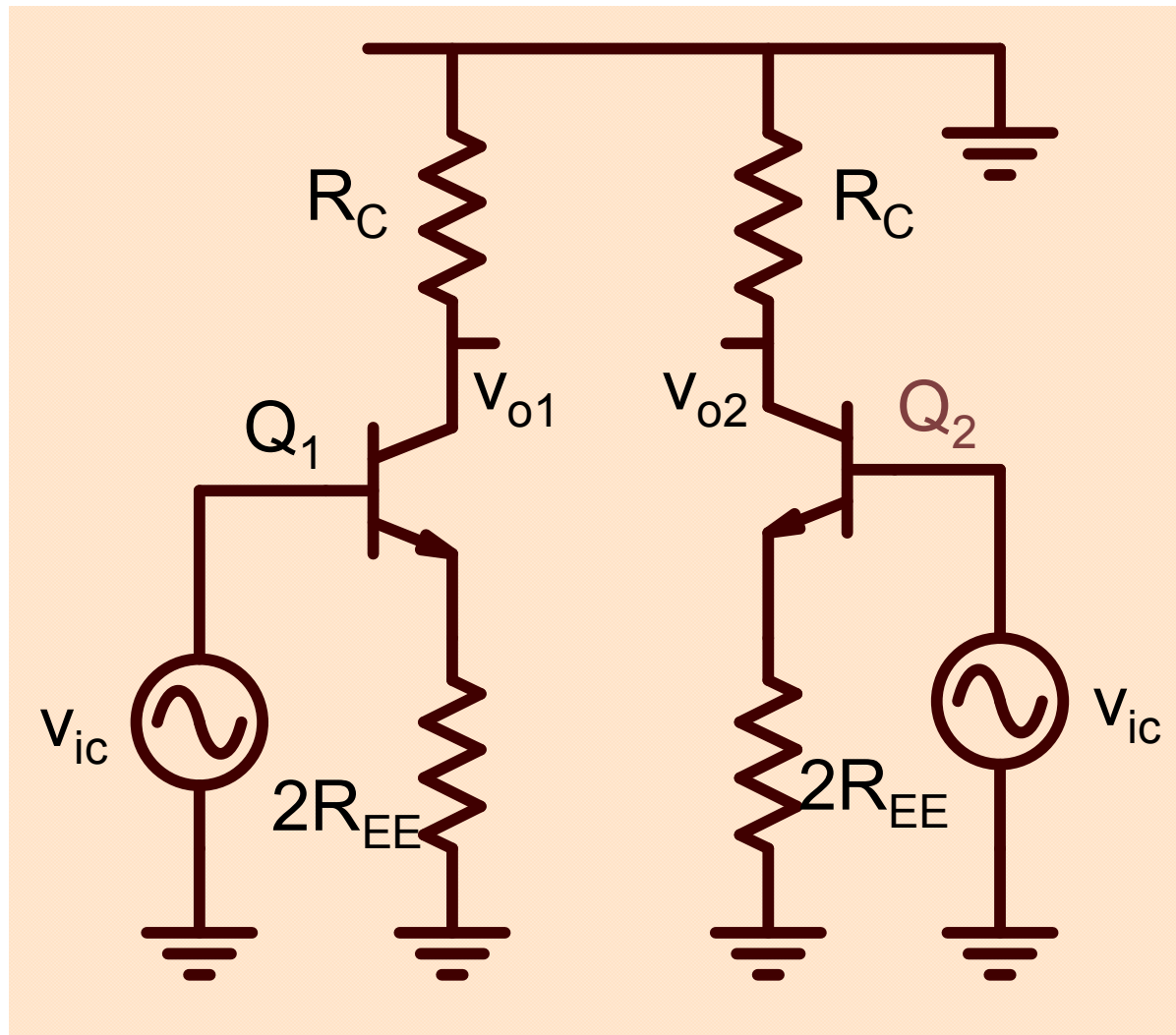
Single ended common mode gain



$$A_{cm} = \frac{v_{o1}}{v_{ic}} = - \frac{g_m}{1 + 2g_m R_{EE}} R_C$$

$$R_{ic} = r_{\pi} + (1 + \beta) \times 2R_{EE}$$

Differential Output



$$v_{o1} = v_{o2} \Rightarrow v_{od} = 0$$

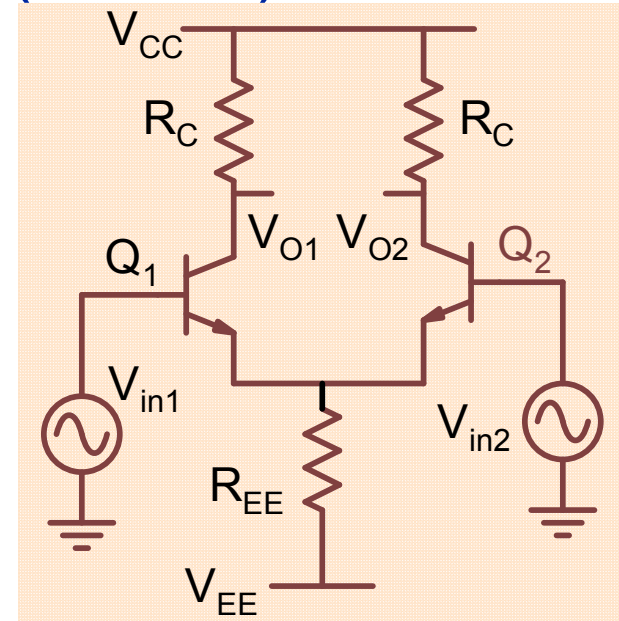
Mismatches result in non-zero common mode gain

Common Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR)

$$A_{dm} = -0.5g_m R_C$$

$$A_{cm} = -\frac{g_m}{1 + 2g_m R_{EE}} R_C$$

$$CMRR = \frac{A_{dm}}{A_{cm}} = 0.5 + g_m R_{EE}$$



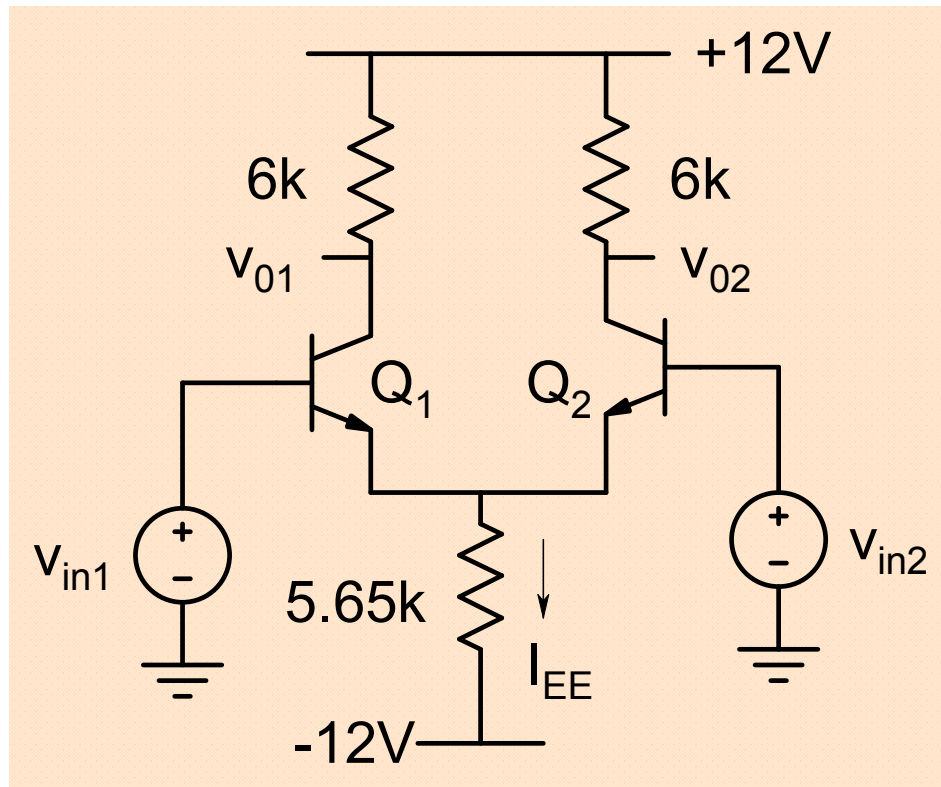
A high cmrr is required to reject unwanted common mode signals

$$g_m = \frac{I_{CQ}}{V_T} = \frac{I_{EE}}{2V_T}$$

$$CMRR = 0.5 + \frac{I_{EE} R_{EE}}{2V_T} \cong 0.5 + \frac{-0.7 - V_{EE}}{2V_T}$$

For a V_{EE} of -12V , $CMRR = 217.8$

Example



$$I_{EE} = \frac{-0.7 - V_{EE}}{R_{EE}} = 2mA$$

$$I_{CQ1} = I_{CQ2} = 1mA$$

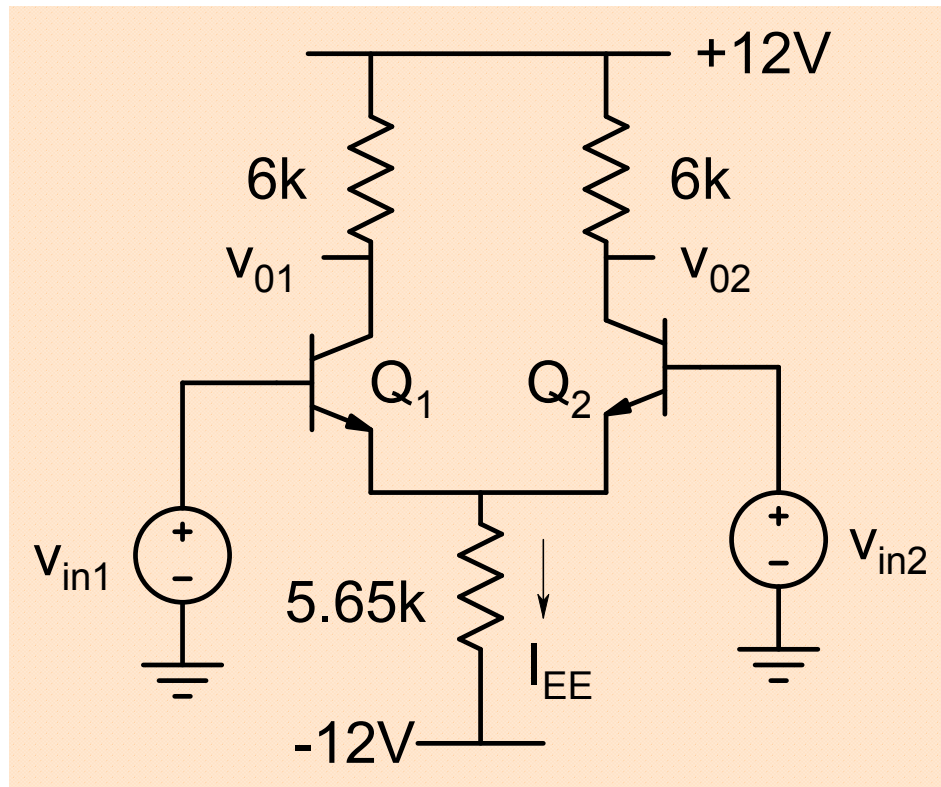
$$g_m = 38.46m\Omega^{-1}$$

$$A_{dm} = ?; R_{id} = ?$$

$$A_{cm} = ?; R_{ic} = ?$$

$$CMRR = ?$$

Example



$$I_{EE} = \frac{-0.7 - V_{EE}}{R_{EE}} = 2mA$$

$$I_{CQ1} = I_{CQ2} = 1mA$$

$$g_m = 38.46m\Omega^{-1}$$

$$A_{dm} = -0.5g_m R_C$$

$$A_{cm} = -\frac{g_m}{1 + 2g_m R_{EE}} R_C$$

$$A_{dm} = -115.38; R_{id} = 5.2K\Omega$$

$$A_{cm} = -0.53; R_{ic} = 1.14M\Omega$$

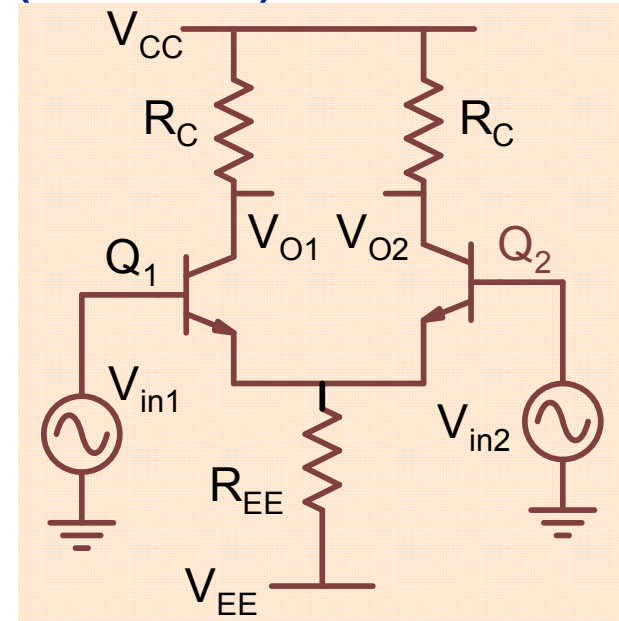
$$CMRR = 217.81$$

Common Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR)

$$A_{dm} = -0.5g_m R_C$$

$$A_{cm} = -\frac{g_m}{1 + 2g_m R_{EE}} R_C$$

$$CMRR = \frac{A_{dm}}{A_{cm}} = 0.5 + g_m R_{EE}$$



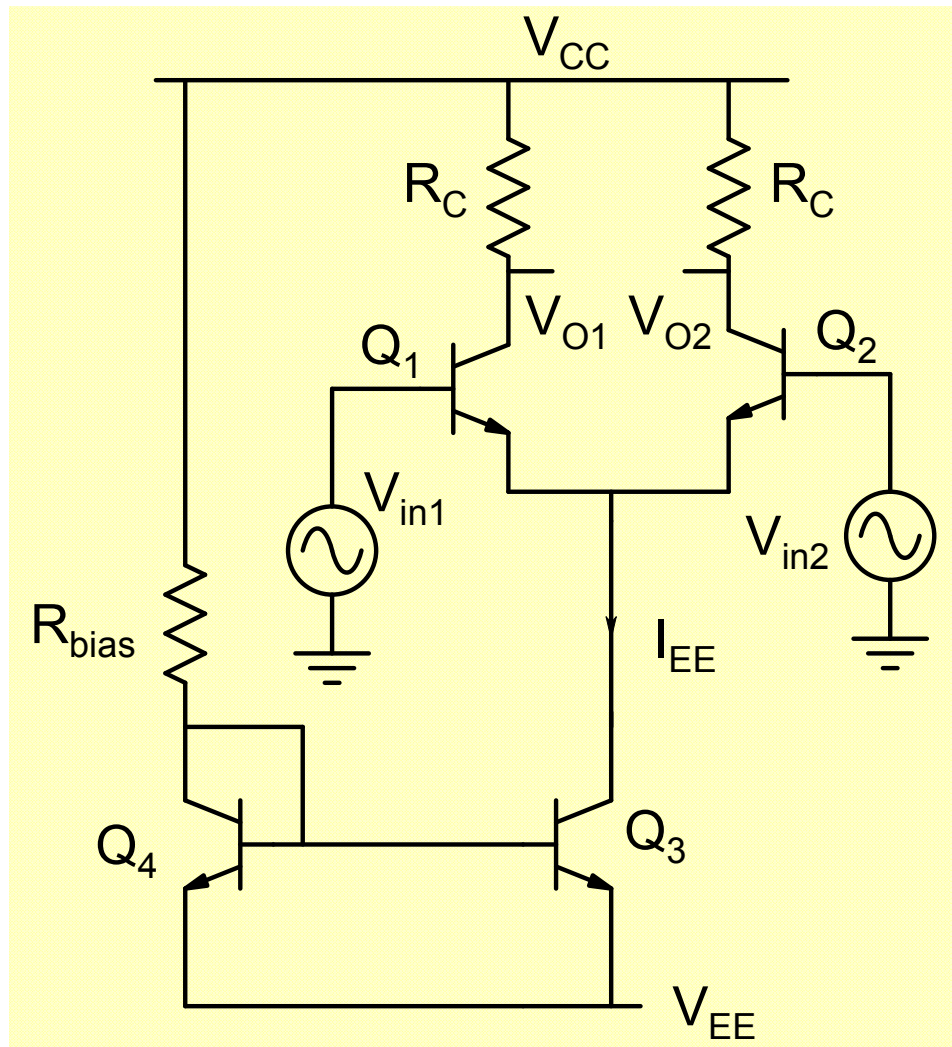
A high cmrr is required to reject unwanted common mode signals

$$g_m = \frac{I_{CQ}}{V_T} = \frac{I_{EE}}{2V_T}$$

$$CMRR = 0.5 + \frac{I_{EE} R_{EE}}{2V_T} \cong 0.5 + \frac{-0.7 - V_{EE}}{2V_T}$$

For a V_{EE} of -12V , $CMRR = 217.8$

Differential amplifier with current source biasing



$$I_{EE} = \frac{V_{CC} - 0.7 - V_{EE}}{R_{bias}}$$

Small signal analysis:

$$R_{EE} = r_{o3} = \frac{V_A}{I_{EE}}$$

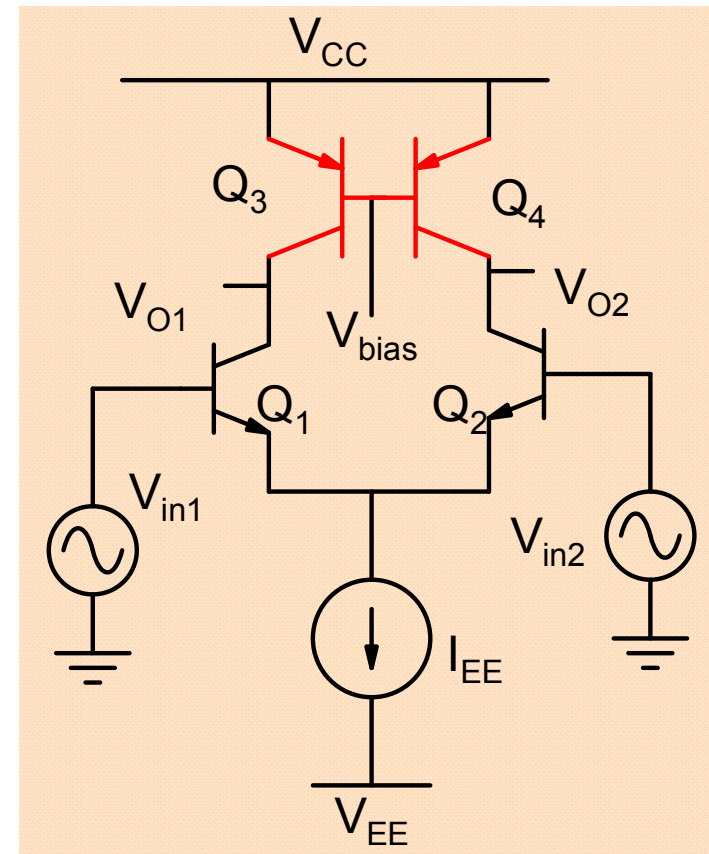
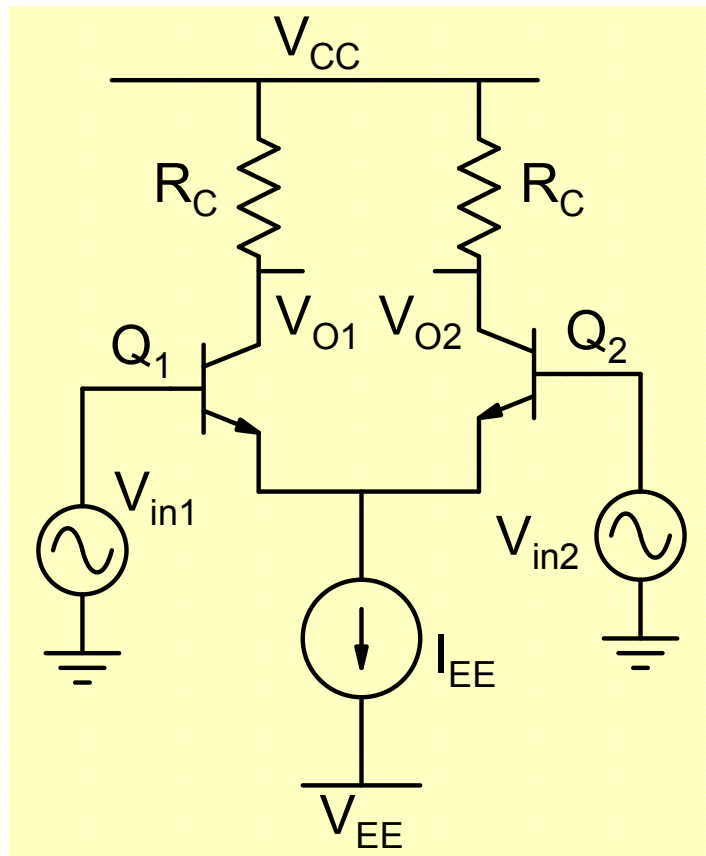
All results same with this value of R_{EE}

$$A_{dm} = -0.5 g_m R_C$$

$$A_{cm} = -\frac{g_m}{1 + 2g_m R_{EE}} R_C$$

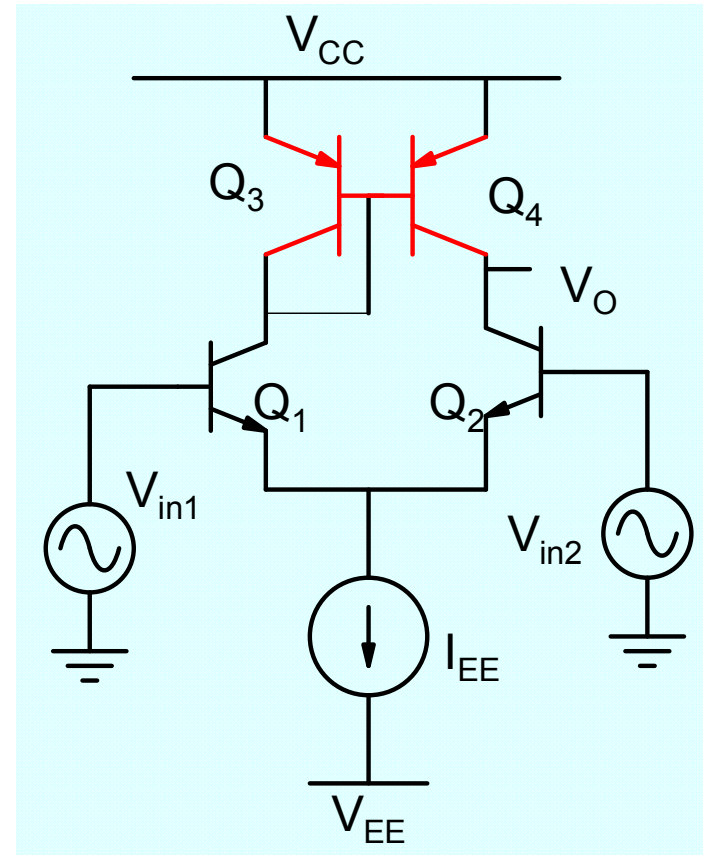
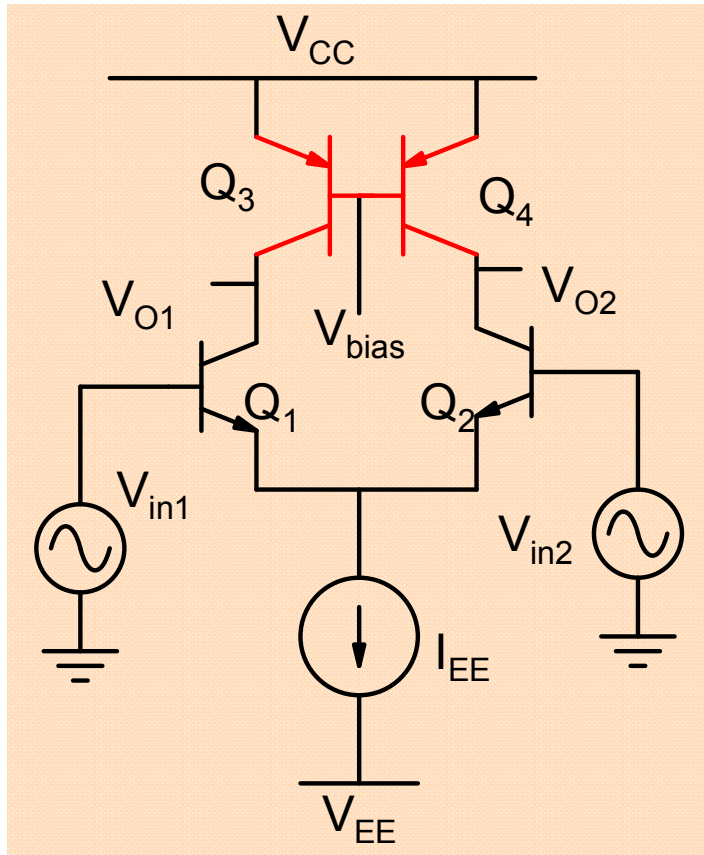
$$CMRR = \frac{A_{dm}}{A_{cm}} = 0.5 + g_m R_{EE}$$

Differential amplifier with Active load



Although higher voltage gain is obtained, the bias point is very sensitive to V_{bias} of pnp transistors

Differential amplifier with current mirror load



Bias point is stable, high differential gain and low common mode gain are obtained in this circuit

Note that Q_1 & Q_2 are matched and Q_3 & Q_4 are matched