

Heap Algorithms

PARENT(A, i)

// Input: A : an array representing a heap, i : an array index
// Output: The index in A of the parent of i
// Running Time: $O(1)$
1 **if** $i == 1$ **return** NULL
2 **return** $\lfloor i/2 \rfloor$

LEFT(A, i)

// Input: A : an array representing a heap, i : an array index
// Output: The index in A of the left child of i
// Running Time: $O(1)$
1 **if** $2 * i \leq \text{heap-size}[A]$
2 **return** $2 * i$
3 **else return** NULL

RIGHT(A, i)

// Input: A : an array representing a heap, i : an array index
// Output: The index in A of the right child of i
// Running Time: $O(1)$
1 **if** $2 * i + 1 \leq \text{heap-size}[A]$
2 **return** $2 * i + 1$
3 **else return** NULL

MAX-HEAPIFY(A, i)

// Input: A : an array where the left and right children of i root heaps (but i may not), i : an array index
// Output: A modified so that i roots a heap
// Running Time: $O(\log n)$ where $n = \text{heap-size}[A] - i$
1 $l \leftarrow \text{LEFT}(i)$
2 $r \leftarrow \text{RIGHT}(i)$
3 **if** $l \leq \text{heap-size}[A]$ and $A[l] > A[i]$
4 $\text{largest} \leftarrow l$
5 **else** $\text{largest} \leftarrow i$
6 **if** $r \leq \text{heap-size}[A]$ and $A[r] > A[\text{largest}]$
7 $\text{largest} \leftarrow r$
8 **if** $\text{largest} \neq i$
9 exchange $A[i]$ and $A[\text{largest}]$
10 MAX-HEAPIFY($A, \text{largest}$)

BUILD-MAX-HEAP(A)

// Input: A : an (unsorted) array
// Output: A modified to represent a heap.
// Running Time: $O(n)$ where $n = \text{length}[A]$
1 $\text{heap-size}[A] \leftarrow \text{length}[A]$
2 **for** $i \leftarrow \lfloor \text{length}[A]/2 \rfloor$ **downto** 1
3 MAX-HEAPIFY(A, i)

HEAP-INCREASE-KEY(A, i, key)

// Input: A : an array representing a heap, i : an array index, key : a new key greater than $A[i]$

// Output: A still representing a heap where the key of $A[i]$ was increased to key

// Running Time: $O(\log n)$ where $n = \text{heap-size}[A]$

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1 if  $key < A[i]$ 
2   error("New key must be larger than current key")
3  $A[i] \leftarrow key$ 
4 while  $i > 1$  and  $A[\text{PARENT}(i)] < A[i]$ 
5   exchange  $A[i]$  and  $A[\text{PARENT}(i)]$ 
6    $i \leftarrow \text{PARENT}(i)$ 
```

HEAP-SORT(A)

// Input: A : an (unsorted) array

// Output: A modified to be sorted from smallest to largest

// Running Time: $O(n \log n)$ where $n = \text{length}[A]$

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1 BUILD-MAX-HEAP( $A$ )
2 for  $i = \text{length}[A]$  downto 2
3   exchange  $A[1]$  and  $A[i]$ 
4    $\text{heap-size}[A] \leftarrow \text{heap-size}[A] - 1$ 
5   MAX-HEAPIFY( $A, 1$ )
```

HEAP-EXTRACT-MAX(A)

// Input: A : an array representing a heap

// Output: The maximum element of A and A as a heap with this element removed

// Running Time: $O(\log n)$ where $n = \text{heap-size}[A]$

```
1  $max \leftarrow A[1]$ 
2  $A[1] \leftarrow A[\text{heap-size}[A]]$ 
3  $\text{heap-size}[A] \leftarrow \text{heap-size}[A] - 1$ 
4 MAX-HEAPIFY( $A, 1$ )
5 return  $max$ 
```

MAX-HEAP-INSERT(A, key)

// Input: A : an array representing a heap, key : a key to insert

// Output: A modified to include key

// Running Time: $O(\log n)$ where $n = \text{heap-size}[A]$

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1  $\text{heap-size}[A] \leftarrow \text{heap-size}[A] + 1$ 
2  $A[\text{heap-size}[A]] \leftarrow -\infty$ 
3 HEAP-INCREASE-KEY( $A[\text{heap-size}[A]], key$ )
```