First Principles: Process Isolation, Domain Separation

- 1. Time: 1-4
- 2. Virtualization and Building a lab
 - a. Time
 - b. Lecture: Basic concepts of virtualization
 - i. Explanation of CPU hardware
 - ii. Basic concept of a hypervisor
 - 1. Mapping a hard drive to a file
 - 2. Mapping virtual machine RAM to physical memory
 - 3. Translating virtual CPU instructions to physical CPU instructions
 - iii. Small-level virtualization:
 - 1. AV sandboxes
 - c. Activity: Boot up a local Windows 7 VM and access the Internet
 - d. Activity: Boot up a local Windows XP VM and access the Internet
 - e. Activity: Install Linux on a virtual machine and check network connectivity. Install a web server application.
 - f. Activity: Install Linux on a virtual machine and check network connectivity. Install a database server.
 - g. Overflow: Boot other VMs on and look at what kind of tools they have.
- 3. Virtual Network Types
 - a. Time
 - b. Lecture: Home networking and virtual networking
 - i. Basic home networking concepts
 - 1. Client
 - 2. Server
 - 3. Router
 - 4. Switch
 - 5. Network address translation
 - ii. Basic home networking tools
 - 1. ip/ifconfig
 - 2. tracert/traceroute
 - 3. netcat
 - 4. Whois
 - 5. nslookup
 - 6. netstat
 - c. Activities
 - i. Use the VM in the morning to:
 - 1. Perform a traceroute to Google IP (8.8.8.8)
 - 2. Perform a traceroute www.google.com
 - 3. Perform a whois on each IP between RIT and Google
 - 4. Use netcat to communicate with the other members of your team.
 - 5. Use netcat to manually make an HTTP request
 - ii. Overflow:
 - 1. Map the traceroute to other websites