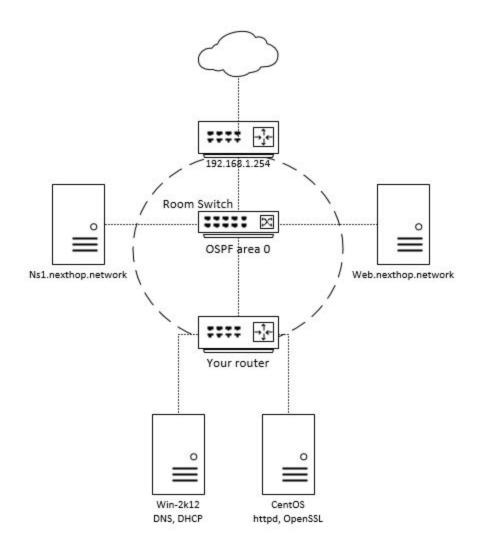


Network Services

Topology:



IP Scheme: 172.16.X.H/24 (X is your bench/pod number, H is for hosts)

PC setup:

- 1. Launch VMWare workstation
- 2. Make sure VM's are set to bridge to physical network
- 3. Boot base VM's necessary to this lab
 - a. Passwords: student

Windows Server (DHCP, DNS): you can do linux DNS and DHCP if you want...

- 1. Login and let Server Manager Load
- 2. Change your hostname to *ns1.*<*yourdomain>.nexthop.network*
- 3. Install DHCP, DNS
- 4. Configure DHCP pool
- 5. Configure DHCP to pass out domain suffix you plan to use in step x
- 6. Check DHCP is working properly on your Windows 7 host
- 7. Create reservation for your Windows 7 host
- 8. Configure DNS domain with yourname.com
- 9. Check DNS is working properly on your Windows 7 host

CentOS:

- 1. Assign a static IP Address of 172.16.X.50 and exclude it in your DHCP pool
- 2. Install a web server (apache, nginx, etc)
- 3. Configure your web server and start the service
- 4. Browse to your website
- 5. Configure your index.html file to personalize your website

Routing:

- 1. **USE THE Cisco 2911!!**
- Add a router to your topology and set the Default Gateway (or default router) DHCP option for your pool
- 3. Connect your router to the room switch
- 4. Ensure you obtain an IP address via DHCP of 192.168.1.X
- 5. Exchange routing information with us and other groups using OSPF (all area 0 for now)
- 6. Verify you can reach our network (ping 192.168.1.254)
- 7. Set up a default route to 192.168.1.254 and get Internet connectivity

DNS Delegation:

- 1. Come see us
- 2. Delegate your subdomain to your DNS server
- 3. Set your Windows 7 machine to use your DNS server
- 4. Set up DNS forwarding to *ns1.nexthop.network*

Built-It-Night #2 Lab 9/13/16

- 5. Add a CNAME record of www.<yourdomain>.nexthop.network
- 6. Browse to your website www.<yourdomain>.nexthop.network
- 7. Browse to web.nexthop.network
- 8. Browse to another person's web site

HTTPS:

- 1. Set up SSL for your website (Hint: Use a self signed certificate)
- 2. HTTPS is fairly straightforward, luckily for us Digital Ocean creates amazing guides
- 3. Change hostname of your web server
- 4. Accept security certificate when browsing to it (since it is a self signed certificate, your PC/browser does not trust it)