



## **Data Collection and Preprocessing Phase**

Date	27 NOVEMBER 2024
Team ID	FACULTY
Project Title	Unemployed Insurance Beneficiary Forecasting.
Maximum Marks	6 Marks

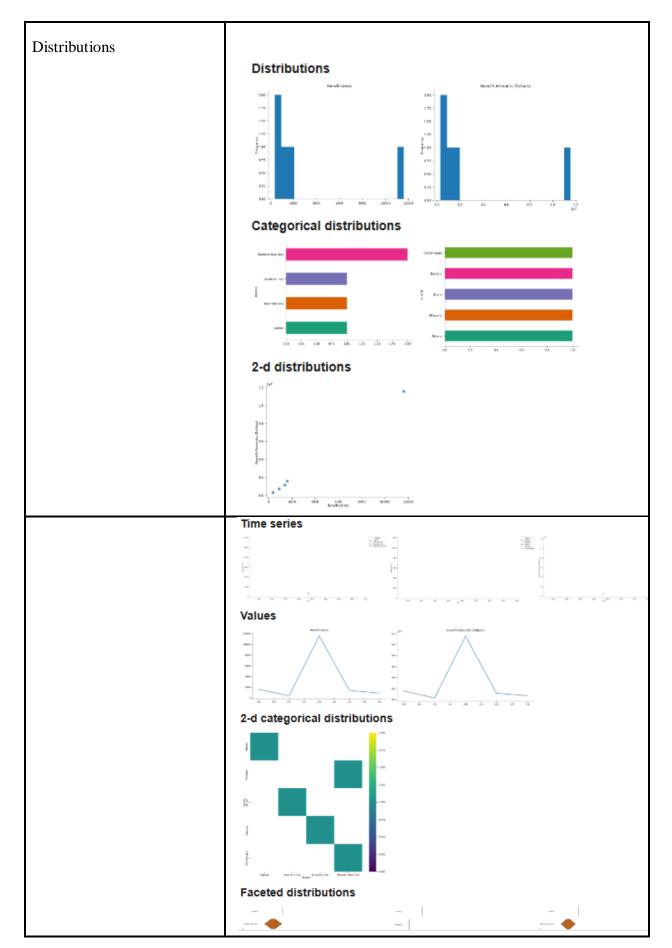
## **Preprocessing Template**

The images will be preprocessed by resizing, normalizing, augmenting, Dataset variables will be statistically analyzed to identify patterns and outliers, with Python, employed for preprocessing tasks like normalization and feature engineering. Data cleaning will address missing values and outliers, ensuring quality for subsequent analysis and modeling, and forming a strong foundation for insights and predictions, ensuring robust and efficient performance across various computer vision tasks.

Section	De	Description						
	13 Desc	Dimension: 13760 rows × 6 columns Descriptive statistics:  Descriptive Analysis						
Data Overview		df.describe()						
	₹		Beneficiaries	Benefit Amounts (Dollars)	Beneficiaries_diff	Date		
		count	13759.000000	1.375900e+04	13759.000000	13759	11.	
		mean	3858.499891	3.847134e+06	-0.094484	2009-11-30 12:10:43.651428352		
		min	0.000000	0.000000e+00	-50200.000000	2001-01-01 00:00:00		
		25%	600.000000	5.700000e+05	-1200.000000	2005-06-01 00:00:00		
		50%	1200.000000	1.110000e+06	0.000000	2009-12-01 00:00:00		
		75%	2800.000000	2.720000e+06	1500.000000	2014-06-01 00:00:00		
		max	50700.000000	5.681000e+07	49000.000000	2018-11-01 00:00:00		
		std	6557.760758	6.878863e+06	9431.460815	NaN		











Outliers and Anomalies					
Data Preprocessing Code S	Screenshots				
Loading Data	Read The Dataset				
Handling Missing Data	Checking for missing values  [6] print(df.isnull().sum())  Year  Month  Region  County  Beneficiaries  Benefit Amounts (Dollars)  dtype: int64				
Checking for Duplicates  Checking Duplicates  [7] df.duplicated().sum()  df.info()					
	<pre></pre>				
	(13760, 6) df.shape				





## Feature Engineering **Splitting Dataset into Train and Test Sets** [9] df.dropna(inplace=True) [10] train\_size=int (len(df)\*0.8) train,test=df[:train\_size],df[train\_size:] create differenced column [11] train['Beneficiaries\_diff']=train['Beneficiaries'].diff() print(train['Beneficiaries\_diff']) <del>\_</del> → 0 NaN -1200.0 1 11200.0 -10200.0 3 -500.0 11003 0.0 11004 500.0 11005 6700.0 11006 -7300.0 11007 -200.0 Name: Beneficiaries\_diff, Length: 11008, dtype: float64 Distributions Benefit Amounts (Dollars) Beneficiaries\_diff Date vs count()