

COSC265 Lab Test 2024 – Solutions

Question 1: Select count(*) from TABLE;

Member: 38 tuples

Author: 41 tuples

Book: 48 tuples

Author_of: 50 tuples

Question 2: Specify a constraint for the MEMBER table, to check that the value of TYPE is either *staff* or *student*.

Alter table member

Add constraint check_member_type check (Type in ('student','staff'));

Question 3: Create the CHECKOOUT table

CHECKOUT(Book, Member, CheckOutDate, DueDate, CheckInDate)

Create table checkout

(Book integer not null references Book,

Member integer not null references Member,

CheckOutDate date not null,

DueDate date not null,

CheckInDate date,

Primary key (Book,Member,CheckOutDate));

Question 4: Populate the table

There are 218 tuples.

Question 5: Show unique book types.

select distinct type from book;

TYPE

science fiction

biography

horror

thriller

fantasy

fiction

satire

guide book

novel

history

poetry

nonfiction

12 rows selected.

Question 6: For each book that has been checked out more than five times, show its title and the total number of times it has been checked out.

```
Select title,count(CheckOutDate)
From book join checkout on book=bookid
Group by bookid,title
Having count(Checkoutdate)>5;
```

Question 7: Titles of books which have never been checked out.

```
Select title
From book
Where not exists (select book from checkout
                  Where book=bookid);
```

TITLE

Harry Potter and the Order of Phoenix
Between the lines
Small great things
For Esme - with love and squalor

Question 8: For each member who has overdue books, show their name and the number of overdue books. Order the results in the increasing order of overdue books.

```
Select fname, lname, count(duedate) overdue
From member join checkout on member = id
Where checkindate is null and duedate < sysdate
Group by id,fname,lname
Order by overdue;
```

FNAME	LNAME	OVERDUE

Elizabeth	Taylor	1
Barbara	Wilson	1
Matt	Nelson	2
Charles	Harris	2
Scott	Bell	3

Question 9: Create the Available_Books view which shows the book number and title for those books that can be checked out.

```
Create View Available_books as
(Select bookid,title
From book)
minus
(select bookid, title
From book join checkout on bookid=book
Where checkindate is null);
```

BOOKID	TITLE
28	My sister's keeper
33	Small great things
36	Nineteen minutes
59	Between the lines
99	Harry Potter and the Order of Phoenix
137	Black House
138	For Esme - with love and squalor
808	The Edge
1351	Dreamcatcher
2281	Van Gogh and Gauguin
2766	Of Mice and Men

Question 10: Using a single SQL statement, modify the database to show that Angela Martinez checked out the book titled “My sister’s keeper” today. The book is due in two weeks. Your SQL statement must be able to be executed correctly on any day (i.e. do not use constants to specify dates). Explain what happens to the Available_Books view after the statement is executed.

```
Before INSERT:
Select book, member, CheckOutDate, DueDate, CheckInDate
from checkout join book on book=bookid
where title= ‘My sister’'s keeper’;
```

BOOK	MEMBER	CHECKOUTDATE	DUE DATE	CHECKIN DATE
28	111564	2024-06-16	2024-06-30	2024-06-29
28	111564	2024-07-01	2024-07-15	2024-07-14
28	128778	2024-07-21	2024-08-04	2024-08-03

```
Insert into checkout(member,book,checkoutdate,duedate)
Select member.id, bookid, sysdate, sysdate+14
From member, book
Where fname = ‘Angela’ and Lname=‘Martinez’ and title = ‘My sister’'s keeper’;
```

AFTER

BOOK	MEMBER	CHECKOUTDA	DUE DATE	CHECKIN DAT
28	111564	2024-06-16	2024-06-30	2024-06-29
28	111564	2024-07-01	2024-07-15	2024-07-14
28	128778	2024-07-21	2024-08-04	2024-08-03
28	132977	2024-09-05	2024-09-19	

```
Select *  
From Available_books  
Where bookid = 28;
```

No rows selected – the change caused by insert is reflected in the view.

Question 11: A member can borrow a book only if they have no more than five other books on loan. Implement this constraint in the database via a trigger on the Checkout table. The trigger should fire when a new tuple is being added to the Checkout table, and should perform error checking (e.g. check that the due date is specified).

Before the new tuple is added to the table, we need to check how many books the student already has checked out.

```
Select member, count(book)  
From checkout  
Where CheckInDate is null  
Group by member;
```

```
Create or replace trigger checkout_possible  
Before INSERT on Checkout  
for each row  
declare OnLoan integer;  
        Avail integer;  
begin  
    select count(book) into OnLoan  
    from checkout  
    where member = :new.member and CheckInDate is null;  
  
    select count(*) into Avail  
    from checkout  
    where book = :new.book and CheckInDate is null;
```

```

if (:new.CheckInDate is not null) then
    raise_application_error (num => -20004, msg => 'CheckInDate must be null!');
elsif(OnLoan =5) then
    raise_application_error (num => -20006,
        msg => 'Cannot process as the member already has too many books on loan');
elsif(Avail <> 0) then
    raise_application_error (num => -20007, msg => 'That book is not available currently');
elsif (:new.DueDate <> sysdate + 14) then
    raise_application_error (num => -20008, msg => 'Due date is wrong!');
elsif(:new.CheckoutDate <> sysdate) then
    raise_application_error (num => -20009, msg => 'Checkout date must be the current date!');
end if;
end;
/

```

Showing that the trigger works:

- a) The due date is not specified

```
Insert into checkout
```

```
Values(33,159542,null,null,null);
```

```
ERROR at line 1:
```

```
ORA-20003: Due date must be specified!
```

```
ORA-06512: at "TANJA.CHECKOUT_POSSIBLE", line 14
```

```
ORA-04088: error during execution of trigger 'TANJA.CHECKOUT_POSSIBLE'
```

- b) The student has 3 books only

```
Select count(book)
```

```
From checkout
```

```
Where CheckInDate is null and member=159542;
```

```
Insert into checkout
```

```
Values(33,159542,sysdate,sysdate+14,null);
```

This INSERT was performed.

- c) The due date is not correct

```
Insert into checkout
```

```
Values(33,159542,sysdate,sysdate,null);
```

- d) The book is not available

```
Insert into checkout
```

```
Values(33,159542,sysdate,sysdate+14,null);
```

Question 12 Write a single SQL statement to find the name of the author with the highest number of titles in the library.

```
Select fname,lname  
From author join author_of on author=authorid  
Group by author,fname,lname  
Having count(*) = (select max(count(*))  
                    From author join author_of on author=authorid  
                    Group by authorid);
```

OR

```
Select fname,lname  
From author join author_of on author=authorid  
Group by author,fname,lname  
Having count(*) >= ALL (select count(*)  
                        From author join author_of on author=authorid  
                        Group by authorid);
```