```
* mallocMatrix returns dbl pointer to a mallocted matrix, need dimensons rows and columns
 st and an name just vor better debugging -- values are stored in the matrix structure
int **mallocMatrix(matrix matrixTemp) {
  int **matrixT;
 matrixT=(int **) malloc(matrixTemp.rows*
                                                (int *)); // malloc r times the space for an int array
                                             // (in every row will be one = thats are the coloums
    (NULL == matrixT){
    printf(" No memory available for matrix %s!\n\n", matrixTemp.name);
    exit( EXIT_FAILURE);
     (row=0; row<matrixTemp.rows; row++){ // go throug every row</pre>
    matrixT[row] = (int *) malloc(matrixTemp.cols *
                                                           (int)); // allocate buffer for c times the
space of
                                                 // an int --> we store int values in our matrices
      (NULL == matrixT[row]){
      printf(" No memory for matrix %s row %d\n\n", matrixTemp.name, row);
     exit( EXIT FAILURE);
 }
 printf(" Malloc for matrix %s finished\n", matrixTemp.name);
         (matrixT); // returns the pointer to matrix
}
  freeMatrix deallocate buffer from passed matrix
void freeMatrix(matrix matrixDel){
       (row = 0; row < matrixDel.rows; row++){ // oposite way the malloc first go throug every row</pre>
        free(matrixDel.matrix[row]);
                                         // and free every column
    free(matrixDel.matrix); // then free all rows of matrix
}
  printMatrix needs a dpl pointer to matrix r an c are dimensions of the passed matrix,
  option for the way to print, matrixname for print out all matrix data now in one datatype
void printMatrix(matrix tempMatrix, int option){
      (option>=2){ // print to file, print to file and screen
      char filename[40];
      //print int to string, so it can be used as unique filename
                               (filename), "log/Result_LogID_%d.txt", timestamp);
      snprintf(filename,
      FILE *file; // point to file
        ((file= fopen(filename, "a"))==NULL) // open file and add at content at the end of file,
                                             // --> so all 3 matricies are in one file
      {
        printf("\nCan't open the file!\n\n ");
      }
        //print name and dimensions of a matrix
        fprintf(file, "\n%s[%d] [%d]\n\n", tempMatrix.name, tempMatrix.rows, tempMatrix.cols);
           (row=0; row<tempMatrix.rows; row++){
             (col=0;col<tempMatrix.cols;col++){
            fprintf(file, "%d;",tempMatrix.matrix[row][col]); // run throug matrix, print values from
each field
          fprintf(file, "\n");
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printf("\n\nValues of matrix %s stored in %s.\n", tempMatrix.name, filename);
      fclose(file); //close file
        (option==3){ // set option to 1 so it would also be printed to screen
        option=1;
      }
    }
      (option==1){ // print so screen
        printf("\n%s[%d][%d]\n\n",tempMatrix.name,tempMatrix.rows,tempMatrix.cols);
           (row=0; row<tempMatrix.rows; row++) {</pre>
             (col=0;col<tempMatrix.cols;col++){
        printf(" %5d",tempMatrix.matrix[row][col]);
          }
          printf("\n");
    }
  matrixCompare compares 2 matrices wheter their values are equal or not
void matrixCompare(matrix matrixA, matrix matrixB){
    printf("Compare matrix %s and matrix %s.\n", matrixA.name, matrixB.name);
      (matrixA.rows!=matrixB.rows || matrixA.cols!=matrixB.cols){
          printf("Matrix %s and matrix %s have not the same dimensions!\n
\n", matrixA.name, matrixB.name);
       (row=0; row<matrixA.rows; row++){
           (col=0; col<matrixA.cols; col++){
          (matrixA.matrix[row][ccol] != matrixB.matrix[row][col]){
          printf("Matrix %s and matrix %s have not the same value at [%d][%d]!\n
\n", matrixA.name, matrixB.name, row, col);
        }
 printf("Matrix %s and matrix %s are equal.\n\n", matrixA.name, matrixB.name);
  matrixInitRowPlusCol initialies a matrix by calculating the indexies
*/
void matrixInitRowPlusCol(matrix matrixA){
 printf("\nInitialise matrix %s with %s[m][n] = m+n ...\n",matrixA.name,matrixA.name);
     (row=0;row<matrixA.rows;row++){</pre>
       (col=0;col<matrixA.cols;col++){
      // stored value will be calculted by row and col indexies,
      matrixA.matrix[row][col] = row + col; // but any thing else would be
possilble
 printf("finished\n");
  matrixInitRandom initialies a matrix with random values from 0 to 100
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*/
void matrixInitRandom(matrix matrixA){

printf("\nInitialise matrix %s with %s[m][n] = random ...\n",matrixA.name,matrixA.name);
    (row=0;row<matrixA.rows;row++){
        (col=0;col<matrixA.cols;col++){
        matrixA.matrix[row][col] = rand()%100; // stored value will be random between 0-100
     }
    }
    printf("finished\n");
}</pre>
```