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mallocMatrix returns dbl pointer to a mallocted matrix, need dimensons rows and columns
  and an name just vor better debugging -- values are stored in the matrix structure
int **mallocMatrix(matrix matrixTemp) {
 int **matrixT;
 matrixT=(int **) malloc(matrixTemp.rows*sizeof(int *)); // malloc r times the space for an int array
                                             // (in every row will be one = thats are the coloums
 if(NULL == matrixT){
    printf(" No memory available for matrix %s!\n\n",matrixTemp.name);
   exit( EXIT_FAILURE);
  for(row=0;row<matrixTemp.rows;row++){ // go throug every row</pre>
   matrixT[row] = (int *) malloc(matrixTemp.cols * sizeof(int)); // allocate buffer for c times the
space of
                                                // an int --> we store int values in our matrices
    if(NULL == matrixT[row]){
     printf(" No memory for matrix %s row %d\n\n", matrixTemp.name, row);
    exit( EXIT FAILURE);
 }
 printf(" Malloc for matrix %s finished\n", matrixTemp.name);
 return (matrixT); // returns the pointer to matrix
}
  freeMatrix deallocate buffer from passed matrix
void freeMatrix(matrix matrixDel){
        for(row = 0; row < matrixDel.rows; row++){ // oposite way the malloc first go throug every row
            free(matrixDel.matrix[row]);
                                             // and free every column
        free(matrixDel.matrix); // then free all rows of matrix
  printMatrix needs a dpl pointer to matrix r an c are dimensions of the passed matrix,
  option for the way to print, matrixname for print out all matrix data now in one datatype
void printMatrix(matrix tempMatrix, int option){
    if(option>=2){ // print to file, print to file and screen
          char filename[40];
          //print int to string, so it can be used as unique filename
          snprintf(filename, sizeof(filename), "log/Result_LogID_%d.txt", (int)timestamp);
          FILE *file; // point to file
          if((file= fopen(filename, "a"))==NULL) // open file and add at content at the end of file,
                                                 // --> so all 3 matricies are in one file
            printf("\nCan't open the file!\n\n ");
          }else{
            //print name and dimensions of a matrix
            fprintf(file, "\n%s[%d] [%d] \n\n", tempMatrix.name, tempMatrix.rows, tempMatrix.cols);
            for(row=0; row<tempMatrix.rows; row++){</pre>
              for(col=0;col<tempMatrix.cols;col++){</pre>
                    fprintf(file,"%d;",tempMatrix.matrix[row][col]); // run throug matrix, print
values from each field
              fprintf(file, "\n");
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}
            printf("\n\nValues of matrix %s stored in %s.\n",tempMatrix.name,filename);
          fclose(file); //close file
          if(option==3){ // set option to 1 so it would also be printed to screen
                option=1;
          }
    if(option==1){ // print so screen
            printf("\n%s[%d][%d]\n\n",tempMatrix.name,tempMatrix.rows,tempMatrix.cols);
            for(row=0; row<tempMatrix.rows; row++){</pre>
              for(col=0; col<tempMatrix.cols; col++) {</pre>
                printf(" %5d",tempMatrix.matrix[row][col]);
              printf("\n");
    }
  matrixCompare compares 2 matrices wheter their values are equal or not
void matrixCompare(matrix matrixA, matrix matrixB){
              Compare matrix %s and matrix %s.\n",matrixA.name,matrixB.name);
    if(matrixA.rows!=matrixB.rows || matrixA.cols!=matrixB.cols){
          printf(" Matrix %s and matrix %s have not the same dimensions!\n
\n",matrixA.name,matrixB.name);
          return;
    for(row=0; row<matrixA.rows; row++){</pre>
        for(col=0; col<matrixA.cols; col++) {</pre>
        if(matrixA.matrix[row][col] != matrixB.matrix[row][col]){
          printf(" Matrix %s and matrix %s have not the same value at [%d][%d]!\n
\n", matrixA.name, matrixB.name, row, col);
          return;
        }
 printf("
            Matrix %s and matrix %s are equal.\n\n", matrixA.name, matrixB.name);
  return;
  matrixInitRowPlusCol initialies a matrix by calculating the indexies
void matrixInitRowPlusCol(matrix matrixA){
 printf("\nInitialise matrix %s with %s[m][n] = m+n ...\n",matrixA.name,matrixA.name);
  for(row=0; row<matrixA.rows; row++) {</pre>
    for(col=0; col<matrixA.cols; col++){</pre>
      // stored value will be calculted by row and col indexies,
      matrixA.matrix[row][col] = row + col; // but any thing else would be
possilble
 printf("finished\n");
  matrixInitRandom initialies a matrix with random values from 0 to 100
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*/
void matrixInitRandom(matrix matrixA){

printf("\nInitialise matrix %s with %s[m][n] = random ...\n",matrixA.name,matrixA.name);
for(row=0;row<matrixA.rows;row++){
   for(col=0;col<matrixA.cols;col++){
      matrixA.matrix[row][col] = rand()%100; // stored value will be random between 0-100
   }
}
printf("finished\n");
}</pre>
```