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Task-4
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Lab questions:

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1.Min and Max in a List in Java
Answer:
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Collections;
import java.util.List;
public class MinMaxInList {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    List<Integer> numbers = new ArrayList<>();
    numbers.add(10);
    numbers.add(5);
    numbers.add(8);
    numbers.add(15);
    numbers.add(3);
    int min = Collections.min(numbers);
    int max = Collections.max(numbers);
    System.out.println("Minimum value: " + min);
    System.out.println("Maximum value: " + max);
  }}
Output:
Minimum value: 3
Maximum value: 15
2. Split a List into Two Halves in Java
Answer:
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
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import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;

public class SplitList {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        List<Integer> numbers = new ArrayList<>();
        numbers.add(1);
        numbers.add(2);
        numbers.add(3);
        numbers.add(4);
        numbers.add(5);
        numbers.add(6);

    int midpoint = numbers.size() / 2;

    List<Integer> firstHalf = numbers.subList(0, midpoint);
    List<Integer> secondHalf = numbers.subList(midpoint, numbers.size());
```

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System.out.println("First half: " + firstHalf);
    System.out.println("Second half: " + secondHalf);
  }
}
Output:
First half: [1, 2, 3]
Second half: [4, 5, 6]
3. Remove Duplicates from ArrayList in Java
Answer:
import java.util.ArrayList; import java.util.HashSet; import java.util.Ust;
public class RemoveDup (
public static void main(String[] args) ( List<Integer> numbers WithDuplicates new
ArrayList<>(); numbers With Duplicates.add(1); numbers With Duplicates.add(2);
numbersWith Duplicates.add(3): numbers With Duplicates.add(2); numbers With
Duplicates.add(4): numbers With Duplicates.add(3);
HashSet<Integer> uniqueNumbersSet = new HashSet(numbersWithDuplicates);
List<Integer> numbers Without Duplicates = new ArrayList(uniqueNumbersSet);
System.out.println("Original List with Duplicates: numbers WithDuplicates);
System.out.println("List without Duplicates:" numbers WithoutDuplicates);
}}
Output:
Original List with Duplicates: [1, 2, 3, 2, 4, 3)
List without Duplicates: [1, 2, 3, 4)
4.Add Element at First and Last Position of LinkedList in Java
Answer:
import java.util.LinkedList;
public class AddElement( public static void main(String[] args) (
LinkedList<String> linkedList = new LinkedList<>():
linkedList.add("Apple"); linkedList.add("Banana"); linkedList.add("Orange");
linkedList.addFirst("Grapes"); linkedList.addLast("Pineapple");
System.out.println("Final LinkedList:"linkedList);
Output:
```

Final LinkedList: (Grapes, Apple, Banana, Orange, Pineapple)