

# CompEcon - Problem Set 1

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## 1 Exercise 3

### 1.1

Matlab Code for Bisection Algorithm

```
% Bisection Method
clear
clc
%% Tolerance
tol = 1.e-10;
% Function
myFunction = @(x) x.^3 + 4 - 1/x;
% Initial Values
x_lower = -100;
x_upper = 100;

x_mid = (x_lower + x_upper)/2;

while abs(myFunction(x_mid))>tol
    if (myFunction(x_mid)*myFunction(x_lower)) < 0
        x_upper = x_mid;
    else
        x_lower = x_mid;
    end
    x_mid = (x_lower + x_upper)/2;
end
fprintf ('The root is %g\n', x_mid)
```

### 1.2

We use the bisection method to compute the zeroes of the following functions:

(a)

$$f(x) = x^3 + 4 - 1/x$$

has a root  $x = 0.249038$

(b)

$$f(x) = -\exp(-x) + \exp(-x^2)$$

has a root  $x = 0$  and a root at 51, obtained varying the starting points.

### 1.3

$$b * q + d * q^\phi - (a - c) = 0$$

Assume

$$a = 3, b = 0.5, c = d = 1, \psi = 0.5$$

We then have

$$\frac{q}{2} + \sqrt{q} - 2 = 0$$

analytical solution:

$$\frac{q}{2} + \sqrt{q} - 2 = 0$$

bisection method: 1.52786

with matlab built-in function *fzero*: 1.527864045000420

## 2 Exercise 4

We load the data with import data as a table, excluding rows with unimportable cells. After checking with *isnan*, we have 104 countries in our dataset.

**Matlab Code for A Contribution to the Empirics of Economic Growth**

```
Nonoil = MRW92QJEdat(MRW92QJEdat.Nonoil==1,:);
intermediate = MRW92QJEdat(MRW92QJEdat.intermediate
    ==1,:);
OECD = MRW92QJEdat(MRW92QJEdat.oecd==1,:);

%Nonoil Subsample
gdp1985 = Nonoil.gdpadult1985;
gdp1960 = Nonoil.gdpadult1960;
log_gdp1985 = log(gdp1985);
log_gdp1960 = log(gdp1960);
Iy = Nonoil.Iy;
log_Iy = log(Iy);
popgr = Nonoil.growthworkingagepop;
log_growth = log(popgr + 0.5);
school = Nonoil.school;
log_school = log(school);
```

```

y = log_gdp1985 - log_gdp1960;
X = [ones(size(log_gdp1960)) log_gdp1960 log_Iy
     log_growth log_school];
[a] = regress(y,X)

```

#### %intermediate Subsample

```

gdp1985 = intermediate.gdpadult1985;
gdp1960 = intermediate.gdpadult1960;
log_gdp1985 = log(gdp1985);
log_gdp1960 = log(gdp1960);
Iy = intermediate.Iy;
log_Iy = log(Iy);
popgr = intermediate.growthworkingagepop;
log_growth = log(popgr + 0.5);
school = intermediate.school;
log_school = log(school);
y = log_gdp1985 - log_gdp1960;
X = [ones(size(log_gdp1960)) log_gdp1960 log_Iy
     log_growth log_school];
[b] = regress(y,X)

```

#### %OECD Subsample

```

gdp1985 = OECD.gdpadult1985;
gdp1960 = OECD.gdpadult1960;
log_gdp1985 = log(gdp1985);
log_gdp1960 = log(gdp1960);
Iy = OECD.Iy;
log_Iy = log(Iy);
popgr = OECD.growthworkingagepop;
log_growth = log(popgr + 0.5);
school = OECD.school;
log_school = log(school);
y = log_gdp1985 - log_gdp1960;
X = [ones(size(log_gdp1960)) log_gdp1960 log_Iy
     log_growth log_school];
[c] = regress(y,X)

```

```

P = [a b c]

```