

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI



Bachelor of Engineering

in

- Artificial Intelligence and Data Science
- Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning
- Cyber Security
- Internet of Things (IoT)
- Data Engineering
- Computer Science and Engineering (Data Science)
- Computer Science and Engineering (Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning)
- Computer Science and Engineering (Internet of Things and Cyber Security Including Block Chain Technology)

Second Year with Effect from AY 2021-22

Under

FACULTY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

(As per AICTE guidelines with effect from the academic year 2019–2020)

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI



Syllabus for Approval

Sr. No.	Heading	Particulars
1	Title of the Course	Second Year Engineering (Eight New Branches)
2	Eligibility for Admission	After Passing First Year Engineering as per the Ordinance 0.6242
3	Passing Marks	40%
4	Ordinances / Regulations (if any)	Ordinance 0.6242
5	No. of Years / Semesters	8 semesters
6	Level	P.G. / U.G./ Diploma / Certificate (Strike out which is not applicable)
7	Pattern	Yearly / Semester (Strike out which is not applicable)
8	Status	New / Revised (Strike out which is not applicable)
9	To be implemented from Academic Year	With effect from Academic Year: 2021-2022

Dr. S. K. Ukarande
Associate Dean
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Preamble

To meet the challenge of ensuring excellence in engineering education, the issue of quality needs to be addressed, debated and taken forward in a systematic manner. Accreditation is the principal means of quality assurance in higher education. The major emphasis of accreditation process is to measure the outcomes of the program that is being accredited. In line with this Faculty of Science and Technology (in particular Engineering) of University of Mumbai has taken a lead in incorporating philosophy of outcome based education in the process of curriculum development.

Faculty resolved that course objectives and course outcomes are to be clearly defined for each course, so that all faculty members in affiliated institutes understand the depth and approach of course to be taught, which will enhance learner's learning process. Choice based Credit and grading system enables a much-required shift in focus from teacher-centric to learner-centric education since the workload estimated is based on the investment of time in learning and not in teaching. It also focuses on continuous evaluation which will enhance the quality of education. Credit assignment for courses is based on 15 weeks teaching learning process, however content of courses is to be taught in 13 weeks and remaining 2 weeks to be utilized for revision, guest lectures, coverage of content beyond syllabus etc.

There was a concern that the earlier revised curriculum more focused on providing information and knowledge across various domains of the said program, which led to heavily loading of students in terms of direct contact hours. In this regard, faculty of science and technology resolved that to minimize the burden of contact hours, total credits of entire program will be of 170, wherein focus is not only on providing knowledge but also on building skills, attitude and self learning. Therefore in the present curriculum skill based laboratories and mini projects are made mandatory across all disciplines of engineering in second and third year of programs, which will definitely facilitate self learning of students. The overall credits and approach of curriculum proposed in the present revision is in line with AICTE model curriculum.

The present curriculum will be implemented for Second Year of Engineering from the academic year 2021-22. Subsequently this will be carried forward for Third Year and Final Year Engineering in the academic years 2022-23, 2023-24, respectively.

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Incorporation and Implementation of Online Contents from NPTEL/ Swayam Platform

The curriculum revision is mainly focused on knowledge component, skill based activities and project based activities. Self learning opportunities are provided to learners. In the revision process this time in particular Revised syllabus of ‘C’ scheme wherever possible additional resource links of platforms such as NPTEL, Swayam are appropriately provided. In an earlier revision of curriculum in the year 2012 and 2016 in Revised scheme ‘A’ and ‘B’ respectively, efforts were made to use online contents more appropriately as additional learning materials to enhance learning of students.

In the current revision based on the recommendation of AICTE model curriculum overall credits are reduced to 171, to provide opportunity of self learning to learner. Learners are now getting sufficient time for self learning either through online courses or additional projects for enhancing their knowledge and skill sets.

The Principals/ HoD’s/ Faculties of all the institute are required to motivate and encourage learners to use additional online resources available on platforms such as NPTEL/ Swayam. Learners can be advised to take up online courses, on successful completion they are required to submit certification for the same. This will definitely help learners to facilitate their enhanced learning based on their interest.

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Preface by Board of Studies in Computer Engineering

Dear Students and Teachers, we, the members of Board of Studies Computer Engineering, are very happy to present Second Year Computer Engineering syllabus effective from the Academic Year 2020-21 (REV-2019'C' Scheme). We are sure you will find this syllabus interesting and challenging.

Computer Engineering is one of the most sought-after courses amongst engineering students hence there is a continuous requirement of revision of syllabus. The syllabus focuses on providing a sound theoretical background as well as good practical exposure to students in the relevant areas. It is intended to provide a modern, industry-oriented education in Computer Engineering. It aims at producing trained professionals who can successfully acquainted with the demands of the industry worldwide. They obtain skills and experience in up-to-date the knowledge to analysis, design, implementation, validation, and documentation of computer software and systems.

The revised syllabus falls in line with the objectives of affiliating University, AICTE, UGC, and various accreditation agencies by keeping an eye on the technological developments, innovations, and industry requirements.

The salient features of the revised syllabus are:

1. Reduction in credits to 170 is implemented to ensure that students have more time for extracurricular activities, innovations, and research.
2. Introduction of Skill Based Lab and Mini Project to showcase their talent by doing innovative projects that strengthen their profile and increases the chance of employability.
3. Students are encouraged to take up part of course through MOOCs platform SWAYAM

We would like to place on record our gratefulness to the faculty, students, industry experts and stakeholders for having helped us in the formulation of this syllabus.

Board of Studies in Computer Engineering

Prof. Sunil Bhirud	: Chairman
Prof. Sunita Patil	: Member
Prof. Leena Raga	: Member
Prof. Subhash Shinde	: Member
Prof. Meera Narvekar	: Member
Prof. Suprtim Biswas	: Member
Prof. Sudhir Sawarkar	: Member
Prof. Dayanand Ingle	: Member
Prof. Satish Ket	: Member

Program Structure for Second Year Computer Engineering

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI (With Effect from 2020-2021)

Semester III

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total	
CSC301	Engineering Mathematics-III	3	--	1*	3	--	1	4	
CSC302	Discrete Structures and Graph Theory	3	--	--	3	--	--	3	
CSC303	Data Structure	3	--	--	3	--	--	3	
CSC304	Digital Logic & Computer Architecture	3	--	--	3	--	--	3	
CSC305	Computer Graphics	3	--	--	3	--	--	3	
CSL301	Data Structure Lab	--	2	--	--	1	--	1	
CSL302	Digital Logic & Computer Architecture Lab	--	2	--	--	1	--	1	
CSL303	Computer Graphics Lab	--	2	--	--	1	--	1	
CSL304	Skill base Lab course: Object Oriented Programming with Java	--	2+2*	--	--	2	--	2	
CSM301	Mini Project – 1 A	--	4\$	--	--	2	--	2	
Total		15	14	1	15	07	1	23	
Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							
		Theory				Term Work	Pract & oral	Total	
		Internal Assessment		End Sem. Exam	Exam. Duration (in Hrs)				
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg					
		20	20	20	80	3	25	--	125
CSC301	Engineering Mathematics-III	20	20	20	80	3	25	--	100
CSC302	Discrete Structures and Graph Theory	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSC303	Data Structure	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSC304	Digital Logic & Computer Architecture	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSC305	Computer Graphics	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSL301	Data Structure Lab	--	--	--	--	--	25	25	50
CSL302	Digital Logic & Computer Architecture Lab	--	--	--	--	--	25	--	25
CSL303	Computer Graphics Lab	--	--	--	--	--	25	25	50
CSL304	Skill base Lab course: Object Oriented Programming with Java	--	--	--	--	--	50	25	75
CSM301	Mini Project – 1 A	--	--	--	--	--	25	25	50
Total		--	--	100	400	--	175	100	775

*Should be conducted batch wise and

\$ indicates workload of Learner (Not Faculty), Students can form groups with minimum 2 (Two) and not more than 4 (Four), Faculty Load: 1 hour per week per four groups

Program Structure for Second Year Computer Engineering

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI (With Effect from 2020-2021)

Semester IV

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total	
CSC401	Engineering Mathematics-IV	3	--	1*	3	--	1	4	
CSC402	Analysis of Algorithm	3	--	--	3	--	--	3	
CSC403	Database Management System	3	--	--	3	--	--	3	
CSC404	Operating System	3	--	--	3	--	--	3	
CSC405	Microprocessor	3	--	--	3	--	--	3	
CSL401	Analysis of Algorithm Lab	--	2	--	--	1	--	1	
CSL402	Database Management System Lab	--	2	--	--	1	--	1	
CSL403	Operating System Lab	--	2	--	--	1	--	1	
CSL404	Microprocessor Lab	--	2	--	--	1	--	1	
CSL405	Skill Base Lab Course: Python Programming	--	2*+2	--	--	2	--	2	
CSM401	Mini Project 1-B	--	4\$	--	--	2	--	2	
Total		15	16	1	15	7	1	24	
Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							
		Theory				Term Work	Pract & oral	Total	
		Internal Assessment			End Sem. Exam.	Exam. Duration (in Hrs)			
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg.					
		20	20	20	80	3	25	--	125
CSC401	Engineering Mathematics - IV	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSC403	Database Management System	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSC404	Operating System	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSC405	Microprocessor	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSL401	Analysis of Algorithm Lab	--	--	--	--	--	25	25	50
CSL402	Database Management System Lab	--	--	--	--	--	25	25	50
CSL403	Operating System Lab	--	--	--	--	--	25	25	50
CSL404	Microprocessor Lab	--	--	--	--	--	25	--	25
CSL405	Skill Base Lab Course: Python Programming	--	--	--	--	--	25	--	25
CSM401	Mini Project 1-B	--	--	--	--	--	25	25	50
Total		--	--	100	400	--	175	100	775

*Should be conducted batchwise and

\$ indicates workload of Learner (Not Faculty), Students can form groups with minimum 2 (Two) and not more than 4 (Four), Faculty Load: 1 hour per week per four groups.

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CSC301	Engineering Mathematics-III	4

Pre-requisite: Engineering Mathematics-I, Engineering Mathematics-II

Course Objectives: The course aims:

1	To learn the Laplace Transform, Inverse Laplace Transform of various functions, its applications.
2	To understand the concept of Fourier Series, its complex form and enhance the problem-solving skills.
3	To understand the concept of complex variables, C-R equations with applications.
4	To understand the basic techniques of statistics like correlation, regression, and curve fitting for data analysis, Machine learning, and AI.
5	To understand some advanced topics of probability, random variables with their distributions and expectations.

Course Outcomes: On successful completion, of course, learner/student will be able to:

1	Understand the concept of Laplace transform and its application to solve the real integrals in engineering problems.
2	Understand the concept of inverse Laplace transform of various functions and its applications in engineering problems.
3	Expand the periodic function by using the Fourier series for real-life problems and complex engineering problems.
4	Understand complex variable theory, application of harmonic conjugate to get orthogonal trajectories and analytic functions.
5	Apply the concept of Correlation and Regression to the engineering problems in data science, machine learning, and AI.
6	Understand the concepts of probability and expectation for getting the spread of the data and distribution of probabilities.

Module	Detailed Contents		Hours
1	Laplace Transform		7
	1.1	Definition of Laplace transform, Condition of Existence of Laplace transform.	
	1.2	Laplace Transform (L) of standard functions like $\sin(\omega t)$, $\cos(\omega t)$, $\sin(\omega t)\cos(\omega t)$, $\sin(\omega t)h(t)$, $\cos(\omega t)h(t)$ and $\delta(t - \tau)$, $\tau \geq 0$.	
	1.3	Properties of Laplace Transform: Linearity, First Shifting Theorem, Second Shifting Theorem, Change of Scale, Multiplication by t , Division by t , Laplace Transform of derivatives and integrals (Properties without proof).	
	1.4	Evaluation of real improper integrals by using Laplace Transformation.	
	1.5	Self-learning Topics: Laplace Transform: Periodic functions, Heaviside's Unit Step function, Dirac Delta Function, Special functions (Error and Bessel)	
2	Inverse Laplace Transform		7
	2.1	Definition of Inverse Laplace Transform, Linearity property, Inverse Laplace Transform of standard functions, Inverse Laplace transform using derivatives.	
	2.2	Partial fractions method to find Inverse Laplace transform.	
	2.3	Inverse Laplace transform using Convolution theorem (without proof)	
	2.4	Self-learning Topics: Applications to solve initial and boundary value	

		problems involving ordinary differential equations.	
3	Fourier Series:		7
	3.1	Dirichlet's conditions, Definition of Fourier series and Parseval's Identity (without proof).	
	3.2	Fourier series of periodic function with period 2π and $2l$.	
	3.3	Fourier series of even and odd functions.	
	3.4	Half range Sine and Cosine Series.	
	3.5	Self-learning Topics: Orthogonal and orthonormal set of functions, Complex form of Fourier Series, Fourier Transforms.	
4	Complex Variables:		7
	4.1	Function $f(z)$ of complex variable, Limit, Continuity and Differentiability off(z), Analytic function: Necessary and sufficient conditions for $f(z)$ to be analytic (without proof).	
	4.2	Cauchy-Riemann equations in Cartesian coordinates (without proof).	
	4.3	Milne-Thomson method: Determine analytic function $f(z)$ when real part (u), imaginary part (v) or its combination (u+v / u-v) is given.	
	4.4	Harmonic function, Harmonic conjugate and Orthogonal trajectories.	
	4.5	Self-learning Topics: Conformal mapping, Linear and Bilinear mappings, cross ratio, fixed points and standard transformations.	
5	Statistical Techniques		6
	5.1	Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation (r)	
	5.2	Spearman's Rank correlation coefficient (R) (with repeated and non-repeated ranks)	
	5.3	Lines of regression	
	5.4	Fitting of first- and second-degree curves.	
	5.5	Self-learning Topics: Covariance, fitting of exponential curve.	
6	Probability		6
	6.1	Definition and basics of probability, conditional probability.	
	6.2	Total Probability theorem and Bayes' theorem.	
	6.3	Discrete and continuous random variable with probability distribution and probability density function.	
	6.4	Expectation, Variance, Moment generating function, Raw and central moments up to 4 th order.	
	6.5	Self-learning Topics: Skewness and Kurtosis of distribution (data).	

References:

1	Higher Engineering Mathematics, Dr. B. S. Grewal, Khanna Publication.
2	Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Erwin Kreyszig, Wiley Eastern Limited.
3	Advanced Engineering Mathematics, R. K. Jain and S. R. K. Iyengar, Narosa Publication.
4	Complex Variables and Applications, Brown and Churchill, McGraw-Hill Education.
5	Probability, Statistics and Random Processes, T. Veerarajan, McGraw-Hill Education.
6	Theory and Problems of Fourier Analysis with applications to BVP, Murray Spiegel, Schaum's Outline Series.

Term Work:

General Instructions:

1	Batch wise tutorials have to be conducted. The number of students per batch will be as per University pattern for practical.
2	Students must be encouraged to write at least 6 class tutorials on the entire syllabus.
3	A group of 4-6 students should be assigned a self-learning topic. Students should prepare a presentation/problem solving of 10-15 minutes. This will be considered as a mini project in Engineering Mathematics. This project will be graded out of 10 marks depending on the performance of the students.

The distribution of Term Work marks will be as follows:

1	Attendance (Theory and Tutorial)	05 marks
2	Class Tutorials on entire syllabus	10 marks
3	Mini project	10 marks

Assessment:

Internal Assessment Test:

The assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The 1st class test (Internal Assessment I) has to be conducted when approximately 40% of the syllabus is completed. The 2nd class test has to be conducted (Internal Assessment II) when an additional 35% syllabus is completed. The duration of each test will be for one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

1	The question paper will comprise a total of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
2	Out of the 6 questions, 4 questions have to be attempted.
3	Question 1, based on the entire syllabus, will have 4 sub-questions of 5 marks each and is compulsory.
4	Question 2 to Question 6 will have 3 sub-questions, each of 6, 6, and 8 marks, respectively.
5	Each sub-question in (4) will be from different modules of the syllabus.
6	Weightage of each module will be proportional to the number of lecture hours, as mentioned in the syllabus.

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CSC302	Discrete Structures and Graph Theory	3

Pre-requisite: Basic Mathematics

Course Objectives: The course aims:

- 1 Cultivate clear thinking and creative problem solving.
- 2 Thoroughly train in the construction and understanding of mathematical proofs. Exercise common mathematical arguments and proof strategies.
- 3 To apply graph theory in solving practical problems.
- 4 Thoroughly prepare for the mathematical aspects of other Computer Engineering courses

Course Outcomes: On successful completion, of course, learner/student will be able to:

- 1 Understand the notion of mathematical thinking, mathematical proofs and to apply them in problem solving.
- 2 Ability to reason logically.
- 3 Ability to understand relations, functions, Diagraph and Lattice.
- 4 Ability to understand and apply concepts of graph theory in solving real world problems.
- 5 Understand use of groups and codes in Encoding-Decoding
- 6 Analyze a complex computing problem and apply principles of discrete mathematics to identify solutions

Module	Detailed Contents		Hours
1	Logic		6
	1.1	Propositional Logic, Predicate Logic, Laws of Logic, Quantifiers, Normal Forms, Inference Theory of Predicate Calculus, Mathematical Induction.	
2	Relations and Functions		6
	2.1	Basic concepts of Set Theory	
	2.2	Relations: Definition, Types of Relations, Representation of Relations, Closures of Relations, Warshall's algorithm, Equivalence relations and Equivalence Classes	
	2.3	Functions: Definition, Types of functions, Composition of functions, Identity and Inverse function	
3	Posets and Lattice		5
	3.1	Partial Order Relations, Poset, Hasse Diagram, Chain and Anti chains, Lattice, Types of Lattice, Sub lattice	
4	Counting		6
	4.1	Basic Counting Principle-Sum Rule, Product Rule, Inclusion-Exclusion Principle, Pigeonhole Principle	
	4.2	Recurrence relations, Solving recurrence relations	
5	Algebraic Structures		8
	5.1	Algebraic structures with one binary operation: Semi group, Monoid, Groups, Subgroups, Abelian Group, Cyclic group, Isomorphism	
	5.2	Algebraic structures with two binary operations: Ring	
	5.3	Coding Theory: Coding, binary information and error detection, decoding and error correction	
6	Graph Theory		8
		Types of graphs, Graph Representation, Sub graphs, Operations on Graphs, Walk, Path, Circuit, Connected Graphs, Disconnected Graph, Components, Homomorphism and Isomorphism of Graphs, Euler and Hamiltonian Graphs, Planar Graph, Cut Set, Cut Vertex,	

	Applications.	
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Textbooks:

1	Bernad Kolman, Robert Busby, Sharon Cutler Ross, Nadeem-ur-Rehman, "Discrete Mathematical Structures", Pearson Education.
2	C. L. Liu "Elements of Discrete Mathematics", second edition 1985, McGraw-Hill Book Company. Reprinted 2000.
3	K. H. Rosen, "Discrete Mathematics and applications", fifth edition 2003, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company

References:

1	Y N Singh, "Discrete Mathematical Structures", Wiley-India.
2	J. L. Mott, A. Kandel, T. P. Baker, "Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists and Mathematicians", Second Edition 1986, Prentice Hall of India.
3	J. P. Trembley, R. Manohar "Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company
4	Seymour Lipschutz, Marc Lars Lipson, "Discrete Mathematics" Schaum's Outline, McGraw Hill Education.
5	Narsing Deo, "Graph Theory with applications to engineering and computer science", PHI Publications.
6	P. K. Bisht, H. S. Dhami, "Discrete Mathematics", Oxford press.

Assessment:

Internal Assessment Test:

The assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The 1st class test (Internal Assessment I) has to be conducted when approximately 40% of the syllabus is completed. The 2nd class test has to be conducted (Internal Assessment II) when an additional 40% syllabus is completed. The duration of each test will be for one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

1	The question paper will comprise a total of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
2	Out of the 6 questions, 4 questions have to be attempted.
3	Question 1, based on the entire syllabus, will have 4 sub-questions of 5 marks each and is compulsory.
4	Question 2 to Question 6 will have 3 sub-questions, each of 6, 6, and 8 marks, respectively.
5	Each sub-question in (4) will be from different modules of the syllabus.
6	Weightage of each module will be proportional to the number of lecture hours, as mentioned in the syllabus.

Useful Links

1	https://www.edx.org/learn/discrete-mathematics
2	https://www.coursera.org/specializations/discrete-mathematics
3	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106094/
4	https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc19_cs67/preview

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSC303	Data Structure	03

Pre-requisite: C Programming		
Course Objectives: The course aims:		
1	To understand the need and significance of Data structures as a computer Professional.	
2	To teach concept and implementation of linear and Nonlinear data structures.	
3	To analyze various data structures and select the appropriate one to solve a specific real-world problem.	
4	To introduce various techniques for representation of the data in the real world.	
5	To teach various searching techniques.	
Course Outcomes:		
1	Students will be able to implement Linear and Non-Linear data structures.	
2	Students will be able to handle various operations like searching, insertion, deletion and traversals on various data structures.	
3	Students will be able to explain various data structures, related terminologies and its types.	
4	Students will be able to choose appropriate data structure and apply it to solve problems in various domains.	
5	Students will be able to analyze and Implement appropriate searching techniques for a given problem.	
6	Students will be able to demonstrate the ability to analyze, design, apply and use data structures to solve engineering problems and evaluate their solutions.	
Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1	Introduction to Data Structures	2
	1.1 Introduction to Data Structures, Concept of ADT, Types of Data Structures- Linear and Nonlinear, Operations on Data Structures.	
2	Stack and Queues	8
	2.1 Introduction, ADT of Stack, Operations on Stack, Array Implementation of Stack, Applications of Stack-Well form-ness of Parenthesis, Infix to Postfix Conversion and Postfix Evaluation, Recursion.	
	2.2 Introduction, ADT of Queue, Operations on Queue, Array Implementation of Queue, Types of Queue-Circular Queue, Priority Queue, Introduction of Double Ended Queue, Applications of Queue.	
3	Linked List	10
	3.1 Introduction, Representation of Linked List, Linked List v/s Array, Types of Linked List - Singly Linked List, Circular Linked List, Doubly Linked List, Operations on Singly Linked List and Doubly Linked List, Stack and Queue using Singly Linked List, Singly Linked List Application-Polynomial Representation and Addition.	
4	Trees	11
	4.1 Introduction, Tree Terminologies, Binary Tree, Binary Tree Representation, Types of Binary Tree, Binary Tree Traversals, Binary Search Tree, Operations on Binary Search Tree, Applications of Binary Tree-Expression Tree, Huffman Encoding, Search Trees-AVL, rotations in AVL Tree, operations on AVL Tree, Introduction of B Tree, B+ Tree.	
5	Graphs	4

	5.1	Introduction, Graph Terminologies, Representation of Graph, Graph Traversals- Depth First Search (DFS) and Breadth First Search (BFS), Graph Application- Topological Sorting.	
6		Searching Techniques	4
	6.1	Linear Search, Binary Search, Hashing-Concept, Hash Functions, Collision resolution Techniques	

Textbooks:

1	Aaron M Tenenbaum, Yedidyah Langsam, Moshe J Augenstein, "Data Structures Using C", Pearson Publication.
2	Reema Thareja, "Data Structures using C", Oxford Press.
3	Richard F. Gilberg and Behrouz A. Forouzan, "Data Structures: A Pseudocode Approach with C", 2 nd Edition, CENGAGE Learning.
4	Jean Paul Tremblay, P. G. Sorenson, "Introduction to Data Structure and Its Applications", McGraw-Hill Higher Education
5	Data Structures Using C, ISRD Group, 2 nd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill.

References:

1	Prof. P. S. Deshpande, Prof. O. G. Kakde, "C and Data Structures", DreamTech press.
2	E. Balagurusamy, "Data Structure Using C", Tata McGraw-Hill Education India.
3	Rajesh K Shukla, "Data Structures using C and C++", Wiley-India
4	GAV PAI, "Data Structures", Schaum's Outlines.
5	Robert Kruse, C. L. Tondo, Bruce Leung, "Data Structures and Program Design in C", Pearson Edition

Assessment:

Internal Assessment:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first-class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

1	Question paper will consist of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
2	The students need to solve a total of 4 questions.
3	Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus.
4	Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

Useful Links

1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/
2	https://www.coursera.org/specializations/data-structures-algorithms
3	https://www.edx.org/course/data-structures-fundamentals
4	https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc19_cs67/preview

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSC304	Digital Logic & Computer Organization and Architecture	3

Pre-requisite: Knowledge on number systems

Course Objective:

- 1 To have the rough understanding of the basic structure and operation of basic digital circuits and digital computer.
- 2 To discuss in detail arithmetic operations in digital system.
- 3 To discuss generation of control signals and different ways of communication with I/O devices.
- 4 To study the hierarchical memory and principles of advanced computing.

Course Outcome:

- 1 To learn different number systems and basic structure of computer system.
- 2 To demonstrate the arithmetic algorithms.
- 3 To understand the basic concepts of digital components and processor organization.
- 4 To understand the generation of control signals of computer.
- 5 To demonstrate the memory organization.
- 6 To describe the concepts of parallel processing and different Buses.

Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1	Computer Fundamentals	5
	1.1 Introduction to Number System and Codes	
	1.2 Number Systems: Binary, Octal, Decimal, Hexadecimal,	
	1.3 Codes: Grey, BCD, Excess-3, ASCII, Boolean Algebra.	
	1.4 Logic Gates: AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR, EX-OR	
	1.5 Overview of computer organization and architecture.	
	1.6 Basic Organization of Computer and Block Level functional Units, Von-Neumann Model.	
2	Data Representation and Arithmetic algorithms	8
	2.1 Binary Arithmetic: Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division using Sign Magnitude, 1's and 2's compliment, BCD and Hex Arithmetic Operation.	
	2.2 Booths Multiplication Algorithm, Restoring and Non-restoring Division Algorithm.	
	2.3 IEEE-754 Floating point Representation.	
3	Processor Organization and Architecture	6
	3.1 Introduction: Half adder, Full adder, MUX, DMUX, Encoder, Decoder(IC level).	
	3.2 Introduction to Flip Flop: SR, JK, D, T (Truth table).	
	3.3 Register Organization, Instruction Formats, Addressing modes, Instruction Cycle, Interpretation and sequencing.	
4	Control Unit Design	6
	4.1 Hardwired Control Unit: State Table Method, Delay Element Methods.	
	4.2 Microprogrammed Control Unit: Micro Instruction-Format, Sequencing and execution, Micro operations, Examples of microprograms.	
5	Memory Organization	6
	5.1 Introduction and characteristics of memory, Types of RAM and ROM, Memory Hierarchy, 2-level Memory Characteristic,	
	5.2 Cache Memory: Concept, locality of reference, Design problems based on	

	mapping techniques, Cache coherence and write policies. Interleaved and Associative Memory.	
6	Principles of Advanced Processor and Buses	8
6.1	Basic Pipelined Data path and control, data dependencies, data hazards, branch hazards, delayed branch, and branch prediction, Performance measures-CPI, Speedup, Efficiency, throughput, Amdhal's law.	
6.2	Flynn's Classification, Introduction to multicore architecture.	
6.3	Introduction to buses: ISA, PCI, USB. Bus Contention and Arbitration.	

Textbooks:

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | R. P. Jain, "Modern Digital Electronic", McGraw-Hill Publication, 4 th Edition. |
| 2 | William Stallings, "Computer Organization and Architecture: Designing and Performance", Pearson Publication 10 TH Edition. |
| 3 | John P Hayes, "Computer Architecture and Organization", McGraw-Hill Publication, 3 RD Edition. |
| 4 | Dr. M. Usha and T. S. Shrikanth, "Computer system Architecture and Organization", Wiley publication. |

References:

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 | Andrew S. Tanenbaum, "Structured Computer Organization", Pearson Publication. |
| 2 | B. Govindarajalu, "Computer Architecture and Organization", McGraw-Hill Publication. |
| 3 | Malvino, "Digital computer Electronics", McGraw-Hill Publication, 3 rd Edition. |
| 4 | Smruti Ranjan Sarangi, "Computer Organization and Architecture", McGraw-Hill Publication. |

Assessment:

Internal Assessment:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 | Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks. |
| 2 | The students need to solve total 4 questions. |
| 3 | Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus. |
| 4 | Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules. |

Useful Links

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | https://www.classcentral.com/course/swayam-computer-organization-and-architecture-a-pedagogical- aspect-9824 |
| 2 | https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/103/106103068/ |
| 3 | https://www.coursera.org/learn/comparch |
| 4 | https://www.edx.org/learn/computer-architecture |

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CSC305	Computer Graphics	3

Prerequisite: Knowledge of C Programming and Basic Mathematics.

Course Objectives

- 1 To equip students with the fundamental knowledge and basic technical competence in the field of Computer Graphics.
- 2 To emphasize on implementation aspect of Computer Graphics Algorithms.
- 3 To prepare the student for advance areas and professional avenues in the field of Computer Graphics

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students should be able to

- 1 Describe the basic concepts of Computer Graphics.
- 2 Demonstrate various algorithms for basic graphics primitives.
- 3 Apply 2-D geometric transformations on graphical objects.
- 4 Use various Clipping algorithms on graphical objects
- 5 Explore 3-D geometric transformations, curve representation techniques and projections methods.
- 6 Explain visible surface detection techniques and Animation.

Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1	Introduction and Overview of Graphics System:	02
	1.1 Definition and Representative uses of computer graphics, Overview of coordinate system, Definition of scan conversion, rasterization and rendering.	
	1.2 Raster scan & random scan displays, Architecture of raster graphics system with display processor, Architecture of random scan systems.	
2	Output Primitives:	10
	2.1 Scan conversions of point, line, circle and ellipse: DDA algorithm and Bresenham algorithm for line drawing, midpoint algorithm for circle, midpoint algorithm for ellipse drawing (Mathematical derivation for above algorithms is expected)	
	2.2 Aliasing, Antialiasing techniques like Pre and post filtering, super sampling, and pixel phasing).	
	2.3 Filled Area Primitive: Scan line Polygon Fill algorithm, inside outside tests, Boundary Fill and Flood fill algorithm.	
3	Two Dimensional Geometric Transformations	6
	3.1 Basic transformations: Translation, Scaling, Rotation	
	3.2 Matrix representation and Homogeneous Coordinates	
	3.3 Composite transformation	
	3.4 Other transformations: Reflection and Shear	
4	Two-Dimensional Viewing and Clipping	7
	4.1 Viewing transformation pipeline and Window to Viewport coordinate transformation	
	4.2 Clipping operations: Point clipping, Line clipping algorithms: Cohen-Sutherland, Liang-Barsky, Polygon Clipping Algorithms: Sutherland-Hodgeman, Weiler-Atherton.	
5	Three Dimensional Geometric Transformations, Curves and Fractal Generation	8
	5.1 3D Transformations: Translation, Rotation, Scaling and Reflection	

	5.2	Composite transformations: Rotation about an arbitrary axis	
	5.3	Projections – Parallel, Perspective. (Matrix Representation)	
	5.4	Bezier Curve, B-Spline Curve, Fractal-Geometry: Fractal Dimension, Koch Curve.	
6	Visible Surface Detection and Animation		6
	6.1	Visible Surface Detection: Classification of Visible Surface Detection algorithm, Back Surface detection method, Depth Buffer method, Area Subdivision method	
	6.2	Animation: Introduction to Animation, Traditional Animation Techniques, Principles of Animation, Key framing: Character and Facial Animation, Deformation, Motion capture	

Textbooks:

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 | Hearn & Baker, "Computer Graphics C version", 2nd Edition, Pearson Publication |
| 2 | James D. Foley, Andries van Dam, Steven K Feiner, John F. Hughes, "Computer Graphics Principles and Practice in C", 2 nd Edition, Pearson Publication |
| 3 | Samit Bhattacharya, "Computer Graphics", Oxford Publication |

References:

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | D. Rogers, "Procedural Elements for Computer Graphics", Tata McGraw-Hill Publications. |
| 2 | Zhigang Xiang, Roy Plastock, "Computer Graphics", Schaum's Outlines McGraw-Hill Education |
| 3 | Rajesh K. Maurya, "Computer Graphics", Wiley India Publication. |
| 4 | F. S. Hill, "Computer Graphics using OpenGL", Third edition, Pearson Publications. |

Assessment:

Internal Assessment:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first-class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks. |
| 2 | The students need to solve total 4 questions. |
| 3 | Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus. |
| 4 | Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules |

Useful Links

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | https://www.classcentral.com/course/interactivegraphics-2067 |
| 2 | https://swayam.gov.in/nd2_ntr20_ed15/preview |
| 3 | https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106090/ |
| 4 | https://www.edx.org/course/computer-graphics-2 |

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSL301	Data Structures Lab	1

Prerequisite: C Programming Language.

Lab Objectives:

- 1 To implement basic data structures such as arrays, linked lists, stacks and queues
- 2 Solve problem involving graphs, and trees
- 3 To develop application using data structure algorithms
- 4 Compute the complexity of various algorithms.

Lab Outcomes:

- 1 Students will be able to implement linear data structures & be able to handle operations like insertion, deletion, searching and traversing on them.
- 2 Students will be able to implement nonlinear data structures & be able to handle operations like insertion, deletion, searching and traversing on them
- 3 Students will be able to choose appropriate data structure and apply it in various problems
- 4 Students will be able to select appropriate searching techniques for given problems.

Suggested Experiments: Students are required to complete at least 10 experiments.

Star (*) marked experiments are compulsory.

Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment
1*	Implement Stack ADT using array.
2*	Convert an Infix expression to Postfix expression using stack ADT.
3*	Evaluate Postfix Expression using Stack ADT.
4	Applications of Stack ADT.
5*	Implement Linear Queue ADT using array.
6*	Implement Circular Queue ADT using array.
7	Implement Priority Queue ADT using array.
8*	Implement Singly Linked List ADT.
9*	Implement Circular Linked List ADT.
10	Implement Doubly Linked List ADT.
11*	Implement Stack / Linear Queue ADT using Linked List.
12*	Implement Binary Search Tree ADT using Linked List.
13*	Implement Graph Traversal techniques:) Depth First Search b) Breadth First Search
14	Applications of Binary Search Technique.

Useful Links:

1	www.leetcode.com
2	www.hackerrank.com
3	www.cs.usfca.edu/~galles/visualization/Algorithms.html
4	www.codechef.com

Term Work:

- 1 Term work should consist of 10 experiments.
- 2 Journal must include at least 2 assignments.
- 3 The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
- 4 Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)

Oral & Practical exam

- | |
|--|
| Based on the entire syllabus of CSL301and CSC303 |
|--|

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSL302	Digital Logic & Computer Organization and Architecture Lab	1

Prerequisite: C Programming Language.

Lab Objectives:

- 1 To implement operations of the arithmetic unit using algorithms.
- 2 Design and simulate different digital circuits.
- 3 To design memory subsystem including cache memory.
- 4 To demonstrate CPU and ALU design.

Lab Outcomes:

- 1 To understand the basics of digital components
- 2 Design the basic building blocks of a computer: ALU, registers, CPU and memory
- 3 To recognize the importance of digital systems in computer architecture
- 4 To implement various algorithms for arithmetic operations.

List of Experiments:

Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment
1	To verify the truth table of various logic gates using ICs.
2	To realize the gates using universal gates
3	Code conversion.
4	To realize half adder and full adder.
5	To implement logic operation using MUX IC.
6	To implement logic operation decoder IC.
7	Study of flip flop IC.
8	To implement ripple carry adder.
9	To implement carry look ahead adder.
10	To implement Booth's algorithm.
11	To implement restoring division algorithm.
12	To implement non restoring division algorithm.
13	To implement ALU design.
14	To implement CPU design.
15	To implement memory design.
16	To implement cache memory design.

Note:

- 1 Any Four experiments from Exp. No. 1 to Exp. No. 7 using hardware.
- 2 Any Six experiments from Exp. No. 8 to Exp. No. 16 using Virtual Lab, expect Exp. No 10,11 and 12.
- 3 Exp. No. 10 to Exp. No. 12 using Programming language.

Digital Material:

- 1 [Manual to use Virtual Lab simulator for Computer Organization and Architecture developed by the Department of CSE, IIT Kharagpur.](#)
- 2 [Link http://cse10-iitkgp.virtual-labs.ac.in/](http://cse10-iitkgp.virtual-labs.ac.in/)

Term Work:

- 1 Term work should consist of 10 experiments.
- 2 Journal must include at least 2 assignments on content of theory and practical of “Digital Logic & Computer Organization and Architecture”
- 3 The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.

4

Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory& Practical: 05-marks,
Assignments: 05-marks)

Course Code	Lab Name	Credits
CSL303	Computer Graphics Lab	1

Prerequisite: C Programming Language.

Lab Objectives:

- 1 Understand the need of developing graphics application
- 2 Learn algorithmic development of graphics primitives like line, circle, polygon etc.
- 3 Learn the representation and transformation of graphical images and pictures

Lab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students should be able to

- 1 Implement various output and filled area primitive algorithms
- 2 Apply transformation, projection and clipping algorithms on graphical objects.
- 3 Perform curve and fractal generation methods.
- 4 Develop a Graphical application/Animation based on learned concept

Content:

Scan conversions: lines, circles, ellipses. Filling algorithms, clipping algorithms. 2D and 3D transformation Curves Visible surface determination. Simple animations Application of these through exercises in C/C++

List of Suggested Experiments:

Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment
1	Implement DDA Line Drawing algorithm (dotted/dashed/thick)
2	Implement Bresenham's Line algorithm(dotted/dashed/thick)
3	Implement midpoint Circle algorithm.
4	Implement midpoint Ellipse algorithm.
5	Implement Area Filling Algorithm: Boundary Fill, Flood Fill.
6	Implement Scan line Polygon Filling algorithm.
7	Implement Curve: Bezier for n control points, B Spline (Uniform)(at least one)
8	Implement Fractal generation method (anyone)
9	Character Generation: Bit Map method and Stroke Method
10	Implement 2D Transformations: Translation, Scaling, Rotation, Reflection, Shear.
11	Implement Line Clipping Algorithm: Cohen Sutherland / Liang Barsky.
12	Implement polygon clipping algorithm (at least one)
13	Program to perform 3D transformation.
14	Perform projection of a 3D object on Projection Plane: Parallel and Perspective.
15	Perform Animation (such as Rising Sun, Moving Vehicle, Smileys, Screen saver etc.)

Term Work:

- 1 Term work should consist of 10 experiments.
- 2 Journal must include at least 2 assignments
- 3 Mini Project to perform using C /C++/Java/OpenGL/Blender/ any other tool (2/3 students per group). Possible Ideas: Animation using multiple objects, Game development, Graphics editor: Like Paint brush, Text editor etc.
- 4 The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
- 5 Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 10-marks, Attendance Theory& Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks, Mini Project: 5-marks)

Oral & Practical exam

- | |
|---|
| Based on the above contents and entire syllabus of CSC305 |
|---|

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credits
CSL304	Skill based Lab Course: Object Oriented Programming with Java	2

Prerequisite: Structured Programming Approach

Lab Objectives:

- 1 To learn the basic concepts of object-oriented programming
- 2 To study JAVA programming language
- 3 To study various concepts of JAVA programming like multithreading, exception Handling, packages, etc.
- 4 To explain components of GUI based programming.

Lab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students should be able to

- 1 To apply fundamental programming constructs.
- 2 To illustrate the concept of packages, classes and objects.
- 3 To elaborate the concept of strings, arrays and vectors.
- 4 To implement the concept of inheritance and interfaces.
- 5 To implement the concept of exception handling and multithreading.
- 6 To develop GUI based application.

Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1	Introduction to Object Oriented Programming	2
	1.1 OOP concepts: Objects, class, Encapsulation, Abstraction, Inheritance, Polymorphism, message passing.	
	1.2 Java Virtual Machine	
	1.3 Basic programming constructs: variables, data types, operators, unsigned right shift operator, expressions, branching and looping.	
2	Class, Object, Packages and Input/output	6
	2.1 Class, object, data members, member functions Constructors, types, static members and functions Method overloading Packages in java, types, user defined packages Input and output functions in Java, Buffered reader class, scanner class	
3	Array, String and Vector	3
	3.1 Array, Strings, String Buffer, Vectors	
4	Inheritance	4
	4.1 Types of inheritance, Method overriding, super, abstract class and abstract method, final, Multiple inheritance using interface, extends keyword	
5	Exception handling and Multithreading	5
	5.1 Exception handling using try, catch, finally, throw and throws, Multiple try and catch blocks, user defined exception Thread lifecycle, thread class methods, creating threads using extends and implements keyword.	
6	GUI programming in JAVA	6
	6.1 Applet and applet life cycle, creating applets, graphics class functions, parameter passing to applet, Font and color class. Event handling using event class AWT: working with windows, using AWT controls for GUI design Swing class in JAVA	

	Introduction to JDBC, JDBC-ODBC connectivity, JDBC architecture.	
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Textbooks:

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | Herbert Schildt, 'JAVA: The Complete Reference', Ninth Edition, Oracle Press. |
| 2 | E. Balagurusamy, 'Programming with Java', McGraw Hill Education. |

References:

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | Ivor Horton, "Beginning JAVA", Wiley India. |
| 2 | Dietal and Dietal, "Java: How to Program", 8 th Edition, PHI . |
| 3 | "JAVA Programming", Black Book, Dreamtech Press. |
| 4 | "Learn to Master Java programming", Staredu solutions |

Digital material:

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | www.nptelvideos.in |
| 2 | www.w3schools.com |
| 3 | www.tutorialspoint.com |
| 4 | https://starcertification.org/Certifications/Certificate/securejava |

Suggested List of Programming Assignments/laboratory Work:

Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment
1	Programs on Basic programming constructs like branching and looping
2	Program on accepting input through keyboard.
3	Programs on class and objects
4	Program on method and constructor overloading.
5	Program on Packages
6	Program on 2D array, strings functions
7	Program on String Buffer and Vectors
8	Program on types of inheritance
9	Program on Multiple Inheritance
10	Program on abstract class and abstract methods.
11	Program using super and final keyword
12	Program on Exception handling
13	Program on user defined exception
14	Program on Multithreading
15	Program on Graphics class
16	Program on applet class
17	Program to create GUI application
18	Mini Project based on the content of the syllabus (Group of 2-3 students)

Term Work:

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 | Term work should consist of 15 experiments. |
| 2 | Journal must include at least 2 assignments |
| 3 | Mini Project based on the content of the syllabus (Group of 2-3 students) |
| 4 | The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. |
| 5 | Total 50-Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks, Mini Project: 20-marks, MCQ as a part of lab assignments: 5-marks) |

Oral & Practical exam

Based on the entire syllabus of CSL 304: Skill based Lab Course: Object Oriented Programming with Java

Course code	Course Name	Credits
CSM301	Mini Project A	02

Objectives	
1	To acquaint with the process of identifying the needs and converting it into the problem.
2	To familiarize the process of solving the problem in a group.
3	To acquaint with the process of applying basic engineering fundamentals to attempt solutions to the problems.
4	To inculcate the process of self-learning and research.

Outcome: Learner will be able to...

1	Identify problems based on societal /research needs.
2	Apply Knowledge and skill to solve societal problems in a group.
3	Develop interpersonal skills to work as member of a group or leader.
4	Draw the proper inferences from available results through theoretical/experimental/simulations.
5	Analyze the impact of solutions in societal and environmental context for sustainable development.
6	Use standard norms of engineering practices
7	Excel in written and oral communication.
8	Demonstrate capabilities of self-learning in a group, which leads to lifelong learning.
9	Demonstrate project management principles during project work.

Guidelines for Mini Project

1	Students shall form a group of 3 to 4 students, while forming a group shall not be allowed less than three or more than four students, as it is a group activity.
2	Students should do survey and identify needs, which shall be converted into problem statement for mini project in consultation with faculty supervisor/head of department/internal committee of faculties.
3	Students shall submit implementation plan in the form of Gantt/PERT/CPM chart, which will cover weekly activity of mini project.
4	A logbook to be prepared by each group, wherein group can record weekly work progress, guide/supervisor can verify and record notes/comments.
5	Faculty supervisor may give inputs to students during mini project activity; however, focus shall be on self-learning.
6	Students in a group shall understand problem effectively, propose multiple solution and select best possible solution in consultation with guide/ supervisor.
7	Students shall convert the best solution into working model using various components of their domain areas and demonstrate.
8	The solution to be validated with proper justification and report to be compiled in standard format of University of Mumbai.
9	With the focus on the self-learning, innovation, addressing societal problems and entrepreneurship quality development within the students through the Mini Projects, it is preferable that a single project of appropriate level and quality to be carried out in two semesters by all the groups of the students. i.e. Mini Project 1 in semester III and IV. Similarly, Mini Project 2 in semesters V and VI.
10	However, based on the individual students or group capability, with the mentor's recommendations, if the proposed Mini Project adhering to the qualitative aspects mentioned above gets completed in odd semester, then that group can be allowed to work on the extension of the Mini Project with suitable improvements/modifications or a completely new project idea in even semester. This policy can be adopted on case by case basis.

Term Work

The review/ progress monitoring committee shall be constituted by head of departments of each institute. The progress of mini project to be evaluated on continuous basis, minimum two reviews in each semester.

In continuous assessment focus shall also be on each individual student, assessment based on individual's contribution in group activity, their understanding and response to questions.

Distribution of Term work marks for both semesters shall be as below:		Marks
1	Marks awarded by guide/supervisor based on logbook	10
2	Marks awarded by review committee	10
3	Quality of Project report	05

Review / progress monitoring committee may consider following points for assessment based on either one year or half year project as mentioned in general guidelines

One-year project:

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | <p>In first semester entire theoretical solution shall be ready, including components/system selection and cost analysis. Two reviews will be conducted based on presentation given by students group.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • First shall be for finalization of problem • Second shall be on finalization of proposed solution of problem. |
| 2 | <p>In second semester expected work shall be procurement of component's/systems, building of working prototype, testing and validation of results based on work completed in an earlier semester.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • First review is based on readiness of building working prototype to be conducted. • Second review shall be based on poster presentation cum demonstration of working model in last month of the said semester. |

Half-year project:

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | <p>In this case in one semester students' group shall complete project in all aspects including,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identification of need/problem • Proposed final solution • Procurement of components/systems • Building prototype and testing |
| 2 | <p>Two reviews will be conducted for continuous assessment,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • First shall be for finalization of problem and proposed solution • Second shall be for implementation and testing of solution. |

Assessment criteria of Mini Project.

Mini Project shall be assessed based on following criteria;

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 | Quality of survey/ need identification |
| 2 | Clarity of Problem definition based on need. |
| 3 | Innovativeness in solutions |
| 4 | Feasibility of proposed problem solutions and selection of best solution |
| 5 | Cost effectiveness |
| 6 | Societal impact |
| 7 | Innovativeness |
| 8 | Cost effectiveness and Societal impact |
| 9 | Full functioning of working model as per stated requirements |

10	Effective use of skill sets
11	Effective use of standard engineering norms
12	Contribution of an individual's as member or leader
13	Clarity in written and oral communication
	In one year, project , first semester evaluation may be based on first six criteria's and remaining may be used for second semester evaluation of performance of students in mini project.
	In case of half year project all criteria's in generic may be considered for evaluation of performance of students in mini project.

Guidelines for Assessment of Mini Project Practical/Oral Examination:

1	Report should be prepared as per the guidelines issued by the University of Mumbai.
2	Mini Project shall be assessed through a presentation and demonstration of working model by the student project group to a panel of Internal and External Examiners preferably from industry or research organizations having experience of more than five years approved by head of Institution.
3	Students shall be motivated to publish a paper based on the work in Conferences/students competitions.

Mini Project shall be assessed based on following points;

1	Quality of problem and Clarity
2	Innovativeness in solutions
3	Cost effectiveness and Societal impact
4	Full functioning of working model as per stated requirements
5	Effective use of skill sets
6	Effective use of standard engineering norms
7	Contribution of an individual's as member or leader
8	Clarity in written and oral communication

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CSC401	Engineering Mathematics-IV	4

Pre-requisite: Engineering Mathematics-I, Engineering Mathematics-II, Engineering Mathematics-III, Binomial Distribution.

Course Objectives: The course aims to learn:

- 1 Matrix algebra to understand engineering problems.
- 2 Line and Contour integrals and expansion of a complex valued function in a power series.
- 3 Z-Transforms and Inverse Z-Transforms with its properties.
- 4 The concepts of probability distributions and sampling theory for small samples.
- 5 Linear and Non-linear programming problems of optimization.

Course Outcomes: On successful completion, of course, learner/student will be able to:

- 1 Apply the concepts of eigenvalues and eigenvectors in engineering problems.
- 2 Use the concepts of Complex Integration for evaluating integrals, computing residues & evaluate various contour integrals.
- 3 Apply the concept of Z- transformation and inverse in engineering problems.
- 4 Use the concept of probability distribution and sampling theory to engineering problems.
- 5 Apply the concept of Linear Programming Problems to optimization.
- 6 Solve Non-Linear Programming Problems for optimization of engineering problems.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hours
1	Linear Algebra (Theory of Matrices)	7
	1.1 Characteristic Equation, Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors, and properties (without proof)	
	1.2 Cayley-Hamilton Theorem (without proof), verification and reduction of higher degree polynomials	
	1.3 Similarity of matrices, diagonalizable and non-diagonalizable matrices	
	1.4 Self-learning Topics: Derogatory and non-derogatory matrices, Functions of Square Matrix, Linear Transformations, Quadratic forms.	
2	Complex Integration	7
	2.1 Line Integral, Cauchy's Integral theorem for simple connected and multiply connected regions (without proof), Cauchy's Integral formula (without proof).	
	2.2 Taylor's and Laurent's series (without proof).	
	2.3 Definition of Singularity, Zeroes, poles off(z), Residues, Cauchy's Residue Theorem (without proof)	
	2.4 Self-learning Topics: Application of Residue Theorem to evaluate real integrations.	
3	Z Transform	5
	3.1 Definition and Region of Convergence, Transform of Standard Functions: $\{e^{at}\}$, $\{t^a\}$, $\{e^{at} \cdot t^a\}$, $\{e^{at} \sin(bt + c)\}$, $\{e^{at} \sinh(bt + c)\}$, $\{e^{at} \cosh(bt + c)\}$.	
	3.2 Properties of Z Transform: Change of Scale, Shifting Property, Multiplication, and Division by k, Convolution theorem.	
	3.3 Inverse Z transform: Partial Fraction Method, Convolution Method.	
	3.4 Self-learning Topics: Initial value theorem, Final value theorem, Inverse of Z Transform by Binomial Expansion	
4	Probability Distribution and Sampling Theory	7
	4.1 Probability Distribution: Poisson and Normal distribution	

	4.2	Sampling distribution, Test of Hypothesis, Level of Significance, Critical region, One-tailed, and two-tailed test, Degree of freedom.	
	4.3	Students' t-distribution (Small sample). Test the significance of mean and Difference between the means of two samples. Chi-Square Test: Test of goodness of fit and independence of attributes, Contingency table.	
	4.4	Self-learning Topics: Test significance for Large samples, Estimate parameters of a population, Yate's Correction.	
5	Linear Programming Problems		6
	5.1	Types of solutions, Standard and Canonical of LPP, Basic and Feasible solutions, slack variables, surplus variables, Simplex method.	
	5.2	Artificial variables, Big-M method (Method of penalty)	
	5.3	Duality, Dual of LPP and Dual Simplex Method	
	5.4	Self-learning Topics: Sensitivity Analysis, Two-Phase Simplex Method, Revised Simplex Method.	
6	Nonlinear Programming Problems		7
	6.1	NLPP with one equality constraint (two or three variables) using the method of Lagrange's multipliers	
	6.2	NLPP with two equality constraints	
	6.3	NLPP with inequality constraint: Kuhn-Tucker conditions	
	6.4	Self-learning Topics: Problems with two inequality constraints, Unconstrained optimization: One-dimensional search method (Golden Search method, Newton's method). Gradient Search method	

References:	
1	Erwin Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley & Sons.
2	R. K. Jain and S. R. K. Iyengar, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Narosa.
3	Brown and Churchill, "Complex Variables and Applications", McGraw-Hill Education.
4	T. Veerarajan, "Probability, Statistics and Random Processes", McGraw-Hill Education.
5	Hamdy A Taha, "Operations Research: An Introduction", Pearson.
6	S.S. Rao, "Engineering Optimization: Theory and Practice", Wiley-Blackwell.
7	Hira and Gupta, "Operations Research", S. Chand Publication.

Term Work:		
General Instructions:		
1	Batch wise tutorial shave to be conducted. The number of students per batch will be as per University pattern for practical.	
2	Students must be encouraged to write at least 6 class tutorials on the entire syllabus.	
3	A group of 4-6 students should be assigned a self-learning topic. Students should prepare a presentation/problem solving of 10-15 minutes. This will be considered as a mini project in Engineering Mathematics. This project will be graded out of 10 marks depending on the performance of the students.	
The distribution of Term Work marks will be as follows:		
1	Attendance (Theory and Tutorial)	05 marks
2	Class Tutorials on entire syllabus	10 marks
3	Mini project	10 marks

Assessment:		
Internal Assessment Test:		
The assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The 1stclass test (Internal Assessment I) has to be conducted when approximately 40% of the syllabus is completed. The 2 nd class test has to be conducted (Internal Assessment II) when an additional 35% syllabus is		

completed. The duration of each test will be for one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

1	The question paper will comprise a total of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
2	Out of the 6 questions, 4 questions have to be attempted.
3	Question 1, based on the entire syllabus, will have 4 sub-questions of 5 marks each and is compulsory.
4	Question 2 to Question 6 will have 3 sub-questions, each of 6, 6, and 8 marks, respectively.
5	Each sub-question in (4) will be from different modules of the syllabus.
6	Weightage of each module will be proportional to the number of lecture hours, as mentioned in the syllabus.

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSC402	Analysis of Algorithms	3

Prerequisite: Data structure concepts, Discrete structures

Course Objectives:

- 1 To provide mathematical approaches for Analysis of Algorithms
- 2 To understand and solve problems using various algorithmic approaches
- 3 To analyze algorithms using various methods

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course learner will be able to

- 1 Analyze the running time and space complexity of algorithms.
- 2 Describe, apply and analyze the complexity of divide and conquer strategy.
- 3 Describe, apply and analyze the complexity of greedy strategy.
- 4 Describe, apply and analyze the complexity of dynamic programming strategy.
- 5 Explain and apply backtracking, branch and bound.
- 6 Explain and apply string matching techniques.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hours
1	Introduction	8
	1.1 Performance analysis, space, and time complexity Growth of function, Big-Oh, Omega Theta notation Mathematical background for algorithm analysis. Complexity class: Definition of P, NP, NP-Hard, NP-Complete Analysis of selection sort, insertion sort.	
	1.2 Recurrences: The substitution method, Recursion tree method, Master method	
2	Divide and Conquer Approach	6
	2.1 General method, Merge sort, Quick sort, Finding minimum and maximum algorithms and their Analysis, Analysis of Binary search.	
3	Greedy Method Approach	6
	3.1 General Method, Single source shortest path: Dijkstra Algorithm Fractional Knapsack problem, Job sequencing with deadlines, Minimum cost spanning trees: Kruskal and Prim's algorithms	
4	Dynamic Programming Approach	9
	4.1 General Method, Multistage graphs, Single source shortest path: Bellman Ford Algorithm All pair shortest path: Floyd Warshall Algorithm, Assembly-line scheduling Problem0/1 knapsack Problem, Travelling Salesperson problem, Longest common subsequence	
5	Backtracking and Branch and bound	6
	5.1 General Method, Backtracking: N-queen problem, Sum of subsets, Graph coloring	
	5.2 Branch and Bound: Travelling Salesperson Problem, 15 Puzzle problem	
6	String Matching Algorithms	4
	6.1 The Naïve string-matching algorithm, The Rabin Karp algorithm, The Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm	

Textbooks:

1	T. H. Cormen, C.E. Leiserson, R. L. Rivest, and C. Stein, “Introduction to algorithms”, 2 nd Edition, PHI Publication 2005.
2	Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, S. Rajsekaran. “Fundamentals of computer algorithms” University Press.

References:

1	Sanjoy Dasgupta, Christos Papadimitriou, Umesh Vazirani, "Algorithms", Tata McGraw-Hill Edition.
2	S. K. Basu, "Design Methods and Analysis of Algorithm", PHI

Assessment:**Internal Assessment:**

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

1	Question paper will comprise of total six questions.
2	All question carries equal marks
3	Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4	Only Four question need to be solved.
5	In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.

Useful Links

1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106131/
2	https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc19_cs47/preview
3	https://www.coursera.org/specializations/algorithms
4	https://www.mooc-list.com/tags/algorithms

Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSC403	Database Management System	3

Prerequisite: Data Structures

Course Objectives:

- 1 Develop entity relationship data model and its mapping to relational model
- 2 Learn relational algebra and Formulate SQL queries
- 3 Apply normalization techniques to normalize the database
- 4 Understand concept of transaction, concurrency control and recovery techniques.

Course Outcomes:

- 1 Recognize the need of database management system
- 2 Design ER and EER diagram for real life applications
- 3 Construct relational model and write relational algebra queries.
- 4 Formulate SQL queries
- 5 Apply the concept of normalization to relational database design.
- 6 Describe the concept of transaction, concurrency and recovery.

Module	Content	Hrs
1	Introduction Database Concepts	3
	1.1 Introduction, Characteristics of databases, File system v/s Database system, Data abstraction and data Independence, DBMS system architecture, Database Administrator	
2	Entity–Relationship Data Model	6
	2.1 The Entity-Relationship (ER) Model: Entity types: Weak and strong entity sets, Entity sets, Types of Attributes, Keys, Relationship constraints: Cardinality and Participation, Extended Entity-Relationship (EER) Model: Generalization, Specialization and Aggregation	
3	Relational Model and relational Algebra	8
	3.1 Introduction to the Relational Model, relational schema and concept of keys. Mapping the ER and EER Model to the Relational Model, Relational Algebra-operators, Relational Algebra Queries.	
4	Structured Query Language (SQL)	6
	4.1 Overview of SQL, Data Definition Commands, Integrity constraints: key constraints, Domain Constraints, Referential integrity , check constraints, Data Manipulation commands, Data Control commands, Set and string operations, aggregate function-group by, having, Views in SQL, joins, Nested and complex queries, Triggers	
5	Relational-Database Design	6
	5.1 Pitfalls in Relational-Database designs, Concept of normalization, Function Dependencies, First Normal Form, 2NF, 3NF, BCNF.	
6	Transactions Management and Concurrency and Recovery	10
	6.1 Transaction concept, Transaction states, ACID properties, Transaction Control Commands, Concurrent Executions, Serializability-Conflict and View, Concurrency Control: Lock-based, Timestamp-based protocols, Recovery System: Log based recovery, Deadlock handling	

Textbooks:	
1	Korth, Slberchatz, Sudarshan, Database System Concepts, 6 th Edition, McGraw Hill
2	Elmasri and Navathe, Fundamentals of Database Systems, 5 th Edition, Pearson Education
3	Raghu Ramkrishnan and Johannes Gehrke, Database Management Systems, TMH

References:	
1	Peter Rob and Carlos Coronel, Database Systems Design, Implementation and Management, Thomson Learning, 5 th Edition.
2	Dr. P.S. Deshpande, SQL and PL/SQL for Oracle 10g, Black Book, Dreamtech Press.
3	G. K. Gupta, Database Management Systems, McGraw Hill, 2012

Assessment:	
Internal Assessment:	
Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.	
End Semester Theory Examination:	
<p>1 Question paper will comprise of total six questions.</p> <p>2 All question carries equal marks</p> <p>3 Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)</p> <p>4 Only Four question need to be solved.</p> <p>5 In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.</p>	

Useful Links	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105175/
2	https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc19_cs46/preview
3	https://www.classcentral.com/course/swayam-database-management-system-9914
4	https://www.mooc-list.com/tags/dbms

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSC404	Operating System	03

Prerequisites: Data structures and Computer architecture

Course Objectives:

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 | 1. To introduce basic concepts and functions of operating systems. |
| 2 | 2. To understand the concept of process, thread and resource management. |
| 3 | 3. To understand the concepts of process synchronization and deadlock. |
| 4 | 4. To understand various Memory, I/O and File management techniques. |

Course Outcome:

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 | Understand the objectives, functions and structure of OS |
| 2 | Analyze the concept of process management and evaluate performance of process scheduling algorithms. |
| 3 | Understand and apply the concepts of synchronization and deadlocks |
| 4 | Evaluate performance of Memory allocation and replacement policies |
| 5 | Understand the concepts of file management. |
| | Apply concepts of I/O management and analyze techniques of disk scheduling. |

Module	Detailed Content		Hours
1	Operating system Overview		4
2	1.1	Introduction, Objectives, Functions and Evolution of Operating System	
	1.2	Operating system structures: Layered, Monolithic and Microkernel	
	1.3	Linux Kernel, Shell and System Calls	
2	Process and Process Scheduling		9
3	2.1	Concept of a Process, Process States, Process Description, Process Control Block.	
	2.2	Uniprocessor Scheduling-Types: Preemptive and Non-preemptive scheduling algorithms (FCFS, SJF, SRTN, Priority, RR)	
	2.3	Threads: Definition and Types, Concept of Multithreading	
3	Process Synchronization and Deadlocks		9
4	3.1	Concurrency: Principles of Concurrency, Inter-Process Communication, Process Synchronization.	
	3.2	Mutual Exclusion: Requirements, Hardware Support (TSL), Operating System Support (Semaphores), Producer and Consumer problem.	
	3.3	Principles of Deadlock: Conditions and Resource, Allocation Graphs, Deadlock Prevention, Deadlock Avoidance: Banker's Algorithm, Deadlock Detection and Recovery, Dining Philosophers Problem.	
4	Memory Management		9
5	4.1	Memory Management Requirements, Memory Partitioning: Fixed, Partitioning, Dynamic Partitioning, Memory Allocation Strategies: Best-Fit, First Fit, Worst Fit, Paging and Segmentation, TLB	
	4.2	Virtual Memory: Demand Paging, Page Replacement Strategies: FIFO, Optimal, LRU, Thrashing	
5	File Management		4

	5.1	Overview, File Organization and Access, File Directories, File Sharing	
6		I/O management	4
	6.1	I/O devices, Organization of the I/O Function, Disk Organization, I/O Management and Disk Scheduling: FCFS, SSTF, SCAN, CSCAN, LOOK, C-LOOK.	

Textbooks:

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | William Stallings, Operating System: Internals and Design Principles, Prentice Hall, 8 th Edition, 2014, ISBN-10: 0133805913 • ISBN-13: 9780133805918. |
| 2 | Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin and Greg Gagne, Operating System Concepts, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 9 th Edition, 2016, ISBN 978-81-265-5427-0 |

References:

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | Achyut Godbole and Atul Kahate, Operating Systems, McGraw Hill Education, 3 rd Edition |
| 2 | Andrew Tannenbaum, Operating System Design and Implementation, Pearson, 3 rd Edition. |
| 3 | Maurice J. Bach, "Design of UNIX Operating System", PHI |
| 4 | Sumitabha Das, "UNIX: Concepts and Applications", McGraw Hill, 4 th Edition |

Assessment:

Internal Assessment:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks. |
| 2 | The students need to solve total 4 questions. |
| 3 | Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus. |
| 4 | Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules |

Useful Links

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc19_cs50/preview |
| 2 | https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117/106/117106113/ |
| 3 | https://www.classcentral.com/course/swayam-introduction-to-operating-systems-6559 |

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CSC405	Microprocessor	3

Prerequisites: Digital Logic and Computer Architecture

Course objectives:

- 1 To equip students with the fundamental knowledge and basic technical competence in the field of Microprocessors.
- 2 To emphasize on instruction set and logic to build assembly language programs.
- 3 To prepare students for higher processor architectures and embedded systems

Course outcomes: On successful completion of course, learner will be able to:

- 1 Describe core concepts of 8086 microprocessor.
- 2 Interpret the instructions of 8086 and write assembly and Mixed language programs.
- 3 Identify the specifications of peripheral chip.
- 4 Design 8086 based system using memory and peripheral chips.
- 5 Appraise the architecture of advanced processors
- 6 Understand hyperthreading technology

Module	Detailed Contents	Hours
1	The Intel Microprocessors 8086 Architecture	8
	1.1 8086CPU Architecture, 1.2 Programmer's Model 1.3 Functional Pin Diagram 1.4 Memory Segmentation 1.5 Banking in 8086 1.6 Demultiplexing of Address/Data bus 1.7 Functioning of 8086 in Minimum mode and Maximum mode 1.8 Timing diagrams for Read and Write operations in minimum and maximum mode 1.9 Interrupt structure and its servicing	
2	Instruction Set and Programming	6
	2.1 Addressing Modes 2.2 Instruction set-Data Transfer Instructions, String Instructions, Logical Instructions, Arithmetic Instructions, Transfer of Control Instructions, Processor Control Instructions 2.3 Assembler Directives and Assembly Language Programming, Macros, Procedures	
3	Memory and Peripherals interfacing	8
	3.1 Memory Interfacing - RAM and ROM Decoding Techniques – Partial and Absolute 3.2 8255-PPI-Block diagram, CWR, operating modes, interfacing with 8086. 3.3 8257-DMAC-Block diagram, DMA operations and transfer modes. 3.4 Programmable Interrupt Controller 8259-Block Diagram, Interfacing the 8259 in single and cascaded mode.	
4	Intel 80386DX Processor	7
	4.1 Architecture of 80386 microprocessor 4.2 80386 registers–General purpose Registers, EFLAGS and Control	

	registers	
4.3	Real mode, Protected mode, virtual 8086 mode	
4.4	80386 memory management in Protected Mode – Descriptors and selectors, descriptor tables, the memory paging mechanism	
5	Pentium Processor	6
5.1	Pentium Architecture	
5.2	Superscalar Operation,	
5.3	Integer & Floating-Point Pipeline Stages,	
5.4	Branch Prediction Logic,	
5.5	Cache Organization and	
5.6	MESI protocol	
6	Pentium 4	4
6.1	Comparative study of 8086, 80386, Pentium I, Pentium II and Pentium III	
6.2	Pentium 4: Net burst micro architecture.	
6.3	Instruction translation look aside buffer and branch prediction	
6.4	Hyper threading technology and its use in Pentium 4	

Textbooks:

1	John Uffenbeck, “8086/8088 family: Design Programming and Interfacing”, PHI.
2	Yu-Cheng Liu, Glenn A. Gibson, “Microcomputer System: The 8086/8088 Family, Architecture, Programming and Design”, Prentice Hall
3	Walter A. Triebel, “The 80386DX Microprocessor: hardware, Software and Interfacing”, Prentice Hall
4	Tom Shanley and Don Anderson, “Pentium Processor System Architecture”, Addison-Wesley.
5	K. M. Bhurchandani and A. K. Ray, “Advanced Microprocessors and Peripherals”, McGraw Hill

References:

1	Barry B. Brey, “Intel Microprocessors”, 8 th Edition, Pearson Education India
2	Douglas Hall, “Microprocessor and Interfacing”, Tata McGraw Hill.
3	Intel Manual
4	Peter Abel, “IBM PC Assembly language and Programming”, 5 th Edition, PHI
5	James Antonakons, “The Pentium Microprocessor”, Pearson Education

Assessment:

Internal Assessment Test:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

1	Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
2	The students need to solve total 4 questions.
3	Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus.
4	Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

Useful Links

1	https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc20_ee11/preview
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105102/
3	https://www.classcentral.com/course/swayam-microprocessors-and-microcontrollers-9894
4	https://www.mooc-list.com/tags/microprocessors

Course Name	Lab Name	Credit
CSL401	Analysis of Algorithms Lab	1

Prerequisite: Basic knowledge of programming and data structure

Lab Objectives:

- 1 To introduce the methods of designing and analyzing algorithms
- 2 Design and implement efficient algorithms for a specified application
- 3 Strengthen the ability to identify and apply the suitable algorithm for the given real-world problem.
- 4 Analyze worst-case running time of algorithms and understand fundamental algorithmic problems.

Lab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- 1 Implement the algorithms using different approaches.
- 2 Analyze the complexities of various algorithms.
- 3 Compare the complexity of the algorithms for specific problem.

Description

Implementation can be in any language.

Suggested Practical List:

Sr No		Suggested Experiment List
1		Introduction
	1.1	Selection sort, Insertion sort
2		Divide and Conquer Approach
	2.1	Finding Minimum and Maximum, Merge sort, Quick sort, Binary search
3		Greedy Method Approach
	3.1	Single source shortest path- Dijkstra Fractional Knapsack problem Job sequencing with deadlines Minimum cost spanning trees-Kruskal and Prim's algorithm
4		Dynamic Programming Approach
	4.1	Single source shortest path- Bellman Ford All pair shortest path- Floyd Warshall 0/1 knapsack Travelling salesperson problem Longest common subsequence
5		Backtracking and Branch and bound
	5.1	N-queen problem Sum of subsets Graph coloring
6		String Matching Algorithms
	6.1	The Naïve string-matching Algorithms The Rabin Karp algorithm The Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm

Term Work:	
1	Term work should consist of 10 experiments.
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments on content of theory and practical of “Analysis of Algorithms”
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory& Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)
Oral & Practical exam	
	Based on the entire syllabus of CSC402: Analysis of Algorithms

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSL402	Database Management System Lab	1

Prerequisite: Discrete Structures

Lab Objectives:

- 1 To explore design and develop of relational model
- 2 To present SQL and procedural interfaces to SQL comprehensively
- 3 To introduce the concepts of transactions and transaction processing

Lab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- 1 Design ER /EER diagram and convert to relational model for the realworld application.
- 2 Apply DDL, DML, DCL and TCL commands
- 3 Write simple and complex queries
- 4 UsePL / SQL Constructs.
- 5 Demonstrate the concept of concurrent transactions execution and frontend-backend connectivity

Suggested List of Experiments

Sr. No.	Title of Experiment
1	Identify the case study and detail statement of problem. Design an Entity-Relationship (ER) / Extended Entity-Relationship (EER) Model.
2	Mapping ER/EER to Relational schema model.
3	Create a database using Data Definition Language (DDL) and apply integrity constraints for the specified System
4	Apply DML Commands for the specified system
5	Perform Simple queries, string manipulation operations and aggregate functions.
6	Implement various Join operations.
7	Perform Nested and Complex queries
8	Perform DCL and TCL commands
9	Implement procedure and functions
10	Implementation of Views and Triggers.
11	Demonstrate Database connectivity
12	Implementation and demonstration of Transaction and Concurrency control techniques using locks.

Term Work:

- 1 Term work should consist of 10 experiments.
- 2 Journal must include at least 2 assignments on content of theory and practical of “Database Management System”
- 3 The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
- 4 Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory& Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)

Oral & Practical exam : Based on the entire syllabus of CSC403: Database Management System

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSL403	Operating System Lab	01

Prerequisite: Knowledge on Operating system principles

Lab Objectives:

- 1 To gain practical experience with designing and implementing concepts of operating systems such as system calls, CPU scheduling, process management, memory management, file systems and deadlock handling using C language in Linux environment.
- 2 To familiarize students with the architecture of Linux OS.
- 3 To provide necessary skills for developing and debugging programs in Linux environment.
- 4 To learn programmatically to implement simple operation system mechanisms

Lab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- 1 Demonstrate basic Operating system Commands, Shell scripts, System Calls and API wrt Linux
- 2 Implement various process scheduling algorithms and evaluate their performance.
- 3 Implement and analyze concepts of synchronization and deadlocks.
- 4 Implement various Memory Management techniques and evaluate their performance.
- 5 Implement and analyze concepts of virtual memory.
- 6 Demonstrate and analyze concepts of file management and I/O management techniques.

Suggested List of Experiments

Sr. No.		Content
1		Explore Linux Commands
	1.1	Explore usage of basic Linux Commands and system calls for file, directory and process management. For eg: (mkdir, chdir, cat, ls, chown, chmod, chgrp, ps etc. system calls: open, read, write, close, getpid, setpid, getuid, getgid, getegid, geteuid. sort, grep, awk, etc.)
2		Linux shell script
	2.1	Write shell scripts to do the following: a. Display OS version, release number, kernel version b. Display top 10 processes in descending order c. Display processes with highest memory usage. d. Display current logged in user and log name. Display current shell, home directory, operating system type, current path setting, current working directory.
3		Linux- API
	3.1	Implement any one basic commands of linux like ls, cp, mv and others using kernel APIs.
4		Linux- Process
	4.1	a. Create a child process in Linux using the fork system call. From the child process obtain the process ID of both child and parent by using getpid and getppid system call. b. Explore wait and waitpid before termination of process.
5		Process Management: Scheduling

	5.1	a. Write a program to demonstrate the concept of non-preemptive scheduling algorithms. b. Write a program to demonstrate the concept of preemptive scheduling algorithms
6		Process Management: Synchronization
	6.1	a. Write a C program to implement solution of Producer consumer problem through Semaphore
7		Process Management: Deadlock
	7.1	a. Write a program to demonstrate the concept of deadlock avoidance through Banker's Algorithm b. Write a program demonstrate the concept of Dining Philosopher's Problem
8		Memory Management
	8.1	a. Write a program to demonstrate the concept of MVT and MFT memory management techniques b. Write a program to demonstrate the concept of dynamic partitioning placement algorithms i.e. Best Fit, First Fit, Worst-Fit etc.
9		Memory Management: Virtual Memory
	9.1	a. Write a program to demonstrate the concept of demand paging for simulation of Virtual Memory implementation b. Write a program in C demonstrate the concept of page replacement policies for handling page faults eg: FIFO, LRU etc.
10		File Management & I/O Management
	10.1	a. Write a C program to simulate File allocation strategies typically sequential, indexed and linked files b. Write a C program to simulate file organization of multi-level directory structure. c. Write a program in C to do disk scheduling - FCFS, SCAN, C-SCAN

Term Work:	
1	Term work should consist of 10 experiments covering all modules.
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments on content of theory and practical of “Database Management System”
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory& Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)
Oral & Practical exam	
	Based on the entire syllabus of CSC405: Operating System.

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credits
CSL404	Microprocessor Lab	1

Prerequisite: Basic knowledge digital integrated circuits

Lab Objectives:

- 1 To emphasize on use of Assembly language program.
- 2 To prepare students for advanced subjects like embedded system and IOT.

Lab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- 1 Use appropriate instructions to program microprocessor to perform various task
- 2 Develop the program in assembly/ mixed language for Intel 8086 processor
- 3 Demonstrate the execution and debugging of assembly/ mixed language program

Suggested List of Experiments:

Sr. No.	Title of Experiments
1	Use of programming tools (Debug/TASM/MASM/8086kit) to perform basic arithmetic operations on 8-bit/16-bit data
2	Code conversion (Hex to BCD and BCD to Hex)/ (ASCII to BCD and BCD to ASCII)
3	Assembly programming for 16-bit addition, subtraction, multiplication and division (menu based)
4	Assembly program based on string instructions (overlapping/non-overlapping block transfer/ string search/ string length)
5	Assembly program to display the contents of the flag register.
6	Any Mixed Language programs.
7	Assembly program to find the GCD/ LCM of two numbers
8	Assembly program to sort numbers in ascending/ descending order
9	Any program using INT 10H
10	Assembly program to find minimum/ maximum number from a given array.
11	Assembly Program to display a message in different color with blinking
12	Assembly program using procedure.
13	Assembly program using macro.
14	Program and interfacing using 8255.
15	Program and interfacing of ADC/ DAC/ Stepper motor.

Term Work:

1	Term work should consist of 10 experiments, out of these at least one experiment on hardware interfacing.
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments on content of theory and practical of “Microprocessor”
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory& Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSL405	Skill Base Lab Course: Python Programming	2

Prerequisite: Knowledge of some programming language like C, Java

Lab Objectives:

- 1 Basics of Python programming
- 2 Decision Making, Data structure and Functions in Python
- 3 Object Oriented Programming using Python
- 4 Web framework for developing

Lab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- 1 To understand basic concepts in python.
- 2 To explore contents of files, directories and text processing with python
- 3 To develop program for data structure using built in functions in python.
- 4 To explore django web framework for developing python-based web application.
- 5 To understand Multithreading concepts using python.

Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1	Python basics	5
	1.1 Data types in python, Operators in python, Input and Output, Control statement, Arrays in python, String and Character in python, Functions, List and Tuples, Dictionaries Exception, Introduction to OOP, Classes, Objects, Interfaces, Inheritance	
2	Advanced Python	4
	2.1 Files in Python, Directories, Building Modules, Packages, Text Processing, Regular expression in python.	
3	Data Structure in Python	3
	3.1 Link List, Stack, Queues, Dequeues	
4	Python Integration Primer	4
	4.1 Graphical User interface, Networking in Python, Python database connectivity, Introduction to Django	
5	Multithreading	4
	5.1 Thread and Process, Starting a thread, Threading module, Synchronizing threads, Multithreaded Priority Queue	
6	NumPy and Pandas	6
	6.1 Creating NumPy arrays, Indexing and slicing in NumPy, creating multidimensional arrays, NumPy Data types, Array Attribute, Indexing and Slicing, Creating array views copies, Manipulating array shapes I/O	
	6.2 Basics of Pandas, Using multilevel series, Series and Data Frames, Grouping, aggregating, Merge Data Frames	

Textbooks:

- 1 Dr. R. Nageswara Rao, "Core Python Programming", Dreamtech Press
- 2 Beginning Python: Using Python 2.6 and Python 3.1. James Payne, Wrox Publication
- 3 Anurag Gupta, G. P. Biswas, "Python Programming", McGraw-Hill
- 4 E. Balagurusamy, "Introduction to computing and problem-solving using python", McGraw Hill Education

References:

- 1 Learn Python the Hard Way, 3rd Edition, Zed Shaw's Hard Way Series

2	Laura Cassell, Alan Gauld, "Python Projects", Wrox Publication
Digital material:	
1	"The Python Tutorial" , http://docs.python.org/release/3.0.1/tutorial/
2	Beginning Perl , https://www.perl.org/books/beginning-perl/
3	http://spoken-tutorial.org
4	https://starcertification.org/Certifications/Certificate/python

Suggested experiments using Python:	
Sr. No.	Title of Experiments
1	Exploring basics of python like data types (strings, list, array, dictionaries, set, tuples) and control statements.
2	Creating functions, classes and objects using python. Demonstrate exception handling and inheritance.
3	Exploring Files and directories <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Python program to append data to existing file and then display the entire file b. Python program to count number of lines, words and characters in a file. c. Python program to display file available in current directory
4	Creating GUI with python containing widgets such as labels, textbox, radio, checkboxes and custom dialog boxes.
5	Menu driven program for data structure using built in function for link list, stack and queue.
6	Program to demonstrate CRUD (create, read, update and delete) operations on database (SQLite/ MySQL) using python.
7	Creation of simple socket for basic information exchange between server and client.
8	Creating web application using Django web framework to demonstrate functionality of user login and registration (also validating user detail using regular expression).
9	Programs on Threading using python.
10	Exploring basics of NumPy Methods.
11	Program to demonstrate use of NumPy: Array objects.
12	Program to demonstrate Data Series and Data Frames using Pandas.
13	Program to send email and read content of URL.

Term Work:	
1	Term work should consist of 12 experiments.
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments
3	Mini Project based on the content of the syllabus (Group of 2-3 students)
4	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
5	Total 25 Marks (Journal: 10-marks, Attendance: 05-marks, and Mini Project: 10-marks)

Course code	Course Name	Credits
CSM401	Mini Project B	02

Objectives

- 1 To acquaint with the process of identifying the needs and converting it into the problem.
- 2 To familiarize the process of solving the problem in a group.
- 3 To acquaint with the process of applying basic engineering fundamentals to attempt solutions to the problems.
- 4 To inculcate the process of self-learning and research.

Outcome: Learner will be able to...

- 1 Identify problems based on societal /research needs.
- 2 Apply Knowledge and skill to solve societal problems in a group.
- 3 Develop interpersonal skills to work as member of a group or leader.
- 4 Draw the proper inferences from available results through theoretical/experimental/simulations.
- 5 Analyze the impact of solutions in societal and environmental context for sustainable development.
- 6 Use standard norms of engineering practices
- 7 Excel in written and oral communication.
- 8 Demonstrate capabilities of self-learning in a group, which leads to lifelong learning.
- 9 Demonstrate project management principles during project work.

Guidelines for Mini Project

- 1 Students shall form a group of 3 to 4 students, while forming a group shall not be allowed less than three or more than four students, as it is a group activity.
- 2 Students should do survey and identify needs, which shall be converted into problem statement for mini project in consultation with faculty supervisor/head of department/internal committee of faculties.
- 3 Students shall submit implementation plan in the form of Gantt/PERT/CPM chart, which will cover weekly activity of mini project.
- 4 A logbook to be prepared by each group, wherein group can record weekly work progress, guide/supervisor can verify and record notes/comments.
- 5 Faculty supervisor may give inputs to students during mini project activity; however, focus shall be on self-learning.
- 6 Students in a group shall understand problem effectively, propose multiple solution and select best possible solution in consultation with guide/ supervisor.
- 7 Students shall convert the best solution into working model using various components of their domain areas and demonstrate.
- 8 The solution to be validated with proper justification and report to be compiled in standard format of University of Mumbai.
- 9 With the focus on the self-learning, innovation, addressing societal problems and entrepreneurship quality development within the students through the Mini Projects, it is preferable that a single project of appropriate level and quality to be carried out in two semesters by all the groups of the students. i.e. Mini Project 1 in semester III and IV. Similarly, Mini Project 2 in semesters V and VI.
- 10 However, based on the individual students or group capability, with the mentor's recommendations, if the proposed Mini Project adhering to the qualitative aspects mentioned above gets completed in odd semester, then that group can be allowed to work on the extension of the Mini Project with suitable improvements/modifications or a completely new project idea in even semester. This policy can be adopted on case by case basis.

Term Work

The review/ progress monitoring committee shall be constituted by head of departments of each institute. The progress of mini project to be evaluated on continuous basis, minimum two reviews in each semester.

In continuous assessment focus shall also be on each individual student, assessment based on individual's contribution in group activity, their understanding and response to questions.

Distribution of Term work marks for both semesters shall be as below:		Marks
1	Marks awarded by guide/supervisor based on logbook	10
2	Marks awarded by review committee	10
3	Quality of Project report	05

Review / progress monitoring committee may consider following points for assessment based on either one year or half year project as mentioned in general guidelines

One-year project:

1	In first semester entire theoretical solution shall be ready, including components/system selection and cost analysis. Two reviews will be conducted based on presentation given by students group. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • First shall be for finalization of problem • Second shall be on finalization of proposed solution of problem.
2	In second semester expected work shall be procurement of component's/systems, building of working prototype, testing and validation of results based on work completed in an earlier semester. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • First review is based on readiness of building working prototype to be conducted. • Second review shall be based on poster presentation cum demonstration of working model in last month of the said semester.

Half-year project:

1	In this case in one semester students' group shall complete project in all aspects including, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identification of need/problem • Proposed final solution • Procurement of components/systems • Building prototype and testing
2	Two reviews will be conducted for continuous assessment, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • First shall be for finalization of problem and proposed solution • Second shall be for implementation and testing of solution.

Assessment criteria of Mini Project.

Mini Project shall be assessed based on following criteria;

1	Quality of survey/ need identification
2	Clarity of Problem definition based on need.
3	Innovativeness in solutions
4	Feasibility of proposed problem solutions and selection of best solution
5	Cost effectiveness
6	Societal impact
7	Innovativeness

8	Cost effectiveness and Societal impact
9	Full functioning of working model as per stated requirements
10	Effective use of skill sets
11	Effective use of standard engineering norms
12	Contribution of an individual's as member or leader
13	Clarity in written and oral communication
	In one year, project , first semester evaluation may be based on first six criteria's and remaining may be used for second semester evaluation of performance of students in mini project.
	In case of half year project all criteria's in generic may be considered for evaluation of performance of students in mini project.

Guidelines for Assessment of Mini Project Practical/Oral Examination:

1	Report should be prepared as per the guidelines issued by the University of Mumbai.
2	Mini Project shall be assessed through a presentation and demonstration of working model by the student project group to a panel of Internal and External Examiners preferably from industry or research organizations having experience of more than five years approved by head of Institution.
3	Students shall be motivated to publish a paper based on the work in Conferences/students competitions.

Mini Project shall be assessed based on following points;

1	Quality of problem and Clarity
2	Innovativeness in solutions
3	Cost effectiveness and Societal impact
4	Full functioning of working model as per stated requirements
5	Effective use of skill sets
6	Effective use of standard engineering norms
7	Contribution of an individual's as member or leader
8	Clarity in written and oral communication

University of Mumbai



Bachelor of Engineering in

- Computer Science and Engineering (Data Science)
- Computer Science and Engineering (Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning)
- Artificial Intelligence and Data Science
- Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning
- Data Engineering

Third Year with Effect from AY 2022-23

(REV- 2019 ‘C’ Scheme) from Academic Year 2019 – 20

Under

FACULTY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

(As per AICTE guidelines with effect from the academic year 2019–2020)

University of Mumbai



Sr. No.	Heading	Particulars
1	Title of the Course	Third Year Engineering
2	Eligibility for Admission	After Passing Second Year Engineering as per the Ordinance 0.6243
3	Passing Marks	40%
4	Ordinances / Regulations (if any)	Ordinance 0.6243
5	No. of Years / Semesters	8 semesters
6	Level	P.G. / U.G./ Diploma / Certificate (Strike out which is not applicable)
7	Pattern	Yearly / Semester (Strike out which is not applicable)
8	Status	New/ Revised (Strike out which is not applicable)
9	To be implemented from Academic Year	With effect from Academic Year:2022-2023

Dr. S.K.Ukarande
Associate Dean
Faculty of Science and Technology
University of Mumbai

Dr. Anuradha Muzumdar
Dean
Faculty of Science and Technology
University of Mumbai

Preamble

To meet the challenge of ensuring excellence in engineering education, the issue of quality needs to be addressed, debated and taken forward in a systematic manner. Accreditation is the principal means of quality assurance in higher education. The major emphasis of accreditation process is to measure the outcomes of the program that is being accredited. In line with this Faculty of Science and Technology (in particular Engineering) of University of Mumbai has taken a lead in incorporating philosophy of outcome based education in the process of curriculum development.

Faculty resolved that course objectives and course outcomes are to be clearly defined for each course, so that all faculty members in affiliated institutes understand the depth and approach of course to be taught, which will enhance learner's learning process. Choice based Credit and grading system enables a much-required shift in focus from teacher-centric to learner-centric education since the workload estimated is based on the investment of time in learning and not in teaching. It also focuses on continuous evaluation which will enhance the quality of education. Credit assignment for courses is based on 15 weeks teaching learning process, however content of courses is to be taught in 13 weeks and remaining 2 weeks to be utilized for revision, guest lectures, coverage of content beyond syllabus etc.

There was a concern that the earlier revised curriculum more focused on providing information and knowledge across various domains of the said program, which led to heavily loading of students in terms of direct contact hours. In this regard, faculty of science and technology resolved that to minimize the burden of contact hours, total credits of entire program will be of 170, wherein focus is not only on providing knowledge but also on building skills, attitude and self learning. Therefore in the present curriculum skill based laboratories and mini projects are made mandatory across all disciplines of engineering in second and third year of programs, which will definitely facilitate self learning of students. The overall credits and approach of curriculum proposed in the present revision is in line with AICTE model curriculum.

The present curriculum will be implemented for Second Year of Engineering from the academic year 2021-22. Subsequently this will be carried forward for Third Year and Final Year Engineering in the academic years 2022-23, 2023-24, respectively.

Dr. S.K. Ukarande
Associate Dean
Faculty of Science and Technology
University of Mumbai

Dr Anuradha Muzumdar
Dean
Faculty of Science and Technology
University of Mumbai

Incorporation and Implementation of Online Contents

fromNPTEL/ Swayam Platform

The curriculum revision is mainly focused on knowledge component, skill based activities and project based activities. Self learning opportunities are provided to learners. In the revision process this time in particular Revised syllabus of ‘C’ scheme wherever possible additional resource links of platforms such as NPTEL, Swayam are appropriately provided. In an earlier revision of curriculum in the year 2012 and 2016 in Revised scheme ‘A’ and ‘B’ respectively, efforts were made to use online contents more appropriately as additional learning materials to enhance learning of students.

In the current revision based on the recommendation of AICTE model curriculum overall credits are reduced to 171, to provide opportunity of self learning to learner. Learners are now getting sufficient time for self learning either through online courses or additional projects for enhancing their knowledge and skill sets.

The Principals/ HoD's/ Faculties of all the institute are required to motivate and encourage learners to use additional online resources available on platforms such as NPTEL/ Swayam. Learners can be advised to take up online courses, on successful completion they are required to submit certification for the same. This will definitely help learners to facilitate their enhanced learning based on their interest.

Dr. S.K.Ukarande
Associate Dean
Faculty of Science and Technology
University of Mumbai

Dr Anuradha Muzumdar
Dean
Faculty of Science and Technology
University of Mumbai

Preface by Board of Studies in Computer Engineering

Dear Students and Teachers, we, the members of Board of Studies Computer Engineering, are very happy to present Third Year Computer Engineering syllabus effective from the Academic Year 2021-22 (REV-2019'C' Scheme). We are sure you will find this syllabus interesting, challenging, fulfill certain needs and expectations.

Computer Engineering is one of the most sought-after courses amongst engineering students. The syllabus needs revision in terms of preparing the student for the professional scenario relevant and suitable to cater the needs of industry in present day context. The syllabus focuses on providing a sound theoretical background as well as good practical exposure to students in the relevant areas. It is intended to provide a modern, industry-oriented education in Computer Engineering. It aims at producing trained professionals who can successfully acquainted with the demands of the industry worldwide. They obtain skills and experience in up-to-date the knowledge to analysis, design, implementation, validation, and documentation of computer software and systems.

The revised syllabus is finalized through a brain storming session attended by Heads of Departments or senior faculty from the Department of Computer Engineering of the affiliated Institutes of the Mumbai University. The syllabus falls in line with the objectives of affiliating University, AICTE, UGC, and various accreditation agencies by keeping an eye on the technological developments, innovations, and industry requirements.

The salient features of the revised syllabus are:

1. Reduction in credits to 170 is implemented to ensure that students have more time for extracurricular activities, innovations, and research.
2. The department Optional Courses will provide the relevant specialization within the branch to a student.
3. Introduction of Skill Based Lab and Mini Project to showcase their talent by doing innovative projects that strengthen their profile and increases the chance of employability.
4. Students are encouraged to take up part of course through MOOCs platform SWAYAM

We would like to place on record our gratefulness to the faculty, students, industry experts and stakeholders for having helped us in the formulation of this syllabus.

Board of Studies in Computer Engineering

Prof. Sunil Bhirud	: Chairman
Prof. SunitaPatil	: Member
Prof. Leena Ragha	: Member
Prof. Subhash Shinde	: Member
Prof .Meera Narvekar	: Member
Prof. Suprtim Biswas	: Member
Prof. Sudhir Sawarkar	: Member
Prof. Dayanand Ingle	: Member
Prof. Satish Ket	: Member

PROGRAM STRUCTURE FOR THIRD YEAR
UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI (With Effect from 2022-2023)

Semester V

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Pract.	Theory	Pract.	Total			
CSC501	Computer Network	3	--	3	--	3			
CSC502	Web Computing	3	--	3	--	3			
CSC503	Artificial Intelligence	3	--	3	--	3			
CSC504	Data Warehousing & Mining	3	--	3	--	3			
CSDLO5 01X	Department Level Optional Course- 1	3	--	3	--	3			
CSL501	Web Computing and Network Lab	--	2	--	1	1			
CSL502	Artificial Intelligence Lab	--	2	--	1	1			
CSL503	Data Warehousing & Mining Lab	--	2	--	1	1			
CSL504	Business Communication and Ethics-II	--	2*+2	--	2	2			
CSM501	Mini Project: 2 A	--	4\$	--	2	2			
Total		15	14	15	07	22			
Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							
		Theory			Term Work	Pract &oral	Total		
		Internal Assessment		End Sem Exam	Exam. Duration (in Hrs)				
		Test1	Test2	Avg					
CSC501	Computer Network	20	20	20	80	3	-	--	100
CSC502	Web Computing	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSC503	Artificial Intelligence	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSC504	Data Warehousing & Mining	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSDLO5 01X	Department Level Optional Course- 1	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSL501	Web Computing and Network Lab	--	--	--	--	--	25	25	50
CSL502	Artificial Intelligence Lab	--	--	--	--	--	25	25	50
CSL503	Data Warehousing & Mining Lab	--	--	--	--	--	25	25	50
CSL504	Business Communication and Ethics-II	--	--	--	--	--	50	--	50
CSM501	Mini Project : 2A	--	--	--	--	--	25	25	50
Total		--	--	100	400	--	150	100	750

* Theory class to be conducted for full class and \$ indicates workload of Learner (Not Faculty), students can formgroups with minimum 2(Two) and not more than 4(Four). Faculty Load: 1hour per week per four groups.

PROGRAM STRUCTURE FOR THIRD YEAR
UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI (With Effect from 2022-2023)
Semester VI

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)		Credits Assigned					
		Theory	Pract. Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Total			
CSC601	Data Analytics and Visualization	3	--	3	--	3			
CSC602	Cryptography and System Security	3	--	3	--	3			
CSC603	Software Engineering and Project Management	3	--	3	--	3			
CSC604	Machine Learning	3	--	3	--	3			
CSDLO6 01X	Department Level Optional Course -2	3	--	3	--	3			
CSL601	Data Analytics and Visualization Lab	--	2	--	1	1			
CSL602	Cryptography & System Security Lab	--	2	--	1	1			
CSL603	Software Engineering and Project Management Lab	--	2	--	1	1			
CSL604	Machine Learning Lab	--	2	--	1	1			
CSL605	Skill base Lab Course: Cloud Computing	--	4	--	2	2			
CSM601	Mini Project Lab: 2B	--	4\$	--	2	2			
Total		15	16	15	08	23			
Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							
		Theory			Term Work	Pract. &oral			
		Internal Assessment		End Sem Exam	Exam. Duration (in Hrs)				
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg					
CSC601	Data Analytics and Visualization	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSC602	Cryptography and System Security	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSC603	Software Engineering and Project Management	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSC604	Machine Learning	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSDLO6 01X	Department Level Optional Course -2	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSL601	Data Analytics and Visualization Lab	--	--	--	--	--	25	25	50
CSL602	Cryptography & System Security Lab	--	--	--	--	--	25	--	25
CSL603	Software Engineering and Project Management Lab	--	--	--	--	--	25	-	25
CSL604	Machine Learning Lab						25	25	50
CSL605	Skill base Lab Course: Cloud Computing	--	--	--	--	--	50	25	75
CSM601	Mini Project Lab: 2B	--	--	--	--	--	25	25	50
Total		--	--	100	400	--	175	100	775

PROGRAM STRUCTURE FOR THIRD YEAR
UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI (With Effect from 2022-2023)
DEPARTMENT OPTIONAL COURSES

Department Optional Courses	Semester	Code & Subject
Department Optional Course -1	V	CSDLO5011 : Statistics for Artificial Intelligence & Data Science CSDLO5012: Advanced Algorithms CSDLO5013: Internet of Things
Department Optional Course -2	VI	CSDLO6011 :High Performance Computing CSDLO6012: Distributed Computing CSDLO6013: Image & Video processing

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSC501	Computer Networks	03

Pre-requisite: None

Course Objectives: The course aims:

- 1 To introduce concepts of computer networks and working of various layers of OSI.
- 2 To explore the issues and challenges of protocols design while delving into TCP/IP protocol suite.
- 3 To assess the strengths and weaknesses of various routing algorithms.
- 4 To understand various transport layer and application layer protocols
- 5 To design enterprise network for given user requirements in an application.

Course Outcomes:

- 1 Demonstrate the concepts of data communication at physical layer and compare ISO - OSI model with TCP/IP model.
- 2 Explore different design issues at data link layer.
- 3 Design the network using IP addressing and sub netting / supernetting schemes.
- 4 Analyze transport layer protocols and congestion control algorithms.
- 5 Explore protocols at application layer
- 6 Understand the customer requirements and Apply a Methodology to Network Design and software defined networks

Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1	Introduction to Networking	
	1.1 Introduction to computer network, Network Devices, Network topology, Switching: Circuit-Switched Networks, Packet Switching, Network Types: LAN, MAN, WAN	6
	1.2 Reference models: Layer details of OSI, TCP/IP models. Difference between OSI and TCP/IP	
2	Physical and Data Link Layer	10
	2.1 Physical Layer: Communication mechanisms and Electromagnetic Spectrum, Guided Transmission Media: Twisted pair, Coaxial, Fiber optics	
	2.2 Data Link Layer: DLL Design Issues (Services, Framing, Error Control, Flow Control), Error Detection and Correction (Hamming Code, CRC, Checksum), Elementary Data Link protocols , Stop and Wait, Sliding Window (Go Back N, Selective Repeat), Medium Access Control sublayer Channel Allocation problem, Multiple access Protocol(ALOHA, Carrier Sense Multiple Access,	

	(CSMA/CD)).	
3	Network Layer	7
	3.1 Network Layer: Communication Primitives, IPv4 Addressing (classful and classless), Subnetting, IPv4 Protocol, Network Address Translation (NAT), IPv6 addressing, IPv4 vs IPv6 addressing, Routed vs Routing protocols. Classification of Routing algorithms, Shortest Path algorithms (Dijkstra's), Link state routing, Distance Vector Routing	
4	Transport Layer and Application Layer	7
	4.1 Transport Layer: Service primitives, Sockets, Connection management (Handshake), UDP, TCP, TCP state transition, TCP timers, TCP Flow control (sliding Window)	
	4.2 Application Layer: HTTP, SMTP, Telnet, FTP, DHCP, DNS and Types of Name Server	
5	Enterprise Network Design	5
	The Cisco Service Oriented Network Architecture, Network Design Methodology, Top-Down vs Bottom up Approach to Network Design, Classic Three-Layer Hierarchical Model: Core, Access and Distribution Layers, Campus Design Considerations, Designing a Campus Network Design Topology.	
6	Software Defined Networks	4
	Introduction to Software Defined Network, Fundamental Characteristics of SDN, SDN Building Blocks, Control and Data planes, SDN Operation, OpenFlow messages – Controller to Switch, Symmetric and Asynchronous messages, SDN OpenFlow Controllers: PoX, NoX Architecture.	

Textbooks:	
1	A.S. Tanenbaum, Computer Networks, 4 th edition Pearson Education
2	B.A. Forouzan, Data Communications and Networking, 5 th edition, TMH
3	James F. Kurose, Keith W. Ross, Computer Networking, A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet, 6th edition, Addison Wesley
4	Behrouz A. Forouzan, Forouzan Mosharrat , Computer Networks A Top down Approach, McGraw Hill education
5	Diane Teare , Authorized Self-Study Guide, Designing for Cisco Internetwork Solutions (DESGN), Second Edition, Cisco Press.
6	Paul Göransson, Chuck Black, Software Defined Networks: A Comprehensive Approach, MK Publication
7	Thomas D. Nadeau and Ken Gray, Software Defined Networks, 1 st Edition, O'Reilly publication

References:

1	S.Keshav,An Engineering Approach To Computer Networking, Pearson .
2	Natalia Olier & Victor Olier,Computer Networks: Principles, Technologies & Protocols for Network Design, Wiley India, 2011
3	Larry L.Peterson, Bruce S.Davie, Computer Networks: A Systems Approach, Second Edition The Morgan Kaufmann Series in Networking
4	Siamak Azodolmolky, Software Defined Networking with Open Flow : PACKT Publishing.
5	Priscilla Oppenheimer, Top-Down Network Design (Networking Technology) 3rd Edition, Cisco Press Book

Assessment:**Internal Assessment:**

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first-class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

1	Question paper will consist of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
2	The students need to solve a total of 4 questions.
3	Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus.
4	Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

Useful Links

1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105183
2	https://www.coursera.org/specializations/computer-communications
3	https://www.coursera.org/learn/tcpip?action=enroll

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSC502	Web Computing	03

Pre-requisite:

Course Objectives: The course aims:

- 1 To orient students to Web Programming fundamental.
- 2 To expose students to JavaScript to develop interactive web page development
- 3 To orient students to Basics of REACT along with installation
- 4 To expose students to node.js applications using express framework
- 5 To orient students to Fundamentals of node.js
- 6 To expose students to Advanced concepts in REACT

Course Outcomes:

- 1 Select protocols or technologies required for various web applications
- 2 Apply JavaScript to add functionality to web pages. .
- 3 Design front end application using basic React. .
- 4 Construct web based Node.js applications using Express
- 5 Design front end applications using functional components of React.
- 6 Design back-end applications using Node.js

Module		Detailed Content	Hours
1		Web programming fundamentals	
	1.1	Working of web browser, HTTP protocol, HTTPS, DNS, TLS, XML introduction, Json introduction, DOM, URL, URI, REST API	8
2		Javascript	8
	2.1	Introduction to JavaScript: JavaScript language constructs, Objects in JavaScript- Built in, Browser objects and DOM objects, event handling, form validation and cookies. Introduction to ES5,ES6, Difference between ES5 and ES6. Variables, Condition, Loops, Functions, Events, Arrow functions, Setting CSS Styles using JavaScript, DOM manipulation, Classes and Inheritance. Iterators and Generators, Promise, Client-server communication, Fetch	
3		React Fundamentals	10
	3.1	Installation, Installing libraries, Folder and file structure, Components, Component lifecycle, State and Props, React Router and Single page applications, UI design, Forms, Events, Animations, Best practices.	
4		Node.js	5

	4.1	Environment setup, First app, Asynchronous programming, Callback concept, Event loops, REPL, Event emitter, Networking module, Buffers, Streams, File system, Web module.	
5	Express		4
	5.1	Introduction, Express router, REST API, Generator, Authentication, sessions, Integrating with React	
6		Advance React	4
	6.1	Functional components- Refs, Use effects, Hooks, Flow architecture, Model-ViewController framework, Flux, Bundling the application. Web pack.	

Textbooks:	
1	Rediscovering JavaScript, Master ES6, ES7, and ES8, By Venkat Subramaniam · 2018
2	Learning React Functional Web Development with React and Redux, Alex Banks and Eve Porcello, O'Reilly
3	Learning Redux, Daniel Bugl, Packt Publication
4	Learning Node.js Development, Andrew Mead, Packt Publishing
5	RESTful Web API Design with Node.js 10, Valentin Bojinov, Packt Publication

References:	
1	“Web Development with Node and Express, Ethan Brown, O'Reilly
2	HTML5 Cookbook, By Christopher Schmitt, Kyle Simpson, O'Reilly Media
3	Core Python Applications Programming by Wesley J Chun Third edition Pearson Publication

Assessment:	
Internal Assessment:	
Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first-class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.	

End Semester Theory Examination:	
1	Question paper will consist of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
2	The students need to solve a total of 4 questions.
3	Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus.
4	Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

Useful Links	
1	https://www.coursera.org/learn/html-css-javascript-for-web-developers?action=enroll
2	https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/ugc19_lb05/preview
3	https://reactjs.org/tutorial/tutorial.html
4	https://react-redux.js.org/introduction/quick-start 4. https://webpack.js.org/

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSC503	Artificial Intelligence	03

Pre-requisite: C Programming	
Course Objectives: The course aims:	
1	To gain perspective of AI and its foundations.
2	To study different agent architectures and properties of the environment
3	To understand the basic principles of AI towards problem solving, inference, perception, knowledge representation, and learning.
4	To investigate probabilistic reasoning under uncertain and incomplete information.
5	To explore the current scope, potential, limitations, and implications of intelligent systems
Course Outcomes:	
After successful completion of the course students will be able to:	
1	Identify the characteristics of the environment and differentiate between various agent architectures.
2	Apply the most suitable search strategy to design problem solving agents.
3	Represent a natural language description of statements in logic and apply the inference rules to design Knowledge Based agents.
4	Apply a probabilistic model for reasoning under uncertainty.
5	Comprehend various learning techniques.
6	Describe the various building blocks of an expert system for a given real word problem.

Module	Detailed Content		Hours
1	Introduction to Artificial Intelligence		3
	1.1	Artificial Intelligence (AI), AI Perspectives: Acting and Thinking humanly, Acting and Thinking rationally	
	1.2	History of AI, Applications of AI, The present state of AI, Ethics in AI	
2	Intelligent Agents		4
	2.1	Introduction of agents, Structure of Intelligent Agent, Characteristics of Intelligent Agents	
	2.2	Types of Agents: Simple Reflex, Model Based, Goal Based, Utility Based Agents.	
	2.2	Environment Types: Deterministic, Stochastic, Static, Dynamic, Observable, Semi-observable, Single Agent, Multi Agent	
3	Solving Problems by Searching		12
	3.1	Definition, State space representation, Problem as a state space search, Problem formulation, Well-defined problems	
	3.2	Solving Problems by Searching, Performance evaluation of search strategies, Time Complexity, Space Complexity, Completeness, Optimality	

	3.3	Uninformed Search: Depth First Search, Breadth First Search, Depth Limited Search, Iterative Deepening Search, Uniform Cost Search, Bidirectional Search	
	3.4	Informed Search: Heuristic Function, Admissible Heuristic, Informed Search Technique, Greedy Best First Search, A* Search, Local Search: Hill Climbing Search, Simulated Annealing Search, Optimization: Genetic Algorithm	
	3.5	Game Playing, Adversarial Search Techniques, Mini-max Search, Alpha-Beta Pruning	
4	Knowledge and Reasoning		10
	4.1	Definition and importance of Knowledge, Issues in Knowledge Representation, Knowledge Representation Systems, Properties of Knowledge Representation Systems	
	4.2	Propositional Logic (PL): Syntax, Semantics, Formal logic-connectives, truth tables, tautology, validity, well-formed-formula, Introduction to logic programming (PROLOG)	
	4.3	Predicate Logic: FOPL, Syntax, Semantics, Quantification, Inference rules in FOPL,	
	4.4	Forward Chaining, Backward Chaining and Resolution in FOPL	
5	Reasoning Under Uncertainty		5
		Handling Uncertain Knowledge, Random Variables, Prior and Posterior Probability, Inference using Full Joint Distribution	
		Bayes' Rule and its use, Bayesian Belief Networks, Reasoning in Belief Networks	
6	Planning and Learning		5
	6.1	The planning problem, Partial order planning, total order planning.	
	6.2	Learning in AI, Learning Agent, Concepts of Supervised, Unsupervised, Semi-Supervised Learning, Reinforcement Learning, Ensemble Learning.	
	6.3	Expert Systems, Components of Expert System: Knowledge base, Inference engine, user interface, working memory, Development of Expert Systems	
			Total 39

Textbooks:	
1	Stuart J. Russell and Peter Norvig, "Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach —Second Edition" Pearson Education.
2	Elaine Rich and Kevin Knight —Artificial Intelligence Third Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., 2008.
3	George F Luger "Artificial Intelligence" Low Price Edition, Pearson Education., Fourth edition.

References:	
1	Ivan Bratko "PROLOG Programming for Artificial Intelligence", Pearson Education, Third Edition.
2	D. W. Patterson, Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems, Prentice Hall.
3	Saroj Kaushik "Artificial Intelligence", Cengage Learning.
4	Davis E. Goldberg, "Genetic Algorithms: Search, Optimization and Machine Learning", Addison Wesley, N.Y., 1989.
5	Patrick Henry Winston, "Artificial Intelligence", Addison-Wesley, Third Edition.
6	N. P. Padhy, "Artificial Intelligence and Intelligent Systems", Oxford University Press.

Assessment:
Internal Assessment:
Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first-class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.
End Semester Theory Examination:
1 Question paper will consist of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
2 The students need to solve a total of 4 questions.
3 Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus.
4 Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

Useful Links
1 An Introduction to Artificial Intelligence - Course (nptel.ac.in)
2 NPTEL
3 https://www.classcentral.com/course/independent-elements-of-ai-12469
4 https://tinyurl.com/ai-for-everyone

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSC504	Data Warehousing and Mining	03

Pre-requisite: Database Management concepts

Course Objectives: The course aims:

- 1 To create awareness of how enterprise can organize and analyze large amounts of data by creating a Data Warehouse
- 2 To introduce the concept of data Mining as an important tool for enterprise data management and as a cutting edge technology for building competitive advantage.
- 3 To enable students to effectively identify sources of data and process it for data mining
- 4 To make students well versed in all data mining algorithms, methods of evaluation
- 5 To impart knowledge of tools used for data mining, and study web mining

Course Outcomes:

- 1 Organize strategic data in an enterprise and build a data Warehouse.
- 2 Analyze data using OLAP operations so as to take strategic decisions and Demonstrate an understanding of the importance of data mining.
- 3 Organize and Prepare the data needed for data mining using pre preprocessing techniques
- 4 Implement the appropriate data mining methods like classification, clustering or Frequent Pattern mining on large data sets.
- 5 Define and apply metrics to measure the performance of various data mining algorithms
- 6 Understand Concepts related to Web mining

Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1	Data Warehouse and OLAP	
	Data Warehousing, Dimensional Modeling and OLAP The Need for Data Warehousing; Data Warehouse Defined; Benefits of Data Warehousing ; Features of a Data Warehouse; Data Warehouse Architecture; Data Warehouse and Data Marts; Data Warehousing Design Strategies. Dimensional Model Vs ER Model; The Star Schema, The Snowflake Schema; Fact Tables and Dimension Tables; Factless Fact Table; Updates To Dimension Tables, Primary Keys, Surrogate Keys & Foreign Keys; Aggregate Tables; Fact Constellation Schema or Families of Star Need for Online Analytical Processing; OLTP vs OLAP; OLAP Operations in a cube: Roll-up, Drilldown, Slice, Dice, Pivot ; OLAP Models: MOLAP, ROLAP, HOLAP. Major steps in ETL Process	9
2	Introduction to Data Mining ,Data Exploration and Data Preprocessing	8

	Data Mining Task primitives, Architecture, KDD process, Issues in data Mining, Types of Attributes; Statistical Description of Data; Data Visualization; Measuring similarity and dissimilarity. Why Preprocessing? Data Cleaning; Data Integration; Data Reduction: Attribute subset selection, Histograms, Clustering and Sampling; Data Transformation & Data Discretization: Normalization, Binning, Histogram Analysis and Concept hierarchy generation.	
3	Classification	6
	Basic Concepts; Classification methods: 1. Decision Tree Induction: Attribute Selection Measures, Tree pruning. 2. Bayesian Classification: Naïve Bayes' Classifier. Prediction: Structure of regression models; Simple linear regression, Multiple linear regression. Accuracy and Error measures, Precision, Recall	
4	Clustering	4
	Cluster Analysis: Basic Concepts; Partitioning Methods: K-Means, KMedoids; Hierarchical Methods: Agglomerative, Divisive, BIRCH; Density-Based Methods: DBSCAN What are outliers? Types, Challenges; Outlier Detection Methods: Supervised, Semi Supervised, Unsupervised, Proximity based, Clustering Based	
5	Frequent Pattern	8
	Market Basket Analysis, Frequent Itemsets, Closed Itemsets, and Association Rules; Frequent Pattern Mining, Efficient and Scalable Frequent Itemset Mining Methods, The Apriori Algorithm for finding Frequent Itemsets Using Candidate Generation, Generating Association Rules from Frequent Itemsets, Improving the Efficiency of Apriori, A pattern growth approach for mining Frequent Itemsets; Mining Frequent itemsets using vertical data formats; Introduction to Mining Multilevel Association Rules and Multidimensional Association Rules; From Association Mining to Correlation Analysis, lift, ; Introduction to Constraint-Based Association Mining	
6	Web Mining	4
	Introduction to Web content Mining, Crawlers, Personalization, Webstructure mining, Page rank, Clever, Web Usage Mining	

Textbooks:

1	Han, Kamber, "Data Mining Concepts and Techniques", Morgan Kaufmann 3rd Edition
2	P. N. Tan, M. Steinbach, Vipin Kumar, "Introduction to Data Mining", Pearson Education.
3	Paulraj Ponniah, "Data Warehousing: Fundamentals for IT Professionals", Wiley India.
4	Raghu Ramakrishnan and Johannes Gehrke, "Database Management Systems" 3rd Edition - McGraw Hill
5	Elmasri and Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database Systems", 6th Edition, PEARSON Education

References:

1	Theraja Reema, "Data Warehousing", Oxford University Press, 2009
2	Ralph Kimball, Margy Ross, "The Data Warehouse Toolkit: The Definitive Guide To Dimensional Modeling", 3rd Edition. Wiley India.

3	Michael Berry and Gordon Linoff “Mastering Data Mining- Art & science of CRM”, Wiley Student Edition
4	Michael Berry and Gordon Linoff “Data Mining Techniques”, 2nd Edition Wiley Publications

Assessment:

Internal Assessment:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first-class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed.

Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

- 1 Question paper will consist of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2 The students need to solve a total of 4 questions.
- 3 Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus.
- 4 Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

Useful Links

- 1 <https://www.coursera.org/learn/data-warehousing-business-intelligence>
- 2 <https://www.coursera.org/specializations/data-mining-foundations-practice>
- 3 https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs12/preview
- 4 <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105174>

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSDLO5011	Statistics for Artificial IntelligenceData Science	03

Prerequisite: C Programming	
Course Objectives: The course aims:	
1	To Perform exploratory analysis on the datasets
2	To Understand the various distribution and sampling
3	To Perform Hypothesis Testing on datasets
4	To Explore different techniques for Summarizing Data
5	To Perform The Analysis of Variance
6	To Explore Linear Least Squares
Course Outcomes: Learner will be able to	
1	Illustrate Exploratory Data Analysis
2	Describe Data and Sampling Distributions
3	Solve Statistical Experiments and Significance Testing
4	Demonstrate Summarizing Data
5	Interpret the Analysis of Variance
6	Use Linear Least Squares

Prerequisite: Discrete Structures and Graph Theory

Module		Detailed Content	Hours
1		Exploratory Data Analysis	5
	1.1	Elements of Structured Data ,Further Reading ,Rectangular Data ,Data Frames and Indexes ,Nonrectangular Data Structures , Estimates of Location ,Mean ,Median and Robust Estimates , Estimates of Variability,Standard Deviation and Related Estimates ,Estimates Based on Percentiles , Exploring the Data Distribution ,Percentiles and Boxplots ,Frequency Tables and Histograms ,Density Plots and Estimates.	
	1.2	Exploring Binary and Categorical Data , Mode ,Expected Value, Probability ,Correlation ,Scatterplots ,Exploring Two or More Variables ,Hexagonal Binning and Contours (Plotting Numeric Versus Numerical Data) ,Two Categorical Variables ,Categorical and Numeric Data ,Visualizing Multiple Variables.	
2		Data and Sampling Distributions	6
	2.1	Random Sampling and Sample Bias ,Bias ,Random Selection ,Size Versus Quality,Sample Mean Versus Population Mean ,Selection Bias ,Regression to the Mean ,Sampling Distribution of a Statistic ,Central Limit Theorem ,Standard Error ,The Bootstrap ,Resampling Versus Bootstrapping .	
	2.2	Confidence Intervals ,Normal Distribution ,Standard Normal and QQ-Plots ,Long-Tailed Distributions ,Student's t-Distribution ,Binomial Distribution ,Chi-Square Distribution ,F-Distribution ,Poisson and Related Distributions ,Poisson Distributions ,Exponential Distribution ,Estimating the Failure Rate ,Weibull Distribution . Self Study : Problems in distributions.	
3		Statistical Experiments and Significance Testing	8
	3.1	A/B Testing ,Hypothesis Tests ,The Null Hypothesis ,Alternative Hypothesis ,One-Way Versus Two-Way Hypothesis Tests ,Resampling ,Permutation Test ,Example: Web Stickiness,Exhaustive and Bootstrap Permutation Tests ,Permutation Tests: The Bottom Line for Data Science ,Statistical Significance and p-Values ,p-Value ,Alpha ,Type I and	

		Type 2 Errors	
	3.2	Data Science and p-Values , t-Tests ,Multiple Testing ,Degrees of Freedom ,ANOVA ,F-Statistic ,Two-Way ANOVA , Chi-Square Test ,Chi-Square Test: A Resampling Approach ,Chi-Square Test: Statistical Theory ,Fisher's Exact Test ,Relevance for Data Science ,Multi-Arm Bandit Algorithm ,Power and Sample Size ,Sample Size . Self Study : Testing of Hypothesis using any statistical tool	
4		Summarizing Data	6
	4.1	Methods Based on the Cumulative Distribution Function , The Empirical Cumulative Distribution Function ,The Survival Function ,Quantile-Quantile Plots , Histograms, Density Curves, and Stem-and-Leaf Plots , Measures of Location.	
	4.2	The Arithmetic Mean ,The Median , The Trimmed Mean , M Estimates , Comparison of Location Estimates ,Estimating Variability of Location Estimates by the Bootstrap , Measures of Dispersion , Boxplots , Exploring Relationships with Scatterplots . Self Study : using any statistical tool perform data summarization	
5		The Analysis of Variance	6
	5.1	The One-Way Layout, Normal Theory; the F Test ,The Problem of Multiple Comparisons , A Nonparametric Method—The Kruskal-Wallis Test ,The Two-Way Layout , Additive Parametrization , Normal Theory for the Two-Way Layout ,Randomized Block Designs , A Nonparametric Method—Friedman's Test .	
6		Linear Least Squares	8
	6.1	Simple Linear Regression, Statistical Properties of the Estimated Slope and Intercept , Assessing the Fit , Correlation and Regression , The Matrix Approach to Linear Least Squares , Statistical Properties of Least Squares Estimates , Vector-Valued Random Variables , Mean and Covariance of Least Squares Estimates , Estimation of σ^2 , Residuals and Standardized Residuals , Inference about β , Multiple Linear Regression—An Example , Conditional Inference, Unconditional Inference, and the Bootstrap , Local Linear Smoothing . Self Study : Create a Linear Regression model for a dataset and display the error measures, Chose a dataset with categorical data and apply linear regression model	

Textbooks:	
1	Bruce, Peter, and Andrew Bruce. Practical statistics for data scientists: 50 essential concepts. Reilly Media, 2017.
2	Mathematical Statistics and Data Analysis John A. Rice University of California, Berkeley,Thomson Higher Education
References:	
1	Dodge, Yadolah, ed. Statistical data analysis and inference. Elsevier, 2014.
2	Ismay, Chester, and Albert Y. Kim. Statistical Inference via Data Science: A Modern Dive into R and the Tidyverse. CRC Press, 2019.
3	Milton. J. S. and Arnold. J.C., "Introduction to Probability and Statistics", Tata McGraw Hill, 4th Edition, 2007.
4	Johnson. R.A. and Gupta. C.B., "Miller and Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Pearson Education, Asia, 7th Edition, 2007.
5	A. Chandrasekaran, G. Kavitha, "Probability, Statistics, Random Processes and Queuing Theory", Dhanam Publications, 2014.

Assessment:**Internal Assessment:**

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first-class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 | Question paper will consist of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks. |
| 2 | The students need to solve a total of 4 questions. |
| 3 | Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus. |
| 4 | Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules. |

Useful Links

1	https://www.edx.org/course/introduction-probability-science-mitx-6-041x-2
2	https://www.coursera.org/learn/statistical-inference
3	https://www.datacamp.com/community/open-courses/statistical-inference-and-data-analysis

* Suggestion: Laboratory work based on the above syllabus can be incorporated as a mini project in CSM501: Mini-Project.

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSDL05012	Advanced Algorithms	03

Pre-requisite:	
Course Objectives: The course aims:	
1	To provide mathematical approaches for problem solving using advanced concepts of Algorithms
2	To understand and solve problems using various algorithmic approaches like Randomized algorithms, approximation algorithms, Local search and Amortized algorithms.
3	To discuss and apply the Combinatorial Analysis techniques to solve various mathematical and statistical problems
Course Outcomes:	
1	Analyze the classification of problems into various NP classes and their Computational Intractability
2	Describe, apply and analyze the complexity of Approximation Algorithms.
3	Describe, apply and analyze the complexity of Randomized Algorithms.
4	Describe, apply and analyze the complexity of Local Search Algorithms.
5	Design and Apply the concepts of String and Amortized Analysis
6	To Understand Combinatorial Analysis techniques

Module		Detailed Content	Hours
1		NP and Computational Intractability	
	1.1	Polynomial-Time Reductions, NP Completeness: Overview, Class P– Class NP – NP Hardness, NP Completeness, Cook Levine Theorem, Characteristics of NP Complete Problems, The Satisfiability Problem, NP-Complete Problems, Sequencing Problems Partitioning Problems, Graph Coloring, Numerical Problems, Co-NP and the Asymmetry of NP, A Partial Taxonomy of Hard Problems. Reduction of standard NP Complete Problems: SAT, 3SAT, Clique, Vertex Cover, Set Cover, Hamiltonian Cycle.	8
2		Approximation Algorithms	9

	2.1	Approximation algorithms for known NP hard problems, Inapproximability, Approximation algorithms with small additive error: Edge Coloring, Bin Packing, Randomized rounding and linear programming, Problems having polynomial approximation schemes, Optimization problems with constant-factor approximations, Hard-to-approximate problems, Analysis of Approximation Algorithms.	
3		Randomized Algorithms	9
	3.1	Introduction to randomized algorithm, Finding the Global Minimum Cut, Random Variables and Their Expectations, A Randomized Approximation Algorithm for MAX 3-SAT, Randomized Divide and Conquer: Median-Finding and Quicksort, Hashing: A Randomized Implementation of Dictionaries, Finding the Closest Pair of Points: A Randomized Approach, Randomized Caching, Chernoff Bounds, Load Balancing, Packet Routing, Las Vegas Algorithm, Monte Carlo Algorithm.	
4		Local Search	5
	4.1	The Landscape of an Optimization Problem, The Metropolis Algorithm and Simulated Annealing, An Application of Local Search to Hopfield Neural Networks, Maximum-Cut Approximation via Local Search, Choosing a Neighbour Relation, Classification via Local Search, Best-Response Dynamics and Nash Equilibria.	
5		String and Amortized Analysis	4
	5.1	String Sort, Tries, Substring Search, Regular Expressions, Data Compression, String Matching Algorithms: Introduction to String matching, The Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm, Aho- Korasik algorithm, Z-algorithm, Amortized Analysis: Aggregate analysis, The accounting method, The potential method Dynamic tables.	
6		Combinatorial Analysis	4
	6.1	Introduction, Next subset of n-Set problems, Random Subset of n-Setproblems, Sequencing, Ranking and selection algorithms for general combinatorial families.	

Textbooks:	
1	Jon Kleinberg, Eva Tardos, “Algorithm Design”, Cornell University, Pearson Publications
2	Robert Sedgewick, Kevin Wayne, “Algorithms”, Princeton, FOURTH EDITION, AddisonWessely.

3	Thomas H. Cormen , Charles E., Ronald L., Clifford Stein, "Introduction to Algorithms", Third Edition, The MIT Press Cambridge.
4	Albert Nijenhuis, Herbert Wilf, "Combinatorial Algorithms for computers and calculators", Second edition, Academic Press
5	George Heineman, Gary Pollice, Stanley Selkow, "Algorithms in a Nutshell", O'Reilly Press.

References:

1	Anany Levitin, Introduction to The design and analysis of algorithms, 3 rd Edition, Pearson publication.
2	Peter J. Cameron, "Combinatorics: Topics, Techniques, Algorithms", Cambridge University Press

Assessment:

Internal Assessment:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first-class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

1	Question paper will consist of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
2	The students need to solve a total of 4 questions.
3	Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus.
4	Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

Useful Links	
1	https://www.binghamton.edu/watson/continuing-education/data-science/advanced-algorithms.html
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106104019
3	https://www.coursera.org/learn/advanced-algorithms-and-complexity
4	https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/cec20_cs03/preview

***Suggestion: Laboratory work based on the above syllabus can be incorporated as a mini project in CSM501: Mini-Project.**

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSDLO5013	Internet of Things	03

Course Objectives: To understand Internet of Things (IoT) Characteristics and Conceptual Framework

1. To comprehend Characteristics and Conceptual Framework of IoT
2. To understand levels of the IoT architectures
3. To correlate the connection of smart objects and IoT access technologies
4. To Interpret edge to cloud protocols
5. To explore data analytics and data visualization on IoT Data
6. To explore IoT applications

Course Outcomes: Learner will be able to

1. Describe the Characteristics and Conceptual Framework of IoT
2. Differentiate between the levels of the IoT architectures
3. Analyze the IoT access technologies
4. Illustrate various edge to cloud protocol for IoT
5. Apply IoT analytics and data visualization
6. Analyze and evaluate IoT applications

Prerequisite:

1. Python programming
2. C programing language
3. Computer Networks

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1	Introduction to IoT	<p>Introduction to IoT- Defining IoT, Characteristics of IoT, Conceptual Framework of IoT, Physical design of IoT, Logical design of IoT, Functional blocks of IoT, Brief review of applications of IoT. Smart Object – Definition, Characteristics and Trends</p> <p>Self-learning Topics: Hardware and software development tools for - Arduino, NodeMCU, ESP32, Raspberry Pi, for implementing internet of things, Simulators- Circuit.io,Eagle,Tinkercad</p>	4

2	IoT Architecture	<p>Drivers Behind New Network Architectures : Scale, Security, Constrained Devices and Networks, Data, Legacy Device Support</p> <p>Architecture : The IoT World Forum (IoTWF) Standardized Architecture</p> <p>: Layer 1-7, IT and OT Responsibilities in the IoT Reference Model, Additional IoT Reference Models</p> <p>A Simplified IoT Architecture</p> <p>The Core IoT Functional Stack ::Layer 1-3 , Analytics Versus Control Applications , Data Versus Network Analytics Data Analytics Versus Business Benefits , Smart Services,</p> <p>IoT Data Management and Compute Stack :Fog Computing , Edge Computing ,The Hierarchy of Edge, Fog, and Cloud</p> <p>Self-learning Topics: Brief review of applications of IoT: Connected Roadways , Connected Factory, Smart Connected Buildings , Smart Creatures etc,</p>	7
3	Principles of Connected Devices and Protocols in IoT	RFID and NFC (Near-Field Communication), Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE) roles, LiFi , WPAN std : 802.15 standards: Bluetooth, IEEE 802.15.4, Zigbee, Z-wave, Narrow Band IoT, Internet Protocol and Transmission Control Protocol, 6LoWPAN, WLAN and WAN , IEEE 802.11, Long-range Communication Systems and Protocols: Cellular Connectivity-LTE, LTE-A, LoRa and LoRaWAN.	8
4	Edge to Cloud Protocol	HTTP, WebSocket, Platforms. HTTP - MQTT -.Complex Flows: IoT Patterns: Real-time Clients, MQTT, MQTT-SN, Constrained Application Protocol (CoAP), Streaming Text Oriented Message Protocol (STOMP), Advanced Message Queuing Protocol (AMQP), Comparison of Protocols.	8
5	IoT and Data Analytics	Defining IoT Analytics, IoT Analytics challenges, IoT analytics for the cloud, Strategies to organize Data for IoT Analytics, Linked Analytics Data Sets, Managing Data lakes, The data retention strategy, visualization and Dashboarding-Designing visual analysis for IoT data, creating a dashboard ,creating and visualizing alerts. Self-learning Topics: AWS and Hadoop Technology	7
6	IoT Application Design	Prototyping for IoT and M2M, Case study related to : Home Automation (Smart lighting, Home intrusion detection), Cities (Smart Parking), Environment (Weather monitoring, weather reporting Bot, Air pollution monitoring, Forest fire detection, Agriculture (Smart irrigation), Smart Library. Introduction to I-IoT, Use cases of the I-IoT,IoT and I-IoT – similarities and differences, Introduction to Internet of Behavior (IoB)	5

Text Book

1. Arsheep Bahga (Author), Vijay Madisetti, Internet Of Things: A Hands-On Approach Paperback, Universities Press, Reprint 2020
2. David Hanes, Gonzalo Salgueiro, Patrick Grossete, Robert Barton, Jerome Henry, IoT Fundamentals Networking Technologies, Protocols, and Use Cases for the Internet of Things CISCO.
3. Analytics for the Internet of Things (IoT) Intelligent Analytics for Your Intelligent Devices. Andrew Minteer, Packt
4. Giacomo Veneri , Antonio Capasso,” Hands-On Industrial Internet of Things: Create a powerful Industrial IoT infrastructure using Industry 4.0”, Packt

References:

1. Pethuru Raj, Anupama C. Raman, The Internet of Things: Enabling Technologies, Platforms, and Use Cases by , CRC press,
2. Raj Kamal, Internet of Things, Architecture and Design Principles, McGraw Hill Education, Reprint 2018.
3. Perry Lea, Internet of Things for Architects: Architecting IoT solutions by implementing sensors, communication infrastructure, edge computing, analytics, and security, Packt Publications, Reprint 2018.
4. Amita Kapoor, “Hands on Artificial intelligence for IoT”, 1st Edition, Packt Publishing, 2019.
5. Sheng-Lung Peng, Souvik Pal, Lianfen Huang Editors: Principles of Internet of Things (IoT) Ecosystem: Insight Paradigm, Springer

Online References:

1. <https://owasp.org/www-project-internet-of-things/>
2. NPTEL: Sudip Misra, IIT Khargpur, Introduction to IoT: Part-1, <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105166/>
3. NPTEL: Prof. Prabhakar, IISc Bangalore, Design for Internet of Things, https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_ee85/preview
4. Mohd Javaid, Abid Haleem, Ravi Pratap Singh, Shanay Rab, Rajiv Suman, Internet of Behaviors (IoB) and its role in customer services, Sensors International, Volume 2, 2021, 100122, ISSN 2666-3511, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.sintl.2021.100122>

*** Suggestion: Laboratory work based on the above syllabus can be incorporated as a mini project in CSM501: Mini-Project.**

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSL501	Web Computing and Network Lab	1

Prerequisite: Operating System, Basics of Java and Python Programming.

Lab Objectives:

- 1 To orient students to HTML for making webpages
- 2 To expose students to CSS for formatting web pages
- 3 To expose students to developing responsive layout
- 4 To expose students to JavaScript to make web pages interactive
- 5 To orient students to React for developing front end applications
- 6 To orient students to Node.js for developing backend applications

Lab Outcomes:

- 1 Identify and apply the appropriate HTML tags to develop a webpage
- 2 Identify and apply the appropriate CSS tags to format data on webpage
- 3 Construct responsive websites using Bootstrap
- 4 Use JavaScript to develop interactive web pages.
- 5 Construct front end applications using React and back end using Node.js/express
- 6 Use simulator for CISco packet tracer/GNS3

Suggested Experiments: Students are required to complete at least 10 experiments.

Star (*) marked experiments are compulsory.

Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment
1*	HTML:Elements, Attributes, Head, Body, Hyperlink, Formatting, Images, Tables, List, Frames, Forms, Multimedia
2*	CSS3.Syntax, Inclusion, Color, Background, Fonts, Tables, lists,CSS3 selectors, Pseudo classes, Pseudo elements .
3	Bootstrap:BootstrapGrid system, Forms, Button, Navbar, Breadcrumb, Jumbotron
4*	Javascript:Variables, Operators, Conditions, Loops, Functions, Events, Classes and Objects, Error handling, Validations, Arrays, String, Date
5*	React:Installation and Configuration. JSX, Components, Props, State, Forms, Events, Routers, Refs, Keys.
6*	Node.Js:Installation and Configuration, Callbacks, Event loops, Creating express app
7*	To design and simulate the environment for Dynamic routing using Cisco packet tracer/ GNS3
8*	To design and Simulate VLANs on the switch/router using Cisco packet tracer/ GNS3

9*	To design and Simulate NAT on the router using Cisco packet tracer/ GNS3
10*	Simulation of Software Defined Network using Mininet

Useful Links:	
1	www.leetcode.com
2	www.hackerrank.com
3	www.cs.usfca.edu/~galles/visualization/Algorithms.html
4	www.codechef.com

Term Work:	
1	Term work should consist of 10 experiments from above list.
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments.
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)
Oral & Practical exam	
	Based on the entire syllabus of CSL501and CSC502

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSL502	Artificial Intelligence Lab	1

Prerequisite: C Programming Language.

Lab Objectives:

- 1 To design suitable Agent Architecture for a given real world AI problem
- 2 To implement knowledge representation and reasoning in AI language
- 3 To design a Problem-Solving Agent
- 4 To incorporate reasoning under uncertainty for an AI agent

Lab Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students will be able to —

- 1 Identify suitable Agent Architecture for a given real world AI problem
- 2 Implement simple programs using Prolog.
- 3 Implement various search techniques for a Problem-Solving Agent.
- 4 Represent natural language description as statements in Logic and apply inference rules to it.
- 5 Construct a Bayesian Belief Network for a given problem and draw probabilistic inferences from it

Suggested Experiments: Students are required to complete at least 10 experiments.

Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment
1	Provide the PEAS description and TASK Environment for a given AI problem.
2	Identify suitable Agent Architecture for the problem
3	Write simple programs using PROLOG as an AI programming Language
4	Implement any one of the Uninformed search techniques
5	Implement any one of the Informed search techniques E.g. A-Star algorithm for 8 puzzle problem
6	Implement adversarial search using min-max algorithm.
7	Implement any one of the Local Search techniques. E.g. Hill Climbing, Simulated Annealing, Genetic algorithm
8	Prove the goal sentence from the following set of statements in FOPL by applying forward, backward and resolution inference algorithms.
9	Create a Bayesian Network for the given Problem Statement and draw inferences from it. (You can use any Belief and Decision Networks Tool for modeling Bayesian Networks)
10	Implement a Planning Agent
11	Design a prototype of an expert system
12	Case study of any existing successful AI system

Useful Links:

1	An Introduction to Artificial Intelligence - Course (nptel.ac.in)
2	https://tinyurl.com/ai-for-everyone
3	https://ai.google/education/
4	https://openai.com/research/

Term Work:

1	Term work should consist of 10 experiments.
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments.
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)

Oral & Practical exam

	Based on the entire syllabus
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Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSL503	Data warehousingand Mining Lab	1

Prerequisite: Java and Python Programming.

Lab Objectives:

- 1 To create awareness of how enterprise can organize and analyze large amounts of data by creating a Data Warehouse
- 2 To introduce the concept of data Mining as an important tool for enterprise data management and as a cutting edge technology for building competitive advantage
- 3 To enable students to effectively identify sources of data and process it for data mining
- 4 To make students well versed in all data mining algorithms, methods, and tools..

Lab Outcomes:

- 1 Build a data warehouse
- 2 Analyze data using OLAP operations so as to take strategic decisions.
- 3 Demonstrate an understanding of the importance of data mining
- 4 Organize and Prepare the data needed for data mining using pre preprocessing techniques
- 5 Perform exploratory analysis of the data to be used for mining.
- 6 Implement the appropriate data mining methods like classification, clustering or Frequent Pattern mining on large data sets.

Suggested Experiments: Students are required to complete all experiments from the list given below.

Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment
1	Data Warehouse Construction a) Real life Problem to be defined for Warehouse Design b) Construction of star schema and snow flake schema c) ETL Operations.
2	Construction of Cubes , OLAP Operations, OLAP Queries
3	Tutorials a) Solving exercises in Data Exploration b) Solving exercises in Data preprocessing
4	Using open source tools Implement Classifiers
5	Using open source tools Implement Association Mining Algorithms
6	Using open source tools Implement Clustering Algorithms
7	Implementation of any one classifier using languages like JAVA/ python
8	Implementation of any one clustering algorithm using languages like JAVA/ python
9	Implementation of any one association mining algorithm using languages like JAVA/ python .
10	Implementation of page rank algorithm.

11	Implementation of HITS algorithm.
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Useful Links:

1	www.leetcode.com
2	www.hackerrank.com
3	www.cs.usfca.edu/~qalles/visualization/Algorithms.html
4	www.codechef.com

Term Work:

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 | Term work should consist of 10 experiments. |
| 2 | Journal must include at least 2 assignments. |
| 3 | The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. |
| 4 | Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks) |

Oral & Practical exam

Based on the entire syllabus of CSL301and CSC303
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Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSL504	Business Communication & Ethics II	02

Course Rationale: This curriculum is designed to build up a professional and ethical approach, effective oral and written communication with enhanced soft skills. Through practical sessions, it augments student's interactive competence and confidence to respond appropriately and creatively to the implied challenges of the global Industrial and Corporate requirements. It further inculcates the social responsibility of engineers as technical citizens.

Course Objectives

- 1 To discern and develop an effective style of writing important technical/business documents.
- 2 To investigate possible resources and plan a successful job campaign.
- 3 To understand the dynamics of professional communication in the form of group discussions, meetings, etc. required for career enhancement.
- 4 To develop creative and impactful presentation skills.
- 5 To analyze personal traits, interests, values, aptitudes and skills.
- 6 To understand the importance of integrity and develop a personal code of ethics.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- 1 Plan and prepare effective business/ technical documents which will in turn provide solid foundation for their future managerial roles.
- 2 Strategize their personal and professional skills to build a professional image and meet the demands of the industry.
- 3 Emerge successful in group discussions, meetings and result-oriented agreeable solutions in group communication situations.
- 4 Deliver persuasive and professional presentations.
- 5 Develop creative thinking and interpersonal skills required for effective professional communication.
- 6 Apply codes of ethical conduct, personal integrity and norms of organizational behaviour.

Module	Content	Hours
1	ADVANCED TECHNICAL WRITING: PROJECT/PROBLEM BASED LEARNING (PBL)	06
	<p>Purpose and Classification of Reports: Classification on the basis of: Subject Matter (Technology, Accounting, Finance, Marketing, etc.), Time Interval (Periodic, One-time, Special), Function (Informational, Analytical, etc.), Physical Factors (Memorandum, Letter, Short & Long)</p> <p>Parts of a Long Formal Report: Prefatory Parts (Front Matter), Report Proper (Main Body), Appended Parts (Back Matter)</p> <p>Language and Style of Reports: Tense, Person & Voice of Reports, Numbering Style of Chapters, Sections, Figures, Tables and Equations, Referencing Styles in APA & MLA Format, Proofreading through Plagiarism Checkers</p> <p>Definition, Purpose & Types of Proposals: Solicited (in conformance</p>	

	withRFP) & Unsolicited Proposals, Types (Short and Long proposals) Parts of a Proposal: Elements, Scope and Limitations, Conclusion Technical Paper Writing: Parts of a Technical Paper (Abstract, Introduction, Research Methods, Findings and Analysis, Discussion, Limitations, Future Scope and References), Language and Formatting, Referencing in IEEE Format	
2	EMPLOYMENT SKILLS	06
	Cover Letter & Resume: Parts and Content of a Cover Letter, Difference between Bio-data, Resume & CV, Essential Parts of a Resume, Types of Resume (Chronological, Functional & Combination) Statement of Purpose: Importance of SOP, Tips for Writing an Effective SOP Verbal Aptitude Test: Modelled on CAT, GRE, GMAT exams Group Discussions: Purpose of a GD, Parameters of Evaluating a GD, Types of GDs (Normal, Case-based & Role Plays), GD Etiquettes Personal Interviews: Planning and Preparation, Types of Questions, Types of Interviews (Structured, Stress, Behavioural, Problem Solving & Case-based), Modes of Interviews: Face-to-face (One-to one and Panel) Telephonic, Virtual	
3	BUSINESS MEETINGS	02
	Conducting Business Meetings: Types of Meetings, Roles and Responsibilities of Chairperson, Secretary and Members, Meeting Etiquette Documentation: Notice, Agenda, Minutes	
4	TECHNICAL/ BUSINESS PRESENTATIONS	02
	Effective Presentation Strategies: Defining Purpose, Analyzing Audience, Location and Event, Gathering, Selecting & Arranging Material, structuring a Presentation, Making Effective Slides, Types of Presentations Aids, Closing a Presentation, Platform skills Group Presentations: Sharing Responsibility in a Team, Building the contents and visuals together, Transition Phases	
5	INTERPERSONAL SKILLS	08
	Interpersonal Skills: Emotional Intelligence, Leadership & Motivation, Conflict Management & Negotiation, Time Management, Assertiveness, Decision Making Start-up Skills: Financial Literacy, Risk Assessment, Data Analysis (e.g. Consumer Behaviour, Market Trends, etc.)	
6	CORPORATE ETHICS	02
	Intellectual Property Rights: Copyrights, Trademarks, Patents, Industrial Designs, Geographical Indications, Integrated Circuits, Trade Secrets (Undisclosed Information) Case Studies: Cases related to Business/ Corporate Ethics	

List of assignments: (In the form of Short Notes, Questionnaire/ MCQ Test, Role Play, Case Study, Quiz, etc.)

Sr. No.	Title of Experiment
1	Cover Letter and Resume
2	Short Proposal
3	Meeting Documentation

4	Writing a Technical Paper/ Analyzing a Published Technical Paper
5	Writing a SOP
6	IPR
7	Interpersonal Skills

Note:

1	The Main Body of the project/book report should contain minimum 25 pages (excluding Front and Back matter).
2	The group size for the final report presentation should not be less than 5 students or exceed 7 students.
3	There will be an end–semester presentation based on the book report.

Assessment:

Term Work:

1	Term work shall consist of minimum 8 experiments.
2	The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows: Assignment : 10 Marks Attendance : 5 Marks Presentation slides : 5 Marks Book Report (hard copy) : 5 Marks
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures the satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing in the term work.

Internal oral: Oral Examination will be based on a GD & the Project/Book Report presentation.

	Group Discussion : 10 marks Project Presentation : 10 Marks Group Dynamics : 5 Marks
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Books Recommended: Textbooks and Reference books

1	Arms, V. M. (2005). <i>Humanities for the engineering curriculum: With selected chapters from Olsen/Huckin: Technical writing and professional communication, second edition</i> . Boston, MA: McGraw-Hill.
2	Bovée, C. L., & Thill, J. V. (2021). <i>Business communication today</i> . Upper Saddle River, NJ: Pearson.
3	Butterfield, J. (2017). <i>Verbal communication: Soft skills for a digital workplace</i> . Boston, MA: Cengage Learning.
4	Masters, L. A., Wallace, H. R., & Harwood, L. (2011). <i>Personal development for life and work</i> . Mason: South-Western Cengage Learning.
5	Robbins, S. P., Judge, T. A., & Campbell, T. T. (2017). <i>Organizational behaviour</i> . Harlow, England: Pearson.
6	Meenakshi Raman, Sangeeta Sharma (2004) Technical Communication, Principles and Practice. Oxford University Press
7	Archana Ram (2018) Place Mentor, Tests of Aptitude for Placement Readiness. Oxford University Press
8	Sanjay Kumar & PushpLata (2018). Communication Skills a workbook, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CSM501	Mini Project 2A	02

Objectives	
1	To understand and identify the problem
2	To apply basic engineering fundamentals and attempt to find solutions to the problems.
3	Identify, analyze, formulate and handle programming projects with a comprehensive and systematic approach
4	To develop communication skills and improve teamwork amongst group members and inculcate the process of self-learning and research.
Outcome: Learner will be able to...	
1	Identify societal/research/innovation/entrepreneurship problems through appropriate literature surveys
2	Identify Methodology for solving above problem and apply engineering knowledge and skills to solve it
3	Validate, Verify the results using test cases/benchmark data/theoretical/inferences/experiments/simulations
4	Analyze and evaluate the impact of solution/product/research/innovation/entrepreneurship towards societal/environmental/sustainable development
5	Use standard norms of engineering practices and project management principles during project work
6	Communicate through technical report writing and oral presentation. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The work may result in research/white paper/article/blog writing and publication • The work may result in business plan for entrepreneurship product created • The work may result in patent filing.
7	Gain technical competency towards participation in Competitions, Hackathons, etc.
8	Demonstrate capabilities of self-learning, leading to lifelong learning.
9	Develop interpersonal skills to work as a member of a group or as leader
Guidelines for Mini Project	
1	Mini project may be carried out in one or more form of following: Product preparations, prototype development model, fabrication of set-ups, laboratory experiment development, process modification/development, simulation, software development, integration of software (frontend-backend) and hardware, statistical data analysis, creating awareness in society/environment etc.
2	Students shall form a group of 3 to 4 students, while forming a group shall not be allowed less than three or more than four students, as it is a group activity.
3	Students should do survey and identify needs, which shall be converted into problem statement for mini project in consultation with faculty supervisor or head of department/internal committee of faculties.
4	Students shall submit an implementation plan in the form of Gantt/PERT/CPM chart, which will cover weekly activity of mini projects.
5	A logbook may be prepared by each group, wherein the group can record weekly work progress, guide/supervisor can verify and record notes/comments.
6	Faculty supervisors may give inputs to students during mini project activity; however, focus shall be on self-learning.
7	Students under the guidance of faculty supervisor shall convert the best solution into a working model using various components of their domain areas and demonstrate.
8	The solution to be validated with proper justification and report to be compiled in standard format of University of Mumbai. Software requirement specification (SRS) documents, research papers, competition certificates may be submitted as part of annexure to the report.

9	With the focus on self-learning, innovation, addressing societal/research/innovation problems and entrepreneurship quality development within the students through the Mini Projects, it is preferable that a single project of appropriate level and quality be carried out in two semesters by all the groups of the students. i.e. Mini Project 2 in semesters V and VI.
10	However, based on the individual students or group capability, with the mentor's recommendations, if the proposed Mini Project adhering to the qualitative aspects mentioned above, gets completed in odd semester, then that group can be allowed to work on the extension of the Mini Project with suitable improvements/modifications or a completely new project idea in even semester. This policy can be adopted on a case by case basis.

Term Work	
The review/ progress monitoring committee shall be constituted by the heads of departments of each institute. The progress of the mini project to be evaluated on a continuous basis, based on the SRS document submitted. minimum two reviews in each semester.	
In continuous assessment focus shall also be on each individual student, assessment based on individual's contribution in group activity, their understanding and response to questions.	
Distribution of Term work marks for both semesters shall be as below:	Marks 25
1 Marks awarded by guide/supervisor based on logbook	10
2 Marks awarded by review committee	10
3 Quality of Project report	05
Review / progress monitoring committee may consider following points for assessment based on either one year or half year project asmentioned in general guidelines	
One-year project:	
1	<p>In one-year project (sem V and VI), first semester the entire theoretical solution shall be made ready, including components/system selection and cost analysis. Two reviews will be conducted based on a presentation given by a student group.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> First shall be for finalization of problem <input type="checkbox"/> Second shall be on finalization of proposed solution of problem.
2	<p>In the second semester expected work shall be procurement of component's/systems, building of working prototype, testing and validation of results based on work completed in an earlier semester.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> First review is based on readiness of building working prototype to be conducted. <input type="checkbox"/> Second review shall be based on poster presentation cum demonstration of working model in the last month of the said semester.
Half-year project:	
1	<p>In this case in one semester students' group shall complete project in all aspects including,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Identification of need/problem <input type="checkbox"/> Proposed final solution <input type="checkbox"/> Procurement of components/systems <input type="checkbox"/> Building prototype and testing
2	<p>Two reviews will be conducted for continuous assessment,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> First shall be for finalization of problem and proposed solution <input type="checkbox"/> Second shall be for implementation and testing of solution.

Mini Project shall be assessed based on following points	
1	Clarity of problem and quality of literature Survey for problem identification

2	Requirement Gathering via SRS/ Feasibility Study
3	Completeness of methodology implemented
4	Design, Analysis and Further Plan
5	Novelty, Originality or Innovativeness of project
6	Societal / Research impact
7	Effective use of skill set : Standard engineering practices and Project management standard
8	Contribution of an individual's as member or leader
9	Clarity in written and oral communication
10	Verification and validation of the solution/ Test Cases
11	Full functioning of working model as per stated requirements
12	Technical writing /competition/hackathon outcome being met

In one year project (sem V and VI), first semester evaluation may be based on first 10 criteria and remaining may be used for second semester evaluation of performance of students in mini projects.

In case of half year projects (completing in V sem) all criteria in generic may be considered for evaluation of performance of students in mini projects.

Guidelines for Assessment of Mini Project Practical/Oral Examination:

1	Report should be prepared as per the guidelines issued by the University of Mumbai.
2	Mini Project shall be assessed through a presentation and demonstration of working model by the student project group to a panel of Internal and External Examiners preferably from industry or research organizations having experience of more than five years approved by the head of Institution.
3	Students shall be motivated to publish a paper/participate in competition based on the work in Conferences/students competitions.

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSC601	Data Analytics and Visualization	03

Prerequisite: Basic statistics and Maths, Python programming	
Course Objectives: The course aims:	
1	To Introduce the concept of Data Analytics Lifecycle.
2	To Develop Mathematical concepts required for advance regression.
3	To Understand data modeling in time series and its process.
4	To create awareness about Text analytics and its applications.
5	To provide overview of Data analytics and visualization with R.
6	To provide overview of Data analytics and visualization with Python.
Course Outcomes: After successful completion of the course students will be able to:	
1	Comprehend basics of data analytics and visualization.
2	Apply various regression models on given data set and perform prediction.
3	Demonstrate advance understanding of Time series concepts and analysis of data using various time series models.
4	Analyze Text data and gain insights.
5	Experiment with different analytics techniques and visualization using R.
6	Experiment with different analytics techniques and visualization using Python.

Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1	Introduction to Data analytics and life cycle	5
	1.1 Data Analytics Lifecycle overview:Key Roles for a Successful Analytics, Background and Overview of Data Analytics Lifecycle Project Phase 1: Discovery: Learning the Business Domain, Resources Framing the Problem, Identifying Key Stakeholders. Interviewing the Analytics Sponsor, Developing Initial Hypotheses Identifying Potential Data Sources Phase 2: Data Preparation: Preparing the Analytic Sandbox, Performing ETLT, Learning About the Data, DataConditioning, Survey and visualize, Common Tools for the Data Preparation Phase Phase 3: Model Planning: Data Exploration and Variable Selection, Model Selection ,Common Tools for the Model Planning Phase Phase 4: Model Building: Common Tools for the Model Building Phase Phase 5: Communicate Results Phase 6: Operationalize	
2	Regression Models	8
	2.1 Introduction to simple Linear Regression: The Regression Equation, Fittedvalue and Residuals, Least Square	

		Introduction to Multiple Linear Regression: Assessing the Model, Cross-Validation, Model Selection and Stepwise Regression, Prediction Using Regression	
	2.2	Logistic Regression: Logistic Response function and logit, Logistic Regression and GLM, Generalized Linear model, Predicted values from Logistic Regression, Interpreting the coefficients and odds ratios, Linear and Logistic Regression: similarities and Differences, Assessing the models.	
3		Time Series	7
		Overview of Time Series Analysis Box-Jenkins Methodology, ARIMA Model Autocorrelation Function (ACF) ,Autoregressive Models ,Moving Average Models ,ARMA and ARIMA Models , Building and Evaluating an ARIMA Model, Reasons to Choose and Cautions	
4		Text Analytics	7
	4.1	History of text mining, Roots of text mining overview of seven practices of text analytic, Application and use cases for Text mining: extracting meaning from unstructured text, Summarizing Text.	
		Text Analysis Steps, A Text Analysis Example , Collecting Raw Text ,Representing Text ,Term Frequency—Inverse Document Frequency (TFIDF),Categorizing Documents by Topics, Determining Sentiments , Gaining Insights .	
5		Data analytics and visualization with R	6
	5.1	Introduction to R: Data Import and Export, Attribute and Data type, Descriptive statistics. Exploratory Data Analysis: Visualization before analysis, DirtyData, visualizing single variable, examining Multiple variable, Data Exploration versus presentation.	
6		Data analytics and Visualization with Python	6
	6.1	Essential Data Libraries for data analytics:Pandas, NumPy, SciPy. Plotting and visualization with python: Introduction to Matplotlib, Basic Plotting with Matplotlib, Create Histogram, BarChart, Pie chart, Box Plot, violin plot using Matplotlib.	
	6.2	Introduction to seaborn Library, MultiplePlots, Regressionplot, regplot.	
		Total	39

Textbooks:

1	Data Science and Big Data Analytics: Discovering, Analyzing, Visualizing and Presenting Data,EMC Education services Wiley Publication
2	Data Analytics using Python: Bharati Motwani, Wiley Publications.
3	Practical Statistics for Data Scientists 50+ Essential Concepts Using R and Python, O'Reilly Publications 2nd Edition
4	Practical Text Mining and statistical Analysis for non-structured text data applications,1 st edition,Grey Miner,Thomas Hill.

References:	
1	Data Mining, Concepts and Techniques: 3rd edition, Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber and Jian Pei
2	Data Analytics using R, Bharati Motwani, Wiley Publications
3	Python for Data Analysis: 3rd Edition, Wes McKinney ,Publisher(s): O'Reilly Media, Inc.

Assessment:	
Internal Assessment:	
Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first-class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second-class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.	
End Semester Theory Examination:	
1	Question paper will consist of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
2	The students need to solve a total of 4 questions.
3	Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus.
4	Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

Useful Links	
1	http://varianceexplained.org/RData/
2	https://www.kaggle.com/code/iamleonie/time-series-interpreting-acf-and-pacf
3	https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/data-visualization-using-matplotlib/

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSC602	Cryptography and System Security	03

Pre-requisite: Basic concepts of OSI Layer	
Course Objectives: The course aims:	
1	The concepts of classical encryption techniques and concepts of finite fields and number theory.
2	To explore the working principles and utilities of various cryptographic algorithms including secret key cryptography, hashes and message digests, and public key algorithms
3	To explore the design issues and working principles of various authentication protocols, PKI standards.
4	To explore various secure communication standards including Kerberos, IPsec, and SSL/TLS and email.
5	The ability to use existing cryptographic utilities to build programs for secure communication.
6	The concepts of cryptographic utilities and authentication mechanisms to design secure applications
Course Outcomes:	
1	Identify information security goals, classical encryption techniques and acquire fundamental knowledge on the concepts of finite fields and number theory.
2	Understand, compare and apply different encryption and decryption techniques to solve problems related to confidentiality and authentication
3	Apply the knowledge of cryptographic checksums and evaluate the performance of different message digest algorithms for verifying the integrity of varying message sizes
4	Apply different digital signature algorithms to achieve authentication and create secure applications .
5	Apply network security basics, analyze different attacks on networks and evaluate the performance of firewalls and security protocols like SSL, IPSec, and PGP
6	Apply the knowledge of cryptographic utilities and authentication mechanisms to design secure applications

Module		Detailed Content	Hours
1		Introduction & Number Theory	
	1.1	Services, Mechanisms and attacks-the OSI security architecture-Network security model-Classical Encryption techniques (Symmetric cipher model, mono-alphabetic and poly-alphabetic substitution techniques: Vignere cipher, playfair cipher, Hill cipher, transposition techniques: keyed and keyless transposition ciphers, steganography).	7
2		Block Ciphers & Public Key Cryptography	7
	2.1	Data Encryption Standard-Block cipher principles-block cipher modes of operationAdvanced Encryption Standard (AES)-Triple DES-Blowfish-RC5 algorithm. Public key cryptography: Principles of public key cryptosystems-The RSA algorithm, The knapsack algorithm, El-Gamal Algorithm. Key management – Diffie Hellman Key exchange	

3	Cryptographic Hashes, Message Digests and Digital Certificates		7
	3.1	Authentication requirement – Authentication function , Types of Authentication, MAC – Hash function – Security of hash function and MAC –MD5 – SHA – HMAC – CMAC, Digital Certificate: X.509, PKI	
4	Digital signature schemes and authentication Protocols		6
	4.1	Digital signature and authentication protocols : Needham Schroeder Authentication protocol, Digital Signature Schemes – RSA, El Gamal and Schnorr, DSS.	
5	System Security		6
	Operating System Security: Memory and Address Protection, File Protection Mechanism, User Authentication. Linux and Windows: Vulnerabilities, File System Security Database Security: Database Security Requirements, Reliability and Integrity, Sensitive Data, Inference Attacks, Multilevel Database Security		
6	Web security		6
	6.1	Web Security Considerations, User Authentication and Session Management, Cookies, SSL, HTTPS, SSH, Web Browser Attacks, WebBugs, Clickjacking, CrossSite Request Forgery, Session Hijacking and Management, Phishing Technique, DNS Attack, Secure Electronic Transaction, Email Attacks, Firewalls, Penetration Testing	

Textbooks:

1	Computer Security Principles and Practice, William Stallings, Sixth Edition, Pearson Education
2	Security in Computing, Charles P. Pfleeger, Fifth Edition, Pearson Education
3	Network Security and Cryptography, Bernard Menezes, Cengage Learning
4	Network Security Bible, Eric Cole, Second Edition, Wiley
5	Mark Stamp's Information Security Principles and Practice, Wiley

References:

1	Web Application Hackers Handbook by Wiley.
2	Computer Security, Dieter Gollman, Third Edition, Wiley
3	CCNA Security Study Guide, Tim Boyle, Wiley
4	Introduction to Computer Security, Matt Bishop, Pearson. 5.
5	Cloud Security and Privacy, Tim Mather, Subra Kumaraswamy, Shahed Latif , O'Riely
6	Cryptography and Network Security, Atul Kahate, Tata Mc Graw Hill

Assessment:

Internal Assessment:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first-class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed.

Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

1	Question paper will consist of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
2	The students need to solve a total of 4 questions.
3	Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus.
4	Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

Useful Links

1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105031
2	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_cs03/preview
3	https://www.coursera.org/learn/basic-cryptography-and-crypto-api

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSC603	Software Engineering and Project Management	03

Pre-requisite: None	
Course Objectives: The course aims:	
1	To provide the knowledge of software engineering discipline.
2	To understand Requirements and analyze it
3	To do planning and apply scheduling
4	To apply analysis, and develop software solutions
5	To demonstrate and evaluate real time projects with respect to software engineering principles and Apply testing and assure quality in software solution.
6	To understand need of project management and project management life cycle.
Course Outcomes:	
1	Understand and use basic knowledge in software engineering.
2	Identify requirements, analyze and prepare models.
3	Plan, schedule and track the progress of the projects.
4	Design & develop the software solutions for the growth of society
5	Apply testing and assure quality in software solutions
6	Generate project schedule and can construct, design and develop network diagram for different type of Projects. They can also organize different activities of project

Module		Detailed Content	Hours
1		Introduction to Software Engineering	
		Nature of Software, Software Engineering, Software Process, Capability Maturity Model (CMM) Generic Process Model, Prescriptive Process Models: The Waterfall Model, V-model, Incremental Process Models, Evolutionary Process Models, Concurrent Models, Agile process, Agility Principles, Extreme Programming (XP), Scrum, Kanban model	08
2		Requirements Analysis and Cost Estimation	06
	2.1	Software Requirements: Functional & non-functional – user-system requirement engineering process – feasibility studies – elicitation – validation & management – software prototyping – S/W documentation – Analysis and modelling Requirement Elicitation, Software requirement specification (SRS) 3Ps (people, product and process) Process and Project metrics Software Project Estimation: LOC, FP, Empirical Estimation Models - COCOMO II Model	
3		Design Engineering	07

	3.1	Design Process & quality, Design Concepts, The design Model, Pattern-based Software Design. 4.2 Architectural Design :Design Decisions, Views, Patterns. Application Architectures, Modeling Component level Design: component. Designing class based components, conducting component-level design, User Interface Design: The golden rules, Interface Design steps & Analysis, Design Evaluation	
4		Software Risk, Configuration Management	05
	4.1	Risk Identification, Risk Assessment, Risk Projection, RMMM Software Configuration management, SCM repositories, SCM process Software Quality Assurance Task and Plan, Metrics, Software Reliability, Formal Technical Review (FTR), Walkthrough.	
5		Software Testing and Maintenance	05
	5.1	Testing: Software Quality, Testing: Strategic Approach, Strategic Issues- Testing: Strategies for Conventional Software, Object oriented software, Web AppsValidating Testing- System Testing- Art of Debugging. Maintenance : Software Maintenance-Software Supportability- Reengineering- Business Process Reengineering- Software Reengineering- Reverse Engineering- Restructuring- Forward Engineering.	
6		IT Project Management and Project Scheduling	08
	6.1	Introduction, 4 P's, W5HH Principle, Need for Project Management, Project Life cycle and ITPM, Project Feasibility, RFP, PMBOK Knowledge areas, Business Case, Project Planning, Project Charter and Project Scope.	
	6.2	Project Scheduling:Defining a Task Set for the Software Project, Timeline chartsWBS, Developing the Project Schedule, Network Diagrams (AON, AOA), CPM and PERT, Gantt Chart , Tracking the Schedule, Earned Value Analysis	

Textbooks:	
1	Roger S. Pressman, Software Engineering: A practitioner's approach, McGraw Hill
2	Rajib Mall, Fundamentals of Software Engineering, Prentice Hall India
3	John M. Nicholas, Project Management for Business and Technology, 3rd edition, Pearson Education.
References:	
1	“Software Engineering : A Precise Approach” Pankaj Jalote , Wiley India
2	Ian Sommerville “ Software Engineering” 9th edition Pearson Education SBN-13: 978-0- 13-703515-1, ISBN-10: 0-13-703515-2
3	PankajJalote, An integrated approach to Software Engineering, Springer/Narosa.

Assessment:
Internal Assessment:
Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first-class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.
End Semester Theory Examination:
1 Question paper will consist of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks. 2 The students need to solve a total of 4 questions. 3 Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus. 4 Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

Useful Links
1 https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/cec21_cs21/preview
2 https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106101061
3 http://www.nptelvideos.com/video.php?id=911&c=94

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSC604	Machine Learning	03

Pre-requisite: Data Structures, Basic Probability and Statistics, Algorithms	
Course Objectives: The course aims:	
1	To introduce Machine learning concepts
2	To develop mathematical concepts required for Machine learning algorithms
3	To understand various Regression techniques
4	To understand Clustering techniques
5	To develop Neural Network based learning models
Course Outcomes:	
After successful completion of the course students will be able to:	
1	Comprehend basics of Machine Learning
2	Build Mathematical foundation for machine learning
3	Understand various Machine learning models
4	Select suitable Machine learning models for a given problem
5	Build Neural Network based models
6	Apply Dimensionality Reduction techniques

Module		Detailed Content	Hours
1		Introduction to Machine Learning	6
	1.1	Introduction to Machine Learning, Issues in Machine Learning, Application of Machine Learning, Steps of developing a Machine Learning Application.	
		Supervised and Unsupervised Learning: Concepts of Classification, Clustering and prediction, Training, Testing and validation dataset, cross validation, overfitting and underfitting of model	
		Performance Measures: Measuring Quality of model- Confusion Matrix, Accuracy, Recall, Precision, Specificity, F1 Score, RMSE	
2		Mathematical Foundation for ML	5
	2.1	System of Linear equations, Norms, Inner products, Length of Vector, Distance between vectors, Orthogonal vectors	
	2.2	Symmetric Positive Definite Matrices, Determinant, Trace, Eigenvalues and vectors, Orthogonal Projections, Diagonalization, SVD and its applications	
3		Linear Models	7
	3.1	The least-squares method, Multivariate Linear Regression, Regularized Regression, Using Least-Squares Regression for classification	
	3.2	Support Vector Machines	
4		Clustering	4
	4.1	Hebbian Learning rule	

	4.2	Expectation -Maximization algorithm for clustering	
5		Classification models	10
	5.1	Introduction, Fundamental concept, Evolution of Neural Networks, Biological Neuron, Artificial Neural Networks, NN architecture, McCulloch-Pitts Model. Designing a simple network, Non-separable patterns, Perceptron model with Bias. Activation functions, Binary, Bipolar, continuous, Ramp. Limitations of Perceptron.	
	5.2	Perceptron Learning Rule. Delta Learning Rule (LMS-Widrow Hoff), Multi-layer perceptron network. Adjusting weights of hidden layers. Error back propagation algorithm.	
	5.3	Logistic regression	
6		Dimensionality Reduction	07
	6.1	Curse of Dimensionality.	
	6.2	Feature Selection and Feature Extraction	
	6.3	Dimensionality Reduction Techniques, Principal Component Analysis.	

Textbooks:	
1	Nathalie Japkowicz & Mohak Shah, “Evaluating Learning Algorithms: A Classification Perspective”, Cambridge.
2	Marc Peter Deisenroth, Aldo Faisal, Cheng Soon Ong, “Mathematics for machine learning”,
3	Samir Roy and Chakraborty, “Introduction to soft computing”, Pearson Edition.
4	Ethem Alpaydin, “Introduction to Machine Learning”, MIT Press McGraw-Hill Higher Education
5	Peter Flach, “Machine Learning”, Cambridge University Press

References:	
1	Tom M. Mitchell, “Machine Learning”, McGraw Hill
2	Kevin P. Murphy, “Machine Learning — A Probabilistic Perspective”, MIT Press
3	Stephen Marsland, “Machine Learning an Algorithmic Perspective”, CRC Press
4	Shai Shalev-Shwartz, Shai Ben-David, “Understanding Machine Learning”, Cambridge University Press
5	Peter Harrington, “Machine Learning in Action”, DreamTech Press

Assessment:	
Internal Assessment:	
Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first-class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.	
End Semester Theory Examination:	
1	Question paper will consist of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
2	The students need to solve a total of 4 questions.
3	Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus.
4	Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

Useful links:

1	<u>NPTEL</u>
2	<u>AI and ML Certification - Enroll in PGP AI ML Courses with Purdue (simplilearn.com)</u>
3	<u>https://www.learndatasci.com/out/coursera-machine-learning/</u>
4	<u>https://www.learndatasci.com/out/google-machine-learning-crash-course/</u>

CourseCode	Course Name	Credit
CSDLO6011	High Performance Computing	03

Course Objectives: Students will try to:

1. Learn the concepts of high-performance computing.
2. Gain knowledge of platforms for high performance computing.
3. Design and implement algorithms for parallel programming applications.
4. Analyze the performance metrics of High Performance Computing.
5. Understand the parallel programming paradigm, algorithms and applications.
6. Demonstrate the understanding of different High Performance Computing tools.

Course Outcomes: Students will be able to:

1. Understand the fundamentals of parallel Computing.
2. Describe different parallel processing platforms involved in achieving High Performance Computing.
3. Demonstrate the principles of Parallel Algorithms and their execution.
4. Evaluate the performance of HPC systems.
5. Apply HPC programming paradigm to parallel applications
6. Discuss different current HPC Platforms.

Prerequisite: Computer Organization, C Programming, Data structures and Algorithm Analysis.

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hours
0	Prerequisite	Computer Organization, C Programming, Data structures andAlgorithm Analysis.	02
I	Introduction	<p>Introduction to Parallel Computing: Motivating Parallelism, Scope of Parallel Computing, Levels of parallelism (instruction,transaction, task, thread, memory, function), Models (SIMD, MIMD, SIMD, SPMD, Dataflow Models, Demand-drivenComputation).</p> <p>Self-learning Topics: Parallel Architectures: Interconnectionnetwork, Processor Array, Multiprocessor.</p>	05

II	Parallel Programming Platforms	Parallel Programming Platforms: Implicit Parallelism:Dichotomy of Parallel Computing Platforms, Physical Organization of Parallel Platforms, Communication Costs in Parallel Machines. Self-learning Topics: Trends in Microprocessor & Architectures, Limitations of Memory System Performance.	04
III	Parallel Algorithm And Concurrency	Principles of Parallel Algorithm Design: Preliminaries, Decomposition Techniques, Characteristics of Tasks and Interactions, Mapping Techniques for Load Balancing, Basic Communication operations: Broadcast and Reduction Communication types. Self-learning Topics: Parallel Algorithm Models	09
IV	Performance Measures for HPC	Performance Measures : Speedup, execution time, efficiency, cost, scalability, Effect of granularity on performance, Scalability of Parallel Systems, Amdahl's Law, Gustavson's Law. Self-learning Topics: Performance Bottlenecks.	05
V	Programming Paradigms for HPC	Programming Using the Message-Passing Paradigm : Principles of Message Passing Programming, The Building Blocks: Send and Receive Operations, MPI: the Message Passing Interface, Topology and Embedding. Parallel Algorithms and Applications :	09
		One-Dimensional Matrix-Vector Multiplication, Graph Algorithms, Sample Sort, Two-Dimensional Matrix Vector Multiplication. Self-learning Topics: Introduction to OpenMP.	
VI	General Purpose Graphics Processing Unit(GPGPU) Architecture and Programming	OpenCL Device Architectures, Introduction to OpenCL Programming. Self-learning Topics: Introduction to CUDA architecture, and Introduction to CUDA Programming.	05

Text Books:

1. Ananth Grama, Anshul Gupta, George Karypis, Vipin Kumar , “Introduction to Parallel Computing”, Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2007.
2. Kai Hwang, Naresh Jotwani, “Advanced Computer Architecture: Parallelism, Scalability, Programmability”, McGraw Hill, Second Edition, 2010.
3. Edward Kandrot and Jason Sanders, “CUDA by Example – An Introduction to General Purpose GPU Programming”, Addison-Wesley Professional ©, 2010.
4. Georg Hager, Gerhard Wellein, “Introduction to High Performance Computing for Scientists and Engineers”, Chapman & Hall / CRC Computational Science series, 2011.
5. Benedict Gaster, Lee Howes, David Kaeli, Perhaad Mistry, Dana Schaa , “Heterogeneous Computing with OpenCL” , 2nd Edition, Elsevier, 2012.

Reference Books:

1. Michael J. Quinn, “Parallel Programming in C with MPI and OpenMP”, McGraw-Hill International Editions, Computer Science Series, 2008.
2. Kai Hwang, Zhiwei Xu, “Scalable Parallel Computing: Technology, Architecture, Programming”, McGraw Hill, 1998.
3. Laurence T. Yang, Minyi Guo, “High- Performance Computing: Paradigm and Infrastructure” Wiley, 2006.
4. Fayed Gebali, “Algorithms and Parallel Computing”, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2011.

Online References:**Sr. No. Website Name**

1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_cs46/preview
2. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_cs21/preview

Assessment:**Internal Assessment (IA) for 20 marks:**

- IA will consist of Two Compulsory Internal Assessment Tests. Approximately 40% to 50% of syllabus content must be covered in First IA Test and remaining 40% to 50% of syllabus content must be covered in Second IA Test.

End Semester Examination: Some guidelines for setting the question papers are as:

- Weightage of each module in end semester examination is expected to be/will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the syllabus.
 - **Question paper format**
 - Question Paper will comprise of a total of **six questions each carrying 20 marks. Q.1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the syllabus**
 - **Remaining questions will be mixed in nature** (part (a) and part (b) of each question must be from different modules. For example, if Q.2 has part (a) from Module 3 then part (b) must be from any other Module randomly selected from all the modules)
 - A total of **four questions** need to be answered.
-
- **Suggestion: Laboratory work based on the above syllabus can be incorporated as a mini project in CSM601: Mini-Project.**

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSDLO6012	Distributed Computing	03

Pre-requisite: C Programming

Course Objectives: The course aims:

- 1 To provide students with contemporary knowledge in distributed systems
- 2 To equip students with skills to analyze and design distributed applications.
- 3 To provide master skills to measure the performance of distributed synchronization algorithms
- 4 To equip students with skills to availability of resources
- 5 To provide master skills to distributed file system

Course Outcomes:

- 1 Demonstrate knowledge of the basic elements and concepts related to distributed system technologies.
- 2 Illustrate the middleware technologies that support distributed applications such as RPC, RMI and Object based middleware.
- 3 Analyze the various techniques used for clock synchronization and mutual exclusion
- 4 Demonstrate the concepts of Resource and Process management and synchronization algorithms
- 5 Demonstrate the concepts of Consistency and Replication Management
- 6 Apply the knowledge of Distributed File System to analyze various file systems like NFS, AFS and the experience in building large-scale distributed applications

Module		Detailed Content	Hours
1		Introduction to Distributed Systems	
	1.1	Characterization of Distributed Systems: Issues, Goals, and Types of distributed systems, Distributed System Models, Hardware concepts, Software Concept.	06
	1.2	Middleware: Models of Middleware, Services offered by middleware, Client Server model.	
2		Communication	06
	2.1	Layered Protocols, Interprocess communication (IPC): MPI, Remote Procedure Call (RPC), Remote Object Invocation, Remote Method Invocation (RMI)	
	2.2	Message Oriented Communication, Stream Oriented Communication, Group Communication	
3		Synchronization	09
	3.1	Clock Synchronization, Physical Clock, Logical Clocks, Election Algorithms, Mutual Exclusion, Distributed Mutual Exclusion-Classification of Mutual Exclusion Algorithm, Requirements of Mutual Exclusion Algorithms, Performance measure.	
	3.2	Non Token based Algorithms: Lamport Algorithm, Ricart–Agrawala’s Algorithm, Maekawa’s Algorithm	

	3.3	Token Based Algorithms: Suzuki-Kasami's Broadcast Algorithms, Singhal's Heuristic Algorithm, Raymond's Tree-based Algorithm, Comparative Performance Analysis.	
4		Resource and Process Management	06
	4.1	Desirable Features of global Scheduling algorithm, Task assignment approach, Load balancing approach, load sharing approach	
	4.2	Introduction to process management, process migration, Threads, Virtualization, Clients, Servers, Code Migration	
5		Consistency, Replication and Fault Tolerance	06
	5.1	Introduction to replication and consistency, Data-Centric and Client-Centric Consistency Models, Replica Management	
	5.2	Fault Tolerance: Introduction, Process resilience, Reliable client-server and group communication, Recovery	
6		Distributed File Systems and Name Services	06
	6.1	Introduction and features of DFS, File models, File Accessing models, File-Caching Schemes, File Replication, Case Study: Distributed File Systems (DSF), Network File System (NFS), Andrew File System (AFS), HDFS	

Textbooks:	
1	Andrew S. Tanenbaum and Maarten Van Steen, "Distributed Systems: Principles and Paradigms, 2nd edition, Pearson Education.
2	George Coulouris, Jean Dollimore, Tim Kindberg, , "Distributed Systems: Concepts and Design", 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.
References:	
1	A. S. Tanenbaum and M. V. Steen, "Distributed Systems: Principles and Paradigms", Second Edition, Prentice Hall, 2006.
2	M. L. Liu, "Distributed Computing Principles and Applications", Pearson Addison Wesley, 2004.
3	Learn to Master Distributed Computing by ScriptDemics, StarEdu Solutions

Assessment:	
Internal Assessment:	
Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first-class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.	
End Semester Theory Examination:	
1	Question paper will consist of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
2	The students need to solve a total of 4 questions.
3	Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus.
4	Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

Useful Links	
1	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_cs87/
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106168

* **Suggestion: Laboratory work based on the above syllabus can be incorporated as a mini project in CSM601: Mini-Project.**

Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSDLO6013	Image and Video Processing	3

Prerequisite: Engineering Mathematics, Algorithms	
Course Objectives:	
1	To introduce students to the basic concepts of image processing, file formats.
2	To acquire an in-depth understanding of image enhancement techniques.
3	To gain knowledge of image segmentation and compression techniques.
4	To acquire fundamentals of image transform techniques.
Course Outcomes	
1	To gain fundamental knowledge of Image processing.
2	To apply image enhancement techniques.
3	To apply image segmentation and compression techniques.
4	To gain an in-depth understanding of image transforms.
5	To gain fundamental understanding of video processing.

Module		Content	Hrs
1		Digital Image Fundamentals	04
	1.1	Introduction to Digital Image, Digital Image Processing System, Sampling and Quantization,	
	1.2	Representation of Digital Image, Connectivity, Image File Formats : BMP, TIFF and JPEG.	
2		Image Enhancement in Spatial domain	08
	2.1	Introduction to Image Enhancement :Gray Level Transformations, Zero Memory Point Operations,	
	2.2	Histogram Processing.,	
	2.3	Neighbourhood Processing, Spatial Filtering, Smoothing and Sharpening Filters	
3		Image Segmentation	06
	3.1	Segmentation based on Discontinuities (point, Line, Edge)	
	3.2	Image Edge detection using Robert, Sobel, Previtt masks, Image Edge detection using Laplacian Mask.	

	3.3	Region Oriented Segmentation: Region growing by pixel Aggregation, Split and Merge	
4		Image Transforms	09
	4.1	Introduction to Unitary Transforms	
	4.2	Discrete Fourier Transform(DFT), Inverse DFT, Properties of DFT, Fast Fourier Transform(FFT),	
	4.3	Discrete Hadamard Transform(DHT), Inverse DHT, Fast Hadamard Transform(FHT), Discrete Cosine Transform(DCT), Inverse DCT	
5		Image Compression	08
	5.1	Introduction, Redundancy, Fidelity Criteria	
	5.2	Lossless Compression Techniques : Run length Coding, Arithmetic Coding, Huffman Coding	
	5.3	Lossy Compression Techniques: Improved Gray Scale Quantization, Vector Quantization	
6		Digital Video Processing	04
	6.1	Introduction to Digital Video Processing, Sampled Video	
	6.2	Composite and Component Video, Digital video formats and applications	
		Total	39

Textbooks:

- | | |
|----|---|
| 1 | Rafael C. Gonzalez and Richard E. Woods, ‘Digital Image Processing’, Pearson Education Asia, Third Edition, 2009 |
| 2 | S. Jayaraman, E. Esakkirajan and T. Veerkumar, “Digital Image Processing” TataMcGraw Hill Education Private Ltd, 2009 |
| 3 | Anil K. Jain, “Fundamentals and Digital Image Processing”, Prentice Hall of India Private Ltd, Third Edition |
| 4 | S. Sridhar, “Digital Image Processing”, Oxford University Press, Second Edition, 2012. |
| 5. | Alan C. Bovik, “The Essential Guide To Video Processing” Academic Press, |
| 6 | Yao Wang, Jorn Ostermann, Ya-Qin Zhang, “Video Processing and Communications”, Prentice Hall, Signal Processing series. |

References Books	
1.	David A. Forsyth, Jean Ponce, “Computer Vision: A Modern Approach”, Pearson Education, Limited, 2011
2.	Malay K. Pakhira, “Digital Image Processing and Pattern Recognition”, Prentice Hall of India Private Ltd, Third Edition
3	B. Chandra and D. Dutta Majumder, “Digital Image Processing and Analysis”, Prentice Hall of India Private Ltd, 2011
4	Khalid Sayood, “Introduction to Data Compression”, Third Edition , Morgan Kaufman MK Publication

Assessment:	
Internal Assessment:	
Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approximately 40% syllabus is completed and the second class test when an additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.	
End Semester Theory Examination:	
1	Question paper will comprise a total of six questions.
2	All questions carry equal marks.
3	Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3).
4	Only Four questions need to be solved.
5	In question, paper weightage of each module will be proportional to the number of respective lecture hours as mentioned in the syllabus.

Useful Links	
1	https://swayam.gov.in
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses
3	https://www.coursera.org

* Suggestion: Laboratory work based on the above syllabus can be incorporated as a mini project in CSM601: Mini-Project.

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSL601	Data Analytics and Visualization Lab	1

Prerequisite: Basic Python	
Lab Objectives:	
1	To effectively use libraries for data analytics.
2	To understand the use of regression Techniques in data analytics applications.
3	To use time series models for prediction.
4	To introduce the concept of text analytics and its applications.
5	To apply suitable visualization techniques using R and Python.
Lab Outcomes:	
At the end of the course, students will be able to —	
1	Explore various data analytics Libraries in R and Python.
2	Implement various Regression techniques for prediction.
3	Build various time series models on a given data set.
4	Design Text Analytics Application on a given data set.
5	Implement visualization techniques to given data sets using R .
6	Implement visualization techniques to given data sets using Python.

Suggested Experiments: Students are required to complete at least 08 experiments Preferably using R Programming Language/Python	
Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment
1	Getting introduced to data analytics libraries in Python and R.
2	Simple Linear Regression in Python/R.
3	Multiple Linear Regression in Python/R.
4	Time Series Analysis in Python/R.
5	Implementation of ARIMA model in python / R.
6	Text analytics: Implementation of Spam filter/Sentiment analysis in python/R.
7,8	Two visualization experiments in R using different Libraries.
9,10	Two visualization experiments in python using different Libraries.

Useful Links:	
1	https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/data-visualization-with-python
2	https://www.coursera.org/specializations/data-science-python
3	https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/data-visualization-in-r/
5	https://towardsdatascience.com/introduction-to-arima-for-time-series-forecasting-

References:	
1	Data Analytics using R, Bharati Motwani, Wiley Publications
2	Python for Data Analysis: 3rd Edition, WesMcKinney, Publisher(s): O'Reilly Media, Inc.

3	Better Data Visualizations A Guide for Scholars, Researchers, and Wonks, Jonathan Schwabish, Columbia University Press
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Term Work:	
1	Term work should consist of 08 experiments.
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments based on Theory and Practicals
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)
Oral & Practical exam	
	Based on the entire syllabus

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSL602	Cryptographic and system security Lab	1

Prerequisite: Operating System, Basics of Java and Python Programming.

Lab Objectives:

- 1 To be able to apply the knowledge of symmetric cryptography to implement simple ciphers
- 2 To be able to analyze and implement public key algorithms like RSA and El Gamal
- 3 To analyze and evaluate performance of hashing algorithms
- 4 To explore the different network reconnaissance tools to gather information about networks .

Lab Outcomes:

- 1 Apply the knowledge of symmetric cryptography to implement simple ciphers
- 2 Analyze and implement public key algorithms like RSA and El Gamal
- 3 Analyze and evaluate performance of hashing algorithms
- 4 Explore the different network reconnaissance tools to gather information about networks
- 5 Use tools like sniffers, port scanners and other related tools for analyzing packets in a network.
- 6 Apply and set up firewalls and intrusion detection systems using open source technologies and to explore email security.

Suggested Experiments: Students are required to complete at least 10 experiments.

Star (*) marked experiments are compulsory.

Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment
1*	Design and Implementation of a product cipher using Substitution and Transposition ciphers.
2*	Implementation and analysis of RSA cryptosystem and Digital signature scheme using RSA/El Gamal.
3*	Implementation of Diffie Hellman Key exchange algorithm
4	For varying message sizes, test integrity of message using MD-5, SHA-1, and analyse the performance of the two protocols. Use crypt APIs.
5*	Exploring wireless security tools like Kismet, NetStumbler etc.
6*	Study the use of network reconnaissance tools like WHOIS, dig,traceroute, nslookup to gather information about networks and domain registrars.
7	Study of packet sniffer tools wireshark, :- 1. Observer performance in promiscuous as well as non-promiscuous mode. 2. Show the packets can be traced based on different filters.
8*	Download and install nmap. Use it with different options to scan open ports, perform OS fingerprinting, do a ping scan, tcp port scan, udp port scan, etc..
9*	Detect ARP spoofing using nmap and/or open source tool ARPWATCH and wireshark
10	Use the NESSUS/ISO Kaali Linux tool to scan the network for vulnerabilities

11	Set up IPSEC under LINUX. b) Set up Snort and study the logs. c) Explore the GPG tool of linux to implement email security.
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Useful Links:

1	www.leetcode.com
2	www.hackerrank.com
3	www.cs.usfca.edu/
4	www.codechef.com

Term Work:

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 | Term work should consist of 10 experiments. |
| 2 | Journal must include at least 2 assignments. |
| 3 | The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. |
| 4 | Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks) |

Oral & Practical exam

Based on the entire syllabus of CSL602and CSC602
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Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSL603	Software Engineering and Project Management Lab	1

Prerequisite: Knowledge of Linux Operating system, installation and configuration of services and command line basics, Basics of Computer Networks and Software Development Life cycle.

Lab Objectives:

- 1 To understand DevOps practices which aims to simplify Software Development Life Cycle.
- 2 To be aware of different Version Control tools like GIT, CVS or Mercurial
- 3 To Integrate and deploy tools like Jenkins and Maven, which is used to build, test and deploy applications in DevOps environment
- 4 To understand the importance of Jenkins to Build and deploy Software Applications on server environment
- 5 To use Docker to Build, ship and manage applications using containerization
- 6 To understand the concept of Infrastructure as a code and install and configure Ansible tool

Lab Outcomes:

- 1 To understand the fundamentals of DevOps engineering and be fully proficient with DevOps terminologies, concepts, benefits, and deployment options to meet your business requirements
- 2 To obtain complete knowledge of the “version control system” to effectively track changes augmented with Git and GitHub
- 3 Understand the importance of Selenium and Jenkins to test Software Applications
- 4 To understand the importance of Jenkins to Build and deploy Software Applications on server environment
- 5 To understand concept of containerization and Analyze the Containerization of OS images and deployment of applications over Docker.
- 6 To Synthesize software configuration and provisioning using Ansible.

Suggested Experiments: Students are required to complete at least 10 experiments from the list given below.

Star (*) marked experiments are compulsory.

Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment
1	To understand DevOps: Principles, Practices, and DevOps Engineer Role and Responsibilities
2	To understand Version Control System / Source Code Management, install git and create a GitHub account
3	To Perform various GIT operations on local and Remote repositories using GIT Cheat-Sheet
4	To understand Continuous Integration, install and configure Jenkins with

	Maven/Ant/Gradle to setup a build Job
5	To Build the pipeline of jobs using Maven / Gradle / Ant in Jenkins, create a pipeline script to Test and deploy an application over the tomcat server.
6	To understand Jenkins Master-Slave Architecture and scale your Jenkins standalone implementation by implementing slave nodes.
7	To Setup and Run Selenium Tests in Jenkins Using Maven.
8	To understand Docker Architecture and Container Life Cycle, install Docker and execute docker commands to manage images and interact with containers
9	To learn Dockerfile instructions, build an image for a sample web application using Dockerfile.
10	To install and Configure Pull based Software Configuration Management and provisioning tools using Puppet
11	To learn Software Configuration Management and provisioning using Puppet Blocks(Manifest, Modules, Classes, Function)
12	To provision a LAMP/MEAN Stack using Puppet Manifest.

Useful Links:	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/128106012
2	https://www.edureka.co/devops-certification-training
3	https://www.coursera.org/professional-certificates/devops-and-software-engineering

Term Work:	
1	Term work should consist of 10 experiments.
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments.
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)
Oral & Practical exam	
	Based on the entire syllabus of CSL603 and CSC603

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSL604	Machine Learning Lab	1

Prerequisite: C Programming Language.

Lab Objectives:

- 1 To introduce platforms such as Anaconda, COLAB suitable to Machine learning
- 2 To implement various Regression techniques
- 3 To develop Neural Network based learning models
- 4 To implement Clustering techniques

Lab Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course students will be able to:

- 1 Implement various Machine learning models
- 2 Apply suitable Machine learning models for a given problem
- 3 Implement Neural Network based models
- 4 Apply Dimensionality Reduction techniques

Suggested Experiments: Students are required to complete at least 10 experiments.

Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment
1	Introduction to platforms such as Anaconda, COLAB
2	Study of Machine Learning Libraries and tools (Python library, tensorflow, keras,...)
Implementation of following algorithms for a given example data set-	
3	Linear Regression.
4	Logistic Regression.
5	Support Vector Machines
6	Hebbian Learning
7	Expectation -Maximization algorithm
8	McCulloch Pitts Model.
9	Single Layer Perceptron Learning algorithm
10	Error Backpropagation Perceptron Training Algorithm
11	Principal Component Analysis
12	Applications of above algorithms as a case study (E.g. Hand Writing Recognition using MNIST data set, classification using IRIS data set, etc)

Useful Links:

- 1 <https://www.learndatasci.com/out/edx-columbia-machine-learning/>
- 2 <https://www.learndatasci.com/out/oreilly-hands-machine-learning-scikit-learn-keras-and-tensorflow-2nd-edition/>
- 3 <https://www.learndatasci.com/out/google-machine-learning-crash-course/>

4	https://www.learndatasci.com/out/edx-columbia-machine-learning/
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Term Work:

- 1 Term work should consist of 10 experiments.
- 2 Journal must include at least 2 assignments.
- 3 The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
- 4 Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)

Oral & Practical exam

Based on the entire syllabus of CSL604and CSC604

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSL605	Skill Based Lab course : Cloud Computing	2

Prerequisite: Computer Networks

Lab Objectives:

- 1 To make students familiar with key concepts of virtualization.
- 2 To make students familiar with various deployment models of cloud such as private, public, hybrid and community so that they start using and adopting appropriate types of cloud for their application.
- 3 To make students familiar with various service models such as IaaS, SaaS, PaaS, Security as a Service (SECaS) and Database as a Service.
- 4 To make students familiar with security and privacy issues in cloud computing and how to address them.

Lab Outcomes:

- 1 Implement different types of virtualization techniques.
- 2 Analyze various cloud computing service models and implement them to solve the given problems.
- 3 Design and develop real world web applications and deploy them on commercial cloud(s).
- 4 Explain major security issues in the cloud and mechanisms to address them.
- 5 Explore various commercially available cloud services and recommend the appropriate one for the given application.
- 6 Implement the concept of containerization

Theory :

Module	Detailed Contents	Hours
1	Introduction and overview of cloud computing. To understand the origin of cloud computing, cloud cube model, NIST model, characteristics of cloud, different deployment models service models, advantages and disadvantages.	4

2	Concept of Virtualization along with their types, structures and mechanisms. Demonstration of creating and running Virtual machines inside hosted hypervisors like Virtual Box and KVM with their comparison based on various virtualization parameters.	4
3	Functionality of Bare-metal hypervisors and their relevance in cloud computing platforms. Installation, configure and manage Bare Metal hypervisor along with instructions to create and run virtual machines inside it. It should also emphasize on accessing VMs in different environments along with additional services provided by them like Load balancing, Auto-Scaling, Security etc.	4

Lab: (Teachers are requested to complete above theory before starting lab work)

1	Title: To study and Implement Infrastructure as a Service using AWS/Microsoft Azure. Objective: To demonstrate the steps to create and run virtual machines inside a Public cloud platform. This experiment should emphasize on creating and running Linux/Windows Virtual machines inside Amazon EC2 or Microsoft Azure Compute and accessing them using RDP or VNC tools.	4
2	Title: To study and Implement Platform as a Service using AWS Elastic Beanstalk/ Microsoft Azure App Service. Objective: To demonstrate the steps to deploy Web applications or Web services written in different languages on AWS Elastic Beanstalk/ Microsoft Azure App Service.	4
3	To study and Implement Storage as a Service using Own Cloud/ AWS S3, Glaciers/ Azure Storage.	2
4	To study and Implement Database as a Service on SQL/NOSQL databases like AWS RDS, AZURE SQL/ MongoDB Lab/ Firebase.	2
5	Title: To study and Implement Security as a Service on AWS/Azure Objective: To understand the Security practices available in public cloud platforms and to demonstrate various Threat detection, Data protection and Infrastructure protection services in AWS and Azure.	3

6	<p>Title: To study and implement Identity and Access Management (IAM) practices on AWS/Azure cloud.</p> <p>Objective: To understand the working of Identity and Access Management IAM in cloud computing and to demonstrate the case study based on Identity and Access Management (IAM) on AWS/Azure cloud platform.</p>	2
7	<p>Title: To study and Implement Containerization using Docker</p> <p>Objective: To know the basic differences between Virtual machine and Container. It involves demonstration of creating, finding, building, installing, and running Linux/Windows application containers inside a local machine or cloud platform.</p>	4
8	<p>Title: To study and implement container orchestration using Kubernetes</p> <p>Objective: To understand the steps to deploy Kubernetes Cluster on local systems, deploy applications on Kubernetes, creating a Service in Kubernetes, develop Kubernetes configuration files in YAML and creating a deployment in Kubernetes using YAML,</p>	2
9	<p>Mini-project: Design a Web Application hosted on a public cloud platform [It should cover the concept of IaaS, PaaS, DBaaS, Storage as a Service, Security as a Service etc.]</p>	4

Suggested Experiments: Students are required to complete the above experiments.

Sr. No.	Assignment
1	Assignment based on selection of suitable cloud platform solution based on requirement analysis considering given problem statement
2	Assignment on recent trends in cloud computing and related technologies
3	Assignment on comparative study of different computing technologies [Parallel, Distributed, Cluster, Grid, Quantum)
4	Comparative study of different hosted and bare metal Hypervisors with suitable parameters along with their use in public/private cloud platform
5	Assignment on explore and compare the similar type of services provided by AWS and Azure [Any ten services]

Useful Links:	
1	https://docs.aws.amazon.com/
2	https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure
3	https://kubernetes.io/docs/home/
4	https://docs.docker.com/get-started/

Term Work:	
1	Term work should consist of 10 experiments and mini project.
2	Journal must include at least 3 assignments.
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)
	Oral examination will be based on Laboratory work, mini project and above syllabus

Course code	Course Name	Credits
CSM601	Mini Project 2B	02

Objectives	
1	To understand and identify the problem
2	To apply basic engineering fundamentals and attempt to find solutions to the problems.
3	Identify, analyze, formulate and handle programming projects with a comprehensive and systematic approach
4	To develop communication skills and improve teamwork amongst group members and inculcate the process of self-learning and research.
Outcome: Learner will be able to...	
1	Identify societal/research/innovation/entrepreneurship problems through appropriate literature surveys
2	Identify Methodology for solving above problem and apply engineering knowledge and skills to solve it
3	Validate, Verify the results using test cases/benchmark data/theoretical/inferences/experiments/simulations
4	Analyze and evaluate the impact of solution/product/research/innovation/entrepreneurship towards societal/environmental/sustainable development
5	Use standard norms of engineering practices and project management principles during project work
6	Communicate through technical report writing and oral presentation. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The work may result in research/white paper/ article/blog writing and publication • The work may result in business plan for entrepreneurship product created • The work may result in patent filing.
7	Gain technical competency towards participation in Competitions, Hackathons, etc.
8	Demonstrate capabilities of self-learning, leading to lifelong learning.
9	Develop interpersonal skills to work as a member of a group or as leader
Guidelines for Mini Project	
1	Mini project may be carried out in one or more form of following: Product preparations, prototype development model, fabrication of set-ups, laboratory experiment development, process modification/development, simulation, software development, integration of software (frontend-backend) and hardware, statistical data analysis, creating awareness in society/environment etc.
2	Students shall form a group of 3 to 4 students, while forming a group shall not be allowed less than three or more than four students, as it is a group activity.
3	Students should do survey and identify needs, which shall be converted into problem statement for mini project in consultation with faculty supervisor/head of department/internal committee of faculties.
4	Students shall submit an implementation plan in the form of Gantt/PERT/CPM chart, which will cover weekly activity of mini projects.
5	A logbook may be prepared by each group, wherein the group can record weekly work progress, guide/supervisor can verify and record notes/comments.
6	Faculty supervisors may give inputs to students during mini project activity; however, focus shall be on self-learning.
7	Students under the guidance of faculty supervisor shall convert the best solution into a working model using various components of their domain areas and demonstrate.
8	The solution to be validated with proper justification and report to be compiled in standard format of University of Mumbai. Software requirement specification (SRS) documents, research papers, competition certificates may be submitted as part of annexure to the report.

9	With the focus on self-learning, innovation, addressing societal/research/innovation problems and entrepreneurship quality development within the students through the Mini Projects, it is preferable that a single project of appropriate level and quality be carried out in two semesters by all the groups of the students. i.e. Mini Project 2 in semesters V and VI.
10	However, based on the individual students or group capability, with the mentor's recommendations, if the proposed Mini Project adhering to the qualitative aspects mentioned above, gets completed in odd semester, then that group can be allowed to work on the extension of the Mini Project with suitable improvements/modifications or a completely new project idea in even semester. This policy can be adopted on a case by case basis.

Term Work

The review/ progress monitoring committee shall be constituted by the heads of departments of each institute. The progress of the mini project to be evaluated on a continuous basis, based on the SRS document submitted. minimum two reviews in each semester.

In continuous assessment focus shall also be on each individual student, assessment based on individual's contribution in group activity, their understanding and response to questions.

Distribution of Term work marks for both semesters shall be as below:

Marks 25

1	Marks awarded by guide/supervisor based on logbook	10
2	Marks awarded by review committee	10
3	Quality of Project report	05

Review / progress monitoring committee may consider following points for assessment based on either one year or half year project as mentioned in general guidelines

One-year project:

1	In the first semester the entire theoretical solution shall be made ready, including components/system selection and cost analysis. Two reviews will be conducted based on a presentation given by a student group. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> First shall be for finalization of problem <input type="checkbox"/> Second shall be on finalization of proposed solution of problem.
2	In the second semester expected work shall be procurement of component's/systems, building of working prototype, testing and validation of results based on work completed in an earlier semester. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> First review is based on readiness of building working prototype to be conducted. <input type="checkbox"/> Second review shall be based on poster presentation cum demonstration of working model in the last month of the said semester.

Half-year project:

1	In this case in one semester students' group shall complete project in all aspects including, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Identification of need/problem <input type="checkbox"/> Proposed final solution <input type="checkbox"/> Procurement of components/systems <input type="checkbox"/> Building prototype and testing
2	Two reviews will be conducted for continuous assessment, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> First shall be for finalization of problem and proposed solution <input type="checkbox"/> Second shall be for implementation and testing of solution.

Mini Project shall be assessed based on following points

1	Clarity of problem and quality of literature Survey for problem identification
2	Requirement gathering via SRS/ Feasibility Study
3	Completeness of methodology implemented

4	Design, Analysis and Further Plan
5	Novelty, Originality or Innovativeness of project
6	Societal / Research impact
7	Effective use of skill set : Standard engineering practices and Project management standard
8	Contribution of an individual's as member or leader
9	Clarity in written and oral communication
10	Verification and validation of the solution/ Test Cases
11	Full functioning of working model as per stated requirements
12	Technical writing /competition/hackathon outcome being met

In one year project (sem V and VI), first semester evaluation may be based on first 10 criteria and remaining may be used for second semester evaluation of performance of students in mini projects.

In case of half year projects (completing in VI sem) all criteria's in generic may be considered for evaluation of performance of students in mini projects.

Guidelines for Assessment of Mini Project Practical/Oral Examination:

1	Report should be prepared as per the guidelines issued by the University of Mumbai.
2	Mini Project shall be assessed through a presentation and demonstration of working model by the student project group to a panel of Internal and External Examiners preferably from industry or research organizations having experience of more than five years approved by the head of Institution.
3	Students shall be motivated to publish a paper/participate in competition based on the work in Conferences/students competitions.

AC –
Item No. –

University of Mumbai



Bachelor of Engineering in

- Computer Science and Engineering (Data Science)
- Computer Science and Engineering (Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning)
- Artificial Intelligence and Data Science
- Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning
- Data Engineering

Fourth Year with Effect from AY 2023-24

(REV- 2019 ‘C’ Scheme) from Academic Year 2019 – 20

Under

FACULTY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

(As per AICTE guidelines with effect from the academic year 2019–2020)

University of Mumbai



Sr. No.	Heading	Particulars
1	Title of the Course	Fourth Year Engineering
2	Eligibility for Admission	After Passing Second Year Engineering as per the Ordinance 0.6243
3	Passing Marks	40%
4	Ordinances / Regulations (if any)	Ordinance 0.6243
5	No. of Years / Semesters	8 semesters
6	Level	P.G. / U.G./ Diploma / Certificate (Strike out which is not applicable)
7	Pattern	Yearly / Semester (Strike out which is not applicable)
8	Status	New/ Revised (Strike out which is not applicable)
9	To be implemented from Academic Year	With effect from Academic Year:2023-2024

Dr. S.K.Ukarande
Associate Dean
Faculty of Science and Technology
University of Mumbai

Preamble

To meet the challenge of ensuring excellence in engineering education, the issue of quality needs to be addressed, debated and taken forward in a systematic manner. Accreditation is the principal means of quality assurance in higher education. The major emphasis of accreditation process is to measure the outcomes of the program that is being accredited. In line with this Faculty of Science and Technology (in particular Engineering) of University of Mumbai has taken a lead in incorporating philosophy of outcome based education in the process of curriculum development.

Faculty resolved that course objectives and course outcomes are to be clearly defined for each course, so that all faculty members in affiliated institutes understand the depth and approach of course to be taught, which will enhance learner's learning process. Choice based Credit and grading system enables a much-required shift in focus from teacher-centric to learner-centric education since the workload estimated is based on the investment of time in learning and not in teaching. It also focuses on continuous evaluation which will enhance the quality of education. Credit assignment for courses is based on 15 weeks teaching learning process, however content of courses is to be taught in 13 weeks and remaining 2 weeks to be utilized for revision, guest lectures, coverage of content beyond syllabus etc.

There was a concern that the earlier revised curriculum more focused on providing information and knowledge across various domains of the said program, which led to heavily loading of students in terms of direct contact hours. In this regard, faculty of science and technology resolved that to minimize the burden of contact hours, total credits of entire program will be of 170, wherein focus is not only on providing knowledge but also on building skills, attitude and self learning. Therefore in the present curriculum skill based laboratories and mini projects are made mandatory across all disciplines of engineering in second and third year of programs, which will definitely facilitate self learning of students. The overall credits and approach of curriculum proposed in the present revision is in line with AICTE model curriculum.

The present curriculum will be implemented for Second Year of Engineering from the academic year 2021-22. Subsequently this will be carried forward for Third Year and Final Year Engineering in the academic years 2022-23, 2023-24, respectively.

Dr. S.K. Ukarande
Associate Dean
Faculty of Science and Technology
University of Mumbai

Incorporation and Implementation of Online Contents

fromNPTEL/ Swayam Platform

The curriculum revision is mainly focused on knowledge component, skill based activities and project based activities. Self learning opportunities are provided to learners. In the revision process this time in particular Revised syllabus of ‘C’ scheme wherever possible additional resource links of platforms such as NPTEL, Swayam are appropriately provided. In an earlier revision of curriculum in the year 2012 and 2016 in Revised scheme ‘A’ and ‘B’ respectively, efforts were made to use online contents more appropriately as additional learning materials to enhance learning of students.

In the current revision based on the recommendation of AICTE model curriculum overall credits are reduced to 171, to provide opportunity of self learning to learner. Learners are now getting sufficient time for self learning either through online courses or additional projects for enhancing their knowledge and skill sets.

The Principals/ HoD’s/ Faculties of all the institute are required to motivate and encourage learners to use additional online resources available on platforms such as NPTEL/ Swayam. Learners can be advised to take up online courses, on successful completion they are required to submit certification for the same. This will definitely help learners to facilitate their enhanced learning based on their interest.

Dr. S.K.Ukarande
Associate Dean
Faculty of Science and Technology
University of Mumbai

Preface by Board of Studies in Computer Engineering

Dear Students and Teachers, we, the members of Board of Studies Computer Engineering, are very happy to present Fourth Year Computer Engineering Specialization in Data Science, Data Engineering, Artificial Intelligence and Machine learning syllabus effective from the Academic Year 2021-22 (REV-2019'C' Scheme). We are sure you will find this syllabus interesting, challenging, fulfill certain needs and expectations.

Emerging Programs in the field of Computer Engineering is one of the most sought-after courses amongst engineering students. The syllabus needs revision in terms of preparing the student for the professional scenario relevant and suitable to cater the needs of industry in present day context. The syllabus focuses on providing a sound theoretical background as well as good practical exposure to students in the relevant areas. It is intended to provide a modern, industry-oriented education in Computer Engineering. It aims at producing trained professionals who can successfully acquaint with the demands of the industry worldwide. They obtain skills and experience in up-to-date the knowledge to analysis, design, implementation, validation, and documentation of computer software and systems.

The revised syllabus is finalized through a brain storming session attended by Heads of Departments or senior faculty from the Department of Computer Engineering of the affiliated Institutes of the Mumbai University. The syllabus falls in line with the objectives of affiliating University, AICTE, UGC, and various accreditation agencies by keeping an eye on the technological developments, innovations, and industry requirements.

The salient features of the revised syllabus are:

1. Reduction in credits to 170 is implemented to ensure that students have more time for extracurricular activities, innovations, and research.
2. The department Optional Courses will provide the relevant specialization within the branch to a student.
3. Introduction of Skill Based Lab and Mini Project to showcase their talent by doing innovative projects that strengthen their profile and increases the chance of employability.
4. Students are encouraged to take up part of course through MOOCs platform SWAYAM

We would like to place on record our gratefulness to the faculty, students, industry experts and stakeholders for having helped us in the formulation of this syllabus.

Program Structure for Fourth Year CSE (AIML), CSE (DS) AI&DS, DE, AI&ML

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI (With Effect from 2023-2024)

Semester VII

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)		Credits Assigned		
		Theory	Pract. Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Total
CSC701	Deep Learning	3	--	3	--	3
CSC702	Big Data Analytics	3	--	3		3
CSDO 701X	Department Level Optional Course-3	3	--	3	--	3
CSDO 702X	Department Level Optional Course-4	3	--	3	--	3
ILO 701X	Institute Level Optional Course-1	3	--	3	--	3
CSL701	Deep Learning Lab	--	2	--	1	1
CSL702	Big Data Analytics Lab	--	2	--	1	1
CSDOL 701X	Department Level Optional Course-3 Lab	--	2	--	1	1
CSDOL 702X	Department Level Optional Course-4 Lab	--	2	--	1	1
CSP701	Major Project1	--	6 [#]	--	3	3
Total		15	14	15	7	22

Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							
		Theory			Term Work	Pract. & oral	Total		
		Internal Assessment		End Sem Exam	Exam. Duration (in Hrs)				
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg					
CSC701	Deep Learning	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSC702	Big Data Analytics	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSDO 701X	Department Level Optional Course-3	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSDO 702X	Department Level Optional Course-4	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
ILO 701X	Institute Level Optional Course-1	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSL701	Deep Learning Lab	--	--	--	--	25	25	50	
CSL702	Big Data Analytics Lab	--	--	--	--	25	25	50	
CSDOL 701X	Department Level Optional Course-3 Lab					25	-	25	
CSDOL 702X	Department Level Optional Course-4 Lab	--	--	--	--	25	-	25	
CSP701	Major Project1	--	--	--	--	50	25	75	
Total		--	--	100	400	--	150	75	725

Program Structure for Fourth Year CSE (AIML), CSE (DS) AI&DS, DE, AI&ML

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI (With Effect from 2023-2024)

Semester VIII

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Pract. Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Total			
CSC801	Advanced Artificial Intelligence	3	--	3	--	3			
CSDO 801X	Department Level Optional Course-5	3	--	3	--	3			
CSDO 802X	Department Level Optional Course-6	3	--	3	--	3			
ILO 801X	Institute Level Optional Course-2	3	--	3	--	3			
CSL801	Advanced Artificial Intelligence Lab	--	2	--	1	1			
CSDOL 801X	Department Level Optional Course-5 Lab	--	2	--	1	1			
CSDOL 802X	Department Level Optional Course-6 Lab	--	2	--	1	1			
CSP801	Major Project-2	--	12 [#]	--	6	6			
Total		12	18	12	9	21			
Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							
		Theory			Term Work	Pract & oral	Total		
Course Code	Course Name	Internal Assessment		End Sem Exam	Exam Duration (in Hrs)				
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg					
CSC801	Advanced Artificial Intelligence	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSDO 801X	Department Level Optional Course -5	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSDO 802X	Department Level Optional Course -6	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
ILO80X	Institute Level Optional Course-2	20	20	20	80	3	--	--	100
CSL801	Advanced Artificial Intelligence Lab	--	--	--	--	25	25	50	
CSDOL 801X	Department Level Optional Course -5 Lab	--	--	--	--	25	25	50	
CSDOL 802X	Department Level Optional Course -6 Lab					25	25	50	
CSP801	Major Project 2	--	--	--	--	100	50	150	
Total		--	--	80	320	--	175	125	700

Major Project 1 and 2 :

- Students can form groups with minimum 2 (Two) and not more than 4 (Four)
- Faculty Load : In Semester VII – ½ hour per week per project group
In Semester VIII – 1 hour per week per project group

Program Structure for Fourth Year CSE (AIML), CSE (DS) AI&DS, DE, AI&ML**UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI (With Effect from 2023-2024)****Department and Institute Optional Courses and Labs**

Semester	Department/ Institute Optional Courses and Labs	Subject and Labs
VII	Department Optional Course -3	CSDO7011: Natural Language Processing CSDO7012.: AI for Healthcare CSDO7013: Neural Network & Fuzzy System
	Department Optional Lab -3	CSDOL7011: Natural Language Processing Lab CSDOL7012.: AI for Healthcare Lab CSDOL7013: Neural Network & Fuzzy System
	Department Optional Course -4	CSDO7021: User Experience Design with VR CSDO7022: Blockchain Technologies CSDO7023: Game Theory for Data Science
	Department Optional Lab -4	CSDOL7021: User Experience Design with VR Lab CSDOL7022: Blockchain Technologies CSDOL7023: Game Theory for Data Science
	Institute level Optional Courses-I	ILO7011: Product Lifecycle Management ILO7012: Reliability Engineering ILO7013.: Management Information System ILO7014: Design of Experiments ILO7015: Operation Research ILO7016: Cyber Security and Laws ILO7017: Disaster Management & Mitigation Measures ILO7018: Energy Audit and Management ILO7019: Development Engineering

Program Structure for Fourth Year CSE (AIML), CSE (DS) AI&DS, DE, AI&ML**UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI (With Effect from 2023-2024)****Department and Institute Optional Courses and Labs**

Semester	Department/ Institute Optional Courses and Labs	Subject and Labs
VIII	Department Optional Course -5	CSDO8011: AI for financial & Banking application CSDO8012: Quantum Computing CSDO8013: Reinforcement Learning
	Department Optional Lab -5	CSDOL8011: AI for financial & Banking application Lab CSDOL8012: Quantum Computing Lab CSDOL8013: Reinforcement Learning Lab
	Department Optional Course -6	CSDO8021: Graph Data Science CSDO8022: Recommendation Systems CSDO8023: social media Analytic
	Department Optional Lab -6	CSDOL8021: Graph Data Science Lab CSDOL8022: Recommendation Systems Lab CSDOL8023: social media Analytic Lab
	Institute level Optional Courses-II	ILO8021: Project Management ILO8022: Finance Management ILO8023: Entrepreneurship Development and Management ILO8024: Human Resource Management ILO8025: Professional Ethics and CSR ILO8026: Research Methodology ILO8027: IPR and Patenting ILO8028: Digital Business Management ILO8029: Environmental Management

Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSC701	Deep Learning	3

Prerequisite: Basic mathematics and Statistical concepts, Linear algebra, Machine Learning

Course Objectives:

- 1 To learn the fundamentals of Neural Network.
- 2 To gain an in-depth understanding of training Deep Neural Networks.
- 3 To acquire knowledge of advanced concepts of Convolution Neural Networks, Autoencoders and Recurrent Neural Networks.
- 4 Students should be familiar with the recent trends in Deep Learning.

Course Outcomes:

- 1 Gain basic knowledge of Neural Networks.
- 2 Acquire in depth understanding of training Deep Neural Networks.
- 3 Design appropriate DNN model for supervised, unsupervised and sequence learning applications.
- 4 Gain familiarity with recent trends and applications of Deep Learning.

Module	Content	39Hrs
1	Fundamentals of Neural Network	4
	1.1 History of Deep Learning, Deep Learning Success Stories, Multilayer Perceptrons (MLPs), Representation Power of MLPs, Sigmoid Neurons, Gradient Descent, Feedforward Neural Networks, Representation Power of Feedforward Neural Networks	
	1.2 Deep Networks: Three Classes of Deep Learning Basic Terminologies of Deep Learning	
2	Training, Optimization and Regularization of Deep Neural Network	10
	2.1 Training Feedforward DNN Multi Layered Feed Forward Neural Network, Learning Factors, Activation functions: Tanh, Logistic, Linear, Softmax, ReLU, Leaky ReLU, Loss functions: Squared Error loss, Cross Entropy, Choosing output function and loss function	
	2.2 Optimization Learning with backpropagation, Learning Parameters: Gradient Descent (GD), Stochastic and Mini Batch GD, Momentum Based GD, Nesterov Accelerated GD, AdaGrad, Adam, RMSProp	
	2.3 Regularization Overview of Overfitting, Types of biases, Bias Variance Tradeoff Regularization Methods: L1, L2 regularization, Parameter sharing, Dropout, Weight Decay, Batch normalization, Early stopping, Data Augmentation, Adding noise to input and output	
3	Autoencoders: Unsupervised Learning	6
	3.1 Introduction, Linear Autoencoder, Undercomplete Autoencoder, Overcomplete Autoencoders, Regularization in Autoencoders	

	3.2	Denoising Autoencoders, Sparse Autoencoders, Contractive Autoencoders	
	3.3	Application of Autoencoders: Image Compression	
4	Convolutional Neural Networks (CNN): Supervised Learning		7
	4.1	Convolution operation, Padding, Stride, Relation between input, output and filter size, CNN architecture: Convolution layer, Pooling Layer Weight Sharing in CNN, Fully Connected NN vs CNN, Variants of basic Convolution function, Multichannel convolution operation, 2D convolution.	
	4.2	Modern Deep Learning Architectures: LeNET: Architecture, AlexNET: Architecture, ResNet : Architecture	
5	Recurrent Neural Networks (RNN)		8
	5.1	Sequence Learning Problem, Unfolding Computational graphs, Recurrent Neural Network, Bidirectional RNN, Backpropagation Through Time (BTT), Limitation of “vanilla RNN” Vanishing and Exploding Gradients, Truncated BTT	
	5.2	Long Short Term Memory(LSTM): Selective Read, Selective write, Selective Forget, Gated Recurrent Unit (GRU)	
6	Recent Trends and Applications		4
	6.1	Generative Adversarial Network (GAN): Architecture	
	6.2	Applications: Image Generation, DeepFake	

Textbooks:	
1	Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville. —Deep Learning, MIT Press Ltd, 2016
2	Li Deng and Dong Yu, —Deep Learning Methods and Applications, Publishers Inc.
3	Satish Kumar "Neural Networks A Classroom Approach" Tata McGraw-Hill.
4	JM Zurada —Introduction to Artificial Neural Systems, Jaico Publishing House
5	M. J. Kochenderfer, Tim A. Wheeler. —Algorithms for Optimization, MIT Press.
References:	
1	Deep Learning from Scratch: Building with Python from First Principles- Seth Weidman by O'Reilly
2	François Chollet. —Deep learning with Python —(Vol. 361). 2018 New York: Manning.
3	Douwe Osinga. —Deep Learning Cookbook, O'REILLY, SPD Publishers, Delhi.
4	Simon Haykin, Neural Network- A Comprehensive Foundation- Prentice Hall International, Inc
5	S.N.Sivanandam and S.N.Deepa, Principles of soft computing-Wiley India

Assessment:	
Internal Assessment:	
The assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.	
End Semester Theory Examination:	
1	Question paper will comprise a total of six questions.
2	All questions carry equal marks.
3	Question 1 and question 6 will have questions from all modules. Remaining 4 questions will be based on the remaining 4 modules.

4	Only four questions need to be solved.
5	In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to the number of respective lecture hours as mentioned in the syllabus.

Useful Links	
1	http://www.cse.iitm.ac.in/~miteshk/CS6910.html
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106184/
3	https://www.deeplearningbook.org/

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Course Code	Course/Subject Name	Credits
CSC702	Big Data Analytics	3

Prerequisite: Some prior knowledge about Java programming, Basics of SQL, Data mining and machine learning methods would be beneficial.

Course Objectives:

- 1 To provide an overview of an exciting growing field of big data analytics.
- 2 To introduce programming skills to build simple solutions using big data technologies such as MapReduce and scripting for NoSQL, and the ability to write parallel algorithms for multiprocessor execution
- 3 To teach the fundamental techniques and principles in achieving big data analytics with scalability and streaming capability.
- 4 To enable students to have skills that will help them to solve complex real-world problems in decision support.
- 5 To provide an indication of the current research approaches that is likely to provide a basis for tomorrow's solutions.

Course Outcomes:

- 1 Understand the key issues in big data management and its associated applications for business decisions and strategy.
- 2 Develop problem solving and critical thinking skills in fundamental enabling techniques like Hadoop, Map reduce and NoSQL in big data analytics.
- 3 Collect, manage, store, query and analyze various forms of Big Data.
- 4 Interpret business models and scientific computing paradigms, and apply software tools for big data analytics.
- 5 Adapt adequate perspectives of big data analytics in various applications like recommender systems, social media applications etc.
- 6 Solve Complex real world problems in various applications like recommender systems, social media applications, health and medical systems, etc.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hours
01	Introduction to Big Data & Hadoop 1.1 Introduction to Big Data, 1.2 Big Data characteristics, types of Big Data, 1.3 Traditional vs. Big Data business approach, 1.4 Case Study of Big Data Solutions. 1.5 Concept of Hadoop 1.6 Core Hadoop Components; Hadoop Ecosystem	06
02	Hadoop HDFS and Map Reduce 2.1 Distributed File Systems: Physical Organization of Compute Nodes, Large-Scale File-System Organization. 2.2 MapReduce: The Map Tasks, Grouping by Key, The Reduce Tasks, Combiners, Details of MapReduce Execution, Coping With Node Failures. 2.3 Algorithms Using MapReduce: Matrix-Vector Multiplication by MapReduce, Relational-Algebra Operations, Computing Selections by MapReduce, Computing Projections by MapReduce, Union, Intersection, and Difference by MapReduce 2.4 Hadoop Limitations s.	10
03	NoSQL 3.1 Introduction to NoSQL, NoSQL Business Drivers, 3.2 NoSQL Data Architecture Patterns: Key-value stores, Graph stores, Column family (Bigtable)stores, Document stores, Variations of NoSQL architectural patterns, NoSQL Case Study 3.3 NoSQL solution for big data, Understanding the types of big data problems; Analyzing big data with a shared-nothing architecture; Choosing distribution models: master-slave versus peer-to-peer; NoSQL systems to handle big data problems. peer-to-peer; Four ways that NoSQL systems handle big data problems	06
04	Mining Data Streams 4.1 The Stream Data Model: A Data-Stream-Management System, Examples of Stream Sources, Stream Queries, Issues in Stream Processing. 4.2 Sampling Data techniques in a Stream 4.3 Filtering Streams: Bloom Filter with Analysis. 4.4 Counting Distinct Elements in a Stream, Count-Distinct Problem, Flajolet-Martin Algorithm, Combining Estimates, Space Requirements 4.5 Counting Frequent Items in a Stream, Sampling Methods for Streams, Frequent Itemsets in Decaying Windows. 4.6 Counting Ones in a Window: The Cost of Exact Counts, The Datar-Gionis-Indyk-Motwani Algorithm, Query Answering in the DGIM Algorithm, Decaying Windows.	12
05	Finding Similar Items and Clustering 5.1 Distance Measures: Definition of a Distance Measure, Euclidean Distances, Jaccard Distance, Cosine Distance, Edit Distance, Hamming Distance. 5.2 CURE Algorithm, Stream-Computing , A Stream-Clustering Algorithm, Initializing & Merging Buckets, Answering Queries.	08
06	Real-Time Big Data Models 6.1 PageRank Overview, Efficient computation of PageRank: PageRank Iteration Using MapReduce, Use of Combiners to Consolidate the Result Vector. 6.2 A Model for Recommendation Systems, Content-Based Recommendations, Collaborative Filtering. 6.3 Social	10

	Networks as Graphs, Clustering of Social-Network Graphs, Direct Discovery of Communities in a social graph.	
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Textbooks:	
1	Anand Rajaraman and Jeff Ullman —Mining of Massive Datasets, Cambridge University Press,
2	Alex Holmes —Hadoop in Practice, Manning Press, Dreamtech Press.
3	Dan Mcary and Ann Kelly —Making Sense of NoSQL – A guide for managers and the rest of us, Manning Press.
References:	
1	Bill Franks , —Taming The Big Data Tidal Wave: Finding Opportunities In Huge Data Streams With Advanced Analytics, Wiley
2	Chuck Lam, —Hadoop in Action, Dreamtech Press
3	Jared Dean, —Big Data, Data Mining, and Machine Learning: Value Creation for Business Leaders and Practitioners, Wiley India Private Limited, 2014.
4	Jiawei Han and Micheline Kamber, —Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 3rd ed, 2010.
5	Lior Rokach and Oded Maimon, —Data Mining and Knowledge Discovery Handbook, Springer, 2nd edition, 2010.
6	Ronen Feldman and James Sanger, —The Text Mining Handbook: Advanced Approaches in Analyzing Unstructured Data, Cambridge University Press, 2006.
7	Vojislav Kečman, —Learning and Soft Computing, MIT Press, 2010

Assessment:	
Internal Assessment:	
The assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.	
1	Question paper will comprise a total of six questions.
2	All questions carry equal marks.

3	Question 1 and question 6 will have questions from all modules. Remaining 4 questions will be based on the remaining 4 modules.
4	Only four questions need to be solved.
5	In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to the number of respective lecture hours as mentioned in the syllabus.

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Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSDO7011	Natural Language Processing	3

Prerequisite: Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning, Basic knowledge of Python

Course Objectives:

- 1 To understand natural language processing and to learn how to apply basic algorithms in this field
- 2 To get acquainted with the basic concepts and algorithmic description of the main language levels: morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics
- 3 To design and implement various language models and POS tagging techniques
- 4 To design and learn NLP applications such as Information Extraction, Question answering
- 5 To design and implement applications based on natural language processing

Course Outcomes:

- 1 To have a broad understanding of the field of natural language processing
- 2 To design language model for word level analysis for text processing
- 3 To design various POS tagging techniques
- 4 To design, implement and test algorithms for semantic analysis
- 5 To develop basic understanding of Pragmatics and to formulate the discourse segmentation and anaphora resolution
- 6 To apply NLP techniques to design real world NLP applications

Module		Content	Hrs
1		Introduction	4
	1.1	Origin & History of NLP, The need of NLP, Generic NLP System, Levels of NLP, Knowledge in Language Processing, Ambiguity in Natural Language, Challenges of NLP, Applications of NLP.	
2		Word Level Analysis	8
	2.1	Tokenization, Stemming, Segmentation, Lemmatization, Edit Distance, Collocations, Finite Automata, Finite State Transducers (FST), Porter	

		Stemmer, Morphological Analysis, Derivational and Reflectional Morphology, Regular expression with types.	
	2.2	N –Grams, Unigrams/Bigrams Language Models, Corpora, Computing the Probability of Word Sequence, Training and Testing.	
3		Syntax analysis	8
	3.1	Part-Of-Speech Tagging (POS) - Open and Closed Words. Tag Set for English (Penn Treebank), Rule Based POS Tagging, Transformation Based Tagging, Stochastic POS Tagging and Issues –Multiple Tags & Words, Unknown Words.	
	3.2	Introduction to CFG, Hidden Markov Model (HMM), Maximum Entropy, And Conditional Random Field (CRF).	
4		Semantic Analysis	8
	4.1	Introduction, meaning representation; Lexical Semantics; Corpus study; Study of Various language dictionaries like WordNet, Babelnet; Relations among lexemes & their senses –Homonymy, Polysemy, Synonymy, Hyponymy; Semantic Ambiguity	
	4.2	Word Sense Disambiguation (WSD); Knowledge based approach (Lesk's Algorithm), Supervised (Naïve Bayes, Decision List), Introduction to Semi-supervised method (Yarowsky), Unsupervised (Hyperlex)	
5		Pragmatic & Discourse Processing	6
	5.1	Discourse: Reference Resolution, Reference Phenomena, Syntactic & Semantic constraint on coherence; Anaphora Resolution using Hobbs and Cantering Algorithm	
6		Applications (preferably for Indian regional languages)	5
	6.1	Machine Translation, Information Retrieval, Question Answers System, Categorization, Summarization, Sentiment Analysis, Named Entity Recognition.	
	6.2	Linguistic Modeling – Neurolinguistics Models- Psycholinguistic Models – Functional Models of Language – Research Linguistic Models- Common Features of Modern Models of Language.	

Textbooks:	
1	Daniel Jurafsky, James H. and Martin, Speech and Language Processing, Second Edition, Prentice Hall, 2008.
2	Christopher D.Manning and HinrichSchutze, Foundations of Statistical Natural Language Processing, MIT Press, 1999.
References:	
1	Siddiqui and Tiwary U.S., Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval, Oxford University Press, 2008.
2	Daniel M Bikel and ImedZitouni — Multilingual natural language processing applications: from theory to practice, IBM Press, 2013.
3	Nitin Indurkhy and Fred J. Damerau, —Handbook of Natural Language Processing, Second Edition, Chapman and Hall/CRC Press, 2010.

Assessment:
Internal Assessment:
Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.
End Semester Theory Examination:
<p>1 Question paper will comprise of total six questions.</p> <p>2 All question carries equal marks</p> <p>3 Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)</p> <p>4 Only Four question need to be solved</p> <p>5 In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus</p>

Useful Links

1	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_cs102/preview
2	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs87/preview
3	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105158

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Course Code	Course/Subject Name	Credits
CSDO7012	AI for Healthcare	3

Course Prerequisites:

Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning

Course Objectives: The course aims

- 1 To understand the need and significance of AI and ML for Healthcare.
- 2 To study advanced AI algorithms for Healthcare.
- 3 To learn Computational Intelligence techniques .
- 4 To understand evaluation metrics and ethics in intelligence for Healthcare systems,
- 5 To learn various NLP algorithms and their application in Healthcare,
- 6 To investigate the current scope, implications of AI and ML for developing futuristic Healthcare Applications.

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1 Understand the role of AI and ML for handling Healthcare data.
- 2 Apply Advanced AI algorithms for Healthcare Problems.
- 3 Learn and Apply various Computational Intelligence techniques for Healthcare Application.
- 4 Use evaluation metrics for evaluating healthcare systems.
- 5 Develop NLP applications for healthcare using various NLP Techniques..
- 6 Apply AI and ML algorithms for building Healthcare Applications

Module	Topics	Hours
1	Introduction	06
	1.1 Overview of AI , ML and DL ,A Multifaceted Discipline, Applications of AI in Healthcare - Prediction, Diagnosis, personalized treatment and behavior modification, drug discovery, followup care etc,	
	1.2 Realizing potential of AI in healthcare, Healthcare Data - Use Cases.	
2	AI, ML, Deep Learning and Data Mining Methods for Healthcare	08
	2.1 Knowledge discovery and Data Mining, ML, Multi classifier Decision Fusion, Ensemble Learning, Meta-Learning and other Abstract Methods.	
	2.2 Evolutionary Algorithms, Illustrative Medical Application-Multiagent Infectious Disease Propagation and Outbreak Prediction, Automated Amblyopia Screening System etc.	
	2.3 Computational Intelligence Techniques, Deep Learning, Unsupervised learning, dimensionality reduction algorithms.	
3	Evaluating learning for Intelligence	04
	3.1 Model development and workflow, evaluation metrics, Parameters and Hyperparameters, Hyperparameter tuning algorithms, multivariate testing, Ethics of Intelligence.	
4	Natural Language Processing in Healthcare	08
	4.1 NLP tasks in Medicine, Low-level NLP components, High level NLP components, NLPMETHODS.	
	4.2 Clinical NLP resources and Tools, NLP Applications in Healthcare. Model Interpretability using Explainable AI for NLP applications.	
5	Intelligent personal Health Record	05
	5.1 Introduction, Guided Search for Disease Information, Recommending SCA's.	

		Recommending HHP's , Continuous User Monitoring.	
6		Future of Healthcare using AI	08
	6.1	Evidence based medicine, Personalized Medicine, Connected Medicine, Digital Health and Therapeutics, Conversational AI, Virtual and Augmented Reality, Blockchain for verifying supply chain, patient record access, Robot - Assisted Surgery, Smart Hospitals, Case Studies on use of AI and ML for Disease Risk Diagnosis from patient data, Augmented reality applications for Junior doctors.	
	6.2	Blockchain for verifying supply chain, patient record access, Robot - Assisted Surgery, Smart Hospitals, Case Studies on use of AI and ML for Disease Risk Diagnosis from patient data, Augmented reality applications for Junior doctors.	
		Total	39

Textbooks:	
1	Arjun Panesar, "Machine Learning and AI for Healthcare", A Press.
2	Arvin Agah, "Medical applications of Artificial Systems ", CRC Press

References:	
1	Erik R. Ranschaert Sergey Morozov Paul R. Algra, "Artificial Intelligence in medical Imaging- Opportunities, Applications and Risks", Springer
2	Sergio Consoli Diego Reforgiato Recupero Milan Petković, "Data Science for Healthcare- Methodologies and Applications", Springer
3	Dac-Nhuong Le, Chung Van Le, Jolanda G. Tromp, Gia Nhu Nguyen, "Emerging technologies for health and medicine", Wiley.
4	Ton J. Cleophas • Aeilko H. Zwinderman, "Machine Learning in Medicine- Complete Overview", Springer

Assessment:	
Internal Assessment:	
Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.	
End Semester Theory Examination:	
1 Question paper will comprise of total six questions. 2 All question carries equal marks 3 Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3) 4 Only Four question need to be solved. 5 In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.	

Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSDO7013	Neural Networks and Fuzzy Systems	3

Prerequisite: Engineering Mathematics, Data Structures and Algorithm, Python Programming

Course Objectives:

- 1 To relate to the basic terminologies with respect to Fuzzy set theory.
- 2 To analyze and interpret fuzzy logic principles, relations and operations.
- 3 To recognize various components of Associative Memory Networks.
- 4 To have basic understanding of Unsupervised learning through Networks.
- 5 To understand Special networks and its applications in soft computing.
- 6 To infer the significance of Hybrid computing.

Course Outcomes: After successful completion of the course student will be able to

- 1 Acquire basic knowledge of fuzzy set theory properties and relations.
- 2 Implement Fuzzy operations towards Fuzzy-rule creations.
- 3 Gain familiarity with the training and implementation of Associative Memory Network.
- 4 Understand the architecture and basics components of Unsupervised learning networks.
- 5 Analyze the significance and working of the Special Networks.
- 6 Interpret Hybrid System to analyze the Principles of Soft computing in Neuro-Fuzzy applications.

Module		Content	Hrs
1.0		Fuzzy Set Theory	07
	1.1	Introduction to soft and hard computing Fuzzy Sets: Basic definition and terminology of fuzzy sets, Classic set operations; Fuzzy set operations- Union, Intersection, complement, Difference; Properties of fuzzy sets.	
	1.2	Fuzzy relations: Cartesian product of relation, Classica Relation, Cardinality of fuzzy relations, Operations on Fuzzy relations, Properties of Fuzzy relations, Fuzzy composition, Tolerance and Equivalence Relationship.	
	1.3	Membership Functions: Features of Membership Functions, Fuzzification, Methods of membership value assignments.	
2.0		Fuzzy Rules, Reasoning, and Inference System	08

	2.1	Defuzzification: Lambda-Cuts for Fuzzy Sets; Lambda-Cuts for Fuzzy Relations; Defuzzification methods: Max-Membership Principles, Centroid Method, Weighted Average Method, Mean-Max Membership, Center of Sums, Center of Largest Area, First of Maxima.	
	2.2	Fuzzy Arithmetic and Rules: Fuzzy arithmetic, Fuzzy measures, Measures of Fuzziness, Truth Value and Tables in Fuzzy Logic, Fuzzy Propositions, Formation of rules, Decomposition of rules, Fuzzy Reasoning.	
	2.3	Fuzzy Inference System (FIS): Mamdani FIS, Sugeno FIS, Comparison between Mamdani and Sugeno FIS.	
3.0		Associative Memory Networks	06
	3.1	Introduction: Basics of associative memory networks, Training algorithms for Pattern Association.	
	3.2	Types of Networks: Radial basis function network : architecture training algorithm, Auto-associative Memory Network – Architecture, Flowchart of training process, Training algorithm, Testing algorithm, Hetero- associative Memory Network- Architecture and Testing algorithm, Bidirectional Associative Memory(BAM) Network- Architecture,Discrete BAM, Continuous BAM.	
4.0		Unsupervised Learning Networks	08
	4.1	Introduction Fixed weight competitive nets, Maxnet, Maxican net, Hamming Network	
	4.2	Kohonen Self- Organizing Feature Maps: Basic concepts, Architecture, Flowchart, Algorithms, Kohonen Self-Organizing Motor map Training algorithm.	
	4.3	Adaptive resonance Theory: Architecture, Fundamental Operating principles, a Algorithms, Adaptive Resonance Theory I – Architecture, Flowchart of Training process, Training algorithm, Adaptive Resonance Theory 2 - Architecture, Algorithm, Flowchart, Training algorithm, Sample Values of Parameter.	
5.0		Special Network	05
	5.1	Introduction: Boltzmann Machine, Gaussian Machine, Probabilistic neural nets Spatio-Temporal connection network model, Ensemble neural model Extreme learning machine models, Online, Pruned, Improved Application of ELM	

6.0		Hybrid Computing	05
	6.1	<p>Neuro-Fuzzy Hybrid Systems: Introduction to Neuro-Fuzzy systems, Comparison of Fuzzysystems and Neural networks, Characteristics of Neuro-Fuzzy systems, Classification of Neuro-Fuzzy systems. Introduction to Adaptive Neuro-Fuzzy Inference System (ANIFS), ANFS Architecture, Constraints of ANFIS, ANFIS as a Universal Approximator.</p>	

Textbooks:	
1	S.N. Sivanandan and S.N. Deepa, Principles of Soft Computing, Wiley India, 2007, ISBN: 10: 81- 265-1075-7.
2	J.-S. R. Jang, C. –T. Sun, E. Mizutani, Neuro-Fuzzy and Soft Computing, A Computational Approach to Learning and Machine Intelligence, PHI Learning Private Limited-2014
3	Neural Networks: A Classroom Approach, Satish Kumar, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2004/2007
4	Simon Haykin, Neural Networks A Comprehensive Foundation, Second Edition, Pearson Education-2004
5	David E. Goldberg, Genetic Algorithms, in search, optimization and Machine Learning, Pearson

References:	
1	Anupam Shukla, Ritu Tiwari, Rahul Kala, Real Life Applications of Soft Computing, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2010.
2	Genetic Algorithms and Genetic Programming Modern Concepts and Practical Applications © 2009 Michael Affenzeller, Stephan Winkler, Stefan Wagner, and Andreas Beham, CRC Press
3	Laurene V. Fausett, Fundamentals of Neural Networks: Architectures, Algorithms And Applications, Pearson

Digital References:	
https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_ee21/preview	
https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc23_ge15/preview	

Assessment:	
Internal Assessment:	
Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.	
End Semester Theory Examination:	

1	Question paper will comprise of total six questions.
2	All question carries equal marks
3	Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4	Only Four question need to be solved.
5	In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.

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Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSDO7021	User Experience Design with VR	3

Prerequisite: Web Technologies; Software Engineering	
Course Objectives:	
1	To study and understand importance of user experience design principles
2	To understand elements of user experience design
3	To encourage students to participate in designing futuristic applications
4	To understand the need and significance of Virtual Reality
5	To understand the technical and engineering aspects of virtual reality systems
Course Outcomes:	
1	To Apply principles of user experience
2	To apply emerging and established technologies to enhance User Experience design
3	To create interface for international standards with ethics
4	To evaluate user experience.
5	Describe how VR systems work and list the applications of VR
6	Design and implementation of the hardware that enables VR systems to be built

Module		Content	Hrs
1		Introduction	04
	1.1	Introduction to interface design, Understanding and conceptualizing Interface, understanding user's conceptual cognition, Core Elements of User Experience, Working of UX elements	
2		The UX Design Process – Understanding Users & Structure:	08
	2.1	Defining the UX, Design Process and Methodology, Understanding user requirements and goals, Understanding the Business Requirements/Goals, User research, mental models, wireframes, prototyping, usability testing.	
	2.2	Visual Design Principles , Information Design and Data Visualization Interaction Design, UI Elements and Widgets, Screen Design and Layouts	

3	UX Design Process: Prototype and Test	06
	3.1 Testing your Design, Usability Testing, Types of Usability Testing , Usability Testing Process, Preparing and planning for the Usability Tests,	
	3.2 Prototype your Design to Test, Introduction of prototyping tools, conducting Usability Test, communicating Usability Test Results	
4	UX Design Process: Iterate/ Improve and Deliver	05
	4.1 Understanding the Usability Test, findings, Applying the Usability Test, feedback in improving the design.	
	4.2 Communication with implementation team. UX Deliverables to be given to implementation team	
5	Introduction to Virtual Reality	08
	5.1 Defining Virtual Reality, History of VR, Human Physiology and Perception, Key Elements of Virtual Reality Experience, Virtual Reality System, Interface to the Virtual World-Input & output- Visual, Aural & Haptic Displays, Applications of Virtual Reality	
	5.2 Representation of the Virtual World, Visual Representation in VR, Aural Representation in VR and Haptic Representation in VR	
6	Applying Virtual Reality	08
	6.1 Virtual reality: the medium, Form and genre, What makes an application a good candidate for VR, Promising application fields, Demonstrated benefits of virtual reality, More recent trends in virtual reality application development, A framework for VR application development	

Textbooks:	
1	Interaction Design, Beyond Human Computer Interaction, Rogers, Sharp, Preece Wiley India Pvt Ltd.
2	The essentials of Interaction Design, Alan Cooper, Robert Reimann, David Cronin
3	Designing The user Interface by Shneiderman, Plaisant, Cohen, Jacobs Pearson
References:	

1	The Elements of User Experience by Jesse James Garrett
2	Don't make me think, by Steve Krug
3	Observing the User Experience: A Practitioner's Guide to User Research by Mike Kuniavsky

Assessment:

Internal Assessment:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

1	Question paper will comprise of total six questions.
2	All question carries equal marks
3	Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4	Only Four question need to be solved
5	In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus

Useful Links

1	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/124/107/124107008/
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106138
3	https://www.coursera.org/specializations/virtual-reality

Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSDO7022	Blockchain Technologies	3

Prerequisite: Cryptography and Distributes systems	
Course Objectives:	
1	To get acquainted with the concept of Distributed ledger system and Blockchain.
2	To learn the concepts of consensus and mining in Blockchain through the Bitcoin network.
3	To understand Ethereum and develop-deploy smart contracts using different tools and frameworks.
4	To understand permissioned Blockchain and explore Hyperledger Fabric.
5	To understand different types of crypto assets.
Course Outcomes:	
1	Describe the basic concept of Blockchain and Distributed Ledger Technology.
2	Interpret the knowledge of the Bitcoin network, nodes, keys, wallets and transactions
3	Implement smart contracts in Ethereum using different development frameworks.
4	Develop applications in permissioned Hyperledger Fabric network.
5	Interpret different Crypto assets and Crypto currencies
6	Analyze the use of Blockchain with AI, IoT and Cyber Security using case studies.

Module		Content	Hrs
1		Introduction to Blockchain	5
	1.1	Distributed Ledger Technologies: Introduction to blockchain: History, evolution, fundamentals concepts, components, types. Block in a Blockchain: Structure of a Block, Block Header Hash and Block Height, The Genesis Block, Linking Blocks in the Blockchain, Merkle Tree.	
2		Consensus Protocol and Bitcoin blockchain	6

	2.1	Consensus: Byzantine Generals Problem, consensus algorithms: PoW, PoS, PoET, PoA, LPoS, pBFT, Proof-of-Burn (PoB), Life of a miner, Mining difficulty, Mining pool and its methods.	
	2.2	Bitcoin: What is Bitcoin, history of Bitcoin, Bitcoin Common terminologies: keys, addresses and nodes, Bitcoin mining, hashcash, Block propagation and relay, bitcoin scripts, transaction in the bitcoin network.	
3		Ethereum and Smart Contracts	8
	3.1	Ethereum: History, Components, Architecture of Ethereum, Consensus, Miner and mining node, Ethereum virtual machine, Ether, Gas, Transactions, Accounts, Patricia Merkle Tree, Swarm, Whisper and IPFS, complete transaction working and steps in Ethereum, Case study of Ganache for Ethereum blockchain. Exploring etherscan.io and ether block structure, Comparison between Bitcoin and Ethereum	
	3.2	Smart Contracts: history, characteristics, working of smart contracts, types, Oracles, Structure & Limitations. Solidity programming: set-up tools and installation, Basics, functions, Visibility and Activity Qualifiers, Ethereum networks, solidity compiler, solidity files and structure of contracts, data types, storages, array, functions, Developing and executing smart contracts in Ethereum. Smart Contracts Use cases, Opportunities and Risk.	
4		Private and Consortium blockchains	9
	4.1	Introduction to Private Blockchain: Key characteristics, need, Examples of Private and Consortium blockchains, Smart contracts in private blockchain.	
	4.2	Introduction to Hyperledger, Tools and Frameworks, Hyperledger Fabric, Comparison between Hyperledger Fabric & Other Technologies. Hyperledger Platform, Paxos and Raft consensus, Ripple and Corda blockchains, Byzantine Faults: Byzantine Fault Tolerant (BFT) and Practical BFT.	
5		Cryptocurrencies and digital tokens	6

	5.1	Cryptocurrency basics, types, usage, ERC20 and ERC721 Tokens, comparison between ERC20 & ERC721, ICO: basics and related terms, launching an ICO, pros and cons, evolution and platforms, STO, Different Crypto currencies, Defi, Metaverse, Types of cryptocurrencies. Bitcoin, Altcoin, and Tokens (Utility and Security), Cryptocurrency wallets: Hot and cold wallets, Cryptocurrency usage, Transactions in Blockchain, UTXO and double spending problem	
6		Blockchain applications, Tools and case studies	5
	6.1	Applications of Blockchain: Various domains including Education, Energy, Healthcare, real-estate, logistics, supply chain. Tools: Corda, Ripple, Quorum and other Emerging Blockchain Platforms, Case Study on any of the Blockchain Platforms.	

Textbooks:	
1.	Blockchain Technology, Chandramouli Subramanian, Asha A George, Abhillash K. A and Meena Karthikeyen, Universities press.
2.	Solidity Programming Essentials: A beginner's Guide to Build Smart Contracts for Ethereum and Blockchain, Ritesh Modi, Packt publication
3.	Hyperledger Fabric In-Depth: Learn, Build and Deploy Blockchain Applications Using Hyperledger Fabric, Ashwani Kumar, BPB publications
4.	Cryptoassets: The Innovative Investor's Guide to Bitcoin and Beyond, Chris Burniske & Jack Tatar.
5	Mastering Ethereum, Building Smart Contract and Dapps, Andreas M. Antonopoulos Dr. Gavin Wood, O'reilly.
References:	
1.	Mastering Bitcoin, programming the open Blockchainl, 2nd Edition by Andreas M. Antonopoulos, June 2017, Publisher(s): O'Reilly Media, Inc. ISBN: 9781491954386.
2.	Mastering Ethereum, Building Smart Contract and Dapps, Andreas M. Antonopoulos Dr. Gavin Wood, O'reilly.
3.	Blockchain Technology: Concepts and Applications, Kumar Saurabh and Ashutosh Saxena, Wiley Publication.

4.	The Basics of Bitcoins and Blockchains: An Introduction to Cryptocurrencies and the Technology that Powers Them, Antony Lewis. for Ethereum and Blockchain, Ritesh Modi, Packt publication. University of Mumbai, B. E. (Information Technology), Rev 2016 276
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Assessment:

Internal Assessment:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

1	Question paper will comprise of total six questions.
2	All question carries equal marks
3	Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4	Only Four question need to be solved
5	In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus

Useful Links

1	NPTEL courses: Blockchain and its Applications, Blockchain Architecture Design and Use Cases
2	https://ethereum.org/en/
3	https://www.trufflesuite.com/tutorials
4	https://hyperledger-fabric.readthedocs.io/en/release-2.2/
5	Blockchain demo: https://andersbrownworth.com/blockchain/
6	Blockchain Demo: Public / Private Keys & Signing:

Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSDO7023	Game Theory for Data Science	3

Prerequisite: Probability Algebra

Course Objectives:

Sr.No.	Course Objectives
1.	To introduce the student to the notion of a game, its solutions concepts, and other basic notions and tools of game theory, and the main applications for which they are appropriate, including electronic trading markets.
2.	To formalize the notion of strategic thinking and rational choice by using the tools of game theory, and to provide insights into using game theory in modeling applications.
3.	To draw the connections between game theory, computer science, and economics, especially emphasizing the computational issues.
4.	To introduce contemporary topics in the intersection of game theory, computer science, and economics.
5.	To apply game theory in searching, auctioning and trading.

Course Outcomes:

Sr.No.	Course Outcomes
On successful completion, of course, learner/student will be able to:	
1.	Analyze and Discuss the notion of a strategic game and equilibria and identify the characteristics of main applications of these concepts.
2.	Discuss the use of Nash Equilibrium for other problems. Identify key strategic aspects and based on these be able to connect them to appropriate game theoretic concepts given a real world situation.
3.	Identify some applications that need aspects of Bayesian Games. Implement a typical Virtual Business scenario using Game theory.
4.	Identify and discuss working principle of Non-Cooperative Games
5.	Discuss the Mechanism for Design Aggregating Preferences
6.	Identify and discuss working principle : Repeated Games

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hours
0	Prerequisite	Probability , Algebra	1
I	Introduction:	Making rational choices: basics of Games – strategy – preferences – payoffs – Mathematical basics – Game theory – Rational Choice – Basic solution concepts-non-cooperative versus cooperative games – Basic computational issues – finding equilibria and learning in gamesTypical application areas for game theory (e.g. Google's sponsored search, eBay auctions, electricity trading markets).	6
II	Games with Perfect Information:	Strategic games – prisoner's dilemma, matching pennies - Nash equilibria – theory and illustrations – Cournot's and Bertrand models of oligopoly – auctions – mixed strategy equilibrium – zero-sum games – Extensive Games with Perfect Information – repeated games (prisoner's dilemma) – subgame perfect Nash equilibrium; computational issues.	7
III	Games with Imperfect Information:	Games with Imperfect Information – Bayesian Games – Motivational Examples – General Definitions – Information aspects – Illustrations – Extensive Games with Imperfect – Information – Strategies – Nash Equilibrium – Beliefs and sequential equilibrium – Illustrations – Repeated Games – The Prisoner's Dilemma – Bargaining.	6
IV	Non-Cooperative Game Theory:	Non-cooperative Game Theory – Self-interested agents – Games in normal form – Analyzing games: from optimality to equilibrium – Computing Solution Concepts of Normal – Form Games – Computing Nash equilibria of two-player, zero-sum games –Computing Nash equilibria of two-player, generalsum games – Identifying dominated strategies	7
V	Mechanism Design Aggregating Preferences:	Social Choice – Formal Model – Voting – Existence of social functions – Ranking systems – Protocols for Strategic Agents: Mechanism Design – Mechanism design with unrestricted preferences – Efficient mechanisms – Vickrey and VCG mechanisms (shortest paths) – Combinatorial auctions – profit maximization Computational applications	6

		of mechanism design – applications in Computer Science – Google’s sponsored search – eBay auctions – K-armed bandits.	
VI	Repeated Games	Repeated games: The Prisoner’s Dilemma , The main idea , Preferences ,Infinitely repeated games, Strategies ,Some Nash equilibria of the infinitely repeated Prisoner’s Dilemma , Nash equilibrium payoffs of the infinitely repeated Prisoner’s Dilemma when the players are patient , Subgame perfect equilibria and the one-deviation property	6

Textbooks:	
1	An Introduction to Game Theory by Martin J. Osborne
2	M. J. Osborne, An Introduction to Game Theory. Oxford University Press, 2004

References:	
1	M. Machler, E. Solan, S. Zamir, Game Theory, Cambridge University Press, 2013.
2	N. Nisan, T. Roughgarden, E. Tardos, and V. V. Vazirani (Editors), Algorithmic Game Theory. Cambridge University Press, 2007.
3	A.Dixit and S. Skeath, Games of Strategy, Second Edition. W W Norton & Co Inc, 2004.
4	YoavShoham, Kevin Leyton-Brown, Multiagent Systems: Algorithmic, Game-Theoretic, and Logical Foundations, Cambridge University Press 2008.
5	Zhu Han, DusitNiyato, WalidSaad, TamerBasar and Are Hjorungnes, “Game Theory in Wireless and Communication Networks”, Cambridge University Press, 2012.
6	Y.Narahari, “Game Theory and Mechanism Design”, IISC Press, World Scientific.

Digital References:	
1.	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/110104063
2.	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_ge32/preview

Assessment:	
Internal Assessment:	
Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.	

End Semester Theory Examination:

1	Question paper will comprise of total six questions.
2	All question carries equal marks
3	Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4	Only Four question need to be solved.
5	In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.

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Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO7011	Product Life Cycle Management	03

Course Objectives: Students will try:

1. To familiarize the students with the need, benefits and components of PLM
2. To acquaint students with Product Data Management & PLM strategies
3. To give insights into new product development program and guidelines for designing and developing a product
4. To familiarize the students with Virtual Product Development

Course Outcomes: Students will be able to:

1. Gain knowledge about phases of PLM, PLM strategies and methodology for PLM feasibility study and PDM implementation.
2. Illustrate various approaches and techniques for designing and developing products.
3. Apply product engineering guidelines / thumb rules in designing products for moulding, machining, sheet metal working etc.
4. Acquire knowledge in applying virtual product development tools for components, machining and manufacturing plant

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
01	<p>Introduction to Product Lifecycle Management (PLM): Product Lifecycle Management (PLM), Need for PLM, Product Lifecycle Phases, Opportunities of Globalization, Pre-PLM Environment, PLM Paradigm, Importance & Benefits of PLM, Widespread Impact of PLM, Focus and Application, A PLM Project, Starting the PLM Initiative, PLM Applications</p> <p>PLM Strategies: Industrial strategies, Strategy elements, its identification, selection and implementation, Developing PLM Vision and PLM Strategy , Change management for PLM</p>	10
02	<p>Product Design: Product Design and Development Process, Engineering Design, Organization and Decomposition in Product Design, Typologies of Design Process Models, Reference Model, Product Design in the Context of the Product Development Process, Relation with the Development Process Planning Phase, Relation with the Post design Planning Phase, Methodological Evolution in Product Design, Concurrent Engineering, Characteristic Features of Concurrent Engineering, Concurrent Engineering and Life Cycle Approach, New Product Development (NPD) and Strategies, Product Configuration and Variant Management, The Design for X System, Objective Properties and Design for X</p> <p>Tools, Choice of Design for X Tools and Their Use in the Design Process</p>	09
03	<p>Product Data Management (PDM): Product and Product Data, PDM systems and importance, Components of PDM, Reason for implementing a PDM system, financial justification of PDM, barriers to PDM implementation</p>	05

04	Virtual Product Development Tools: For components, machines, and manufacturing plants, 3D CAD systems and realistic rendering techniques, Digital mock-up, Model building, Model analysis, Modeling and simulations in Product Design, Examples/Case studies	05
05	Integration of Environmental Aspects in Product Design: Sustainable Development, Design for Environment,Need for Life Cycle Environmental Strategies, Useful Life Extension Strategies, End-of-Life Strategies, Introduction of Environmental Strategies into the Design Process, Life Cycle Environmental Strategies and Considerations for Product Design	05
06	Life Cycle Assessment and Life Cycle Cost Analysis: Properties, and Framework of Life Cycle Assessment, Phases of LCA in ISO Standards, Fields of Application and Limitations of Life Cycle Assessment, Cost Analysis and the Life Cycle Approach, General Framework for LCCA, Evolution of Models for Product Life Cycle Cost Analysis	05

Assessment:

Internal:

Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Some guidelines for setting up the question paper. Minimum 80% syllabus should be covered in question papers of end semester examination. **In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.**

1. Question paper will comprise of total six question
2. All question carry equal marks
3. Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4. Only Four question need to be solved.

REFERENCES:

1. John Stark, “Product Lifecycle Management: Paradigm for 21st Century Product Realisation”, Springer-Verlag, 2004. ISBN: 1852338105
2. Fabio Giudice, Guido La Rosa, AntoninoRisitano, “Product Design for the environment-A life cycle approach”, Taylor & Francis 2006, ISBN: 0849327229
3. SaaksvuoriAntti, ImmonenAnselmie, “Product Life Cycle Management”, Springer, Dreamtech, ISBN: 3540257314
4. Michael Grieve, “Product Lifecycle Management: Driving the next generation of lean thinking”, Tata McGraw Hill, 2006, ISBN: 0070636265

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO7012	Reliability Engineering	03

Objectives:

1. To familiarize the students with various aspects of probability theory
2. To acquaint the students with reliability and its concepts
3. To introduce the students to methods of estimating the system reliability of simple and complex systems
4. To understand the various aspects of Maintainability, Availability and FMEA procedure

Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

1. Understand and apply the concept of Probability to engineering problems
2. Apply various reliability concepts to calculate different reliability parameters
3. Estimate the system reliability of simple and complex systems
4. Carry out a Failure Mode Effect and Criticality Analysis

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
01	Probability theory: Probability: Standard definitions and concepts; Conditional Probability, Baye's Theorem. Probability Distributions: Central tendency and Dispersion; Binomial, Normal, Poisson, Weibull, Exponential, relations between them and their significance. Measures of Dispersion: Mean, Median, Mode, Range, Mean Deviation, Standard Deviation, Variance, Skewness and Kurtosis.	08
02	Reliability Concepts: Reliability definitions, Importance of Reliability, Quality Assurance and Reliability, Bath Tub Curve. Failure Data Analysis: Hazard rate, failure density, Failure Rate, Mean Time To Failure (MTTF), MTBF, Reliability Functions. Reliability Hazard Models: Constant Failure Rate, Linearly increasing, Time Dependent Failure Rate, Weibull Model. Distribution functions and reliability analysis.	08
03	System Reliability: System Configurations: Series, parallel, mixed configuration, k out of n structure, Complex systems.	05
04	Reliability Improvement: Redundancy Techniques: Element redundancy, Unit redundancy, Standby redundancies. Markov analysis. System Reliability Analysis – Enumeration method, Cut-set method, SuccessPath method, Decomposition method.	08
05	Maintainability and Availability: System downtime, Design for Maintainability: Maintenance requirements, Design methods: Fault Isolation and self-diagnostics, Parts standardization and Interchangeability, Modularization and Accessibility, Repair Vs Replacement. Availability – qualitative aspects.	05
06	Failure Mode, Effects and Criticality Analysis: Failure mode effects analysis, severity/criticality analysis, FMECA examples. Fault tree construction, basic symbols, development of functional reliability block diagram, Fault tree analysis and Event tree Analysis	05

Assessment

Internal:

Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Some guidelines for setting up the question paper. Minimum 80% syllabus should be covered in question papers of end semester examination. **In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.**

1. Question paper will comprise of total six question
2. All question carries equal marks
3. Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4. Only Four question need to be solved.

REFERENCES:

1. L.S. Srinath, "Reliability Engineering", Affiliated East-West Press (P) Ltd., 1985.
2. Charles E. Ebeling, "Reliability and Maintainability Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill.
3. B.S. Dhillon, C. Singh, "Engineering Reliability", John Wiley & Sons, 1980.
4. P.D.T. Connor, "Practical Reliability Engg.", John Wiley & Sons, 1985.
5. K.C. Kapur, L.R. Lamberson, "Reliability in Engineering Design", John Wiley & Sons.
6. Murray R. Spiegel, "Probability and Statistics", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO7013	Management Information System	03

Objectives:

1. The course is blend of Management and Technical field.
2. Discuss the roles played by information technology in today's business and define various technology architectures on which information systems are built
3. Define and analyze typical functional information systems and identify how they meet the needs of the firm to deliver efficiency and competitive advantage
4. Identify the basic steps in systems development

Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

1. Explain how information systems Transform Business
2. Identify the impact information systems have on an organization
3. Describe IT infrastructure and its components and its current trends
4. Understand the principal tools and technologies for accessing information from databases to improve business performance and decision making
5. Identify the types of systems used for enterprise-wide knowledge management and how they provide value for businesses

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
01	Introduction To Information Systems (IS): Computer Based Information Systems, Impact of IT on organizations, Importance of IS to Society. Organizational Strategy, Competitive Advantages and IS.	4
02	Data and Knowledge Management: Database Approach, Big Data, Data warehouse and Data Marts, Knowledge Management. Business intelligence (BI): Managers and Decision Making, BI for Data analysis and Presenting Results	7
03	Ethical issues and Privacy: Information Security. Threat to IS, and Security Controls	7
04	Social Computing (SC): Web 2.0 and 3.0, SC in business-shopping, Marketing, Operational and Analytic CRM, E-business and E-commerce – B2B B2C. Mobile commerce.	7
05	Computer Networks Wired and Wireless technology, Pervasive computing, Cloud computing model.	6
06	Information System within Organization: Transaction Processing Systems, Functional Area Information System, ERP and ERP support of Business Process. Acquiring Information Systems and Applications: Various System development life cycle models.	8

Assessment:

Internal:

Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Some guidelines for setting up the question paper. Minimum 80% syllabus should be covered in question papers of end semester examination. **In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.**

1. Question paper will comprise of total six question
2. All question carry equal marks
3. Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4. Only Four question need to be solved.

REFERENCES:

1. Kelly Rainer, Brad Prince, Management Information Systems, Wiley
2. K.C. Laudon and J.P. Laudon, Management Information Systems: Managing the Digital Firm, 10th Ed., Prentice Hall, 2007.
3. D. Boddy, A. Boonstra, Managing Information Systems: Strategy and Organization, Prentice Hall, 2008

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Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO7014	Design of Experiments	03

Objectives:

1. To understand the issues and principles of Design of Experiments (DOE)
2. To list the guidelines for designing experiments
3. To become familiar with methodologies that can be used in conjunction with experimental designs for robustness and optimization

Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

1. Plan data collection, to turn data into information and to make decisions that lead to appropriate action
2. Apply the methods taught to real life situations
3. Plan, analyze, and interpret the results of experiments

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
01	Introduction Strategy of Experimentation Typical Applications of Experimental Design Guidelines for Designing Experiments Response Surface Methodology	06
02	Fitting Regression Models Linear Regression Models Estimation of the Parameters in Linear Regression Models Hypothesis Testing in Multiple Regression Confidence Intervals in Multiple Regression Prediction of new response observation Regression model diagnostics Testing for lack of fit	08
03	Two-Level Factorial Designs The 2^2 Design The 2^3 Design The General 2^k Design A Single Replicate of the 2^k Design The Addition of Center Points to the 2^k Design, Blocking in the 2^k Factorial Design Split-Plot Designs	07
04	Two-Level Fractional Factorial Designs The One-Half Fraction of the 2^k Design The One-Quarter Fraction of the 2^k Design The General 2^{k-p} Fractional Factorial Design Resolution III Designs Resolution IV and V Designs Fractional Factorial Split-Plot Designs	07

05	Response Surface Methods and Designs Introduction to Response Surface Methodology The Method of Steepest Ascent Analysis of a Second-Order Response Surface Experimental Designs for Fitting Response Surfaces	07
06	Taguchi Approach Crossed Array Designs and Signal-to-Noise Ratios Analysis Methods Robust design examples	04

Assessment:

Internal:

Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Some guidelines for setting up the question paper. Minimum 80% syllabus should be covered in question papers of end semester examination. **In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.**

1. Question paper will comprise of total six question
2. All question carry equal marks
3. Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4. Only Four question need to be solved.

REFERENCES:

1. Raymond H. Mayers, Douglas C. Montgomery, Christine M. Anderson-Cook, Response Surface Methodology: Process and Product Optimization using Designed Experiment, 3rd edition, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2001
2. D.C. Montgomery, Design and Analysis of Experiments, 5th edition, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2001
3. George E P Box, J Stuart Hunter, William G Hunter, Statistics for Experimenters: Design, Innovation and Discovery, 2nd Ed. Wiley
4. W J Dimond, Practical Experiment Designs for Engineers and Scientists, John Wiley and Sons Inc. ISBN: 0-471-39054-2
5. Design and Analysis of Experiments (Springer text in Statistics), Springer by A.M. Dean, and D. T. Voss

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO7015	Operations Research	03

Objectives:

1. Formulate a real-world problem as a mathematical programming model.
2. Understand the mathematical tools that are needed to solve optimization problems.
3. Use mathematical software to solve the proposed models.

Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

1. Understand the theoretical workings of the simplex method, the relationship between a linear program and its dual, including strong duality and complementary slackness.
2. Perform sensitivity analysis to determine the direction and magnitude of change of a model's optimal solution as the data change.
3. Solve specialized linear programming problems like the transportation and assignment problems, solve network models like the shortest path, minimum spanning tree, and maximum flow problems.
4. Understand the applications of integer programming and a queuing model and compute important performance measures

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
01	<p>Introduction to Operations Research: Introduction, , Structure of the Mathematical Model, Limitations of Operations Research</p> <p>Linear Programming: Introduction, Linear Programming Problem, Requirements of LPP, Mathematical Formulation of LPP, Graphical method, Simplex Method Penalty Cost Method or Big M-method, Two Phase Method, Revised simplex method, Duality, Primal – Dual construction, Symmetric and Asymmetric Dual, Weak Duality Theorem, Complimentary Slackness Theorem, Main Duality Theorem, Dual Simplex Method, Sensitivity Analysis Transportation Problem: Formulation, solution, unbalanced Transportation problem. Finding basic feasible solutions – Northwest corner rule, least cost method and Vogel's approximation method. Optimality test: the stepping stone method and MODI method.</p> <p>Assignment Problem: Introduction, Mathematical Formulation of the Problem, Hungarian Method Algorithm, Processing of n Jobs Through Two Machines and m Machines, Graphical Method of Two Jobs m Machines Problem Routing Problem, Travelling Salesman Problem</p> <p>Integer Programming Problem: Introduction, Types of Integer Programming Problems, Gomory's cutting plane Algorithm, Branch and Bound Technique.</p> <p>Introduction to Decomposition algorithms.</p>	14
02	Queuing models: queuing systems and structures, single server and multi-server models, Poisson input, exponential service, constant rate service, finite and infinite population	05
03	Simulation: Introduction, Methodology of Simulation, Basic Concepts,	05

	Simulation Procedure, Application of Simulation Monte-Carlo Method: Introduction, Monte-Carlo Simulation, Applications of Simulation, Advantages of Simulation, Limitations of Simulation	
04	Dynamic programming. Characteristics of dynamic programming. Dynamic programming approach for Priority Management employment smoothening, capital budgeting, Stage Coach/Shortest Path, cargo loading and Reliability problems.	05
05	Game Theory. Competitive games, rectangular game, saddle point, minimax (maximin) method of optimal strategies, value of the game. Solution of games with saddle points, dominance principle. Rectangular games without saddle point – mixed strategy for 2 X 2 games.	05
06	Inventory Models: Classical EOQ Models, EOQ Model with Price Breaks, EOQ with Shortage, Probabilistic EOQ Model,	05

Assessment:

Internal:

Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Some guidelines for setting up the question paper. Minimum 80% syllabus should be covered in question papers of end semester examination. **In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.**

1. Question paper will comprise of total six question
2. All question carry equal marks
3. Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4. Only Four question need to be solved.

REFERENCES:

1. Taha, H.A. "Operations Research - An Introduction", Prentice Hall, (7th Edition), 2002.
2. Ravindran, A, Phillips, D. T and Solberg, J. J. "Operations Research: Principles and Practice", John Wiley and Sons, 2nd Edition, 2009.
3. Hiller, F. S. and Liebermann, G. J. "Introduction to Operations Research", Tata McGraw Hill, 2002.
4. Operations Research, S. D. Sharma, KedarNath Ram Nath-Meerut.
5. Operations Research, KantiSwarup, P. K. Gupta and Man Mohan, Sultan Chand & Sons.

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO7016	Cyber Security and Laws	03

Objectives:

1. To understand and identify different types cybercrime and cyber law
2. To recognized Indian IT Act 2008 and its latest amendments
3. To learn various types of security standards compliances

Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

1. Understand the concept of cybercrime and its effect on outside world
2. Interpret and apply IT law in various legal issues
3. Distinguish different aspects of cyber law
4. Apply Information Security Standards compliance during software design and development

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
01	Introduction to Cybercrime: Cybercrime definition and origins of the world, Cybercrime and information security, Classifications of cybercrime, Cybercrime and the Indian ITA 2000, A global Perspective on cybercrimes.	4
02	Cyber offenses & Cybercrime: How criminal plan the attacks, Social Engg, Cyber stalking, Cyber café and Cybercrimes, Bot nets, Attack vector, Cloud computing, Proliferation of Mobile and Wireless Devices, Trends in Mobility, Credit Card Frauds in Mobile and Wireless Computing Era, Security Challenges Posed by Mobile Devices, Registry Settings for Mobile Devices, Authentication Service Security, Attacks on Mobile/Cell Phones, Mobile Devices: Security Implications for Organizations, Organizational Measures for Handling Mobile, Devices-Related Security Issues, Organizational Security Policies and Measures in Mobile Computing Era, Laptops	9
03	Tools and Methods Used in Cyber line Phishing, Password Cracking, Key loggers and Spywares, Virus and Worms, Steganography, DoS and DDoS Attacks, SQL Injection, Buffer Over Flow, Attacks on Wireless Networks, Phishing, Identity Theft (ID Theft)	6
04	The Concept of Cyberspace E-Commerce , The Contract Aspects in Cyber Law ,The Security Aspect of Cyber Law ,The Intellectual Property Aspect in Cyber Law, The Evidence Aspect in Cyber Law , The Criminal Aspect in Cyber Law, GlobalTrends in Cyber Law , Legal Framework for Electronic Data Interchange Law Relating to Electronic Banking , The Need for an Indian Cyber Law	8
05	Indian IT Act. Cyber Crime and Criminal Justice : Penalties, Adjudication and Appeals Under the IT Act, 2000, IT Act. 2008 and its Amendments	6
06	Information Security Standard compliances SOX, GLBA, HIPAA, ISO, FISMA, NERC, PCI.	6

Assessment:

Internal:

Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Some guidelines for setting up the question paper. Minimum 80% syllabus should be covered in question papers of end semester examination.

In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.

1. Question paper will comprise of total six question
2. All question carry equal marks
3. Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4. Only Four question need to be solved.

REFERENCES:

1. Nina Godbole, Sunit Belapure, *Cyber Security*, Wiley India, New Delhi
2. The Indian Cyber Law by Suresh T. Vishwanathan; Bharat Law House New Delhi
3. The Information technology Act, 2000; Bare Act- Professional Book Publishers, New Delhi.
4. Cyber Law & Cyber Crimes By Advocate Prashant Mali; Snow White Publications, Mumbai
5. Nina Godbole, *Information Systems Security*, Wiley India, New Delhi
6. Kenneth J. Knapp, *Cyber Security & Global Information Assurance* Information Science Publishing.
7. William Stallings, *Cryptography and Network Security*, Pearson Publication
8. Websites for more information is available on : The Information Technology ACT, 2008-TIFR : <https://www.tifrh.res.in>
9. Website for more information , A Compliance Primer for IT professional : <https://www.sans.org/reading-room/whitepapers/compliance/compliance-primer-professionals-33538>

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO7017	Disaster Management and Mitigation Measures	03

Objectives:

1. To understand physics and various types of disaster occurring around the world
2. To identify extent and damaging capacity of a disaster
3. To study and understand the means of losses and methods to overcome /minimize it.
4. To understand role of individual and various organization during and after disaster
5. To understand application of GIS in the field of disaster management
6. To understand the emergency government response structures before, during and after disaster

Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

1. Get to know natural as well as manmade disaster and their extent and possible effects on the economy.
2. Plan of national importance structures based upon the previous history.
3. Get acquainted with government policies, acts and various organizational structure associated with an emergency.
4. Get to know the simple do's and don'ts in such extreme events and act accordingly.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
01	<p>Introduction</p> <p>1.1 Definition of Disaster, hazard, global and Indian scenario, general perspective, importance of study in human life, Direct and indirect effects of disasters, long term effects of disasters. Introduction to global warming and climate change.</p>	03
02	<p>Natural Disaster and Manmade disasters:</p> <p>Natural Disaster: Meaning and nature of natural disaster, Flood, Flash flood, drought, cloud burst, Earthquake, Landslides, Avalanches, Volcanic eruptions, Mudflow, Cyclone, Storm, Storm Surge, climate change, global warming, sea level rise, ozone depletion</p> <p>Manmade Disasters: Chemical, Industrial, Nuclear and Fire Hazards. Role of growing population and subsequent industrialization, urbanization and changing lifestyle of human beings in frequent occurrences of manmade disasters.</p>	09
03	<p>Disaster Management, Policy and Administration</p> <p>Disaster management: meaning, concept, importance, objective of disaster management policy, disaster risks in India, Paradigm shift in disaster management.</p> <p>Policy and administration:</p> <p>Importance and principles of disaster management policies, command and co-ordination of in disaster management, rescue operations-how to start with and how to proceed in due course of time, study of flowchart showing the entire process.</p>	06
04	<p>Institutional Framework for Disaster Management in India:</p> <p>4.1 Importance of public awareness, Preparation and execution of emergencymanagement programme.Scope and responsibilities of National Institute of Disaster Management (NIDM) and National disaster management authority (NDMA) in India.Methods and measures to avoid disasters, Management of</p>	06

	<p>casualties, set up of emergency facilities, importance of effective communication amongst different agencies in such situations.</p> <p>4.2 Use of Internet and softwares for effective disaster management. Applications of GIS, Remote sensing and GPS in this regard.</p>	
05	<p>Financing Relief Measures: Ways to raise finance for relief expenditure, role of government agencies and NGO's in this process, Legal aspects related to finance raising as well as overall management of disasters. Various NGO's and the works they have carried out in the past on the occurrence of various disasters, Ways to approach these teams. International relief aid agencies and their role in extreme events.</p>	09
06	<p>Preventive and Mitigation Measures: Pre-disaster, during disaster and post-disaster measures in some events in general Structural mapping: Risk mapping, assessment and analysis, sea walls and embankments, Bio shield, shelters, early warning and communication Non Structural Mitigation: Community based disaster preparedness, risk transfer and risk financing, capacity development and training, awareness and education, contingency plans. Do's and don'ts in case of disasters and effective implementation of relief aids.</p>	06

Assessment:

Internal:

Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Some guidelines for setting up the question paper. Minimum 80% syllabus should be covered in question papers of end semester examination. **In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.**

1. Question paper will comprise of total six question
2. All question carry equal marks
3. Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4. Only Four question need to be solved.

REFERENCES:

1. 'Disaster Management' by Harsh K.Gupta, Universities Press Publications.
2. 'Disaster Management: An Appraisal of Institutional Mechanisms in India' by O.S.Dagur, published by Centre for land warfare studies, New Delhi, 2011.
3. 'Introduction to International Disaster Management' by Damon Copolla, Butterworth Heinemann Elseveir Publications.
4. 'Disaster Management Handbook' by Jack Pinkowski, CRC Press Taylor and Francis group.
5. 'Disaster management & rehabilitation' by Rajdeep Dasgupta, Mittal Publications, New Delhi.
6. 'Natural Hazards and Disaster Management, Vulnerability and Mitigation – R B Singh, Rawat Publications
7. Concepts and Techniques of GIS –C.P.Lo Albert, K.W. Young – Prentice Hall (India) Publications. (Learners are expected to refer reports published at national and International level and updated information available on authentic web sites)

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO7018	Energy Audit and Management	03

Objectives:

1. To understand the importance energy security for sustainable development and the fundamentals of energy conservation.
2. To introduce performance evaluation criteria of various electrical and thermal installations to facilitate the energy management
3. To relate the data collected during performance evaluation of systems for identification of energy saving opportunities.

Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

1. To identify and describe present state of energy security and its importance.
2. To identify and describe the basic principles and methodologies adopted in energy audit of an utility.
3. To describe the energy performance evaluation of some common electrical installations and identify the energy saving opportunities.
4. To describe the energy performance evaluation of some common thermal installations and identify the energy saving opportunities
5. To analyze the data collected during performance evaluation and recommend energy saving measures

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
01	<p>Energy Scenario: Present Energy Scenario, Energy Pricing, Energy Sector Reforms, Energy Security, Energy Conservation and its Importance, Energy Conservation Act- 2001 and its Features. Basics of Energy and its various forms, Material and Energy balance</p>	04
02	<p>Energy Audit Principles: Definition, Energy audit- need, Types of energy audit, Energy management (audit) approach-understanding energy costs, Bench marking, Energy performance, Matching energy use to requirement, Maximizing system efficiencies, Optimizing the input energy requirements, Fuel and energy substitution. Elements of monitoring & targeting; Energy audit Instruments; Data and information-analysis.</p> <p>Financial analysis techniques: Simple payback period, NPV, Return on investment (ROI), Internal rate of return (IRR)</p>	08
03	<p>Energy Management and Energy Conservation in Electrical System: Electricity billing, Electrical load management and maximum demand Control; Power factor improvement, Energy efficient equipments and appliances, star ratings.</p> <p>Energy efficiency measures in lighting system, Lighting control: Occupancy sensors, daylight integration, and use of intelligent controllers.</p> <p>Energy conservation opportunities in: water pumps, industrial drives, induction motors, motor retrofitting, soft starters, variable speed drives.</p>	10

04	Energy Management and Energy Conservation in Thermal Systems: Review of different thermal loads; Energy conservation opportunities in: Steam distribution system, Assessment of steam distribution losses, Steam leakages, Steam trapping, Condensate and flash steam recovery system. General fuel economy measures in Boilers and furnaces, Waste heat recovery, use of insulation- types and application. HVAC system: Coefficient of performance, Capacity, factors affecting Refrigeration and Air Conditioning system performance and savings opportunities.	10
05	Energy Performance Assessment: On site Performance evaluation techniques, Case studies based on: Motors and variable speed drive, pumps, HVAC system calculations; Lighting System: Installed Load Efficacy Ratio (ILER) method, Financial Analysis.	04
06	Energy conservation in Buildings: Energy Conservation Building Codes (ECBC): Green Building, LEED rating, Application of Non-Conventional and Renewable Energy Sources	03

Assessment:

Internal:

Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Some guidelines for setting up the question paper. Minimum 80% syllabus should be covered in question papers of end semester examination. **In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.**

1. Question paper will comprise of total six question
2. All question carry equal marks
3. Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4. Only Four question need to be solved.

REFERENCES:

1. Handbook of Electrical Installation Practice, Geofry Stokes, Blackwell Science
2. Designing with light: Lighting Handbook, By Anil Valia, Lighting System
3. Energy Management Handbook, By W.C. Turner, John Wiley and Sons
4. Handbook on Energy Audits and Management, edited by A. K. Tyagi, Tata Energy Research Institute (TERI).
5. Energy Management Principles, C.B.Smith, Pergamon Press
6. Energy Conservation Guidebook, Dale R. Patrick, S. Fardo, Ray E. Richardson, Fairmont Press
7. Handbook of Energy Audits, Albert Thumann, W. J. Younger, T. Niehus, CRC Press
8. www.energymanagertraining.com
9. www.bee-india.nic.in

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO7019	Development Engineering	03

Objectives:

1. To familiarise the characteristics of rural Society and the Scope, Nature and Constraints of rural Development
2. To provide an exposure to implications of 73rdCAA on Planning, Development and Governance of Rural Areas
3. An exploration of human values, which go into making a ‘good’ human being, a ‘good’ professional, a ‘good’ society and a ‘good life’ in the context of work life and the personal life of modern Indian professionals
4. To familiarise the Nature and Type of Human Values relevant to Planning Institutions

Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

1. Demonstrate understanding of knowledge for Rural Development.
2. Prepare solutions for Management Issues.
3. Take up Initiatives and design Strategies to complete the task
4. Develop acumen for higher education and research.
5. Demonstrate the art of working in group of different nature
6. Develop confidence to take up rural project activities independently

Module	Contents	Hrs
1	<p>Introduction to Rural Development Meaning, nature and scope of development; Nature of rural society in India; Hierarchy of settlements; Social, economic and ecological constraints for rural development</p> <p>Roots of Rural Development in India Rural reconstruction and Sarvodaya programme before independence; Impact of voluntary effort and Sarvodaya Movement on rural development; Constitutional direction, directive principles; Panchayati Raj - beginning of planning and community development; National extension services.</p>	08
2	<p>Post-Independence rural Development Balwant Rai Mehta Committee - three tier system of rural local Government; Need and scope for people's participation and Panchayati Raj; Ashok Mehta Committee - linkage between Panchayati Raj, participation and rural development.</p>	06
3	<p>Rural Development Initiatives in Five Year Plans Five Year Plans and Rural Development; Planning process at National, State, Regional and District levels; Planning, development, implementing and monitoring organizations and agencies; Urban and rural interface - integrated approach and local plans; Development initiatives and their convergence; Special component plan and sub-plan for the weaker section; Micro-eco zones; Data base for local planning; Need for decentralized planning; Sustainable rural development</p>	07

4	Post 73rd Amendment Scenario 73rd Constitution Amendment Act, including - XI schedule, devolution of powers, functions and finance; Panchayati Raj institutions - organizational linkages; Recent changes in rural local planning; Gram Sabha - revitalized Panchayati Raj; Institutionalization; resource mapping, resource mobilization including social mobilization; Information Technology and rural planning; Need for further amendments.	04
5	Values and Science and Technology Material development and its values; the challenge of science and technology; Values in planning profession, research and education Types of Values Psychological values — integrated personality; mental health; Societal values — the modern search for a good society; justice, democracy, rule of law, values in the Indian constitution; Aesthetic values — perception and enjoyment of beauty; Moral and ethical values; nature of moral judgment; Spiritual values; different concepts; secular spirituality; Relative and absolute values; Human values— humanism and human values; human rights; human values as freedom, creativity, love and wisdom	10
6	Ethics Canons of ethics; ethics of virtue; ethics of duty; ethics of responsibility; Work ethics; Professional ethics; Ethics in planning profession, research and education	04

Assessment:

Internal Assessment for 20 marks:

Consisting Two Compulsory Class Tests

First test based on approximately 40% of contents and second test based on remaining contents (approximately 40% but excluding contents covered in Test I)

End Semester Examination:

Weightage of each module in end semester examination will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

1. Question paper will comprise of total **six questions, each carrying 20 marks**
2. **Question 1 will be compulsory and should cover maximum contents of the curriculum**
3. **Remaining questions will be mixed in nature** (for example if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4. **Only Four questions need to be solved**

Reference

1. ITPI, Village Planning and Rural Development, ITPI, New Delhi
2. Thooyan, K.R. Human Settlements: A 2005 MA Publication, Chennai
3. GoI, Constitution (73rdGoI, New Delhi Amendment) Act, GoI, New Delhi
4. Planning Commission, Five Year Plans, Planning Commission
5. Planning Commission, Manual of Integrated District Planning, 2006, Planning Commission New Delhi
6. Planning Guide to Beginners
7. Weaver, R.C., The Urban Complex, Doubleday
8. Farmer, W.P. et al, Ethics in Planning, American Planning Association, Washington

9. How, E., Normative Ethics in Planning, Journal of Planning Literature, Vol.5, No.2, pp. 123-150
10. Watson, V. Conflicting Rationalities: -- Implications for Planning Theory and Ethics, Planning Theory and Practice, Vol. 4, No.4, pp.395 – 407

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Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSL701	Deep Learning Lab	1

Prerequisite: Python Programming, Engineering Mathematics	
Lab Objectives:	
1	To implement basic neural network models.
2	To implement various training algorithms for feedforward neural networks.
3	To design deep learning models for supervised, unsupervised and sequence learning.
Lab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to	
1	Implement basic neural network models.
2	Design and train feedforward neural networks using various learning algorithms and optimize model performance.
3	Build and train deep learning models such as Autoencoders, CNNs, RNN, LSTM,GRU etc.

Suggested List of Experiments	
1.	Based on Module 1 using Virtual Lab <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Implement Multilayer Perceptron algorithm to simulate XOR gate. 2. To explore python libraries for deep learning e.g. Theano, TensorFlow etc.
2	Module 2 (Any Two) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Apply any of the following learning algorithms to learn the parameters of the supervised single layer feed forward neural network. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Stochastic Gradient Descent b. Mini Batch Gradient Descent c. Momentum GD d. Nestorev GD e. Adagrad GD f. Adam Learning GD 4. Implement a backpropagation algorithm to train a DNN with at least 2 hidden layers. 5. Design and implement a fully connected deep neural network with at least 2 hidden layers for a classification application. Use appropriate Learning Algorithm, output function and loss function.
3.	Module 3 (Any One)

	<p>6. Design the architecture and implement the autoencoder model for Image Compression.</p> <p>7. Design the architecture and implement the autoencoder model for Image denoising.</p>
4	Module 4 (Any One)
	<p>8. Design and implement a CNN model for digit recognition application.</p> <p>9. Design and implement a CNN model for image classification.</p>
	Module 5 (Any Two)
	<p>10. Design and implement LSTM model for handwriting recognition, speech recognition, machine translation, speech activity detection, robot control, video games, time series forecasting etc.</p> <p>11. Design and implement GRU for any real life applications, chat bots etc.</p> <p>12. Design and implement RNN for classification of temporal data , sequence to sequence data modelling etc.</p>

Textbooks:	
1	Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville. —Deep Learning, MIT Press Ltd, 2016
2	Li Deng and Dong Yu, —Deep Learning Methods and Applications, Publishers Inc.
3	Satish Kumar "Neural Networks A Classroom Approach" Tata McGraw-Hill.
4	JM Zurada —Introduction to Artificial Neural Systems, Jaico Publishing House
5	M. J. Kochenderfer, Tim A. Wheeler. —Algorithms for Optimization, MIT Press.
References:	
1	Deep Learning from Scratch: Building with Python from First Principles- Seth Weidman by O'Reilley
2	François Chollet. —Deep learning with Python —(Vol. 361). 2018 New York: Manning.
3	Douwe Osinga. —Deep Learning Cookbook, O'REILLY, SPD Publishers, Delhi.
4	Simon Haykin, Neural Network- A Comprehensive Foundation- Prentice Hall International, Inc
5	S.N.Sivanandam and S.N.Deepa, Principles of soft computing-Wiley India
Web References:	
1	https://keras.io/
2	https://stanford.edu/~shervine/teaching/cs-230/cheatsheet-recurrent-neural-networks
3	https://keras.io/examples/vision/autoencoder/
4	https://stanford.edu/~shervine/teaching/cs-230/cheatsheet-convolutional-neural-networks

Term Work:
1 Term work should consist of 8 experiments.
2 The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
3 The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignment: 05-marks)
Practical and Oral exam
Oral examination based on the entire syllabus of CSC:701

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Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CSL702	Big Data Analytics Lab	1

Prerequisite: Java/Python

Lab Objectives:

- 1 To provide an overview of an exciting growing field of big data analytics.
- 2 To introduce programming skills to build simple solutions using big data technologies such as MapReduce and scripting for NoSQL, and the ability to write parallel algorithms for multiprocessor execution.
- 3 To teach the fundamental techniques and principles in achieving big data analytics with scalability and streaming capability.
- 4 To enable students to have skills that will help them to solve complex real-world problems in decision support.

Lab Outcomes:

- 1 Understand the key issues in big data management and its associated applications for business decisions and strategy.
- 2 Develop problem solving and critical thinking skills in fundamental enabling techniques like Hadoop, Map reduce and NoSQL in big data analytics.
- 3 Collect, manage, store, query and analyze various forms of Big Data.
- 4 Interpret business models and scientific computing paradigms, and apply software tools for big data analytics.
- 5 Adapt adequate perspectives of big data analytics in various applications like recommender systems, social media applications etc.
- 6 Solve Complex real world problems in various applications like recommender systems, social media applications, health and medical systems, etc.

Suggested Experiments:

Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment
1	Hadoop HDFS Practical: -HDFS Basics, Hadoop Ecosystem Tools Overview. -Installing Hadoop. -Copying File to Hadoop. -Copy from Hadoop File system and deleting file. -Moving and displaying files in HDFS. -Programming exercises on Hadoop.
2	Use of Sqoop tool to transfer data between Hadoop and relational database servers. a. Sqoop - Installation. b. To execute basic commands of Hadoop eco system component Sqoop.
3	To install and configure MongoDB/ Cassandra/ HBase/ Hypertable to execute NoSQL commands.
4	Experiment on Hadoop Map-Reduce / PySpark: -Implementing simple algorithms in Map-Reduce: Matrix multiplication, Aggregates, Joins, Sorting, Searching, etc.
5	Create HIVE Database and Descriptive analytics-basic statistics, visualization using Hive/PIG/R.
6	Write a program to implement word count programs using MapReduce.
7	Implementing DGIM algorithm using any Programming Language/ Implement Bloom Filter using any programming language.
8	Implementing any one Clustering algorithm (K-Means/CURE) using Map-Reduce.
9	Streaming data analysis – use flume for data capture, HIVE/PYSpark for analysis of twitter data, chat data, weblog analysis etc.
10	Implement PageRank using Map-Reduce.
11	Implement predictive Analytics techniques (regression / time series, etc.) using R/ Scilab/ Tableau/ Rapid miner.

Useful Links	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117/102/117102062/
2	https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=305
3	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106167/

Term Work:	
1	Term work should consist of 10 experiments
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments based on Theory and Practical's
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)
Oral & Practical exam:	
	Oral examination based on the entire syllabus of CSC702 and CSL702

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Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSDOL7011	Natural Language Processing Lab	1

Prerequisite: Java/Python	
Lab Objectives:	
1	To understand the key concepts of NLP.
2	To learn various phases of NLP
3	To design and implement various language models and POS tagging techniques
4	To understand various NLP Algorithms
5	To learn NLP applications such as Information Extraction, Sentiment Analysis, Question answering, Machine translation etc.
6	To design and implement applications based on natural language processing
Lab Outcomes:	
1	Apply various text processing techniques
2	Design language model for word level analysis
3	Design, implement and analyze NLP algorithms
4	Realize semantics of English language for text processing
5	To apply NLP techniques to design real world NLP applications such as machine translation, sentiment analysis, text summarization, information extraction, Question Answering system etc.
6	Implement proper experimental methodology for training and evaluating empirical NLP systems

Suggested Experiments:	
Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment
1	Study various applications of NLP and Formulate the Problem Statement for Mini Project based on chosen real world NLP applications: [Machine Translation, Text Categorization, Text summarization, Chat Bot, Plagiarism, Spelling & Grammar Checkers, Sentiment / Opinion analysis, Question answering, Personal Assistant, Tutoring Systems, etc.]

2	Apply various text preprocessing techniques for any given text: Tokenization and Filtration & Script Validation
3	Apply various other text preprocessing techniques for any given text: Stop Word Removal, Lemmatization / Stemming
4	Perform morphological analysis and word generation for any given text
5	Implement N-Gram model for the given text input
6	Study the different POS taggers and Perform POS tagging on the given text
7	Perform chunking by analyzing the importance of selecting proper features for training a model and size of training
8	Implement Named Entity Recognizer for the given text input
9	Implement Text Similarity Recognizer for the chosen text documents
10	Implement word sense disambiguation using LSTM/GRU
11	Exploratory data analysis of a given text (Word Cloud)
12	Mini Project Report: For any one chosen real world NLP application
13	Implementation and Presentation of Mini Project

Useful Links	
1	List%20of%20experiments.html">https://nlp-iiith.vlabs.ac.in>List%20of%20experiments.html
2	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_cs102/preview
3	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs87/preview
4	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105158

Term Work:	
1	Term work should consist of 08 experiments and mini project
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments based on Theory and Practical's

3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)
Oral & Practical exam:	
	Oral examination based on the entire syllabus of CSDO701 and CSL703

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Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSDOL7012	AI for Healthcare Lab	1

Prerequisites: Python

Lab Objective

- 1 To Collect, clean, integrate, and transform healthcare data for a specific disease.
- 2 To Perform exploratory data analysis on healthcare data.
- 3 To Develop AI models for medical diagnosis using MRI/X-ray data.
- 4 To Build AI models for medical prognosis.
- 5 Extract entities from medical reports using natural language processing.
- To Predict disease risk using patient data

Lab Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1 Understand computational models of AI ,
- 2 Develop healthcare applications using appropriate computational tools.
- 3 Apply appropriate models to solve specific healthcare problems.
- 4 Analyze and justify the performance of specific models as applied to healthcare problems.
- 5 Design and implement AI based healthcare applications.

Suggested Experiments:

Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment
1	Collect, Clean, Integrate and Transform Healthcare Data based on specific disease.
2	Perform Exploratory data analysis of Healthcare Data.
3	AI for medical diagnosis based on MRI/X-ray data.
4	AI for medical prognosis .
5	Natural language Entity Extraction from medical reports.
6	Predict disease risk from Patient data.
7	Medical Reviews Analysis from social media data.
8	Explainable AI in healthcare for model interpretation.
9	Mini Project-Design and implement innovative web/mobile based AI application using Healthcare Data. (this needs to be implemented in group of 3-4 students)
10	Documentation and Presentation of Mini Project.

Textbooks:

- 1 Arjun Panesar, "Machine Learning and AI for Healthcare", A Press.

References:

1	Erik R. Ranschaert Sergey Morozov Paul R. Algra, "Artificial Intelligence in medical Imaging- Opportunities, Applications and Risks", Springer
2	Sergio Consoli Diego Reforgiato Recupero Milan Petković, "Data Science for Healthcare- Methodologies and Applications", Springer
3	Dac-Nhuong Le, Chung Van Le, Jolanda G. Tromp, Gia Nhu Nguyen, "Emerging technologies for health and medicine", Wiley.
4	Ton J. Cleophas • Aeilko H. Zwinderman, "Machine Learning in Medicine- Complete Overview", Springer

Useful Links

1	https://www.coursera.org/learn/introduction-tensorflow?specialization=tensorflow-in-practice
2	https://www.coursera.org/learn/convolutional-neural-networks-tensorflow?specialization=tensorflow-in-practice
3	https://datarade.ai/data-categories/electronic-health-record-ehr-data
4	https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/E-Health/EHealthRecords
5	https://www.coursera.org/learn/tensorflow-sequences-time-series-and-prediction?specialization=tensorflow-in-practice

Term Work:

1	Term work should consist of 8 experiments and a Mini Project.
2	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
3	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 10-Marks, Mini Project-10 Marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks)

Oral examination based on the entire syllabus of CSDO7012

Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSLD7013	Neural Networks and Fuzzy Systems Lab	1

Prerequisite: C/C++/Java/MATLAB

Lab Objectives:

- 1 Articulate basic knowledge of fuzzy set theory through programming.
- 2 To design Associative Memory Networks.
- 3 To apply Unsupervised learning towards Networks design.
- 4 To demonstrate Special networks and its applications in soft computing.
- 5 To implement Hybrid computing systems.

Lab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- 1 Implement Fuzzy operations and functions towards Fuzzy-rule creations.
- 2 Build and training Associative Memory Network.
- 3 Build Unsupervised learning based networks.
- 4 Design and implement architecture of Special Networks
- 5 Implement Neuro-Fuzzy hybrid computing applications.

Suggested Experiments:

Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment
1	Demonstrate Union and intersection of two Fuzzy Sets.
2	Demonstrate difference between two Fuzzy Sets.
3	Implement Fuzzy membership functions.
4	Implement Fuzzy Inference system (FIS).
5	Implement any De-fuzzification of membership method.
6	Implement Bidirectional Associative Memory(BAM) Network
7	Implement Radial basis function network.
8	Implement Basic Neural Network learning rules.
9	Implement any Unsupervised Learning algorithm.

10	Implement Kohonen Self- Organizing Feature Maps
11	Implement a Probabilistic Neural Network.
12	Implement any Ensemble neural model.
13	Design any one Neuro-Fuzzy system.

Useful Links	
1	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_ge07/preview
2	http://www.nitttrc.edu.in/nptel/courses/video/127105006/L25.html
3	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/104/108104157/

Term Work:	
1	Term work should consist of 08 experiments, 1 case study.
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments based on Theory and Practical's.
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)
Oral exam:	
	Oral examination based on the entire syllabus of CSDO7023 and CSDL7033

Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSDL7021	User Experience Design with VR Lab	1

Prerequisite: Computer Graphics, Python	
Lab Objectives:	
1	To perform installation of Unity
2	To explore working of VR Gadget
3	To develop scene VR application
4	To track objects in virtual environment
Lab Outcomes:	
1	Setup VR development environment
2	Use HTC Vive/ Google Cardboard/ Google Daydream and Samsung gear VR.
3	Develop VR scene and place object
4	Identify, examine and develop software that reflects fundamental techniques for the design and deployment of VR experiences

Suggested Experiments:	
Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment
1	Installation of Unity and Visual Studio, setting up Unity for VR development, understanding documentation of the same.
2	Demonstration of the working of HTC Vive, Google Cardboard, Google Daydream and Samsung gear VR.
3	Develop a scene in Unity that includes: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a cube, plane and sphere, apply transformations on the 3 game objects. add a video and audio source
4	Develop a scene in Unity that includes a cube, plane and sphere. Create a new material and texture separately for three Game objects. Change the colour, material and texture of

	each Game object separately in the scene. Write a C# program in visual studio to change the colour and material/texture of the game objects dynamically on button click
5	Develop a scene in Unity that includes a sphere and plane . Apply Rigid body component, material and Box collider to the game Objects. Write a C# program to grab and throw the sphere using vr controller.
6	Develop a simple UI(User interface) menu with images, canvas, sprites and button. Write a C# program to interact with UI menu through VR trigger button such that on each successful trigger interaction display a score on scene .
7	Create an immersive environment (living room/ battlefield/ tennis court) with only static game objects. 3D game objects can be created using Blender or use available 3D models
8	Include animation and interaction in the immersive environment created in Assignment 7.
9	Case Study/Mini Project: Create a virtual environment for any use case. The application must include at least 4 scenes which can be changed dynamically, a good UI, animation and interaction with game objects. (e.g. VR application to visit a zoo)
10	Presentation of Mini Project

Useful Links	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106138
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/121106013
3	https://www.coursera.org/learn/develop-augmented-virtual-mixed-extended-reality-applications-webxr-unity-unreal
4	https://tih.iitr.ac.in/AR-VR.html

Term Work:	
1	Term work should consist of 08 experiments and mini project
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments based on Theory and Practical's

3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)
Oral & Practical exam:	
	Oral examination based on the entire syllabus of CSDO704 and CSL704

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Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSDOL7022	Blockchain Lab	1

Prerequisite: Java, Python, JavaScript.

Lab Objectives:

- 1 To develop and deploy smart contracts on local Blockchain.
- 2 To deploy the smart contract on test networks.
- 3 To deploy and publish smart contracts on Ethereum test network.
- 4 To design and develop crypto currency.
- 5 To deploy chain code on permissioned Blockchain.
- 6 To design and develop a Full-fledged DApp using Ethereum/Hyperledger.

Lab Outcomes:

- 1 Develop and test smart contract on local Blockchain.
- 2 Develop and test smart contract on Ethereum test networks.
- 3 Write and deploy smart contract using Remix IDE and Metamask.
- 4 Design and develop Cryptocurrency.
- 5 Write and deploy chain code in Hyperledger Fabric.
- 6 Develop and test a Full-fledged DApp using Ethereum/Hyperledger.

Suggested Experiments:

Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment
1	Local Blockchain: Introduction to Truffle, establishing local Blockchain using Truffle a) Cryptography in Blockchain and Merkle root tree hash
2	Smart contracts and Chain code: Solidity programming language, chain code (Java/JavaScript/Go), deployment on Truffle local a) Creating Smart Contract using Solidity b) Embedding wallet and transaction using Solidity

3	Deployment and publishing smart contracts on Ethereum test network: Ethereum Test networks (Ropsten/Gorelli/Rinkeby), deployment on test networks, Web3.js/Web3.py for interaction with Ethereum smart contract <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Blockchain platform ethereum using Geth. Blockchain platform Ganache
4	Remix IDE and Metamask: Smart contract development and deployment using Metamask and Remix. Design and develop Crypto currency
5	Chain code deployment in Hyperledger Fabric: Chain code deployment in Hyperledger fabric Mini project: Study required front end tools
6	Case Study on Hyperledger
7	Case Study on Other Blockchain platforms.
8	Creating a blockchain Application
9	Mini-project on Design and Development of a DApps using Ethereum/Hyperledger Fabric: Implementation of Mini Project, <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Design, configure and testing of mini project Report submission as per guidelines Implementation and Presentation of Mini Projects

Text Books:

1. Ethereum Smart Contract Development, Mayukh Mukhopadhyay, Packt publication.
2. Solidity Programming Essentials: A Beginner's Guide to Build Smart Contracts for Ethereum and Blockchain, Ritesh Modi, Packt publication.
3. Hands-on Smart Contract Development with Hyperledger Fabric V2, Matt Zand, Xun Wu and Mark Anthony Morris, O'Reilly.

Reference Books:

1. Mastering Blockchain, Imran Bashir, Packt Publishing
2. Introducing Ethereum and Solidity, Chris Dannen, APress.
3. Hands-on Blockchain with Hyperledger, Nitin Gaur, Packt Publishing.

Mini project:

1. Students should carry out mini-project in a group of three/four students with a subject In-charge
2. The group should meet with the concerned faculty during laboratory hours and the

progress of work discussed must be documented.

3. Each group should perform a detailed literature survey and formulate a problem statement.
4. Each group will identify the hardware and software requirement for their defined mini project problem statement.
5. Design, develop and test their smart contract/chain code.
6. Each group may present their work in various project competitions and paper presentations

Documentation of the Mini Project

The Mini Project Report can be made on following lines:

1. Abstract
2. Contents
3. List of figures and tables
4. Chapter-1 (Introduction, Literature survey, Problem definition, Objectives, Proposed Solution, Technology/platform used)
5. Chapter-2 (System design/Block diagram, Flow chart, Software requirements, cost estimation)
6. Chapter-3 (Implementation snapshots/figures with explanation, code, future directions)
7. Chapter-4 (Conclusion)
8. References

Useful Links

1	https://trufflesuite.com/
2	https://metamask.io/
3	https://remix.ethereum.org/
4	https://www.hyperledger.org/use/fabric

Term Work:

1	Term work should consist of 08 experiments and mini project
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments based on Theory and Practical's
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.

4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)
Oral & Practical exam:	
	Oral examination based on the Mini Project, Presentation and CSDO7022.

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Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSDOL7023	Game Theory for Data Science LAB	1

Prerequisite: Probability , Algebra

Lab Objectives:	
1	To understand fundamental game theory concepts.
2	To apply game theory to real-world data science scenarios.
3	To analyze Nash equilibria in different types of games.
4	To investigate mixed strategies and their implications.
5	To learn game theory algorithms and computational tools.
6	To explore applications of game theory in data science.

Lab Outcomes: Learner will be able to	
1	Gain a solid understanding of fundamental game theory concepts.
2	Develop the ability to apply game theory principles to real-world data science problems.
3	Analyze and identify Nash equilibria in various game scenarios.
4	Comprehend the implications and applications of mixed strategies in game theory.
5	Acquire practical skills in utilizing game theory algorithms and computational tools.
6	Explore and appreciate the wide range of applications of game theory in data science.

List of Experiments

Sr.	Experiment
No	
1.	Prisoners dilemma
2.	Pure Strategy Nash Equilibrium
3.	Extensive Form – Graphs and Trees, Game Trees
4.	Strategic Form – Elimination of dominant strategy
5.	Minimax theorem, minimax strategies
6.	Perfect information games: trees, players assigned to nodes, payoffs, backward Induction, subgame perfect equilibrium,
7.	Imperfect-information games – Mixed Strategy Nash Equilibrium – Finding mixed-strategy Nash equilibria for zero sum games, mixed versus behavioral strategies.
8.	Repeated Games
9.	Bayesian Nash equilibrium
10	Implementation of any game for example Tic Tac To , coloring triangle , water jug , 8 queen , 8 puzzle etc (this should be done in group of 3-4)

Textbooks:

1	An Introduction to Game Theory by Martin J. Osborne
2	M. J. Osborne, An Introduction to Game Theory. Oxford University Press, 2004.

References:

1	M. Machler, E. Solan, S. Zamir, Game Theory, Cambridge University Press, 2013.
2	N. Nisan, T. Roughgarden, E. Tardos, and V. V. Vazirani (Editors), Algorithmic Game Theory. Cambridge University Press, 2007.
3	A.Dixit and S. Skeath, Games of Strategy, Second Edition. W W Norton & Co Inc, 2004.
4	YoavShoham, Kevin Leyton-Brown, Multiagent Systems: Algorithmic, Game-Theoretic, and Logical Foundations, Cambridge University Press 2008.
5	Zhu Han, DusitNiyato, WalidSaad, TamerBasar and Are Hjorungnes, “Game Theory in Wireless and Communication Networks”, Cambridge University Press, 2012.
6	Y.Narahari, “Game Theory and Mechanism Design”, IISC Press, World Scientific.

Digital References:

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/110104063>
2. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_ge32/preview

Term Work:

1. Term work should consist of 10 experiments.
2. The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
3. The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
4. Total 25 Marks
 - a. Experiments: 15-marks,
 - b. Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks,
 - c. Assignment: 05-marks

Oral examination based on the entire syllabus of CSDO7023

Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSP701	Major Project 1	3

Course Objectives:	
1	To acquaint with the process of identifying the needs and converting it into the problem.
2	To familiarize the process of solving the problem in a group.
3	To acquaint with the process of applying basic engineering fundamentals to attempt solutions to the problems.
4	To inculcate the process of self-learning and research.
Course Outcomes:	
1	Identify problems based on societal /research needs.
2	Apply Knowledge and skill to solve societal problems in a group
3	Draw the proper inferences from available results through theoretical/ experimental/simulations
4	Analyse the impact of solutions in societal and environmental context for sustainable development.
5	Demonstrate capabilities of self-learning in a group, which leads to life long learning.
6	Demonstrate project management principles during project work.

Guidelines:

1. Project Topic Selection and Allocation:

- Project topic selection Process to be defined and followed:
 - Project orientation can be given at the end of sixth semester.
 - Students should be informed about the domain and domain experts whose guidance can be taken before selecting projects.
 - Student's should be recommended to refer papers from reputed conferences/journals like IEEE, Elsevier, ACM etc. which are not more than 3 years old for review of literature.
 - Dataset selected for the project should be large and realtime
 - Students can certainly take ideas from anywhere, but be sure that they should evolve them in the unique way to suit their project requirements. Students can be informed to refer Digital India portal, SIH portal or any other hackathon portal for problem selection.
- Topics can be finalized with respect to following criterion:
 - **Topic Selection:** The topics selected should be novel in nature (Product based, Application based or Research based) or should work towards removing the lacuna in currently existing systems.

- **Technology Used:** Use of latest technology or modern tools can be encouraged. AI, ML, DL, NNFS, NLP based algorithms can be implemented
- Students should not repeat work done previously (work done in the last three years).
- Project work must be carried out by the group of at least 3 students and maximum 4.
- The project work can be undertaken in a research institute or organization/Industry/any business establishment. (out-house projects)
- The project proposal presentations can be scheduled according to the domains and should be judged by faculty who are expert in the domain.
- Head of department and senior staff along with project coordinators will take decision regarding final selection of projects.
- Guide allocation should be done and students have to submit weekly progress report to the internal guide.
- Internal guide has to keep track of the progress of the project and also has to maintain attendance report. This progress report can be used for awarding term work marks.
- In case of industry/ out-house projects, visit by internal guide will be preferred and external members can be called during the presentation at various levels

2. Project Report Format:

At the end of semester, each group needs to prepare a project report as per the guidelines issued by the University of Mumbai.

A project report should preferably contain following details:

- Abstract
- Introduction
- Literature Survey/ Existing system
- Limitation Existing system or research gap
- Problem Statement and Objective
- Proposed System
- Analysis/Framework/ Algorithm
- Design details
- Methodology (your approach to solve the problem) Proposed System
- Experimental Set up
- Details of Database or details about input to systems or selected data
- Performance Evaluation Parameters (for Validation)
- Software and Hardware Setup
- Implementation Plan for Next Semester
- Timeline Chart for Term1 and Term-II (Project Management tools can be used.)
- References

Desirable

Students can be asked to undergo some Certification course (for the technical skill set that will be useful and applicable for projects.)

3. Term Work:

Distribution of marks for term work shall be done based on following:

- Weekly Log Report
- Project Work Contribution
- Project Report (Spiral Bound) (both side print)
- Term End Presentation (Internal)

The final certification and acceptance of TW ensures the satisfactory performance on the above aspects.

4. Oral and Practical:

Oral and Practical examination (Final Project Evaluation) of Project 1 should be conducted by Internal and External examiners approved by University of Mumbai at the end of the semester.

Suggested quality evaluation parameters are as follows:

- Quality of problem selected
- Clarity of problem definition and feasibility of problem solution
- Relevance to the specialization / industrial trends
- Originality
- Clarity of objective and scope
- Quality of analysis and design
- Quality of written and oral presentation
- Individual as well as teamwork

Course Code	Course Title	Credit
CSC801	Advanced Artificial Intelligence	3

Prerequisite: Engineering Mathematics, Data Structures and Algorithm, Python Programming

Course Objectives:

- 1 To relate with the basic concepts of Probabilistic Models.
- 2 To understand the scope of Generative Networks in the field of AI.
- 3 To recognize various components of Autoencoder Architecture and Training process.
- 4 To learn the fundamentals of Transfer Learning.
- 5 Provide students with a comprehensive understanding of ensemble methods and their applications.
- 6 To explore the nascent applications of AI

Course Outcomes: After successful completion of the course student will be able to

- 1 Acquire basic knowledge of Probabilistic Models.
- 2 Analyze the working and architecture for Generative Networks.
- 3 Interpret various components and various types of Autoencoders
- 4 Understand various aspects of Transfer Learning.
- 5 Apply ensemble learning techniques to real-world problems and demonstrate improved predictive performance.
- 6 Relate to the nascent technologies in the field of artificial intelligence.

Module	Content	Hrs
1.0	Generative and Probabilistic Models	08
	1.1 Introduction: Overview of generative models and their importance in AI, Fundamentals of Probability theory and generative modeling, Introduction to GANs, VAEs and other generative models. Significance of generative models, Challenges with generative models. Probabilistic Models: Gaussian Mixture Models (GMMs), Hidden Markov Models (HMMs), Bayesian Networks, Markov Random Field (MRFs), Probabilistic Graphical Model. 1.2	
2.0	Generative Adversarial Network	07
	2.1 Basics of GAN : Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs) architecture, The discriminator model and generator model, Architecture and Training GANs, Vanilla GAN Architecture. GAN variants and improvements (DCGAN, WGAN, Conditional GAN, CycleGAN), Challenges- Training instability and model collapse, GAN applications in image synthesis and style transfer.	
3.0	Variational Autoencoders	07

	<p>3.1 Introduction: Basic components of Variational Autoencoders(VAEs), Architecture and training of VAEs the loss function, Latent space representation and inference, Applications of VAEs in image generation.</p> <p>3.2 Types of Autoencoders: Undercomplete autoencoders, Sparse autoencoders, Contractive autoencoders, Denoising autoencoders, Variational Autoencoders (for generative modelling)</p>	
4.0	Transfer Learning	05
	<p>4.1 Introduction to transfer learning Basic terminologies, Pre-trained model and data sets, Feature extraction and fine tune transfer learning , Recent advancement in transfer learning : self-supervised learning and meta learning.</p>	
5.0	Ensemble learning	06
	<p>5.1 Ensemble Classifiers: Introduction to Ensemble Methods. Bagging and random forests, Boosting algorithms : AdaBoost Stacking and blending models, Extreme Gradient Boosting (XGBoost): XGBoost Regression and classification.</p>	
6.0	Nascent Technologies in AI	06
	<p>6.1 Convergence of AI with Augmented / Virtual reality techniques for product and process development Limitations of 2D Learning Environments, Evolution of virtual worlds and immersive technologies, Definition and concepts of Augmented Reality, Definition and concept of the Metaverse, Characteristics and components of the Metaverse, Challenges and opportunities in the Metaverse ecosystem, AI in the realm of emerging quantum computing paradigms</p>	

Textbooks:	
1	Foster, D., 2022. <i>Generative deep learning</i> . " O'Reilly Media, Inc.".
2	Koller, D. and Friedman, N., 2009. <i>Probabilistic graphical models: principles and techniques</i> . MIT press
3	Goodfellow, I., 2016. Deep Learning-Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville- Google Books
4	Murphy, K.P., 2012. <i>Machine learning: a probabilistic perspective</i> . MIT press
5	Zhou, Z.H., 2012. <i>Ensemble methods: foundations and algorithms</i> . CRC press.

References:	
1	Xiong, J., Hsiang, E.L., He, Z., Zhan, T. and Wu, S.T., 2021. Augmented reality and virtual reality displays: emerging technologies and future perspectives. <i>Light: Science & Applications</i> , 10(1), p.216.
2	Mystakidis, S., 2022. Metaverse. <i>Encyclopedia</i> , 2(1), pp.486-497
3	Gill, S.S., Xu, M., Ottaviani, C., Patros, P., Bahsoon, R., Shaghaghi, A., Golec, M., Stankovski, V., Wu, H., Abraham, A. and Singh, M., 2022. AI for next generation computing: Emerging trends and future directions. <i>Internet of Things</i> , 19, p.100514

4 Mangini, S., Tacchino, F., Gerace, D., Bajoni, D. and Macchiavello, C., 2021. Quantum computing models for artificial neural networks. *Europhysics Letters*, 134(1), p.10002.

Digital References:

<https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106201>

https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs62/preview

<https://machinelearningmastery.com/what-are-generative-adversarial-networks-gans/>

Assessment:

Internal Assessment:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

- 1 Question paper will comprise of total six questions.
- 2 All question carries equal marks
- 3 Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
- 4 Only Four question need to be solved.
- 5 In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.

Draft Spec

Course Code	Course Name	Total
CSDO8011	AI for financial & Banking application	03

Course Objectives:

Sr. No	Course Objectives
1	To understand the impact of technology and digitization on financial and banking enterprises.
2	To explore blockchain technologies in the financial sector.
3	To examine digital money transfer mechanisms and GIFT cities.
4	To evaluate the benefits of digitization and cloud services in banking.
5	To analyze enterprise software solutions for financial operations.
6	To study the integration of AI in banking processes

Course Outcomes:

Sr. No	Course Outcomes
On successful completion, of course, learner/student will be able to:	
1	Gain knowledge of technology's influence on financial and banking enterprises.
2	Understand the applications of blockchain in the financial sector.
3	Recognize digital money transfer mechanisms and its role in digitization
4	Evaluate the advantages of digitization and cloud services in banking.
5	Analyze enterprise software solutions for financial operations.
6	Explore the integration of AI in banking processes.

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1	Information Technology Infrastructure and Digitization of Financial Banking Enterprises	Digital Technology driven processes, BlockChair technologies for Financial – Banking sector, GIFT citie Digital Money transfer Mechanisms. Digitization/ cloud services and solutions in banking and financial services Profiling enterprise software's in financial and banking enterprises. Building Efficiencies, productivity, and infallibility in financial & Banking operations. Detailed study of various processes which shall be transformed by AI integration in banking and financial services.	04

		Self-learning : Introduction to business efficiencies, industrial productivity and high degree reliability systems for competitive advantage and carbon neutral enterprises.	
2	Financial Statistics and The Sharpe Ratio	Probability, Combinatorics, Mathematical Expectation ,Sample Mean, Standard Deviation, and Variance ,Sample Skewness and Kurtosis ,Sample Covariance and Correlation ,Financial Returns ,Capital Asset Pricing Model ,Sharpe Ratio Formula, Time Periods and Annualizing, Ranking Investment Candidates, The Quantmod Package, Measuring Income Statement Growth, Sharpe Ratios for Income Statement Growth	07
3	Cluster Analysis	K-Means Clustering, Dissecting the K-Means Algorithm Sparsity and Connectedness of Undirected Graph Covariance and Precision Matrices, Visualizing Covariance, The Wishart distribution Glasso Penalization for Undirected Graphs, Running the Glasso Algorithm, Tracking a Value Stock through the Years Regression on Yearly Sparsity , Regression on Quarterly Sparsity , Regression on Monthly Sparsity	07
4	Gauging the Market Sentiment	Markov Regime Switching Model, Reading the Market Data, Bayesian Reasoning, The Beta Distribution , Prior and Posterior Distributions , Examining Log Returns for Correlation ,Momentum Graphs ,Simulating Trading Strategies , Foreign Exchange Markets , Chart Analytics Initialization and Finalization , Momentum Indicators , Bayesian Reasoning within Positions , Entries , Exits ,Profitability,, Short-Term Volatility, The State Machine	07
5	Trading algorithms	Vectorized Backtesting, Backtesting an SMA-Based Strategy, Backtesting a Daily DNN-Based Strategy Backtesting an Intraday DNN-Based Strategy , Risk Management : Trading Bot , Vectorized Backtesting Event-Based Backtesting ,Assessing Risk , Backtesting Risk Measures , Stop Loss , Trailing Stop Loss , Take Profit	07
6	Fraud Analytics	Introduction , The Analytical Fraud Model Life Cycle , Model Representation , Traffic Light Indicator Approach ,Decision Tables , Selecting the Sample to Investigate ,Fraud Alert and Case Management ,Visual Analytics ,Backtesting Analytical Fraud Models : Backtesting Data Stability ,Backtesting Model Stability ,Backtesting Model Calibration , Model Design and Documentation	05

Textbooks:	
1	Financial Analytics with R Building a Laptop Laboratory for Data Science MARK J. BENNETT University of Chicago DIRK L. HUGEN University of Iowa
2	Artificial Intelligence in Finance A Python-Based Guide, Yves Hilpisch A
3	Fraud Analytics Using Descriptive, Predictive, and Social Network Techniques: A Guide to Data Science for Fraud Detection , Bart Baesens, Veronique Van Vlasselaer, Wouter Verbeke

References:

1	“ Machine Learning for Asset Managers” by Marcos López de Prado
2	“Advances in Financial Machine Learning” by Marcos López de Prado.

Digital References:

1. <https://www.eastnets.com/newsroom/digital-transformation-in-the-banking-and-financial-services-sector>
2. <https://www.techopedia.com/definition/34633/generative-ai>

Assessment:**Internal Assessment:**

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

1	Question paper will comprise of total six questions.
2	All question carries equal marks
3	Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4	Only Four question need to be solved.
5	In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.

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Course Code	Course Title	Credit
CSDO8012	Quantum Computing	3

Prerequisite: Engineering Mathematics, Data Structures and Algorithm, Python Programming

Course Objectives:

- 1 To understand basics of quantum computing
- 2 To understand mathematics required for quantum computing
- 3 To understand building blocks of quantum computing and design algorithms
- 4 To understand quantum hardware principles and tools for quantum computing.

Course Outcomes: After successful completion of the course student will be able to

- 1 Understand basic concepts of quantum computing
- 2 Illustrate building blocks of quantum computing through architecture and programming models.
- 3 Appraise various mathematical models required for quantum computing
- 4 Discuss various quantum hardware building principles.
- 5 Identify the various quantum algorithms
- 6 Describe usage of tools for quantum computing.

Module	Content	Hrs
1.0	Introduction to Quantum Computing	7
	1.1 Motivation for studying Quantum Computing Origin of Quantum Computing Quantum Computer vs. Classical Computer Introduction to Quantum mechanics Overview of major concepts in Quantum Computing 1.2 Qubits and multi-qubits states Bloch Sphere representation Quantum Superposition Quantum Entanglement Major players in the industry (IBM, Microsoft, Rigetti, D-Wave etc.)	
2.0	Mathematical Foundations for Quantum Computing	05
	2.1 Matrix Algebra: basis vectors and orthogonality, inner product and Hilbert spaces, matrices and tensors, unitary operators and projectors, Dirac notation, Eigen values and Eigen vectors.	
3.0	Building Blocks for Quantum Program	08

	3.1	Architecture of a Quantum Computing platform Details of q-bit system of information representation: Block Sphere Multi-qubits States Quantum superposition of qubits (valid and invalid superposition) Quantum Entanglement Useful states from quantum algorithmic perceptive e.g. Bell State Operation on qubits: Measuring and transforming using gates. Quantum Logic gates and Circuit No Cloning Theorem and Teleportation	
	3.2	Programming model for a Quantum Computing Program Steps performed on classical computer Steps performed on Quantum Computer Moving data between bits and qubits.	
4.0		Quantum Algorithms and Error correction	06
	4.1	Quantum Algorithms, Shor's Algorithm, Grover's Algorithm. Deutsch's Algorithm, Deutsch -Jozsa Algorithm	
	4.2	Quantum error correction using repetition codes 3 qubit codes, Shor's 9 qubit error correction Code	
5.0		Quantum Hardware	10
	5.1	Ion Trap Qubits ,The DiVincenzo Criteria , Lagrangian and Hamiltonian Dynamics in a Nutshell: Dynamics of a Translating Rotor	
	5.2	Quantum Mechanics of a Free Rotor: A Poor Person's Atomic	
	5.3	Model: Rotor Dynamics and the Hadamard Gate, Two-Qubit Gates The Cirac-Zoller Mechanism: Quantum Theory of Simple Harmonic Motion, A Phonon-Qubit Pair Hamiltonian, Light-Induced Rotor-Phonon Interactions, Trapped Ion Qubits, Mølmer-Sørenson Coupling ..	
	5.4	Cavity Quantum Electrodynamics (cQED): Eigenstates of the Jaynes-Cummings Hamiltonian Circuit QED (cirQED): Quantum LC Circuits, Artificial Atoms, Superconducting Qubits Quantum computing with spins: Quantum inverter realized with two exchange coupled spins in quantum dots, A 2-qubit spintronic universal quantum gate.	
6.0		OSS Toolkits for implementing Quantum program	03
	6.1	IBM quantum experience Microsoft Q Rigetti PyQuil (QPU/QVM)	

Textbooks:

1	Michael A. Nielsen, —Quantum Computation and Quantum Information, Cambridge University Press.
2	David McMahon, —Quantum Computing Explained, Wiley ,2008
3	Qiskit textbook https://qiskit.org/textbook-beta/
4	Vladimir Silva, Practical Quantum Computing for Developers,2018

References:	
1	Bernard Zygelman, A First Introduction to Quantum Computing and Information,2018
2	Supriyo Bandopadhyay and Marc Cahy, —Introduction to Spintronicsl, CRC Press, 2008
3	The Second Quantum Revolution: From Entanglement to Quantum Computing and Other Super-Technologies, Lars Jaeger
4	La Guardia, Giuliano Gladioli —Quantum Error correction codes Springer,2021

Digital References:	
https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_cs103/preview	
https://www.coursera.org/courses?query=quantum%20computing	
https://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/teaching/1617/QuantComp/	

Assessment:	
Internal Assessment:	
Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.	
End Semester Theory Examination:	
1	Question paper will comprise of total six questions.
2	All question carries equal marks
3	Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4	Only Four question need to be solved.
5	In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.

Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSDO8013	Reinforcement Learning	3

Prerequisite: Mathematical concepts of Geometry, Linear Algebra, Calculus, Basic Electronics	
Course Objectives:	
1	Learn about robots as an agent of automation and other Use cases
2	Design and Development of robots based on Direct and Inverse Kinematics
3	Learn the different types of Actuators, Sensors, and degree of freedom of Robots
4	Learn the concepts of Motions, Velocities and Dynamic/ force analysis of Robots
5	Learn algorithms governing Robot movements and Robot Programming
6	Learn about integration of electronics and communication devices for multimodal functions
7	Learn about integration of AI in robotics and self-configuring Robots
Course Outcomes:	
1	Understand different types of robots, specifications of Robots its characteristics and applications.
2	Understanding Direct – Inverse kinematics of robotic manipulator.
3	Identify actuators, sensors, and control of a robot for different applications
4	Developing the differential relationships of motion, velocities and dynamic analysis of force
5	Developing perspectives on AI and Robotics
6	Developing footprints of algorithms, programming associated with Robots and conceptualizing self-configuring Robots and use of Robots in different applications

Module		Content	Hrs
1		Introduction and Fundamentals of Robotics and Automation	4
	1.1	Automation and its types, definition of Robotics and a Robot, History of Robotics, Advantages and Disadvantages of Robot, Robotic Manipulators, Robot Motions, Robot Anatomy, Links and Joints, Classification of Robots, Specification of Robot, Applications of Robots	
2		Direct and Inverse Kinematics	7

	2.1	Direct (Forward) Kinematics: Homogeneous coordinates, Link coordinates, Coordinate frame, coordinate transform, Arm equations, An example – Four Axis SCARA.	
	2.2	Inverse Kinematics: Inverse kinematics problem, Tool Configuration, An example – Four Axis SCARA.	
3		Actuators and Sensors	7
	3.1	Characteristics of Actuating Systems, Comparison of Actuating Systems, Hydraulic Devices, Pneumatic Devices, Electric Motors, Magnetostrictive Actuators	
	3.2	Sensor Characteristics, Position Sensors, Velocity Sensors, Acceleration Sensors, Force and Pressure Sensors, Torque Sensors, Light and Infrared Sensors, Touch and Tactile Sensors, Proximity Sensors, Sniff Sensors, Vision Systems, Voice Synthesizer	
4		Motions, velocities and dynamic analysis of force	7
	4.1	Differential relationship, Jacobian, Differential motions of a frame and robot, Inverse Jacobian, Lagrangian mechanics, Moments of Inertia, Dynamic equations of robots, Transformation of forces and moment between coordinate frames	
5		Self-configuring Robots and AI integration	8
	5.1	Historical perspective of AI in Robotics, Uncertainty in Robotics Reinforcement Learning: Basic overview, examples, elements, Tabular Solution Methods - Multiarmed bandits, Finite Markov decision process, Dynamic programming (Policy Evaluation, Policy Iteration, Value Iteration), Monte Carlo Methods.	
6		Applications of Robotics for Automation	6
	6.1	Robot Application in Manufacturing: Material Transfer - Material handling, loading and unloading Processing - spot and continuous arc welding & spray painting – Assembly Inspection, Selected Embedded System based Applications: Database Applications (smart cards), Process-Control (Fuzzy logic), Robot application in Medical, Industrial Automation, Security	

Textbooks:	
1	Robert Shilling, “Fundamentals of Robotics-Analys and control”, PHI, 2003.
2	Saeed B. Niku, “Introduction to Robotics Analysis, Systems, Applications”,3rd Edition, Wiley, 2019.
3	Saha, S.K., “Introduction to Robotics”, 2nd Edition, McGraw-Hill Higher Education, New Delhi, 2014.
4	Staughard, Robotics and AI, Prentice Hall of India
5	Ashitava Ghoshal, “Robotics-Fundamental Concepts and Analysis”, Oxford University Press, Sixth impression, 2010
6	Mukherjee S., “Robotics Process Automation”, 1st Edition, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi, 2020.
References:	
1	John J. Craig, “Introduction to Robotics – Mechanics & Control”, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, India, 2009
2	Mark W. Spong & M. Vidyasagar, “Robot Dynamics & Control”, 2nd Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., 2004
3	Principles of Robot Motion – Theory, Algorithms and Implementation by Howie Choset, Lynch, PHI.

Assessment:	
Internal Assessment:	
Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.	
End Semester Theory Examination:	
1 Question paper will comprise of total six questions.	
2 All question carries equal marks	
3 Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)	
4 Only Four question need to be solved	
5 In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus	

Useful Links

1	https://swayam.gov.in/nc_details/NPTEL
2	https://www.udemy.com/course/robotics-course/
3	https://www.coursera.org/courses?query=robotics

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Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSDO8021	Graph Data Science	03

Course Objectives:

Sr. No	Course Objectives
1	To Understand the basics of graphs, including definitions, connectivity, and properties.
2	To Explore the use of graphs in solving puzzles and optimization problems.
3	To Learn about the advantages of graph databases over relational and NoSQL databases.
4	To Gain knowledge of data modeling with graphs, including the labeled property graph model.
5	To Develop skills in building graph database applications, including data modeling and testing.
6	To Explore real-world use cases and understand non-functional characteristics of graph databases.

Course Outcomes:

Sr. No	Course Outcomes
On successful completion, of course, learner/student will be able to:	
1	Demonstrate a solid understanding of graph concepts and properties.
2	Apply graph algorithms to solve puzzles and optimization problems.
3	Compare graph databases with relational and NoSQL databases.
4	Model data using the labeled property graph model and avoid common pitfalls.
5	Build graph database applications with proper data modeling and testing.
6	Analyze and implement graph database solutions for real-world use cases, considering non-functional characteristics

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1	Introduction Graph	Definitions and examples, Three puzzles, Paths and cycles, Connectivity, Eulerian graphs, Hamiltonian graphs, shortest path, Chinese postman problem, traveling salesman problem, trees, properties of trees	04
2	Introduction databases	A High-Level View of the Graph Space, Graph Databases, Graph Compute Engines, The Power of Graph Databases, Performance, Flexibility, Agility, Options for Storing Connected Data, Relational Databases Lack Relationships, NOSQL Databases Also Lack Relationships, Graph databases embraces relationship	07
3	Data Modelling with Graphs	Models and Goals, The Labelled Property Graph Model, Querying Graphs, A Comparison of Relational and Graph Modelling, Cross-Domain Models, Common Modelling Pitfalls, Identifying Nodes and Relationships, Avoiding Anti-Patterns	07

4	Building a Graph Database Application	Data Modelling , Application Architecture ,Testing ,Capacity Planning ,Importing and Bulk Loading Data ,	07
5	Graphs in the Real World	Organizations Choose Graph Databases, Common Use Cases, Real-World Examples, Authorization and Access Control, Geospatial and Logistics, Graph Database Internals, Native Graph Processing, Native Graph Storage, Programmatic APIs, Kernel API, Core API, Traversal Framework, Non-functional Characteristics	07
6	case study	Neo4j – About, Neo4j – Installation, Neo4j – Browser Neo4j - Query Language (Cypher), Neo4j - Create a Node Neo4j - Create a Relationship, Neo4j - Create an Index Neo4j - Create a Constraint, Neo4j - Select Data with MATCH, Neo4j - Import Data from CSV, Neo4j - Drop an Index, Neo4j - Drop a Constraint, Neo4j - Delete a Node Neo4j - Delete a Relationship	05

Textbooks:	
1	Introduction to Graph Theory Fourth edition, Robin J. Wilson
2	Daphne Koller and Nir Friedman, "Probabilistic Graphical Models: Principles and Techniques", Cambridge, MA: The MIT Press, 2009 (ISBN 978-0-262-0139- 2).
3	Graph databases, Ian Robinson, Jim Webber & Emil Eifrem

References:	
1	"Graph Databases: New Opportunities for Connected Data" by Ian Robinson, Jim Webber, and Emil Eifrem.
2	"Neo4j in Action" by Aleksa Vukotic, Nicki Watt, and Tareq Abedrabbo.
3	"Graph Databases for Beginners" by Mark Needham and Amy E. Hodler.
4	"Practical Neo4j" by Gregory Jordan.
5	"Learning Neo4j" by Rik Van Bruggen.
6	"Graph Database Applications and Concepts with Neo4j" by Dionysios Synodinos.

Digital References:	
1.	https://web4.ensiie.fr/~stefania.dumbrava/OReilly_Graph_Databases.pdf
2.	https://www.quackit.com/neo4j/tutorial/

<u>Assessment:</u>
Internal Assessment:
Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.
End Semester Theory Examination:
<p>1 Question paper will comprise of total six questions.</p> <p>2 All question carries equal marks</p> <p>3 Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)</p> <p>4 Only Four question need to be solved.</p> <p>5 In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.</p>

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Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSDO8022	Recommendation Systems	3

Prerequisite: Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning, Basic knowledge of Python	
Course Objectives:	
1	To introduce Recommendation systems and it's basic concepts.
2	To understand design and working of Collaborative Filtering based recommendation.
3	To analyze design and working of Content-based recommendation.
4	To understand design and working of Knowledge based recommendation.
5	To understand design and working of Ensembled- Based and Hybrid Recommendation Systems.
6	To identify the methods for evaluation of recommendation systems.
Course Outcomes: After successful completion of the course student will be able to	
1	To have a broad understanding of the field of Recommendation Systems.
2	In-depth Knowledge of the architecture and models for Collaborative Filtering.
3	Understanding the architecture and working of Content based recommendation systems.
4	Understanding the architecture and basics of Knowledge based recommendation systems.
5	Analyzing hybrid and ensembles recommendation systems.
6	Evaluation of recommendation systems by selecting right evaluation parameter.

Module		Content	Hrs
1.0		Introduction to Recommendation System	06
	1.1	History of recommendation system, Eliciting Ratings and other Feedback Contributions, Implicit and Explicit Ratings, Recommender system functions.	
	1.2	Linear Algebra notation: Matrix addition, Multiplication, transposition, and inverses; covariance matrices, Understanding ratings, Applications of recommendation systems, Issues with recommender system.	
2.0		Collaborative Filtering	06
	2.1	Architecture of Collaborative Filtering, User-based nearest neighbour recommendation, Item-based nearest neighbour recommendation, Model based and pre-processing based approaches, Clustering for recommendation system, Attacks on collaborative recommender systems, Advantages and drawbacks of Collaborative Filtering.	

3.0		Content-based recommendation	07
	3.1	Architecture of content-based systems, Content representation and content similarity, Item profiles, Discovering features of documents, Obtaining item features from tags, Representing item profiles, Methods for learning user profiles, Similarity based retrieval, The Role of User Generated Content in the Recommendation Process.	
	3.2	Bayes classifier for recommendation, Regression based recommendation system. Advantages and drawbacks of content-based filtering	
4.0		Knowledge based recommendation	06
	4.1	Knowledge representation and reasoning, Constraint based recommenders, Case based recommenders, Persistent Personalization in Knowledge-Based Systems, Conversational Recommendation. Search based recommendation, Navigation-based recommendation.	
5.0		Ensembled- Based and Hybrid Recommendation System	06
	5.1	Opportunities for hybridization, Monolithic hybridization design: Feature combination, Feature augmentation, Parallelized hybridization design: Weighted, Switching, Mixed, Pipelined hybridization design: Cascade Meta-level, Limitations of hybridization strategies.	
6.0		Evaluating Recommendation System	08
	6.1	Characteristics and properties of evaluation research, Evaluation design goals- Accuracy, Coverage, Confidence and Trust, Novelty, Serendipity, Diversity, Robustness, Stability and Scalability.	
	6.2	Comparison between evaluation design of classification model and recommendation system, Error metrics, Decision-Support metrics, User-Centred metrics. Comparative analysis between different types of recommendation systems.	

Textbooks:	
1	Jannach, D., Zanker, M., Felfernig, A., & Friedrich, G. (2010). <i>Recommender systems: an introduction</i> . Cambridge University Press.
2	Ricci, F., Rokach, L., & Shapira, B. (2011). <i>Introduction to Recommender Systems Handbook</i> . Springer, Boston, MA.
References:	
1	Aggarwal, C. C. (2016). <i>Recommender systems</i> (Vol. 1). Cham: Springer International Publishing.
Online References:	

1	http://wwwием.iitkqp.ac.in/eco/Recommender_Systems/
2	https://www.coursera.org/specializations/recommender-systems
3	https://www.udemy.com/course/recommender-systems/
4	https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/blog/2021/08/developing-a-course-recommender-system-using-python/

Assessment:

Internal Assessment:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

1	Question paper will comprise of total six questions.
2	All question carries equal marks
3	Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4	Only Four questions need to be solved.
5	In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSDO8023	Social Media Analytics	03

Prerequisite: Graph Theory, Data Mining, Python/R programming

Course Objectives: The course aims:

1	Familiarize the learners with the concept of social media.
2	Familiarize the learners with the concept of social media analytics and understand its significance.
3	Enable the learners to develop skills required for analyzing the effectiveness of social media.
4	Familiarize the learners with different tools of social media analytics.
5	Familiarize the learner with different visualization techniques for Social media analytics.
6	Examine the ethical and legal implications of leveraging social media data.

Course Outcomes:

1	Understand the concept of Social media
2	Understand the concept of social media Analytics and its significance.
3	Learners will be able to analyze the effectiveness of social media
4	Learners will be able to use different Social media analytics tools effectively and efficiently.
5	Learners will be able to use different effective Visualization techniques to represent social media analytics.
6	Acquire the fundamental perspectives and hands-on skills needed to work with social media data.

Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1.	Social Media Analytics: An Overview	
	Core Characteristics of Social Media, Types of Social Media, Social media landscape, Need for Social Media Analytics (SMA), SMA in small & large organizations. Purpose of Social Media Analytics, Social Media vs. Traditional Business Analytics, Seven Layers of Social Media Analytics, Types of Social Media Analytics, Social Media Analytics Cycle, Challenges to Social Media Analytics, Social Media Analytics Tools	6
2.	Social Network Structure, Measures & Visualization	
	Basics of Social Network Structure - Nodes, Edges & Tie Describing the Networks Measures - Degree Distribution, Density, Connectivity, Centralization, Tie Strength & Trust Network Visualization - Graph Layout, Visualizing Network features, Scale Issues. Social Media Network Analytics - Common Network Terms, Common Social Media Network Types, Types of Networks, Common Network Terminologies, Network Analytics Tools.	6
3.	Social Media Text, Action & Hyperlink Analytics	
	Social Media Text Analytics - Types of Social Media Text, Purpose of Text Analytics, Steps in Text Analytics, Social Media Text	8

	Analysis Tools Social Media Action Analytics - What Is Actions Analytics? Common Social Media Actions, Actions Analytics Tools Social Media Hyperlink Analytics - Types of Hyperlinks, Types of Hyperlink Analytics, Hyperlink Analytics Tools	
4.	Social Media Location & Search Engine Analytics	
	Location Analytics - Sources of Location Data, Categories of Location Analytics, Location Analytics and Privacy Concerns, Location Analytics Tools Search Engine Analytics - Types of Search Engines, Search Engine Analytics, Search Engine Analytics Tools	6
5.	Social Information Filtering	
	Social Information Filtering - Social Sharing and filtering , Automated Recommendation systems, Traditional Vs social Recommendation Systems Understanding Social Media and Business Alignment, Social Media KPI, Formulating a Social Media Strategy, Managing Social Media Risks	6
6.	Social Media Analytics Applications and Privacy	
	Social media in public sector - Analyzing public sector social media, analyzing individual users, case study. Business use of Social Media - Measuring success, Interaction and monitoring, case study. Privacy - Privacy policies, data ownership and maintaining privacy online.	7

Textbooks:	
1.	Seven Layers of Social Media Analytics_ Mining Business Insights from Social Media Text, Actions, Networks, Hyperlinks, Apps, Search Engine, and Location Data, Gohar F. Khan,(ISBN-10: 1507823207).
2.	Analyzing the Social Web 1st Edition by Jennifer Golbeck
3.	Mining the Social Web_ Analyzing Data from Facebook, Twitter, LinkedIn, and Other Social Media Sites, Matthew A Russell, O'Reilly
4	Charu Aggarwal (ed.), Social Network Data Analytics, Springer, 2011
References:	
1.	Social Media Analytics [2015], Techniques and Insights for Extracting Business Value Out of Social Media, Matthew Ganis, AvinashKohirkar, IBM Press
2.	Social Media Analytics Strategy_ Using Data to Optimize Business Performance, Alex Gonçalves, APress Business Team
3.	Social Media Data Mining and Analytics, Szabo, G., G. Polatkan, O. Boykin & A. Chalkiopoulos (2019), Wiley, ISBN 978-1-118-82485-6

Useful Links	
1	https://cse.iitkgp.ac.in/~pawang/courses/SC16.html
2	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs78/preview
3	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106146
4	https://7layersanalytics.com/

Assessment:								
Internal Assessment:								
Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first-class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.								
End Semester Theory Examination:								
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Question paper will consist of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>The students need to solve a total of 4 questions.</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus.</td></tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.</td></tr> </table>	1	Question paper will consist of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.	2	The students need to solve a total of 4 questions.	3	Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus.	4	Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.
1	Question paper will consist of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.							
2	The students need to solve a total of 4 questions.							
3	Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus.							
4	Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.							

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Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO8021	Project Management	03

Objectives:

1. To familiarize the students with the use of a structured methodology/approach for each and every unique project undertaken, including utilizing project management concepts, tools and techniques.
2. To appraise the students with the project management life cycle and make them knowledgeable about the various phases from project initiation through closure.

Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

1. Apply selection criteria and select an appropriate project from different options.
2. Write work break down structure for a project and develop a schedule based on it.
3. Identify opportunities and threats to the project and decide an approach to deal with them strategically.
4. Use Earned value technique and determine & predict status of the project.
5. Capture lessons learned during project phases and document them for future reference

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
01	Project Management Foundation: Definition of a project, Project Vs Operations, Necessity of project management, Triple constraints, Project life cycles (typical & atypical) Project phases and stage gate process. Role of project manager. Negotiations and resolving conflicts. Project management in various organization structures. PM knowledge areas as per Project Management Institute (PMI).	5
02	Initiating Projects: How to get a project started, Selecting project strategically, Project selection models (Numeric /Scoring Models and Non-numeric models), Project portfolio process, Project sponsor and creating charter; Project proposal. Effective project team, Stages of team development & growth (forming, storming, norming & performing), team dynamics.	6
03	Project Planning and Scheduling: Work Breakdown structure (WBS) and linear responsibility chart, Interface Co-ordination and concurrent engineering, Project cost estimation and budgeting, Top down and bottoms up budgeting, Networking and Scheduling techniques. PERT, CPM, GANTT chart. Introduction to Project Management Information System (PMIS).	8
04	Planning Projects: Crashing project time, Resource loading and leveling, Goldratt's critical chain, Project Stakeholders and Communication plan. Risk Management in projects: Risk management planning, Risk identification and risk register. Qualitative and quantitative risk assessment, Probability and impact matrix. Risk response strategies for positive and negative risks	6
05	5.1 Executing Projects: Planning monitoring and controlling cycle. Information needs and reporting,	8

	<p>engaging with all stakeholders of the projects.</p> <p>Team management, communication and project meetings.</p> <p>Monitoring and Controlling Projects:</p> <p>Earned Value Management techniques for measuring value of work completed; Using milestones for measurement; change requests and scope creep. Project audit.</p> <p>Project Contracting</p> <p>Project procurement management, contracting and outsourcing,</p>	
06	<p>Project Leadership and Ethics:</p> <p>Introduction to project leadership, ethics in projects.</p> <p>Multicultural and virtual projects.</p> <p>Closing the Project:</p> <p>Customer acceptance; Reasons of project termination, Various types of project terminations (Extinction, Addition, Integration, Starvation), Process of project termination, completing a final report; doing a lessons learned analysis; acknowledging successes and failures; Project management templates and other resources; Managing without authority; Areas of further study.</p>	6

REFERENCES:

1. Jack Meredith & Samuel Mantel, Project Management: A managerial approach, Wiley India, 7thEd.
2. A Guide to the Project Management Body of Knowledge (PMBOK® Guide), 5th Ed,Project Management Institute PA, USA
3. Gido Clements, Project Management, Cengage Learning.
4. Gopalan, Project Management, , Wiley India
5. Dennis Lock, Project Management, Gower Publishing England, 9 th Ed.

Assessment:

Internal:

Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Some guidelines for setting up the question paper. Minimum 80% syllabus should be covered in question papers of end semester examination. **In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.**

1. Question paper will comprise of total six question
2. All question carry equal marks
3. Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4. Only Four question need to be solved.

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO8022	Finance Management	03

Objectives:

1. Overview of Indian financial system, instruments and market
2. Basic concepts of value of money, returns and risks, corporate finance, working capital and its management
3. Knowledge about sources of finance, capital structure, dividend policy

Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

1. Understand Indian finance system and corporate finance
2. Take investment, finance as well as dividend decisions

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
01	<p>Overview of Indian Financial System: Characteristics, Components and Functions of Financial System.</p> <p>Financial Instruments: Meaning, Characteristics and Classification of Basic Financial Instruments — Equity Shares, Preference Shares, Bonds-Debentures, Certificates of Deposit, and Treasury Bills.</p> <p>Financial Markets: Meaning, Characteristics and Classification of Financial Markets — Capital Market, Money Market and Foreign Currency Market</p> <p>Financial Institutions: Meaning, Characteristics and Classification of Financial Institutions — Commercial Banks, Investment-Merchant Banks and Stock Exchanges</p>	06
02	<p>Concepts of Returns and Risks: Measurement of Historical Returns and Expected Returns of a Single Security and a Two-security Portfolio; Measurement of Historical Risk and Expected Risk of a Single Security and a Two-security Portfolio.</p> <p>Time Value of Money: Future Value of a Lump Sum, Ordinary Annuity, and Annuity Due; Present Value of a Lump Sum, Ordinary Annuity, and Annuity Due; Continuous Compounding and Continuous Discounting.</p>	06
03	<p>Overview of Corporate Finance: Objectives of Corporate Finance; Functions of Corporate Finance—Investment Decision, Financing Decision, and Dividend Decision.</p> <p>Financial Ratio Analysis: Overview of Financial Statements—Balance Sheet, Profit and Loss Account, and Cash Flow Statement; Purpose of Financial Ratio Analysis; Liquidity Ratios; Efficiency or Activity Ratios; Profitability Ratios; Capital Structure Ratios; Stock Market Ratios; Limitations of Ratio Analysis.</p>	09
04	<p>Capital Budgeting: Meaning and Importance of Capital Budgeting; Inputs for Capital Budgeting Decisions; Investment Appraisal Criterion—Accounting Rate of Return, Payback Period, Discounted Payback Period, Net Present Value(NPV), Profitability Index, Internal Rate of Return (IRR), and Modified Internal Rate of Return (MIRR)</p>	10

	Working Capital Management: Concepts of Meaning Working Capital; Importance of Working Capital Management; Factors Affecting an Entity's Working Capital Needs; Estimation of Working Capital Requirements; Management of Inventories; Management of Receivables; and Management of Cash and Marketable Securities.	
05	Sources of Finance: Long Term Sources—Equity, Debt, and Hybrids; Mezzanine Finance; Sources of Short Term Finance—Trade Credit, Bank Finance, Commercial Paper; Project Finance. Capital Structure: Factors Affecting an Entity's Capital Structure; Overview of Capital Structure Theories and Approaches— Net Income Approach, Net Operating Income Approach; Traditional Approach, and Modigliani-Miller Approach. Relation between Capital Structure and Corporate Value; Concept of Optimal Capital Structure	05
06	Dividend Policy: Meaning and Importance of Dividend Policy; Factors Affecting an Entity's Dividend Decision; Overview of Dividend Policy Theories and Approaches— Gordon's Approach, Walter's Approach, and Modigliani-Miller Approach	03

REFERENCES:

1. Fundamentals of Financial Management, 13th Edition (2015) by Eugene F. Brigham and Joel F. Houston; Publisher: Cengage Publications, New Delhi.
2. Analysis for Financial Management, 10th Edition (2013) by Robert C. Higgins; Publishers: McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi.
3. Indian Financial System, 9th Edition (2015) by M. Y. Khan; Publisher: McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi.
4. Financial Management, 11th Edition (2015) by I. M. Pandey; Publisher: S. Chand (G/L) & Company Limited, New Delhi.

Assessment:

Internal:

Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Some guidelines for setting up the question paper. Minimum 80% syllabus should be covered in question papers of end semester examination. **In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.**

1. Question paper will comprise of total six question
2. All question carry equal marks
3. Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4. Only Four question need to be solved.

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO8023	Entrepreneurship Development and Management	03

Objectives:

1. To acquaint with entrepreneurship and management of business
2. Understand Indian environment for entrepreneurship
3. Idea of EDP, MSME

Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

1. Understand the concept of business plan and ownerships
2. Interpret key regulations and legal aspects of entrepreneurship in India
3. Understand government policies for entrepreneurs

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
01	Overview Of Entrepreneurship: Definitions, Roles and Functions/Values of Entrepreneurship, History of Entrepreneurship Development, Role of Entrepreneurship in the National Economy, Functions of an Entrepreneur, Entrepreneurship and Forms of Business Ownership Role of Money and Capital Markets in Entrepreneurial Development: Contribution of Government Agencies in Sourcing information for Entrepreneurship	04
02	Business Plans And Importance Of Capital To Entrepreneurship: Preliminary and Marketing Plans, Management and Personnel, Start-up Costs and Financing as well as Projected Financial Statements, Legal Section, Insurance, Suppliers and Risks, Assumptions and Conclusion, Capital and its Importance to the Entrepreneur Entrepreneurship And Business Development: Starting a New Business, Buying an Existing Business, New Product Development, Business Growth and the Entrepreneur Law and its Relevance to Business Operations	09
03	Women's Entrepreneurship Development, Social entrepreneurship-role and need, EDP cell, role of sustainability and sustainable development for SMEs, case studies, exercises	05
04	Indian Environment for Entrepreneurship: key regulations and legal aspects , MSMED Act 2006 and its implications, schemes and policies of the Ministry of MSME, role and responsibilities of various government organizations, departments, banks etc., Role of State governments in terms of infrastructure developments and support etc., Public private partnerships, National Skill development Mission, Credit Guarantee Fund, PMEGP, discussions, group exercises etc	08
05	Effective Management of Business: Issues and problems faced by micro and small enterprises and effective management of M and S enterprises (risk management, credit availability, technology innovation, supply chain management, linkage with large industries), exercises, e-Marketing	08
06	Achieving Success In The Small Business: Stages of the small business life cycle, four types of firm-level growth strategies, Options – harvesting or closing small business Critical Success factors of small business	05

REFERENCES:

1. Poornima Charantimath, Entrepreneurship development- Small Business Enterprise, Pearson
2. Education Robert D Hisrich, Michael P Peters, Dean A Shpherd, Entrepreneurship, latest edition, The McGrawHill Company
3. Dr TN Chhabra, Entrepreneurship Development, Sun India Publications, New Delhi
4. Dr CN Prasad, Small and Medium Enterprises in Global Perspective, New century Publications, New Delhi
5. Vasant Desai, Entrepreneurial development and management, Himalaya Publishing House
6. Maddhurima Lall, Shikah Sahai, Entrepreneurship, Excel Books
7. Rashmi Bansal, STAY hungry STAY foolish, CIIE, IIM Ahmedabad
8. Law and Practice relating to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises, Taxmann Publication Ltd.
9. Kurakto, Entrepreneurship- Principles and Practices, Thomson Publication
10. Laghu Udyog Samachar
11. www.msme.gov.in
12. www.dcmesme.gov.in
13. www.msmetraining.gov.in

Assessment:

Internal:

Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Some guidelines for setting up the question paper. Minimum 80% syllabus should be covered in question papers of end semester examination. **In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.**

1. Question paper will comprise of total six question
2. All question carry equal marks
3. Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4. Only Four question need to be solved.

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO8024	Human Resource Management	03

Objectives:

1. To introduce the students with basic concepts, techniques and practices of the human resource management.
2. To provide opportunity of learning Human resource management (HRM) processes, related with the functions, and challenges in the emerging perspective of today's organizations.
3. To familiarize the students about the latest developments, trends & different aspects of HRM.
4. To acquaint the student with the importance of inter-personal & inter-group behavioral skills in an organizational setting required for future stable engineers, leaders and managers.

Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

1. Understand the concepts, aspects, techniques and practices of the human resource management.
2. Understand the Human resource management (HRM) processes, functions, changes and challenges in today's emerging organizational perspective.
3. Gain knowledge about the latest developments and trends in HRM.
4. Apply the knowledge of behavioral skills learnt and integrate it with in inter personal and intergroup environment emerging as future stable engineers and managers.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
01	<p style="text-align: center;">Introduction to HR</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Human Resource Management- Concept, Scope and Importance, Interdisciplinary Approach Relationship with other Sciences, Competencies of HR Manager, HRM functions. • Human resource development (HRD): changing role of HRM – Human resource Planning, Technological change, Restructuring andrightsizing, Empowerment, TQM, Managing ethical issues. 	5
02	<p style="text-align: center;">Organizational Behavior (OB)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to OB Origin, Nature and Scope of Organizational Behavior, Relevance to Organizational Effectiveness and Contemporary issues • Personality: Meaning and Determinants of Personality, Personality development, Personality Types, Assessment of Personality Traits for Increasing Self Awareness • Perception: Attitude and Value, Effect of perception on Individual Decision-making, Attitude and Behavior. • Motivation: Theories of Motivation and their Applications for Behavioral Change (Maslow, Herzberg, McGregor); • Group Behavior and Group Dynamics: Work groups formal and informal groups and stages of group development. Team Effectiveness: High performing teams, Team Roles, cross functional and self-directed team. • Case study 	7
03	<p style="text-align: center;">Organizational Structure &Design</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Structure, size, technology, Environment of organization; Organizational Roles & conflicts: Concept of roles; role dynamics; role conflicts and 	6

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Leadership: Concepts and skills of leadership, Leadership and managerial roles, Leadership styles and contemporary issues in leadership. Power and Politics: Sources and uses of power; Politics at workplace, Tactics and strategies. 	stress.
04	<p style="text-align: center;">Human resource Planning</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recruitment and Selection process, Job-enrichment, Empowerment - Job-Satisfaction, employee morale. Performance Appraisal Systems: Traditional & modern methods, Performance Counseling, Career Planning. Training & Development: Identification of Training Needs, Training Methods 	5
05	<p style="text-align: center;">Emerging Trends in HR</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Organizational development; Business Process Re-engineering (BPR), BPR as a tool for organizational development , managing processes & transformation in HR. Organizational Change, Culture, Environment Cross Cultural Leadership and Decision Making: Cross Cultural Communication and diversity at work, Causes of diversity, managing diversity with special reference to handicapped, women and ageing people, intra company cultural difference in employee motivation. 	6
06	<p style="text-align: center;">HR & MIS</p> <p>Need, purpose, objective and role of information system in HR, Applications in HRD in various industries (e.g. manufacturing R&D, Public Transport, Hospitals, Hotels and service industries</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Strategic HRM</p> <p>Role of Strategic HRM in the modern business world, Concept of Strategy, Strategic Management Process, Approaches to Strategic Decision Making; Strategic Intent – Corporate Mission, Vision, Objectives and Goals</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Labor Laws & Industrial Relations</p> <p>Evolution of IR, IR issues in organizations, Overview of Labor Laws in India; Industrial Disputes Act, Trade Unions Act, Shops and Establishments Act</p>	10

REFERENCES:

1. Stephen Robbins, Organizational Behavior, 16th Ed, 2013
2. V S P Rao, Human Resource Management, 3rd Ed, 2010, Excelpublishing
3. Aswathapa, Human resource management: Text & cases, 6th edition, 2011
4. C. B. Mamoria and S V Gankar, Dynamics of Industrial Relations in India, 15th Ed, 2015, Himalaya Publishing, 15thedition, 2015
5. P. Subba Rao, Essentials of Human Resource management and Industrial relations, 5th Ed, 2013, Himalaya Publishing
6. Laurie Mullins, Management & Organizational Behavior, Latest Ed, 2016, Pearson Publications

Assessment:

Internal:

Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Some guidelines for setting up the question paper. Minimum 80% syllabus should be covered in question papers of end semester examination. **In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.**

1. Question paper will comprise of total six question
2. All question carry equal marks
3. Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4. Only Four question need to be solved.

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Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO8025	Professional Ethics and Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)	03

Objectives:

1. To understand professional ethics in business
2. To recognize corporate social responsibility

Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

1. Understand rights and duties of business
2. Distinguish different aspects of corporate social responsibility
3. Demonstrate professional ethics
4. Understand legal aspects of corporate social responsibility

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
01	Professional Ethics and Business: The Nature of Business Ethics; Ethical Issues in Business; Moral Responsibility and Blame; Utilitarianism: Weighing Social Costs and Benefits; Rights and Duties of Business	04
02	Professional Ethics in the Marketplace: Perfect Competition; Monopoly Competition; Oligopolistic Competition; Oligopolies and Public Policy Professional Ethics and the Environment: Dimensions of Pollution and Resource Depletion; Ethics of Pollution Control; Ethics of Conserving Depletable Resources	08
03	Professional Ethics of Consumer Protection: Markets and Consumer Protection; Contract View of Business Firm's Duties to Consumers; Due Care Theory; Advertising Ethics; Consumer Privacy Professional Ethics of Job Discrimination: Nature of Job Discrimination; Extent of Discrimination; Reservation of Jobs.	06
04	Introduction to Corporate Social Responsibility: Potential Business Benefits—Triple bottom line, Human resources, Risk management, Supplier relations; Criticisms and concerns—Nature of business; Motives; Misdirection. Trajectory of Corporate Social Responsibility in India	05
05	Corporate Social Responsibility: Articulation of Gandhian Trusteeship Corporate Social Responsibility and Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs) in India, Corporate Social Responsibility and Public-Private Partnership (PPP) in India	08
06	Corporate Social Responsibility in Globalizing India: Corporate Social Responsibility Voluntary Guidelines, 2009 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India, Legal Aspects of Corporate Social Responsibility—Companies Act, 2013.	08

REFERENCES:

1. Business Ethics: Texts and Cases from the Indian Perspective (2013) by Ananda Das Gupta; Publisher: Springer.
2. Corporate Social Responsibility: Readings and Cases in a Global Context (2007) by Andrew Crane, Dirk Matten, Laura Spence; Publisher: Routledge.
3. Business Ethics: Concepts and Cases, 7th Edition (2011) by Manuel G. Velasquez; Publisher: Pearson, New Delhi.
4. Corporate Social Responsibility in India (2015) by BidyutChakrabarty, Routledge, New Delhi.

Assessment:

Internal:

Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Some guidelines for setting up the question paper. Minimum 80% syllabus should be covered in question papers of end semester examination. **In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.**

1. Question paper will comprise of total six question
2. All question carry equal marks
3. Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4. Only Four question need to be solved.

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Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO8026	Research Methodology	03

Objectives:

1. To understand Research and Research Process
2. To acquaint students with identifying problems for research and develop research strategies
3. To familiarize students with the techniques of data collection, analysis of data and interpretation

Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

1. Prepare a preliminary research design for projects in their subject matter areas
2. Accurately collect, analyze and report data
3. Present complex data or situations clearly
4. Review and analyze research findings

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
01	Introduction and Basic Research Concepts Research – Definition; Concept of Construct, Postulate, Proposition, Thesis, Hypothesis, Law, Principle. Research methods vs Methodology Need of Research in Business and Social Sciences Objectives of Research Issues and Problems in Research Characteristics of Research: Systematic, Valid, Verifiable, Empirical and Critical	09
02	Types of Research Basic Research Applied Research Descriptive Research Analytical Research Empirical Research 2.6 Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches	07
03	Research Design and Sample Design Research Design – Meaning, Types and Significance Sample Design – Meaning and Significance Essentials of a good sampling Stages in Sample Design Sampling methods/techniques Sampling Errors	07
04	Research Methodology 4.1 Meaning of Research Methodology 4.2. Stages in Scientific Research Process: a. Identification and Selection of Research Problem b. Formulation of Research Problem c. Review of Literature d. Formulation of Hypothesis e. Formulation of research Design f. Sample Design g. Data Collection h. Data Analysis i. Hypothesis testing and Interpretation of Data	08

	j. Preparation of Research Report	
05	Formulating Research Problem 5.1 Considerations: Relevance, Interest, Data Availability, Choice of data, Analysis of data, Generalization and Interpretation of analysis	04
06	Outcome of Research Preparation of the report on conclusion reached Validity Testing & Ethical Issues Suggestions and Recommendation	04

REFERENCES:

1. Dawson, Catherine, 2002, Practical Research Methods, New Delhi, UBS Publishers Distributors.
2. Kothari, C.R., 1985, Research Methodology-Methods and Techniques, New Delhi, Wiley Eastern Limited.
3. Kumar, Ranjit, 2005, Research Methodology-A Step-by-Step Guide for Beginners, (2nded), Singapore, Pearson Education

Assessment:

Internal:

Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test and the other is either a class test or at least 6 assignment on complete syllabus or course project.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Some guidelines for setting up the question paper. Minimum 80% syllabus should be covered in question papers of end semester examination. **In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.**

1. Question paper will comprise of total six question
2. All question carry equal marks
3. Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4. Only Four question need to be solved.

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO8027	IPR and Patenting	03

Objectives:

1. To understand intellectual property rights protection system
2. To promote the knowledge of Intellectual Property Laws of India as well as International treaty procedures
3. To get acquaintance with Patent search and patent filing procedure and applications

Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

1. understand Intellectual Property assets
2. assist individuals and organizations in capacity building
3. work for development, promotion, protection, compliance, and enforcement of Intellectual Property and Patenting

Module	Detailed Contents	Hr
01	Introduction to Intellectual Property Rights (IPR): Meaning of IPR, Different category of IPR instruments - Patents, Trademarks,Copyrights, Industrial Designs, Plant variety protection, Geographical indications,Transfer of technology etc. Importance of IPR in Modern Global Economic Environment: Theories of IPR, Philosophical aspects of IPR laws, Need for IPR, IPR as an instrument of development	05
02	Enforcement of Intellectual Property Rights: Introduction, Magnitude of problem, Factors that create and sustain counterfeiting/piracy, International agreements, International organizations (e.g. WIPO, WTO) active in IPR enforcement Indian Scenario of IPR: Introduction, History of IPR in India, Overview of IP laws in India, Indian IPR, Administrative Machinery, Major international treaties signed by India, Procedure for submitting patent and Enforcement of IPR at national level etc.	07
03	Emerging Issues in IPR: Challenges for IP in digital economy, e-commerce,human genome, biodiversity and traditional knowledge etc.	05
04	Basics of Patents: Definition of Patents, Conditions of patentability, Patentable and non-patentable inventions, Types of patent applications (e.g. Patent of addition etc), Process Patent and Product Patent, Precautions while patenting, Patent specification Patent claims, Disclosures and non-disclosures, Patent rights and infringement, Method of getting a patent	07
05	Patent Rules: Indian patent act, European scenario, US scenario, Australia scenario, Japan scenario, Chinese scenario, Multilateral treaties where India is a member (TRIPS agreement, Paris convention etc.)	08
06	Procedure for Filing a Patent (National and International): Legislation and Salient Features, Patent Search, Drafting and Filing Patent Applications, Processing of patent, Patent Litigation, Patent Publicationetc, Time frame and cost, Patent Licensing, Patent Infringement	07

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Rajkumar S. Adukia, 2007, A Handbook on Laws Relating to Intellectual Property Rights in India, The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India
2. Keayla B K, Patent system and related issues at a glance, Published by National Working Group on Patent Laws
3. T Sengupta, 2011, Intellectual Property Law in India, Kluwer Law International
4. Tzen Wong and Graham Dutfield, 2010, Intellectual Property and Human Development: Current Trends and Future Scenario, Cambridge University Press
5. Cornish, William Rodolph & Llewelyn, David. 2010, Intellectual Property: Patents, Copyrights, Trade Marks and Allied Right, 7th Edition, Sweet & Maxwell
6. Lous Harns, 2012, The enforcement of Intellectual Property Rights: A Case Book, 3rd Edition, WIPO
7. Prabhuddha Ganguli, 2012, Intellectual Property Rights, 1st Edition, TMH
8. R Radha Krishnan & S Balasubramanian, 2012, Intellectual Property Rights, 1st Edition, Excel Books
9. M Ashok Kumar and mohd Iqbal Ali, 2-11, Intellectual Property Rights, 2nd Edition, Serial Publications
10. Kompal Bansal and Praishit Bansal, 2012, Fundamentals of IPR for Engineers, 1st Edition, BS Publications
11. Entrepreneurship Development and IPR Unit, BITS Pilani, 2007, A Manual on Intellectual Property Rights,
12. Mathew Y Maa, 2009, Fundamentals of Patenting and Licensing for Scientists and Engineers, World Scientific Publishing Company
13. N S Rathore, S M Mathur, Priti Mathur, Anshul Rathi, IPR: Drafting, Interpretation of Patent Specifications and Claims, New India Publishing Agency
14. Vivien Irish, 2005, Intellectual Property Rights for Engineers, IET
15. Howard B Rockman, 2004, Intellectual Property Law for Engineers and scientists, Wiley-IEEE Press

Assessment:

Internal:

Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test and the other is either a class test or at least 6 assignments on complete syllabus or course project.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Some guidelines for setting up the question paper. Minimum 80% syllabus should be covered in question papers of end semester examination. **In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.**

1. Question paper will comprise of total six questions
2. All questions carry equal marks
3. Questions will be mixed in nature (for example suppose Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4. Only Four questions need to be solved.

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO8028	Digital Business Management	03

Objectives:

1. To familiarize with digital business concept
2. To acquaint with E-commerce
3. To give insights into E-business and its strategies

Outcomes: The learner will be able to

1. Identify drivers of digital business
2. Illustrate various approaches and techniques for E-business and management
3. Prepare E-business plan

Module	Detailed content	Hours
1	<p>Introduction to Digital Business-</p> <p>Introduction, Background and current status, E-market places, structures, mechanisms, economics and impacts</p> <p>Difference between physical economy and digital economy,</p> <p>Drivers of digital business- Big Data & Analytics, Mobile, Cloud Computing, Social media, BYOD, and Internet of Things(digitally intelligent machines/services)</p> <p>Opportunities and Challenges in Digital Business,</p>	09
2	<p>Overview of E-Commerce</p> <p>E-Commerce- Meaning, Retailing in e-commerce-products and services, consumer behavior, market research and advertisement</p> <p>B2B-E-commerce-selling and buying in private e-markets, public B2B exchanges and support services, e-supply chains, Collaborative Commerce, Intra business EC and Corporate portals</p> <p>Other E-C models and applications, innovative EC System-From E- government and learning to C2C, mobile commerce and pervasive computing</p> <p>EC Strategy and Implementation-EC strategy and global EC, Economics and Justification of EC, Using Affiliate marketing to promote your e- commerce business, Launching a successful online business and EC project, Legal, Ethics and Societal impacts of EC</p>	06

3	Digital Business Support services: ERP as e –business backbone, knowledge Tope Apps, Information and referral system Application Development: Building Digital business Applications and Infrastructure	06
4	Managing E-Business -Managing Knowledge, Management skills for e-business, Managing Risks in e –business Security Threats to e-business -Security Overview, Electronic Commerce Threats, Encryption, Cryptography, Public Key and Private Key Cryptography, Digital Signatures, Digital Certificates, Security Protocols over Public Networks: HTTP, SSL, Firewall as Security Control, Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) for Security, Prominent Cryptographic Applications	06
5	E-Business Strategy -E-business Strategic formulation- Analysis of Company's Internal and external environment, Selection of strategy, E- business strategy into Action, challenges and E-Transition (Process of Digital Transformation)	04
6	Materializing e-business: From Idea to Realization-Business plan preparation Case Studies and presentations	08

References:

1. A textbook on E-commerce, Er Arunrajan Mishra, Dr W K Sarwade, Neha Publishers & Distributors, 2011
2. E-commerce from vision to fulfilment, Elias M. Awad, PHI-Restricted, 2002
3. Digital Business and E-Commerce Management, 6th Ed, Dave Chaffey, Pearson, August 2014
4. Introduction to E-business-Management and Strategy, Colin Combe, ELSVIER, 2006
5. Digital Business Concepts and Strategy, Eloise Coupey, 2nd Edition, Pearson
6. Trend and Challenges in Digital Business Innovation, Vinocenzo Morabito, Springer
7. Digital Business Discourse Erika Darics, April 2015, Palgrave Macmillan
8. E-Governance-Challenges and Opportunities in : Proceedings in 2nd International Conference theory and practice of Electronic Governance
9. Perspectives the Digital Enterprise –A framework for Transformation, TCS consulting journal Vol.5
10. Measuring Digital Economy-A new perspective -DOI:[10.1787/9789264221796-en](https://doi.org/10.1787/9789264221796-en)OECD Publishing

Assessment:

Internal:

Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test and the other is either a class test or at least 6 assignment on complete syllabus or course project.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Some guidelines for setting up the question paper. Minimum 80% syllabus should be covered in question papers of end semester examination. **In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.**

1. Question paper will comprise of total six question
2. All question carry equal marks
3. Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)
4. Only Four question need to be solved.

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Course Code	Course Name	Credits
ILO8029	Environmental Management	03

Objectives:

1. Understand and identify environmental issues relevant to India and global concerns
2. Learn concepts of ecology
3. Familiarise environment related legislations

Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

1. Understand the concept of environmental management
2. Understand ecosystem and interdependence, food chain etc.
3. Understand and interpret environment related legislations

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
01	Introduction and Definition of Environment: Significance of Environment Management for contemporary managers, Career opportunities. Environmental issues relevant to India, Sustainable Development, The Energy scenario.	10
02	Global Environmental concerns : Global Warming, Acid Rain, Ozone Depletion, Hazardous Wastes, Endangered life-species, Loss of Biodiversity, Industrial/Man-made disasters, Atomic/Biomedical hazards, etc.	06
03	Concepts of Ecology: Ecosystems and interdependence between living organisms, habitats, limiting factors, carrying capacity, food chain, etc.	05
04	Scope of Environment Management, Role & functions of Government as a planning and regulating agency. Environment Quality Management and Corporate Environmental Responsibility	10
05	Total Quality Environmental Management, ISO-14000, EMS certification.	05
06	General overview of major legislations like Environment Protection Act, Air (P & CP) Act, Water (P & CP) Act, Wildlife Protection Act, Forest Act, Factories Act, etc.	03

REFERENCES:

1. Environmental Management: Principles and Practice, C J Barrow, Routledge Publishers London, 1999
2. A Handbook of Environmental Management Edited by Jon C. Lovett and David G. Ockwell, Edward Elgar Publishing
3. Environmental Management, **T V Ramachandra and Vijay Kulkarni, TERI Press**
4. Indian Standard Environmental Management Systems — Requirements With Guidance For Use, Bureau Of Indian Standards, February 2005
5. Environmental Management: An Indian Perspective, S N Chary and Vinod Vyasulu, Macmillan India, 2000

6. Introduction to Environmental Management, Mary K Theodore and Louise Theodore, CRC Press
7. Environment and Ecology, Majid Hussain, 3rd Ed. Access Publishing.2015

Assessment:

Internal:

Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test and the other is either a class test or assignment on live problems or course project.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Some guidelines for setting up the question paper. Minimum 80% syllabus should be covered in question papers of end semester examination. **In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.**

1. Question paper will comprise of total six question
2. All question carry equal marks
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4. Only Four question need to be solved.

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Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSL801	Advanced AI Lab	01

Prerequisite: C/C++/Java/MATLAB	
Lab Objectives:	
1	Articulate basic knowledge of fuzzy set theory through programming.
2	To design Associative Memory Networks.
3	To apply Unsupervised learning towards Networks design.
4	To demonstrate Special networks and its applications in soft computing.
5	To implement Hybrid computing systems.
Lab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to	
1	Implement Fuzzy operations and functions towards Fuzzy-rule creations.
2	Build and training Associative Memory Network.
3	Build Unsupervised learning based networks .
4	Design and implement architecture of Special Networks
5	Implement Neuro-Fuzzy hybrid computing applications.

Suggested Experiments:	
Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment
1	Design and implement a Hidden Markov Models for outcome prediction.
2	Design and implement a Bayesian Network for outcome prediction.
3	Design and implement a Gaussian Mixture Models for outcome prediction.
4	Build and Train a Generative Multi-Layer Network Model using appropriate dataset.
5	Build and Train a Deep Convolution Generative Multi-Layer (DCGAN) Network Model for an image based dataset.
6	Develop a Conditional GAN (CGAN) Network to direct the image generation process of the generator model.
7	Train a variational autoencoder using Tensorflow on Fashion MNIST

8	Explore the working of any pre-trained model towards outcome generation.
9	Implement and analyze the working of Local Interpretable Model-agnostic Explanations(LIME) supervised model.
10	Case-study on the emerging technologies in AI like Metaverse, Augmented reality etc.
11	Mini Project Report: For any one chosen real world application as per the syllabus of CSC801 : Advanced AI.
12	Implementation and Presentation of Mini Project

Useful Links	
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106224
2	https://www.tensorflow.org/tutorials/generative/cvae
3	https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/blog/2022/07/everything-you-need-to-know-about-lime/
4	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs62/preview
5	https://machinelearningmastery.com/what-are-generative-adversarial-networks-gans/

Term Work:	
1	Term work should consist of any 06 experiments, 1 case study, Mini Project.
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments based on Theory and Practical's.
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)
Practical and Oral exam	
	Oral examination on the entire syllabus of CSC801 and CSL801

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSDOL8011	AI for financial & Banking application Lab	1

Prerequisite: Python Programming, Deep Learning, Machine Learning.

Lab Objectives: Students will try

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 | To implement digital money transfer systems in the banking sector. |
| 2 | To calculate risk-adjusted performance measures for investment portfolios. |
| 3 | To apply cluster analysis to identify patterns in financial data. |
| 4 | To analyze market sentiment using the Markov regime switching model. |
| 5 | To design and backtest trading algorithms for financial markets |
| 6 | To detect and prevent fraudulent activities using fraud analytics techniques |

Lab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 | Proficiency in implementing secure and efficient digital money transfer systems. |
| 2 | Ability to assess investment performance using risk-adjusted measures. |
| 3 | Competence in identifying meaningful patterns and segments in financial data. |
| 4 | Understanding of market sentiment and its impact on trading decisions. |
| 5 | Practical skills in developing and evaluating trading algorithms. |
| 6 | Knowledge of fraud detection methods for financial systems. |

Suggested List of Experiments

- | | |
|-----|--|
| 1. | Setting up a Digital Money Transfer System |
| 2. | Calculating Sharpe Ratios for Investment Portfolios |
| 3, | Cluster Analysis of Financial Data for Market Segmentation |
| 4. | Analyzing Market Sentiment using the Markov Regime Switching Model |
| 5. | Developing and Backtesting a Simple Trading Algorithm |
| 6. | Implementing Advanced Risk Management Techniques in Trading Algorithms |
| 7. | Fraud Detection using Machine Learning Algorithms |
| 8. | Visualizing Fraud Patterns and Analytics |
| 9. | Designing and Backtesting Complex Trading Strategies |
| 10. | Evaluating and Enhancing the Performance of Trading Algorithms |
| 11. | Applying Machine Learning for Predictive Fraud Analytics |

Textbooks:	
1	Financial Analytics with R Building a Laptop Laboratory for Data Science MARK J. BENNETT University of Chicago DIRK L. HUGEN University of Iowa
2	Artificial Intelligence in Finance A Python-Based Guide, Yves Hilpisch A
3	Fraud Analytics Using Descriptive, Predictive, and Social Network Techniques: A Guide to Data Science for Fraud Detection , Bart Baesens, Veronique Van Vlasselaer, Wouter Verbeke

References:	
1	" Machine Learning for Asset Managers" by Marcos López de Prado
2	"Advances in Financial Machine Learning" by Marcos López de Prado.
Digital References:	
1. https://www.eastnets.com/newsroom/digital-transformation-in-the-banking-and-financial-services-sector	
2. https://www.techopedia.com/definition/34633/generative-ai	

Term Work:	
1	Term work should consist of 10 experiments and 2 assignments.
2	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Total 25 Marks (Experiments and Project: 15-marks, Attendance(Theory & Practical): 05-marks, Assignment: 05-marks)
Practical and Oral exam	
	Oral examination on the entire syllabus of CSDO8011 & CSDOL8011

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSDOL8012	Quantum Computing Lab	1

Prerequisite: Python Programming Language.

Lab Objectives:

- 1 To implement fundamental quantum computing concepts
- 2 To learn quantum computation and quantum information
- 3 To understand quantum entanglement, quantum algorithms
- 4 To understand quantum information theory and channels

Lab Outcomes: Students will be able to

- 1 Implement basic quantum computing logic by building dice and random numbers using open source simulation tools.
- 2 Understand quantum logic gates using open source simulation tools.
- 3 Implement quantum circuits using open source simulation tools.
- 4 Implement quantum algorithms using open source simulation tools.

Suggested Experiments: Students are required to complete at least 10 experiments. Faculty may develop their own set of experiments for students. List below is only suggestive.

Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment
1	Building Quantum dice
2	Building Quantum Random No. Generation
3	Composing simple quantum circuits with q-gates and measuring the output into classical bits.
4	Implementation of Shor's Algorithms
5	Implementation of Grover's Algorithm
6	Implementation of Deutsch's Algorithm
7	Implementation of Deutsch-Jozsa's Algorithm
8	Quantum Circuits
9	Qubit Gates
10	Bell Circuit & GHZ Circuit
11	Accuracy of Quantum Phase Estimation
12	Mini Project such as implementing an API for efficient search using Grover's Algorithms or Integer factorization using Shor's Algorithm.

Useful Links:

1	IBM Experience: https://quantum-computing.ibm.com/
2	Microsoft Quantum Development Kit https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/resources/development-kit/quantum-computing/#overview
3	Forest SDK PyQuil: https://pyquil-docs.rigetti.com/en/stable/
4	Google Quantum CIRQ https://quantumai.google/cirq
5	Qiskit Labs IBM https://learn.qiskit.org/course/ch-labs/lab-1-quantum-circuits

Term Work:
1 Term work should consist of 10 experiments.
2 Journal must include at least 2 assignments.
3 The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
4 Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)
Oral & Practical exam:
Oral examination based on the entire syllabus of CSDO8012 and CSDOL8012

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Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSDOL8013	Reinforcement Learning Lab	1

Prerequisite: Python Programming, Deep Learning, Machine Learning.

Lab Objectives: Students will try

- 1 Introduce the fundamentals of reinforcement learning and problem formulation using MDPs and Bandit problems
- 2 Explore different exploration strategies and their impact on online learning scenarios.
- 3 Understand dynamic programming algorithms for solving Markov Decision Processes.
- 4 Apply dynamic programming techniques to solve small-scale MDP problems
- 5 Implement and compare Monte Carlo methods and Temporal-Difference learning algorithms.
- 6 Explore real-world applications of reinforcement learning in domains such as autonomous driving or robotics

Lab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- 1 Gain a solid understanding of reinforcement learning concepts and problem formulation.
- 2 Evaluate and compare exploration strategies in online learning scenarios.
- 3 Solve Markov Decision Processes using dynamic programming algorithms
- 4 Apply dynamic programming techniques to solve small-scale MDP problems.
- 5 Implement and analyze Monte Carlo methods and Temporal-Difference learning algorithms
- 6 Explore practical applications of reinforcement learning in real-world domains.

Suggested List of Experiments

1. Implementing a simple grid-world environment and training an agent using basic Q-learning
2. Implementing a multi-armed bandit problem and comparing different exploration strategies like epsilon-greedy and UCB.
3. Implementing a basic grid-world environment as an MDP and applying policy iteration and value iteration algorithms to find optimal policies.
4. Applying dynamic programming algorithms, such as policy evaluation and policy improvement, to solve a small-scale MDP problem.
5. Implementing Monte Carlo control and Temporal Difference (TD) learning algorithms to train an agent in a grid-world environment.
6. Exploration vs. Exploitation Trade-off: Experimenting with different exploration strategies and analyzing their impact on the learning performance of an agent in a bandit problem.
7. Function Approximation in Reinforcement Learning: Using function approximation

	techniques, such as linear regression or neural networks, to approximate value functions in reinforcement learning problems.
8.	Deep Reinforcement Learning: Implementing a deep Q-network (DQN) to train an agent to play a popular Atari game, such as Pong or Space Invaders.
9.	Transfer Learning and Multi-Task Reinforcement Learning: Investigating transfer learning in reinforcement learning by training an agent in one environment and transferring its knowledge to a different but related environment
10.	Policy Gradient Methods: Implementing policy gradient methods, such as REINFORCE or Proximal Policy Optimization (PPO), to train an agent in a continuous control environment.
*11.	Applications and Case Studies: Applying reinforcement learning techniques to solve a real-world problem, such as training a self-driving car to navigate a simulated road environment.

Text Books:

1. Reinforcement Learning: An Introduction, by Richard S. Sutton and Andrew G. Barto
2. Alessandro Palmas, Dr. Alexandra Galina Petre, Emanuele Ghelfi, The Reinforcement Learning Workshop: Learn how to Apply Cutting-edge Reinforcement Learning Algorithms to a Wide Range of Control Problems, 2020 Packt publishing.
3. Phil Winder, Reinforcement Learning Industrial Applications with Intelligent Agents, O'Reilly
4. Dr Engr S M Farrukh Akhtar, Practical Reinforcement Learning, Packt Publishing, 2017.

References Books:

1. Maxim Lapan, Deep Reinforcement Learning Hands-On: Apply modern RL methods, with deep Q-networks, value iteration, policy gradients, TRPO, AlphaGo Zero.
2. Csaba Szepesv'ari, Algorithms for Reinforcement Learning, Morgan & Claypool Publishers
3. Alberto Leon-Garcia, Probability, Statistics and Random Processes for Electrical Engineering, Third Edition, Pearson Education, Inc.

Useful Links

1. [Machine Learning and Friends at Carnegie Mellon University](#)
2. [Reinforcement Learning: A Survey](#)
3. [Bibliography on Reinforcement Learning](#)
4. [David J. Finton's Reinforcement Learning Page](#)

Term Work:	
1	Term work should consist of any 8 experiments, 1 case study and 2 assignments.
2	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance o

	laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Total 25 Marks (Experiments and Project: 15-marks, Attendance(Theory & Practical): 05-marks, Assignment: 05-marks)
Oral exam	
	Oral Examination based on the entire syllabus of CSDO8011 and CSL8011

Draft copy

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSDOL8021	Graph Data Science Lab	1

Lab Objectives: Students will try	
1	To understand graph database fundamentals and their advantages.
2	To design and implement effective data models using the labeled property graph model.
3	To develop proficiency in querying and analyzing graph data using Cypher.
4	To gain knowledge of graph database administration tasks and data management.
5	To apply graph database techniques to real-world use cases.
6	To develop practical skills in graph database application development.

Lab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to	
1	Comprehensive understanding of graph databases and their benefits.
2	Proficiency in creating data models for representing complex relationships.
3	Ability to write efficient queries and analyze graph data effectively.
4	Competence in administering and managing graph databases.
5	Application of graph database techniques to solve real-world problems.
6	Understand developing graph database applications.

Prerequisite: Python Programming, Deep Learning, Machine Learning.

Suggested List of Experiments	
1.	<p>Graph Database Fundamentals:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Install and set up a graph database system (e.g., Neo4j) on a local machine. o Familiarize yourself with the graph database environment, including the query language (Cypher) and browser interface.

2.	<p>Data Modeling with Graphs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Design a data model using the labeled property graph model for a specific domain (e.g., social network, e-commerce). o Implement the data model in the graph database and populate it with sample data.
3,	<p>Basic Graph Queries:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Perform basic graph queries using Cypher to retrieve nodes, relationships, and their properties. o Explore different query patterns, such as finding paths, filtering nodes, and ordering results.
4.	<p>Advanced Graph Queries:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Extend your query knowledge by performing more complex graph queries, including subgraph matching, aggregation, and conditional filtering. o Optimize query performance by understanding and utilizing indexes.
5.	<p>Graph Database Administration:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Learn and practice essential administrative tasks, such as managing users, roles, and access control. o Perform backup and restore operations to ensure data integrity.
6.	<p>Importing and Exporting Data:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Import data from external sources (e.g., CSV files) into the graph database. o Export graph data to different formats for analysis or sharing.
7.	<p>Graph Algorithms and Analytics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Explore the built-in graph algorithms provided by the graph database system (e.g., centrality, community detection). o Apply graph algorithms to analyze and extract insights from your graph data
8.	<p>Graph Visualization and Exploration:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Utilize visualization tools and libraries to visualize your graph data. o Explore and navigate the graph visually to gain a better understanding of its structure and relationships.
9.	<p>Performance Optimization:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Identify and address performance bottlenecks in your graph database application. o Optimize queries, indexes, and data modeling to improve overall system

	performance.
10.	<p>Scaling and Replication:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Learn techniques for scaling and replicating a graph database to handle larger datasets and higher workloads. ◦ Implement and test replication strategies to ensure data availability and fault tolerance.
*11.	<p>Real-World Use Cases:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Choose a specific real-world use case (e.g., recommendation systems, fraud detection) and apply graph database techniques to solve the problem. ◦ Design and implement a graph database application that addresses the unique requirements of the chosen use case.

Textbooks:

1	Introduction to Graph Theory Fourth edition, Robin J. Wilson
2	Daphne Koller and Nir Friedman, "Probabilistic Graphical Models: Principles and Techniques", Cambridge, MA: The MIT Press, 2009 (ISBN 978-0-262-0139- 2).
3	Graph databases, Ian Robinson, Jim Webber & Emil Eifrem

References:

1	"Graph Databases: New Opportunities for Connected Data" by Ian Robinson, Jim Webber, and Emil Eifréim.
2	"Neo4j in Action" by Alekxa Vukotic, Nicki Watt, and Tareq Abedrabbo.
3	"Graph Databases for Beginners" by Mark Needham and Amy E. Hodler.
4	"Practical Neo4j" by Gregory Jordan.
5	"Learning Neo4j" by Rik Van Bruggen.
6	"Graph Database Applications and Concepts with Neo4j" by Dionysios Synodinos.

Digital References:

1. https://web4.ensiie.fr/~stefania.dumbrava/OReilly_Graph_Databases.pdf
2. https://www.quackit.com/neo4j/tutorial/

Term Work:	
1	Term work should consist of any 8 experiments , 1 case study and 2 assignments.
2	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Total 25 Marks (Experiments and Project: 15-marks, Attendance(Theory & Practical): 05-marks, Assignment: 05-marks)
Oral exam	
	Oral examination on the entire syllabus of CSDO8021 and CSDOL8021

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Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSDOL8022	Recommendation Systems Lab	1

Prerequisite: Java/Python

Lab Objectives:

- 1 To understand the key concepts of Recommendation systems.
- 2 Design and implement cluster-based approaches for recommendation systems.
- 3 Design, implement and analyze classification algorithms for recommendation systems.
- 4 To understand various Recommendation system Algorithms.
- 5 To understand data processing for Recommendation system Algorithms

Lab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- 1 Understand mathematics and representation of data for recommendation systems.
- 2 Design, implement and analyze Collaborative filtering based for recommendation systems.
- 3 Design, implement and analyze Content-based recommendation systems.
- 4 Design, implement and analyze Knowledge-based recommendation systems.
- 5 Understanding feature engineering and pre-processing for recommendation systems.
- 6 To solve real world problems using recommendation systems.

Suggested Experiments:

Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment
1	Implementation of Matrix operations and data representation towards understanding mathematics for recommendation system
2	Experiment on the role of clustering methods with respect to recommendation systems
3	Feature engineering and pre-processing of data for recommendation systems.
4	Implementation of Bayes classifier for recommendation.
5	Implement User-based Nearest neighbor recommendation.
6	Implement Item-based Nearest neighbor recommendation
7	Implement Content-based recommendation system.
8	Implement Knowledge-based recommendation system.

9	Implementation of a recommendation system using Hybrid approach.
10	Implementation of a recommendation system using Ensembled approach.
11	Implementation of a Regression based recommendation system.
12	Analyze results on the basis of different evaluation parameters and graphical representations for recommendation systems.
13	Mini Project Report: For any one chosen real world Recommendation systems application.
14	Implementation and Presentation of Mini Project

Useful Links

1	https://towardsdatascience.com/recommendation-systems-explained-a42fc60591ed
2	https://www.coursera.org/specializations/recommender-systems

Term Work:

1	Term work should consist of any 08 experiments and mini project
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments based on Theory and Practical's
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)

Oral exam:

	Oral examination based on the entire syllabus of CSDO8022 and CSL8022
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Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSDOL8023	Social Media Analytics Lab	1

Prerequisite: Types of Graphs, Data Mining, Data Analytics

Lab Objectives:

- 1 To understand the fundamental concepts of social media networks.
- 2 To learn various social media analytics tools and evaluation matrices.
- 3 To collect and store social media data.
- 4 To analyze and visualize social media data
- 5 To design and develop social media analytics models.
- 6 To design and build a social media analytics application.

Lab Outcomes: The students will be able to

- 1 Understand characteristics and types of social media networks.
- 2 Use social media analytics tools for business
- 3 Collect, monitor , store and track social media data
- 4 Analyze and visualize social media data from multiple platforms
- 5 Design and develop content and structure based social media analytics models.
6. Design and implement social media analytics applications for business.

Suggested Experiments:

Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment
1	<p>Study various -</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) Social Media platforms (Facebook, twitter, YouTubeetc) ii) Social Media analytics tools (Facebook insights, google analytics net lyticetc) iii) Social Media Analytics techniques and engagement metrics (page level, post level, member level) iv) Applications of Social media analytics for business. e.g. Google Analytics https://marketingplatform.google.com/about/analytics/ https://netlytic.org/
2	Data Collection-Select the social media platforms of your choice (Twitter, Facebook, LinkedIn, YouTube, Web blogs etc),connect to and capture social media data for business (scraping, crawling, parsing).

3	Data Cleaning and Storage- Preprocess, filter and store social media data for business (Using Python, MongoDB, R, etc).
4	Exploratory Data Analysis and visualization of Social Media Data for business.
5	Develop Content (text, emoticons, image, audio, video) based social media analytics model for business. (e.g. Content Based Analysis :Topic , Issue , Trend, sentiment/opinion analysis, audio, video, image analytics)
6	Develop Structure based social media analytics model for any business. (e.g. Structure Based Models -community detection, influence analysis)
7	Develop a dashboard and reporting tool based on real time social media data.
8	Design the creative content for promotion of your business on social media
	platform.
9	Analyze competitor activities using social media data.
10	Develop social media text analytics models for improving existing product/ service by analyzing customer's reviews/comments.

Reference Books:

1	Python Social Media Analytics: Analyze and visualize data from Twitter, YouTube, GitHub, and more Kindle Edition by Siddhartha Chatterjee , Michal Krystyanczuk
2	Learning Social Media Analytics with R, by Raghav Bali, Dipanjan Sarkar, Tushar Sharma.
3	Jennifer Golbeck, Analyzing the social web, Morgan Kaufmann, 2013
4	Matthew A. Russell. Mining the Social Web: Data Mining Facebook, Twitter, LinkedIn, Google+, Github, and More, 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2013
5	Charu Aggarwal (ed.), Social Network Data Analytics, Springer, 2011

Term Work:

1	Term work should consist of 10 experiments.
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments.
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)

Practical and Oral Exam

Oral examination based on the entire syllabus of **CSDC8023** and **CSDL80223**

Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSP801	Major Project 2	6

Course Objectives:	
1	To acquaint with the process of identifying the needs and converting it into the problem.
2	To familiarize the process of solving the problem in a group.
3	To acquaint with the process of applying basic engineering fundamentals to attempt solutions to the problems.
4	To inculcate the process of self-learning and research.
Course Outcomes:	
1	Identify problems based on societal /research needs.
2	Apply Knowledge and skill to solve societal problems in a group
3	Draw the proper inferences from available results through theoretical/ experimental/simulations
4	Analyse the impact of solutions in societal and environmental context for sustainable development.
5	Demonstrate capabilities of self-learning in a group, which leads to lifelong learning.
6	Demonstrate project management principles during project work.

Guidelines:

- Internal guide has to keep track of the progress of the project and also has to maintain attendance report. This progress report can be used for awarding term work marks.

2. Project Report Format:

At the end of semester, each group needs to prepare a project report as per the guidelines issued by the University of Mumbai. Report should be submitted in hardcopy. Also, each group should submit softcopy of the report along with project documentation, implementation code, required utilities, software and user Manuals.

A project report should preferably contain at least following details:

- Abstract
- Introduction
- Literature Survey/ Existing system
- Limitation Existing system or research gap
- Problem Statement and Objective
- Proposed System
 - Analysis/Framework/ Algorithm
 - Design details
 - Methodology(your approach to solve the problem) Proposed System
- Experimental Set up

- Details of Database or details about input to systems or selected data
- Performance Evaluation Parameters (for Validation)
- Software and Hardware Setup
- Results and Discussion
- Conclusion and Future Work
- References
- Appendix – List of Publications or certificates

Desirable:

Students should be encouraged -

- to participate in various project competition.
- to write minimum one technical paper & publish in good journal.
- to participate in national / international conference.

3. Term Work:

Distribution of marks for term work shall be done based on following:

- a. Weekly Log Report
- b. Completeness of the project and Project Work Contribution
- c. Project Report (Black Book) (both side print)
- d. Term End Presentation (Internal)

The final certification and acceptance of TW ensures the satisfactory performance on the above aspects.

4. Oral & Practical:

Oral &Practical examination (Final Project Evaluation) of Project 2 should be conducted by Internal and External examiners approved by University of Mumbai at the end of the semester.

Suggested quality evaluation parameters are as following:

- a. Relevance to the specialization / industrial trends
- b. Modern tools used
- c. Innovation
- d. Quality of work and completeness of the project
- e. Validation of results
- f. Impact and business value
- g. Quality of written and oral presentation
- h. Individual as well as teamwork