

1.Example of enumeration

```
using System;
```

```
namespace enumeration_example
```

```
{  
    public enum colors  
    {  
        red,  
        orange,  
        yellow,  
        green,  
        blue,  
        indigo,  
        violet,  
        pink,  
        purple,  
        sky,  
        maroon,  
        black,  
        white,  
        peach,  
    };  
}
```

```
class Program
```

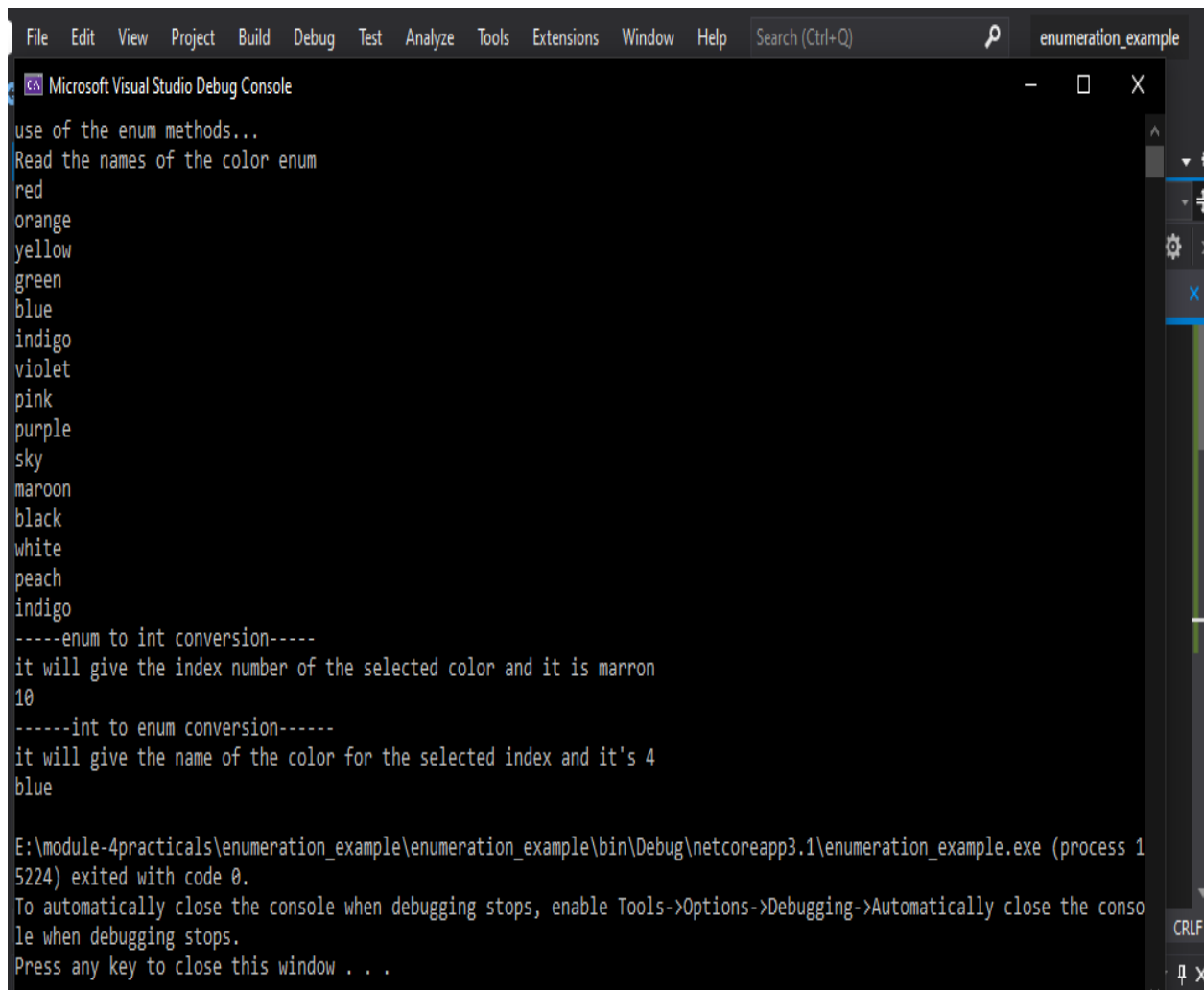
```
{  
    static void Main(string[] args)  
    {  
        Console.WriteLine("use of the enum methods...");  
        Console.WriteLine("Read the names of the color enum");  
        foreach (string str in Enum.GetNames(typeof(colors)))  
        {  
            Console.WriteLine(str);  
        }  
        colors c = colors.indigo;  
        Console.WriteLine(c);  
  
        Console.WriteLine("-----enum to int conversion-----");  
        Console.WriteLine("it will give the index number of the selected color and it is marron ");  
        int color = (int)colors.maroon;  
  
        Console.WriteLine(color);  
        Console.WriteLine("-----int to enum conversion-----");  
    }  
}
```

```

        Console.WriteLine("it will give the name of the color for the selected index and it's 4");
        var cl = (colors)4;
        Console.WriteLine(cl);
    }
}
}

```

OUTPUT:



The screenshot shows the Microsoft Visual Studio Debug Console window for a project named 'enumeration_example'. The console output is as follows:

```

use of the enum methods...
Read the names of the color enum
red
orange
yellow
green
blue
indigo
violet
pink
purple
sky
maroon
black
white
peach
indigo
-----enum to int conversion-----
it will give the index number of the selected color and it is marron
10
-----int to enum conversion-----
it will give the name of the color for the selected index and it's 4
blue

E:\module-4practicals\enumeration_example\enumeration_example\bin\Debug\netcoreapp3.1\enumeration_example.exe (process 15224) exited with code 0.
To automatically close the console when debugging stops, enable Tools->Options->Debugging->Automatically close the console when debugging stops.
Press any key to close this window . . .

```

2.Example of Exception handling

```
using System;
using System.Xml.Serialization;

namespace Exception_example
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            Console.WriteLine("Press 0 for exit");
            Console.WriteLine("Press 1 for continue");
            int Choice = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());

            while (Choice != 0)
            {
                Console.WriteLine("-----Exception handling example-----");

                try
                {
                    Console.WriteLine("Enter one number for division : ");
                    int a = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
                    Console.WriteLine("Enter second number for division : ");
                    int b = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
                    decimal result = a / b;
                    Console.WriteLine("{0} divided by {1} is : {2}", a, b, result);
                }
                catch (System.FormatException)
                {
                    Console.WriteLine("Not a valid format...please enter correct format");
                }
                catch (DivideByZeroException)
                {
                    Console.WriteLine("Cannot divide a number with zero...please try with another
number");
                }

                catch (InvalidOperationException)
                {
                    Console.WriteLine("Invalid OPERATION...");
                }
                catch (NullReferenceException)
```

```

        {
            Console.WriteLine("value can not be null...please enter number");
        }
    }
}
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

E:\module-4practicals\Exception_example\Exception_example\bin\Debug\netcoreapp3.1\Exception_example.exe
Press 0 for exit
Press 1 for continue
1
-----Exception handling example-----
Enter one number for division :
45
Enter second number for division :
5
45 divided by 5 is : 9
-----Exception handling example-----
Enter one number for division :
0
Enter second number for division :
23
0 divided by 23 is : 0
-----Exception handling example-----
Enter one number for division :
34
Enter second number for division :
0
Cannot divide a number with zero...please try with another number
-----Exception handling example-----
Enter one number for division :
12
Enter second number for division :
null
Not a valid format...please enter correst format
-----Exception handling example-----
Enter one number for division :

Not a valid format...please enter correst format
-----Exception handling example-----
Enter one number for division :

```

3.Example of the event

```
using System;
namespace events_example
{
    class test
    {
        public delegate void oddnumbers();//decleare a delegate
        public event oddnumbers ev_oddnumbers;
        public void add(Int32 a, Int32 b)
        {
            Int32 result;
            result = a + b;
            Console.WriteLine("the result of the adding to numbers is : {0}", result);

            if ((result % 2 != 0) && (ev_oddnumbers != null))
            {
                ev_oddnumbers();//raised event
            }
        }
    }
}

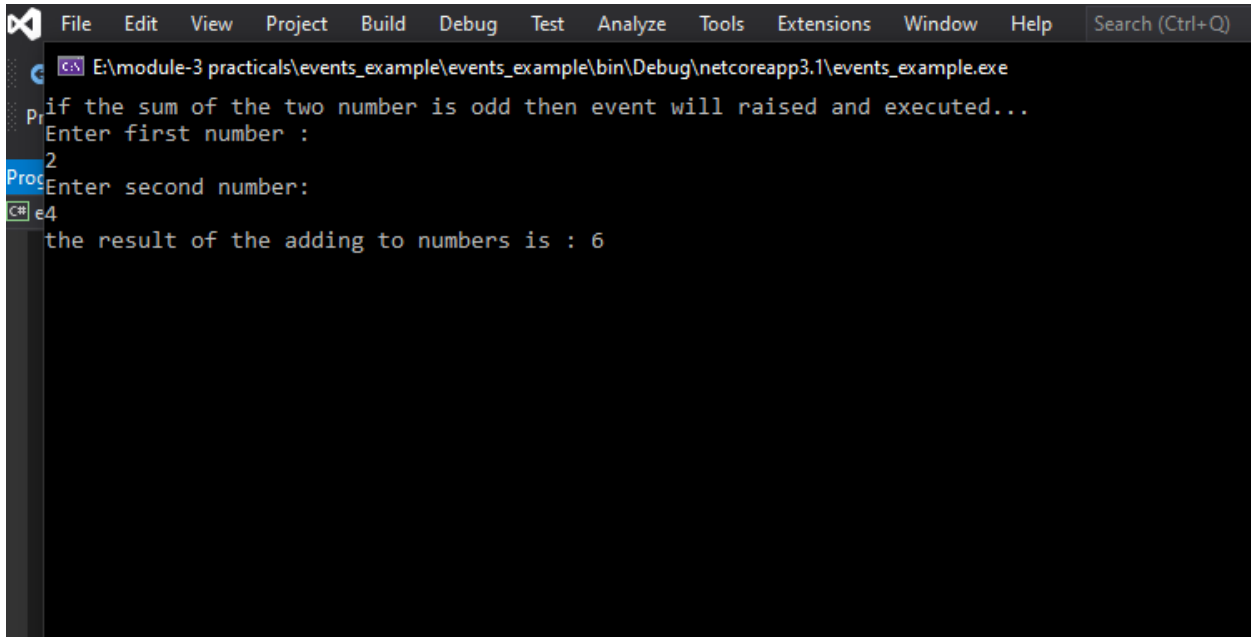
class Program
{
    static void Eventmessage()
    {
        Console.WriteLine("event occured and handled : the sum of the given number
is a odd number ");}

    static void Main(string[] args)
    {
        Console.WriteLine("if the sum of the two number is odd then event will raised
and executed...");
        test t = new test();
        t.ev_oddnumbers += new test.oddnumbers(Eventmessage);
        Console.WriteLine("Enter first number : ");
        int a = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
        Console.WriteLine("Enter second number: ");
        int b = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
        t.add(a,b);

        Console.ReadLine();
    }
}
```

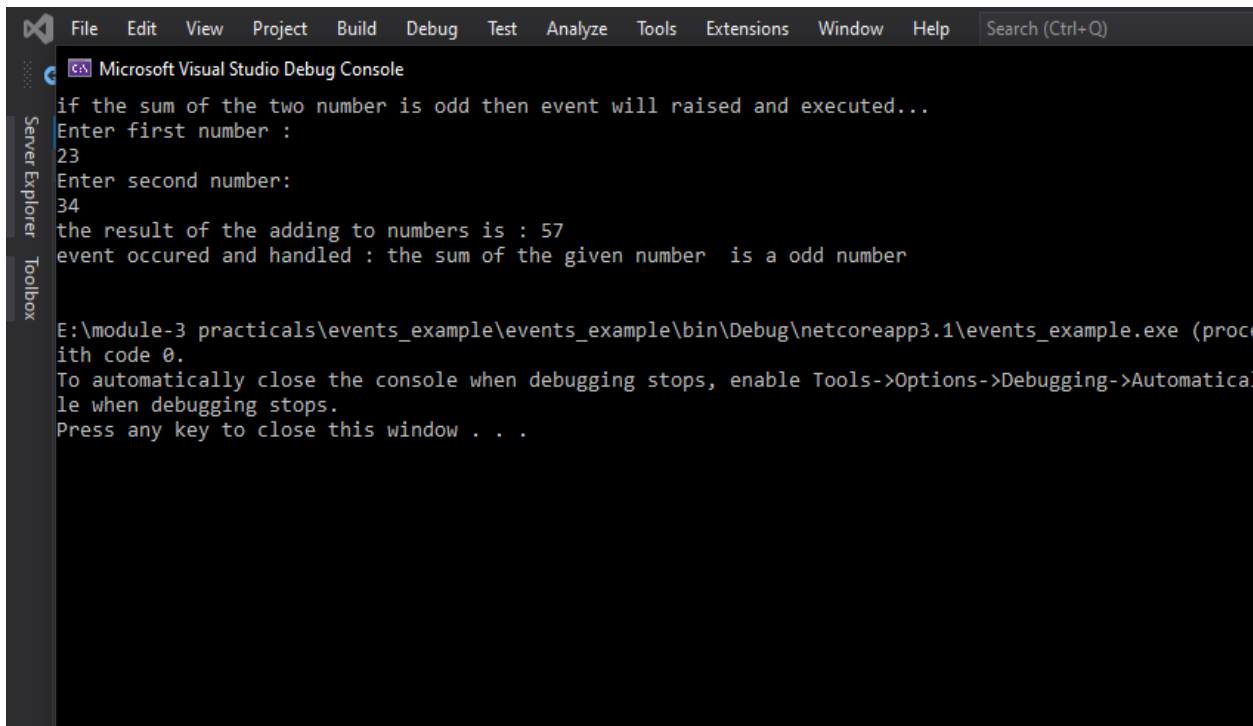
OUTPUT:

If event will not occur then output will be as given:



```
File Edit View Project Build Debug Test Analyze Tools Extensions Window Help Search (Ctrl+Q)
E:\module-3 practicals\events_example\events_example\bin\Debug\netcoreapp3.1\events_example.exe
if the sum of the two number is odd then event will raised and executed...
Enter first number :
2
Enter second number:
4
the result of the adding to numbers is : 6
```

If the event will occur then the output will be as given:



```
File Edit View Project Build Debug Test Analyze Tools Extensions Window Help Search (Ctrl+Q)
Microsoft Visual Studio Debug Console
if the sum of the two number is odd then event will raised and executed...
Enter first number :
23
Enter second number:
34
the result of the adding to numbers is : 57
event occurred and handled : the sum of the given number is a odd number

E:\module-3 practicals\events_example\events_example\bin\Debug\netcoreapp3.1\events_example.exe (process
ith code 0.
To automatically close the console when debugging stops, enable Tools->Options->Debugging->Automaticall
le when debugging stops.
Press any key to close this window . . .
```

4.example of inheritance.

```
using System;

namespace inheritance_example
{
    class test
    {
        public int value1;
        public int value2;
        public int seta(int a)
        {
            value1 = a;
            return (value1);
        }
        public int setb(int b)
        {
            value2 = b;
            return (value2);
        }
    }
    class classA : test // single inheritance
    {
        public int result;
        public int sum()
        {
            result = value1 + value2;
            Console.WriteLine("The sum of two number is : " + result);
            return (result);
        }
        public void show()
        {
            Console.WriteLine("this is a method of classA ");
        }
    }
    class classB : classA //multilevel inheritance
    {
        int avg;
        public void average()
        {
            avg = result / 2;
        }
    }
}
```

```

        Console.WriteLine("the average of the given numbers is : " +avg);
    }
}
class classC : test //hierarchical inheritance
{
    int res;
    public void multiply()
    {
        res = value1 * value2;
        Console.WriteLine("the multiplication of the two number is : "+res);
    }
}
class Program
{
    static void Main(string[] args)
    {
        Console.WriteLine("-----example of the single inheritance-----");
        classA a = new classA();
        a.seta(6);
        a.setb(8);
        a.sum();

        Console.WriteLine("-----example of multilevel inheritance-----");
        classB b = new classB();
        b.show();
        Console.WriteLine();
        Console.WriteLine("-----example of hierarchical inheritance-----");
        classC c = new classC();
        c.seta(15);
        c.setb(34);
        c.multiply();

        Console.ReadLine();
    }
}
}

```

OUTPUT:

63 E:\module-4practicals\inheritance_example\inheritance_example\bin\Debug\netcoreapp3.1\inheritance_example.exe

-----example of the single inheritance-----

The sum of two number is : 14

-----example of multilevel inheritance-----

this is a method of classA

-----example of hierarchical inheritance-----

the multiplication of the two number is : 510

5.Example of inface.

```
using System;

namespace interface_example
{
    interface iemployee
    {
        public void getname( string str);
        public void getsalary(uint slr);
    }
    class permanent_employee
    {
        public string ename;
        public uint salary;

        public void getename(string enm)
        {
            Console.WriteLine(".....this is a parent class method.....");
            ename = enm;
            Console.WriteLine("name of the permanent employee is : " +ename);
            Console.WriteLine();
        }
        public void getslr(uint eslry)
        {
            salary = eslry;
            Console.WriteLine("the salary of the permanent employee is : "+salary);
            Console.WriteLine();
        }
    }
    class salary : permanent_employee , iemployee //example of multiple inheritance
    {
        public void getname( string str)
        {
            Console.WriteLine(".....this is a interface method.....");
            string name = str;
            Console.WriteLine("name of the employee : " +name);
            Console.WriteLine();
        }
        public void getsalary(uint slr)
        {
```

```

        uint salary = slr;
        Console.WriteLine("salary of the employee is : {0}",salary);
        Console.WriteLine();
    }

}

class Program
{
    static void Main(string[] args)
    {
        Console.WriteLine("-----example of the multiple inheritance using interface-----");

        Console.WriteLine();
        Console.Write("enter name of the employee:");

        string str = Console.ReadLine();
        Console.Write("enter the salary of the employee: ");
        uint slr = uint.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
        Console.WriteLine();
        salary s1 = new salary();
        s1.getname(str);
        s1.getsalary(slr);

        Console.WriteLine();
        Console.Write("enter name of the employee:");
        Console.WriteLine();
        string enm = Console.ReadLine();
        Console.Write("enter the salary of the employee: ");
        uint eslry = uint.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
        Console.WriteLine();
        s1.getenname(enm);
        s1.getslr(eslry);

    }
}

```

OUTPUT:

Example of the multiple inheritance using interface

```
enter name of the employee:priya gosai  
enter the salary of the employee: 1234
```

```
.....this is a interface method.....  
name of the employee : priya gosai
```

```
salary of the employee is : 1234
```

```
enter name of the employee:  
nirali lathiya  
enter the salary of the employee: 2345
```

```
.....this is a parent class method.....  
name of the permanent employee is : nirali lathiya
```

```
the salary of the permanent employee is : 2345
```

```
E:\module-4practicals\interface_example\interface_example\bin\Debug\netcoreapp3.1\interface_example.e  
To automatically close the console when debugging stops, enable Tools->Options->Debugging->Automatic  
Press any key to close this window . . .
```

6.Example of file handling ccreating a file.

```
using System;

using System.IO;

namespace filedemo
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            string filepath = @"E:\MyFile.txt";
            using (FileStream fs = new FileStream(filepath, FileMode.OpenOrCreate)) ;
            {
                if (File.Exists(filepath))
                {
                    Console.WriteLine("File Created Successfully.....");
                }
                Console.ReadLine();
            }
        }
    }
}
```

7. Read write and Append file

```
using System;
```

```
using System.IO;

namespace FileAppendDemo
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            string filepath = @"E:\MyFile.txt";

            using (FileStream fs = new FileStream(filepath, FileMode.OpenOrCreate,
            FileAccess.ReadWrite))
            {
                try
                {
                    using (StreamWriter writer = new StreamWriter(fs))
                    {
                        writer.WriteLine("This is MyFile");
                        writer.WriteLine("My name is Nirali");
                    }
                }
                catch (Exception e)
                {
                    Console.WriteLine(e.Message);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
using (FileStream fs = new FileStream(filepath, FileMode.OpenOrCreate,  
FileAccess.ReadWrite))
```

```
{  
  
    try  
  
    {  
  
        using (StreamWriter writer = new StreamWriter(fs))  
  
        {  
  
            writer.WriteLine("This is MyFile");  
  
            writer.WriteLine("My name is Nirali");  
  
        }  
  
    }  
  
    catch (Exception e)  
  
    {  
  
        Console.WriteLine(e.Message);  
  
    }  
  
}
```

```
using (FileStream fs1 = new FileStream(filepath, FileMode.Append,  
FileAccess.Write))
```

```
{  
  
    try  
  
    {  
  
        using (StreamWriter writer = new StreamWriter(fs1))  
  
        {  
  
        }
```

```

        writer.WriteLine("This is append operation");

    }

}

catch (Exception e)
{
    Console.WriteLine(e.Message);
}

}

try
{

    using (StreamReader reader = new StreamReader(filepath))
    {
        string line;

        while ((line = reader.ReadLine()) != null)
        {
            Console.WriteLine(line);
        }
    }
}

catch (Exception e)
{

```



```
        Console.WriteLine(e.Message);
    }

    Console.ReadLine();
}
}
}
```