

Background

A person's creditworthiness is often associated (conversely) with the likelihood they may default on loans.

We're giving you anonymized data on about 1000 loan applications, along with a certain set of attributes about the applicant itself, and whether they were considered high risk.

0 = Low credit risk i.e high chance of paying back the loan amount #non defaulters

1 = High credit risk i.e low chance of paying back the loan amount #defaulter

Dataset Description

The dataset has two files:

1. `applicant.csv`: This file contains personal data about the (primary) applicant

- Unique ID: `applicant_id` (string)
- Other fields:
 - Primary_applicant_age_in_years (numeric)
 - Gender (string)
 - Marital_status (string)
 - Number_of_dependents (numeric)
 - Housing (string)
 - Years_at_current_residence (numeric)
 - Employment_status (string)
 - Has_been_employed_for_at_least (string)
 - Has_been_employed_for_at_most (string)
 - Telephone (string)
 - Foreign_worker (numeric)
 - Savings_account_balance (string)

Balance_in_existing_bank_account_(lower_limit_of_bucket)
(string)

Balance_in_existing_bank_account_(upper_limit_of_bucket)
(string)

1. `loan.csv`: This file contains data more specific to the loan application

- Target: `high_risk_application` (numeric)
- Other fields:
 - applicant_id (string)
 - Months_loan_taken_for (numeric)
 - Purpose (string)
 - Principal_loan_amount (numeric)
 - EMI_rate_in_percentage_of_disposable_income (numeric)
 - Property (string)
 - Has_coapplicant (numeric)
 - Has_guarantor (numeric)
 - Other_EMI_plans (string)
 - Number_of_existing_loans_at_this_bank (numeric)
 - Loan_history (string)

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
In [2]: appdata = pd.read_csv('applicant.csv')
```

In [3]: `appdata.head()`

Out[3]:

	applicant_id	Primary_applicant_age_in_years	Gender	Marital_status	Numbe
0	1469590	67	male	single	
1	1203873	22	female	divorced/separated/married	
2	1432761	49	male	single	
3	1207582	45	male	single	
4	1674436	53	male	single	

In [4]: `loan = pd.read_csv('loan.csv')`

In [5]: `loan.head()`

Out[5]:

	loan_application_id	applicant_id	Months_loan_taken_for	Purpose	Principal_loan_amo
0	d68d975e-edad-11ea-8761-1d6f9c1ff461	1469590	6	electronic equipment	11690
1	d68d989e-edad-11ea-b1d5-2bcf65006448	1203873	48	electronic equipment	59510
2	d68d995c-edad-11ea-814a-1b6716782575	1432761	12	education	20960
3	d68d99fc-edad-11ea-8841-17e8848060ae	1207582	42	FF&E	78820
4	d68d9a92-edad-11ea-9f3d-1f8682db006a	1674436	24	new vehicle	48700

In [6]: `loan.info()`

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1000 entries, 0 to 999
Data columns (total 13 columns):
 #   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   loan_application_id                  1000 non-null   object
 1   applicant_id                        1000 non-null   int64
 2   Months_loan_taken_for               1000 non-null   int64
 3   Purpose                             988 non-null    object
 4   Principal_loan_amount              1000 non-null   int64
 5   EMI_rate_in_percentage_of_disposable_income 1000 non-null   int64
 6   Property                           846 non-null    object
 7   Has_coapplicant                    1000 non-null   int64
 8   Has_guarantor                      1000 non-null   int64
 9   Other_EMI_plans                    186 non-null    object
10   Number_of_existing_loans_at_this_bank 1000 non-null   int64
11   Loan_history                       1000 non-null   object
12   high_risk_applicant                1000 non-null   int64
dtypes: int64(8), object(5)
memory usage: 101.7+ KB
```

In [7]:

```
appdata.info()
```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1000 entries, 0 to 999
Data columns (total 15 columns):
 #   Column                                     Non-Null Cou
nt  Dtype                                     nt
---  ---
0   applicant_id                             1000 non-nul
1   int64
1   Primary_applicant_age_in_years           1000 non-nul
1   int64
2   Gender                                   1000 non-nul
1   object
3   Marital_status                           1000 non-nul
1   object
4   Number_of_dependents                     1000 non-nul
1   int64
5   Housing                                  1000 non-nul
1   object
6   Years_at_current_residence               1000 non-nul
1   int64
7   Employment_status                       1000 non-nul
1   object
8   Has_been_employed_for_at_least           938 non-null
object
9   Has_been_employed_for_at_most           747 non-null
object
10  Telephone                               404 non-null
object
11  Foreign_worker                           1000 non-nul
1   int64
12  Savings_account_balance                  817 non-null
object
13  Balance_in_existing_bank_account_(lower_limit_of_bucket) 332 non-null
object
14  Balance_in_existing_bank_account_(upper_limit_of_bucket) 543 non-null
object
dtypes: int64(5), object(10)
memory usage: 117.3+ KB

```

```
In [8]: loan.Other_EMI_plans.unique()
```

```
Out[8]: array([nan, 'bank', 'stores'], dtype=object)
```

```
In [9]: loan.Purpose.unique()
```

```
Out[9]: array(['electronic equipment', 'education', 'FF&E', 'new vehicle',
               'used vehicle', 'business', 'domestic appliances', 'repair costs',
               nan, 'career development'], dtype=object)
```

```
In [10]: loan.Property.unique()
```

```
Out[10]: array(['real estate', 'building society savings agreement/life insurance',
               nan, 'car or other'], dtype=object)
```

TASK-1

1. Do the Exploratory Data Analysis & share the insights.
2. How would you segment customers based on their risk (of default).
 - We Can Segment Them As Follows :
 - 0 - Non-Defaulters : high chance of paying back the loan amount.
 - 1 - Defaulters : low chance of paying back the loan amount.
1. Which of these segments / sub-segments would you propose be approved?
 - For e.g. Would a person with critical credit history be more creditworthy? Are young people more creditworthy? Would a person with more credit accounts be more creditworthy?
2. Tell us what your observations were on the data itself (completeness, skews).

```
In [11]: data = pd.merge(appdata, loan)
```

```
In [12]: data.head()
```

```
Out[12]:
```

	applicant_id	Primary_applicant_age_in_years	Gender	Marital_status	Numbe
0	1469590	67	male	single	
1	1203873	22	female	divorced/separated/married	
2	1432761	49	male	single	
3	1207582	45	male	single	
4	1674436	53	male	single	

5 rows x 27 columns

```
In [13]: data.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 1000 entries, 0 to 999
Data columns (total 27 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Cou
nt	Dtype	
---	-----	-----
--	-----	
0	applicant_id	1000 non-nul
1	int64	
1	Primary_applicant_age_in_years	1000 non-nul
1	int64	
2	Gender	1000 non-nul
1	object	
3	Marital_status	1000 non-nul
1	object	
4	Number_of_dependents	1000 non-nul
1	int64	
5	Housing	1000 non-nul
1	object	
6	Years_at_current_residence	1000 non-nul
1	int64	
7	Employment_status	1000 non-nul
1	object	
8	Has_been_employed_for_at_least	938 non-null
	object	
9	Has_been_employed_for_at_most	747 non-null
	object	
10	Telephone	404 non-null
	object	
11	Foreign_worker	1000 non-nul
1	int64	
12	Savings_account_balance	817 non-null
	object	
13	Balance_in_existing_bank_account_(lower_limit_of_bucket)	332 non-null
	object	
14	Balance_in_existing_bank_account_(upper_limit_of_bucket)	543 non-null
	object	
15	loan_application_id	1000 non-nul
1	object	
16	Months_loan_taken_for	1000 non-nul
1	int64	
17	Purpose	988 non-null
	object	
18	Principal_loan_amount	1000 non-nul
1	int64	
19	EMI_rate_in_percentage_of_disposable_income	1000 non-nul
1	int64	
20	Property	846 non-null
	object	
21	Has_coapplicant	1000 non-nul
1	int64	
22	Has_guarantor	1000 non-nul
1	int64	
23	Other_EMI_plans	186 non-null
	object	
24	Number_of_existing_loans_at_this_bank	1000 non-nul
1	int64	
25	Loan_history	1000 non-nul
1	object	
26	high_risk_applicant	1000 non-nul

```

1    int64
dtypes: int64(12), object(15)
memory usage: 218.8+ KB

```

```
In [14]: data.duplicated().sum().any()
```

```
Out[14]: False
```

```
In [15]: data.isnull().sum().any()
```

```
Out[15]: True
```

```
In [16]: data.isnull().sum()
```

```

Out[16]: applicant_id                                0
Primary_applicant_age_in_years                      0
Gender                                                0
Marital_status                                       0
Number_of_dependents                                0
Housing                                               0
Years_at_current_residence                          0
Employment_status                                    0
Has_been_employed_for_at_least                      62
Has_been_employed_for_at_most                      253
Telephone                                            596
Foreign_worker                                       0
Savings_account_balance                            183
Balance_in_existing_bank_account_(lower_limit_of_bucket) 668
Balance_in_existing_bank_account_(upper_limit_of_bucket) 457
loan_application_id                                  0
Months_loan_taken_for                               0
Purpose                                              12
Principal_loan_amount                               0
EMI_rate_in_percentage_of_disposable_income         0
Property                                             154
Has_coapplicant                                     0
Has_guarantor                                        0
Other_EMI_plans                                     814
Number_of_existing_loans_at_this_bank              0
Loan_history                                         0
high_risk_applicant                                 0
dtype: int64

```

Dropping The Columns Having Missing Values, As These Columns Doesn't Make Much Difference Even If We Remove Them.

```
In [17]: data.drop(['Has_been_employed_for_at_least'], axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
In [18]: data.drop(['Has_been_employed_for_at_most'], axis=1, inplace=True)
```



```
In [19]: data.drop(['Telephone'], axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
In [20]: data.drop(['Savings_account_balance', 'Balance_in_existing_bank_account_(low
```

```
In [21]: data.drop(['Balance_in_existing_bank_account_(upper_limit_of_bucket)', 'Purp
```

```
In [22]: data.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 1000 entries, 0 to 999
Data columns (total 18 columns):
 #   Column                                                                 Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   applicant_id                                                         1000 non-null   int64
 1   Primary_applicant_age_in_years                                       1000 non-null   int64
 2   Gender                                                                1000 non-null   object
 3   Marital_status                                                       1000 non-null   object
 4   Number_of_dependents                                                 1000 non-null   int64
 5   Housing                                                              1000 non-null   object
 6   Years_at_current_residence                                           1000 non-null   int64
 7   Employment_status                                                    1000 non-null   object
 8   Foreign_worker                                                       1000 non-null   int64
 9   loan_application_id                                                  1000 non-null   object
10   Months_loan_taken_for                                                1000 non-null   int64
11   Principal_loan_amount                                                1000 non-null   int64
12   EMI_rate_in_percentage_of_disposable_income                        1000 non-null   int64
13   Has_coapplicant                                                      1000 non-null   int64
14   Has_guarantor                                                        1000 non-null   int64
15   Number_of_existing_loans_at_this_bank                               1000 non-null   int64
16   Loan_history                                                         1000 non-null   object
17   high_risk_applicant                                                  1000 non-null   int64
dtypes: int64(12), object(6)
memory usage: 148.4+ KB
```

```
In [23]: data.head()
```

Out [23]:

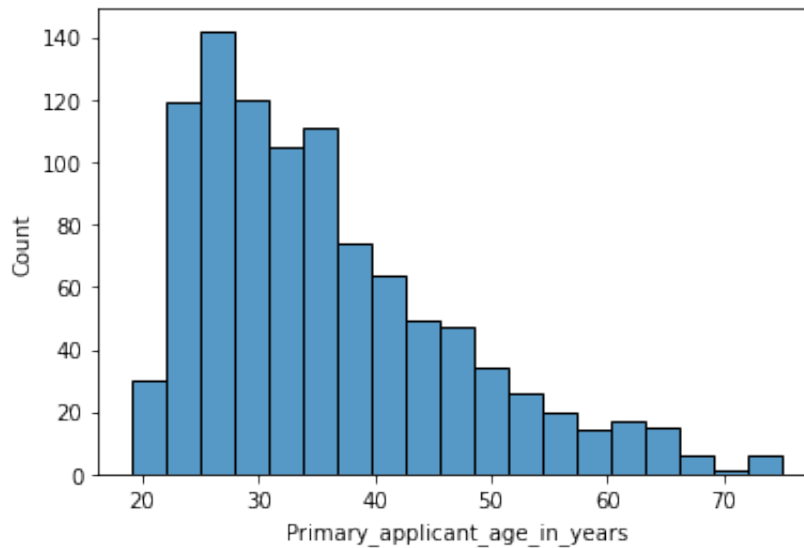
	applicant_id	Primary_applicant_age_in_years	Gender	Marital_status	Numbe
0	1469590	67	male	single	
1	1203873	22	female	divorced/separated/married	
2	1432761	49	male	single	
3	1207582	45	male	single	
4	1674436	53	male	single	

In [24]:

```
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
```

In [25]:

```
sns.histplot(data['Primary_applicant_age_in_years']);
```



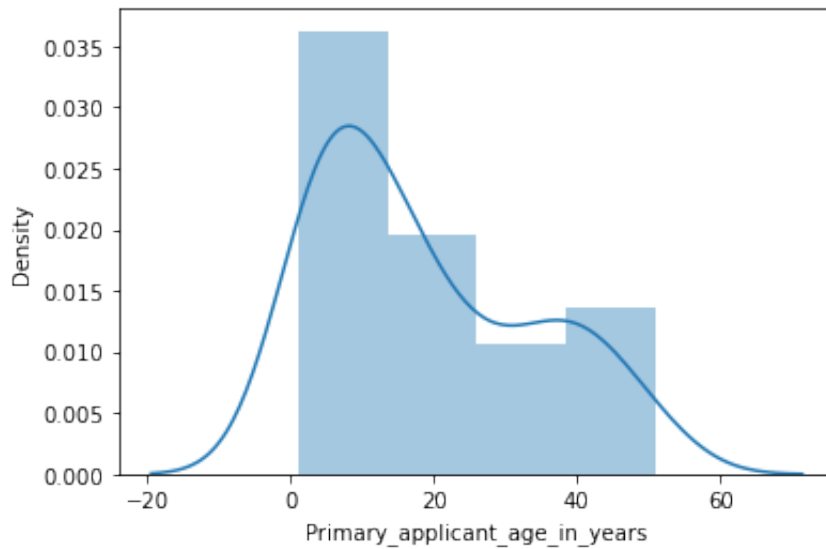
In [26]:

```
data['Primary_applicant_age_in_years'].value_counts().sort_index(ascending=
```

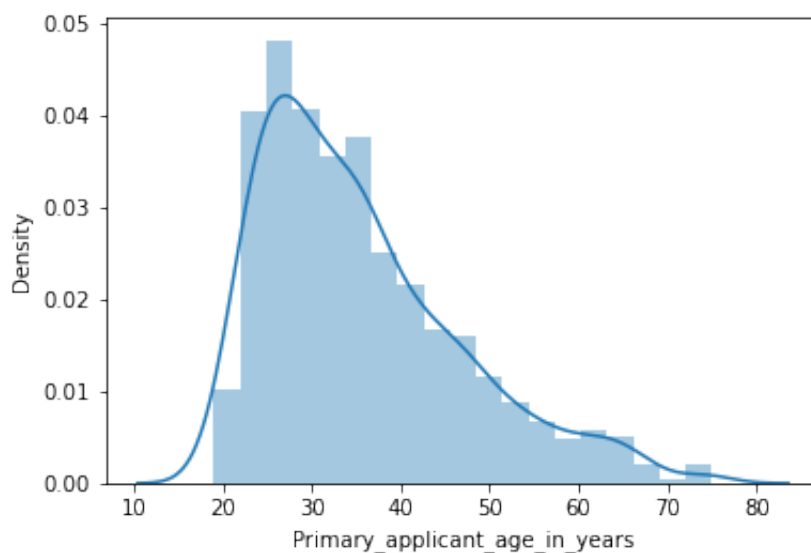
```
Out[26]: 19      2
          20     14
          21     14
          22     27
          23     48
          24     44
          25     41
          26     50
          27     51
          28     43
          29     37
          30     40
          31     38
          32     34
          33     33
          34     32
          35     40
          36     39
          37     29
          38     24
          39     21
          40     25
          41     17
          42     22
          43     17
          44     17
          45     15
          46     18
          47     17
          48     12
          49     14
          50     12
          51      8
          52      9
          53      7
          54     10
          55      8
          56      3
          57      9
          58      5
          59      3
          60      6
          61      7
          62      2
          63      8
          64      5
          65      5
          66      5
          67      3
          68      3
          70      1
          74      4
          75      2
Name: Primary_applicant_age_in_years, dtype: int64
```

- Applicants having 23 - 30 age are more in quantity as compared to others

```
In [27]: sns.distplot(data.Primary_applicant_age_in_years.value_counts());
```



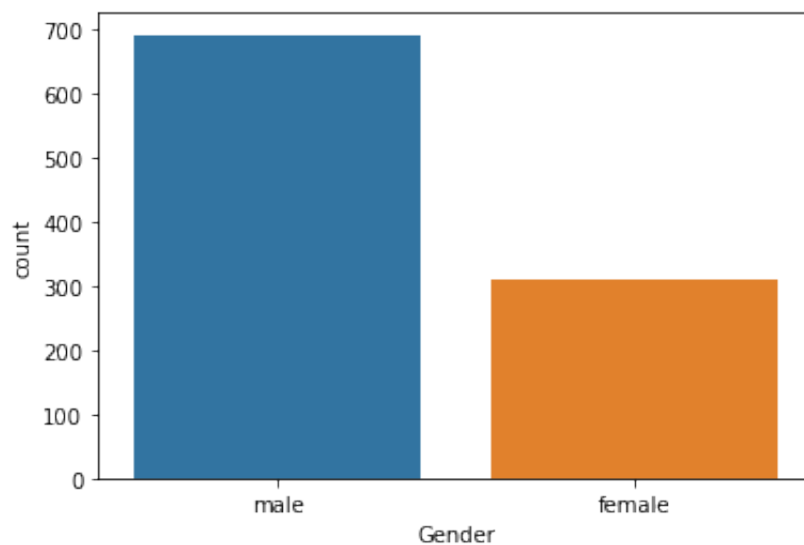
```
In [28]: sns.distplot(data['Primary_applicant_age_in_years']);
```



```
In [29]: data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['Primary_applicant_age_in_years'])
```

```
Out[29]: Primary_applicant_age_in_years  high_risk_applicant
19                                     0                1
                                     1                1
20                                     0                9
                                     1                5
21                                     0                9
..
68                                     0                1
70                                     0                1
74                                     0                3
                                     1                1
75                                     0                2
Name: high_risk_applicant, Length: 100, dtype: int64
```

```
In [30]: sns.countplot(data['Gender']);
```



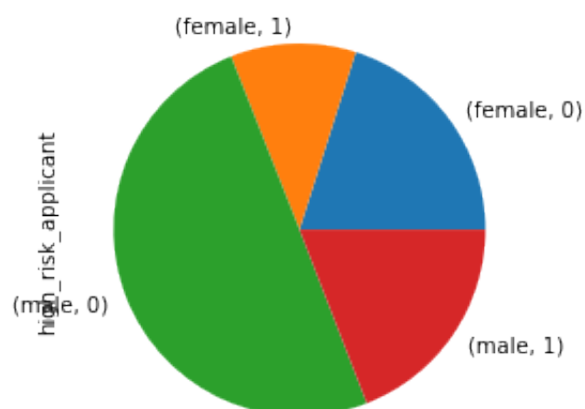
```
In [31]: data.Gender.value_counts()
```

```
Out[31]: male      690
female    310
Name: Gender, dtype: int64
```

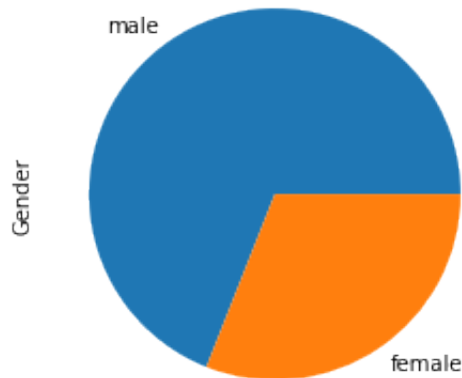
```
In [32]: data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['Gender']).value_counts()
```

```
Out[32]: Gender  high_risk_applicant
female  0                201
         1                109
male    0                499
         1                191
Name: high_risk_applicant, dtype: int64
```

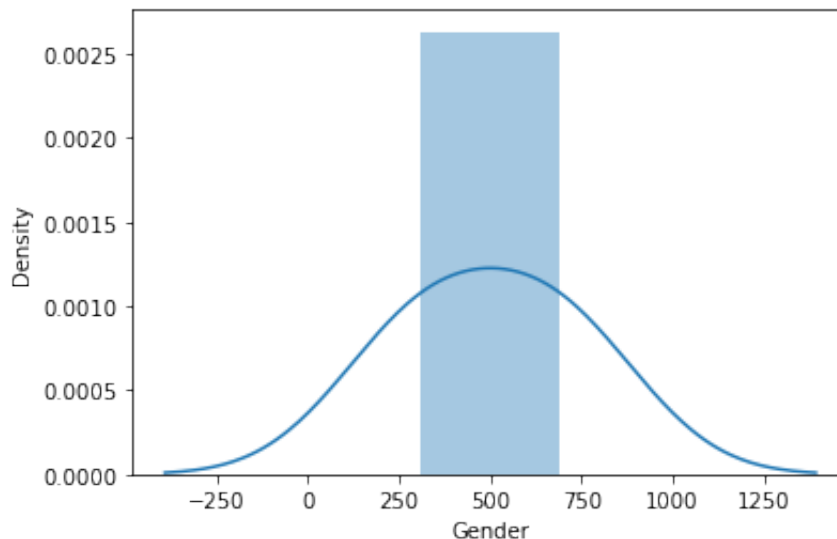
```
In [33]: data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['Gender']).value_counts().plot(kind='pie')
```



```
In [34]: data.Gender.value_counts().plot(kind='pie');
```



```
In [35]: sns.distplot(data.Gender.value_counts());
```



- Total Female Applicants - 310 Out Of Which 209 are in non-defaulter zone: low risk (high chance of paying back the loan), 109 are in defaulter zone: high risk(low chance of paying back the loan)
- Total male Applicants - 690 Out Of Which 499 are non-defaulter zone:low risk(high chance of paying back the loan), 191 are in defaulter zone: high risk(low chance of paying back the loan)

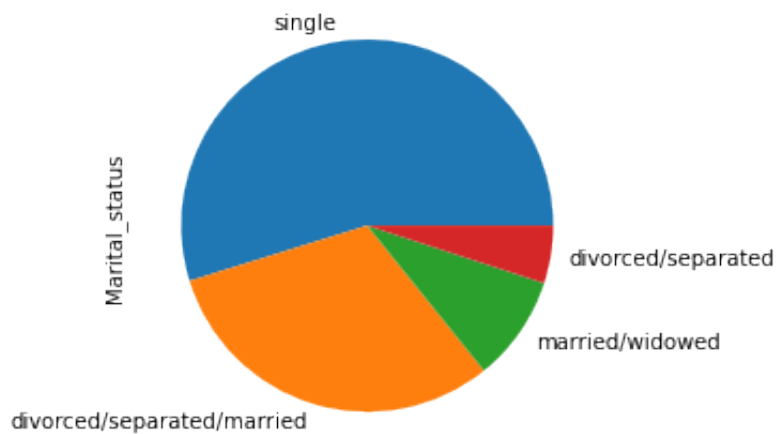
```
In [36]: data['Marital_status'].unique()
```

```
Out[36]: array(['single', 'divorced/separated/married', 'divorced/separated',  
              'married/widowed'], dtype=object)
```

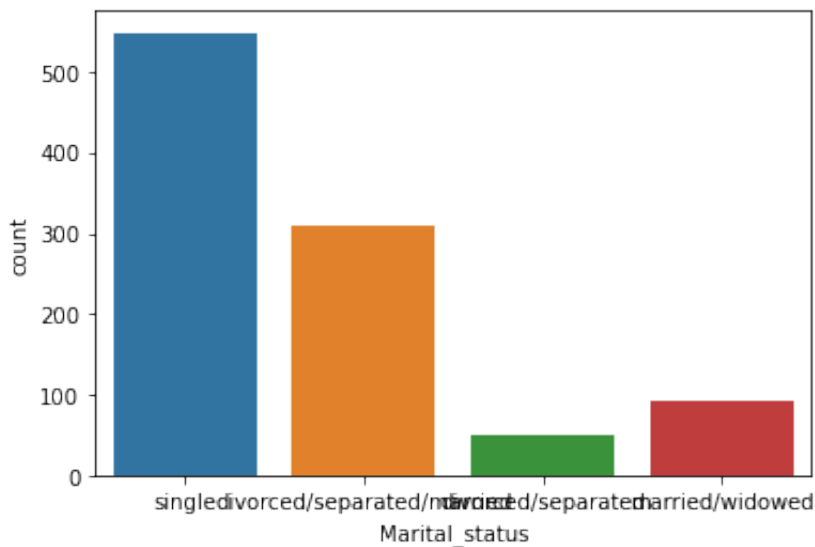
```
In [37]: data.Marital_status.value_counts()
```

```
Out[37]: single                    548  
divorced/separated/married      310  
married/widowed                 92  
divorced/separated              50  
Name: Marital_status, dtype: int64
```

```
In [38]: data.Marital_status.value_counts().plot(kind='pie');
```



```
In [39]: sns.countplot(data['Marital_status']);
```



```
In [40]: data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['Marital_status']).value_counts()
```

```
Out[40]: Marital_status      high_risk_applicant
divorced/separated        0                30
                        1                20
divorced/separated/married 0                201
                        1                109
married/widowed           0                67
                        1                25
single                    0                402
                        1                146
Name: high_risk_applicant, dtype: int64
```

- single : Total = 548, Defaulter Zone = 146, Non-Defaulter Zone = 402
- divorced/separated/married : Total = 310, Defaulter Zone = 109, Non-Defaulter Zone = 201
- married/widowed : Total = 92, Defaulter Zone = 25, Non-Defaulter Zone = 67
- divorced/separated : Total = 50, Defaulter Zone = 20, Non-Defaulter Zone = 30

```
In [41]: 548+310+92+50 #Total Applicants
```

```
Out[41]: 1000
```

```
In [42]: 146+109+25+20 #Defaulter Zone
```

```
Out[42]: 300
```

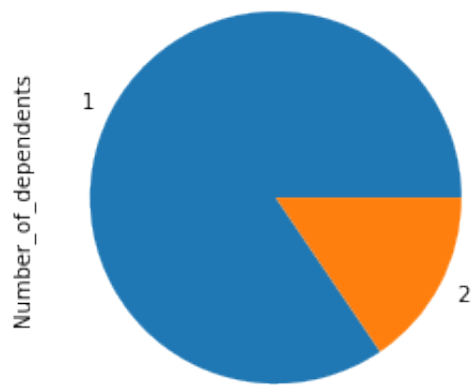
```
In [43]: data['Number_of_dependents'].unique()
```

```
Out[43]: array([1, 2])
```

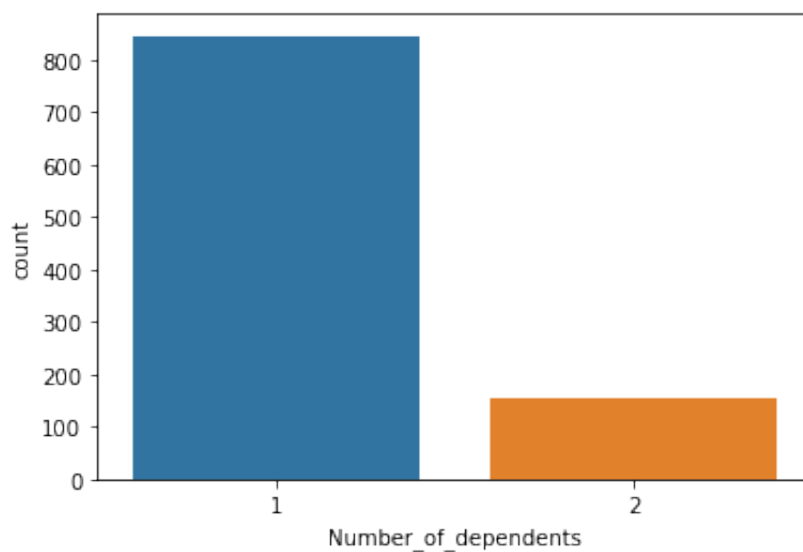
```
In [44]: data.Number_of_dependents.value_counts()
```

```
Out[44]: 1      845
         2      155
Name: Number_of_dependents, dtype: int64
```

```
In [45]: data.Number_of_dependents.value_counts().plot(kind='pie');
```

```
In [46]: sns.countplot(data['Number_of_dependents']);
```



```
In [47]: data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['Number_of_dependents']).value_counts()
```

```
Out[47]:
```

Number_of_dependents	high_risk_applicant	count
1	0	591
	1	254
2	0	109
	1	46

Name: high_risk_applicant, dtype: int64

- People Having No. Of Dependents As 1 are 845 in Total Outoff Which 254 are in defaulter zone and 591 are in non-defaulter zone.
- People Having No. Of Dependents As 2 are 155 in Total Outoff Which 46 are in defaulter zone and 109 are in non-defaulter zone

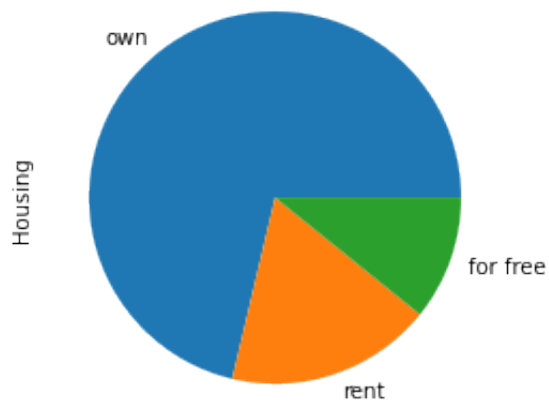
```
In [48]: data['Housing'].unique()
```

```
Out[48]: array(['own', 'for free', 'rent'], dtype=object)
```

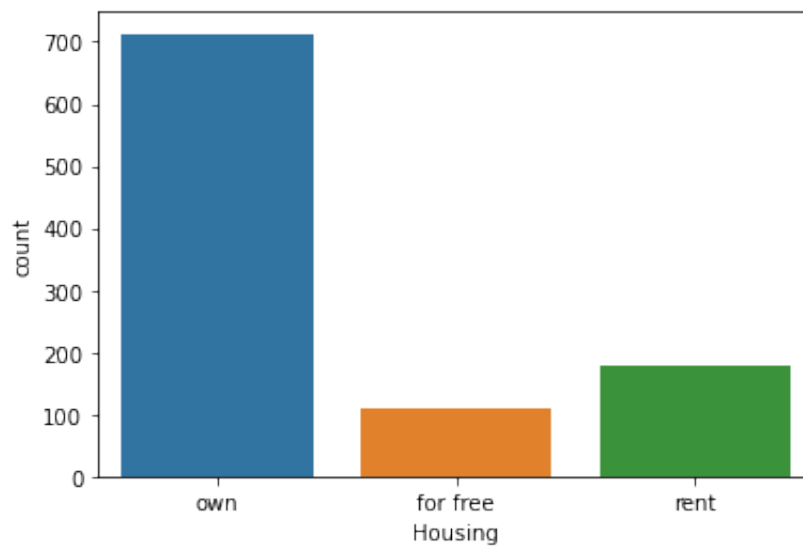
```
In [49]: data.Housing.value_counts()
```

```
Out[49]: own          713  
rent          179  
for free      108  
Name: Housing, dtype: int64
```

```
In [50]: data.Housing.value_counts().plot(kind='pie');
```



```
In [51]: sns.countplot(data['Housing']);
```



```
In [52]: data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['Housing']).value_counts()
```

```
Out[52]: Housing    high_risk_applicant
for free    0                64
           1                44
own         0               527
           1               186
rent        0               109
           1                70
Name: high_risk_applicant, dtype: int64
```

- Applicants Those Who Live In There "own" House are 713 in Total Out-off Which 186 are In Defaulter Zone & 527 are In Non-Defaulter Zone.
- Applicants Those Who Live Giving "rent" For House are 179 in Total Out-off Which 70 are In Defaulter Zone & 109 are In Non-Defaulter Zone.
- Applicants Those Who Live "for free" In House are 108 in Total Out-off Which 44 are In Defaulter Zone & 64 are In Non-Defaulter Zone.

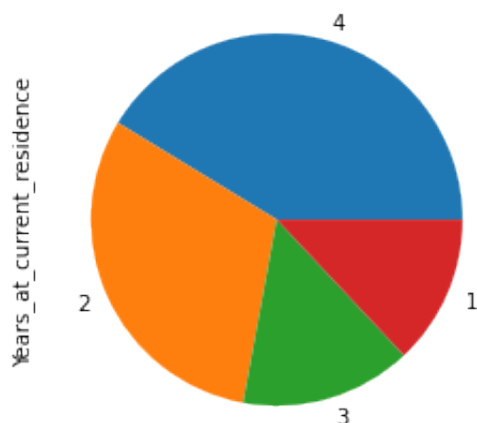
```
In [53]: data['Years_at_current_residence'].unique()
```

```
Out[53]: array([4, 2, 3, 1])
```

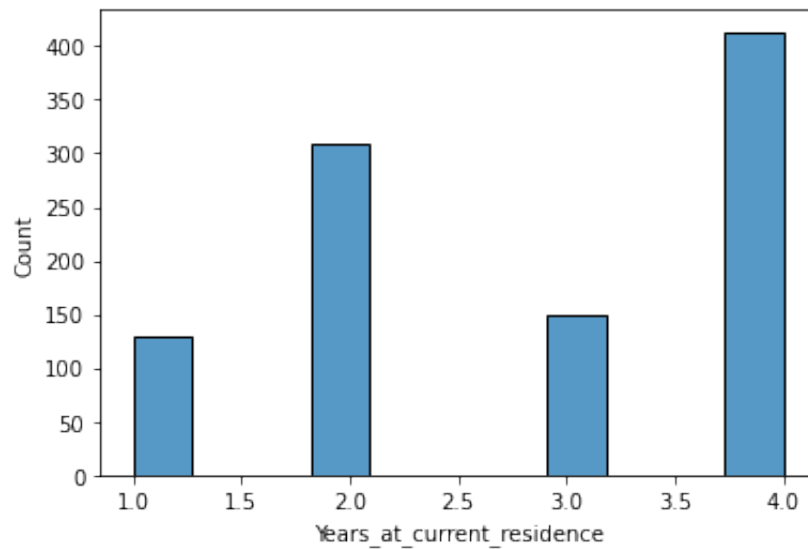
```
In [54]: data.Years_at_current_residence.value_counts()
```

```
Out[54]: 4    413
         2    308
         3    149
         1    130
Name: Years_at_current_residence, dtype: int64
```

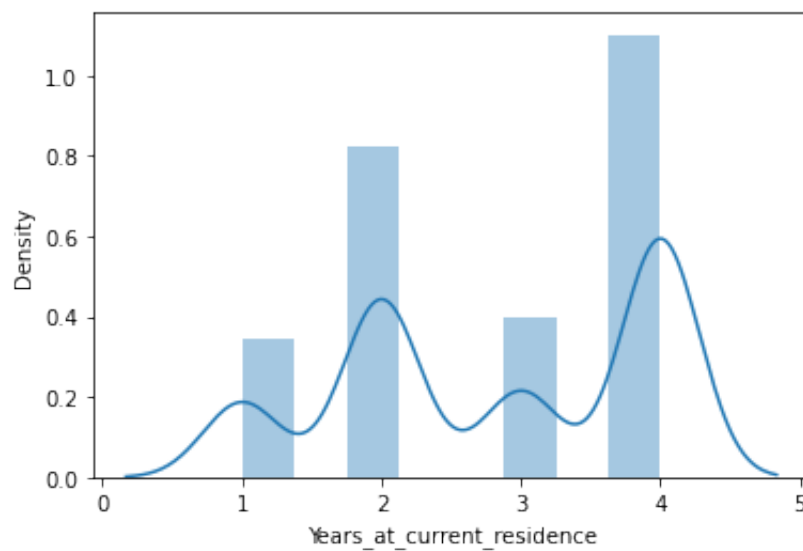
```
In [55]: data.Years_at_current_residence.value_counts().plot(kind='pie');
```



```
In [56]: sns.histplot(data['Years_at_current_residence']);
```



In [57]: `sns.distplot(data['Years_at_current_residence']);`



In [58]: `data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['Years_at_current_residence']).value_counts()`

Out[58]:

Years_at_current_residence	high_risk_applicant	Count
1	0	94
	1	36
2	0	211
	1	97
3	0	106
	1	43
4	0	289
	1	124

Name: high_risk_applicant, dtype: int64

Year At Current Residence :

- Applicants Those Who Completed 4 Years At Current Residence Are 413 In Total, Out-off Which 124 are in Defaulter Zone, 289 are in Non-Defaulter Zone.
- Applicants Those Who Completed 3 Years At Current Residence Are 149 In Total, Out-off Which 43 are in Defaulter Zone, 106 are in Non-Defaulter Zone.
- Applicants Those Who Completed 2 Years At Current Residence Are 308 In Total, Out-off Which 97 are in Defaulter Zone, 211 are in Non-Defaulter Zone.
- Applicants Those Who Completed 1 Years At Current Residence Are 130 In Total, Out-off Which 36 are in Defaulter Zone, 94 are in Non-Defaulter Zone.

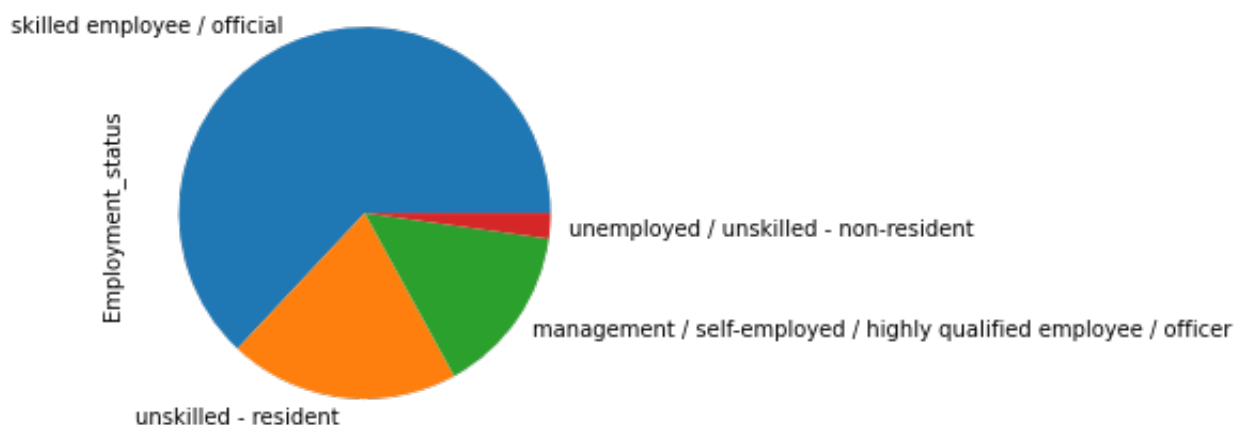
```
In [59]: data['Employment_status'].unique()
```

```
Out[59]: array(['skilled employee / official', 'unskilled - resident',
        'management / self-employed / highly qualified employee / officer',
        'unemployed / unskilled - non-resident'], dtype=object)
```

```
In [60]: data.Employment_status.value_counts()
```

```
Out[60]: skilled employee / official      630
unskilled - resident                    200
management / self-employed / highly qualified employee / officer  148
unemployed / unskilled - non-resident    22
Name: Employment_status, dtype: int64
```

```
In [61]: data.Employment_status.value_counts().plot(kind='pie');
```



```
In [62]: data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['Employment_status']).value_counts()
```

```

Out[62]: Employment_status      high_risk
         _applicant
management / self-employed / highly qualified employee / officer  0
97                                                                    1
51                                                                    0
skilled employee / official
444                                                                    1
186                                                                    0
unemployed / unskilled - non-resident
15                                                                    1
7                                                                    0
unskilled - resident
144                                                                    1
56
Name: high_risk_applicant, dtype: int64

```

Employment_status

- Applicants Those Who Are Marked as "skilled employee / official" Type Are 630 In Total Out-off Which 186 are In Defaulter Zone & 444 Are In Non-Defaulter Zone.
- Applicants Those Who Are Marked as "unskilled - resident" Type Are 200 In Total Out-off Which 56 are In Defaulter Zone & 144 Are In Non-Defaulter Zone.
- Applicants Those Who Are Marked as "management / self-employed / highly qualified employee / officer" Type Are 148 In Total Out-off Which 51 are In Defaulter Zone & 97 Are In Non-Defaulter Zone.
- Applicants Those Who Are Marked as "unemployed / unskilled - non-resident" Type Are 22 In Total Out-off Which 7 are In Defaulter Zone & 15 Are In Non-Defaulter Zone.

```

In [63]: data['Foreign_worker'].unique()

```

```

Out[63]: array([1, 0])

```

```

In [64]: data.Foreign_worker.value_counts()

```

```

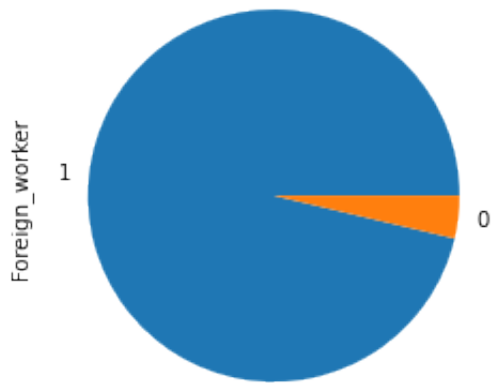
Out[64]: 1    963
         0    37
         Name: Foreign_worker, dtype: int64

```

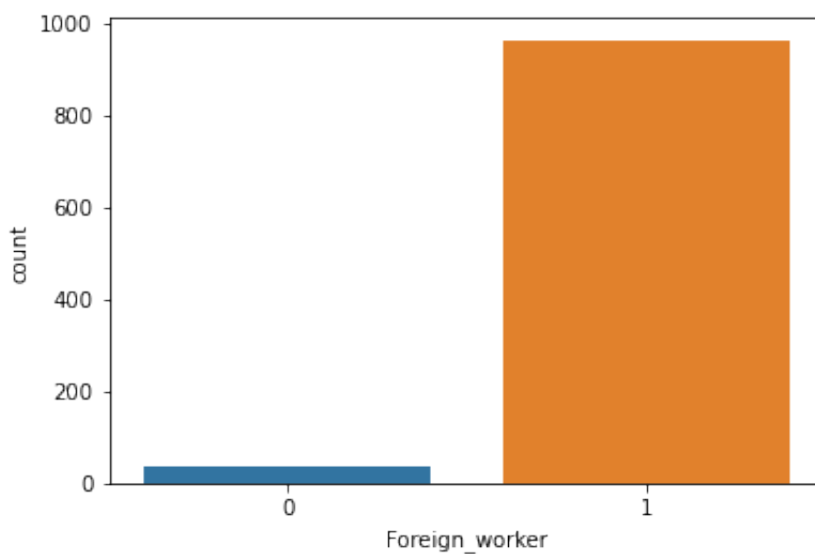
```

In [65]: data.Foreign_worker.value_counts().plot(kind='pie');

```



```
In [66]: sns.countplot(data['Foreign_worker']);
```



```
In [67]: data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['Foreign_worker']).value_counts()
```

```
Out[67]: Foreign_worker  high_risk_applicant
0                0                33
           1                4
1                0             667
           1             296
Name: high_risk_applicant, dtype: int64
```

- 963 are Marked As Foreign Worker Out Of Which 296 Are In Defaulter Zone & 667 Are In Non-Defaulter Zone.
- 37 are Not Marked As Foreign Worker Out Of Which 4 Are In Defaulter Zone & 33 Are In Non-Defaulter Zone.

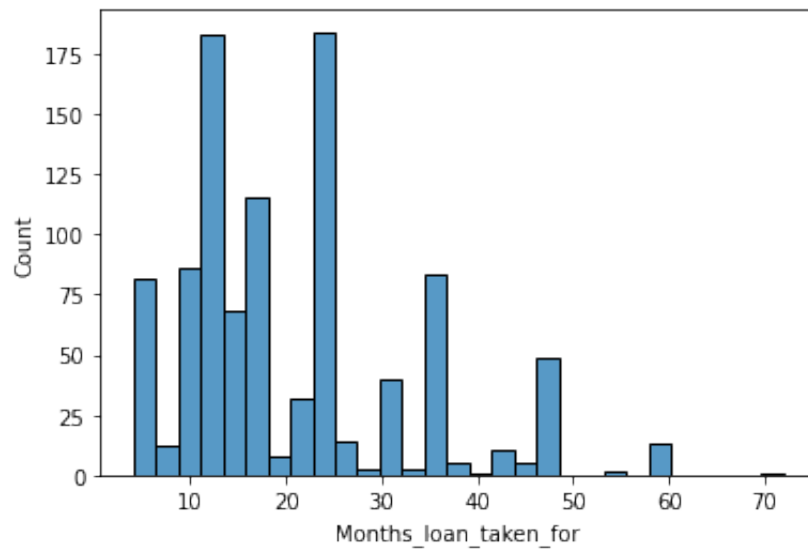
```
In [68]: data['Months_loan_taken_for'].unique()
```

```
Out[68]: array([ 6, 48, 12, 42, 24, 36, 30, 15,  9, 10,  7, 60, 18, 45, 11, 27,  8,
          54, 20, 14, 33, 21, 16,  4, 47, 13, 22, 39, 28,  5, 26, 72, 40])
```

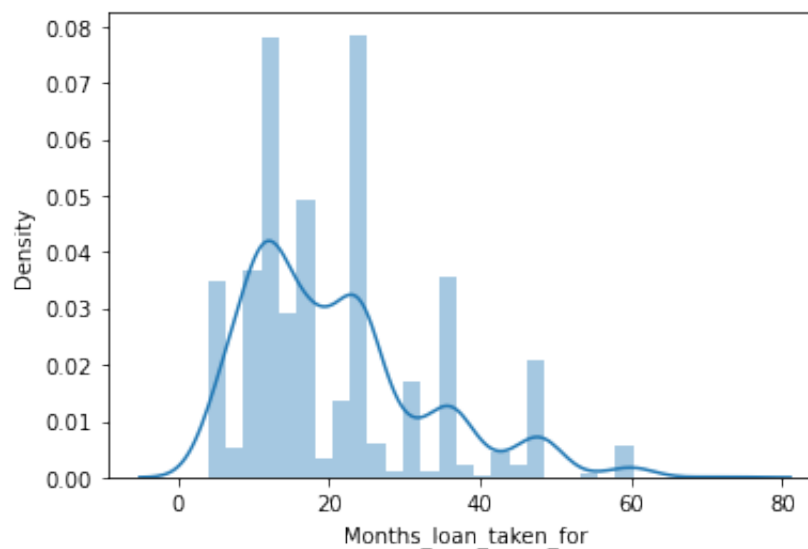
```
In [69]: data.Months_loan_taken_for.value_counts()
```

```
Out[69]: 24      184
        12      179
        18      113
        36       83
         6       75
        15       64
         9       49
        48       48
        30       40
        21       30
        10       28
        60       13
        27       13
        42       11
        11        9
        20        8
         8        7
         4        6
        45        5
         7        5
        39        5
        14        4
        13        4
        33        3
        28        3
        54        2
        16        2
        22        2
        47        1
         5        1
        26        1
        72        1
        40        1
        Name: Months_loan_taken_for, dtype: int64
```

```
In [70]: sns.histplot(data['Months_loan_taken_for']);
```

```
In [71]: sns.distplot(data['Months_loan_taken_for']);
```



```
In [72]: data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['Months_loan_taken_for']).value_counts()
```

```
Out[72]: Months_loan_taken_for  high_risk_applicant
4                                0                    6
5                                0                    1
6                                0                   66
6                                1                    9
7                                0                    5
8                                0                    6
8                                1                    1
9                                0                   35
9                                1                   14
10                               0                   25
10                               1                    3
11                               0                    9
12                               0                  130
12                               1                   49
13                               0                    4
```

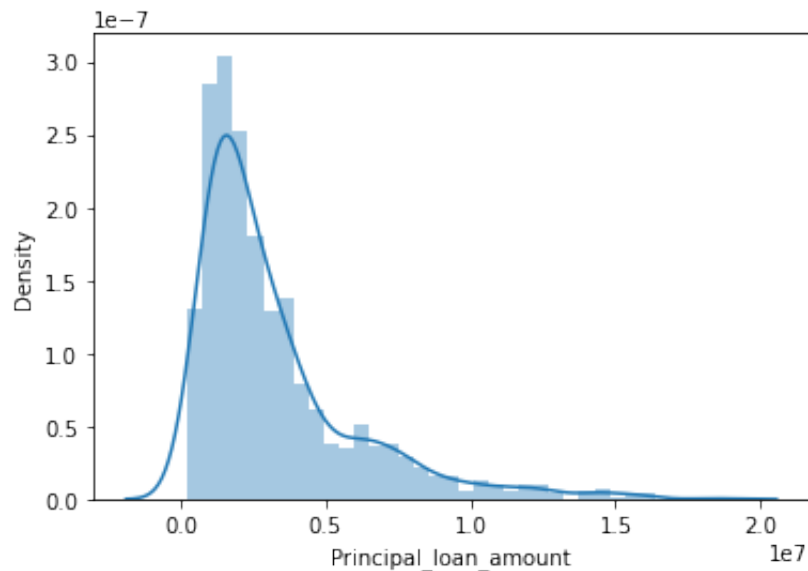
14	0	3
	1	1
15	0	52
	1	12
16	0	1
	1	1
18	0	71
	1	42
20	0	7
	1	1
21	0	21
	1	9
22	0	2
24	0	128
	1	56
26	0	1
27	0	8
	1	5
28	0	2
	1	1
30	0	27
	1	13
33	0	2
	1	1
36	0	46
	1	37
39	0	4
	1	1
40	1	1
42	0	8
	1	3
45	1	4
	0	1
47	0	1
48	1	28
	0	20
54	0	1
	1	1
60	0	7
	1	6
72	1	1

Name: high_risk_applicant, dtype: int64

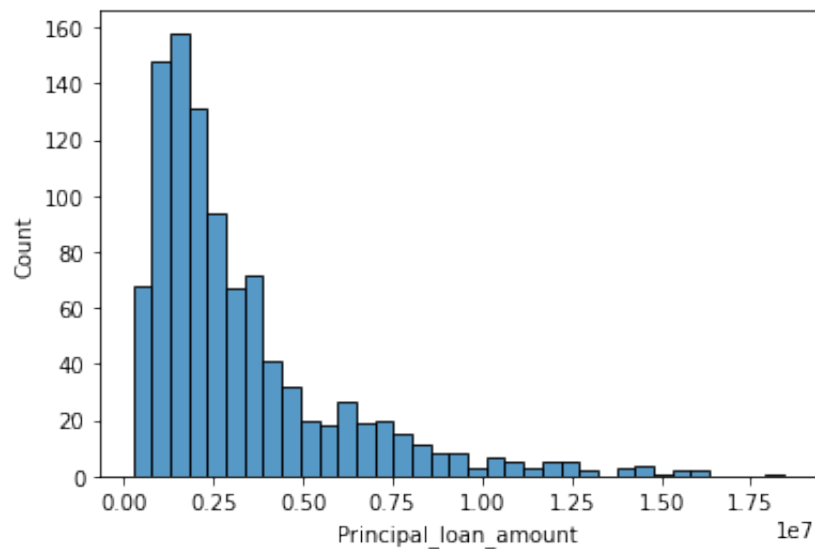
Months_loan_taken_for :

- 184 applicants taken loan for 24 months which is the highest, out of which 56 are in Defaulter Zone & 128 are in Non-Defgaulter Zone.
- 179 applicants taken loan for 12 months which is the 2nd highest, out of which 49 are in Defaulter Zone & 130 are in Non-Defgaulter Zone.
- 113 applicants taken loan for 18 months which is the 3rd highest, out of which 42 are in Defaulter Zone & 71 are in Non-Defgaulter Zone.

```
In [73]: sns.distplot(data['Principal_loan_amount']);
```



```
In [74]: sns.histplot(data['Principal_loan_amount']);
```



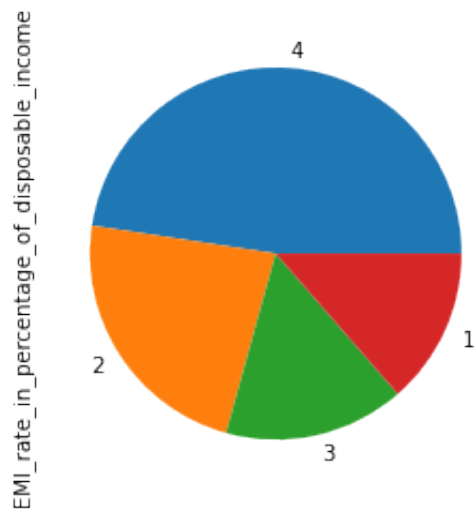
```
In [75]: data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['Principal_loan_amount']).value_counts()
```

```
Out[75]: Principal_loan_amount  high_risk_applicant
250000          0                1
276000          0                1
338000          0                1
339000          0                1
343000          0                1
...
15653000        0                1
15672000        1                1
15857000        0                1
15945000        1                1
18424000        1                1
Name: high_risk_applicant, Length: 949, dtype: int64
```

```
In [76]: data.EMI_rate_in_percentage_of_disposable_income.value_counts()
```

```
Out[76]: 4    476
         2    231
         3    157
         1    136
         Name: EMI_rate_in_percentage_of_disposable_income, dtype: int64
```

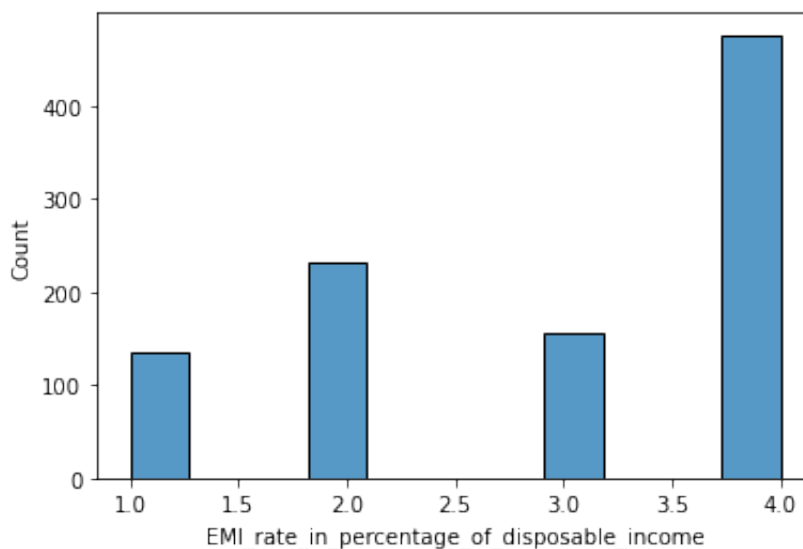
```
In [77]: data.EMI_rate_in_percentage_of_disposable_income.value_counts().plot(kind='pie')
```



```
In [78]: data['EMI_rate_in_percentage_of_disposable_income'].unique()
```

```
Out[78]: array([4, 2, 3, 1])
```

```
In [79]: sns.histplot(data['EMI_rate_in_percentage_of_disposable_income']);
```



```
In [80]: data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['EMI_rate_in_percentage_of_disposable_income']).count()
```

```
Out[80]: EMI_rate_in_percentage_of_disposable_income  high_risk_applicant
1                                                    0                    102
                                                    1                    34
2                                                    0                    169
                                                    1                    62
3                                                    0                    112
                                                    1                    45
4                                                    0                    317
                                                    1                    159

Name: high_risk_applicant, dtype: int64
```

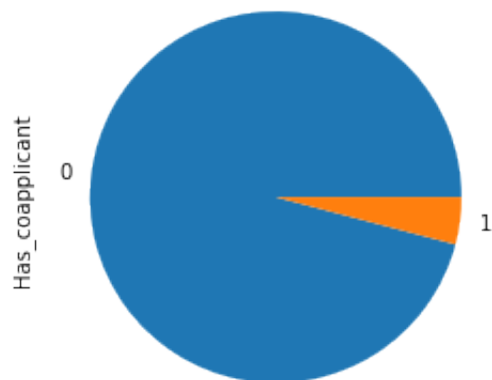
```
In [81]: data.Has_coapplicant.unique()
```

```
Out[81]: array([0, 1])
```

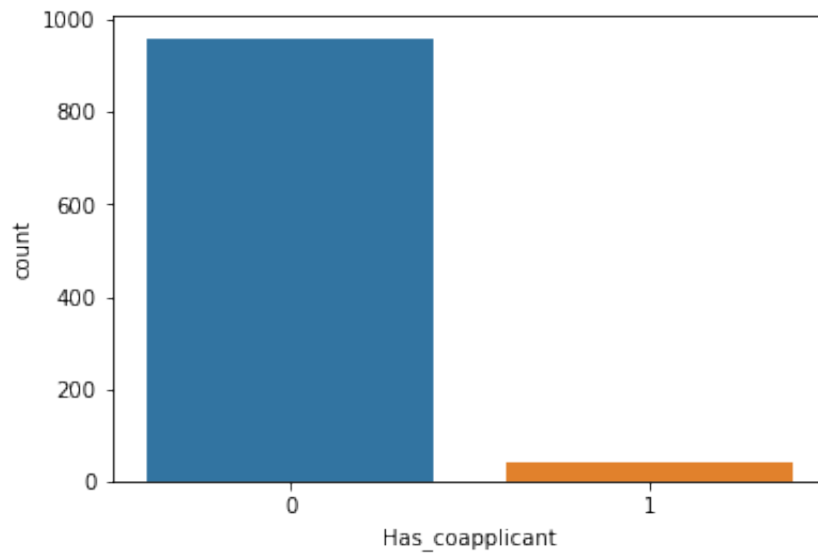
```
In [82]: data.Has_coapplicant.value_counts()
```

```
Out[82]: 0    959
         1     41
         Name: Has_coapplicant, dtype: int64
```

```
In [83]: data.Has_coapplicant.value_counts().plot(kind='pie');
```



```
In [84]: sns.countplot(data['Has_coapplicant']);
```



```
In [85]: data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['Has_coapplicant']).value_counts()
```

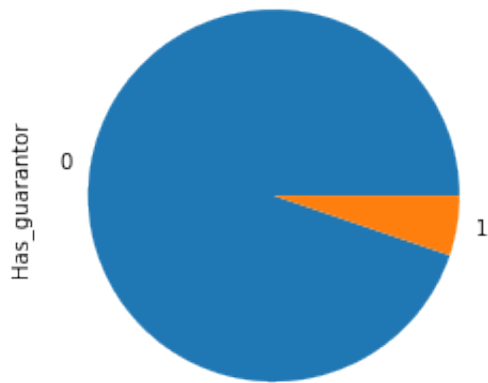
```
Out[85]: Has_coapplicant  high_risk_applicant
0                0                677
           1                282
1                0                23
           1                18
Name: high_risk_applicant, dtype: int64
```

- 959 People Has No Coapplicant Out-off Which 282 Are In Defaulter's Zone & 677 Are In Non-Defaulter's Zone.
- 41 People Has Coapplicant Out-off Which 18 Are In Defaulter's Zone & 23 Are In Non-Defaulter's Zone.

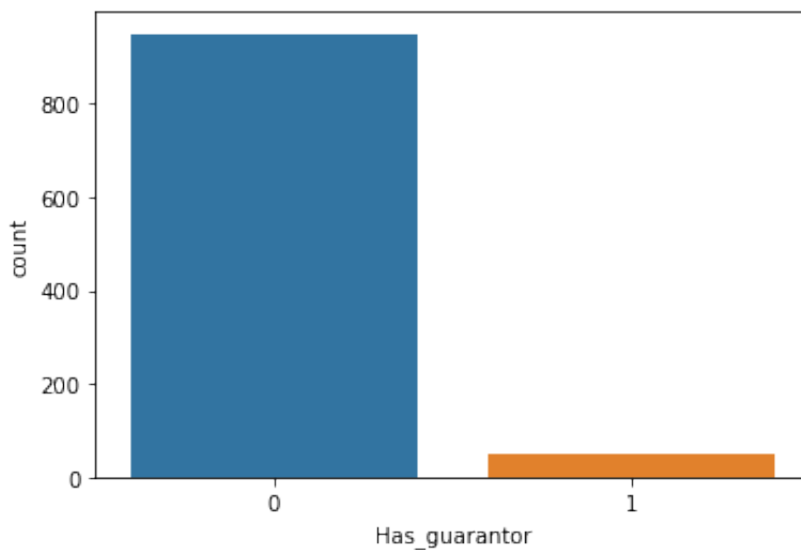
```
In [86]: data.Has_guarantor.value_counts()
```

```
Out[86]: 0    948
         1    52
Name: Has_guarantor, dtype: int64
```

```
In [87]: data.Has_guarantor.value_counts().plot(kind='pie');
```



```
In [88]: sns.countplot(data['Has_guarantor']);
```



```
In [89]: data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['Has_guarantor']).value_counts()
```

```
Out[89]: Has_guarantor  high_risk_applicant
0              0              658
             1              290
1              0              42
             1              10
Name: high_risk_applicant, dtype: int64
```

- 948 People Has No Guarantor Out-off Which 290 Are In Defaulter's Zone & 658 Are In Non-Defaulter's Zone.
- 52 People Has Guarantor Out-off Which 10 Are In Defaulter's Zone & 42 Are In Non-Defaulter's Zone.

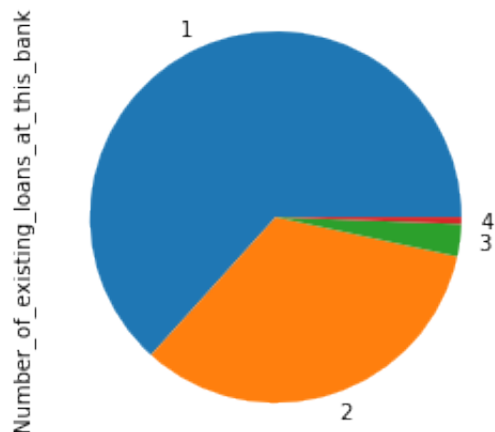
```
In [90]: data['Number_of_existing_loans_at_this_bank'].unique()
```

```
Out[90]: array([2, 1, 3, 4])
```

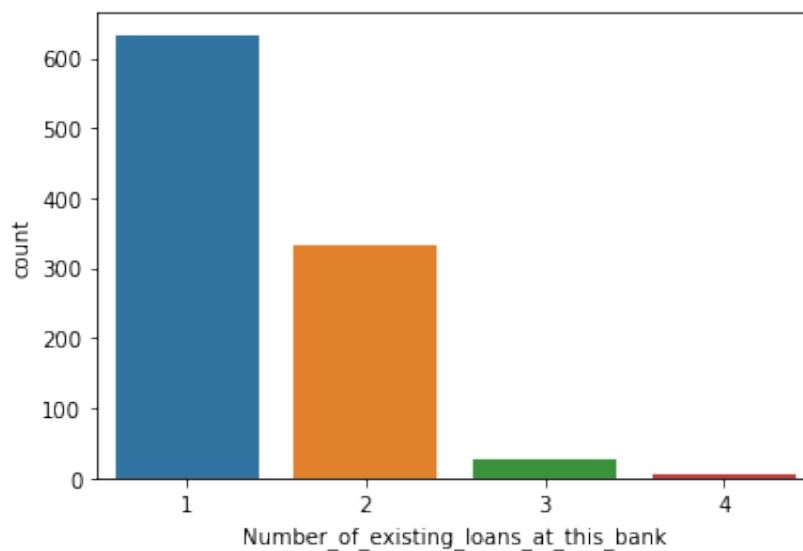
```
In [91]: data.Number_of_existing_loans_at_this_bank.value_counts()
```

```
Out[91]: 1    633
         2    333
         3     28
         4      6
         Name: Number_of_existing_loans_at_this_bank, dtype: int64
```

```
In [92]: data.Number_of_existing_loans_at_this_bank.value_counts().plot(kind='pie')
```



```
In [93]: sns.countplot(data['Number_of_existing_loans_at_this_bank']);
```



```
In [94]: data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['Number_of_existing_loans_at_this_
```



```
Out[94]: Number_of_existing_loans_at_this_bank  high_risk_applicant
1                                                0                    433
                                                1                    200
2                                                0                    241
                                                1                    92
3                                                0                    22
                                                1                    6
4                                                0                    4
                                                1                    2
Name: high_risk_applicant, dtype: int64
```

Number_of_existing_loans_at_this_bank:

- 633 Applicants Having 1 Number Of Loan At This Bank Out Of Which 200 Are In Defaulters Zone, 433 Are In Non-Defaulters Zone.
- 333 Applicants Having 2 Number Of Loans At This Bank Out Of Which 92 Are In Defaulters Zone, 241 Are In Non-Defaulters Zone.
- 28 Applicants Having 3 Number Of Loans At This Bank Out Of Which 6 Are In Defaulters Zone, 22 Are In Non-Defaulters Zone.
- 6 Applicants Having 4 Number Of Loans At This Bank Out Of Which 2 Are In Defaulters Zone, 4 Are In Non-Defaulters Zone.

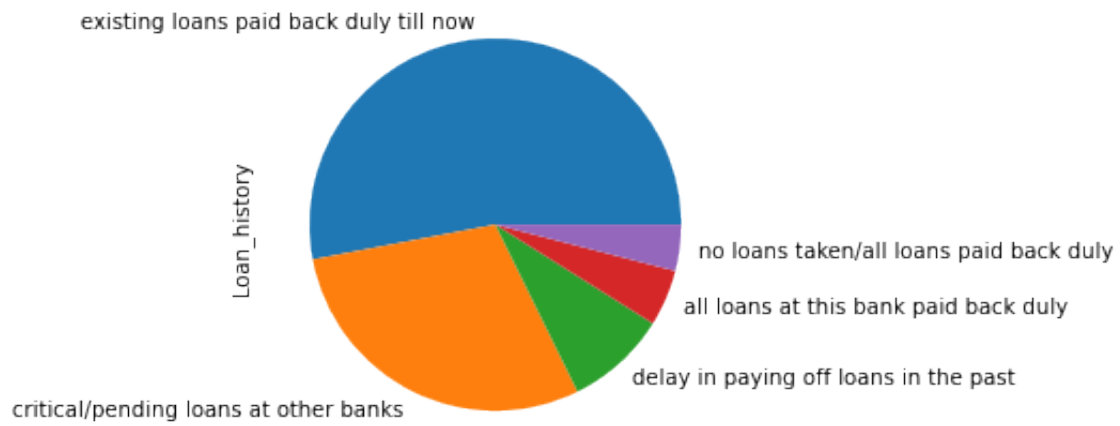
```
In [95]: data['Loan_history'].unique()
```

```
Out[95]: array(['critical/pending loans at other banks',
               'existing loans paid back duly till now',
               'delay in paying off loans in the past',
               'no loans taken/all loans paid back duly',
               'all loans at this bank paid back duly'], dtype=object)
```

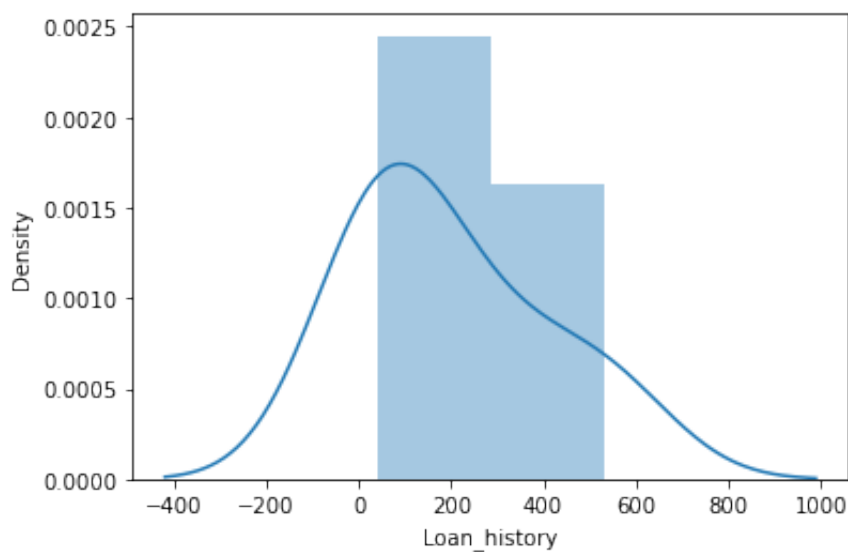
```
In [96]: data['Loan_history'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[96]: existing loans paid back duly till now      530
critical/pending loans at other banks      293
delay in paying off loans in the past      88
all loans at this bank paid back duly      49
no loans taken/all loans paid back duly    40
Name: Loan_history, dtype: int64
```

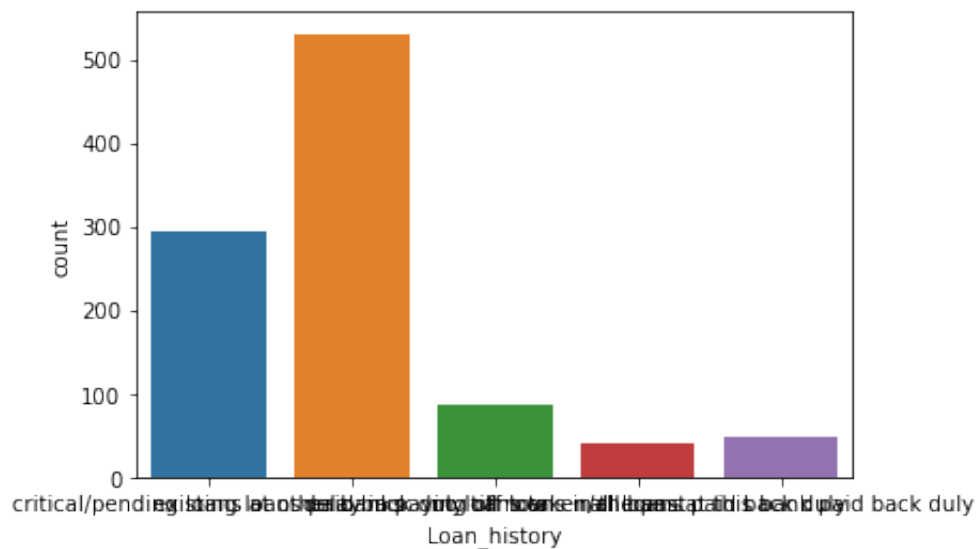
```
In [97]: data.Loan_history.value_counts().plot(kind='pie');
```



In [98]: `sns.distplot(data.Loan_history.value_counts());`



In [99]: `sns.countplot(data['Loan_history']);`



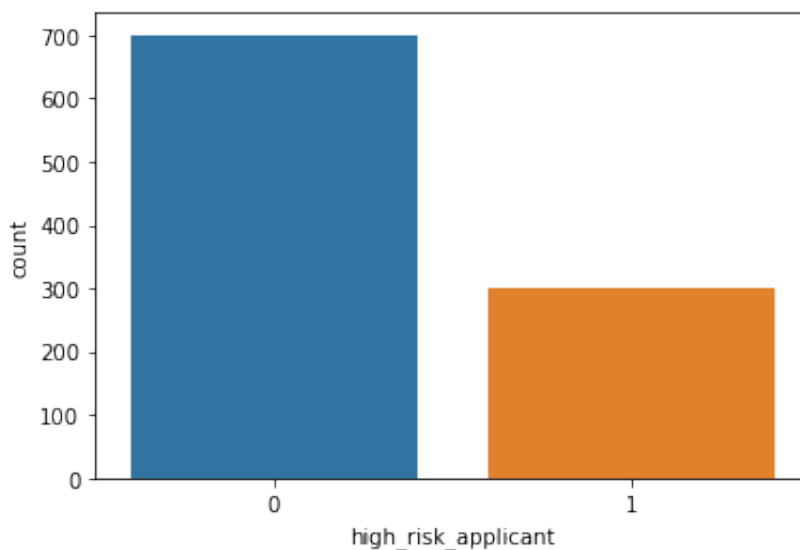
```
In [100... data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['Loan_history']).value_counts()
```

```
Out[100... Loan_history high_risk_applicant
all loans at this bank paid back duly 1 28
0 21
critical/pending loans at other banks 0 243
1 50
delay in paying off loans in the past 0 60
1 28
existing loans paid back duly till now 0 361
1 169
no loans taken/all loans paid back duly 1 25
0 15
Name: high_risk_applicant, dtype: int64
```

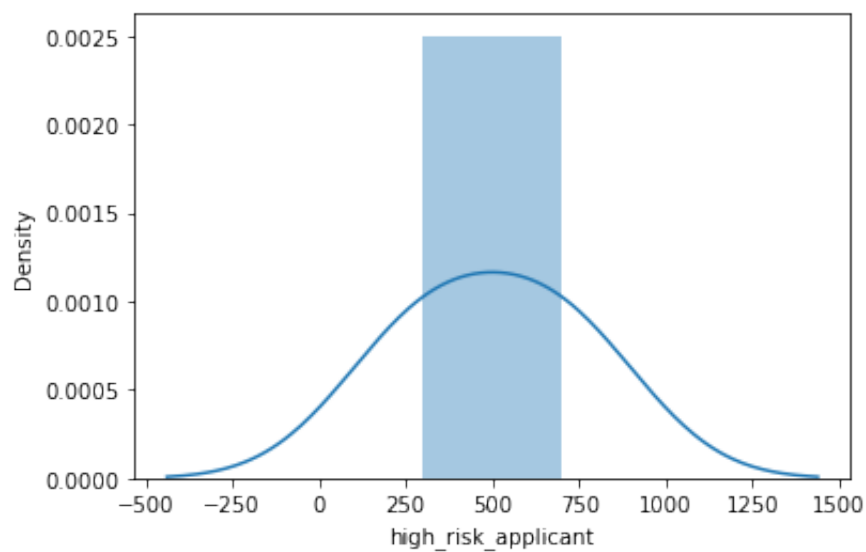
Loan_history

- all loans at this bank paid back duly : Total : 49, Non-Defaulter's Zone : 21, Defaulter's Zone : 28
- critical/pending loans at other banks : Total : 293, Non-Defaulter's Zone : 243, Defaulter's Zone : 50
- delay in paying off loans in the past : Total : 88, Non-Defaulter's Zone : 60, Defaulter's Zone : 28
- existing loans paid back duly till now : Total : 530, Non-Defaulter's Zone : 361, Defaulter's Zone : 169
- no loans taken/all loans paid back duly : Total : 40, Non-Defaulter's Zone : 15, Defaulter's Zone : 25

```
In [101... sns.countplot(data['high_risk_applicant']);
```



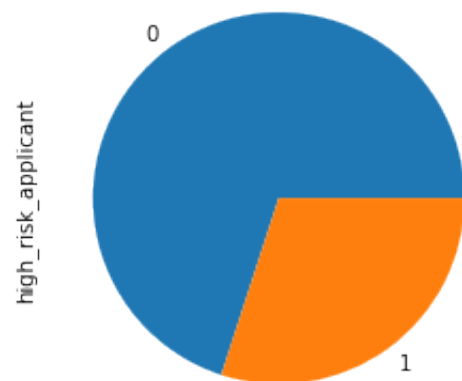
```
In [102... sns.distplot(data.high_risk_applicant.value_counts());
```



```
In [103... data.high_risk_applicant.value_counts()
```

```
Out[103... 0    700  
1    300  
Name: high_risk_applicant, dtype: int64
```

```
In [104... data.high_risk_applicant.value_counts().plot(kind='pie');
```



```
In [105... data.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 1000 entries, 0 to 999
Data columns (total 18 columns):
#   Column                                          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   applicant_id                                1000 non-null   int64
1   Primary_applicant_age_in_years              1000 non-null   int64
2   Gender                                        1000 non-null   object
3   Marital_status                              1000 non-null   object
4   Number_of_dependents                        1000 non-null   int64
5   Housing                                       1000 non-null   object
6   Years_at_current_residence                  1000 non-null   int64
7   Employment_status                           1000 non-null   object
8   Foreign_worker                              1000 non-null   int64
9   loan_application_id                         1000 non-null   object
10  Months_loan_taken_for                       1000 non-null   int64
11  Principal_loan_amount                       1000 non-null   int64
12  EMI_rate_in_percentage_of_disposable_income 1000 non-null   int64
13  Has_coapplicant                             1000 non-null   int64
14  Has_guarantor                               1000 non-null   int64
15  Number_of_existing_loans_at_this_bank       1000 non-null   int64
16  Loan_history                                1000 non-null   object
17  high_risk_applicant                         1000 non-null   int64
dtypes: int64(12), object(6)
memory usage: 180.7+ KB
```

Applying Label Encoder For Categorical Variables

```
In [106... from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
```

```
In [107... Le = LabelEncoder()

data['Gender'] = Le.fit_transform(data['Gender'])

data['Marital_status'] = Le.fit_transform(data['Marital_status'])

data['Housing'] = Le.fit_transform(data['Housing'])

data['Employment_status'] = Le.fit_transform(data['Employment_status'])

data['Loan_history'] = Le.fit_transform(data['Loan_history'])
```

```
In [108... data['applicant_id'] = Le.fit_transform(data['applicant_id'])
data['loan_application_id'] = Le.fit_transform(data['loan_application_id'])
```

```
In [109... data.head()
```

Out [109...

	applicant_id	Primary_applicant_age_in_years	Gender	Marital_status	Number_of_depen
0	436	67	1	3	
1	115	22	0	1	
2	380	49	1	3	
3	117	45	1	3	
4	713	53	1	3	

In [110...

```
data.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
Int64Index: 1000 entries, 0 to 999
```

```
Data columns (total 18 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	applicant_id	1000 non-null	int64
1	Primary_applicant_age_in_years	1000 non-null	int64
2	Gender	1000 non-null	int64
3	Marital_status	1000 non-null	int64
4	Number_of_dependents	1000 non-null	int64
5	Housing	1000 non-null	int64
6	Years_at_current_residence	1000 non-null	int64
7	Employment_status	1000 non-null	int64
8	Foreign_worker	1000 non-null	int64
9	loan_application_id	1000 non-null	int64
10	Months_loan_taken_for	1000 non-null	int64
11	Principal_loan_amount	1000 non-null	int64
12	EMI_rate_in_percentage_of_disposable_income	1000 non-null	int64
13	Has_coapplicant	1000 non-null	int64
14	Has_guarantor	1000 non-null	int64
15	Number_of_existing_loans_at_this_bank	1000 non-null	int64
16	Loan_history	1000 non-null	int64
17	high_risk_applicant	1000 non-null	int64

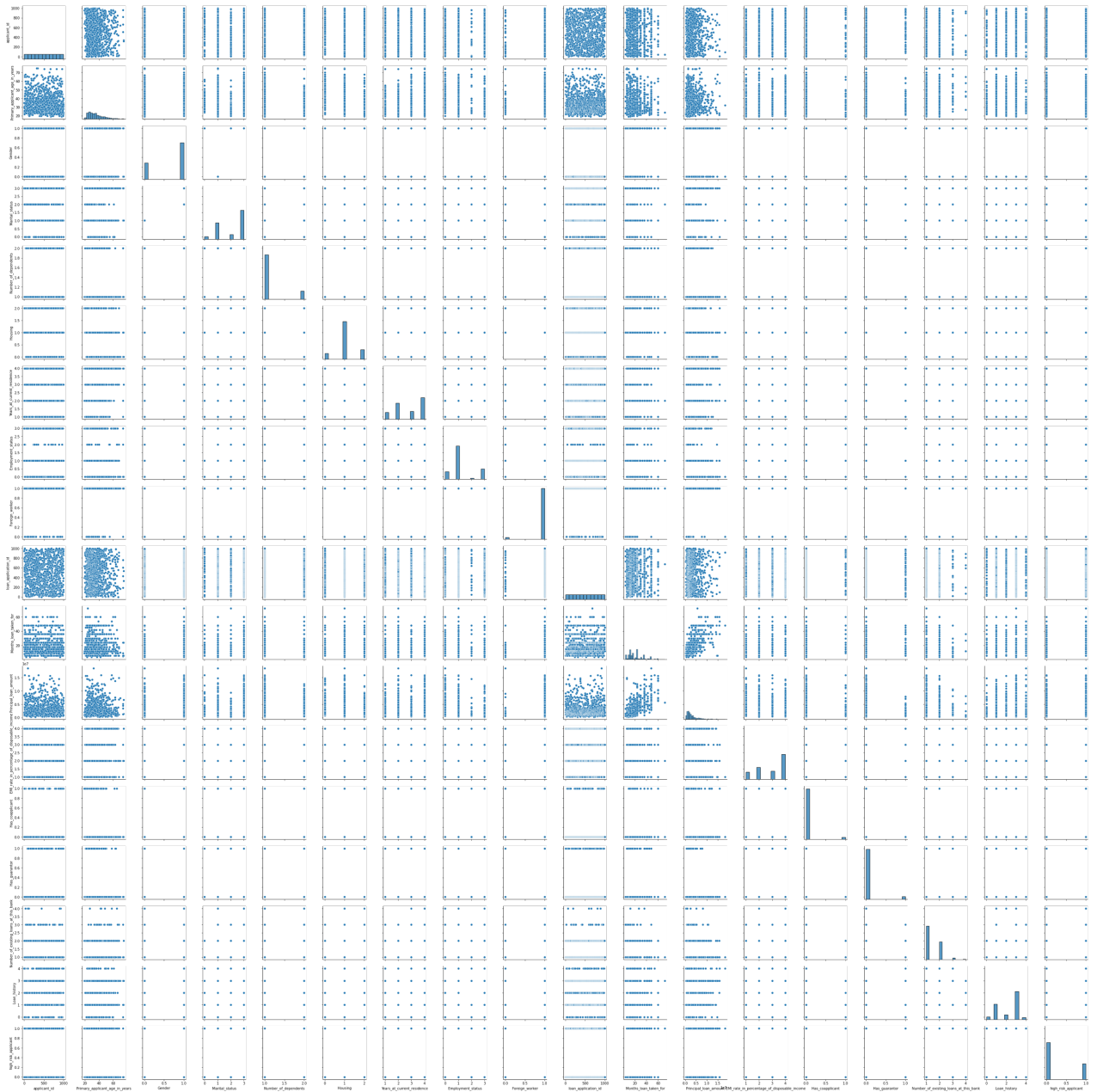
```
dtypes: int64(18)
```

```
memory usage: 180.7 KB
```

In [111...

```
sns.pairplot(data)
```

Out[111... <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x7f7ed38189d0>



Would a person with critical credit history be more creditworthy?

In [112... `data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['Loan_history']).value_counts()`

Out[112... `Loan_history high_risk_applicant`

0	1	28
	0	21
1	0	243
	1	50
2	0	60
	1	28
3	0	361
	1	169
4	1	25
	0	15

Name: high_risk_applicant, dtype: int64

Loan_history

- all loans at this bank paid back duly : Total : 49, Non-Defaulter's Zone : 21, Defaulter's Zone : 28
- critical/pending loans at other banks : Total : 293, Non-Defaulter's Zone : 243, Defaulter's Zone : 50
- delay in paying off loans in the past : Total : 88, Non-Defaulter's Zone : 60, Defaulter's Zone : 28
- existing loans paid back duly till now : Total : 530, Non-Defaulter's Zone : 361, Defaulter's Zone : 169
- no loans taken/all loans paid back duly : Total : 40, Non-Defaulter's Zone : 15, Defaulter's Zone : 25

According To Data We Can Assume That A Person With Critical Credit History Can Be More Creditworthy As Out-off 293 Only 50 Are In Defaulter's Zone, as Compared To Others It Seems To Be More Creditworthy.

Are young people more creditworthy?

- Applicants having 23 - 30 age are more in quantity as compared to others

```
In [113... data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['Primary_applicant_age_in_years']).
```

```
Out[113... Primary_applicant_age_in_years  high_risk_applicant
False                                0                466
                                1                163
True                                0                234
                                1                137
Name: high_risk_applicant, dtype: int64
```

```
In [114... data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['Primary_applicant_age_in_years']).
```

```
Out[114... Primary_applicant_age_in_years  high_risk_applicant
False                                0                263
                                1                148
True                                0                437
                                1                152
Name: high_risk_applicant, dtype: int64
```

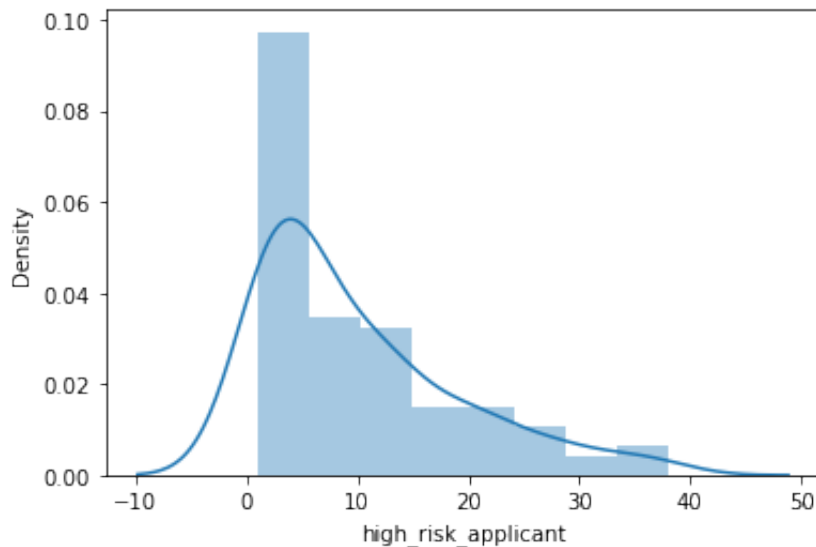
```
In [115... data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['Primary_applicant_age_in_years']).
```



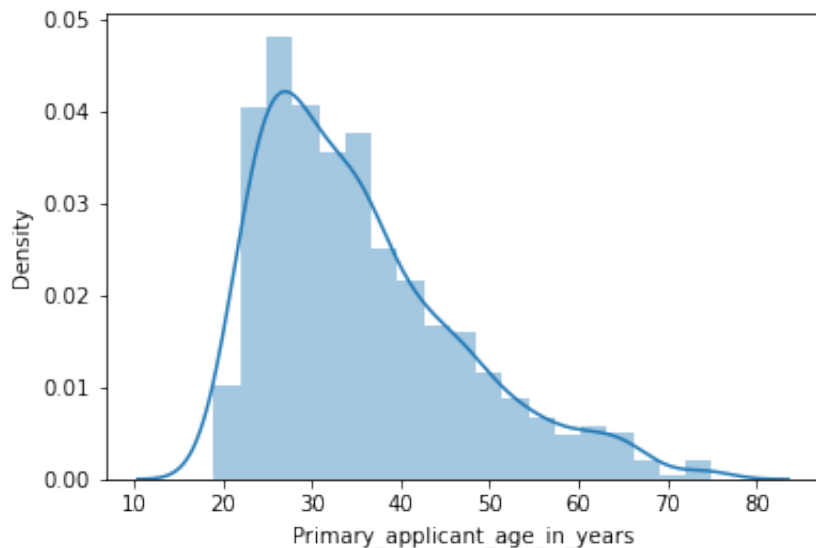
```
Out[115... Primary_applicant_age_in_years  high_risk_applicant
False                                0                672
                                1                280
True                                 0                 28
                                1                 20
Name: high_risk_applicant, dtype: int64
```

We can consider young people more creditworthy taking there quantity in consideration as compared to others.

```
In [116... sns.distplot(data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['Primary_applicant_age_in_years'])))
```



```
In [117... sns.distplot(data['Primary_applicant_age_in_years']);
```



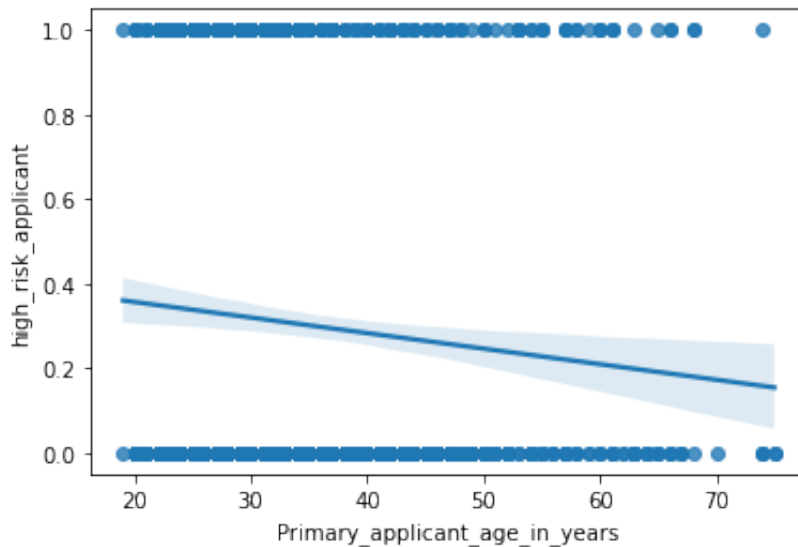
```
In [118... data[["high_risk_applicant", "Primary_applicant_age_in_years"]].corr()
```

Out [118...

	high_risk_applicant	Primary_applicant_age_in_years
high_risk_applicant	1.000000	-0.091127
Primary_applicant_age_in_years	-0.091127	1.000000

In [119...

```
sns.regplot(x=data['Primary_applicant_age_in_years'], y=data['high_risk_ap
```



Would a person with more credit accounts be more creditworthy?

In [120...

```
data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['Number_of_existing_loans_at_this_
```

Out [120...

Number_of_existing_loans_at_this_bank	high_risk_applicant	
1	0	433
	1	200
2	0	241
	1	92
3	0	22
	1	6
4	0	4
	1	2

Name: high_risk_applicant, dtype: int64

In [121...

```
200 / (200 + 433)
```

Out [121...

```
0.315955766192733
```

In [122...

```
92 / (241 + 92)
```

Out [122...

```
0.27627627627627627
```

In [123...

```
6 / (6 + 22)
```

Out [123... 0.21428571428571427

In [124... $2/(4+2)$

Out [124... 0.3333333333333333

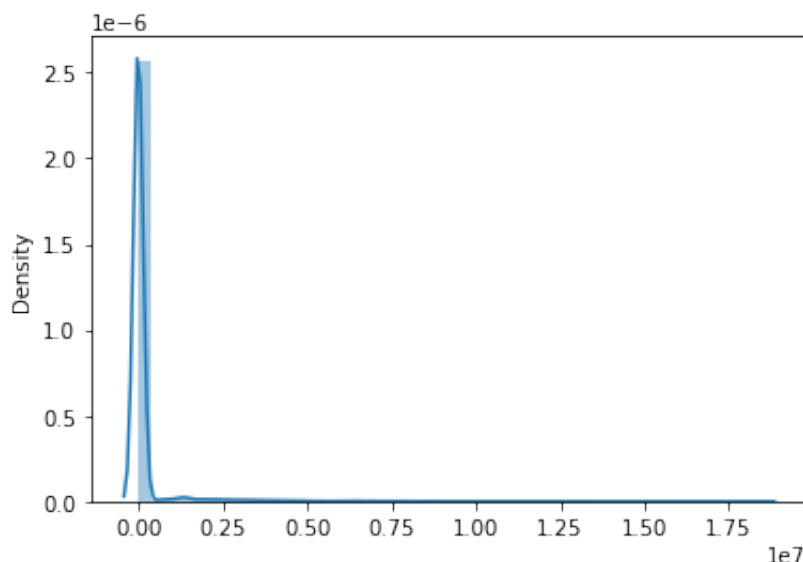
Number_of_existing_loans_at_this_bank:

- 633 Applicants Having 1 Number Of Loan At This Bank Out Of Which 200 Are In Defaulters Zone, 433 Are In Non-Defaulters Zone.
- 333 Applicants Having 2 Number Of Loans At This Bank Out Of Which 92 Are In Defaulters Zone, 241 Are In Non-Defaulters Zone.
- 28 Applicants Having 3 Number Of Loans At This Bank Out Of Which 6 Are In Defaulters Zone, 22 Are In Non-Defaulters Zone.
- 6 Applicants Having 4 Number Of Loans At This Bank Out Of Which 2 Are In Defaulters Zone, 4 Are In Non-Defaulters Zone.

We can assume a person with more credit accounts be more creditworthy according to the current scenario, but we can't be 100 % sure as we just have 1000 entries out of which only 6 applicants have 4 number of loans at this bank out of which 2 are in defaulter's zone and 4 are in non-defaulter's zone.

In [125... `sns.distplot(data)`

Out [125... <AxesSubplot:ylabel='Density'>



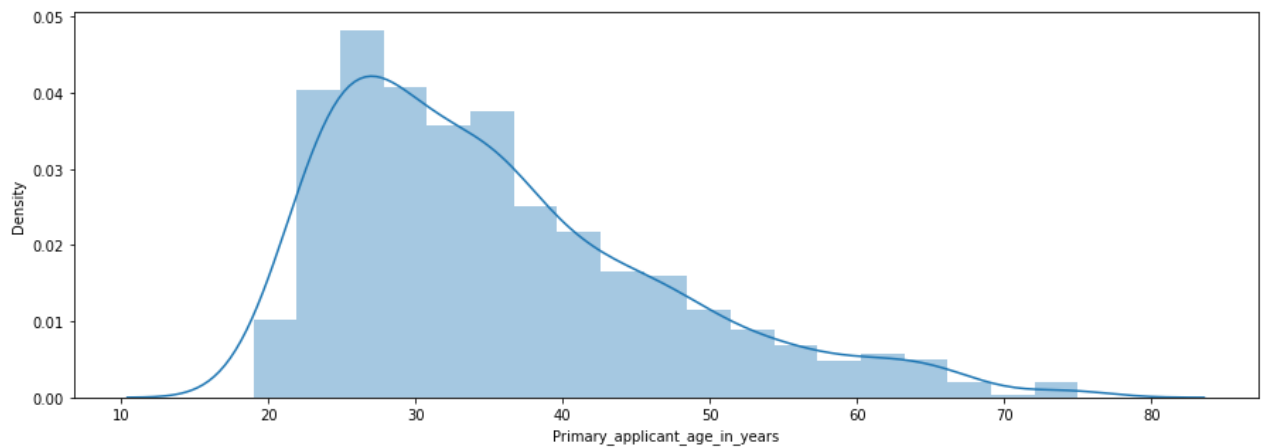
In [126... `data.head(2)`

Out [126...

	applicant_id	Primary_applicant_age_in_years	Gender	Marital_status	Number_of_depen
0	436	67	1	3	
1	115	22	0	1	

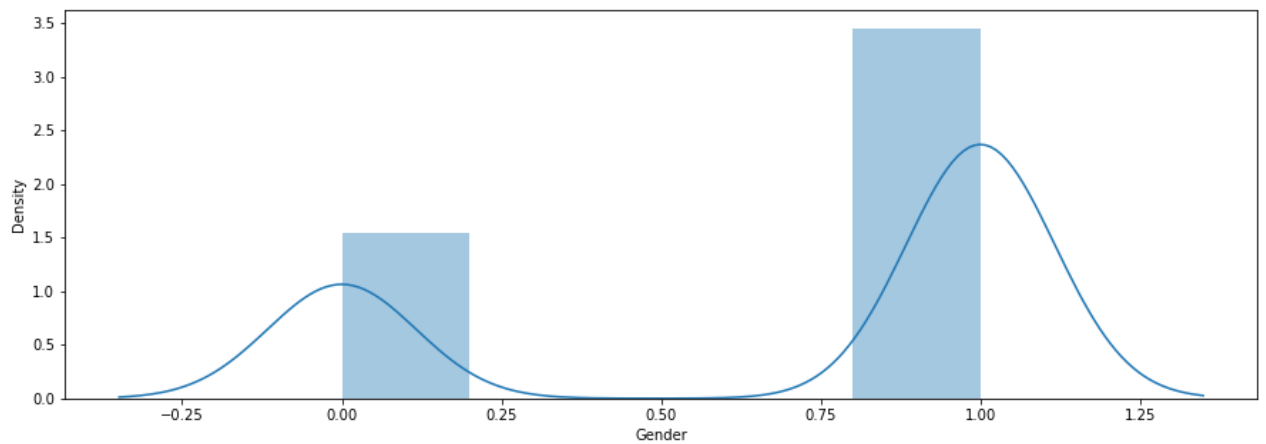
In [127...

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))  
sns.distplot(data['Primary_applicant_age_in_years']);
```



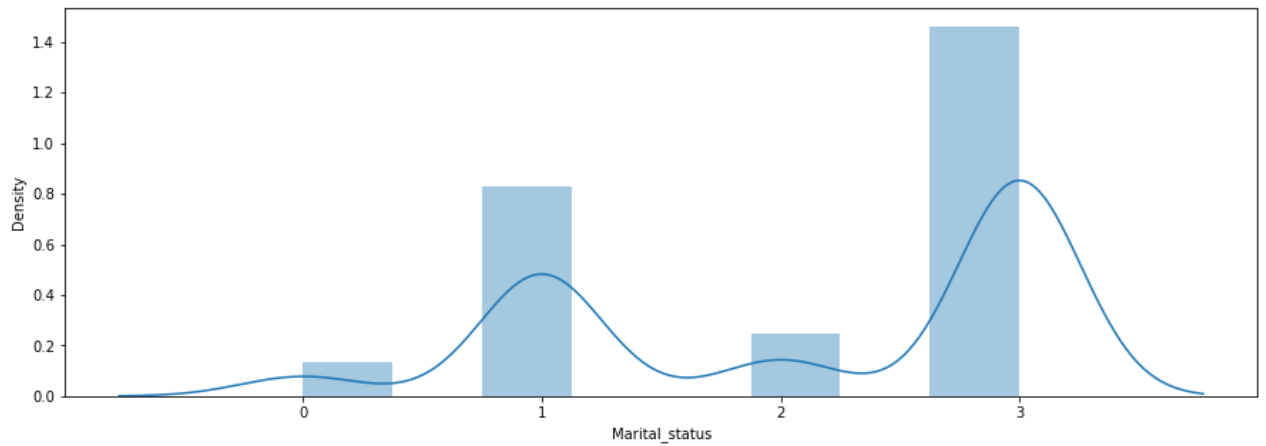
In [128...

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))  
sns.distplot(data['Gender']);
```

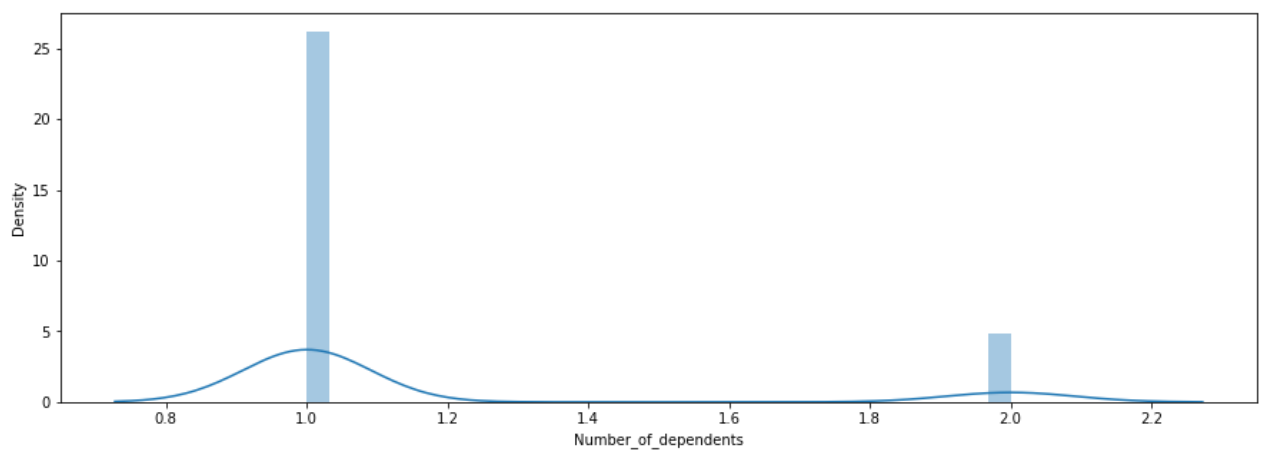


In [129...

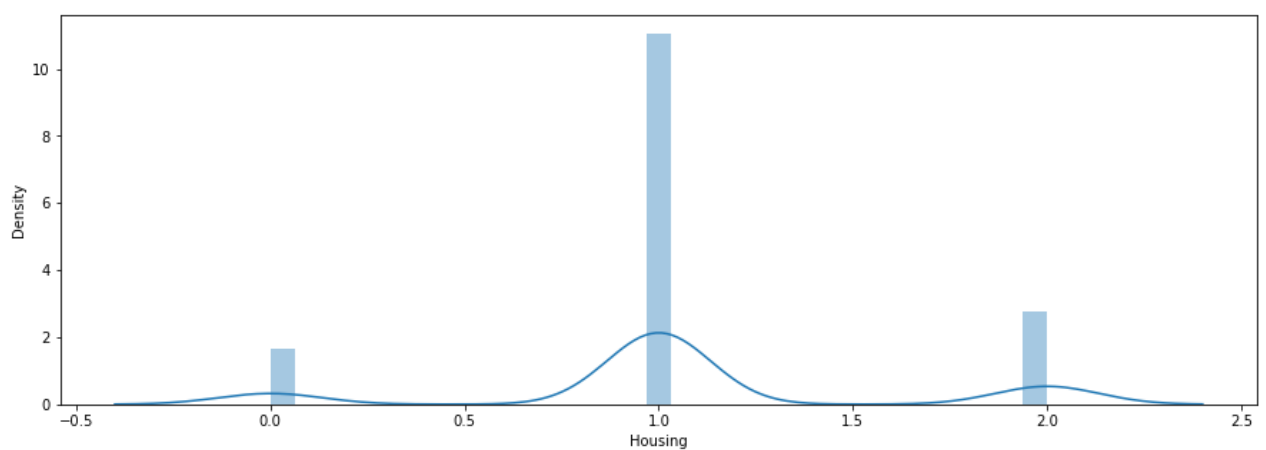
```
plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))  
sns.distplot(data['Marital_status']);
```



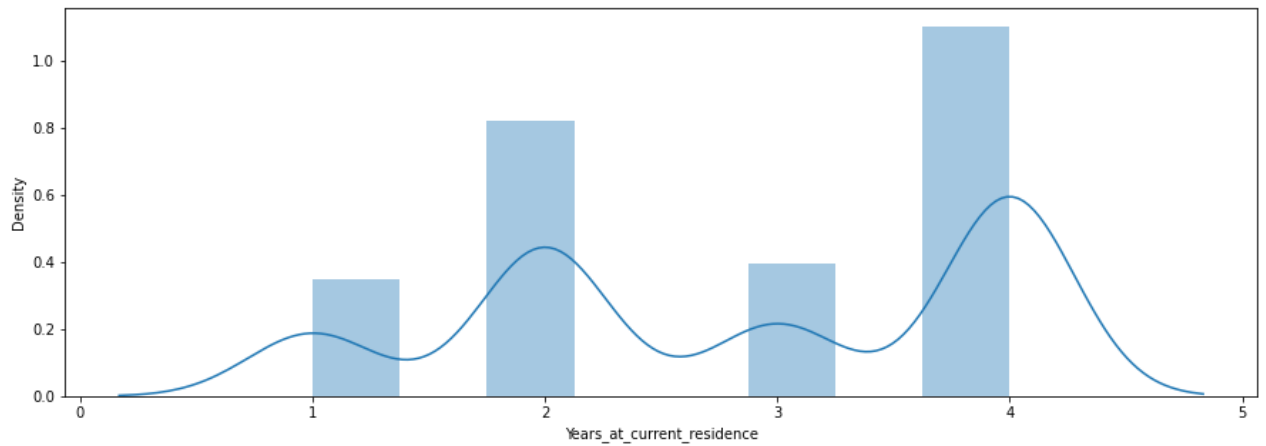
```
In [130...  
plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))  
sns.distplot(data['Number_of_dependents']);
```



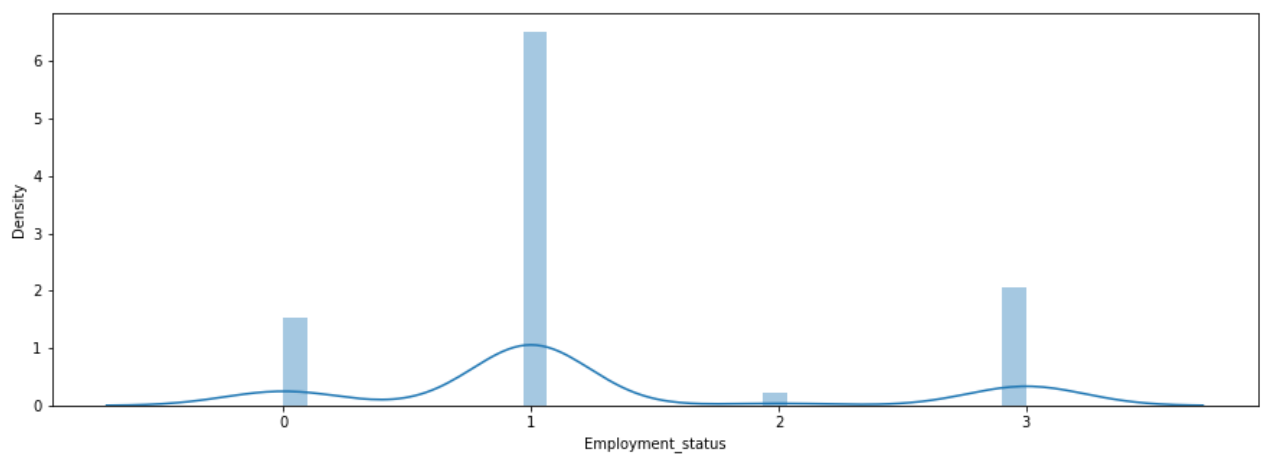
```
In [131...  
plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))  
sns.distplot(data['Housing']);
```



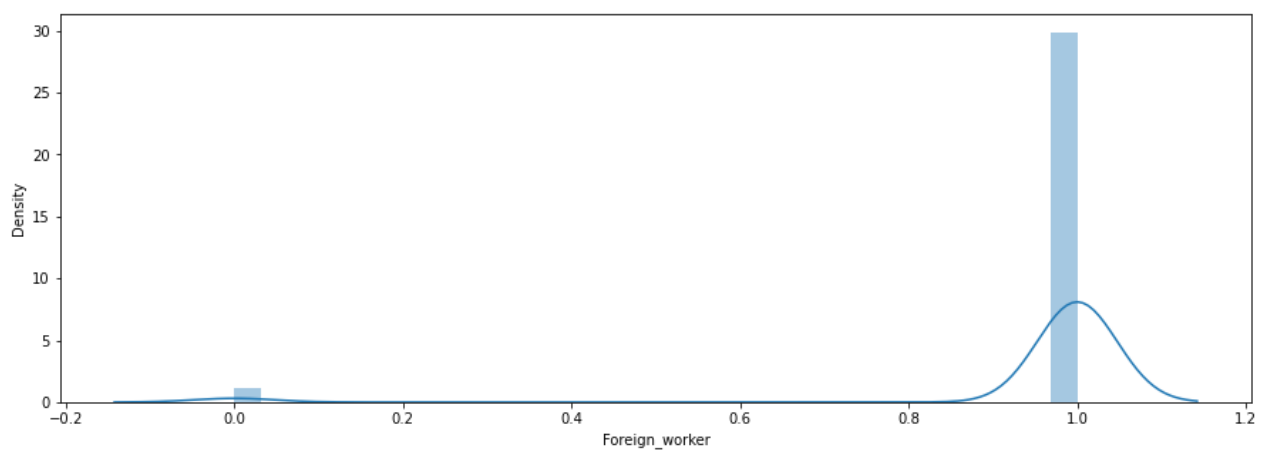
```
In [132...  
plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))  
sns.distplot(data['Years_at_current_residence']);
```



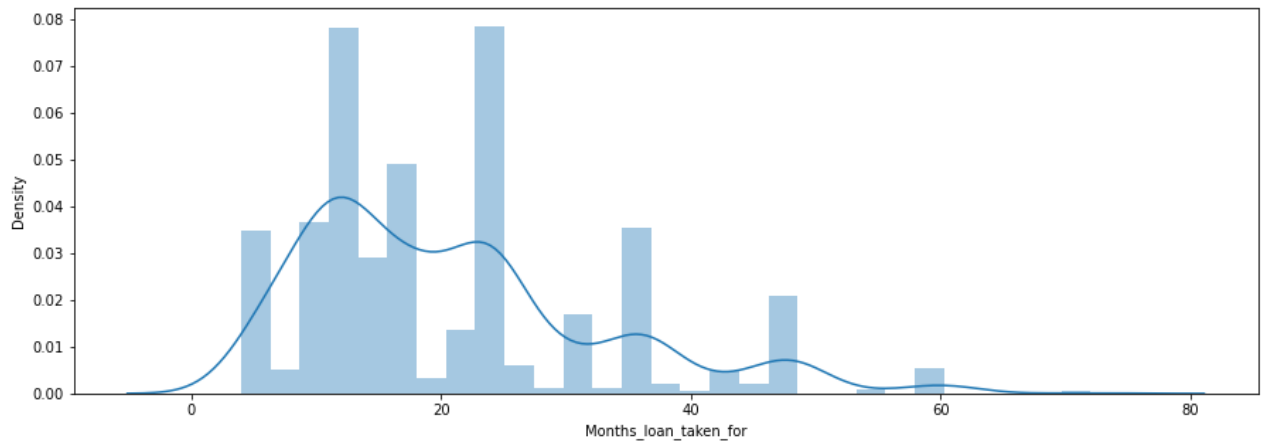
```
In [133... plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))
sns.distplot(data['Employment_status']);
```



```
In [134... plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))
sns.distplot(data['Foreign_worker']);
```

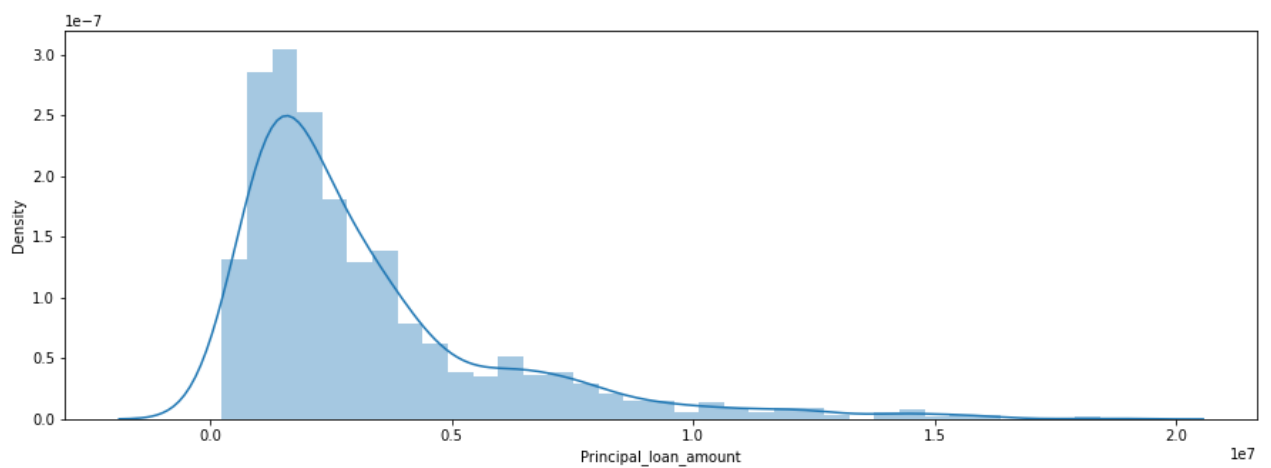


```
In [135... plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))
sns.distplot(data['Months_loan_taken_for']);
```



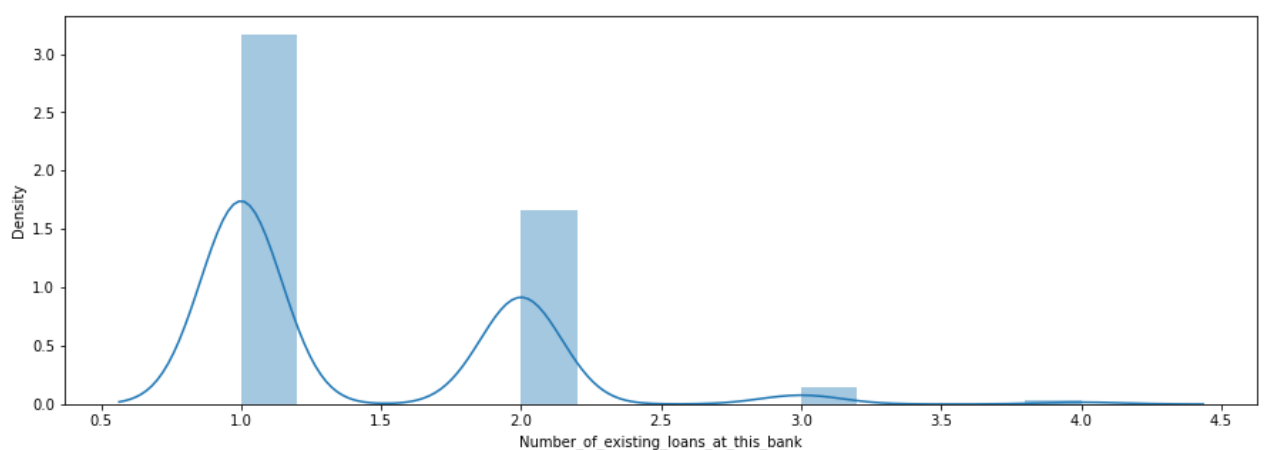
In [136...

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))  
sns.distplot(data['Principal_loan_amount']);
```



In [137...

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))  
sns.distplot(data['Number_of_existing_loans_at_this_bank']);
```



In [138...

```
data.head(1)
```

```
Out[138...      applicant_id  Primary_applicant_age_in_years  Gender  Marital_status  Number_of_depen
0                436                                67      1                3
```

```
In [139... data['high_risk_applicant'].groupby(data['Gender']).value_counts()
```

```
Out[139... Gender  high_risk_applicant
0          0                201
          1                109
1          0                499
          1                191
Name: high_risk_applicant, dtype: int64
```

```
In [140... 109/310
```

```
Out[140... 0.35161290322580646
```

```
In [141... 191/690
```

```
Out[141... 0.2768115942028985
```

```
In [142... data[['Primary_applicant_age_in_years', 'Gender', 'Marital_status', 'Number_o
```


Out [142...

	Primary_applicant_age_in_years	Gender
Primary_applicant_age_in_years	1.000000	0.161694
Gender	0.161694	1.000000
Marital_status	0.147954	0.748342
Number_of_dependents	0.118201	0.203431
Housing	-0.301419	-0.219844
Years_at_current_residence	0.266419	-0.013818
Employment_status	-0.001637	-0.041278
Foreign_worker	0.006151	-0.051202
Months_loan_taken_for	-0.036136	0.081432
Principal_loan_amount	0.032716	0.093482
EMI_rate_in_percentage_of_disposable_income	0.058266	0.086302
Has_coapplicant	-0.018357	0.007742
Has_guarantor	-0.023923	0.010907
Number_of_existing_loans_at_this_bank	0.149254	0.094260
Loan_history	-0.157261	-0.059183
high_risk_applicant	-0.091127	-0.075493

In [143...

```
data[['Primary_applicant_age_in_years', 'Gender', 'Marital_status', 'Number_o
```

Out [143...

	Primary_applicant_age_in_years	Gender
Primary_applicant_age_in_years	1.000000	0.161694
Gender	0.161694	1.000000
Marital_status	0.147954	0.748342
Number_of_dependents	0.118201	0.203431
Housing	-0.301419	-0.219844
Years_at_current_residence	0.266419	-0.013818
Employment_status	-0.001637	-0.041278
Foreign_worker	0.006151	-0.051202
Months_loan_taken_for	-0.036136	0.081432
Principal_loan_amount	0.032716	0.093482
EMI_rate_in_percentage_of_disposable_income	0.058266	0.086302
Has_coapplicant	-0.018357	0.007742
Has_guarantor	-0.023923	0.010907
Number_of_existing_loans_at_this_bank	0.149254	0.094260
Loan_history	-0.157261	-0.059183
high_risk_applicant	-0.091127	-0.075493

In [144...

```
plt.figure(figsize=(17,7))
sns.heatmap(data[['Primary_applicant_age_in_years', 'Gender', 'Marital_status',
                  'Number_of_dependents', 'Housing', 'Years_at_current_residence',
                  'Employment_status', 'Foreign_worker', 'Months_loan_taken_for',
                  'Principal_loan_amount', 'EMI_rate_in_percentage_of_disposable_income',
                  'Has_coapplicant', 'Has_guarantor', 'Number_of_existing_loans_at_this_bank',
                  'Loan_history', 'high_risk_applicant']],
            plt.show())
```



```
In [145... data.to_csv('data2')
```

TASK-2

Develop the ML model(s) to predict the credit risk(low or high) for a given applicant.

Business Constraint: Note that it is worse to state an applicant as a low credit risk when they are actually a high risk(Type2) - False Negative , than it is to state an applicant to be a high credit risk when they aren't(Type1) - False Positive.

```
In [146... data.drop(['loan_application_id','applicant_id','Marital_status','Number_o
```

```
In [147... data.head(2)
```

```
Out[147... Primary_applicant_age_in_years  Gender  Employment_status  Months_loan_taken_for  N
```

0	67	1	1	6
1	22	0	1	48

```
In [148... x = data.loc[:, data.columns != 'high_risk_applicant' ] # independent vari
y = data.loc[:, data.columns == 'high_risk_applicant'] #target variable
```

```
In [149... x = pd.get_dummies(x, drop_first=True)
```

```
In [150... x.head()
```

```
Out[150... Primary_applicant_age_in_years  Gender  Employment_status  Months_loan_taken_for  N
```

0	67	1	1	6
1	22	0	1	48
2	49	1	3	12
3	45	1	1	42
4	53	1	1	24

```
In [151... y.head()
```

Out [151... **high_risk_applicant**

0	0
1	1
2	0
3	0
4	1

In [152... **from** sklearn.model_selection **import** train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics **import** confusion_matrix
from sklearn.linear_model **import** LogisticRegression

In [153... **x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test** = train_test_split(**x,y**,test_size=0.3,random_s

In [154... **x_train.head()**

Out [154... **Primary_applicant_age_in_years** **Gender** **Employment_status** **Months_loan_taken_for**

834	25	0	3	15
227	53	1	0	12
471	23	0	1	6
929	43	1	3	12
457	35	1	1	12

In [155... **x_test.head()**

Out [155... **Primary_applicant_age_in_years** **Gender** **Employment_status** **Months_loan_taken_for**

518	43	1	1	6
871	46	1	1	6
797	22	0	3	12
274	34	1	3	30
325	39	1	3	8

In [156... **x_train.shape,x_test.shape**

Out [156... ((700, 6), (300, 6))

```
In [157... logreg = LogisticRegression()  
logreg.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
Out[157... ▼ LogisticRegression  
LogisticRegression()
```

```
In [158... y_pred = logreg.predict(X_test)  
print('Accuracy of logistic regression classifier on test set: {:.2f}'.format
```

Accuracy of logistic regression classifier on test set: 0.70

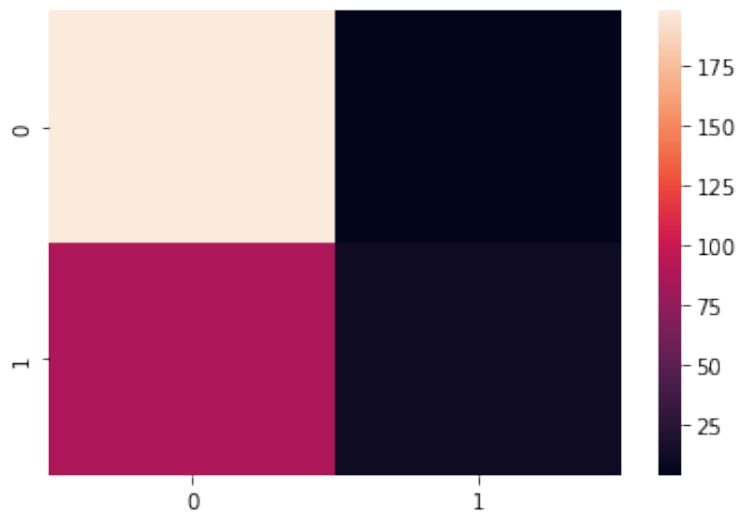
```
In [159... from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix  
confusion_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
```

```
In [160... confusion_matrix
```

```
Out[160... array([[198,  4],  
       [ 87, 11]])
```

```
In [161... sns.heatmap(confusion_matrix)
```

```
Out[161... <AxesSubplot:>
```



```
In [162... TN = 198  
FP = 87  
FN = 4  
TP = 11
```

```
In [163... TPR = 11 / (11 + 4) #TPR = TP / P  
TPR
```

Out[163...] 0.7333333333333333

In [164...] $TNR = 198 / (198 + 87)$ #TNR = TN/N
TNR

Out[164...] 0.6947368421052632

In [165...] $FPR = 87 / (198 + 87)$ #FPR = FP/N
FPR

Out[165...] 0.30526315789473685

In [166...] $FNR = 4 / (11 + 4)$ #FNR = FN/p
FNR

Out[166...] 0.26666666666666666

In [167...] `from sklearn.metrics import classification_report`
`print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))`

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.69	0.98	0.81	202
1	0.73	0.11	0.19	98
accuracy			0.70	300
macro avg	0.71	0.55	0.50	300
weighted avg	0.71	0.70	0.61	300